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Attorneys for Plaintiff MANUEL VILLA

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF FRESNO

MANUEL VILLA, an individual(s), on behalf
of himself and on behalf of all persons similarly
situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

TRILLIUM PUMPS USA, INC., a Delaware
Corporation; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 22CECG01104

**DECLARATION OF JEAN-CLAUDE
LAPUYADE, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR
PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS
ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT**

Date: October 17, 2023

Time: 3:27 p.m.

Judge: Hon. Jonathan Skiles

Dept.: 403

1 I, Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq., declare as follows:

2 1. I am over eighteen years of age and if called as a witness, I could and would competently
3 testify to the following facts from my own personal knowledge. I am an attorney-at-law and the owner
4 of the law firm of JCL LAW FIRM, APC (hereinafter "Class Counsel"). I am co-counsel of record for
5 Plaintiff MANUEL VILLA (hereafter "Plaintiff") in this wage and hour class action filed against
6 TRILLIUM PUMPS USA, INC. (hereinafter "Defendant").

7 2. This declaration is being submitted in support of Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary
8 Approval of Class Action and PAGA Settlement.

9 **I. EXHIBITS**

10 3. Attached hereto as **Exhibit "1"** is a true and correct copy of the fully executed Stipulation
11 of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims ("Agreement" or "Settlement
12 Agreement"). Attached as **Exhibit "A"** to the Agreement is a true and correct copy of the proposed
13 Class Notice.

14 4. Attached hereto as **Exhibit "2"** is a true and correct copy of the proof of filing with the
15 Labor and Workforce Development Agency notice of this settlement with the Settlement Agreement
16 and Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action and PAGA Settlement evidencing Class
17 Counsel's compliance with California Labor Code Section 2699(1)(2).

18 5. Attached hereto as **Exhibit "3"** is a true and correct copy of the JCL Law Firm "Firm
19 Resume" detailing some of the major cases the JCL Law Firm has undertaken.

20 **II. INTRODUCTION**

21 6. An objective evaluation of the Settlement confirms that the relief negotiated on behalf of
22 the Class is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The Settlement was negotiated by the Parties at arm's length.
23 The Settlement confers substantial benefits to the Settlement Class. The relief offered by the Settlement
24 is particularly impressive when viewed against the difficulties encountered by plaintiffs pursuing wage
25 and hour cases (*see infra*). Indeed, by settling now rather than proceeding to trial, Class Members will
26 not have to wait (possibly years) for relief, nor will they have to bear the risk of class certification being
27 denied or of Defendants prevailing at trial. The entire Net Settlement Amount will be paid to all

1 Settlement Class Members who do not opt out of the Settlement resulting in an average Individual
2 Settlement Payment of **\$1,249.40**.

3 7. As discussed below, the proposed Settlement satisfies all criteria for preliminary
4 settlement approval and falls within the range of reasonableness. The average Individual Settlement
5 Payment to the Settlement Class meets awards in similar wage and hour class actions. Moreover, the
6 proposed Settlement Class is appropriate for provisional certification. Accordingly, Plaintiff
7 respectfully requests the Court grant preliminary approval of the Settlement.

8 **III. FACTS AND PROCEDURE**

9 **A. Overview of the Litigation**

10 8. Defendant designs, manufactures, sells and services highly engineered valves, pumps,
11 and actuators for use in the power, oil and gas, general industry, water and wastewater sectors in the
12 state of California, including in Fresno County where Plaintiff worked. Plaintiff worked for Defendant
13 in California from November of 2020 to August of 2021. At all times during his employment, Plaintiff
14 was denied legally compliant meal and rest periods, and minimum wages and overtime compensation.
15 Throughout his employment, Plaintiff was subject to Defendant's written policies and procedures
16 contained in, among other documents, the Employee Handbook.

17 9. Generally, Plaintiff claims that Defendant failed to pay for all time worked, failed to
18 provide compliant meal and rest periods, failed to reimburse mandatory business expenses, failed to
19 furnish accurate itemized wage statements, and failed to pay all wages when due. Defendant denies
20 liability for each of Plaintiff's claims. Further, Defendant asserts that they fully complied with all
21 applicable employment laws and raised several other significant defenses to Plaintiff's claims, including
22 but not limited to, asserting that they maintained facially compliant meal and rest period policies, paid
23 their employees for all hours worked, and timely paid all wages due upon separation of employment.

24 10. On April 11, 2022, Plaintiff filed a class action complaint in the Fresno County Superior
25 Court, Case No. 22CECG01104 ("Action"). The Action alleged ten causes of action against Defendant
26 for: (1) Unfair Competition in violation of Bus. and Prof. Code §§ 17200; (2) Failure to Pay Overtime
27 Wages in Violation of California Labor Code §§ 510; (3) Failure to Pay Minimum Wages in Violation

1 of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, and 1197.1.; (4) Failure to Provide Required Meal Periods in
2 Violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (5) Failure to Provide Required Rest Periods in
3 Violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (6) Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage
4 Statements in Violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226; (7) Failure to Provide Wages When Due in Violation
5 of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202, and 203; (8) Failure to Reimburse Employees for Required
6 Expenses in Violation of California Labor Code § 2802; (9) Unlawful Deductions; and (10) Violation
7 of the Private Attorneys General Action [Labor Code §§ 2698, *et. seq.*].

8 11. Prior to commencing written discovery, the Parties agreed to mediate this action. To
9 prepare for mediation, the Parties agreed to informally exchange documents and data points subject to
10 the mediation privilege, including but not limited to, the Class Members' time data and certain payroll
11 data points. As discussed *infra*, Plaintiff's counsel retained the forensic consultants at Berger
12 Consulting Group ("BCG") to analyze Defendants' time and payroll data.

13 12. On November 2, 2022, the Parties participated in a full day mediation with jurist and
14 mediator, Hon. Brian C. Walsh (Ret.). The mediation concluded with a settlement after the Parties
15 agreed to a Mediator's Proposal, which was subsequently memorialized in the form of a Memorandum
16 of Understanding. Thereafter, the Parties drafted and negotiated a long-form settlement agreement,
17 which is the subject of the instant motion.

18 **B. Class Counsel Thoroughly Investigated the Factual and Legal Issues**

19 13. Months before filing the Action, Class Counsel began its pre-filing investigation into
20 Plaintiff's complaints. Class Counsel's investigation started with several lengthy interviews with
21 Plaintiff. As part of the interview process, the Plaintiff produced documents related to his employment,
22 including wage statements, and information related to compensation plans. At the conclusion of the
23 interviews, Class Counsel determined that Plaintiff's complaints justified further inquiry.

24 14. Class Counsel subsequently requested Plaintiff's employee file from Defendants. In
25 response, Defendants produced several documents, including but not limited, copies of Plaintiff's hiring
26 documents and payroll and time records. Class Counsel reviewed and analyzed the documents and
27 determined the documents appeared to substantiate Plaintiff's claims that Defendants failed to, among
28

1 other things, provide compliant meal and rest periods, failed to pay all wages due to rounding, and failed
2 to pay for all hours worked.

3 15. To prepare for mediation, Defendants produced time and payroll records for the Class
4 Members, aggregate workweek and pay period data for the Class Members, average hourly rate for the
5 Class Members, and copies of applicable handbooks, policies, and agreements. In total, Class Counsel
6 reviewed hundreds of pages of documents and more than 100,000 unique cells of time and payroll data.

7 16. Class Counsel then retained the statisticians and economists at BCG to evaluate the Class
8 Members' payroll and time data. BCG provides data analysis and damage modeling consulting
9 services, specializing in wage and hour class actions. BCG's team of financial and data analysts are
10 credentialed and experienced experts in their fields and have provided their expertise on thousands of
11 cases.

12 17. BCG analyzed Defendants' time and payroll data to assist in the development of various
13 damage models. Among other things, BCG determined the approximate amount of unpaid wages,
14 amount of unpaid overtime wages, number of workweeks, pay periods, average length of shifts and
15 average number of hours worked per week. BCG also estimated the number of missed, late, or truncated
16 meal and rest periods, the amount of unpaid wages, the amount of unpaid overtime, the amount of
17 unpaid sick pay, the amount of off-the-clock work, and the amount of missed meal and rest period
18 premiums paid during the Class Period.

19 18. Overall, Class Counsel thoroughly investigated the claims at issue, including: (1)
20 determining Plaintiff's suitability as a putative class representative through interviews, background
21 investigations, and analysis of her employment files; (2) evaluating all of Plaintiff's potential claims;
22 (3) researching similar wage and hour class actions as to the claims brought, the nature of the positions,
23 and the type of employer; (4) analyzing the Settlement Class's time and payroll records; (5) analyzing
24 Defendants' labor policies and practices; (6) researching settlements in similar cases as well as
25 outstanding issues which could affect settlement approval; (7) evaluating Plaintiff's claims and
26 estimating Defendants' liability for purposes of settlement; (8) drafting the mediation brief; and (9)
27 participating in the mediation. This investigation allowed Class Counsel to fully assess the nature and
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1 magnitude of the claims being settled, as well as the impediments to recovery, such as to make an
2 independent assessment of the reasonableness of the terms to which the Parties have agreed.

3 19. Class Counsel only agreed to enter the Settlement following this thorough investigation
4 and evaluation of Plaintiff's claims. Based on their investigation of the facts, applicable law, and
5 marketplace for similar settlements, and considering the risk of significant delay and uncertainty
6 associated with litigation, and the various defenses asserted by Defendants, Class Counsel firmly
7 believe this Agreement to be in the best interests of the Class Members. Because the Settlement's terms
8 are fair, reasonable, and adequate, the Court should preliminarily approve the Settlement.

9 **C. The Parties Settled at Mediation**

10 20. On November 2, 2022, the Parties conducted a full day of mediation with Hon. Brian C.
11 Walsh (Ret.). Judge Walsh helped manage the Parties' expectations and provided a useful, neutral
12 analysis of the issues and risks to both sides. The Parties made substantial progress with Judge Walsh's
13 assistance. Namely, the Parties exchanged information regarding their respective claims and defenses,
14 including their respective evaluation of the damages. The mediation concluded with a settlement after
15 the Parties agreed to a Mediator's Proposal. The complete and final terms of the Parties' settlement are
16 now set forth in the Agreement. Class Counsel submits that the Settlement constitutes a fair, adequate,
17 and reasonable compromise of the claims at issue.

18 **D. The Proposed Settlement Fully Resolves Plaintiff's Claims**

19 21. The proposed Settlement Class consists of all non-exempt employees who are or
20 previously were employed by Defendants and performed work in California during the period between
21 April 11, 2018, through and including December 2, 2022 who did not submit a timely and valid request
22 for exclusion. Agreement at I(GG). At the time of mediation, Defendants estimated that the Class was
23 comprised of 278 individuals that worked approximately 20,344 workweeks during the Class Period.

24 **IV. ARGUMENT**

25 **A. The Court Should Preliminarily Approve the Settlement**

26 22. Once the Parties memorialized the settlement in the form of a Memorandum of
27 Understanding, the Parties engaged in negotiations regarding the written terms of the class action

1 settlement. The Agreement is the final product of the mediated negotiations. Objectively, the Settlement
2 terms are fair, adequate and represent a reasonable compromise of the claims at issue.

3 23. Class Counsel conducted a very thorough investigation into the factual and legal issues
4 in dispute. In addition to informal discovery, document review, data analysis and legal research, Class
5 Counsel also researched similar wage and hour actions. Although no two cases are identical, this
6 research provided Class Counsel with a marker to inform settlement discussions and, ultimately, to
7 measure this settlement against. The investigation allowed Class Counsel to realistically assess the
8 value of Plaintiff's claims and intelligently engage defense counsel in settlement discussions that
9 culminated in the proposed settlement now before the Court.

10 24. Class Counsel only agreed to enter the Settlement following their thorough investigation
11 and evaluation of Plaintiff's claims. Based on this investigation of the facts, applicable law, and
12 marketplace for similar settlements, and considering the risk of significant delay, uncertainty associated
13 with litigation, and the various defenses asserted by Defendants, Class Counsel firmly believes this
14 Agreement to be in the best interests of the Class Members. Because the Settlement's terms are fair,
15 reasonable, and adequate, the Court should preliminarily approve the Settlement.

16 25. The Gross Settlement Amount of \$650,000.00 is fair and reasonable considering the
17 nature and magnitude of the claims being settled and the various potential impediments to recovery.
18 Prior to mediation, Class Counsel retained Berger Consulting Group to develop economic damage
19 models measuring Defendants' liability exposure while accounting for the uncertainties of continued
20 litigation. The various models were informed by Class Counsel's investigation, including the analysis
21 of a significant sample of time and payroll data. Class Counsel projected Defendants' liability exposure
22 for *class claims* (excluding PAGA Penalties) at \$2,818,887 dollars. Thus, the Gross Settlement Amount
23 of \$650,000 represents approximately 23% of Defendants' *class-wide* liability exposure.

24 26. One of Plaintiff's primary claims alleged that Defendants failed to provide compliant
25 meal periods, and further failed to provide any meal period premiums. Specifically, Plaintiff alleged
26 that because of her rigorous work schedules, Plaintiff and Class Members were unable to take timely
27 and duty-free meal periods. Plaintiff also alleged that as a result of Defendant's unlawful rounding
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1 policy with respect to meal periods raised a rebuttable presumption that Defendant committed meal
2 period violations. (See *Donohue v. AMN Services, LLC* (2021) 11 Cal.5th 58.) Conversely, Defendants
3 argued, among other things, that they provided Class Members with the opportunity to take compliant
4 meal periods and that rounding, if any, was the result of Class Members recording their own time, did
5 not result in meal period violations. Defendants also argued that they maintained facially compliant
6 meal period policies. Thus, Defendants argued that any missed meal periods were voluntarily and did
7 not trigger liability for premium payments. Similarly, Defendants argued that any divergence from these
8 written policies were not systematic and, if they existed at all, were location and department specific.
9 Thus, Defendants argued that there was no potential liability for Plaintiff's alleged meal period
10 violations. In total, Class Counsel estimated Defendants' exposure for meal period claims at \$503,456.

11 27. Plaintiff also alleged that Defendants failed to provide compliant rest periods.
12 Specifically, since Defendant enforced rigorous work requirements for Plaintiff and Class Members,
13 Plaintiff and Class Members were often required to work through rest periods. Nevertheless, Defendant
14 never paid a single rest period premium. Consequently, Plaintiff alleged that he is owed rest period
15 premiums for rest period violations that occurred during the Class Period. Again, Defendants denied
16 liability and asserted that they maintained legally compliant rest period policies and practices
17 throughout the Class Period. Defendants argued that some evidence of a uniform unlawful policy does
18 not show that Defendants had a *practice* of denying rest breaks. (See *Cacho v. Eurostar, Inc.* (2019)
19 256 Cal.Rptr.3d 547 at 569 (providing that "the existence of a uniform unlawful policy does not
20 necessarily mean the employer has liability for violations that can be demonstrated with common
21 proof.")). Moreover, Plaintiff recognizes the evidentiary burdens establishing this claim. Establishing
22 Plaintiff's rest period claim would rely, almost entirely, on Class Member testimony, making it a riskier
23 claim at class certification and liability stages. Certification likely would have required depositions of
24 Class Members who provided declarations, and Defendants surely would have obtained opposing
25 declarations stating either rest breaks were taken, or rest breaks were voluntarily waived. See, e.g.,
26 *Ordonez v. Radio Shack, Inc.* (C.D. Cal. Jan. 17, 2013) 2013 WL 210223, at *11 ("Because of the
27 competing testimony before the Court, plaintiff's evidence that Defendants may have an illegal, written
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1 rest break policy is insufficient for this Court to find that common issues predominate.”); *Villa v. United*
2 *Site Servs. of California, Inc.* (N.D. Cal. Nov. 13, 2012) 2012 WL 5503550, at *8 (“Indeed, Plaintiff’s
3 own evidence confirms that the written policy does not generate uniform practices.”). Accordingly,
4 Plaintiff estimated Defendants’ exposure for rest period claims at \$739,368.

