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and on behalf of all others similarly situated.

FILED
Superior Court of California
County of Los Angeles

03/28/2022

Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer / Clerk of Court

By: R. Sanchez Deputy

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

JORGE OROZCO, individually and on
behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIRKHILL INC.; KIRKHILL AIRCRAFT
PARTS CO.; KIRKHILL RUBBER
COMPANY; DYNAMIC STAFFING
SOLUTIONS LLC; PERSONNEL
SERVICES LLC; and DOES 1 through 20,
inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 22STCV00597

*Assigned for All Purposes to:
Judge William F. Highberger
Dept. 10*

**[Amended as a matter of right, pursuant to
Labor Code section 2699.3(a)(2)(C)]**

**FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION
COMPLAINT FOR:**

1. Failure to Pay Minimum Wages;
2. Failure to Pay Overtime Wages;
3. Failure to Provide Meal Periods;
4. Failure to Permit Rest Breaks;
5. Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements;
6. Failure to Pay All Wages Due Upon Separation of Employment;
7. Violation of Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*; and
8. Enforcement of Labor Code § 2698 *et seq.* ("PAGA")

1 Plaintiff Jorge Orozco, individually, and on behalf of others similarly situated, alleges
2 as follows:

3 **NATURE OF ACTION AND INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT**

4 1. Plaintiff Jorge Orozco (“Plaintiff”) brings this putative class action and
5 representative action pursuant to the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, Cal. Lab. Code. §
6 2698 *et seq.*, against Defendants Kirkhill Rubber Company; Dynamic Staffing Solutions LLC;
7 Personnel Services LLC, and DOES 1 through 20, inclusive (“Defendants”), on behalf of
8 himself individually and on behalf of California residents who are and were employed by
9 Defendants as non-exempt employees throughout California.

10 2. Defendants are in the business of manufacturing.

11 3. Through this action, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants have engaged in a
12 systematic pattern of wage and hour violations under the California Labor Code and Industrial
13 Welfare Commission (“IWC”) Wage Orders, all of which contribute to Defendants’ deliberate
14 unfair competition.

15 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants have
16 increased their profits by violating state wage and hour laws by, among other things:

- 17 (a) failing to pay all wages (including minimum wages and overtime
18 wages);
- 19 (b) failing to provide lawful meal periods or compensation in lieu thereof;
- 20 (c) failing to authorize or permit lawful rest breaks or provide compensation
21 in lieu thereof;
- 22 (d) failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements;
- 23 (e) failing to pay all wages due upon separation of employment.

24 5. Plaintiff seeks monetary relief against Defendants on behalf of himself and all
25 others similarly situated in California to recover, among other things, unpaid wages and
26 benefits, interest, attorneys’ fees, costs and expenses, and penalties pursuant to Labor Code §§
27 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 223, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1174, 174.5, 1182.12, 1194,
28 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2698, *et seq.*, and Code of California Civil Procedure § 1021.5.

1 13. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that DOES 1 through 20
2 are or were the partners, agents, owners, shareholders, managers, or employees of Defendants
3 at all relevant times.

4 14. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants acted in
5 all respects pertinent to this action as the agent of the other Defendants, carried out a joint
6 scheme, business plan, or policy or integrated enterprise in all respects pertinent hereto, and
7 the acts of Defendants are legally attributable to the other Defendants. Furthermore, Defendants
8 in all respects acted as the employer and/or joint employer of Plaintiff and the class members.

9 15. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each and all of the
10 acts and omissions alleged herein were performed by, or are attributable to, Defendants and/or
11 DOES 1 through 20, acting as the agent or alter ego for the other, with legal authority to act on
12 the other's behalf. The acts of Defendants were in accordance with, and represent, the official
13 policy of Defendants.

14 16. At all relevant times, Defendants acted within the scope of such agency or
15 employment, or ratified each and every act or omission complained of herein. At all relevant
16 times, Defendants aided and abetted the acts and omissions of each Defendants in proximately
17 causing the damages herein alleged.

18 17. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants are in
19 some manner intentionally, negligently, or otherwise responsible for the acts, omissions,
20 occurrences, and transactions alleged herein.

21 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

22 18. Plaintiff brings this action under Code of Civil Procedure § 382 on behalf of
23 himself and all others similarly situated who were affected by Defendants' Labor Code,
24 Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, and IWC Wage Order violations.

25 19. All claims alleged herein arise under California law for which Plaintiff seeks
26 relief authorized by California law.

27 20. Plaintiff's proposed class consists of and is defined as follows:

28 Class

1 All California residents currently or formerly employed by Defendants as non-
2 exempt employees in the State of California at any time between July 12, 2017¹
3 and the date the class is certified (“Class”).

4 21. Plaintiff also seeks to certify the following subclass of employees:

5 Waiting Time Subclass

6 All Class Members who separated their employment with Defendants at any time
7 between July 12, 2018 and the date the class is certified (“Subclass” or “Waiting
8 Time Subclass”).

