

CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”) is made by and between Maria del Rosario Guzman (“Plaintiff”) and Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc. (“Defendant”). The Agreement refers to Plaintiff and Defendant collectively as “Parties,” or individually as “Party.”

1. DEFINITIONS.

- 1.1. “Action” means the Plaintiff’s lawsuit against Defendant captioned *Guzman v. Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc. et. al.*, Case No. 22STCV02097, initiated on January 19, 2022, and pending in Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles and the First Amended Complaint filed on May 19, 2022.
- 1.2. “Administrator” means ILYM Group, Inc., the neutral entity the Parties have agreed to appoint to administer the Settlement.
- 1.3. “Administration Expenses Payment” means the amount the Administrator will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount to reimburse its reasonable fees and expenses in accordance with the Administrator’s “not to exceed” bid submitted to the Court in connection with Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.4. “Aggrieved Employee” means all current and former nonexempt, hourly employees who worked for Defendant in California at any time during the PAGA Period.
- 1.5. “Class Counsel” means the attorneys of record for the Class Representative, i.e., Moon Law Group, PC¹.
- 1.6. “Class Counsel Fees Payment” and “Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment” mean the amounts allocated to Class Counsel for reimbursement of reasonable attorneys’ fees and expenses, respectively, incurred to prosecute the Action.
- 1.7. “Class Data” means Class Member identifying information in Defendant’s possession including the Class Member’s name, last-known mailing address, Social Security number, hire date and termination date.
- 1.8. “Class Member,” “Class” or “Settlement Class Member” means all current and former nonexempt, hourly employees who worked for Defendant in California at any time during the Class Period. This includes either a Participating Class Member or Non-Participating Class Member (including a Non- Participating Class Member who qualifies as an Aggrieved Employee).
- 1.9. “Class Member Address Search” means the Administrator’s investigation and search for current Class Member mailing addresses using all reasonably available sources, methods and means including, but not limited to, the National Change of Address database, skip traces, and direct contact by the Administrator with Class Members.

¹ Formerly Moon & Yang, APC

- 1.10. “Class Notice” means the COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL, to be mailed to Class Members in English and Spanish in the form, without material variation, attached as **Exhibit A** and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.
- 1.11. “Class Period” means the period from January 19, 2018, and continuing through and including December 31, 2023.
- 1.12. “Class Representative” means the named Plaintiff in the operative complaint in the Action seeking Court approval to serve as a Class Representative.
- 1.13. “Class Representative Service Payment” means the payment to the Class Representative for initiating the Action and providing services in support of the Action.
- 1.14. “Court” means the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles.
- 1.15. “Defendant” means the named Defendant Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc.
- 1.16. “Defense Counsel” means the attorneys of record for Defendant, i.e., Musick Peeler Garrett LLP.
- 1.17. “Effective Date” means the date by when both of the following have occurred: (a) the Court enters a Judgment on its Order Granting Final Approval of the Settlement; and (b) the Judgment is final. The Judgment is final as of the latest of the following occurrences: (a) if no Participating Class Member objects to the Settlement, the day the Court enters Judgment; (b) if one or more Participating Class Members objects to the Settlement, the day after the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the Judgment; or if a timely appeal from the Judgment is filed, the day after the appellate court affirms the Judgment and issues a remittitur.
- 1.18. “Final Approval” means the Court’s order granting final approval of the Settlement.
- 1.19. “Final Approval Hearing” means the Court’s hearing on the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.20. “Final Judgment” means the Judgment Entered by the Court upon Granting Final Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.21. “Gross Settlement Amount” (“GSA”) means \$295,000 which is the total amount Defendant agrees to pay under the Settlement, except as provided in Paragraph 4.1 below. Defendant shall also be separately responsible for paying employer’s side payroll taxes on any portion of the Gross Settlement Amount allocated to wages. The Gross Settlement Amount will be used to pay Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Counsel Fees, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses, Class Representative Service Payment and the Administration Expenses Payment.

- 1.22. “Individual Class Payment” means the Participating Class Member’s pro rata share of the Net Settlement Amount calculated according to the number of workweeks worked during the Class Period.
- 1.23. “Individual PAGA Payment” means the Aggrieved Employee’s pro rata share of 25% of the PAGA Penalties calculated according to the number of Pay Periods worked during the PAGA Period.
- 1.24. “Judgment” means the judgment entered by the Court based upon the Final Approval.
- 1.25. “LWDA” means the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, the agency entitled, under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).
- 1.26. “LWDA PAGA Payment” means the 75% of the PAGA Penalties paid to the LWDA under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).
- 1.27. “Net Settlement Amount” or “NSA” means the Gross Settlement Amount, less the following payments in the amounts approved by the Court: Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Representative Service Payments, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Administration Expenses Payment. The remainder is to be paid to Participating Class Members as Individual Class Payments.
- 1.28. “Non-Participating Class Member” means any Class Member who opts out of the Settlement by sending the Administrator a valid and timely Request for Exclusion.
- 1.29. “Operative Complaint” means the First Amended Complaint filed on May 19, 2022.
- 1.30. “Pay Period” means any pay period during which a Class Member or an Aggrieved Employee worked for Defendant for at least one day.
- 1.31. “PAGA Period” means November 15, 2020, and continuing through and including December 31, 2023.
- 1.32. “PAGA” means the Private Attorneys General Act (Labor Code §§ 2698. et seq.).
- 1.33. “PAGA Notice” means Plaintiff’s January 11, 2022, PAGA letter to the LWDA providing notice pursuant to Labor Code section 2699, LWDA No. LWDA-CM-862257-22.
- 1.34. “PAGA Penalties” means the \$30,000 allocated to PAGA civil penalties to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, allocated 25% to the Aggrieved Employee and 75% to the LWDA in settlement of PAGA claims.
- 1.35. “Participating Class Member” means a Class Member who does not submit a valid and timely Request for Exclusion from the Settlement.
- 1.36. “Plaintiff” means Maria del Rosario Guzman, the named Plaintiff in the Action.

- 1.37. "Preliminary Approval" means the Court's Order Granting Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.38. "Preliminary Approval Order" means the proposed Order Granting Preliminary Approval.
- 1.39. "Released Class Claims" means the claims being released as described in Paragraph 5.1 below.
- 1.40. "Released PAGA Claims" means the claims being released as described in Paragraph 5.2 below.
- 1.41. "Released Parties" " means Rincon Taurino, Inc., Defendant Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc., and their past, present, and future parents, subsidiaries, affiliated companies, agents, managing agents, employees, heirs, officers, directors, owners and officers (both individually and in their official capacities), general partners, limited partners, trustees, former and present representatives, shareholders, stockholders, members, administrators, attorneys, parents, subsidiaries, equity sponsors, related companies/corporations and/or partnerships, divisions, assigns, predecessors, successors, insurers, consultants, joint venturers, joint employers, potential and/or alleged joint employers.
- 1.42. "Request for Exclusion" means a Class Member's submission of a written request to be excluded from the Class Settlement signed by the Class Member.
- 1.43. "Response Deadline" means 60 days after the Administrator mails Notice to Class Members and Aggrieved Employees and shall be the last date on which Class Members may: (a) fax, email, or mail Requests for Exclusion from the Settlement, or (b) fax, email, or mail his or her Objection to the Settlement. Class Members to whom Notice Packets are resent after having been returned undeliverable to the Administrator shall have an additional 14 calendar days beyond the Response Deadline has expired.
- 1.44. "Settlement" means the disposition of the Action effected by this Agreement and the Judgment.
- 1.45. "Workweek(s)" means any week during which a Class Member worked for Defendant for at least one day, during the Class Period.

2. RECITALS.

- 2.1. On January 19, 2022, Plaintiff commenced this Action by filing a Complaint alleging causes of action against Defendant for Failure to Pay Minimum Wages (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 204, 1194, 1194.2 and 1197), Failure to Pay Overtime Compensation (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194 and 1198), Failure to Provide Meal Periods (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7, 512), Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Periods (Cal. Lab. Code § 226.7), Failure to Indemnify Necessary Business Expenses (Cal. Labor Code § 2802), Failure to Timely Pay Final Wages at Termination (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 201-203), Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements (Cal. Lab. Code § 226, and Unfair, Unlawful, or Fraudulent Business Practices (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq.). On May 19, 2022, Plaintiff filed a First Amended

Complaint adding a claim for PAGA Penalties based upon the alleged Labor Code violations. Defendant denies the allegations in the Operative Complaint, denies any failure to comply with the laws identified in in the Operative Complaint and denies any and all liability for the causes of action alleged therein.

- 2.2. On September 21, 2023, the Parties participated in an all-day mediation presided over by Jeffrey Krivis, Esq. which led to this Agreement to settle the Action.
- 2.3. Prior to mediation, Plaintiff obtained, through investigation and informal discovery, which included and was not limited to, Defendant's production of a sampling of information/data for the putative class members to allow Plaintiff to perform an analysis and valuation of all claims. Prior to mediation the Parties exchanged information and documents to investigate the veracity, strength, and scope of the claims, and to allow analysis and evaluation of the claims and Defendant's defenses thereto. Plaintiff' investigation was sufficient to satisfy the criteria for court approval set forth in *Dunk v. Foot Locker Retail, Inc.* (1996) 48 Cal.App.4th 1794, 1801 and *Kullar v. Foot Locker Retail, Inc.* (2008) 168 Cal.App.4th 116, 129-130 ("*Dunk/Kullar*").
- 2.4. The Court has not granted class certification because the Parties engaged in early mediation prior to the filing of a motion for class certification.
- 2.5. This Agreement is entered into solely for the purpose of compromising highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or will be construed as an admission by Defendant of liability or wrongdoing. Defendant makes no admission of liability or wrongdoing by virtue of entering into this Agreement. Additionally, Defendant reserves the right to contest any issues relating to class certification or aggrieved employee status and liability if the Settlement is not approved. Defendant denies that they have engaged in any unlawful activity, have failed to comply with the law in any respect, have any liability to anyone under the claims asserted in the Action, or that but for the Settlement, a Class should be certified in the Action or that there are aggrieved employees. This Settlement, and Plaintiff's and Defendant's willingness to settle the Action will have no bearing on, and will not be admissible in connection with, any litigation between the parties (other than in connection with this Settlement).
- 2.6. Class Counsel represent that they have thoroughly investigated the claims alleged against Defendant in the Action. Class Counsel represents that they have conducted their own investigation into the underlying facts, events, and issues related to the subject matter of this Action. Class Counsel represent that they have further undertaken an extensive analysis of the legal principles applicable to the claims asserted against Defendant, and the potential defenses thereto. Both Class Representatives and Defendant have had an opportunity to evaluate their respective positions on the merits of the claims asserted.
- 2.7. Class Counsel has also engaged in intensive arm's-length negotiations with Defense Counsel with a view toward achieving substantial benefits for the Class while avoiding the cost, delay and uncertainty of further litigation, trial, and appellate review.