5 28. Additionally, Plaintiff alleged that Defendants failed to pay their employees for all hours
6 worked as a result of its time rounding policy. The Court of Appeal has held that a time-rounding policy
7 is only allowed if it is “neutral, both facially and as applied...because its net effect is to permit
8 employers to efficiently calculate hours worked **without imposing any burden on employees.**” (*See’s*
9 *Candy Shops, Inc. v. Superior Court* (2012) 210 Cal.App.4th 889, 903 (“*See’s Candy Shops*”).) More
10 specifically, “an employer is entitled to use [a rounding policy] if the rounding policy is fair and neutral
11 on its face and ‘it is used in such a manner that **will not result, over a period of time, in failure to**
12 **compensate the employees properly for all the time they have actually worked.**” (*Id.* at p. 907
13 (citing 29 C.F.R. § 785.48; DLSE Manual, §§ 47.1, 47.2); see also *AHMC Healthcare, Inc. v. Superior*
14 *Court* (2018) 24 Cal.App.5th 1014, 1028.) “[A]n employer’s rounding practices comply with [the DOL
15 rounding regulation] if the employer applies a consistent rounding policy that, on average, favors neither
16 overpayment nor underpayment.” (*Id.* at p. 901 (citing *Alonzo v. Maximus, Inc.* (C.D. Cal. 2011) 832
17 F.Supp.2d 1122, 1126).) Specifically, Plaintiff asserted that Defendant’s time rounding policy was not
18 neutral and instead resulted in more Class Members being underpaid rather than overpaid. Defendant
19 vigorously denied liability for this claim. Defendant argued that all Class Members were properly paid
20 minimum and overtime compensation for all hours worked and that rounding, if any, was neutral and
21 did not result in Class Members being underpaid. In total, Class Counsel estimated Defendants’
22 exposure for this claim at \$76,241.

23 29. Plaintiff further alleged that Defendants required the Class Members to regularly use their
24 personal cell phones to receive and respond to work-related communications with supervisors and co-
25 workers regarding project completions, processing of purchase orders, scheduling and completion of
26 job tasks. California law requires “[a]n employer shall indemnify his or her employee for all necessary
27 expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the discharge of his or her
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1 duties, or of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer...” (See *Cal. Labor Code* § 2802(a).)
2 Class Counsel estimated Defendants’ exposure for this claim at \$120,000. Defendants deny they owe
3 any unpaid reimbursements to Class Members.

4 30. Plaintiff also alleged that Defendants failed to calculate certain non-discretionary
5 compensation into the regular rate of pay for purposes of paying overtime wages and redeemed sick
6 pay. Based on the review of the Class Members’ time and payroll data, BCG estimated Defendants
7 underpaid the Class Members approximately \$55,348. Defendants vigorously denied liability and
8 asserted that employees were paid all wages owing and that all incentive compensation was either
9 properly calculated into the regular rate of pay or properly excluded as discretionary compensation.

10 31. Plaintiff also alleged that Defendants failed to furnish its employees with accurate
11 itemized wage statements. Specifically, Plaintiff alleges that as a result of Defendants’ failure to provide
12 meal and rest periods as required by the California Labor Code, Plaintiff and other Class Members are
13 entitled to derivative wage statement penalties. (*Naranjo v. Spectrum Security Services, Inc.* (2023) 88
14 Cal.App.5th 927 (concluding that meal premiums are “wages” entitling employees to derivative wage
15 statement penalties). Further, Defendants argued that even if it failed to furnish accurate wage
16 statements, Plaintiff could not establish the injury requirement on a class-wide basis. Class Counsel
17 estimated that Defendants’ exposure for this claim at \$398,400 in penalties.

18 32. Plaintiff also alleged that the Defendants’ labor code violations resulted in derivative
19 liability for waiting time penalties. Although these *penalties* represented one of Defendants’ largest
20 dollar amount of exposure, this is Plaintiff’s most uncertain claim. Specifically, Defendants argued that
21 Plaintiff could not prove the “willful” prong needed to obtain waiting time penalties under Labor Code
22 section 203. Notwithstanding the uncertain nature of the claims, Class Counsel’s estimated Defendants’
23 exposure for this claim at \$926,074.

24 33. Class Counsel’s damage model also estimated Defendants’ exposure for PAGA
25 Settlement. At the time of mediation, Plaintiff estimated Defendants’ PAGA exposure to be \$1,155,100
26 if successful at trial.

34. Here, the Parties negotiated a good faith PAGA Settlement in the amount of \$40,000 which is 16.25% of the Gross Settlement Amount. This amount falls well within the range of approved PAGA Settlement. Seventy-Five percent (75%) of the PAGA Settlement (\$30,000.00) will be paid to the LWDA (“LWDA PAGA Settlement”) with the remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of the PAGA Settlement (\$10,000.00) will be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees, which is within the range of PAGA Settlement approved by courts and should be approved.

35. At trial, any PAGA penalties awarded in this case could be less than Plaintiff's calculation, even had Plaintiff prevailed on the PAGA claim. Here, multiplying the number of pay periods (approximately 4,569) by \$5 results in a total potential liability of \$22,845.

B. Inherent Risks of Continued Litigation Support Preliminary Approval

36. With respect to the most immediate challenge, i.e., class certification, the risks attendant to the certification of similar wage and hour claims are demonstrated by *Magadia v. Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.* (9th Cir. 2021) 999 F.3d 668. There, the Ninth Circuit, vacated, reversed, and remanded a \$110 million judgement against an employer for, *inter alia*, inaccurately paying overtime, and directed the trial court to enter judgement in favor of the employer. *See also O’Conner v. Uber Technologies, Inc.* (9th Cir. 2018) 904 F.3d 1087 (decertification of wage and hour misclassification action); *see also Duran v. U.S. Bank National Association* (2014) 59 Cal.4th 1, 31 (reversing a trial verdict in favor plaintiffs in a wage and hour class action)); *Tien v. Tenet Healthcare Corp.* (2012) 209 Cal.App.4th 1077, 1088 (“[T]he reason, if any, that employees might not take their breaks were predominantly individualized questions of fact not susceptible to class treatment.”); *a.S.A. Cab Ltd.* (2009) 176 Cal.App.4th 1333, 1341 (affirming denial of certification because employees’ declarations attesting to having taken meal and rest breaks demonstrated that individualized inquiries were required to show harm); *Campbell v. Best Buy Stores, L.P.*, (C.D. Cal. 2013) 2013 WL 5302217 at *11-13 (following *Brinker* and denying certification of proposed off-the-clock and rest and meal break classes due to lack of uniform policy); *Brown v. Fed Express Corp.* (C.D. Cal. 2008) 249 F.R.D. 580, 587-88 (denying certification of driver meal and rest period claims based on the predominance of individual issues). Collectively, the examples cited above illustrate the uncertain nature of class litigation. Consequently,

1 the uncertainty of obtaining certification through a contested motion is a significant risk factor favoring
2 settlement.

3 37. Continuing to litigate this action would require continued and extensive resources
4 coupled with significant Court time to proceed through trial and post-trial motions; which can often
5 take years. Furthermore, wage and hour litigation is complex and expensive, as it often necessitates
6 extensive expert testimony, particularly with regards to damages. But even if Plaintiff is successful at
7 trial, Plaintiff is acutely aware that a judgment does not end the litigation. Plaintiff fully expects that
8 Defendants would appeal any favorable judgment. As demonstrated by *Magadia, supra*, 999 F.3d 668,
9 the risk of an appeal and subsequent reversal is real.

10 38. In this matter, Class Counsel negotiated a Gross Settlement Amount of \$650,000.00 that
11 is approximately 23% of Defendants' *class-wide* liability exposure for damages and statutory penalties,
12 and approximately 16.36% of Defendants' maximum class wide liability exposure for damages and
13 penalties, including PAGA Penalties. Given the amount of the settlement here, as compared to potential
14 value of the claims, offset by the various inherent risks to continued litigation, the settlement is fair and
15 reasonable.

16 **C. The Proposed Notice Informs the Class About the Case and Settlement**

17 39. The Parties jointly drafted the Class Notice which fairly and neutrally informs the Class
18 Members of their rights and remedies. The Settlement Administrator will first verify addresses, then
19 mail the proposed Class Notice to all Class Members. The Notice will include information regarding
20 the nature of the lawsuit, a summary of the substance of the Settlement's terms, the class definition, the
21 procedure, and time period within which to requests for exclusions or objections to the Settlement, the
22 date for the final approval hearing, the formula used to calculate settlement payments, and the terms
23 and scope of the Released Claims. *See* Class Notice, attached as Exhibit A to the Agreement. The
24 Parties negotiated this method to ensure delivering the most reasonable method of notice to the Class
25 Members while ensuring cost effective administration of the Settlement.

26 40. Accordingly, both the method of disseminating the Class Notice and content of the Class
27 Notice satisfy due process. (*See* C.R.C. 3.776(e)-(f); *State of Cal. v. Levi Strauss* (1986) 41 Cal.3d
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1 460,485 (the class notice must “fairly apprise the class members of the terms of the proposed
2 compromise and of the options open to dissenting class members.”).

3 **D. The Court Should Preliminarily Approve the Class Representative Service Award**

4 41. The Settlement provides for a Class Representative Service Award of \$10,000 for
5 Plaintiff. The service award is fair and reasonable compensation for the Plaintiff’s efforts bringing the
6 action, assisting Class Counsel with the litigation and settlement, regularly conferring with Class
7 Counsel on the status of his case and the strategies for prosecuting the claims, and reviewing the
8 proposed Settlement to ensure that its terms are fair and provide adequate relief for the Settlement Class.

9 42. Class Counsel on behalf of Plaintiff will file a formal motion for the negotiated Class
10 Representative Service Award once preliminary approval of the Settlement is granted. Plaintiff
11 respectfully submits that the above showing is sufficient for preliminary approval of the negotiated
12 Class Representative Service Award.

13 **E. The Court Should Preliminarily Approve the Class Counsel Award**

14 43. Here, Class Counsel requests attorneys’ fees in the amount of \$216,666.67, representing
15 one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount. Class Counsel’s request is consistent with many fee awards
16 in similar wage and hour class actions that Class Counsel has received in California Superior Courts,
17 over the past five years. Moreover, the requested one-third attorneys’ fee award is in the middle of
18 historically recognized range of attorneys’ fees awarded in common fund class action settlements. JCL
19 Dec., ¶ 43. The Attorneys’ Fees request should be awarded based upon the Gross Settlement Amount
20 in accordance with *Laffitte*, i.e., percentage of the fund with a lodestar cross check. As further explained
21 below, the reasonableness of the requested \$216,666.67 Attorneys’ Fees award is further supported by
22 the lodestar cross-check.

23 44. As of September 20, 2023, The JCL Law Firm, APC incurred a total lodestar of
24 \$86,923.33 for 166.85 hours worked by attorneys and staff successfully litigating this matter. I have
25 reviewed my firm’s lodestar in this matter and believe the charges are reasonable and were reasonably
26 necessary to the conduct of the case. Detailed Time and Billing Journals for the JCL Law Firm are
27 attached hereto as **Exhibit “4”**.

45. Additionally, the attorneys and staff at co-counsel the Zakay Law Group, APLC, worked a total of 130.3 hours successfully prosecuting this action for a lodestar of \$61,824. A true and accurate copy of the Zakay Law Group, APLC time and billing entries is attached to the Declaration of Shani Zakay, Esq. filed concurrently herewith.

46. Collectively, Class Counsel spent a total of 297.15 hours successfully litigating this matter for a total combined lodestar of \$148,747, exclusive of costs, with significant work remaining. The lodestar is summarized by firm below:

<u>FIRM</u>	<u>Hours</u>	<u>Total</u>
JCL Law Firm, APC.	166.85	\$86,923.33
Zakay Law Group, APLC	130.3	\$61,824
Total	297.15	\$148,747

47. Further, Class Counsel will be performing additional work, including drafting the motion for final approval, motion for Class Counsel Award and Class Representative Award, attending the hearing on final approval, finalizing the orders and judgment, and monitoring completion of the settlement process. I expect this additional work will result in an additional 30-40 hours of additional work and an additional lodestar between \$15,000 and \$20,000.

48. Collectively, Class Counsel expended \$9,962.04 to date (JCL Law Firm, APC - \$5,509.28 and Zakay Law Group, APLC - \$4,452.76) prosecuting this action. The JCL Law Firm's costs are reflected in the attached **Exhibit "5"**. The Zakay Law Group, APLC's costs are attached to the Declaration of Shani Zakay filed concurrently herewith.

49. All of Class Counsel's out-of-pocket expenses are the types of expenses normally charged to paying clients including the following: filing fees; copying; postage; factual and legal research charges; mediation fees; and expert costs, which were all incurred during, and were necessary for the successful prosecution of the litigation and, thus, should be reimbursed.

50. Plaintiff will file a formal motion for the negotiated Class Counsel Award once preliminary approval of the Settlement is granted. Plaintiff respectfully submits that the above showing is sufficient for preliminary approval of the negotiated attorneys' fees.

1 **F. Provisional Certification for Settlement Purposes is Appropriate**

2 51. For Settlement, Plaintiff contends, and Defendants do not dispute, that provisional
3 certification of the Class is appropriate.

4 52. Here, plaintiff seeks to certify a class consisting of all non-exempt employees of
5 Defendant who worked for Defendant from April 11, 2018 through and included December 2, 2022.
6 Plaintiff estimates that the Class has 278 members. Therefore, the Class is sufficiently numerous to
7 warrant certification. Moreover, the class is readily ascertainable by reference to Defendant's payroll
8 records and other personnel information. Therefore, the proposed class is sufficiently numerous and
9 ascertainable to be certified for the purpose of settlement

10 53. Here, there are common questions of law and fact. The statutes relating to each of
11 Plaintiff's claims apply with equal force and effect to the entire Settlement Class. Factually, Defendants'
12 policies and practices apply class-wide and Defendant's liability can be determined by facts common
13 to all members of the class. Plaintiff's wage and hour claims are typical of the proposed Settlement
14 Class because they arise from the same factual basis and are based on the same legal theories applicable
15 to the other Class Members. Likewise, Plaintiff's interests are entirely coextensive with the interests of
16 the Settlement Class. Plaintiff alleges that he was injured by the same company-wide practices to which
17 the proposed Class Members were subject to and seeks the same relief. Plaintiff has already
18 demonstrated his ability to advocate for the interests of the Class Member by initiating this litigation,
19 undertaking extensive class discovery, and evaluating the proposed settlement to assure that it is fair.
20 Accordingly, Plaintiff will be able to adequately represent the class, and does not have any conflicts
21 that would make him unable to represent the class.

22 54. Certifying the class would be superior to any other available means of resolving the
23 disputes between the Parties. Absent class certification, the employees would have to litigate their
24 claims individually, which would result in wasted time and resources relitigating the same issues and
25 presenting the same testimony and evidence. Moreover, given the size and amount of each individual
26 claim, the Class Members likely have little incentive to litigate their claims on an individual basis
27

1 because the out-of-pocket expense and personal commitment necessary to litigate each claim outweighs
2 any potential recovery.

3 **F. Class Counsel's Experience**

4 55. Plaintiff, the Settlement Class Members and the Aggrieved Employees are represented
5 by competent and experienced counsel to pursue their claims. I established the JCL Law Firm, APC
6 ("Firm"), in 2010. The Firm is a boutique plaintiff firm representing aggrieved employees and
7 consumers throughout California in wage and hour class actions, PAGA Actions and complex multi-
8 party product liability matters. The Firm currently consists of myself, Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq.
9 (Partner/Owner), Sydney Castillo-Johnson (Associate Attorney), Monnett De La Torre (Associate
10 Attorney), Tesla Stone (Paralegal), Jennifer Heming (Paralegal), and Madelyn Uchiyama (Legal
11 Assistant).