9 22. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or re-define the Class, establish additional
10 subclasses, or modify or re-define any class or subclass definition as appropriate based on
11 investigation, discovery, and specific theories of liability.

12 23. Members of the Class and the Subclass described above will be collectively
13 referred to as “Class Members.”

14 24. There are common questions of law and fact as to the Class Members that
15 predominate over any questions affecting only individual members including, but not limited to,
16 the following:

17 (a) Whether Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and Class Members all wages
18 (including minimum wages and overtime wages) for all hours worked by
19 Plaintiff and Class Members.

20 (b) Whether Defendants required Plaintiff and Class Members to work over
21 eight (8) hours per day, over twelve (12) hours per day, over forty (40)
22 hours per week, and/or seven (7) consecutive days and failed to pay them
23 overtime compensation at the proper rate.

24 (c) Whether Defendants deprived Plaintiff and Class Members of timely
25 meal periods or required Plaintiff and Class Members to work through
26 meal periods without proper compensation.

27 ¹ The statute of limitations for this matter was tolled between April 6, 2020 and October 1, 2020
28 pursuant to Cal. Rules of Court, Appendix I, Emergency Rule No. 9.

- 1 (d) Whether Defendants deprived Plaintiff and Class Members of rest breaks
2 or required Plaintiff and Class Members to work through rest breaks
3 without proper compensation.
- 4 (e) Whether Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff and Class Members
5 accurate itemized wage statements.
- 6 (f) Whether Defendants failed to timely pay the Waiting Time Subclass all
7 wages due upon termination or within seventy-two (72) hours of
8 resignation.
- 9 (g) Whether Defendants' conduct was willful or reckless.
- 10 (h) Whether Defendants engaged in unfair business practices in violation of
11 Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

12 25. There is a well-defined community of interest in this litigation and the proposed
13 Class and Subclass are readily ascertainable:

14 (a) Numerosity: The Class Members are so numerous that joinder of all
15 members is impractical. Although the members of the entire Class and Subclass are unknown
16 to Plaintiff at this time, on information and belief, the class is estimated to be greater than
17 twenty-five (25) individuals. The identities of the Class Members are readily ascertainable by
18 inspection of Defendants' employment and payroll records.

19 (b) Typicality: The claims (or defenses, if any) of Plaintiff are typical of the
20 claims (or defenses, if any) of the Class Members because Defendants' failure to comply with
21 the provisions of California's wage and hour laws entitled each Class Member to similar pay,
22 benefits, and other relief. The injuries sustained by Plaintiff are also typical of the injuries
23 sustained by the Class Members because they arise out of and are caused by Defendants'
24 common course of conduct as alleged herein.

25 (c) Adequacy: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the
26 interests of all Class Members because it is in his best interest to prosecute the claims alleged
27 herein to obtain full compensation and penalties due to him and the Class Members. Plaintiff's
28 attorneys, as proposed class counsel, are competent and experienced in litigating large

1 employment class actions and versed in the rules governing class action discovery,
2 certification, and settlement. Plaintiff has incurred and, throughout the duration of this action,
3 will continue to incur attorneys' fees and costs that have been and will be necessarily expended
4 for the prosecution of this action for the substantial benefit of the Class Members.

5 (d) Superiority: The nature of this action makes use of class action
6 adjudication superior to other methods. A class action will achieve economies of time, effort,
7 and expense as compared with separate lawsuits and will avoid inconsistent outcomes because
8 the same issues can be adjudicated in the same manner for the entire Class and Subclass at the
9 same time. If appropriate, this Court can, and is empowered to, fashion methods to efficiently
10 manage this case as a class action.

11 (e) Public Policy Considerations: Employers in the State of California
12 violate employment and labor laws every day. Current employees are often afraid to assert their
13 rights out of fear of direct or indirect retaliation. Former employees are fearful of bringing
14 actions because they believe their former employers might damage their future endeavors
15 through negative references and/or other means. Class actions provide class members who are
16 not named in the complaint with a type of anonymity that allows for the vindication of their
17 rights while affording them privacy protections.

18 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

19 26. At all relevant times mentioned herein, Defendants employed Plaintiff and other
20 California residents as non-exempt employees at Defendants' California business location(s).

21 27. Defendants employed Plaintiff as a non-exempt employee at Defendants'
22 California business location.

23 28. Defendants continue to employ non-exempt employees within California.

24 29. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all times herein
25 mentioned, Defendants were advised by skilled lawyers, employees, and other professionals
26 who were knowledgeable about California's wage and hour laws, employment and personnel
27 practices, and the requirements of California law.
28

1 30. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or
2 should have known that Plaintiff and Class Members were entitled to receive wages for all time
3 worked (including minimum wages and overtime wages) and that they were not receiving all
4 wages earned for work that was required to be performed. In violation of the Labor Code and
5 IWC Wage Orders, Plaintiff and Class Members were not paid all wages (including minimum
6 wages and overtime wages) for all hours worked at the correct rate.