- 2.8. As a consequence of said negotiations, and of Class Counsel's investigation, analysis and discovery, Plaintiff and Class Counsel determined to enter into this Settlement Agreement on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, believing such Settlement to be fair, reasonable and adequate and in the best interests of Plaintiff and the other members of the Class. Plaintiff and Class Counsel have determined to execute this Settlement Agreement and urge approval by the Court of the Settlement after considering (a) the substantial factual and legal defenses available to Defendant to the claims asserted in the Action, which render the outcome of the Action substantially uncertain; (b) the potential difficulties Plaintiff and Class Members would encounter in establishing the elements of their claims; (c) the substantial benefits made available to Class Members pursuant to the Settlement; (d) the fact that the Settlement ensures that Class Members will receive relief in the most expeditious and efficient manner practicable, and thus much sooner than would be possible were the claims to be litigated successfully through trial and appeal; and (e) the fact that the Settlement allows persons who would otherwise fall within the definition of the Class, if they so desire, to opt out of the Action and individually pursue any Released Class Claims that he or she may have.
- 2.9. As set forth above, without admitting any wrongdoing or liability, in the interest of avoiding further litigation, Defendant is willing to agree to the terms of the Settlement in order to settle, compromise, and fully resolve the Action and Released Class Claims and the Released PAGA Claims.
- 2.10. The Settlement will not constitute, in this or any other proceeding, an admission of any kind by Defendant, including without limitation, that certification of a class is appropriate or proper, that there are aggrieved employees, or that Plaintiff could establish any of the requisite elements for class or aggrieved employee treatment of any of the claims in the Action. In the event that the Settlement is not finally approved, or the Settlement is otherwise terminated, and any class and representative action, which were certified or treated as such for settlement purposes only, shall be vacated, and shall be of no force or effect whatsoever and shall not be admissible nor construed as an admission or concession of any kind by the Parties, in whole or part, and Defendant expressly reserves all rights to challenge certification of a class on all available grounds.

3. MONETARY TERMS.

- 3.1. Gross Settlement Amount. Except as otherwise provided by Paragraph 4.1 below, Defendant promises to pay \$295,000 as the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant shall also be separately responsible for paying employer's side taxes on any portion of the Gross Settlement Amount allocated to wages. Defendant has no obligation to pay the Gross Settlement Amount prior to the deadline stated in Paragraph 4.3 of this Agreement. The Administrator will disburse the entire Gross Settlement Amount without asking or requiring Participating Class Members or Aggrieved Employees to submit any claim as a condition of payment. None of the Gross Settlement Amount will revert to Defendant.
- 3.2. Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. The Administrator will make and deduct the following payments from the Gross Settlement Amount, in the amounts specified by the

Court in the Final Approval:

- 3.2.1. To Plaintiff: Class Representative Service Payments to the Class Representative of not more than \$7,500 (in addition to any Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment the Class Representative is entitled to receive as a Participating Class Member). Defendant will not oppose Plaintiff's request for a Class Representative Service Payment that does not exceed the amount of \$ 7,500. As part of the motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment, Plaintiff will seek Court approval for any Class Representative Service Payment no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing or other deadline set by the Court. If the Court approves a Class Representative Service Payment less than the amount requested, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will pay the Class Representative Service Payment using IRS Form 1099. Plaintiff assumes full responsibility and liability for taxes owed on the Class Representative Service Payment.
- 3.2.2. To Class Counsel: A Class Counsel Fees Payment of not more than one-third which is currently estimated to be \$98,333 and a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than \$20,000. Defendant will not oppose requests for these payments provided that they do not exceed these amounts. Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will file a motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing or other deadline set by the Court. If the Court approves a Class Counsel Fees Payment and/or a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment less than the amounts requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. Released Parties shall have no liability to Class Counsel or any other Plaintiff's Counsel arising from any claim to any portion any Class Counsel Fee Payment and/or Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment. The Administrator will pay the Class Counsel Fees Payment and the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment in accordance with proper IRS reporting. Class Counsel assumes full responsibility and liability for taxes owed on the Class Counsel Fees Payment and the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and holds Defendant harmless, and indemnifies Defendant, from any dispute or controversy regarding any division or sharing of any of these Payments.
- 3.2.3. To the Administrator: An Administrator Expenses Payment not to exceed \$20,000 except for a showing of good cause and as approved by the Court. To the extent the Administration Expenses are less or the Court approves payment less than \$20,000, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount.
- 3.2.4. To Each Participating Class Member: An Individual Class Payment calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks.
- 3.2.5. Tax Allocation of Individual Class Payments. Payments from the NSA will be allocated 20% to Wages, subject to applicable withholdings for which W-2's will be issued and 80% Non-Wage Portion that are not subject to wage withholdings and will

be reported on IRS 1099 Forms. Participating Class Members assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual Class Payment.

3.2.6. Effect of Non-Participating Class Members on Calculation of Individual Class Payments. Non-Participating Class Members will not receive any Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will retain amounts equal to their Individual Class Payments in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members on a pro rata basis.

3.2.7. To the LWDA and Aggrieved Employees: PAGA Penalties in the amount of \$30,000.00 to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, with 75% (\$22,500.00) allocated to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% (\$7,500.00) allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments.

3.2.7.1. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties by the total number of PAGA Period Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Period Pay Periods. Aggrieved Employees assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual PAGA Payment.

3.2.7.2. If the Court approves PAGA Penalties of less than the amount requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.

4. SETTLEMENT FUNDING AND PAYMENTS.

4.1. Escalator Clause. Defendant estimates the number of work weeks during the Class Period at the time of the mediation to be approximately 19,121. If the actual number of Workweeks encompassed within the Class Period exceeds 19,121 by more than 10%, then, Defendant at its exclusive discretion may either (a) increase the Gross Settlement Amount by a pro-rata dollar value for those workweeks in excess of the escalation margin; or (b) ending the Class Period on the date on which the number of workweeks is no more than 10% higher than 19,121. Under the latter option no additional payment is necessary.

4.2. Class Data. Not later than 15 business days after the Court grants Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, Defendant will deliver the Class Data to the Administrator in the form of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. To protect Class Members' privacy rights, the Administrator must maintain the Class Data in confidence, use the Class Data only for purposes of this Settlement and for no other purpose, and restrict access to the Class Data to Administrator employees who need access to the Class Data to effect and perform under this Agreement.

Defendant has a continuing duty to notify Class Counsel if it discovers that the Class Data omitted class member identifying information and to provide corrected or updated Class Data as soon as reasonably feasible. The Parties and their counsel will expeditiously use best efforts, in good faith, to reconstruct or otherwise resolve any issues related to missing or omitted Class Data.

- 4.3. Funding of Gross Settlement Amount. Within 15 business days of the Effective Date, Defendant shall transmit the GSA and any amounts necessary to fully pay the Defendant's share of payroll taxes to the Settlement Administrator.
- 4.4. Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. Within 14 business days after Defendant funds the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will mail checks or initiate wire transfers for all Individual Class Payments, all Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, the Administration Expenses Payment, the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Class Representative Service Payment. Disbursement of the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and the Class Representative Service Payment shall not precede disbursement of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments.
 - 4.4.1. The Administrator will issue checks for the Individual Class Payments and/or Individual PAGA Payments and send them to the Class Members via First Class U.S. Mail, postage prepaid. The face of each check shall prominently state the date (180 days after the date of mailing) when the check will be voided. The Administrator will cancel all checks not cashed by the void date. The Administrator will send checks for Individual Settlement Payments to all Participating Class Members (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator will send checks for Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees including Non-Participating Class Members who qualify as Aggrieved Employees (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator may send Participating Class Members a single check combining the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment. Before mailing any checks, the Settlement Administrator must update the recipients' mailing addresses using the National Change of Address Database.
 - 4.4.2. The Administrator must conduct a Class Member Address Search for all other Class Members whose checks are returned undelivered without USPS forwarding address. Within 7 days of receiving a returned check the Administrator must re-mail checks to the USPS forwarding address provided or to an address ascertained through the Class Member Address Search. The Administrator need not take further steps to deliver checks to Class Members whose re-mailed checks are returned as undelivered. The Administrator shall promptly send a replacement check to any Class Member whose original check was lost or misplaced, requested by the Class Member prior to the void date.
 - 4.4.3. The following language will be printed on the reverse of each Settlement Payment Check, or words to this effect: "By endorsing or otherwise negotiating this check, I acknowledge that I read, understood, and agree to the terms set forth in the Notice of

Class Action Settlement and I consent to join in the Fair Labor Standards Act (“FLSA”) portion of the Action, elect to participate in the settlement of the FLSA claims, and agree to release all of my FLSA claims that are covered by the Settlement.”

4.4.4. For any Class Member whose Individual Class Payment check or Individual PAGA Payment check is uncashed and cancelled after the void date, the Administrator shall transmit the funds represented by such checks in conformity with Code of Civil Procedure Section 384, subd. (b) to the State Controller Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the Class Member for whom the funds are designated.

4.4.5. Neither Plaintiff nor Defendant shall bear any liability for lost or stolen checks, forged signatures on checks, or unauthorized negotiation of checks. Unless responsible by its own acts of omission or commission, the same is true for the Administrator.

