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ELECTRONICALLY FILED
Superior Court of California
County of Santa Barbara
Darrel E. Parker, Executive Officer
5/25/2021 10:54 AM
By: Narzralli Baksh, Deputy

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA**

ASPEN CRUZ-BOCANEGRA,
individually, and on behalf of other
aggrieved employees pursuant to the
California Private Attorneys General Act;

Plaintiff,

vs.

NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC., an
unknown business entity; FOUNTAIN
SQUARE OF LOMPOC LLC, a California
limited liability company; and DOES 1
through 100, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: 21CV02046

**COMPLAINT FOR ENFORCEMENT
UNDER THE PRIVATE ATTORNEYS
GENERAL ACT, CALIFORNIA LABOR
CODE § 2698, ET SEQ.**

Violation of California Labor Code §
2698, et seq. (California Labor Code
Private Attorneys General Act of 2004)

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COMES NOW, Plaintiff ASPEN CRUZ-BOCANEGRA (“Plaintiff”), individually, and on behalf of other aggrieved employees pursuant to the California Private Attorneys General Act, and alleges as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This representative action is brought pursuant to the California Labor Code section 2698, et seq. The civil penalties sought by Plaintiff exceed the minimal jurisdiction limits of the Superior Court and will be established according to proof at trial.

2. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the California Constitution, Article VI, Section 10, which grants the superior court “original jurisdiction in all other causes” except those given by statute to other courts. The statutes under which this action is brought do not specify any other basis for jurisdiction.

3. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because, upon information and belief, each Defendant is a citizen of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise intentionally avails itself of the California market so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

4. Venue is proper in this Court because, upon information and belief, each Defendant maintains offices, has agents, and/or transacts business in the State of California, including the County of Santa Barbara. The majority of the acts and omissions alleged herein relating to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees took place in the State of California, including the County of Santa Barbara.

PARTIES

5. Defendant NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC. at all times herein mentioned, was and is, upon information and belief, an employer whose employees are engaged throughout the State of California, including the County of Santa Barbara.

6. Defendant FOUNTAIN SQUARE OF LOMPOC LLC at all times herein mentioned, was and is, upon information and belief, a California limited liability company,

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1 and at all times herein mentioned, an employer whose employees are engaged throughout the
2 State of California, including the County of Santa Barbara.

3 7. At all relevant times, Defendants NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC. and
4 FOUNTAIN SQUARE OF LOMPOC LLC were the “employer” of Plaintiff within the
5 meaning of all applicable state laws and statutes.

6 8. At all times herein relevant, NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC.,
7 FOUNTAIN SQUARE OF LOMPOC LLC, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them,
8 were the agents, partners, joint venturers, joint employers, representatives, servants,
9 employees, successors-in-interest, co-conspirators and assigns, each of the other, and at all
10 times relevant hereto were acting within the course and scope of their authority as such
11 agents, partners, joint venturers, representatives, servants, employees, successors, co-
12 conspirators and/or assigns, and all acts or omissions alleged herein were duly committed
13 with the ratification, knowledge, permission, encouragement, authorization and/or consent of
14 each defendant designated as a DOE herein.

15 9. The true names and capacities, whether corporate, associate, individual or
16 otherwise, of defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff who sues
17 said defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based on
18 that information and belief alleges, that each of the defendants designated as a DOE is legally
19 responsible for the events and happenings referred to in this Complaint, and unlawfully
20 caused the injuries and damages to Plaintiff as alleged in this Complaint. Plaintiff will seek
21 leave of court to amend this Complaint to show the true names and capacities when the same
22 have been ascertained.

23 10. NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC., FOUNTAIN SQUARE OF
24 LOMPOC LLC, and DOES 1 through 100 will hereinafter collectively be referred to as
25 “Defendants.”

26 11. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendants including the unknown defendants
27 identified as DOES, directly or indirectly controlled or affected the working conditions,
28 wages, working hours, and conditions of employment of Plaintiff and the other aggrieved

employees so as to make each of said Defendants employers and employers liable under the statutory provisions set forth herein.

PAGA ALLEGATIONS

12. At all times herein set forth, PAGA was applicable to Plaintiff's employment by Defendants.

13. At all times herein set forth, PAGA provides that any provision of law under the California Labor Code that provides for a civil penalty to be assessed and collected by the LWDA for violations of the California Labor Code may, as an alternative, be recovered through a civil action brought by an aggrieved employee on behalf of herself and other current or former employees pursuant to procedures outlined in California Labor Code section 2699.3.

14. Pursuant to PAGA, a civil action under PAGA may be brought by an "aggrieved employee," who is any person that was employed by the alleged violator and against whom one or more of the alleged violations was committed.