12 56. I am qualified to represent the Plaintiff, the Class Members, the State of California and
13 the Aggrieved Employees. I have extensive experience with wage and hour class and representative
14 actions litigation like this matter, and employment matters in general. Additionally, I have extensive
15 complex mass tort litigation experience and complex construction product liability experience. I can,
16 will and have adequately represented the interests of the Plaintiff, the State of California and the
17 Aggrieved Employees throughout this action.

18 57. I have represented consumers and employees in California class actions, and complex
19 multi-party product liability actions exclusively for more than 13 years. I have been in practice as a
20 plaintiffs' civil litigation attorney since April 2007.

21 58. I have significant class counsel and collective action counsel experience. My credentials
22 are reflected in the JCL Law Firm, APC, Firm Resume, which is attached hereto as **Exhibit "3"**. Since
23 2010, my firm has successfully resolved more than sixty (65) cases and recovered in excess of \$75
24 million on behalf of the Firm's clients. Since 2010, I have successfully tried two (2) cases to conclusion,
25 each resulting in a favorable verdict for the firm's clients. Finally, I have published appellate experience
26 in *William Blanchette et al., v. The Superior Court of Imperial County, (GHA Enterprises)*, 8
27 Cal.App.5th 521. Consequently, I was named to the prestigious Thomson Reuters, Super Lawyers,

1 Rising Star in 2015, 2016, 2017 and, again, in 2018. According to Thomson Reuters, the Super Lawyers,
2 Rising Star list recognizes the top 2.5% of eligible attorneys. (see
3 https://www.superlawyers.com/about/selection_process.html.)

4 I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing
5 is true and correct. Executed this 21st day of September 2023, at San Diego, California.

6
7 **JCL LAW FIRM, APC**

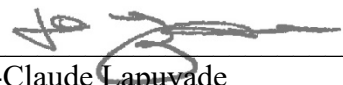
8 By: 
9 Jean-Claude Lapuyade
10 Attorneys for Plaintiff
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EXHIBIT 1

ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC

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SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF FRESNO

MANUEL VILLA, an individual(s), on behalf
of himself and on behalf of all persons similarly
situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

TRILLIUM PUMPS USA, INC., a Delaware
Corporation; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive;

Defendants.

Case No.: 22CECG01104

[Action Filed 04/11/2022]

**STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF
CLASS AND PAGA ACTION CLAIMS
AND RELEASE OF CLAIMS**

Judge: Honorable Rosemary McGuire
Dept.: 502

This Stipulation of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims is entered into by and between plaintiff MANUEL VILLA (hereinafter “Plaintiff”), an individual, on behalf of the Settlement Class, and in his representative capacity on behalf of the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees, and Defendant TRILLIUM PUMPS USA, INC. (“Defendant”):

I. DEFINITIONS

- A. “Action” shall mean the putative class action lawsuit *Villa v. Trillium Pumps USA, Inc.*, Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 22CECG01104, filed April 11, 2022.
- B. “Aggrieved Employees” shall mean all non-exempt employees who are or previously were employed by Defendant and performed work in California during the PAGA Period.
- C. “Agreement” or “Settlement Agreement” means this Stipulation of Settlement of Class Action and Release of Claims.
- D. “Class Counsel” shall mean Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq. of JCL Law Firm, APC, and Shani Zakay of Zakay Law Group, APLC.
- E. “Class Counsel Award” means the award of fees and expenses that the Court authorizes to be paid to Class Counsel for the services they have rendered to Plaintiff and the Settlement Class in the Action, consisting of attorneys’ fees not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount (i.e., \$216,666.67 out of \$650,000.00) **plus** costs of up to \$25,000.00. Attorneys’ fees will be divided equally between Class Counsel (50% to JCL Law Firm, APC and 50% to Zakay Law Group, APLC).
- F. “Class Data” means information regarding Class Members that Defendant will in good faith compile from its records and provide to the Settlement Administrator. It shall be formatted as a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet and shall include: each Class Member’s full name; last known address; Social Security Number; the total number of workweeks and pay periods that each Class Member performed work for Defendant during the Class Period, and the total number of PAGA Pay Periods for each Class Member, if applicable.

- 1 G. "Class Members" or the "Class" means all non-exempt employees who are or
2 previously were employed by Defendant and performed work in California during the
3 Class Period.
- 4 H. "Class Period" means the period between April 11, 2018, through and including
5 December 2, 2022.
- 6 I. "Class Representative Service Award" means the amount that the Court authorizes to
7 be paid to the Class Representative, in addition to his Individual Settlement Payment
8 and his pro-rata share of the PAGA Settlement, in recognition of his efforts and risks
9 in assisting with the prosecution of the Action and in exchange for executing a
10 General Release of claims including a Civil Code 1542 waiver from the named
11 Plaintiff, in an amount not to exceed \$10,000.00.
- 12 J. "Class Representative" or "Plaintiff" shall mean Plaintiff MANUEL VILLA.
- 13 K. "Court" means the Superior Court for the State of California, County of Fresno
14 (which is currently presiding over the Action) or such other court of competent
15 jurisdiction.
- 16 L. "Defendant" shall mean TRILLIUM PUMPS USA, INC.
- 17 M. "Effective Date" means the earliest date, following entry by the Court (or Courts) of
18 an Order (or Orders) and judgment finally approving this Settlement, upon which one
19 of the following have occurred: (i) if no objection is filed to the settlement and no
20 objector appears at the hearing on final approval, the date of the Court's entry of the
21 order granting final approval, (ii) if an objection is filed to the settlement and/or an
22 objector appears at the hearing on final approval, then the earlier of the following: (a)
23 the expiration of all potential appeal periods without a filing of a notice of appeal of
24 the final approval order or judgment, i.e., sixty (60) days after the entry of the final
25 approval order and judgment; (b) final affirmance of the final approval order and
26 judgment by an appellate court as a result of any appeal(s), or (c) final dismissal or
27 denial of all such appeals (including any petition for review, rehearing, certiorari,
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etc.) such that the final approval order and judgment concerning the Actions is no longer subject to further judicial review. If this settlement is approved through motions in both Courts, then Effective Date shall mean the latter of both approvals.

N. “Funding Date” shall mean sixty-five (65) calendar days after the Effective Date and is the date Defendant transfers the Gross Settlement Amount into the QSF in accord with the terms of this Agreement.

O. “Gross Settlement Amount” means Six Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$650,000.00) that Defendant must pay into the QSF in connection with this Settlement, inclusive of the sum of the Individual Settlement Payments, the Class Representative Service Award, the Class Counsel Award (including attorneys’ fees, costs and expenses), PAGA Settlement and the Settlement Administration Costs and *exclusive* of the employer’s share of payroll tax, if any, triggered by any payment under this Settlement.

P. “Individual Settlement Payment” means the amount payable from the Net Settlement Amount to each Settlement Class Member and excludes any amounts distributed to Aggrieved Employees pursuant to PAGA.

Q. “Net Settlement Amount” or “NSA” means the Gross Settlement Amount, less Class Counsel Award, Class Representative Service Award, PAGA Settlement, and Settlement Administration Costs.

R. “Notice Packet” means the Class Notice to be provided to the Class Members by the Settlement Administrator in the form set forth as Exhibit A to this Agreement (other than formatting changes to facilitate printing by the Settlement Administrator).

S. “PAGA” means the California Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, Labor Code § 2698 *et seq.*

T. “PAGA Pay Periods” means for purposes of calculating the distribution of the Aggrieved Employee Payment, as defined herein, means the number of pay periods

1 of employment during the PAGA Period that each Aggrieved Employee worked in
2 California.

3 U. "PAGA Payment Ratio" means the respective pay periods during the PAGA Period
4 for each Aggrieved Employee divided by the sum total of the pay periods for all
5 Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period.

6 V. "PAGA Period" means the period between February 2, 2021, through and including
7 December 2, 2022.

8 W. "PAGA Settlement" shall mean Forty Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$40,000.00)
9 to be allocated from the Gross Settlement Amount of which Seventy-Five Percent
10 (75%) shall be paid to the LWDA ("LWDA Payment") and the remaining Twenty-
11 Five Percent (25%) paid to the Aggrieved Employees ("Aggrieved Employee
12 Payment").

13 X. "Parties" means Plaintiff and Defendant, collectively, and "Party" shall mean either
14 Plaintiff or Defendant, individually.

15 Y. "Payment Ratio" means the respective Workweeks for each Class Member divided
16 by the sum total Workweeks for all Class Members.

17 Z. "QSF" means the Qualified Settlement Fund established, designated and maintained
18 by the Settlement Administrator to fund the Gross Settlement Amount.

19 AA. "Released Class Claims" means all class claims alleged in the operative complaint,
20 or which could have reasonably been alleged in the operative complaint based on the
21 facts alleged, which occurred during the Class Period, including (a) all claims for
22 failure to pay minimum wages under Cal. Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197 and 1197.1; (b)
23 all claims for failure to pay overtime wages under Cal. Labor Code §§ 510, *et seq.*;
24 (c) all claims for failure to provide required meal periods under Cal. Labor Code §§
25 226.7 and 512 and the applicable IWC Wage Order; (d) all claims for failure to
26 provide required rest breaks under Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512 and the
27 applicable IWC Wage Order; (e) all claims for failure to provide accurate itemized
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1 wage statements under Cal. Labor Code § 226; (f) all claims for failure to provide
2 wages when due under Cal. Labor Code §§ 201, 202 and 203; (g) claims for failure
3 to reimburse employees for required expenses under Cal. Labor Code § 2802; (h)
4 claims under the California Business and Professions Code § 17200 *et. seq.* including
5 injunctive relief related to the California Labor Code violations covered by this
6 release; (i) liquidated damages; (j) interest; (k) attorneys' fees; and (l) costs; and
7 expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful
8 termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers'
9 compensation, and class claims outside the Class Period.

10 BB. "Released PAGA Claims" means all PAGA claims alleged in the operative complaint
11 and Plaintiff's PAGA Notice to the LWDA which occurred during the PAGA Period,
12 and expressly excluding all other claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination,
13 unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, and
14 PAGA claims outside of the PAGA Period.

15 CC. "Released Parties" means Defendant TRILLIUM PUMPS USA, INC. and its
16 affiliated companies, owners, parents, members, subsidiaries, related companies and
17 business concerns, past and present, including successors and predecessors, and each
18 of them, as well as each of their insurers, partners, trustees, directors, shareholders,
19 officers, agents, attorneys, servants and employees, past and present, and each of
20 them.

21 DD. "Response Deadline" means the date forty-five (45) days after the Settlement
22 Administrator mails Notice Packets to Class Members and the last date on which
23 Class Members may submit requests for exclusion or objections to the Settlement.

24 EE. "Settlement" means the disposition of the Action pursuant to this Agreement.

25 FF. "Settlement Administrator" means ILYM Group Inc., 14771 Plaza Drive, Ste. L,
26 Tustin, CA 92780; Tel: 1-888-250-6810; Fax: 1-888-845-6185. The Settlement
27 Administrator establishes, designates and maintains, as a QSF under Internal Revenue
28

Code section 468B and Treasury Regulation section 1.468B-1, into which the amount of the Gross Settlement Amount is deposited for the purpose of resolving the claims of Settlement Class Members. The Settlement Administrator shall maintain the funds until distribution in an account(s) segregated from the assets of Defendant and any person related to Defendant. *All accrued interest shall be paid and distributed to the Settlement Class Members as part of their respective Individual Settlement Payment.*

GG. “Settlement Class Members” or “Settlement Class” means all Class Members who have not submitted a timely and valid request for exclusion by the Response Deadline as provided in this Agreement.

HH. “Workweeks”, for purposes of calculating the distribution of the Net Settlement Amount, means the number of weeks of employment during the Class Period that each Class Member was employed by Defendant in California, excluding weeks during which the Class Member did not perform any work for Defendant.

II. RECITALS

A. On February 2, 2022, Plaintiff filed a Notice of Violations with the Labor and Workforce Development Agency (LWDA) and served the same on Defendant.

B. On April 11 2021, Plaintiff filed the class action lawsuit for:

1. Unfair Competition in Violation of Bus. and Prof. Code sections 17200 *et seq*;
2. Failure to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197 and 1197.1;
3. Failure to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 510 *et seq*;
4. Failure to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable IWC wage order;
5. Failure to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable IWC wage order;

6. Failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code section 226;

7. Failure to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code sections 201, 202 and 203;

8. Failure to reimburse employees for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code section 2802;

9. Violation of the Private Attorneys General Act [Labor Code section 2698].

C. The Class Representative believes he has meritorious claims based on alleged violations of the California Labor Code, and the Industrial Wage Commission Orders, and that class certification is appropriate because the prerequisites for class certification can be satisfied in the Action, and this action is manageable as a PAGA representative action.

D. Defendant denies any liability or wrongdoing of any kind associated with the claims alleged in the Action, disputes any wages, damages and penalties claimed by the Class Representative are owed, and further contends that, for any purpose other than settlement, the Action is not appropriate for class or representative action treatment. Defendant contends, among other things, that at all times they complied with the California Labor Code and the Industrial Wage Commission Orders.

E. The Class Representative is represented by Class Counsel. Class Counsel conducted an investigation into the facts relevant to the Action, including conducting an independent investigation as to the allegations, reviewing documents and information exchanged through informal discovery, and reviewing documents and information provided by Defendant pursuant to informal requests for information to prepare for mediation. Based on their own independent investigation and evaluation, Class Counsel are of the opinion that the Settlement with Defendant is fair, reasonable and adequate, and is in the best interest of the Settlement Class in light of all known facts and circumstances, including the risks of significant delay,

1 defenses asserted by Defendant, uncertainties regarding class certification, and
2 numerous potential appellate issues. Although it denies any liability, Defendant is
3 agreeing to this Settlement solely to avoid the inconveniences and cost of further
4 litigation. The Parties and their counsel have agreed to settle the claims on the terms
5 set forth in this Agreement.

6 F. On November 2, 2022, the Parties participated in mediation presided over by Hon.
7 Brian C. Walsh (Ret.), a respected jurist and experienced mediator of wage and hour
8 class and PAGA actions. The mediation concluded a settlement after the Parties
9 agreed to a Mediator's Proposal which was memorialized in the form of a
10 Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU").

11 G. This Agreement replaces and supersedes the MOU and any other agreements,
12 understandings, or representations between the Parties. This Agreement represents
13 a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement
14 is intended or will be construed as an admission by Defendant that the claims in the
15 Action of Plaintiff or the Class Members have merit or that Defendant bears any
16 liability to Plaintiff or the Class on those claims or any other claims, or as an
17 admission by Plaintiff that Defendant's defenses in the Action have merit.

18 H. The Parties believe that the Settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate. The
19 Settlement was arrived at through arm's-length negotiations, taking into account all
20 relevant factors. The Parties recognize the uncertainty, risk, expense and delay
21 attendant to continuing the Action through trial and any appeal. Accordingly, the
22 Parties desire to fully, finally, and forever settle, compromise and discharge all
23 disputes and claims arising from or relating to the Action.

24 I. The Parties agree to certification of the Class for purposes of this Settlement only.

25 J. Neither this Stipulation of Settlement, nor any of its terms and conditions, nor any of
26 the negotiations connected with it, is a concession or admission, and none shall be
27 used against Defendant as an admission or indication with respect to any claim of any
28

1 fault, concession, or omission by Defendant or that class certification is proper under
2 the standard applied to contested certification motions. The Parties stipulate and
3 agree to the certification of the proposed classes for settlement purposes only. The
4 Parties further agree that this Stipulation of Settlement will not be admissible in this
5 or any other proceeding as evidence that either (i) a class action should be certified or
6 (ii) Defendant is liable to Plaintiff or any Class Member, other than according to the
7 terms of this Stipulation of Settlement. .