5. RELEASE OF CLAIMS. Upon the date of the funding of the Gross Settlement Amount, Plaintiff, Class Members, and Class Counsel will release claims against all Released Parties as follows:

5.1 Release of Class Claims: Upon the Court’s approval of the Settlement, and upon payment of all funds dues under the terms of the Settlement, each and all participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, shall release and discharge Released Parties from the Released Class Claims and any and all federal and California state law wage-and-hour claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and/or causes of action of every nature and description arising from any and all claims that were alleged or could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint based on the facts contained therein, including, without limitation, statutory, constitutional, contractual, and/or common law claims for wages, reimbursements, damages, unpaid costs, penalties, liquidated damages, interest, attorneys’ fees, litigation costs, vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers’ compensation, restitution, or equitable relief or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period. The Released Class Claims include, without limitation, California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 382, 1021.5, California Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 218.5, 218.6, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2699, *et seq.*, 2699.3, 2802, and any federal counterparts, California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*, any IWC Wage Orders, California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5, any cause of action for (i) Failure to Pay Minimum Wages [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 204, 1194, 1194.2, and 1197]; (ii) Failure to Pay Overtime Compensation [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 510, 1194 and 1198]; (iii) Failure to Provide Meal Periods (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7, 512); (iv) Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Break (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7); (v) Failure to Indemnify Necessary Business Expenses (Cal. Lab. Code § 2802 and IWC Wage Orders); (vi) Failure to Timely Pay Final Wages at Termination Cal. Lab. Code §§ 201-203); (vii) Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements (Cal. Lab. Code § 226); (viii) Unfair Business Practices (Cal. Bus. & Prof Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*); and (ix) Civil Penalties Under PAGA (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 2699, *et seq.*).

Upon entry of Judgment, Class Members are precluded from filing a wage and hour action under the Fair Labor Standards Act against the Released Parties for claims and/or causes of action encompassed by the Released Claims which are extinguished and precluded pursuant to the holding in *Rangel v. PLS Check Cashers of California, Inc.*, 899 F.3d 1106 (2018). This release excludes the release of claims not permitted by law.

- 5.2 PAGA Released Claims: Upon the Court's approval of the Settlement, and upon payment of all funds due under the terms of the Settlement, all Aggrieved Employees (including Plaintiff), on behalf of themselves, and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, and the State of California shall be deemed to have fully, finally, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged each and all of the Released Parties from any and all claims, demands, rights, liabilities, and/or causes of action for penalties under PAGA that accrued during the PAGA Period and that were asserted in Plaintiff's PAGA Notice and/or the Operative Complaint as well as those that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or PAGA Notice based on the facts contained therein, including, without limitation, Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5, 218.6, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2699, *et seq.*, 2802, California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*, California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Orders. Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees shall be deemed to have acknowledged and agreed that their claims in this Action are disputed, and that the payments to them set forth in this Agreement constitute payment of all sums allegedly due to them arising from the claims asserted in, or those that could have been alleged in, Plaintiff's PAGA Notice and/or the Operative Complaint. .

Nothing in this Agreement is intended to or shall preclude Plaintiff and Aggrieved Employees from filing a complaint and/or charge with any appropriate federal, state, or local government agency and/or cooperating with said agency in its investigation. Plaintiff and Aggrieved Employees retain the right to file a charge with, and to participate in an investigation conducted by, any appropriate government agency charged with enforcement of any law and the right to engage in concerted activity granted by Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act.

- 5.3 Plaintiff's Release. Upon the Effective Date, and after Defendant has fully funded the Settlement, and as a condition of receiving any portion of the Class Representative Service Payment, Plaintiff and her former and present spouses, representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, shall fully and finally release the Released Parties from any and all claims, known and unknown, under federal, state and/or local law, statute, ordinance, regulation, common law, or other source of law, including but not limited to claims arising from or related to Plaintiff's employment with Defendant Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc. and Plaintiff's compensation while an employee of Defendant. Plaintiff's Released Claims include, but are not limited to, all claims asserted in, arising from, or related to the Action, to include but not limited to the

Released PAGA Claims and Released Class Claims. Plaintiff's Released Claims include all claims for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; failure to properly calculate the regular rate of pay and associated claims; wages related to alleged illegal time rounding; failure to timely pay final wages; missed/short/late/interrupted meal period, rest period, and/or recovery period wages/premiums; failure to provide meal periods; failure to authorize and permit rest periods and/or recovery periods; the calculation of meal period, rest period, and/or recovery period premiums; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses ; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements; deductions; failure to keep accurate records; unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices; penalties, including, but not limited to, recordkeeping penalties, wage statement and payroll reporting penalties, minimum-wage penalties, and waiting-time penalties; and attorneys' fees and costs. Plaintiff's Released Claims include all claims arising under the California Labor Code (including, but not limited to, §§ 201, 202, 203, 204, 218.5, 218.6 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2698 et seq., 2699 et seq., 2699.3 and 2802); all claims arising under: the Wage Orders of the California Industrial Welfare Commission; the California Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (PAGA); California Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq; California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; all state and local ordinances related to COVID-19 right of recall; the California common law of contract; the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201, et seq.; 29 CFR 778.223; 29 CFR 778.315; federal common law; and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1001, et seq. (ERISA). Plaintiff's Released Claims also include all claims for lost wages and benefits, emotional distress, retaliation, punitive damages, prejudgment interest, past and future medical expenses, and attorneys' fees and costs arising under federal, state, or local laws for discrimination, harassment, retaliation, failure to accommodate, failure to engage in a good faith interactive process and wrongful termination, such as, by way of example only, (as amended) 42 U.S.C. § 1981, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA), Labor Code § 1102.5 and the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA); and the law of contract and tort. This release excludes the release of claims not permitted by law.

- 5.4 Plaintiff acknowledges that Plaintiff may discover facts or law different from, or in addition to, the facts or law that Plaintiff now knows or believes to be true but agree, nonetheless, that Plaintiff's Release shall be and remain effective in all respects, notwithstanding such different or additional facts or Plaintiff's discovery of them.

- 5.4.1 Plaintiff's Waiver of Rights Under California Civil Code Section 1542. For purposes of Plaintiff's Release, Plaintiff expressly waives and relinquishes the provisions, rights, and benefits, if any, of section 1542 of the California Civil Code, which reads:

A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, and that if known by him or her would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or Released Party.

5.4.2 No Conditional Payments Made By Medicare to Plaintiff. Plaintiff expressly acknowledges Medicare's statutory right to recovery of conditional payments for medical treatment and medical service rendered in connection with any illness or injury suffered by Plaintiff in the course of Plaintiff's employment with Defendant, Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc. and guarantees that Plaintiff is not a Medicare Beneficiary, and there are no outstanding Medicare or Medicaid claims or rights of recovery of conditional payments based on Plaintiff's application for, or receipt of, Medicare or Medicaid benefits. This specifically includes benefits arising out of or in any way connected with, directly or indirectly, the facts and/or allegations that form the basis of the Action, the occurrences described herein, and any consequences thereof. Additionally, Plaintiff warrants, represents, and guarantees that Plaintiff has no medical expenses arising out of or in any way connected with, directly or indirectly, the facts and/or allegations that form the basis of the Action, the occurrences described herein, and any consequences thereof, including any of Plaintiff's released claims, nor does Plaintiff anticipate any medical expenses arising out of or in any way connected with, directly or indirectly, the facts and/or allegations that form the basis of the Action, the occurrences described herein, and any consequences thereof, including any released claims. In the event Medicare asserts such a claim or right of reimbursement now, or at any point in the future, all such claims or rights of reimbursement shall be satisfied from among the proceeds of this settlement, and no additional monies shall ever be requested from or paid by the Released Parties. This settlement is based upon a good faith determination of the Parties to resolve disputed claims. The Parties have not shifted responsibility of medical treatment to Medicare in contravention of 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b). The Parties resolved this matter in compliance with both state and federal law. The Parties made every effort to adequately protect Medicare's interest and incorporate such into the settlement terms. The Parties acknowledge and understand that any present or future action or decision by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") or Medicare on this Agreement, or Plaintiff's eligibility or entitlement to Medicare or Medicare payments, will not render this release void or ineffective, or in any way affect the finality of this Agreement.

6. ADMINISTRATION OF TAXES.

6.1 Tax Treatment of Individual Settlement Payments. The Individual PAGA Payments will be allocated as 100% penalties and reported on an IRS-Form 1099. All Individual Class Payments will be allocated as follows: twenty percent (20%) of each Individual Class Payment will be allocated as wages and eighty percent (80%) will be allocated as non-wages. The portion allocated to wages will be reported on an IRS Form W-2 and the portion allocated to non-wages will be reported on an IRS Form-1099 by the Administrator. The Individual Class Payments will be reduced by any required legal deductions for each Class Member. All standard employee payroll deductions will be made for state and federal withholding taxes, including any other applicable payroll deductions owed by the Class Members as a result of the wage component, resulting in a net wage component. The Administrator will issue a check and W-2 Form to each Class Member for the wage component. The Administrator will issue a second check and IRS Form-1099 for the remaining non-wages component. No withholding shall be made on the

non-wages portion of the Individual Settlement Payment. The Administrator shall be responsible for issuing the payments and calculating and withholding all required state and federal taxes. The Administrator shall determine the eligibility for, and the amounts of, any Individual Settlement Payments under the terms of this Settlement Agreement. Any disputes not resolved by the Administrator concerning the administration of the Settlement will be resolved by the Court, under the laws of the State of California. Prior to any such involvement of the Court, counsel for the Parties will confer in good faith to resolve the dispute without the necessity of involving the Court.

6.2 Tax Liability. Defendant makes no representation as to the tax treatment or legal effect of the payments called for hereunder, and Plaintiff and Class Members are not relying on any statement, representation, or calculation by Defendant or by the Administrator in this regard. Plaintiff and Class Members understand and agree they will be solely responsible for the payment of their share of any taxes and penalties assessed on the payments described herein.