15. Plaintiff was employed by Defendants and the alleged violation was committed against her during her time of employment and she is, therefore, an aggrieved employee. Plaintiff and the other employees are "aggrieved employees" as defined by California Labor Code section 2699(c) in that they are all current or former employees of Defendants, and one or more of the alleged violations were committed against them.

16. Pursuant to California Labor Code sections 2699.3 and 2699.5, an aggrieved employee, including Plaintiff, may pursue a civil action arising under PAGA after the following requirements have been met:

- a. The aggrieved employee shall give written notice by online submission (hereinafter "Employee's Notice") to the Labor & Workforce Development Agency (hereinafter "LWDA") and by U.S. Certified Mail to the employer of the specific provisions of the California Labor Code alleged to have been violated, including the facts and theories to support the alleged violations.

b. The LWDA shall provide notice (hereinafter “LWDA Notice”) to the employer and the aggrieved employee by certified mail that it does not intend to investigate the alleged violation within sixty (60) calendar days of the postmark date of the Employee’s Notice. Upon receipt of the LWDA Notice, or if the LWDA Notice is not provided within sixty-five (65) calendar days of the postmark date of the Employee’s Notice, the aggrieved employee may commence a civil action pursuant to California Labor Code section 2699 to recover civil penalties in addition to any other penalties to which the employee may be entitled.

17. On March 18, 2021, Plaintiff provided written notice by online submission to the LWDA and by U.S. Certified Mail to Defendant NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC. and FOUNTAIN SQUARE OF LOMPOC LLC of the specific provisions of the California Labor Code alleged to have been violated, including the facts and theories to support the alleged violations. Plaintiff has not received an LWDA Notice within sixty-five (65) calendar days of the date of Plaintiff’s notice.

18. Therefore, Plaintiff has satisfied the administrative prerequisites under California Labor Code section 2699.3(a) to recover civil penalties against Defendants, in addition to other remedies, for violations of California Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 226(a), 226.7, 510, 512(a), 1174(d), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2800 and 2802.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

19. At all relevant times set forth herein, Defendants employed Plaintiff and other aggrieved hourly-paid or non-exempt employees who worked for any of the Defendants in the State of California (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “other aggrieved employees”).

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20. Defendants, jointly and severally, employed Plaintiff as an hourly-paid, non-exempt employee from approximately September 2019 to approximately November 2019 in the State of California, County of Santa Barbara.¹

21. Defendants hired Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees, and failed to compensate them for all hours worked, missed meal periods or rest breaks.

22. Defendants had the authority to hire and terminate Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees, to set work rules and conditions governing Plaintiff's and the other aggrieved employees' employment, and to supervise their daily employment activities.

23. Defendants exercised sufficient authority over the terms and conditions of Plaintiff's and the other aggrieved employees' employment for them to be joint employers of Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees.

24. Defendants directly hired and paid wages and benefits to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees.

25. Defendants continue to employ hourly-paid or non-exempt employees, within the State of California.

26. Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees worked over eight (8) hours in a day, and/or forty (40) hours in a week during their employment with Defendants.

27. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants engaged in a uniform policy and systematic scheme of wage abuse against their hourly-paid or non-exempt employees. This scheme involved, *inter alia*, failing to pay them for all hours worked and for missed (short, late, interrupted, and altogether missed) meal periods and rest breaks in violation of California law.

28. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive certain wages for overtime compensation and that they were not receiving wages for overtime compensation.

¹ Pursuant to the Emergency Rules Related to COVID-19, Rule 9(a), "the statutes of limitation and repose for civil causes of action that exceed 180 days are tolled from April 6, 2020, until October 1, 2020."

29. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees the required rest and meal periods during the relevant time period as required under the Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders and thus they are entitled to any and all applicable penalties.

30. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive all meal periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and the other aggrieved employee's regular rate of pay when a meal period was missed, and they did not receive all meal periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and the other aggrieved employee's regular rate of pay when a meal period was missed.

31. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive all rest periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and the other aggrieved employees' regular rate of pay when a rest period was missed, and they did not receive all rest periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and the other aggrieved employees' regular rate of pay when a rest period was missed.

32. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive at least minimum wages for compensation and that they were not receiving at least minimum wages for all hours worked.

33. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive all wages owed to them upon discharge or resignation, including overtime and minimum wages and meal and rest period premiums, and they did not, in fact, receive all such wages owed to them at the time of their discharge.

34. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive all wages owed to them during their employment. Plaintiff and the other aggrieved

employees did not receive payment of all wages, including overtime and minimum wages and meal and rest period premiums, within any time permissible under California Labor Code section 204.

35. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive complete and accurate wage statements in accordance with California law, but, in fact, they did not receive complete and accurate wage statements from Defendants. The deficiencies included, *inter alia*, the failure to include the total number of hours worked by Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees.

36. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Defendants had to keep complete and accurate payroll records for Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees in accordance with California law, but, in fact, did not keep complete and accurate payroll records.

37. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were entitled to reimbursement for necessary business-related expenses and costs.

38. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or should have known that they had a duty to compensate Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees pursuant to California law, and that Defendants had the financial ability to pay such compensation, but willfully, knowingly, and intentionally failed to do so, and falsely represented to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees that they were properly denied wages, all in order to increase Defendants' profits.

39. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay overtime wages to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees. Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees were required to work more than eight (8) hours per day and/or forty (40) hours per week without overtime compensation.

40. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to provide uninterrupted meal and rest periods to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees.

41. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees at least minimum wages for all hours worked.

42. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees all wages owed to them upon discharge or resignation.

43. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees' wages within any time permissible under California law, including, *inter alia*, California Labor Code section 204.

44. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to provide complete and accurate wage statements to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees.

45. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to keep complete and accurate payroll records for Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees.

46. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to reimburse Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees for necessary business-related expenses and costs.

47. At all material times set forth herein, Defendants failed to properly compensate Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees pursuant to California law in order to increase Defendants' profits.

48. California Labor Code section 218 states that noting in Article 1 of the Labor Code shall limit the right of any wage claimant to "sue directly . . . for any wages or penalty due to him [or her] under this article."

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of California Labor Code § 2698, et seq.

(Against NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC.,

FOUNTAIN SQUARE OF LOMPOC LLC, and DOES 1 through 100)

49. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 48, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

50. PAGA expressly establishes that any provision of the California Labor Code which provides for a civil penalty to be assessed and collected by the LWDA, or any of its

1 departments, divisions, commissions, boards, agencies or employees for a violation of the
2 California Labor Code, may be recovered through a civil action brought by an aggrieved
3 employee on behalf of himself or herself, and other current or former employees.

4 51. Whenever the LWDA, or any of its departments, divisions, commissions,
5 boards, agencies, or employees has discretion to assess a civil penalty, a court in a civil
6 action is authorized to exercise the same discretion, subject to the same limitations and
7 conditions, to assess a civil penalty.

8 52. Plaintiff and the other hourly-paid or non-exempt employees are “aggrieved
9 employees” as defined by California Labor Code section 2699(c) in that they are all current
10 or former employees of Defendants, and one or more of the alleged violations was committed
11 against them.

12 **Failure to Pay Overtime**

13 53. Defendants’ failure to pay legally required overtime wages to Plaintiff and the
14 other aggrieved employees is in violation of the Wage Orders and constitutes unlawful or
15 unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code sections 510 and 1198.

16 **Failure to Provide Meal Periods**

17 54. Defendants’ failure to provide legally required meal periods to Plaintiff and
18 the other aggrieved employees is in violation of the Wage Orders and constitutes unlawful or
19 unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a).

20 **Failure to Provide Rest Periods**

21 55. Defendants’ failure to provide legally required rest periods to Plaintiff and the
22 other aggrieved employees is in violation of the Wage Orders and constitutes unlawful or
23 unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code section 226.7.

24 **Failure to Pay Minimum Wages**

25 56. Defendants’ failure to pay legally required minimum wages to Plaintiff and
26 the other aggrieved employees is in violation of the Wage Orders and constitutes unlawful or
27 unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197 and 1197.1.

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Failure to Timely Pay Wages Upon Termination

57. Defendants' failure to timely pay wages to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees upon termination in accordance with Labor Code sections 201 and 202 constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code sections 201 and 202.

Failure to Timely Pay Wages During Employment

58. Defendants' failure to timely pay wages to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees during employment in accordance with Labor Code section 204 constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code section 204.

Failure to Provide Complete and Accurate Wage Statements

59. Defendants' failure to provide complete and accurate wage statements to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees in accordance with Labor Code section 226(a) constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code section 226(a).

Failure to Keep Complete and Accurate Payroll Records

60. Defendants' failure to keep complete and accurate payroll records relating to Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees in accordance with California Labor Code section 1174(d) constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code section 1174(d).

Failure to Reimburse Necessary Business-Related Expenses and Costs

61. Defendants' failure to reimburse Plaintiff and the other aggrieved employees for necessary business-related expenses and costs in accordance with California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802 constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity prohibited by California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802.

62. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 2699, Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of all aggrieved employees, requests and is entitled to recover from Defendants and each of them, attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to California Labor Code section 218.5, as well as all penalties pursuant to PAGA against Defendants, and each of them, including but not limited to:

- a. Penalties under California Labor Code section 2699 in the amount of a hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation, and two hundred dollars (\$200) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent violation;
- b. Penalties under California Code of Regulations Title 8 section 11010 et seq. in the amount of fifty dollars (\$50) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation, and one hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent violation;
- c. Penalties under California Labor Code section 210 in addition to, and entirely independent and apart from, any other penalty provided in the California Labor Code in the amount of a hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation, and two hundred dollars (\$200) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent violation; and
- d. Any and all additional penalties and sums as provided by the California Labor Code and/or other statutes.

63. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 2699(i), civil penalties recovered by aggrieved employees shall be distributed as follows: seventy-five percent (75%) to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency for the enforcement of labor laws and education of employers and employees about their rights and responsibilities and twenty-five percent (25%) to the aggrieved employees.

64. Further, Plaintiff is entitled to seek and recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to California Labor Code sections 210, 218.5 and 2699 and any other applicable statute.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of other aggrieved employees pursuant to the California Private Attorneys General Act, requests a trial by jury.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of other aggrieved employees pursuant to the Private Attorneys General Act, prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally, in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000):

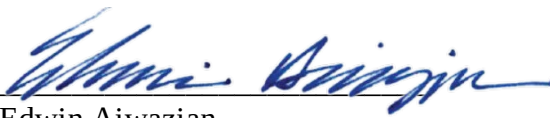
As to the First Cause of Action

1. For civil penalties pursuant to California Labor Code sections 2699(a), (f) and (g), costs/expenses, and attorneys' fees for violation of California Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 226(a), 226.7, 510, 512(a), 1174(d), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2800 and 2802; and

2. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

DATED: May 25, 2021

LAWYERS for JUSTICE, PC

By: 
Edwin Aiwanian
Attorneys for Plaintiff

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

NORTHSTAR SENIOR LIVING, INC., an unknown business entity;
"Additional Parties Attachment form is attached."

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

ASPEN CRUZ-BOCANEGRA, individually, "Additional Parties
Attachment form is attached."

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

ELECTRONICALLY FILED
Superior Court of California
County of Santa Barbara
Darrel E. Parker, Executive Officer
5/25/2021 10:54 AM
By: Narzralli Baksh, Deputy

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. **NOTE:** The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case. **¡AVISO!** Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 días, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Lea la información a continuación.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. **AVISO:** Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is:
(El nombre y dirección de la corte es): Superior Court of California,

County of Santa Barbara, Santa Maria - Cook Division
312-C East Cook Street, Santa Maria, Californian 93454

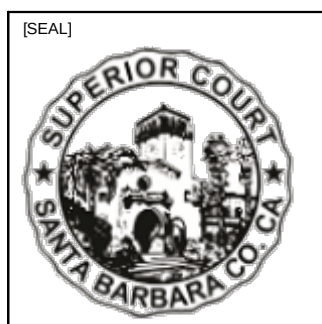
CASE NUMBER:
(Número del Caso): 21CV02046

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:
(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):
Edwin Aiwasian, 410 Arden Ave., Suite 203, Glendale, CA 91203; Telephone (818) 265-1020

DATE: 5/25/2021
(Fecha)

Clerk, by /s/ Narzralli Baksh, Deputy
(Secretario) (Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).



NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

1. ☐ as an individual defendant.
2. ☐ as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):
3. ☐ on behalf of (specify):

under: ☐ CCP 416.10 (corporation)	☐ CCP 416.60 (minor)
☐ CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)	☐ CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
☐ CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)	☐ CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
☐ other (specify):	
4. ☐ by personal delivery on (date):

SHORT TITLE: Cruz-Bocanegra vs. Northstar Senior Living, Inc., et al.	CASE NUMBER:
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

- This form may be used as an attachment to any summons if space does not permit the listing of all parties on the summons.
- If this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintiff or defendant box on the summons: "Additional Parties Attachment form is attached."

List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for each type of party.):

☒ Plaintiff
 ☐ Defendant
 ☐ Cross-Complainant
 ☐ Cross-Defendant

and on behalf of other aggrieved employees pursuant to the California Private Attorneys General Act;

SHORT TITLE: Cruz-Bocanegra vs. Northstar Senior Living, Inc., et al.	CASE NUMBER:
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- ➔ If this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintiff or defendant box on the summons: "Additional Parties Attachment form is attached."