8 Based on these Recitals that are a part of this Agreement, the Parties agree as follows:

9 **III. TERMS OF AGREEMENT**

10 A. Settlement Consideration and Settlement Payments by Defendant.

11 1. Settlement Consideration. In full and complete settlement of the Action, and
12 in exchange for the releases set forth below, Defendant will pay the sum of
13 the Individual Settlement Payment, the Class Representative Service Award,
14 the Class Counsel Award, PAGA Settlement, and the Settlement
15 Administration Costs, as specified in this Agreement, equal to the Gross
16 Settlement Amount of Six Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents
17 (\$650,000.00). The Parties agree that this is a non-reversionary Settlement and
18 that no portion of the Gross Settlement Amount shall revert to Defendant.
19 Other than the Defendant's share of employer payroll taxes and as provided
20 for in Section III(A)(2) below, if any, Defendant shall not be required to pay
21 more than the Gross Settlement Amount.

22 2. Class Size. At the time of mediation, Plaintiff estimated that the Settlement
23 Class was comprised of approximately 278 individuals who collectively
24 worked approximately 20,344 Workweeks ("Projected Workweeks") during
25 the Class Period. In regard hereto, Defendant will provide a declaration under
26 penalty of perjury before the deadline for filing the motion for preliminary
27 approval of the settlement, confirming the number of Class Members and
28

1 Workweeks they worked during the Class Period. If the actual workweek
2 number increases by more than 7% of the estimate herein, the Settlement
3 Amount will increase proportionally for the number of workweeks over 107%
4 of 20,344 (For example, if the actual Workweek number is 12% greater than
5 20,344, the Gross Settlement Amount will increase by 5%).

6 3. Settlement Payment. Defendant shall pay the Gross Settlement Amount to the
7 Settlement Administrator on the Funding Date.

8 4. Defendant's Share of Payroll Taxes. Defendant's share of employer side
9 payroll taxes is in addition to the Gross Settlement Amount and shall be paid
10 together with the Gross Settlement Amount. The Settlement Administrator
11 shall be responsible for calculating and remitting Defendant's share of
12 employer side payroll taxes.

13 B. Release by Settlement Class Members. As of the Funding Date, in exchange for the
14 consideration set forth in this Agreement, Plaintiff and the Settlement Class Members,
15 on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives,
16 agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors and assigns, release the Released
17 Parties from the Released Class Claims for the Class Period.

18 C. Release by the Aggrieved Employees. As of the Funding Date, in exchange for the
19 consideration set forth in this Agreement, the Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees,
20 on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives,
21 agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors and assigns, along with the LWDA
22 and the State of California, release the Released Parties from the PAGA Released
23 Claims for the PAGA Period.

24 D. General Release by Plaintiff. As of the Funding Date, for the consideration set forth
25 in this Agreement, Plaintiff waives, releases, acquits and forever discharges the
26 Defendant from any and all claims, whether known or unknown, which exist or may
27 exist on his behalf as of the date of this Agreement, including but not limited to any
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1 and all tort claims, contract claims, wage claims, wrongful termination claims,
2 disability claims, benefit claims, public policy claims, retaliation claims, statutory
3 claims, personal injury claims, emotional distress claims, invasion of privacy claims,
4 defamation claims, fraud claims, quantum meruit claims, and any and all claims
5 arising under any federal, state or other governmental statute, law, regulation or
6 ordinance, including, but not limited to claims for violation of the Fair Labor
7 Standards Act, the California Labor Code, the Wage Orders of California's Industrial
8 Welfare Commission, other state wage and hour laws, the Americans with
9 Disabilities Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA), the Employee
10 Retirement Income Security Act, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the
11 California Fair Employment and Housing Act, the California Family Rights Act, the
12 Family Medical Leave Act, California's Whistleblower Protection Act, California
13 Business & Professions Code Section 17200 et seq., and any and all claims arising
14 under any federal, state or other governmental statute, law, regulation or ordinance.
15 Plaintiff also waives and relinquishes any and all claims, rights or benefits that he
16 may have under California Civil Code § 1542, which provides as follows:

17
18 ***A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE***
19 ***CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO***
20 ***EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE***
21 ***RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE***
22 ***MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE***
23 ***DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY.***

24
25 Thus, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1542, and to implement a full and
26 complete release and discharge of the Defendant, Plaintiff expressly acknowledges
27 this Settlement Agreement is intended to include in its effect, without limitation, all
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1 claims Plaintiff does not know or suspect to exist in Plaintiff's favor at the time of
2 signing this Settlement Agreement, and that this Settlement Agreement contemplates
3 the extinguishment of any such claims. Plaintiff warrants that Plaintiff has read this
4 Settlement Agreement, including this waiver of California Civil Code section 1542,
5 and that Plaintiff has consulted with or had the opportunity to consult with counsel of
6 Plaintiff's choosing about this Settlement Agreement and specifically about the
7 waiver of section 1542, and that Plaintiff understands this Settlement Agreement and
8 the section 1542 waiver, and so Plaintiff freely and knowingly enters into this
9 Settlement Agreement. Plaintiff further acknowledges that Plaintiff later may discover
10 facts different from or in addition to those Plaintiff now knows or believes to be true
11 regarding the matters released or described in this Settlement Agreement, and even so
12 Plaintiff agrees that the releases and agreements contained in this Settlement
13 Agreement shall remain effective in all respects notwithstanding any later discovery
14 of any different or additional facts. Plaintiff expressly assumes any and all risk of any
15 mistake in connection with the true facts involved in the matters, disputes, or
16 controversies released or described in this Settlement Agreement or with regard to any
17 facts now unknown to Plaintiff relating thereto.

18 E. Conditions Precedent: This Settlement will become final and effective only upon the
19 occurrence of all of the following events:

- 20 1. The Court enters an order granting preliminary approval of the Settlement;
- 21 2. The Court enters an order granting final approval of the Settlement and a Final
22 Judgment;
- 23 3. If an objector appears at the final approval hearing, the time for appeal of the
24 Final Judgment and Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action
25 Settlement expires; or, if an appeal is timely filed, there is a final resolution of
26 any appeal from the Judgment and Order Granting Final Approval of Class
27 Action Settlement; and

1 4. Defendant fully funds the Gross Settlement Amount.

2 F. Nullification of Settlement Agreement. If this Settlement Agreement is not
3 preliminarily or finally approved by the Court, fails to become effective, or is reversed,
4 withdrawn or modified by the Court, or in any way prevents or prohibits Defendant
5 from obtaining a complete resolution of the Released Claims, or if Defendant fails to
6 fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount:

7 1. This Settlement Agreement shall be void *ab initio* and of no force or effect,
8 and shall not be admissible in any judicial, administrative or arbitral
9 proceeding for any purpose or with respect to any issue, substantive or
10 procedural;

11 2. The conditional class certification (obtained for any purpose) shall be void *ab*
12 *initio* and of no force or effect, and shall not be admissible in any judicial,
13 administrative or arbitral proceeding for any purpose or with respect to any
14 issue, substantive or procedural; and

15 3. None of the Parties to this Settlement will be deemed to have waived any
16 claims, objections, defenses or arguments in the Actions, including with
17 respect to the issue of class certification.

18 4. If Defendant fails to fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount, Defendant shall
19 bear the sole responsibility for any cost to issue or reissue any curative notice
20 to the Settlement Class Members and all Settlement Administration Costs
21 incurred to the date of nullification.

22 G. Certification of the Settlement Class. The Parties stipulate to conditional class
23 certification of the Class for the Class Period for purposes of settlement only. In the
24 event that this Settlement is not approved by the Court, fails to become effective, or is
25 reversed, withdrawn or modified by the Court, or in any way prevents or prohibits
26 Defendant from obtaining a complete resolution of the Released Claims, the
27 conditional class certification (obtained for any purpose) shall be void *ab initio* and of
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no force or effect, and shall not be admissible in any judicial, administrative or arbitral proceeding for any purpose or with respect to any issue, substantive or procedural.

H. Tax Liability. The Parties make no representations as to the tax treatment or legal effect of the payments called for, and Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees are not relying on any statement or representation by the Parties in this regard. Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees understand and agree that they will be responsible for the payment of any taxes and penalties assessed on the Individual Settlement Payments and/or Aggrieved Employees' individual shares of the PAGA Settlement described and will be solely responsible for any penalties or other obligations resulting from their personal tax reporting of Individual Settlement Payments and/or Aggrieved Employee Payments of the PAGA Settlement.

I. Circular 230 Disclaimer. Each Party to this Agreement (for purposes of this section, the "acknowledging party" and each Party to this Agreement other than the acknowledging party, an "other party") acknowledges and agrees that: (1) no provision of this Agreement, and no written communication or disclosure between or among the Parties or their attorneys and other advisers, is or was intended to be, nor shall any such communication or disclosure constitute or be construed or be relied upon as, tax advice within the meaning of United States Treasury Department circular 230 (31 CFR part 10, as amended); (2) the acknowledging party (a) has relied exclusively upon his, her or its own, independent legal and tax counsel for advice (including tax advice) in connection with this Agreement, (b) has not entered into this Agreement based upon the recommendation of any other Party or any attorney or advisor to any other Party, and (c) is not entitled to rely upon any communication or disclosure by any attorney or adviser to any other party to avoid any tax penalty that may be imposed on the acknowledging party, and (3) no attorney or adviser to any other Party has imposed any limitation that protects the confidentiality of any such attorney's or adviser's tax strategies (regardless of whether such limitation is legally binding) upon disclosure by

the acknowledging party of the tax treatment or tax structure of any transaction, including any transaction contemplated by this Agreement.

J. Preliminary Approval Motion. At the earliest practicable time, Plaintiff shall file with the Court a Motion for Order Granting Preliminary Approval and supporting papers, which shall include this Settlement Agreement. Plaintiff will provide Defendant with a draft of the Motion at least 3 court days prior to the filing of the Motion to give Defendant an opportunity to propose changes or additions to the Motion.

K. Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator shall be responsible for: establishing and administering the QSF; calculating, processing and mailing payments to the Class Representative, Class Counsel, LWDA and Class Members; printing and mailing the Notice Packets to the Class Members as directed by the Court; receiving and reporting the objections and requests for exclusion; calculating, deducting and remitting all legally required taxes from Individual Settlement Payments and distributing tax forms for the Wage Portion and Non-Wage Portion of the Individual Settlement Payments and/or Aggrieved Employee Payments of the PAGA Settlement; processing and mailing tax payments to the appropriate state and federal taxing authorities; providing declaration(s) as necessary in support of preliminary and/or final approval of this Settlement; and other tasks as the Parties mutually agree or the Court orders the Settlement Administrator to perform. The Settlement Administrator shall keep the Parties timely apprised of the performance of all Settlement Administrator responsibilities by among other things, sending a weekly status report to the Parties' counsel stating the date of the mailing, the of number of Elections Not to Participate in Settlement it receives (including the numbers of valid and deficient), and number of objections received.

L. Notice Procedure.

1. Class Data. No later than ten (10) court days after the Preliminary Approval Date, Defendant shall provide the Settlement Administrator with the Class

1 Data for purposes of preparing and mailing Notice Packets to the Class
2 Members.

3 2. Notice Packets.

4 a) The Notice Packet shall contain the Notice of Class Action Settlement
5 in a form substantially similar to the form attached as Exhibit A. The
6 Notice of Class Action Settlement shall inform Class Members and
7 Aggrieved Employees that they need not do anything in order to
8 receive an Individual Settlement Payment and/or Aggrieved
9 Employees' individual shares of the PAGA Settlement and to keep the
10 Settlement Administrator apprised of their current mailing address, to
11 which the Individual Settlement Payments and/or Aggrieved
12 Employee Payments of the PAGA Settlement will be mailed following
13 the Funding Date. The Notice of Class Action Settlement shall set
14 forth the release to be given by all members of the Class who do not
15 request to be excluded from the Settlement Class and/or Aggrieved
16 Employees' in exchange for an Individual Settlement Payment and/or
17 Aggrieved Employee Payments of the PAGA Settlement, the number
18 of Workweeks worked by each Class Member during the Class Period
19 and PAGA Period, if any, and the estimated amount of their Individual
20 Settlement Payment if they do not request to be excluded from the
21 Settlement and each Aggrieved Employee's share of the PAGA
22 Settlement, if any. The Settlement Administrator shall use the Class
23 Data to determine Class Members' Workweeks and PAGA Pay
24 Periods. The Notice will also advise the Aggrieved Employees that
25 they will release the Released PAGA Claims and will receive their
26 share of the PAGA Settlement regardless of whether they request to
27 be excluded from the Settlement.

b) The Notice Packet's mailing envelope shall include the following language: "IMPORTANT LEGAL DOCUMENT- YOU MAY BE ENTITLED TO PARTICIPATE IN A CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT; A PROMPT REPLY TO CORRECT YOUR ADDRESS IS REQUIRED AS EXPLAINED IN THE ENCLOSED NOTICE."

3. Notice by First Class U.S. Mail. Upon receipt of the Class Data, the Settlement Administrator will perform a search based on the National Change of Address Database to update and correct any known or identifiable address changes. No later than fourteen (14) calendar days after receiving the Class Data from Defendant, the Settlement Administrator shall mail copies of the Notice Packet to all Class Members via regular First-Class U.S. Mail. The Settlement Administrator shall exercise its best judgment to determine the current mailing address for each Class Member. The address identified by the Settlement Administrator as the current mailing address shall be presumed to be the best mailing address for each Class Member.

4. Undeliverable Notices. Any Notice Packets returned to the Settlement Administrator as undeliverable or non-delivered on or before the Response Deadline shall be re-mailed to any forwarding address provided. If no forwarding address is provided, the Settlement Administrator shall promptly attempt to determine a correct address by lawful use of skip-tracing, or other search using the name, address and/or Social Security number of the Class Member involved, and shall then perform a re-mailing, if another mailing address is identified by the Settlement Administrator. Class Members who received a re-mailed Notice Packet shall have their Response Deadline extended fifteen (15) days from the original Response Deadline.

1 5. Disputes Regarding Individual Settlement Payments. The Class Data
2 provided by Defendant shall be deemed accurate and complete; however,
3 Class Members will have the opportunity, should they disagree with
4 Defendant's records regarding the start and end dates of employment to
5 provide documentation and/or an explanation to show contrary dates. If there
6 is a dispute, the Settlement Administrator will consult with the Parties to
7 determine whether an adjustment is warranted. The Settlement Administrator
8 shall determine the eligibility for, and the amounts of, any Individual
9 Settlement Payments under the terms of this Agreement. The Settlement
10 Administrator's determination of the eligibility for and amount of any
11 Individual Settlement Payment shall be binding upon the Class Member and
12 the Parties. Any adjustments to Individual Settlement Payments made
13 pursuant to this section shall be apportioned from the Net Settlement Amount
14 and shall under no circumstance require Defendant to contribute additional
15 monies above and beyond the Gross Settlement Amount.

16 6. Disputes Regarding Administration of Settlement. Any disputes not resolved
17 by the Settlement Administrator concerning the administration of the
18 Settlement will be resolved by the Court under the laws of the State of
19 California. Before any such involvement of the Court, counsel for the Parties
20 will confer in good faith to resolve the disputes without the necessity of
21 involving the Court.

22 7. Exclusions. The Notice Packet shall contain the Notice of Class Action
23 Settlement in a form substantially similar to the form attached as **Exhibit B.**
24 The Notice of Class Action Settlement shall inform Class Members and
25 Aggrieved Employees that they need not do anything in order to receive an
26 Individual Settlement Payment and/or Aggrieved Employee Payment of the
27 PAGA Settlement and to keep the Settlement Administrator apprised of their
28

1 current mailing address, to which the Individual Settlement Payments and/or
2 Aggrieved Employees Payment of the PAGA Settlement will be mailed
3 following the Funding Date. The Notice of Class Action Settlement shall set
4 forth the release to be given by all members of the Class who do not request
5 to be excluded from the Settlement Class and/or Aggrieved Employees' in
6 exchange for an Individual Settlement Payment and/or Aggrieved Employee
7 Payment of the PAGA Settlement, the number of Workweeks worked by each
8 Class Member during the Class Period and PAGA Period, if any, and the
9 estimated amount of their Individual Settlement Payment if they do not
10 request to be excluded from the Settlement and each Aggrieved Employee
11 Payment, if any. The Settlement Administrator shall use the Class Data to
12 determine Class Members' Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods. The Notice
13 will also advise the Aggrieved Employees that they will release the Released
14 PAGA Claims and will receive their share of the PAGA Settlement regardless
15 of whether they request to be excluded from the Settlement.