6.3 CIRCULAR 230 DISCLAIMER. EACH PARTY TO THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT (FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE “ACKNOWLEDGING PARTY” AND EACH PARTY TO THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT OTHER THAN THE ACKNOWLEDGING PARTY, AN “OTHER PARTY”) ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT (1) NO PROVISION OF THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, AND NO WRITTEN COMMUNICATION OR DISCLOSURE BETWEEN OR AMONG THE PARTIES OR THEIR ATTORNEYS AND OTHER ADVISERS, IS OR WAS INTENDED TO BE, NOR WILL ANY SUCH COMMUNICATION OR DISCLOSURE CONSTITUTE OR BE CONSTRUED OR BE RELIED UPON AS, TAX ADVICE WITHIN THE MEANING OF UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230 (31 CFR PART 10, AS AMENDED); (2) THE ACKNOWLEDGING PARTY (A) HAS RELIED EXCLUSIVELY UPON HIS, HER OR ITS OWN, INDEPENDENT LEGAL AND TAX COUNSEL FOR ADVICE (INCLUDING TAX ADVICE) IN CONNECTION WITH THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, (B) HAS NOT ENTERED INTO THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT BASED UPON THE RECOMMENDATION OF ANY OTHER PARTY OR ANY ATTORNEY OR ADVISOR TO ANY OTHER PARTY, AND (C) IS NOT ENTITLED TO RELY UPON ANY COMMUNICATION OR DISCLOSURE BY ANY ATTORNEY OR ADVISOR TO ANY OTHER PARTY TO AVOID ANY TAX PENALTY THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON THE ACKNOWLEDGING PARTY; AND (3) NO ATTORNEY OR ADVISOR TO ANY OTHER PARTY HAS IMPOSED ANY LIMITATION THAT PROTECTS THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF ANY SUCH ATTORNEY’S OR ADVISOR’S TAX STRATEGIES (REGARDLESS OF WHETHER SUCH LIMITATION IS LEGALLY BINDING) UPON DISCLOSURE BY THE ACKNOWLEDGING PARTY OF THE TAX TREATMENT OR TAX STRUCTURE OF ANY TRANSACTION, INCLUDING ANY TRANSACTION CONTEMPLATED BY THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.

7. **MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL.** The Parties agree to jointly prepare a motion for preliminary approval (“Motion for Preliminary Approval”).

- 7.1 Plaintiff's Responsibilities. Plaintiff will prepare and deliver to Defense Counsel all documents necessary for obtaining Preliminary Approval, including: (i) a draft of the notice, and memorandum in support, of the Motion for Preliminary Approval that includes an analysis of the Settlement under *Dunk/Kullar* and a request for approval of the PAGA Settlement under Labor Code Section 2699, subd. (f)(2)); (ii) a draft proposed Order Granting Preliminary Approval; (iii) a draft proposed Class Notice; (iv) a signed declaration from the Administrator attaching its "not to exceed" bid for administering the Settlement and attesting to its willingness to serve; competency; operative procedures for protecting the security of Class Data; amounts of insurance coverage for any data breach, defalcation of funds or other misfeasance; all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members; and the nature and extent of any financial relationship with Plaintiff, Class Counsel or Defense Counsel; (v) a signed declaration from Plaintiff confirming willingness and competency to serve and disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members; and (vi) a signed declaration from Class Counsel attesting to its competency to represent the Class Members; its timely transmission to the LWDA of all necessary PAGA documents (initial notice of violations (Labor Code section 2699.3, subd. (a)), Operative Complaint (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(1)), this Agreement (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(2)).
- 7.2 Duty to Cooperate. If the Parties disagree on any aspect of the proposed Motion for Preliminary Approval and/or the supporting declarations and documents, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve the disagreement, if possible. If the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval or conditions Preliminary Approval on any material change to this Agreement, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to modify the Agreement and otherwise satisfy the Court's concerns, if possible.

8. SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION.

- 8.1 Selection of Administrator. The Parties have jointly selected ILYM Group, Inc. to serve as the Administrator and verified that, as a condition of appointment, ILYM Group, Inc. agrees to be bound by this Agreement and to perform, as a fiduciary, all duties specified in this Agreement in exchange for payment of Administration Expenses. The Parties and their Counsel represent that they have no interest or relationship, financial or otherwise, with the Administrator other than a professional relationship arising out of prior experiences administering settlements.
- 8.2 Employer Identification Number. The Administrator shall have and use its own Employer Identification Number for purposes of calculating payroll tax withholdings and providing reports state and federal tax authorities.
- 8.3 Qualified Settlement Fund. The Administrator shall establish a settlement fund that meets the requirements of a Qualified Settlement Fund ("QSF") under US Treasury Regulation section 468B-1.

8.4 Notice to Class Members.

- 8.4.1 Using best efforts to perform as soon as possible, and in no event later than 14 days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will send to all Class Members identified in the Class Data, via first-class United States Postal Service (“USPS”) mail, the Class Notice, with Spanish translation, if applicable, substantially in the form attached to this Agreement as **Exhibit A**. The first page of the Class Notice shall prominently estimate the dollar amounts of any Individual Class Payment and/or Individual PAGA Payment payable to the Class Member, and the number of workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods used to calculate these amounts. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator shall update Class Member addresses using the National Change of Address database.
- 8.4.2 Not later than 3 business days after the Administrator’s receipt of any Class Notice returned by the USPS as undelivered, the Administrator shall re-mail the Class Notice using any forwarding address provided by the USPS. If the USPS does not provide a forwarding address, the Administrator shall conduct a Class Member Address Search, and re-mail the Class Notice to the most current address obtained. The Administrator has no obligation to make further attempts to locate or send Class Notice to Class Members whose Class Notice is returned by the USPS a second time.
- 8.4.3 The deadlines for Class Members’ written objections, challenges to workweeks or Pay Periods, and Requests for Exclusion will be extended an additional 14 days beyond the 60 days otherwise provided in the Class Notice for all Class Members whose notice is re-mailed. The Administrator will inform the Class Member of the extended deadline with the re-mailed Class Notice.
- 8.4.4 If the Administrator, Defendant or Class Counsel is contacted by or otherwise discovers any persons who believe they should have been included in the Class Data and should have received Class Notice, the Parties will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone, and in good faith, in an effort to agree on whether to include them as Class Members. If the Parties agree, such persons will be Class Members entitled to the same rights as other Class Members, and the Administrator will send, via email or overnight delivery, a Class Notice requiring them to exercise options under this Agreement not later than 14 days after receipt of Class Notice, or the deadline dates in the Class Notice, whichever are later.

8.5 Requests for Exclusion (Opt-Outs).

- 8.5.1 Class Members who wish to exclude themselves (opt-out of) the Class Settlement must send the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail, a signed written Request for Exclusion not later than 60 days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed). A Request for Exclusion is a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative that reasonably communicates the Class Member’s election to be excluded from the Settlement and

includes the Class Member's name, address and email address or telephone number. To be valid, a Request for Exclusion must be timely faxed, emailed, or postmarked by the Response Deadline.

- 8.5.2 The Administrator may not reject a Request for Exclusion as invalid because it fails to contain all the information specified in the Class Notice. The Administrator shall accept any Request for Exclusion as valid if the Administrator can reasonably ascertain the identity of the person as a Class Member and the Class Member's desire to be excluded. The Administrator's determination shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. If the Administrator has reason to question the authenticity of a Request for Exclusion, the Administrator may demand additional proof of the Class Member's identity. The Administrator's determination of authenticity shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.
- 8.5.3 Every Class Member who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion is deemed to be a Participating Class Member under this Agreement, entitled to all benefits and bound by all terms and conditions of the Settlement, including the Participating Class Members' Releases under Paragraphs 5.1 and 5.2 of this Agreement, regardless of whether the Participating Class Member actually receives the Class Notice or objects to the Settlement.
- 8.5.4 Every Class Member who submits a valid and timely Request for Exclusion is a Non-Participating Class Member and shall not receive an Individual Class Payment or have the right to object to the class action components of the Settlement. Because future PAGA claims are subject to claim preclusion upon entry of the Judgment, Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release the claims identified in Paragraph 5.2 of this Agreement and are eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment.
- 8.6 Challenges to Calculation of Workweeks/Pay Periods. Each Class Member shall have 60 days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed) to challenge the number of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods (if any) allocated to the Class Member in the Class Notice. The Class Member may challenge the allocation by communicating with the Administrator via fax, email or mail. The Administrator must encourage the challenging Class Member to submit supporting documentation. In the absence of any contrary documentation, the Administrator is entitled to presume that the Workweeks and/or Pay Periods contained in the Class Notice are correct so long as they are consistent with the Class Data. The Administrator's determination of each Class Member's allocation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. The Administrator shall promptly provide copies of all challenges to calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods to Defense Counsel and Class Counsel and the Administrator's determination on the challenges.
- 8.7 Objections to Settlement.

8.7.1 Only Participating Class Members may object to the class action components of the Settlement and/or this Agreement, including contesting the fairness of the Settlement, and/or amounts requested for the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Class Representative Service Payment.

8.7.2 Participating Class Members may send written objections to the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail. In the alternative, Participating Class Members may appear in Court (or hire an attorney to appear in Court) to present verbal objections at the Final Approval Hearing. A Participating Class Member who elects to send a written objection to the Administrator must do so not later than 60 days after the Administrator's mailing of the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice was re-mailed).

8.7.3 Non-Participating Class Members have no right to object to any of the class action components of the Settlement.

8.8 Administrator Duties. The Administrator has a duty to perform or observe all tasks to be performed or observed by the Administrator contained in this Agreement or otherwise.

8.8.1 Website, Email Address and Toll-Free Number. The Administrator will establish and maintain and use an internet website to post information of interest to Class Members including the date, time and location for the Final Approval Hearing and copies of the Settlement Agreement, Motion for Preliminary Approval, the Preliminary Approval, the Class Notice, the Motion for Final Approval, the Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and Class Representative Service Payment, the Final Approval and the Judgment. The Administrator will also maintain and monitor an email address and a toll-free telephone number to receive Class Member calls, faxes and emails.

8.8.2 Requests for Exclusion (Opt-outs) and Exclusion List. The Administrator will promptly review on a rolling basis Requests for Exclusion to ascertain their validity. Not later than 5 days after the expiration of the deadline for submitting Requests for Exclusion, the Administrator shall email a list to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel containing (a) the names of Class Members who have timely submitted valid Requests for Exclusion ("Exclusion List"); and (b) the names of Class Members who have submitted invalid Requests for Exclusion.

8.8.3 Weekly Reports. The Administrator must, on a weekly basis, provide written reports to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel that, among other things, tally the number of: Class Notices mailed or re-mailed, Class Notices returned undelivered, Requests for Exclusion (whether valid or invalid) received, objections received, challenges to workweeks and/or Pay Periods received and/or resolved, and checks mailed for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments ("Weekly Report"). The Weekly Reports must provide the Administrator's assessment of the validity of Requests for Exclusion and attach copies of all Requests for Exclusion and objections received.