List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for each type of party.):

☐ Plaintiff
 ☒ Defendant
 ☐ Cross-Complainant
 ☐ Cross-Defendant

FOUNTAIN SQUARE OF LOMPOC LLC, a California limited liability company; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA STREET ADDRESS: 312-C East Cook Street CITY AND ZIP CODE: Santa Maria CA 93454 BRANCH NAME: Cook	FOR COURT USE ONLY FILED SUPERIOR COURT of CALIFORNIA COUNTY of SANTA BARBARA 05/25/2021 Darrel E. Parker, Executive Officer BY <u>Baksh, Narzralli</u> Deputy Clerk
CAPTION: Aspen Cruz-Bocanegra vs Northstar Senior Living Inc et al	
ORDER AND NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT; NOTICE OF CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE	CASE NUMBER: 21CV02046

The above case is hereby assigned to Judge **Jed Beebe** for ALL purposes, including trial. All future matters, including ex-parte matters, are to be scheduled with the assigned judge. Counsel shall include the name of the assigned judge in the caption of every document filed with the court. The above-entitled case is hereby ordered set for:

Case Management Conference on 09/22/2021 at 8:30 AM in SM Dept 4 at the court address above.

PLAINTIFF SHALL GIVE NOTICE of this assignment to ALL parties brought into the case, including but not limited to defendants, cross-defendants and intervenors. A Proof of Service of this ORDER & NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT is to be filed with the Court within five (5) working days after service. Failure to give notice and file proof thereof or failure to appear may result in the imposition of sanctions. Pursuant to California Rule of Court 3.725, no later than fifteen (15) calendar days before the date set for the Case Management Conference, each party must file a Case Management Statement (Judicial Council form CM110). In lieu of each party filing a separate Case Management Statement, any two or more parties may file a joint statement.

At the Court's discretion counsel, parties and insurance representatives (if any) with full settlement authority may be required to attend a CADRe Information Meeting within ten (10) days of the Conference date.

Dated: 5/25/2021


 Gustavo E Lavayen
 Judge of the Superior Court

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I certify that I am not a party to this action and that a true copy of the foregoing was mailed first class, postage prepaid, in a sealed envelope addressed as shown, and that the mailing of the foregoing and execution of this certificate occurred at (place): Santa Maria, California on: 05/25/21.

Edwin Aiwasian
 Lawyers for Justice PC
 410 W Arden Ave Ste 203
 Glendale CA 91203

Darrel E. Parker, Executive Officer

By Narzralli Baksh

Deputy Clerk



SANTA BARBARA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT
JUDGE JED Q. BEEBE
DEPARTMENT SM 4

INSTRUCTIONS FOR HEARINGS SCHEDULED—SEPTEMBER 2021

DO NOT COME TO THE COURTHOUSE FOR YOUR HEARING

Your hearing will proceed by Zoom videoconferencing, or by Zoom audio if you do not have a device with video capability. **Please see the instructions below.** If you are unable to participate by either Zoom video or audio, please contact the department for direction at 805-614-6515.

For Zoom appearances:

The Meeting ID numbers are specific to the court departments and do not change. The Zoom passwords change on the first day of each month.

Zoom is a videoconference program. Your hearing is called a “meeting” in Zoom. You can access Zoom on your phone, tablet, or PC with an internet connection.

If you do not have access to a device with video capability, you can access the meeting with audio only, by dialing the number provided below.

Before your hearing date:

- Visit www.zoom.us for more information on how Zoom works and how you can join meetings. Zoom works on computer desktops and most smartphones.
- Test the Zoom audio and video functions on your device **before** your hearing. Visit <https://zoom.us/test> for more information on how to test your device.

On your hearing date – prior to the hearing start time:

- Log onto www.zoom.us through your internet browser or through the app on your mobile device.
- To join the hearing, click on “JOIN A MEETING”
- Enter the meeting ID number and password
- click “Join”
- If you do not have access to an electronic device with video capability, you can participate by telephone. **Dial 1-669-900-6833.** The Meeting ID and Password are the same as above. **If you join by telephone, use *6 to unmute or mute your telephone.**

For hearings set in September 2021:

Meeting ID: 945 0051 7331

Password: 6582163

During the hearing:

- **The Court may terminate the remote appearance if participants do not comply with the below requirements:**
- Participants shall display their legal name used on the court paperwork on the videoconferencing screen;
- Participants shall ensure that they have sufficient battery power for the entire remote video appearance, including having a charger readily available, and access to enough cellular data and/or Wi-Fi for the duration of the remote video appearance;
- Participants must be in a stationary location, they must not be driving or be a passenger in a moving vehicle; including public transportation;
- Participants must ensure there is no background noise or disturbances from their location
- Participants appearing via camera must ensure they have consistent lighting, ensuring the participant can be seen;
- After you join the hearing, you will be placed into a "waiting room." When the Court is ready to start the hearing, if your case is on the calendar, the Court will move you from the waiting room into the main hearing;
- Participants *shall not* record or broadcast the Zoom meeting;
- Participants *shall not* share their screens or give the Zoom meeting number and password to non-parties.
- Participants *must* act with the same degree of courtesy, decorum, use of appropriate language, and courtroom etiquette as required for a personal courtroom appearance
- Participants must dress appropriately and in the same manner as for a personal appearance in court, and not wear sunglasses or hats;
- Participants must not speak until it is their turn to speak or their case is called; speak slowly, avoid interrupting others, and identify themselves by name each time they speak

For assistance with Zoom:

Visit Zoom Support for more information at www.support.zoom.us



TRIBUNAL SUPERIOR DE SANTA BARBARA
INSTRUCCIONES PARA COMPARECER A DISTANCIA
DURANTE SU AUDIENCIA
JUDGE JED BEEBE - SM 4 – SEPTIEMBRE 2021
NO ACUDA AL TRIBUNAL PARA ASISTIR A LA AUDIENCIA

La audiencia se celebrará ya sea por medio de ZOOM audiencia videoconferencia o ZOOM audiencia telefónica. Si no puede participar por Zoom audiencia videoconferencias o Zoom audiencia telefónica, llame a la secretaría de juzgados para obtener instrucciones al 805-614-6500.

Comparecencias por ZOOM:

Zoom es una plataforma de videoconferencias. Entrando a Zoom, la audiencia se llamará "meeting". Puede acceder a Zoom por el teléfono, la computadora o tableta que tenga conexión internet.

Los números de reunión (ID) le corresponden específicamente a cada sala/juzgado del tribunal y nunca cambian. Las contraseñas de Zoom se cambian el día primero de cada mes.

Si usted no cuenta con acceso a un dispositivo con toma de video, puede acceder a la audiencia con el audio solamente (escuchar todo, y dejarse escuchar), si marca el número que se da a continuación.

Antes de la fecha de audiencia:

- Visite el sitio www.zoom.us para mayores informes sobre cómo funciona Zoom y cómo puede integrarse a las conferencias. Zoom funciona en computadoras, tabletas y en la mayoría de los teléfonos inteligentes.
- Pruebe las funciones de audio y video Zoom en su dispositivo **antes** de la audiencia. Visite <https://zoom.us/test> para mayores informes sobre cómo probar su dispositivo

El día de su audiencia—por lo menos 5 minutos antes de la hora prevista de empezar:

Para Septiembre 2021

Meeting ID: 945 0051 7331

Password: 6582163

- Inicie la sesión por www.zoom.us a través de su navegador de Internet o a través de la aplicación en su dispositivo móvil
- Para integrarse a la audiencia, haga clic en "JOIN A MEETING"
- Ponga el número de ID de conferencia y la contraseña, luego haga clic en "JOIN"

• Si usted no cuenta con acceso a un dispositivo electrónico con toma de video, puede integrarse a la audiencia por teléfono.

Marque 1-669-900-6833. El número de ID y la Contraseña son iguales a las antedichas. **Si se conecta por teléfono, marque *6 para desenmudecer o enmudecer su teléfono.**

Durante la audiencia:

El juez puede cancelar la comparecencia a distancia si los comparecientes no cumplen con los siguientes requisitos:

- Sobre la pantalla de videoconferencia los comparecientes deben presentarse con el nombre legal que figura en los documentos judiciales;
- Los comparecientes deben cerciorar que tengan la pila suficientemente cargada durante la entera comparecencia por video a distancia, hasta tener el cargador disponible a la mano, y el acceso a datos celulares y/o servicio inalámbrico (Wi-fi) durante el transcurso de la audiencia a distancia;
- Se le ordena a todo compareciente mantenerse en un lugar estacionario, sin andar circulando en vehículo como conductor o pasajero; tampoco andar en transporte público.
- Los comparecientes deben cerciorar que donde se encuentren no haya ruido ambiental, interferencias ni alteraciones.
- Las personas que comparecen por cámara deben cerciorarse de tener iluminación constante, y así permitir que se vea claramente el/la compareciente;
- Después de sumarse a la videoconferencia, será colocado/a en una "sala de espera". Si su nombre se encuentra en la lista de causas, y cuando el Juez esté listo para convocar su audiencia, él mismo lo/la sacará de la sala de espera a integrarlo/a en la audiencia;
- Se prohíbe la grabación y transmisión de la audiencia por Zoom;
- Se les prohíbe a los comparecientes compartir sus pantallas o dar el número de conferencia y la contraseña de Zoom a terceros no incorporados en la causa.
- Los comparecientes deben comportarse con el mismo grado de cortesía, decoro, uso de lenguaje apropiado y etiqueta en juzgados cual se exige cuando la comparecencia es en persona.
- Los comparecientes usarán la vestimenta apropiada tal cual fuera una comparecencia personal en juzgados, sin gafas de sol, sombreros ni gorras.
- Los comparecientes no deben hablar hasta que les toque su debido turno o hasta que se convoque su causa; hablen despacio, eviten interrumpirse entre sí, e identifíquense por nombre cada vez que tenga cada quien la palabra.