- 16 8. Objections. The Notice of Class Action Settlement contained in the Notice
17 Packet shall state that Class Members who wish to object to the Settlement
18 may submit to the Settlement Administrator a written statement of objection
19 ("Notice of Objection") by the Response Deadline. The postmark date of
20 mailing shall be deemed the exclusive means for determining whether a
21 Notice of Objection was served timely. The Notice of Objection must be
22 signed by the Settlement Class Member and state: (1) the case name and
23 number; (2) the name of the Settlement Class Member; (3) the address of the
24 Settlement Class Member; (4) the last four digits of the Settlement Class
25 Member's Social Security number; (5) the basis for the objection; and (6) if
26 the Settlement Class Member intends to appear at the Final
27 Approval/Settlement Fairness Hearing. Class Members who fail to make
28

1 objections in writing in the manner specified above may still make their
2 objections orally at the Final Approval/Settlement Fairness Hearing with the
3 Court's permission. Settlement Class Members will have a right to appear at
4 the Final Approval/Settlement Fairness Hearing to have their objections heard
5 by the Court. At no time shall any of the Parties or their counsel seek to solicit
6 or otherwise encourage Class Members to file or serve written objections to
7 the Settlement or appeal from the Order and Final Judgment. Class Members
8 who submit a written request for exclusion may not object to the Settlement.
9 Class Members may not object to the PAGA Settlement.

10 M. Monitoring and Reviewing Settlement Administration. The Parties have the right to
11 monitor and review the administration of the Settlement to verify that the monies
12 allocated under the Settlement are distributed in the correct amount, as provided for in
13 this Stipulation of Settlement.

14 N. Funding and Allocation of the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant is required to pay
15 the Gross Settlement Amount on or before the Funding Date, plus any employer's
16 share of payroll taxes, if any, as mandated by law within the time specified herein.

17 1. Individual Settlement Payments. Individual Settlement Payments shall be
18 paid from the Net Settlement Amount and shall be paid pursuant to the
19 formula set forth herein. Using the Class Data, the Settlement Administrator
20 shall add up the total number of Workweeks for all Class Members. The
21 respective Workweeks for each Class Member will be divided by the total
22 Workweeks for all Class Members, resulting in the Payment Ratio for each
23 Class Member. Each Class Member's Payment Ratio will then be multiplied
24 by the Net Settlement Amount to calculate each Class Member's estimated
25 Individual Settlement Payments. Each Individual Settlement Payment will be
26 reduced by any legally mandated employee tax withholdings (e.g., employee
27 payroll taxes, etc.). Individual Settlement Payments for Class Members who
28

submit valid and timely requests for exclusion will be redistributed to Settlement Class Members who do not submit valid and timely requests for exclusion on a pro rata basis based on their respective Payment Ratios.

2. Calculation of Individual Payments to the Aggrieved Employees. Using the Class Data, the Settlement Administrator shall add up the total number of PAGA Pay Periods for all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period. The respective PAGA Pay Periods for each Aggrieved Employee will be divided by the total PAGA Pay Periods for all Aggrieved Employees, resulting in the “PAGA Payment Ratio” for each Aggrieved Employee. Each Aggrieved Employee’s PAGA Payment Ratio will then be multiplied by the Aggrieved Employee Payment to calculate each Aggrieved Employee’s estimated share of the PAGA Settlement.

3. Allocation of Individual Settlement Payments. For tax purposes, Individual Settlement Payments shall be allocated as follows: 25% as wages (“Wage Portion”); 75% as penalties and interest (“Non-Wage Portion”). The Wage Portion is subject to wage withholdings and shall be reported on IRS Form W-2. The Non-Wage Portion shall not be subject to wage withholdings and shall be reported on IRS Form 1099.

4. Allocation of Aggrieved Employee Payments. For tax purposes, Aggrieved Employee Payments shall be allocated and treated as 100% penalties and shall be reported on IRS Form 1099.

5. No Credit Toward Benefit Plans. The Individual Settlement Payments and individual shares of the PAGA Settlement made to Settlement Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees under this Settlement Agreement, as well as any other payments made pursuant to this Settlement Agreement, will not be utilized to calculate any additional benefits under any benefit plans to which any Class Members may be eligible, including, but not limited to profit-

1 sharing plans, bonus plans, 401(k) plans, stock purchase plans, vacation plans,
2 sick leave plans, PTO plans, and any other benefit plan. Rather, it is the
3 Parties' intention that this Settlement Agreement will not affect any rights,
4 contributions, or amounts to which any Class Members may be entitled under
5 any benefit plans.

6 6. Income to Settlement Class Members. All monies received by Settlement Class
7 Members under the Settlement which are attributable to wages shall constitute
8 income to such Settlement Class Members solely in the year in which such
9 monies actually are received by the Settlement Class Members. It is the intent
10 of the Parties that Individual Settlement Payments and individual shares of the
11 PAGA Settlement provided for in this Settlement agreement are the sole
12 payments to be made by Defendant to Settlement Class Members and/or
13 Aggrieved Employees in connection with this Settlement Agreement, with the
14 exception of Plaintiff, and that the Settlement Class Members and/or Aggrieved
15 Employees are not entitled to any new or additional compensation or benefits as
16 a result of having received the Individual Settlement Payments and/or their
17 shares of the PAGA Settlement.

18 7. Mailing. Individual Settlement Payments and Aggrieved Employee Payments
19 shall be mailed by regular First-Class U.S. Mail to Settlement Class Members'
20 and/or Aggrieved Employees last known mailing address no later than fifteen
21 (15) calendar days after the Funding Date.

22 8. Expiration. Any checks issued to Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved
23 Employees shall remain valid and negotiable for one hundred and eighty (180)
24 days from the date of their issuance. If a Settlement Class Member and/or
25 Aggrieved Employee does not cash his or her settlement check within 90 days,
26 the Settlement Administrator will send a letter to such persons, advising that
27 the check will expire after the 180th day, and invite that Settlement Class
28

1 Member and/or Aggrieved Employee to request reissuance in the event the
2 check was destroyed, lost or misplaced. In the event an Individual Settlement
3 Payment and/or Aggrieved Employee's individual share of the PAGA
4 Settlement check has not been cashed within one hundred and eighty (180)
5 days, all funds represented by such uncashed checks, plus any interest accrued
6 thereon, shall be transmitted to the Controller of the State of California to be
7 held pursuant to the Unclaimed Property Law, California Civil Code § 1500
8 *et seq.*, in the names and corresponding amounts associated with each Class
9 Member and/or Aggrieved Employee whose check(s) are cancelled.

- 10 9. Class Representative Service Award. In addition to the Individual Settlement
11 Payment and his Aggrieved Employee Payment, Plaintiff will apply to the
12 Court for an award of not more than Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents
13 (\$10,000.00), as the Class Representative Service Award. Defendant does not
14 presently intend to oppose a Class Representative Service Award of not more
15 than \$10,000.00 for Plaintiff. The Settlement Administrator shall pay the
16 Class Representative Service Award, either in the amount stated herein if
17 approved by the Court or some other amount as approved by the Court, to
18 Plaintiff from the Gross Settlement Amount no later than fifteen (15) calendar
19 days after the Funding Date. Any portion of the requested Class
20 Representative Service Award that is not awarded to the Class Representative
21 shall be part of the Net Settlement Amount and shall be distributed to
22 Settlement Class Members as provided in this Agreement. The Settlement
23 Administrator shall issue an IRS Form 1099 — MISC to Plaintiff for his Class
24 Representative Service Award. Plaintiff shall be solely and legally
25 responsible to pay any and all applicable taxes on his Class Representative
26 Service Award and shall hold harmless the Defendant from any claim or
27 liability for taxes, penalties, or interest arising as a result of the Class
28

1 Representative Service Award. The Class Representative Service Award shall
2 be in addition to Plaintiff's Individual Settlement Payment as a Settlement
3 Class Member. Approval of this Settlement shall not be conditioned on Court
4 approval of the requested amount of the Class Representative Service Award.
5 If the Court reduces or does not approve the requested Class Representative
6 Service Award, Plaintiff shall not have the right to revoke the Settlement, and
7 it will remain binding.

8 10. Class Counsel Award. Defendant understands a motion by Class Counsel for
9 attorneys' fees not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount
10 currently estimated to be Two Hundred Sixteen Thousand Six Hundred Sixty-
11 Six Dollars and Sixty-Seven Cents (\$216,666.67), plus costs and expenses
12 supported by declaration not to exceed Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars and
13 Zero Cents (\$25,000), from the Gross Settlement Amount will be filed. Any
14 portion of the requested Class Counsel Award that is not awarded to Class
15 Counsel shall be part of the Net Settlement Amount and shall be distributed
16 to Settlement Class Members as provided in this Agreement. The Settlement
17 Administrator shall allocate and pay the Class Counsel Award to Class
18 Counsel from the Gross Settlement Amount no later than fifteen (15) calendar
19 days after the Funding Date. Class Counsel shall be solely and legally
20 responsible to pay all applicable taxes on the payment made pursuant to this
21 paragraph. The Settlement Administrator shall issue an IRS Form 1099 —
22 MISC to Class Counsel for the payments made pursuant to this paragraph. If
23 the Court reduces or does not approve the requested Class Counsel Award,
24 Plaintiff and Class Counsel shall not have the right to revoke the Settlement,
25 or to appeal such order, and the Settlement will remain binding.

26 11. PAGA Settlement. Forty Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$40,000.00) shall
27 be allocated from the Gross Settlement Amount for settlement of claims for
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civil penalties under the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (“PAGA Settlement”). The Settlement Administrator shall pay seventy-five percent (75%) of the PAGA Settlement (\$30,000.00) to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the Funding Date (hereinafter “LWDA Payment”). Twenty-five percent (25%) of the PAGA Settlement (\$10,000.00) will be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees as described in this Agreement (hereinafter “Aggrieved Employee Payment”). For purposes of distributing the PAGA Settlement to the Aggrieved Employees, each Aggrieved Employee shall receive their pro-rata share of the Aggrieved Employee Payment using the PAGA Payment Ratio as defined above.

12. Settlement Administration Costs. The Settlement Administrator shall be paid for the costs of administration of the Settlement from the Gross Settlement Amount. The estimate of the Settlement Administration Costs is \$11,000.00. The Settlement Administrator shall be paid the Settlement Administration Costs no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the Funding Date.

O. Final Approval Motion. Class Counsel and Plaintiff shall use best efforts to file with the Court a Motion for Order Granting Final Approval and Entering Judgment, within twenty-eight (28) days following the expiration of the Response Deadline, which motion shall request final approval of the Settlement and a determination of the amounts payable for the Class Representative Service Award, the Class Counsel Award, the PAGA Settlement, and the Settlement Administration Costs. Plaintiff will provide Defendant with a draft of the Motion at least 3 business days prior to the filing of the Motion to give Defendant an opportunity to propose changes or additions to the Motion.

1. Declaration by Settlement Administrator. No later than fourteen (14) days after the Response Deadline, the Settlement Administrator shall submit a

1 declaration in support of Plaintiff's motion for final approval of this
2 Settlement detailing the number of Notice Packets mailed and re-mailed to
3 Class Members, the number of undeliverable Notice Packets, the number of
4 timely requests for exclusion, the number of objections received, the amount
5 of the average Individual Settlement Payment and highest Individual
6 Settlement Payment, the Settlement Administration Costs, and any other
7 information as the Parties mutually agree or the Court orders the Settlement
8 Administrator to provide.

9 2. Final Approval Order and Judgment. Class Counsel shall present an Order
10 Granting Final Approval of Class Action Settlement to the Court for its
11 approval, and Judgment thereon, at the time Class Counsel files the Motion
12 for Final Approval.

13 N. Review of Motions for Preliminary and Final Approval. Class Counsel will provide
14 an opportunity for Counsel for Defendant to review the Motions for Preliminary and
15 Final Approval, including the Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action
16 Settlement, and Judgment before filing with the Court. The Parties and their counsel
17 will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts to affect the Court's approval
18 of the Motions for Preliminary and Final Approval of the Settlement, and entry of
19 Judgment.

20 O. Cooperation. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use
21 their best efforts to implement the Settlement.

22 P. Interim Stay of Proceedings. The Parties agree to stay all proceedings in the Actions,
23 except such proceedings necessary to implement and complete the Settlement, pending
24 the Final Approval/Settlement Fairness Hearing to be conducted by the Court

25 Q. Amendment or Modification. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by
26 a written instrument signed by counsel for all Parties or their successors-in-interest.

- 1 R. Entire Agreement. This Agreement and any attached Exhibit constitute the entire
2 Agreement among these Parties, and no oral or written representations, warranties or
3 inducements have been made to any Party concerning this Agreement or its Exhibit
4 other than the representations, warranties and covenants contained and memorialized
5 in this Agreement and its Exhibit.
- 6 S. Authorization to Enter into Settlement Agreement. Counsel for all Parties warrant and
7 represent they are expressly authorized by the Parties whom they represent to negotiate
8 this Agreement and to take all appropriate Action required or permitted to be taken by
9 such Parties pursuant to this Agreement to effectuate its terms, and to execute any other
10 documents required to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. The persons signing
11 this Agreement on behalf of Defendant represents and warrants that he/she is
12 authorized to sign this Agreement on behalf of Defendant. Plaintiff represents and
13 warrants that he is authorized to sign this Agreement and that he has not assigned any
14 claim, or part of a claim, covered by this Settlement to a third-party.
- 15 T. No Public Comment: Plaintiff and their counsel agree that they will not issue any press
16 releases, initiate any contact with the press, respond to any press inquiry, post details
17 about the settlement, or have any communication with the press about the fact, amount
18 or terms of the Settlement Agreement. Class Counsel further agrees not to use the
19 Settlement Agreement or any of its terms for any marketing or promotional purposes.
20 Nothing herein will restrict Class Counsel from including publicly available
21 information regarding this settlement in future judicial submissions regarding Class
22 Counsel's qualifications and experience. Further, Class Counsel will not include,
23 reference or use the Settlement Agreement for any marketing or promotional purposes,
24 either before or after the Motion for Preliminary Approval is filed.
- 25 U. Binding on Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure
26 to the benefit of, the successors or assigns of the Parties, as previously defined.
27
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- 1 V. California Law Governs. All terms of this Agreement and the Exhibit and any disputes
2 shall be governed by and interpreted according to the laws of the State of California.
- 3 W. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts. All
4 executed counterparts and each of them shall be deemed to be one and the same
5 instrument provided that counsel for the Parties to this Agreement shall exchange
6 among themselves copies or originals of the signed counterparts.
- 7 X. This Settlement Is Fair, Adequate and Reasonable. The Parties believe this Settlement
8 is a fair, adequate and reasonable settlement of this Action and have arrived at this
9 Settlement after extensive arms-length negotiations, taking into account all relevant
10 factors, present and potential.
- 11 Y. Jurisdiction of the Court. The Parties agree that the Court shall retain jurisdiction with
12 respect to the interpretation, implementation and enforcement of the terms of this
13 Agreement and all orders and judgments entered in connection therewith, and the
14 Parties and their counsel submit to the jurisdiction of the Court for purposes of
15 interpreting, implementing and enforcing the settlement and all orders and judgments
16 entered in connection with this Agreement.
- 17 Z. Invalidity of Any Provision. Before declaring any provision of this Agreement invalid,
18 the Court shall first attempt to construe the provisions valid to the fullest extent
19 possible consistent with applicable precedents so as to define all provisions of this
20 Agreement valid and enforceable.
- 21 AA. No Unalleged Claims. Plaintiff and Class Counsel represent that they do not currently
22 intend to pursue any claims against the Defendant, including, but not limited to, any
23 judicial, arbitral, or administrative forum, except for the already asserted individual
24 claim/complaint by Plaintiff against Defendant, and any and all claims relating to or
25 arising from Plaintiff's employment with Defendant, regardless of whether Class
26 Counsel is currently aware of any facts or legal theories upon which any claims or
27 causes of action could be brought against the Defendant, including those facts or legal
28

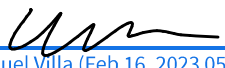
1 theories alleged in the operative complaint in this Action. The Parties further
2 acknowledge, understand and agree that this representation is essential to the
3 Agreement and that this Agreement would not have been entered into were it not for
4 this representation.