- 8.8.4 Workweeks and/or Pay Period Challenges. The Administrator has the authority to address and make final decisions consistent with the terms of this Agreement on all Class Member challenges over the calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods. The Administrator's decision shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.
- 8.8.5 Administrator's Declaration. Not later than 14 days before the date by which Plaintiff are required to file the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement, the Administrator will provide to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its due diligence and compliance with all of its obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to, its mailing of Class Notice, the Class Notices returned as undelivered, the re-mailing of Class Notices, attempts to locate Class Members, the total number of Requests for Exclusion from Settlement it received (both valid or invalid), the number of written objections and attach the Exclusion List. The Administrator will supplement its declaration as needed or requested by the Parties and/or the Court. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator's declaration(s) in Court.
- 8.8.6 Final Report by Settlement Administrator. Within 30 days after the Administrator disburses all funds in the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defense Counsel with a final report detailing its disbursements by employee identification number only of all payments made under this Agreement. At least 15 days before any deadline set by the Court, the Administrator will prepare, and submit to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its disbursement of all payments required under this Agreement. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator's declaration in Court.
9. **DEFENDANT'S RIGHT TO WITHDRAW.** If the number of valid Requests for Exclusion identified in the Exclusion List exceeds 5% or more of the Class, Defendant may, but is not obligated to, elect to withdraw from the Settlement. The Parties agree that, if Defendant withdraws, the Settlement shall be void ab initio, have no force or effect whatsoever, and that neither Party will have any further obligation to perform under this Agreement; provided, however, Defendant will remain responsible for paying all Settlement Administration Expenses incurred to that point. Defendant must notify Class Counsel and the Court of its election to withdraw not later than ten days after the Administrator sends the final Exclusion List to Defense Counsel; late elections will have no effect.
10. **NULLIFICATION OF AGREEMENT.** In the event: (i) the Court does not enter the Preliminary Approval Order and approve the Released Class Claims and Released PAGA Claims specified herein; (ii) the Court does not finally approve the Settlement as provided herein; (iii) Defendant exercises its option to nullify the Settlement Agreement based on an excessive number of opt-outs, as described in the above Section; or (iv) the Settlement does not become final for any other reason (*e.g.*, an objection by the LWDA), this Settlement Agreement shall be null and void. A reduction of the Class Counsel Fees Payment and/or Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or any Class Representative Service Payment shall not be grounds for nullification of this Settlement. If the Settlement is nullified, any order or judgment entered by the Court in furtherance of this Settlement Agreement shall be treated as

void from the beginning, and the stipulations and recitals contained herein shall be of no force or effect and shall not be treated as an admission by the Parties or their counsel. In such a case, the Parties and any funds to be awarded under this Settlement Agreement shall be returned to their respective statuses as of the date and time immediately prior to the execution of this Settlement Agreement, and the Parties shall proceed in all respects as if this Settlement Agreement had not been executed, except that any fees already incurred by the Administrator shall be paid equally by both Parties. The Parties agree that they will cooperate and take all steps necessary in order to obtain preliminary and/or Final Approval in the event that the Court raises issues or questions about this Settlement or anything pertaining to this Settlement (including, but not limited to, the motion for preliminary approval and motion for final approval).

11. MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL. Not later than 16 court days before the calendared Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff will file in Court, a motion for final approval of the Settlement that includes a request for approval of the PAGA settlement under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l), a Proposed Final Approval Order and a proposed Judgment (collectively “Motion for Final Approval”). Plaintiff shall provide drafts of these documents to Defense Counsel not later than seven days prior to filing the Motion for Final Approval. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve any disagreements concerning the Motion for Final Approval.

11.1 Response to Objections. Each Party retains the right to respond to any objection raised by a Participating Class Member, including the right to file responsive documents in Court, no later than five court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing, or as otherwise ordered or accepted by the Court.

11.2 Duty to Cooperate. If the Court does not grant Final Approval or conditions Final Approval on any material change to the Settlement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), the Parties will expeditiously work together in good faith to address the Court’s concerns by revising the Agreement as necessary to obtain Final Approval, if possible. The Court’s decision to award less than the amounts requested for the Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Administrator Expenses Payment shall not constitute a material modification to the Agreement within the meaning of this paragraph.

11.3 Continuing Jurisdiction of the Court. The Parties agree that, after entry of Judgment, the Court will retain jurisdiction over the Parties, Action, and the Settlement solely for purposes of (i) enforcing this Agreement and/or Judgment, (ii) addressing settlement administration matters, and (iii) addressing such post-Judgment matters as are permitted by law.

11.4 Appellate Court Orders to Vacate, Reverse, or Materially Modify Judgment. If the reviewing Court vacates, reverses, or modifies the Judgment in a manner that requires a material modification of this Agreement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), this Agreement shall be null and void. The Parties shall nevertheless expeditiously work together in good faith to address the appellate court’s

concerns and to obtain Final Approval and entry of Judgment, sharing, on a 50-50 basis, any additional Administration Expenses reasonably incurred after remittitur. An appellate decision to vacate, reverse, or modify the Court's award of the Class Representative Service Payment or any payments to Class Counsel shall not constitute a material modification of the Judgment within the meaning of this paragraph, as long as the Gross Settlement Amount remains unchanged.

12. AMENDED JUDGMENT. If any amended judgment is required under Code of Civil Procedure section 384, the Parties will work together in good faith to jointly submit a proposed amended judgment.

13. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.

13.1 No Admission of Liability, Class Certification or Representative Manageability for Other Purposes. The Parties enter into this Settlement Agreement to resolve the dispute that has arisen between them and to avoid the burden, expense, and risk of continued litigation. In entering into this Settlement Agreement, Defendant does not admit, and specifically denies, it has violated any federal, state, or local law; violated any regulations or guidelines promulgated pursuant to any statute or any other applicable laws, regulations or legal requirements; breached any contract; violated or breached any duty; engaged in any misrepresentation or deception; or engaged in any other unlawful conduct with respect to their employees. Neither this Settlement Agreement, nor any of its terms or provisions, nor any of the negotiations connected with it, shall be construed as an admission or concession by Defendant of any such violations or failures to comply with any applicable law. Except as necessary in a proceeding to enforce the terms of this Settlement Agreement or to support a defense of res judicata, collateral estoppel, release, or other theory of claim or issue preclusion or similar defense as to the claims being released in this Settlement Agreement, this Settlement Agreement and its terms and provisions shall not be offered or received as evidence in any action or proceeding to establish any liability or admission on the part of Defendant or to establish the existence of any condition constituting a violation of, or a non-compliance with, federal, state, local or other applicable law.

13.2 Confidentiality. Neither Plaintiff nor Plaintiff's Counsel shall issue any press release or announcement of any kind related in any way to the Settlement. Plaintiff and Plaintiff's Counsel agree that, prior to Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, they will keep the terms of this Settlement confidential except for purposes of communicating with Plaintiff only. Plaintiff shall be informed that the Settlement is confidential and shall be advised to keep the Settlement confidential. From and after Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, the Class Members (including Plaintiff and Class Counsel) may: (1) as required by law; (2) as required under the terms of the Settlement; or (3) as required under counsel's duties and responsibilities as Class Counsel, comment regarding the specific terms of the Settlement. In all other cases, Plaintiff and Class Counsel agree to limit their statements regarding the terms of the Settlement, whether oral, written or electronic (including the world wide web), to say the Action have been resolved and that Plaintiff and Class Counsel are satisfied with the Settlement terms. Nothing in this Section is intended to interfere with Class Counsel's duties and obligations to faithfully discharge their duties as Class Counsel, including but not limited to, communicating with Class Members

regarding the Settlement. This Settlement shall not be advertised or mentioned on any source, including Plaintiff's Counsel's personal or firm website(s). To the extent permitted by law, all agreements made, and orders entered during Action and in this Agreement relating to the confidentiality of information shall survive the execution of this Agreement.

- 13.3 No Solicitation. The Parties separately agree that they and their respective counsel and employees will not solicit any Class Member to opt out of or object to the Settlement, or appeal from the Judgment. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to restrict Class Counsel's ability to communicate with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.
- 13.4 Integrated Agreement. Upon execution by all Parties and their counsel, this Agreement together with its attached exhibits executed by the Parties shall constitute the entire agreement between the Parties relating to the Settlement, and any and all oral representations, warranties, covenants, or inducements made to or by any Party.
- 13.5 Attorney Authorization. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel separately warrant and represent that they are authorized by Plaintiff and Defendant, respectively, to take all appropriate action required or permitted to be taken by such Parties pursuant to this Agreement to effectuate its terms, and to execute any other documents reasonably required to effectuate the terms of this Agreement including any amendments to this Agreement. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts to effect the implementation of the Settlement. If the Parties are unable to reach agreement on the form or content of any document needed to implement the Settlement, or on any supplemental provisions that may become necessary to effectuate the terms of this Settlement, the Parties may seek the assistance of Jeffrey Krivis, Esq. (mediator) to resolve such disagreement.
- 13.6 Cooperation. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts, in good faith, to implement the Settlement by, among other things, modifying the Settlement Agreement, submitting supplemental evidence and supplementing points and authorities as requested by the Court. In the event the Parties are unable to agree upon the form or content of any document necessary to implement the Settlement, or on any modification of the Agreement that may become necessary to implement the Settlement, the Parties will seek the assistance of a mediator and/or the Court for resolution.
- 13.7 Enforcement Action. In the event that any Party institutes any legal action or other proceeding against another Party or Parties to enforce the provisions of this Settlement, the successful Party or Parties will be entitled to recover from the unsuccessful Party or Parties reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, including expert witness fees, incurred in connection with any enforcement action.
- 13.8 No Prior Assignments. The Parties separately represent and warrant that they have not directly or indirectly assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer,

or encumber to any person or entity and portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or right released and discharged by the Party in this Settlement.