Si necesita ayuda con ZOOM:

Para mayores informes visite el portal del Servicio técnico al cliente en www.support.zoom.us

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): Edwin Aiwasian (State Bar No. 232943) LAWYERS for JUSTICE, PC 410 West Arden Avenue, Suite 203 Glendale, CA 91203 TELEPHONE NO.: (818) 265-1020 FAX NO.: (818) 265-1021 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiff Aspen Cruz-Bocanegra		FOR COURT USE ONLY ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California County of Santa Barbara Darrel E. Parker, Executive Officer 5/25/2021 10:54 AM By: Narzralli Baksh, Deputy
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Santa Barbara STREET ADDRESS: 312-C East Cook Street MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: Santa Maria, 93456 BRANCH NAME: Santa Maria Cook Division		CASE NUMBER: 21CV02046 JUDGE: DEPT:
CASE NAME: Cruz-Bocanegra vs. Northstar Senior Living, Inc., et al.		
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ☒ Unlimited (Amount demanded exceeds \$25,000) ☐ Limited (Amount demanded is \$25,000 or less)		Complex Case Designation ☐ Counter ☐ Joinder Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)

Items 1–6 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).

1. Check **one** box below for the case type that best describes this case:

Auto Tort ☐ Auto (22) ☐ Uninsured motorist (46) Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort ☐ Asbestos (04) ☐ Product liability (24) ☐ Medical malpractice (45) ☐ Other PI/PD/WD (23) Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort ☐ Business tort/unfair business practice (07) ☐ Civil rights (08) ☐ Defamation (13) ☐ Fraud (16) ☐ Intellectual property (19) ☐ Professional negligence (25) ☐ Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35) Employment ☐ Wrongful termination (36) ☒ Other employment (15)	Contract ☐ Breach of contract/warranty (06) ☐ Rule 3.740 collections (09) ☐ Other collections (09) ☐ Insurance coverage (18) ☐ Other contract (37) Real Property ☐ Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14) ☐ Wrongful eviction (33) ☐ Other real property (26) Unlawful Detainer ☐ Commercial (31) ☐ Residential (32) ☐ Drugs (38) Judicial Review ☐ Asset forfeiture (05) ☐ Petition re: arbitration award (11) ☐ Writ of mandate (02) ☐ Other judicial review (39)	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3.403) ☐ Antitrust/Trade regulation (03) ☐ Construction defect (10) ☐ Mass tort (40) ☐ Securities litigation (28) ☐ Environmental/Toxic tort (30) ☐ Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41) Enforcement of Judgment ☐ Enforcement of judgment (20) Miscellaneous Civil Complaint ☐ RICO (27) ☐ Other complaint (not specified above) (42) Miscellaneous Civil Petition ☐ Partnership and corporate governance (21) ☐ Other petition (not specified above) (43)
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2. This case ☐ is ☒ is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:
- | | |
|--|--|
| a. ☐ Large number of separately represented parties | d. ☐ Large number of witnesses |
| b. ☐ Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel issues that will be time-consuming to resolve | e. ☐ Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court |
| c. ☐ Substantial amount of documentary evidence | f. ☐ Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision |
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a. ☒ monetary b. ☒ nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief c. ☒ punitive
4. Number of causes of action (specify): **One**
5. This case ☐ is ☒ is not a class action suit.
6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)

Date: May 25, 2021

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

NOTICE

- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
- File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.
- If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on **all** other parties to the action or proceeding.
- Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

Page 1 of 2

INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you **must** complete and file, along with your first paper, the *Civil Case Cover Sheet* contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check **one** box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the **primary** cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the *Civil Case Cover Sheet* to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

Auto Tort

Auto (22)—Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death
Uninsured Motorist (46) (*if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto*)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

Asbestos (04)
Asbestos Property Damage
Asbestos Personal Injury/Wrongful Death
Product Liability (*not asbestos or toxic/environmental*) (24)
Medical Malpractice (45)
Medical Malpractice—Physicians & Surgeons
Other Professional Health Care Malpractice
Other PI/PD/WD (23)
Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)
Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism)
Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress
Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress
Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07)
Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (*not civil harassment*) (08)
Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) (13)
Fraud (16)
Intellectual Property (19)
Professional Negligence (25)
Legal Malpractice
Other Professional Malpractice (*not medical or legal*)
Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