5 BB. Waiver of Certain Appeals. The Parties agree to waive appeals and to stipulate to class
6 certification for purposes of this settlement only.

7 CC. No Admissions by the Parties. Plaintiff has claimed and continues to claim that the
8 Released Claims have merit and give rise to liability on the part of Defendant.
9 Defendant has claimed and continues to claim that the Released Claims have no merit
10 and do not give rise to liability. This Agreement is a compromise of disputed claims.
11 Nothing contained in this Agreement and no documents referred to and no action taken
12 to carry out this Agreement may be construed or used as an admission by or against
13 the Defendant or Plaintiff or Class Counsel as to the merits or lack thereof of the claims
14 asserted. Other than as may be specifically set forth herein, each Party shall be
15 responsible for and shall bear its/his own attorney's fees and costs.

16 IT IS SO AGREED, FORM AND CONTENT, BY PLAINTIFF:

17
18 DATED: Feb 16, 2023

19 
Manuel Villa (Feb 16, 2023 05:56 PST)
20 MANUEL VILLA

21
22
23
24
25
26 IT IS SO AGREED, FORM AND CONTENT, BY DEFENDANT:

1 DATED: March 16, 2023

Chad Casey

TRILLIUM PUMPS USA, INC.

Chad Casey
Printed Name

Legal Counsel - North America
Title

8 IT IS SO AGREED AS TO FORM BY COUNSEL:

10 DATED: February 16, 2023

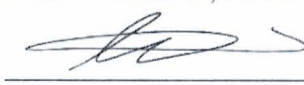
JCL LAW FIRM, A.P.C.

By: 

Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Settlement Class
Members

15 DATED: February 16, 2023

ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC

By: 

Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Settlement Class
Members

20 DATED: March 16, 2023

LITTLER MENDELSON, P.C.

By: 

Jason H. Borchers, Esq.
Attorneys for Defendant

EXHIBIT A

**NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
AND FINAL HEARING DATE**

(Villa v. Trillium Pumps USA, Inc., Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 22CECG01104)

**YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS MAY BE AFFECTED WHETHER YOU ACT OR DO NOT ACT. PLEASE
READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.**

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:	
Do Nothing and Receive a Payment	To receive a cash payment from the Settlement, you do not have to do anything. Your estimated Individual Settlement Payment is: \$<<[REDACTED]>>. See the explanation below. After final approval by the Court, the payment will be mailed to you at the same address as this notice. If your address has changed, please notify the Settlement Administrator as explained below. In exchange for the settlement payment, you will release claims against the Defendant as detailed below.
Exclude Yourself	If you wish to exclude yourself from the Settlement, you must send a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator as provided below. If you request exclusion, you will receive no money from the Settlement. Instructions are set forth below.
Object	You may write to the Court about why you believe the settlement should not be approved. Directions are provided below.

1. Why did I get this Notice?

A proposed class action settlement (the “Settlement”) of this lawsuit pending in the Superior Court for the State of California, County of Fresno (the “Court”) has been reached between Plaintiff Manuel Villa (“Plaintiff”) and Defendant Trillium Pumps USA, Inc., a Delaware Corporation (hereinafter “Defendant”). The Court has granted preliminary approval of the Settlement. **You may be entitled to receive money from this Settlement.**

You have received this Class Notice because you have been identified as a member of the Class, which is defined as:

All non-exempt employees who are or previously were employed by Defendant and performed work in California during the Class Period.

The “Class Period” is the period of time between April 11, 2018, through and including December 2, 2022.

This Class Notice explains the lawsuit, the Settlement, and your legal rights. It is important that you read this Notice carefully as your rights may be affected by the Settlement.

2. What is this class action lawsuit about?

On April 11, 2022, Plaintiff filed a Complaint against Defendant in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Fresno. Plaintiff asserted claims that Defendant: (a) Violated California Business and Professions Code § 17200 *et seq.*; (b) Failed to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, and 1197.1; (c) Failed to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code §§ 510, *et seq.*; (d) Failed to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 & 512, and the applicable IWC Wage Order; (e) Failed to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 & 512, and the applicable IWC Wage Order; (f) Failed to provide accurate and complete itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code § 226; (g) Failed to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202, and 203; (h) Failed to reimburse employees for required expenses in violation of Cal Lab. Code section 2802; (i) unlawful deductions; and (j) Violations of the Private Attorney General Act (Cal. Lab. Code §§2698 *et seq.*

Defendant denies and disputes all claims asserted in the Action. Specifically, Defendant contended (and continues to contend) that the Action could not properly be maintained as a class action; that Defendant properly paid members of the class all wages and overtime that was due; that Defendant provided members of the class with all legally required meal breaks and rest breaks; that Defendants paid any members of the class all wages due them at the time of their terminations; that Defendant provided accurate, itemized wage statements to members of the class; that Defendant did not unlawfully deduct wages; that Defendant did not violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200 *et seq.*; and that Defendant is not liable for any of the penalties claimed or that could be claimed in the Action.

On November 2, 2022, the Parties participated in an all-day mediation with Hon. Brian C. Walsh (Ret.) a respected jurist and an experienced mediator of wage and hour class actions. The mediation concluding with a settlement, after both sides agreed to a Mediator's proposal. The Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement on <<INSERT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL DATE>>. At that time, the Court also preliminarily approved the Plaintiff to serve as the Class Representative, and the law firms of JCL Law Firm, APC and Zakay Law Group, APLC to serve as Class Counsel.

3. What are the terms of the Settlement?

Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant has agreed to pay an “all in” amount of Six Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$650,000.00) (the “Gross Settlement Amount”) to fund the settlement. The Gross Settlement Amount includes the payment of all Individual Settlement Payments to Settlement Class Members, Class Counsel Award, Settlement Administration Costs, the LWDA Payment, Aggrieved Employee Payment, and the Class Representative Service Award to the Plaintiff.

After the Judgment becomes Final, Defendant will pay the Gross Settlement Amount by depositing the money with the Settlement Administrator. “Final” means the date the Judgment is no longer subject to appeal, or if an appeal is filed, the date the appeal process is completed and the Judgment is affirmed.

Amounts to be Paid From the Gross Settlement Amount. The Settlement provides for certain payments to be made from the Gross Settlement Amount, which will be subject to final Court approval, and which will be deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount before settlement payments are made to Class Members, as follows:

- Settlement Administration Costs. Payment to the Settlement Administrator, estimated not to exceed \$11,000.00 for expenses, including expenses of sending this Notice, processing opt outs, and distributing settlement payments.

- Class Counsel Award. Payment to Class Counsel of an award of attorneys' fees of no more than 1/3 of the Gross Settlement Amount (currently \$216,666.67) and costs and expenses of not more than \$25,000.00 for all expenses incurred as documented in Class Counsel's billing records, both subject to Court approval. Class Counsel have been prosecuting the Action on behalf of Plaintiff and the Class on a contingency fee basis (that is, without being paid any money to date) and have been paying all litigation costs and expenses. Class Counsel's Fees Payment will be divided equally between Class Counsel (50% to Zakay Law Group, APC and 50% to The JCL Law Firm, APC).
- Class Representative Service Payment. Class Representative Service Payment of up to Ten Thousand Hundred Dollars (\$10,000.00) to Plaintiff, or such lesser amount as may be approved by the Court, to compensate him for services on behalf of the Class in initiating and prosecuting the Action, and for the risks he undertook.
- PAGA Settlement. A payment of \$40,000 relating to Plaintiff's claim under the Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), \$30,000.00 of which will be paid to the State of California's Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA") and the remaining \$10,000.00 will be distributed to Aggrieved Employees as part of the PAGA Settlement.
- Calculation of Payments to Settlement Class Members. After all the above payments of the court-approved Class Counsel Award, the Class Representative Service Award, the PAGA Settlement, and the Settlement Administration Costs are deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount, the remaining portion, called the "Net Settlement Amount," shall be distributed to class members who do **not** request exclusion ("Settlement Class Members"). The Individual Settlement Payment for each Participating Class Member will be calculated by dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of workweeks for all Settlement Class Members that occurred during the Class Period and multiplying the result by each individual Participating Class Member's workweeks that occurred during the Class Period. A "workweek" is defined as a normal seven-day week of work during the Class Period in which, according to Defendant's records, a member of the class worked at least one-day during any such workweek.
- Calculation of Aggrieved Employee Payment to Aggrieved Employees. The PAGA Settlement shall be distributed to Aggrieved Employees irrespective of whether they exclude themselves or opt-out. The PAGA Settlement will be divided by the total number of pay periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period, and then taking that number and multiplying it by the number of pay periods worked by each respective PAGA Employee during the PAGA Period. "Aggrieved Employees" means all non-exempt employees who are or previously were employed by Defendant and performed work in California during the PAGA Period. The PAGA Period means the period of April 21, 2020, through and including August 26, 2022.

If the Settlement is approved by the Court, you will automatically be mailed a check for your Individual Settlement Payment to the same address as this Class Notice. You do not have to do anything to receive a payment. If your address has changed, you must contact the Settlement Administrator to inform them of your correct address to insure you receive your payment.

Tax Matters. Twenty-five percent (25%) of each Individual Settlement Payment is allocated to wages. Taxes are withheld from this amount, and each Participating Class Member will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 for such payment. Seventy-five percent (75%) of each Individual Settlement Payment is allocated to interest, penalties and other non-wage payments, and no taxes will be withheld, and each Participating Class Member will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 for such payment. In addition, no taxes will be withheld from the PAGA Penalties paid to Aggrieved Employees, and each PAGA Employee will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 for such payment. Neither Class Counsel nor Defendant's counsel intend anything contained in this Settlement to constitute advice regarding taxes or taxability. You may wish to consult a tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of the payments received under the Settlement.

Conditions of Settlement. This Settlement is conditioned upon the Court entering an order granting final approval of the Settlement and entering judgment.

4. What Do I Release Under the Settlement?

Released Claims. Upon entry of final judgment and funding in full of the Gross Settlement Amount by Defendant, Plaintiff, and the Settlement Class Members shall release all Released Class Claims that occurred during the Class Period as to the Released Parties. Released Class Claims means all class claims alleged in the operative complaint, or which could have reasonably been alleged in the operative complaint based on the facts alleged, which occurred during the Class Period, and expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, and class claims outside the Class Period. The Released PAGA Claims shall be released as follows. As of the Effective Date and upon funding in full of the Gross Settlement Amount by Defendant, all Aggrieved Employees shall release all Released PAGA Claims, irrespective of whether they opted-out of the class settlement, and will be bound by this PAGA Release (the "PAGA Release"). "Released PAGA Claims" means all PAGA claims alleged in the operative complaint and Plaintiff's PAGA Notice to the LWDA which occurred during the PAGA Period, and expressly excluding all other claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, and PAGA claims outside of the PAGA Period.

This means that, if you do not timely and formally exclude yourself from the settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Defendant about the legal issues resolved by this Settlement. It also means that all of the Court's orders in this Action will apply to you and legally bind you.

5. How much will my payment be?

Defendant's records reflect that you have <<____>> Workweeks worked during the Class Period (April 11, 2018, through and including December 2, 2022).

Based on this information, your estimated Individual Settlement Payment is <<____>>.

Defendant's records reflect that you have <<____>> pay periods worked during the PAGA Period (April 21, 2020, through and including August 26, 2022).

Based on this information, your estimated Aggrieved Employee Payment is <<____>>.

If you wish to challenge/dispute the information set forth above, then you must submit a written, signed dispute challenging the information along with supporting documents, to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in this Notice no later than _____ [forty-five (45) days after the Notice or re-mailed Notice].

6. How can I get a payment?

To get money from the settlement, you do not have to do anything. A check for your settlement payment will be mailed automatically to the same address as this Notice. If your address is incorrect or has changed, you must notify the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator is: _____ . (800) _____ .

The Court will hold a hearing on _____ to decide whether to finally approve the Settlement. If the Court approves the Settlement and there are no objections or appeals, payments will be mailed within a few months after this hearing. If there are objections or appeals, resolving them can take time, perhaps more than a year. Please be patient. After entry of the Judgment, the Settlement Administrator will provide notice of the final judgment to the Class Members by posting a copy of the Judgment on the administrator's website at www._____.com

7. What if I don't want to be a part of the Settlement?

If you do not wish to participate in the Settlement, you may exclude yourself from the Settlement or "opt out." **If you opt out, you will receive NO money from the Settlement, and you will not be bound by its terms, except as provided as follows.** Irrespective of whether you exclude yourself from the Settlement or "opt out," you will be bound by the PAGA Release, you will be deemed to have released the Released PAGA Claims, and you will receive a share of the PAGA Settlement.

To opt out, you must submit to the Settlement Administrator, by First Class Mail, a written, signed and dated request for exclusion postmarked no later than _____. The address for the Settlement Administrator is _____. The request for exclusion should indicate clearly that you wish to opt out of the class action and settlement of the case. The request for exclusion must contain your name, address, signature and the last four digits of your Social Security Number for verification purposes. The request for exclusion must be signed by you. No other person may opt out for a member of the Class.

Written requests for exclusion that are postmarked after _____, or are incomplete or unsigned will be rejected, and those Class Members will remain bound by the Settlement and the release described above.

8. How do I tell the Court that I would like to challenge the Settlement?

Any Class Member who has not opted out and believes that the Settlement should not be finally approved by the Court for any reason, may object to the proposed Settlement. Objections may be in writing and state the Class Member's name, current address, telephone number, and describe why you believe the Settlement is unfair and whether you intend to appear at the final approval hearing. All written objections or other correspondence must also state the name and number of the case, which ***Villa v. Trillium Pumps USA, Inc., Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 22CECG01104***. You may also object without submitting a written objection by appearing at the final approval hearing scheduled as described in Section 9 below.

To object to the Settlement, you cannot opt out. If the Court approves the Settlement, you will be bound by the terms of the Settlement in the same way as Class Members who do not object. Any Class Member who does not object in the manner provided in this Class Notice shall have waived any objection to the Settlement, whether by appeal or otherwise.

Written objections must be delivered or mailed to the Settlement Administrator no later than _____. The address for the Settlement Administrator is _____.

The addresses for the Parties' counsel are as follows:

Class Counsel:

Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq.
JCL Law Firm, APC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel.: (619) 599-8292
Fax: (619) 599-2891
E-Mail: jlapuyade@jcl-lawfirm.com

Class Counsel:

Shani O. Zakay, Esq.
Zakay Law Group, APLC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: (619) 255-9047
Email: shani@zakaylaw.com
Website: www.zakaylaw.com

Counsel for Defendant:

Jason H. Borchers, Esq.
Littler Mendelson, P.C.
5200 North Palm Avenue, Suite 302
Fresno, CA 93704
T: 559-244-7500
F: 559-244-7525
jborchers@littler.com

9. When and where will the Court decide whether to approve the Settlement?

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing at **00:00 AM/PM on** _____, at the Fresno County Superior Court, located at 1130 "O" Street Fresno, CA 93724, before Judge Jon M. Skiles. At this hearing, the Court will consider whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The purpose of this hearing is for the Court to determine whether to grant final approval to the Settlement. If there are objections, the Court will consider them. The Court will listen to people who have made a timely written request to speak at the hearing or who appear at the hearing to object. This hearing may be rescheduled by the Court without further notice to you. **You are not required to attend** the Final Approval Hearing, although any Class Member is welcome to attend the hearing.