- 13.9 No Tax Advice. Neither Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendant nor Defense Counsel are providing any advice regarding taxes or taxability, nor shall anything in this Settlement be relied upon as such within the meaning of United States Treasury Department Circular 230 (31 CFR Part 10, as amended) or otherwise.
- 13.10 Modification of Agreement. This Agreement, and all parts of it, may be amended, modified, changed, or waived only by an express written instrument signed by all Parties or their representatives, and approved by the Court.
- 13.11 Agreement Binding on Successors. This Agreement will be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors of each of the Parties.
- 13.12 Applicable Law. All terms and conditions of this Agreement and its exhibits will be governed by and interpreted according to the internal laws of the state of California, without regard to conflict of law principles.
- 13.13 Cooperation in Drafting. The Parties have cooperated in the drafting and preparation of this Agreement. This Agreement will not be construed against any Party on the basis that the Party was the drafter or participated in the drafting.
- 13.14 Representation by Counsel. The Parties acknowledge that they have been represented by counsel throughout all negotiations that preceded the execution of this Settlement Agreement and that this Settlement Agreement has been executed with the consent and advice of counsel and reviewed in full. Further, Plaintiff and Class Counsel warrant and represent that there are no liens on the Settlement Agreement.
- 13.15 Mutual Preparation. The Parties have had a full opportunity to negotiate the terms and conditions of this Settlement Agreement. Accordingly, this Settlement Agreement will not be construed more strictly against one Party than another merely by virtue of the fact that it may have been prepared by counsel for one of the Parties, it being recognized that, because of the arm's-length negotiations between the Parties, all Parties have contributed to the preparation of this Settlement Agreement.
- 13.16 Use and Return of Class Data. Information provided to Class Counsel pursuant to Cal. Evid. Code §1152, and all copies and summaries of the Class Data provided to Class Counsel by Defendant in connection with the mediation, other settlement negotiations, or in connection with the Settlement, may be used only with respect to this Settlement, and no other purpose, and may not be used in any way that violates any existing contractual agreement, statute, or rule of court. Not later than 90 days after the date when the Court discharges the Administrator's obligation to provide a Declaration confirming the final pay out of all Settlement funds, Plaintiff shall destroy, all paper and electronic versions of Class Data received from Defendant unless, prior to the Court's discharge of the Administrator's obligation, Defendant make a written request to Class Counsel for the return, rather than the destructions, of Class Data.

- 13.17 Headings. The descriptive heading of any section or paragraph of this Agreement is inserted for convenience of reference only and does not constitute a part of this Agreement.
- 13.18 Calendar Days. Unless otherwise noted, all reference to “days” in this Agreement shall be to calendar days. In the event any date or deadline set forth in this Agreement falls on a weekend or federal legal holiday, such date or deadline shall be on the first business day thereafter.
- 13.19 Binding Agreement. The Parties warrant that they understand and have full authority to enter into this Settlement, intend that this Settlement Agreement will be fully enforceable and binding on all Parties, and agree that it will be admissible and subject to disclosure in any proceeding to enforce its terms or to support a defense of res judicata, collateral estoppel, release, or other theory of claim or issue preclusion or similar defense as to the claims being released in this Settlement Agreement, notwithstanding any mediation confidentiality provisions that otherwise might apply under federal or state law. Plaintiff, and not Plaintiff’s representative(s), must personally execute this Settlement Agreement.
- 13.20 Entire Agreement. This Settlement Agreement and any attached Exhibits constitute the entirety of the Parties’ settlement terms. No other prior or contemporaneous written or oral agreements may be deemed binding on the Parties.
- 13.21 Contractual Terms. Each term of this Agreement is contractual and not merely a recital.
- 13.22 Invalidity of Any Provision. Before declaring any provision of this Settlement Agreement invalid, the Court will first attempt to construe the provision as valid to the fullest extent possible consistent with applicable precedents so as to define all provisions of this Settlement Agreement valid and enforceable.
- 13.23 Exhibits Incorporated by Reference. The terms of this Settlement include the terms set forth in any attached Exhibits, which are incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein. Any Exhibits to this Settlement are an integral part of the Settlement.
- 13.24 Captions. The captions and section numbers in this Settlement Agreement are inserted for the reader’s convenience, and in no way define, limit, construe or describe the scope or intent of the provisions of this Settlement Agreement.
- 13.25 Waiver. No waiver of any condition or covenant contained in this Settlement Agreement or failure to exercise a right or remedy by any of the Parties hereto will be considered to imply or constitute a further waiver by such party of the same or any other condition, covenant, right or remedy.

- 13.26 Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts by facsimile, electronically (i.e. DocuSign), or email which for purposes of this Agreement shall be accepted as an original. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument if counsel for the Parties will exchange between themselves signed counterparts. Any executed counterpart will be admissible in evidence to prove the existence and contents of this Agreement.
- 13.27 Class Action Certification for Settlement Purposes Only. The Parties agree to stipulate to class certification only for purposes of the Settlement. If, for any reason, the Settlement is not approved, the stipulation to certification will be void. The Parties further agree that certification for purposes of the Settlement is not an admission that class action certification is proper under the standards applied to contested certification motions and that this Settlement Agreement will not be admissible in this or any other proceeding as evidence that either: (a) a class action should be certified or (b) Defendant is liable to Plaintiff or any Class Member, other than according to the Settlement's terms.
- 13.28 Class Representative represents that no other firm or person besides Moon Law Group, APC are entitled to attorneys' fees or costs for this Action. Moon & Yang, APC is the former name of Moon Law Group, PC. Should any person affiliated with the former firm Moon & Yang, APC contend that they are entitled to such attorneys' fees and costs, Class Counsel will defend and indemnify the Released Parties for such attorneys' fees and costs.
- 13.29 Acknowledgement that the Settlement is Fair and Reasonable. The Parties believe this Settlement Agreement is a fair, adequate, and reasonable settlement of the Action and have arrived at this Settlement after arm's-length negotiations and in the context of adversarial litigation, taking into account all relevant factors, present and potential. The Parties further acknowledge that they are each represented by competent counsel and that they have had an opportunity to consult with their counsel regarding the fairness and reasonableness of this Settlement.
- 13.30 Stay of Litigation. The Parties agree that upon the execution of this Agreement the litigation shall be stayed, except to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. The Parties further agree that upon the signing of this Agreement that pursuant to CCP section 583.330 to extend the date to bring a case to trial under CCP section 583.310 for the entire period of this settlement process.
- 13.31 Notice. All notices, demands or other communications between the Parties in connection with this Agreement will be in writing and deemed to have been duly given as of the third business day after mailing by United States mail, or the day sent by email or messenger, addressed as follows:

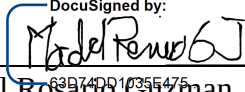
To Plaintiff: Kane Moon, Esq., Moon Law Group, PC, 1055 W. Seventh St., Suite 1880, Los Angeles CA 90017; Telephone: (213) 232-3128.

To Defendant: Beth Kahn, Esq., Matthew Richardson, Esq., Musick, Peeler & Garrett, LLP, 333 S. Hope St., Suite 2900, Los Angeles, California 90071; Telephone: (213) 629-7600.

The Settlement Agreement consists of 26 pages.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Settlement Agreement has been duly executed by and on behalf of the Parties, as follows:

Plaintiff and Proposed Class Representative Maria Del Rosario Guzman

Dated: 5/1/2024, 2024 By: 
Maria Del Rosario Guzman

Defendant Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc.

Dated: _____, 2024 By: _____
Name:
Title:

The Settlement Agreement consists of 26 pages.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Settlement Agreement has been duly executed by and on behalf of the Parties, as follows:

Plaintiff and Proposed Class Representative Maria Del Rosario Guzman

Dated: _____, 2024 By: _____
Maria Del Rosario Guzman

Defendant Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc.

Dated: May 29, 2024 By: [Signature]
Name: Adolfo D. Martinez
Title: president

EXHIBIT A

**COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR
FINAL COURT APPROVAL**

Rosario Guzman v. Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, 22STCV02097

*The Superior Court for the State of California authorized this Notice. Read it carefully!
It's not junk mail, spam, an advertisement, or solicitation by a lawyer. You are not being sued.*

You may be eligible to receive money from an employee class action lawsuit (“Action”) against Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc. (“Rincon” or “Restaurant”) for alleged wage and hour violations. The Action was filed by a former Rincon Restaurant employee, Rosario Guzman (“Plaintiff”) and seeks payment of (1) back wages and other relief for a class of all current and former non-exempt, hourly-paid employees (“Class Members”) who worked for Rincon Restaurant in California, during the Class Period (January 19, 2018 to December 31, 2023); and (2) penalties under the California Private Attorney General Act (“PAGA”) for all non-exempt hourly-paid persons currently or formerly employed by Rincon Restaurant in California, during the PAGA Period (November 15, 2020 to December 31, 2023) (“Aggrieved Employees”).

The proposed Settlement has two main parts: (1) a Class Settlement requiring Rincon Restaurant to fund Individual Class Payments, and (2) a PAGA Settlement requiring Rincon Restaurant to fund Individual PAGA Payments and pay penalties to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”).

Based on Rincon’s records, and the Parties’ current assumptions, **your Individual Class Payment is estimated to be \$ [REDACTED] (less withholding) and your Individual PAGA Payment is estimated to be \$ [REDACTED]**. The actual amount you may receive likely will be different and will depend on a number of factors. (If no amount is stated for your Individual PAGA Payment, then according to Rincon’s records you are not eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment under the Settlement because you didn’t work during the PAGA Period.)

The above estimates are based on the Restaurant’s records showing that **you worked [REDACTED] workweeks** during the Class Period and **you worked [REDACTED] workweeks** during the PAGA Period. If you believe that you worked more workweeks during either period, you can submit a challenge by the deadline date. See Section 4 of this Notice.

The Court has already preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement and approved this Notice. The Court has not yet decided whether to grant final approval. Your legal rights are affected whether you act or not act. Read this Notice carefully. You will be deemed to have carefully read and understood it. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will decide whether to finally approve the Settlement and how much of the Settlement will be paid to Plaintiff and Plaintiff’s attorneys (“Class Counsel”). The Court will also decide whether to enter a judgment that requires the Restaurant to make payments under the Settlement and requires Class Members and Aggrieved Employees to give up their rights to assert certain claims against the Restaurant.

If you worked for the Restaurant during the Class Period and/or the PAGA Period, you have two basic options under the Settlement:

- (1) **Do Nothing.** You don’t have to do anything to participate in the proposed Settlement and be eligible for an Individual Class Payment and/or an Individual PAGA Payment. As a Participating Class Member, though, you will give up your right to assert Class Period wage claims and PAGA Period penalty claims against the Restaurant.
- (2) **Opt-Out of the Class Settlement.** You can exclude yourself from the Class Settlement (opt-out) by submitting the written Request for Exclusion or otherwise notifying the Administrator in writing. If you opt-out of the Settlement, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment. You will, however, preserve your right to personally pursue Class Period wage claims against the Restaurant, and, if you are an Aggrieved Employee, remain eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement.

Rincon Restaurant will not retaliate against you for any actions you take with respect to the proposed Settlement.