Employment

Wrongful Termination (36)
Other Employment (15)

Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)
Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (*not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction*)
Contract/Warranty Breach—Seller Plaintiff (*not fraud or negligence*)
Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty
Other Breach of Contract/Warranty
Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09)
Collection Case—Seller Plaintiff
Other Promissory Note/Collections Case
Insurance Coverage (*not provisionally complex*) (18)
Auto Subrogation
Other Coverage
Other Contract (37)
Contractual Fraud
Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)
Wrongful Eviction (33)
Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26)
Writ of Possession of Real Property
Mortgage Foreclosure
Quiet Title
Other Real Property (*not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or foreclosure*)

Unlawful Detainer

Commercial (31)
Residential (32)
Drugs (38) (*if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential*)

Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05)
Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)
Writ of Mandate (02)
Writ—Administrative Mandamus
Writ—Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter
Writ—Other Limited Court Case Review
Other Judicial Review (39)
Review of Health Officer Order
Notice of Appeal—Labor
Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400–3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)
Construction Defect (10)
Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)
Securities Litigation (28)
Environmental/Toxic Tort (30)
Insurance Coverage Claims (*arising from provisionally complex case type listed above*) (41)

Enforcement of Judgment

Enforcement of Judgment (20)
Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)
Confession of Judgment (*non-domestic relations*)
Sister State Judgment
Administrative Agency Award (*not unpaid taxes*)
Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes
Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)
Other Complaint (*not specified above*) (42)
Declaratory Relief Only
Injunctive Relief Only (*non-harassment*)
Mechanics Lien
Other Commercial Complaint Case (*non-tort/non-complex*)
Other Civil Complaint (*non-tort/non-complex*)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate Governance (21)
Other Petition (*not specified above*) (43)
Civil Harassment
Workplace Violence
Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse
Election Contest
Petition for Name Change
Petition for Relief From Late Claim
Other Civil Petition

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (NAME AND ADDRESS): Edwin Aiwasian (State Bar No. 232943) LAWYERS for JUSTICE, PC 410 West Arden Avenue, Suite 203 Glendale, CA 91203 ATTORNEY FOR (NAME): Plaintiff Aspen Cruz-Bocanegra	TELEPHONE NO.: (818) 265-1020	FOR COURT USE ONLY ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California County of Santa Barbara Darrel E. Parker, Executive Officer
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA ☐ Santa Barbara–Anacapa ☒ Santa Maria–Cook ☐ Lompoc Division 1100 Anacapa Street 312-C East Cook Street 115 Civic Center Plaza Santa Barbara, CA 93101 Santa Maria, CA 93454 Lompoc, CA 93436		5/25/2021 10:54 AM By: Narzralli Baksh, Deputy
PLAINTIFF: Aspen Cruz-Bocanegra DEFENDANT: Northstar Senior Living, Inc., et al.		
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM		CASE NUMBER: 21CV02046

Santa Barbara County Superior Court Local Rule, rule 201 divides Santa Barbara County geographically into two separate regions referred to as “South County” and “North County,” the boundaries of which are more particularly defined in rule 201. “South County” includes the cities of Carpinteria, Santa Barbara, and Goleta; “North County” includes the cities of Santa Maria, Lompoc, Buellton and Solvang. A map depicting this geographical division is contained in Appendix 1 to the local rules.

Local Rule 203 provides: “When, under California law, ‘North County’ would be a ‘proper county’ for venue purposes, all filings for such matters shall be in the appropriate division of the Clerk’s office in North County. All other filings shall be made in the Clerk’s office in the appropriate division of the Court in South County. The title of the Court required to be placed on the first page of documents pursuant to CRC 2.111 includes the name of the appropriate Court division.”

A plaintiff filing a new complaint or petition is required by Local Rule 1310 to complete and file this Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum to state the basis for filing in North County or South County.

The undersigned represents to the Court:

This action is filed in ☒ North County ☐ South County because venue is proper in this region for the following reason(s):

☒ A defendant resides or has its principal place of business in this region at: _____
 1420 W North Ave, Lompoc, CA 93436

☐ The personal injury, damage to property, or breach of contract that is claimed in the complaint occurred in this region at: _____

☐ There is a related case filed with the court in this region (e.g., the related personal injury action to a petition to transfer structured settlement payments) [identify case, including case number]: _____

☐ Venue is otherwise proper in this region because [explain]: _____

Dated: May 25, 2021 _____



 Signature of Plaintiff or Plaintiff's Counsel