You may attend in person, but you may also attend remotely if you wish. Remote appearances may be scheduled through <https://www.fresno.courts.ca.gov/divisions/civil/remote-appearance-information>

10. How do I get more information about the Settlement?

You may call the Settlement Administrator at _____ or write to ***Villa v. Trillium Pumps USA, Inc., Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 22CECG01104***, Settlement Administrator, c/o _____.

This notice summarizes the proposed settlement. More details are in the Settlement Agreement. You may receive a copy of the Settlement Agreement, the Final Judgment or other Settlement documents by writing to JCL Law firm, APC, 5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600, San Diego, CA 92121.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

IMPORTANT:

- You must inform the Settlement Administrator of any change of address to ensure receipt of your settlement payment.
- Settlement checks will be null and void 180 days after issuance if not deposited or cashed. In such event, the Settlement Administrator shall pay all funds from such uncashed checks to the Settlement Class Members who cashed his or her Individual Settlement Payment check using the same work shift formula used for distribution of the Net Settlement Amount. If your check is lost or misplaced, you should contact the Settlement Administrator immediately to request a replacement.

EXHIBIT B

Superior Court of California, County of FRESNO
Manuel Villa v. Trillium Pumps USA, Inc.
Fresno County Superior Court Case No. 22CEG01104

REQUEST FOR EXCLUSION

Instructions: Please complete this Form ONLY IF YOU **DO NOT** WANT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT that is described in the Notice Pendency of Class Action Settlement and Final Hearing Date that accompanies this Form. If you choose to complete this Form, the deadline for mailing it to the Settlement Administrator is **** INSERT DATE****.

I. **PERSONAL INFORMATION**

Name (first, middle and last): _____
Home Street Address: _____
City, State, Zip Code: _____
Telephone Number: (____) _____
Last 4 Digits of Social Security Number: _____

II. **REQUEST FOR EXCLUSION**

By signing and returning this Form, I certify that I wish to opt out of the settlement of the class action lawsuit entitled *Manuel Villa v. Trillium Pumps USA, Inc.*, Case No. 22CEG01104, filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Fresno. I understand that by requesting to be excluded from the Settlement, I will receive no money from the Settlement described in the Notice Pendency of Class Action Settlement and Final Hearing Date that accompanies this Form.

Any Class Member that submits a timely Request for Exclusion that is also a member of the PAGA Class will still receive his/her pro rata share of the PAGA Payment.

III. **MAILING INSTRUCTIONS**

If you choose to return this Form, you must return it to the Settlement Administrator postmarked on or before ****INSERT DATE**** AT THE ADDRESS LISTED BELOW:

ILYM Group, Inc.
P.O. Box 2031
Tustin, CA 92781

IV. **PLEASE SIGN BELOW**

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: _____

(Signature)

(Print Name)

EXHIBIT 2

EXHIBIT 3

JCL LAW FIRM, APC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: (619) 599-8292
Fax: (619) 599-8291

FIRM RESUME

Areas of Practice: Employee Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions, Civil Litigation, and Unlawful Housing Practices.

ATTORNEY BIOGRAPHIES

Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq.
California Bar Number 248676
Founding Partner

Biography:

Mr. Lapuyade is a San Diego based labor and employment attorney representing aggrieved California employees and the victims of unlawful housing practices throughout the State of California. Mr. Lapuyade's litigation practice focuses on representing California employees in wage and hour class actions for unpaid wages, missed meal and rest breaks, and misclassification, wrongful termination cases and tenants in unlawful housing class actions. Mr. Lapuyade prides himself on providing his clients with aggressive, attentive and result driven representation through the litigation process, trial and arbitration. Since 2007, Mr. Lapuyade successfully recovered in excess of \$200 million in monetary awards for his clients.

Mr. Lapuyade served as co-editor of the Insurance Column for Consumer Attorneys of San Diego from 2011 to 2014. As editor, Mr. Lapuyade was responsible for publishing monthly articles in the Trial Bar News periodical analyzing complex insurance coverage issues. Mr. Lapuyade is a four-time recipient of the Super Lawyers Rising Star by Thomson Reuters. To be eligible for inclusion in Rising Stars, a candidate must be either 40 years old or younger or in practice for 10 years or less. While up to 5 percent of the lawyers in a state are named to Super Lawyers, no more than 2.5 percent are named to Rising Stars.

Bar Admissions:

- California
- U.S. District Court Southern District of California
- U.S. District Court Central District of California
- U.S. District Court Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court Northern District of California

Professional Associations:

- California Employment Lawyers Association, 2007 to Present
- Consumer Attorneys of San Diego, 2007 to 2020
- American Bar Association, Section of Litigation, Member, 2007 to 2020
- American Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2007 to 2020
- American Bar Association, Tort, Trial & Insurance Section, Member, 2007 to 2020
- California Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2007 to Present
- California Bar Association, Litigation Section, Member, 2007 to Present

Education:

- **California Western School of Law**
 - J.D. - 2006
 - Honors: Deans Merit Scholarship, California Western School of Law 2005 - 2006
- **University of Arizona**
 - B.A. - 2001
 - Major: History

Honors:

- Super Lawyers Rising Star, Thomson Reuters, 2015 - 2018
- Distinguished Advocate Award for Outstanding Oral Advocacy, 2005 - 2006

Sydney Castillo-Johnson, Esq.
California Bar Number 343881
Associate Attorney

Biography:

Ms. Castillo-Johnson is a San Diego based labor and employment attorney representing California employees throughout the state of California. Ms. Castillo-Johnson's litigation practice focuses on representing current and former employees in wage and hour class actions for unpaid wages, missed meal and rest breaks, misclassification, and wrongful termination.

Ms. Castillo-Johnson volunteered her time at California Western School of Law first as a student intern and later as a student manager with the Community Law Project which offers legal services to the low-income community of San Diego.

Education:

- **California Western School of Law**
 - J.D.- 2022
 - Honors:
 - Dean's Honor List: Spring 2021, Fall 2021
 - Public Service Honor Society Fall 2021
 - 3L Academic Merit Scholarship
 - Dean's Diversity, Service, and Leadership Scholarship
 - Activities: Community Law Project Student Manager
- **Azusa Pacific University**
 - B.A. – 2018
 - Major: Criminal Justice

Monnett De La Torre, Esq.
California Bar Number 272884
Senior Associate

Biography:

Ms. De La Torre is a San Diego and Ventura County based labor and employment attorney representing aggrieved California employees throughout the State of California. Ms. De La Torre's litigation practice focuses on representing California employees in wage and hour class and representative actions for unpaid wages, missed meal and rest breaks, misclassification, penalties, and wrongful termination cases. Ms. De La Torre has extensive experience handling internal workplace investigations. Ms. De La Torre has handled matters before the Department of Fair Employment and Housing, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and Department of Labor.

Ms. De La Torre is a two-time recipient of the Super Lawyers Rising Star by Thomas Reuters. To be eligible for inclusion in Rising Stars, a candidate must be either 40 years old or younger or in practice for 10 years or less. While up to five percent of the lawyers in a state are named to Super Lawyers, no more than 2.5 percent are named to Rising Stars.

Bar Admissions:

- California
- U.S. District Court Southern District of California

Professional Associations:

- California Employment Lawyers Association, 2022 to Present
- Consumer Attorneys of San Diego, 2010-2015
- American Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2015 to Present
- California Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2015 to Present
- San Diego La Raza Lawyers Association, 2010-2015
- Ventura County Bar Association, 2015-Present
- Women Lawyers of Ventura County, 2015-Present

Education:

- **New England School of Law**
 - J.D.- 2010

- Honors:
 - Dean's List Consecutive years
- **University of California, San Diego**
 - B.A.- 2006
 - Major: Economics
 - Minor: Latin American Studies

Honors:

- Super Lawyers Rising Star, Thomson Reuters, 2021 and 2022
- Pacific Cost Business Times, "Top 40 under 40" Award
- Daily Transcripts "Top Young Attorney: nominee, consecutive years"

REPORTED CASES

- *Blanchette et al., v. Superior Court (GHA Homes)*, 8 Cal.App.5th 521, 2017
- *Chmurny v. State*, 392 Md. 159, 2006

EXAMPLES OF THE JCL LAW FIRM'S
REPRESENTATIVE CLASS ACTION & REPRESENTATIVE CASES

- *Garces, et al. v. DriverDo, LLC*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 19STCV32773 (January 24, 2023) Hon. Carolyn B. Kuhl approved a \$700,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *De Jesus v. Guardian Angel Home Care, Inc.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2020-00021049-CU-OE-CTL (July 29, 2022) Hon. Ronald F. Frazier approved a \$300,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Kaur v. Aces 2020 I, LLC, et al.*, Contra Costa Superior Court Case No. MSC20-02482 (December 22, 2022) Hon. Edward G. Weil approved a \$585,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Molina v. Hawaiian Airlines, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 20STCV28079 (November 23, 2022) Hon. Maren Nelson approved a \$250,000 class action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the Plaintiff.
- *Lang Jr. v. Pathways Community Services LLC*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00049969-CU-OE-CTL (September 9, 2022) Hon. James A. Mangione approved a \$160,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Martinello v. Century Wilshire, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 20STCV32613 (March 1, 2022) Hon. Carolyn Kuhl approved a \$550 billing rate and appointed Jean Claude Lapuyade, Esq. of the JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel.
- *Wilson v. Spreen Inc. (dba Spreen Honda)*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVSB2119857 (April 6, 2022) Hon. David Cohn approved a \$300,000 PAGA action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Ledesma v. TVJ Sons I, Inc.; Porter and Howard, Inc.* Santa Barbara Superior Court Case No. 20CV03573 (November 10, 2021) Hon. Jed Beebe approved a \$350,000 PAGA action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC represented the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Jacobs v. Rush Media Company, LLC; XLT Management Services, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 20STCV32350 (May 2, 2022) Hon. Daniel J. Buckley appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and approved a \$330,000 class action settlement for, *inter alia*, independent contractor misclassification.
- *Chavez v. HTL Conrad Domestic, LLC; HTL Conrad Domestic Employer, LLC*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2020-00016193-CU-OE-CTL (June 9, 2022) Hon. John S. Meyer approved a \$850,000 PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, failure to compensate overtime at the regular rate of pay. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Renteria v. Love's Country Stores of California*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS20164481 (June 14, 2022) Hon. David Cohn approved a \$2.2 million dollar class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid overtime and sick pay. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.

- *Lopez v. Adidas America, Inc.*, Ventura Superior Court Case No. 56-2021-005498444-CU-OE-VTA (April 4, 2022) Hon. Mark Borrell approved a \$1.5 million dollar class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, inaccurate overtime calculations, and appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel.
- *Felix v. TVI, Inc., d.b.a. Savers*, Santa Clara Superior Court Case No. 21CV376407 (February 18, 2022) Hon. Sunil R. Kulkarni approved a \$1.8 million dollar class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off-the-clock work. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Munoz v. AMTCR*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIV-DS2001914 (August 24, 2021) Hon. David Cohn approved a \$1.8 million dollar class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, inaccurate itemized wage statements. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as class counsel for the settlement class and as representative PAGA counsel the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.)
- *Nunes v. Home Depot U.S.A., Inc.*, San Joaquin Superior Court Case No. STK-CV-UOE-2020-0011011 (October 20, 2021 – Hon. Roger Ross approved a \$1.5 million dollar class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, miscalculated meal period premiums and appointed Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq. as Class Counsel.)
- *Pillsbury v. T&T Restaurants CA, Inc.*, Del Norte Superior Court Case No. CVUJ-20-1214 (December 14, 2021 – Hon. Darren McElfresh approved \$550 billing rate and appointed Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq. as Class Counsel in a wage and hour class action settlement.)
- *Latin v. OneMain General Service Corporation*, Stanislaus County Superior Court Case No. CV-20-002498 (October 22, 2021) Hon. Stacy Speiller approved a PAGA action settlement for \$700,000 wage statement violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as counsel for the plaintiff, the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Elias Kaser v. Aviation Consultants, Inc.*, Orange County Superior Court Case No. 30-2021-01191204-CU-OE-CXC (September 22, 2021 – Hon. Peter J. Wilson approved \$550 billing rate in a representative California Labor Code Private Attorney General Act settlement).
- *Rodriguez v. RSI Home Products, Inc.*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS2023354 (July 30, 2021 – Hon. David Cohn approved a \$1.45 million class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, failure to comply with piece-rate laws, and appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel)
- *Jer Vang v. Bridge Property Management*, Alameda County Superior Court, Case No RG19047434 (January 8, 2021 – Hon. Winifred Smith approved a class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off the clock work. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as class counsel for the settlement class and as representative PAGA counsel the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.)
- *Johnson v. Volt Management Corp., Inc. et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV16466 (December 11, 2020 – Hon. Amy Hogue approved a PAGA Settlement negotiated on behalf of the State of California and the aggrieved employees by the JCL Law Firm, APC.)
- *Salazar v. Frontier Auto Sales Inc., dba Frontier Toyota*, Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV20382 (November 24, 2020 – Hon. John P. Doyle appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as class counsel and approved a class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, missed meal and rest periods.)
- *Villalobos v. Alterra Group, LLC et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV19448 (November 11, 2020 – Hon. Richard Fruin approved a PAGA Settlement for, *inter alia*, unreimbursed business expenses. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as counsel for the plaintiff, the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.)
- *Stevens et al., v. Bank of England*, San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00018662-CU-OE-CTL (October 16, 2020 – Hon. John Meyer appointed JCL Law Firm as Class Counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for, *inter alia*, off-the-clock work.)
- *Frazier v. ASA Carlton, Inc.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00036147 (October 9, 2020 Hon. Kenneth Medel appointed the JCL Law Firm as Class Counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for off-the-clock work.)
- *Krake et al., v. Central Valley Diner, Inc.*, Placer County Superior Court Case No. SCV0041645 (September 4, 2020 – Hon. Michael Jones appointed JCL Law Firm as class counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for meal period violations.)
- *Conner v. Ascendant Marketing, LLC et al.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00026864-CU-OE-CTL (July 24, 2020 Hon. Joel Wohlfeil granted approval of PAGA Settlement for, among other things, off-the-clock work. JCL Law Firm, APC acted as lead counsel.)
- *Guerrero v. Estancia Operations, LLC.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00028963 (August 25, 2020 – Hon. Katherine Bacal approved PAGA Settlement for, *inter alia*, missed meal and rest periods. JCL Law Firm, APC, acted as lead counsel.)
- *Moreno v. Dash Lube, et al.*, United States District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 18cv1922 DMS (AHG) (December 13, 2019 – Granted class certification of Labor Code Section 226 claim and appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel.)
- *Perkins et al., v. Tahiti Enterprises, Inc., et al.*, Orange County Superior Court Case No. 30-2016-00863095 (October 22, 2019 – Hon. Peter Wilson appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for an unlawful housing class action settlement arising out of Civil Code Section 1940.1.)