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT

You Don't Have to Do Anything to Participate in the Settlement	If you do nothing, you will be a Participating Class Member, eligible for an Individual Class Payment and an Individual PAGA Payment (if any). In exchange, you will give up your right to assert the wage claims against the Restaurant that are covered by this Settlement (Released Claims).
You Can Opt-out of the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement The Opt-out Deadline is [REDACTED]	If you don't want to fully participate in the proposed Settlement, you can opt-out of the Class Settlement by sending the Administrator a written Request for Exclusion. Once excluded, you will be a Non-Participating Class Member and no longer eligible for an Individual Class Payment. Non-Participating Class Members cannot object to any portion of the proposed Settlement. See Section 6 of this Notice. You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement. Rincon Restaurant must pay Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees and the Aggrieved Employees must give up their rights to pursue Released Claims (defined below).
Participating Class Members Can Object to the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement Written Objections Must be Submitted by [REDACTED]	All Class Members who do not opt-out ("Participating Class Members") can object to any aspect of the proposed Settlement. The Court's decision whether to finally approve the Settlement will include a determination of how much will be paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff who pursued the Action on behalf of the Class. You are not personally responsible for any payments to Class Counsel or Plaintiff, but every dollar paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff reduces the overall amount paid to Participating Class Members. You can object to the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff if you think they are unreasonable. See Section 7 of this Notice.
You Can Participate in the [REDACTED] Final Approval Hearing	The Court's Final Approval Hearing is scheduled to take place on [REDACTED]. You don't have to attend but you do have the right to appear (or hire an attorney to appear on your behalf at your own cost), in person, by telephone or by using the Court's virtual appearance platform. Participating Class Members can verbally object to the Settlement at the Final Approval Hearing. See Section 8 of this Notice.
You Can Challenge the Calculation of Your Workweeks/Pay Periods Written Challenges Must be Submitted by [REDACTED]	The amount of your Individual Class Payment and PAGA Payment (if any) depend on how many workweeks you worked at least one day during the Class Period and how many Pay Periods you worked at least one day during the PAGA Period, respectively. The number Class Period Workweeks and number of PAGA Period Pay Periods you worked according to the Restaurant's records is stated on the first page of this Notice. If you disagree with either of these numbers, you must challenge it by [REDACTED]. See Section 4 of this Notice.

1. WHAT IS THE ACTION ABOUT?

Plaintiff is a former Restaurant employee. The Action accuses the Restaurant of violating California labor laws by failing to pay overtime wages, minimum wages, wages due upon termination and reimbursable expenses and failing to provide meal periods, rest breaks and accurate itemized wage statements. Based on the same claims, Plaintiff has also asserted a claim for civil penalties under the California Private Attorneys General Act (Labor Code §§ 2698, et seq.) ("PAGA"). Plaintiff is represented by attorneys in the Action: Kane Moon, Allen Feghali, and Hyunjin Kim of Moon Law Group ("Class Counsel.")

The Restaurant strongly denies violating any laws or failing to pay any wages and contends it complied with all applicable laws.

2. WHAT DOES IT MEAN THAT THE ACTION HAS SETTLED?

The Court has made no determination whether the Restaurant or the Plaintiff is correct on the merits. In the meantime, Plaintiff and the Restaurant hired an experienced, neutral mediator, Jeff Krivis, Esq. in an effort to resolve the Action by negotiating an to end the case by agreement (settle the case) rather than continuing the expensive and time-consuming process of litigation. The negotiations were successful. By signing a lengthy written settlement agreement (“Agreement”) and agreeing to jointly ask the Court to enter a judgment ending the Action and enforcing the Agreement, Plaintiff and the Restaurant have negotiated a proposed Settlement that is subject to the Court’s Final Approval. Both sides agree the proposed Settlement is a compromise of disputed claims. By agreeing to settle, the Restaurant does not admit any violations or concede the merit of any claims.

Plaintiff and Class Counsel strongly believe the Settlement is a good deal for you because they believe that: (1) the Restaurant has agreed to pay a fair, reasonable and adequate amount considering the strength of the claims and the risks and uncertainties of continued litigation; and (2) Settlement is in the best interests of the Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. The Court preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement as fair, reasonable and adequate, authorized this Notice, and scheduled a hearing to determine Final Approval.

3. WHAT ARE THE IMPORTANT TERMS OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT?

1. The Restaurant Will Pay \$295,000.00 as the Gross Settlement Amount (Gross Settlement). The Restaurant has agreed to deposit the Gross Settlement into an account controlled by the Administrator of the Settlement. The Administrator will use the Gross Settlement to pay the Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel’s attorney’s fees and expenses, the Administrator’s expenses, and penalties to be paid to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”). Assuming the Court grants Final Approval, the Restaurant will fund the Gross Settlement within 15 business days after the Judgment entered by the Court become final. The Judgment will be final on the date the Court enters Judgment, or a later date if Participating Class Members object to the proposed Settlement or the Judgment is appealed.
2. Court Approved Deductions from Gross Settlement. At the Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve the following deductions from the Gross Settlement, the amounts of which will be decided by the Court at the Final Approval Hearing:
 - A. Up to \$ 98,333.00 (one-third of the Gross Settlement) to Class Counsel for attorneys’ fees and up to \$20,000 for their litigation expenses. To date, Class Counsel have worked and incurred expenses on the Action without payment.
 - B. Up to \$7,500.00 to the Plaintiff as a Class Representative Award for filing the Action, working with Class Counsel and representing the Class. A Class Representative Award will be the only monies Plaintiff will receive other than her Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment.
 - C. Up to \$20,000.00 to the Administrator for services administering the Settlement.
 - D. Up to \$30,000.00 for PAGA Penalties, allocated 75% to the LWDAPAGA Payment and 25% in Individual PAGA Payments to the Aggrieved Employees based on their PAGA Period Pay Periods.

Participating Class Members have the right to object to any of these deductions. The Court will consider all objections.

3. Net Settlement Distributed to Class Members. After making the above deductions in amounts approved by the Court, the Administrator will distribute the rest of the Gross Settlement (the “Net Settlement”) by making Individual Class Payments to Participating Class Members based on their Class Period Workweeks.
4. Taxes Owed on Payments to Class Members. Plaintiff and the Restaurant are asking the Court to approve an allocation of 20 % of each Individual Class Payment to taxable wages (“Wage Portion”) and 80% to interest and penalties (“Non-Wage Portion”). The Wage Portion is subject to withholdings and will be reported on IRS W-2 Forms. The Restaurant will separately pay employer payroll taxes it owes on the Wage portion. The Individual PAGA Payments are counted as penalties rather than wages for tax purposes. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments and the Non-Wage Portions of the Individual Class Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.

Although Plaintiff and the Restaurant have agreed to these allocations, neither side is giving you any advice on whether your Payments are taxable or how much you might owe in taxes. You are responsible for paying all taxes (including penalties and interest on back taxes) on any Payments received from the proposed Settlement. You should consult a tax advisor if you have any questions about the tax consequences of the proposed Settlement.

5. Need to Promptly Cash Payment Checks. The front of every check issued for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments will show the date when the check expires (the void date). If you don’t cash it by the void date, your check will be automatically cancelled, and the monies will be deposited with the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in your name.

If the monies represented by your check is sent to the Controller’s Unclaimed Property, you should consult the rules of the Fund for instructions on how to retrieve your money.

6. Requests for Exclusion from the Class Settlement (Opt-Outs). You will be treated as a Participating Class Member, participating fully in the Class Settlement, unless you notify the Administrator in writing, not later than [REDACTED], that you wish to opt-out. The easiest way to notify the Administrator is to send a written and signed Request for Exclusion by the [REDACTED] Response Deadline. The Request for Exclusion should be a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative setting forth a Class Member’s name, present address, telephone number, and a simple statement electing to be excluded from the Settlement. Excluded Class Members (i.e., Non-Participating Class Members) will not receive Individual Class Payments, but will preserve their rights to personally pursue wage and hour claims against the Restaurant.

You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the Settlement. Class Members who exclude themselves from the Class Settlement (Non-Participating Class Members) remain eligible for Individual PAGA Payments and are required to give up their right to assert PAGA claims against the Restaurant based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action, the allegations in Plaintiff’s PAGA Notice, and/or that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or PAGA Notice based on the facts contained therein.

7. The Proposed Settlement Will be Void if the Court Denies Final Approval. It is possible the Court will decline to grant Final Approval of the Settlement or decline enter a Judgment. It is also possible the Court will enter a Judgment that is reversed on appeal. Plaintiff and the Restaurant have agreed that, in either case, the Settlement will be void: the Restaurant will not pay any money and Class Members will not release any claims against the Restaurant.

8. Administrator. The Court has appointed a neutral company, ILYM Group, Inc. (the “Administrator”) to send this Notice, calculate and make payments, and process Class Members’ Requests for Exclusion. The Administrator will also decide Class Member Challenges over Workweeks, mail and re-mail settlement checks and tax forms, and perform other tasks necessary to administer the Settlement. The Administrator’s contact information is contained in Section 9 of this Notice.
9. Participating Class Members’ Release. After the Judgment is final and the Restaurant has fully funded the Gross Settlement (and separately paid all employer payroll taxes), Participating Class Members will be legally barred from asserting any of the claims released under the Settlement. This means that unless you opted out by validly excluding yourself from the Class Settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against the Restaurant or related entities for wages based on the Class Period facts and PAGA penalties based on PAGA Period facts, as alleged in the Action and resolved by this Settlement.

“Released Parties” means Rincon Taurino, Inc., Defendant Rincon Taurino Restaurant, Inc., and their past, present, and future parents, subsidiaries, affiliated companies, agents, managing agents, employees, heirs, officers, directors, owners and officers (both individually and in their official capacities), general partners, limited partners, trustees, former and present representatives, shareholders, stockholders, members, administrators, attorneys, parents, subsidiaries, equity sponsors, related companies/corporations and/or partnerships, divisions, assigns, predecessors, successors, insurers, consultants, joint venturers, joint employers, potential and/or alleged joint employers,.

The Participating Class Members will be bound by the following release (“Released Class Claims”):

Upon the Court’s approval of the Settlement, and upon payment of all funds dues under the terms of the Settlement, each and all participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, shall release and discharge Released Parties from the Released Class Claims and any and all federal and California state law wage-and-hour claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and/or causes of action of every nature and description arising from any and all claims that were alleged or could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint based on the facts contained therein, including, without limitation, statutory, constitutional, contractual, and/or common law claims for wages, reimbursements, damages, unpaid costs, penalties, liquidated damages, interest, attorneys’ fees, litigation costs, vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers’ compensation, restitution, or equitable relief or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period. The Released Class Claims include, without limitation, California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 382, 1021.5, California Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 218.5, 218.6, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2699, *et seq.*, 2699.3, 2802, and any federal counterparts, California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*, any IWC Wage Orders, California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5, any cause of action for (i) Failure to Pay Minimum Wages [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 204, 1194, 1194.2, and 1197]; (ii) Failure to Pay Overtime Compensation [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 510, 1194 and 1198]; (iii) Failure to Provide Meal Periods (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7, 512); (iv) Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Break (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7); (v) Failure to Indemnify Necessary Business Expenses (Cal. Lab. Code §

2802 and IWC Wage Orders); (vi) Failure to Timely Pay Final Wages at Termination Cal. Lab. Code §§ 201-203); (vii) Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements (Cal. Lab. Code § 226); (viii) Unfair Business Practices (Cal. Bus. & Prof Code §§ 17200, et seq.); and (ix) Civil Penalties Under PAGA (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 2699, et seq.).

Upon entry of Judgment, Class Members are precluded from filing a wage and hour action under the Fair Labor Standards Act against the Released Parties for claims and/or causes of action encompassed by the Released Claims which are extinguished and precluded pursuant to the holding in *Rangel v. PLS Check Cashers of California, Inc.*, 899 F.3d 1106 (2018). This release excludes the release of claims not permitted by law.

The following language will be printed on the reverse of each settlement payment check, or words to this effect: “By endorsing or otherwise negotiating this check, I acknowledge that I read, understood, and agree to the terms set forth in the Notice of Class Action Settlement and I consent to join in the Fair Labor Standards Act (“FLSA”) portion of the Action, elect to participate in the settlement of the FLSA claims, and agree to release all of my FLSA claims that are covered by the Settlement.”

10. Aggrieved Employees’ PAGA Release. After the Court’s judgment is final, and the Restaurant has paid the Gross Settlement (and separately paid the employer-side payroll taxes), all Aggrieved Employees will be barred from asserting PAGA claims against the Restaurant, whether or not they exclude themselves from the Settlement. This means that all Aggrieved Employees, including those who are Participating Class Members and those who opt-out of the Class Settlement, cannot sue, continue to sue, or participate in any other PAGA claim against the Restaurant or its related entities based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action and resolved by this Settlement.

The Aggrieved Employees’ Releases for Participating and Non-Participating Class Members are as follows:

Upon the Court’s approval of the Settlement, and upon payment of all funds due under the terms of the Settlement, all Aggrieved Employees (including Plaintiff), on behalf of themselves, and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, and the State of California shall be deemed to have fully, finally, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged each and all of the Released Parties from any and all claims, demands, rights, liabilities, and/or causes of action for penalties under PAGA that accrued during the PAGA Period and that were asserted in Plaintiff’s PAGA Notice or the Operative Complaint as well as those that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint or PAGA Notice based on the facts contained therein, including, without limitation, Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5, 218.6, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2699, et seq., 2802, California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq., California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Orders. Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees shall be deemed to have acknowledged and agreed that their claims in this Action are disputed, and that the payments to them set forth in this Agreement constitute payment of all sums allegedly due to them arising from the PAGA claims and constitute settlement of all PAGA claims.

Nothing in this Agreement is intended to or shall preclude Plaintiff and Aggrieved Employees from filing a complaint and/or charge with any appropriate federal, state, or local government agency and/or cooperating with said agency in its investigation. Plaintiff and Aggrieved Employees retain the right to file a charge with, and to participate in an investigation conducted by, any appropriate government agency charged with enforcement of any law and the right to engage in concerted activity granted by Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act.

4. HOW WILL THE ADMINISTRATOR CALCULATE MY PAYMENT?

1. Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual Class Payments by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members, and (b) multiplying the result by the number of Workweeks worked by each individual Participating Class Member.
2. Individual PAGA Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual PAGA Payments by (a) dividing \$7,500.00 by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees and (b) multiplying the result by the number of PAGA Period Pay Periods worked by each individual Aggrieved Employee.
3. Workweek/Pay Period Challenges. The number of Class Workweeks you worked during the Class Period and the number of PAGA Pay Periods you worked during the PAGA Period, as recorded in the Restaurant's records, are stated in the first page of this Notice. You have until [REDACTED] to challenge the number of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods credited to you. You can submit your challenge by signing and sending a letter to the Administrator via mail, email or fax. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

You need to support your challenge by sending copies of pay stubs or other records. The Administrator will accept the Restaurant's calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods based on the Restaurant's records as accurate unless you send copies of records containing contrary information. You should send copies rather than originals because the documents will not be returned to you. The Administrator will resolve Workweek and/or Pay Period challenges based on your submission and on input from Class Counsel (who will advocate on behalf of Participating Class Members) and the Restaurant's Counsel. The Administrator's decision is final. You can't appeal or otherwise challenge its final decision.

5. HOW WILL I GET PAID?

1. Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, by U.S. mail, a single check to every Participating Class Member (i.e., every Class Member who doesn't opt-out) including those who also qualify as Aggrieved Employees. The single check will combine the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment.
2. Non-Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, by U.S. mail, a single Individual PAGA Payment check to every Aggrieved Employee who opts out of the Class Settlement (i.e., every Non-Participating Class Member).

Your check will be sent to the same address as this Notice. If you change your address, be sure to notify the Administrator as soon as possible. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

6. HOW DO I OPT-OUT OF THE CLASS SETTLEMENT?

To opt-out of the Class Settlement, you must submit a written and signed letter with your name, present address, telephone number, and a simple statement that you do not want to participate in the Settlement. The Administrator will exclude you based on any writing communicating your request be excluded. Be sure to personally sign your request, identify the Action as *RINCON TAURINO RESTAURANT, INC. SETTLEMENT*, and include your identifying information (full name, address, telephone number, approximate dates of employment, and social security number for verification purposes). You must make the request yourself. If someone else makes the request for you, it will not be valid. **The Administrator must be sent your request to be excluded by [REDACTED], or it will be invalid.** Section 9 of the Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

7. HOW DO I OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT?

Only Participating Class Members have the right to object to the Settlement. Before deciding whether to object, you may wish to see what Plaintiff and the Restaurant are asking the Court to approve. At least 16 court days before the [REDACTED] Final Approval Hearing, Class Counsel and/or Plaintiff will file in Court (1) a Motion for Final Approval that includes, among other things, the reasons why the proposed Settlement is fair, and (2) a Motion for Fees, Litigation Expenses and Service Award stating (i) the amount Class Counsel is requesting for attorneys' fees and litigation expenses; and (ii) the amount Plaintiff is requesting as a Class Representative Service Award. Upon reasonable request, Class Counsel (whose contact information is in Section 9 of this Notice) will send you copies of these documents at no cost to you. You can also view them on the Administrator's Website [REDACTED] or the Court's website [REDACTED]

A Participating Class Member who disagrees with any aspect of the Agreement, the Motion for Final Approval and/or Motion for Fees, Litigation Expenses and Service Award may wish to object, for example, that the proposed Settlement is unfair, or that the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff are too high or too low. **The deadline for sending written objections to the Administrator is [REDACTED].** Be sure to tell the Administrator what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. Make sure you identify the Action *RINCON TAURINO RESTAURANT, INC. SETTLEMENT* and include your name, current address, telephone number, and approximate dates of employment for the Restaurant and sign the objection. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

Alternatively, a Participating Class Member can object (or personally retain a lawyer to object at your own cost) by attending the Final Approval Hearing. You (or your attorney) should be ready to tell the Court what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. See Section 8 of this Notice (immediately below) for specifics regarding the Final Approval Hearing.

8. CAN I ATTEND THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING?

You can, but don't have to, attend the Final Approval Hearing on [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] in Department 10 of the Los Angeles County Superior Court, located at 312 N Spring Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012. At the Hearing, the judge will decide whether to grant Final Approval of the Settlement and how much of the Gross Settlement will be paid to Class Counsel, Plaintiff, and the Administrator. The Court will invite comment from objectors, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel before making a decision. You can attend (or hire a lawyer to attend) either personally or virtually via LACourtConnect (<https://www.lacourt.org/lacc/>). Check the Court's website for the most current information.

It's possible the Court will reschedule the Final Approval Hearing. You should check the Administrator's website [\[redacted\]](#) beforehand or contact Class Counsel to verify the date and time of the Final Approval Hearing.

9. HOW CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION?

The Agreement sets forth everything the Restaurant and Plaintiff have promised to do under the proposed Settlement. The easiest way to read the Agreement, the Judgment or any other Settlement documents is to go to [\[redacted\]](#)'s website at [\[redacted\]](#). You can also telephone or send an email to Class Counsel or the Administrator using the contact information listed below, or consult the Superior Court website by going to (<https://www.lacourt.org/>) and entering the Case Number for the Action, Case No. 22STCV02097.

Class Counsel:

Name of Attorney: Kane Moon, Allen Feghali, Hyunjin Kim
Email Address: kmoon@moonlawgroup.com; afeghali@moonlawgroup.com; hkim@moonlawgroup.com
Name of Firm: Moon Law Group, PC
Mailing Address: 1055 W 7th Street, Suite 1880, Los Angeles, CA 90017
Telephone: 213-232-3128

Defense Counsel:

Name of Attorney: Beth A. Kahn, Matthew R. Richardson
Email Address: b.kahn@musickpeeler.com; m.richardson@musickpeeler.com
Name of Firm: Musick, Peeler & Garrett LLP
Mailing Address: 333 South Hope Street, Suite 2900 Los Angeles, California 90071
Telephone: (213) 629-7600

Settlement Administrator:

Name of Company:
Email Address:
Mailing Address:
Telephone:
Fax Number:

PLEASE DO NOT CALL OR WRITE TO THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

10. WHAT IF I LOSE MY SETTLEMENT CHECK?

If you lose or misplace your settlement check before cashing it, the Administrator will replace it as long as you request a replacement before the void date on the face of the original check. If your check is already void

you should consult the Unclaimed Property Fund [\[redacted\]](#) for instructions on how to retrieve the funds.

11. WHAT IF I CHANGE MY ADDRESS?

To receive your check, you should immediately notify the Administrator if you move or otherwise change your mailing address.