- *Hill v. Stemak Holdings, Ltd.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No., 37-2018-00000747 (January 28, 2020 – Hon. Kenneth Medel appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as class counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for unpaid overtime.)
- *Shachno et al., v. KT Hotels, LLC, et al.* San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2018-00043601 (May 31, 2019 – Hon. Gregory Pollack appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted preliminary approval for the wage and hour class action settlement involving nearly 900 current and former employees. Final approval scheduled for October 4, 2019)
- *Almanza v. The Express Group, Inc.*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS1722542 (April 19, 2019 – Hon. David Cohn appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour class action settlement for *inter alia*, missed meal and rest periods and independent contractor misclassification.)
- *Moschetto v. Pillow Global, Inc.* San Diego Superior Court, Case No. 37-2017-00024031-CU-OE-CTL (April 5, 2019 – Hon. John S. Meyer appointed JCL LAW Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour wage class action settlement involving misclassified house cleaners.)
- *Burke v. Friendship Hotel, LLC*, San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2017-00022517-CU-OE-CTL (March 10, 2019 – final approval granted on for an unlawful housing class action arising under Civil Code Section 1940.2)
- *Terrado et al., v. Accredited Debt Relief, LLC*, San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2018-00014181-CU-OE-CTL (February 8, 2019 – Hon. Gregory W. Pollock appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour class action settlement for meal and rest period violations);
- *Macaspac v. San Antonio Regional Hospital*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS1512625, (July 27, 2018 – Hon. Thomas S. Garza appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour class action settlement involving claims for on duty meal and rest periods.);
- *Summerlin et al. v. Maplebear, Inc. dba Instacart*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC603030 (2018 - certified and settled wage and hour class action.)
- *Ortega v. Prime Healthcare*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2014-00011240-CU-OE-CTL (2018 – Approved PAGA only settlement for on duty meal and rest periods)
- *Engstrom v. Bender-Rosenthal, Inc.* San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2016-00012373-CU-OE-CTL (2017 - Certified and settled class action for employee misclassification);
- *Crawford v. Outlook Amusements, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC617160 (2017 - Certified and settled wage and hour class action.);
- *Hernandez v. Sunglass Hut Trading, LLC*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS1505181 (2016 - Certified and settled wage and hour class action);
- *Burns v. Shalom, LLC*, San Diego Superior Court, Case No., 37-2013-00058356-CU-BT-CTL (2015 - certified and settled class action for unlawful housing practices arising out of Civil Code Section 1940.1);

EXHIBIT 4

JCL Law Firm

Unbilled Time

Activity: All Dates

ACTIVITY DATE	POSTING	EMPLOYEE	MEMO/DESCRIPTION	RATE	DURATION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
Villa v. Trillium (002-290)							
08/24/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Fact Investigation - Client Intake	550.00	1:12	660.00	660.00
09/03/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - Employee File Demand (Statutes)	550.00	2:06	1,155.00	1,815.00
09/07/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - Drafted, Revised and Edited Employee File Demand	550.00	1:54	1,045.00	2,860.00
09/10/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Fact Investigation - R&R Client Documents	550.00	2:06	1,155.00	4,015.00
09/16/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - Claims Analysis (Meal, Rest and OTC)	550.00	4:54	2,695.00	6,710.00
09/18/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - Drafted, Revised and Edited Status Letter to Client	550.00	2:06	1,155.00	7,865.00
09/30/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - R&R Employee File Production	550.00	3:06	1,705.00	9,570.00
10/01/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - Claim Analysis (Rounding and 226)	550.00	7:42	4,235.00	13,805.00
10/22/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Drafted Status to Client Re Claim Analysis and Timeline	550.00	3:12	1,760.00	15,565.00
11/15/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - TCW Client Re Status and Timeline	550.00	0:36	330.00	15,895.00
11/18/2021	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - RROP Issues	550.00	3:06	1,705.00	17,600.00
01/05/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - LWDA Notice Requirements (Cases and Statutes)	550.00	4:30	2,475.00	20,075.00
01/21/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Pleadings - Drafted, Revised and Edited LWDA Notice	550.00	2:54	1,595.00	21,670.00
01/26/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Pleadings - Drafted, Revised, LWDA Notice	550.00	2:30	1,375.00	23,045.00
01/28/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - TCW Client Re LWDA Notice and Timeline	550.00	0:36	330.00	23,375.00
02/02/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Pleadings - Final Review of LWDA Notice	550.00	0:42	385.00	23,760.00
02/18/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Drafted Letter to Client Re LWDA Timeline and Complaint Filing	550.00	0:48	440.00	24,200.00
03/25/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Pleadings - Drafted, Revised and Edited Complaint	550.00	3:06	1,705.00	25,905.00
03/31/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Pleadings - Reviewed and Revised Complaint	550.00	0:18	165.00	26,070.00
03/31/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Fact Investigation - Reviewed Employee file	550.00	3:42	2,035.00	28,105.00
04/01/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - TCW Client Re Complaint	550.00	0:18	165.00	28,270.00
04/04/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - Claim Analysis	550.00	3:18	1,815.00	30,085.00
04/08/2022	No	Jean Claude	Drafted Status Letter Re Claim Analysis and	550.00	1:42	935.00	31,020.00

JCL Law Firm

Unbilled Time

Activity: All Dates

ACTIVITY DATE	POSTING	EMPLOYEE	MEMO/DESCRIPTION	RATE	DURATION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
		Lapuyade	Timeline				
04/11/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Pleadings - Drafted, Edited and Finalized Complaint	550.00	2:30	1,375.00	32,395.00
04/22/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Drafted Status Letter to Client Re Timeline	550.00	1:30	825.00	33,220.00
05/05/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Emails to/from Defendant Re Responsive Pleading Deadline	550.00	1:00	550.00	33,770.00
06/03/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Pleadings - Reviewed and Analyzed Answer	550.00	2:12	1,210.00	34,980.00
06/04/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - Motion to Strike and Demurrer Answer	550.00	3:06	1,705.00	36,685.00
06/06/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re service	400.00	0:12	80.00	36,765.00
06/06/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Emails to/from OC Re Service	550.00	0:18	165.00	36,930.00
06/08/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re service	400.00	0:06	40.00	36,970.00
06/08/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Emails to/from OC Re Service	550.00	0:12	110.00	37,080.00
06/10/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - Drafted SI (Set 1), RFA (Set 1), RFP (Set 1), FR-E (Set 1), FR-G (Set 1)	550.00	5:36	3,080.00	40,160.00
06/13/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re call for case update	400.00	0:12	80.00	40,240.00
06/14/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re call with OC	400.00	0:12	80.00	40,320.00
06/16/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - TCW Client Re Status	550.00	0:42	385.00	40,705.00
06/16/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re follow up on call	400.00	0:06	40.00	40,745.00
06/22/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re mediators	400.00	0:12	80.00	40,825.00
06/23/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re mediation	400.00	0:18	120.00	40,945.00
06/29/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re mediation date	400.00	0:12	80.00	41,025.00
07/07/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re class size	400.00	0:12	80.00	41,105.00

JCL Law Firm

Unbilled Time

Activity: All Dates

ACTIVITY DATE	POSTING	EMPLOYEE	MEMO/DESCRIPTION	RATE	DURATION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
07/20/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re mediation	400.00	0:36	240.00	41,345.00
07/26/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - R&R Defendant's Notice of JF	550.00	0:12	110.00	41,455.00
09/06/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - Emails to/from OC Re Mediation Data	550.00	0:24	220.00	41,675.00
09/27/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - Emails to/from OC Re Mediation Data	550.00	0:18	165.00	41,840.00
09/29/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re mediation data	400.00	1:00	400.00	42,240.00
09/29/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - R&R Mediation data production	550.00	3:36	1,980.00	44,220.00
10/01/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - R&R Mediation Data	550.00	6:00	3,300.00	47,520.00
10/10/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re 2802 claims	400.00	0:18	120.00	47,640.00
10/13/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re data production	400.00	0:48	320.00	47,960.00
10/17/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - Emails to/from Expert Re Damage Analysis	550.00	0:18	165.00	48,125.00
10/17/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - Off the clock and rounding claims	550.00	4:00	2,200.00	50,325.00
10/17/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re expert report	400.00	0:24	160.00	50,485.00
10/18/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re expert report	400.00	0:48	320.00	50,805.00
10/19/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re mediation data	400.00	0:24	160.00	50,965.00
10/20/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - R&R Damage Report from Expert	550.00	1:00	550.00	51,515.00
10/20/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - Emails to/from Expert Re Analysis	550.00	0:54	495.00	52,010.00
10/21/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re expert report	400.00	1:24	560.00	52,570.00
10/24/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re data production	400.00	1:12	480.00	53,050.00
10/24/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Fact Investigation - R&R Mediation Updated Data	550.00	2:12	1,210.00	54,260.00

JCL Law Firm

Unbilled Time

Activity: All Dates

ACTIVITY DATE	POSTING	EMPLOYEE	MEMO/DESCRIPTION	RATE	DURATION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
10/25/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Discovery - R&R Expert Damage Analysis	550.00	2:06	1,155.00	55,415.00
10/26/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re mediation brief	400.00	0:30	200.00	55,615.00
10/27/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Mediation - review brief	400.00	2:00	800.00	56,415.00
10/27/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Law and Motion - R&R Mediation Brief	550.00	6:42	3,685.00	60,100.00
10/27/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Mediation - Emails to/from Mediator Re Brief	550.00	0:18	165.00	60,265.00
10/31/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Settlement - Emails to/from Client Re MOU	550.00	0:18	165.00	60,430.00
10/31/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Mediation - TCW Mediator Re Case Status	550.00	0:36	330.00	60,760.00
11/02/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Settlement - emails re MOU	400.00	1:00	400.00	61,160.00
11/02/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Mediation - Attended Mediation	550.00	10:00	5,500.00	66,660.00
11/03/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Attended Mediation	400.00	10:00	4,000.00	70,660.00
11/03/2022	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re client update	400.00	0:18	120.00	70,780.00
11/15/2022	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - R&R Re Court's Order on CMC	550.00	0:12	110.00	70,890.00
01/08/2023	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Case management	300.00	0:10	50.00	70,940.00
01/30/2023	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Review and revise CMS	400.00	0:30	200.00	71,140.00
02/06/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Settlement - Drafted, Revised and Edited Long Form Agreement	550.00	4:54	2,695.00	73,835.00
02/06/2023	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Case management	400.00	0:24	160.00	73,995.00
02/07/2023	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Emails re Joint report	400.00	0:30	200.00	74,195.00
02/13/2023	No	Sydney Castillo-Johnson	Settlement - review MOU and draft class notice	400.00	2:30	1,000.00	75,195.00
02/15/2023	No	Jean Claude	Settlement - Revised SAR per Defense Edits	550.00	2:48	1,540.00	76,735.00

JCL Law Firm

Unbilled Time

Activity: All Dates

ACTIVITY DATE	POSTING	EMPLOYEE	MEMO/DESCRIPTION	RATE	DURATION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
02/16/2023	No	Lapuyade Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Settlement - draft and revise exclusion form	400.00	1:18	520.00	77,255.00
02/17/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Settlement - Drafted, Revised and Edited Class Notice	550.00	1:06	605.00	77,860.00
03/05/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Settlement - Emails to/from OC Re SAR	550.00	0:12	110.00	77,970.00
03/08/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Settlement - Emails to/from OC Re SAR	550.00	0:18	165.00	78,135.00
03/16/2023	No	Monnett DeLaTorre	Settlement - Emails to/from OC Re SAR	500.00	0:24	200.00	78,335.00
04/25/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Case management	400.00	0:18	120.00	78,455.00
04/26/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Settlement - Emails to/from OC Re SAR	550.00	0:18	165.00	78,620.00
05/11/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Case management and follow up on SAR	400.00	0:24	160.00	78,780.00
05/11/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Settlement - Emails to/from OC Re SAR	550.00	0:24	220.00	79,000.00
06/26/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Case management - MFA	400.00	0:18	120.00	79,120.00
07/24/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Drafted, Revised and Edited Joint CMS	550.00	1:00	550.00	79,670.00
07/24/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Review and revise joint CMS	400.00	0:24	160.00	79,830.00
07/27/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Emails re Joint CMS	400.00	0:12	80.00	79,910.00
07/27/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Drafted and Revised Joint CMS	550.00	0:30	275.00	80,185.00
07/31/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Emails re joint CMS	400.00	0:36	240.00	80,425.00
08/07/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Case management - CMC prep	400.00	0:20	133.33	80,558.33
08/08/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Attend CMC	400.00	0:30	200.00	80,758.33
09/01/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Case Management - Drafted, Revised and Edited Joint CMS	550.00	1:30	825.00	81,583.33

JCL Law Firm

Unbilled Time

Activity: All Dates

ACTIVITY DATE	POSTING	EMPLOYEE	MEMO/DESCRIPTION	RATE	DURATION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
09/04/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Emails re joint CMS	400.00	0:18	120.00	81,703.33
09/05/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Review joint CMS	400.00	0:15	100.00	81,803.33
09/06/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Emails re Joint CMS	400.00	0:24	160.00	81,963.33
09/11/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Legal Research - MPA Issues (Ranage of Reasonableness and Pro Fresno Approvals)	550.00	4:12	2,310.00	84,273.33
09/14/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Law and Motion - Drafted, Revised and Edited MPA	550.00	3:30	1,925.00	86,198.33
09/15/2023	No	Sydney Castillo- Johnson	Emails re remote appearance	400.00	0:18	120.00	86,318.33
09/19/2023	No	Jean Claude Lapuyade	Law and Motion - R&R MPA Edits and Revisions	550.00	1:06	605.00	86,923.33
Total for Villa v. Trillium (002-290)					166:51	\$86,923.33	

EXHIBIT 5

JCL Law Firm

Transaction Report

All Dates

DATE	TRANSACTION TYPE	NUM	NAME	MEMO/DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
Villa v. Trillium (002-290)						
02/28/2022	Journal Entry	Feb 2022 Postage		Postage for Feb 2022	8.56	8.56
02/28/2022	Journal Entry	Feb 2022 Postage		Copies for Feb 2022	4.70	13.26
04/13/2022	Expense		One Legal LLC	One Legal Order Number: 18017855 - Filing Fee Re: Complaint, Summons, Civil Case Cover Sheet	1,534.53	1,547.79
04/22/2022	Expense		One Legal LLC	One Legal Order Number: 18084787 - Filing Fee Re: Proof of Service	16.57	1,564.36
04/30/2022	Journal Entry	April 2022 Postage		Copies for April 2022	0.35	1,564.71
07/27/2022	Expense		One Legal LLC	One Legal Order Number: 18627656 - Filing Fee Re: Notice of Jury Deposit, Proof of Service	171.15	1,735.86
07/31/2022	Journal Entry	July 2022 Postage		Postage for July 2022	0.57	1,736.43
07/31/2022	Journal Entry	July 2022 Postage		Copies for July 2022	1.35	1,737.78
08/31/2022	Journal Entry	August 2022 Postage		Copies for August 2022	0.20	1,737.98
09/30/2022	Journal Entry	Sept. 2022Postage		Copies for September 2022	0.20	1,738.18
10/05/2022	Check	2978	JAMS	Invoice - 1110028451- Mediation	237.50	1,975.68
10/21/2022	Check	2997	JAMS	Invoice - 6275572 - Mediation	2,487.50	4,463.18
10/31/2022	Journal Entry	Oct. 2022 Postage		Postage for October 2022	1.14	4,464.32
10/31/2022	Journal Entry	Oct. 2022 Postage		Copies for October 2022	1.00	4,465.32
11/11/2022	Check	3020	Berger Consulting Group	Inv. 7053	1,500.00	5,965.32
11/30/2022	Journal Entry	Nov. 2022 Postage		Postage for November 2022	0.57	5,965.89
11/30/2022	Journal Entry	Nov. 2022 Postage		Copies for November 2022	0.85	5,966.74
12/13/2022	Deposit		Villa v. Trillium (002-290)	Refund from Jams	-475.00	5,491.74
01/30/2023	Expense		One Legal LLC	One Legal Order no. 19729656 - Filing Fee Re: Case Management Statement, Proof of Service	17.04	5,508.78
01/31/2023	Journal Entry	Jan 2023 Postage		Copies for January 2023	0.40	5,509.18
02/09/2023	Expense		Court Call	Court Call ID: 11658143	72.00	5,581.18
02/15/2023	Credit Card Credit		Courtcall	11658143	-72.00	5,509.18
02/28/2023	Journal Entry	Feb 2023 Postage		Copies for February 2023	0.10	5,509.28
Total for Villa v. Trillium (002-290)					\$5,509.28	
TOTAL					\$5,509.28	