7 31. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or
8 should have known that Plaintiff and Class Members were entitled to receive all required meal
9 periods or payment of one (1) additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and Class Members' regular
10 rate of pay when they did not receive a timely, uninterrupted meal period. In violation of the
11 Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders, Plaintiff and Class Members did not receive all meal
12 periods or payment of one (1) additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and Class Members' regular
13 rate of pay when they did not receive a timely, uninterrupted meal period.

14 32. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or
15 should have known that Plaintiff and Class Members were entitled to receive all rest breaks or
16 payment of one (1) additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and Class Members' regular rate of pay
17 when a rest break was missed. In violation of the Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders, Plaintiff
18 and Class Members did not receive all rest breaks or payment of one (1) additional hour of pay
19 at Plaintiff's and Class Members' regular rate of pay when a rest break was missed.

20 33. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or
21 should have known that Plaintiff and Class Members were entitled to receive itemized wage
22 statements that accurately showed the following information pursuant to the Labor Code: (1)
23 gross wages earned; (2) total hours worked by the employee; (3) the number of piece-rate units
24 earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis; (4) all
25 deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be
26 aggregated and shown as one item; (5) net wages earned; (6) the inclusive dates of the period
27 for which the employee is paid; (7) the name of the employee and only the last four digits of his
28 or her social security number or an employee identification number other than a social security

1 number; (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer; and (9) all applicable
2 hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at
3 each hourly rate by the employee. In violation of the Labor Code, Plaintiff and Class Members
4 were not provided with accurate itemized wage statements.

5 34. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or
6 should have known that the Waiting Time Subclass was entitled to timely payment of wages
7 due upon separation of employment. In violation of the Labor Code, the Waiting Time Subclass
8 did not receive payment of all wages within permissible time periods.

9 35. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants knew or
10 should have known they had a duty to compensate Plaintiff and Class Members, and
11 Defendants had the financial ability to pay such compensation but willfully, knowingly, and
12 intentionally failed to do so in order to increase Defendants' profits.

13 36. Therefore, Plaintiff brings this lawsuit seeking monetary and injunctive relief
14 against Defendants on behalf of himself and all Class Members to recover, among other things,
15 unpaid wages (including minimum wages and overtime wages), unpaid meal period premium
16 payments, unpaid rest period premium payments, interest, attorneys' fees, penalties, costs, and
17 expenses.

18 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

19 **FAILURE TO PAY MINIMUM WAGES**

20 (Violation of Labor Code §§ 223, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1197; Violation of IWC Wage Order)

21 37. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference all paragraphs above as
22 though fully set forth herein.

23 38. Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1197 provide that the minimum wage for employees
24 fixed by the IWC is the minimum wage to be paid to employees, and the payment of a lesser
25 wage than the minimum so fixed is unlawful.

26 39. During the relevant time period, Defendants paid Plaintiff and Class Members
27 less than minimum wages when they failed to pay proper compensation for all hours worked.
28

1 To the extent these hours do not qualify for the payment of overtime, Plaintiff and Class
2 Members were not being paid at least the lawful minimum wage for their work.

3 40. During the relevant time period, Defendants regularly failed to pay at least
4 minimum wage to Plaintiff and Class Members for all hours worked pursuant to Labor Code
5 §§ 1194 and 1197.

6 41. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and Class Members the required minimum
7 wage violates Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1197. Pursuant to these sections, Plaintiff and Class
8 Members are entitled to recover the unpaid balance of their minimum wage compensation as
9 well as interest, costs, and attorneys' fees.

10 42. Pursuant to Labor Code § 1194.2, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to
11 recover liquidated damages in an amount equal to the wages unlawfully unpaid and the accrued
12 interest thereon.

13 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

14 **FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME**

15 (Violation of Labor Code §§ 223, 510, 1194, and 1198; Violation of IWC Wage Order)

16 43. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference all paragraphs above as
17 though fully set forth herein.

18 44. Labor Code § 1198 and the applicable IWC Wage Order provide that it is
19 unlawful to employ persons without compensating them at a rate of pay either one and one-half
20 (1½) or two (2) times the person's regular rate of pay, depending on the number of hours or
21 days worked by the person on a daily or weekly basis.

22 45. Specifically, the applicable IWC Wage Orders provide that Defendants are and
23 were required to pay overtime compensation to Plaintiff and Class Members at the rate of one
24 and one-half times (1½) their regular rate of pay when working and for all hours worked in
25 excess of eight (8) hours in a day or more than forty (40) hours in a workweek and for the first
26 eight (8) hours of work on the seventh day of work in a workweek.

27 46. The applicable IWC Wage Orders further provide that Defendants are and were
28 required to pay overtime compensation to Plaintiff and Class Members at a rate of two times

1 their regular rate of pay when working and for all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours
2 in a day or in excess of eight (8) hours on the seventh day of work in a workweek.

3 47. California Labor Code § 510 codifies the right to overtime compensation at one
4 and one-half (1½) times the regular hourly rate for hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in
5 a day or forty (40) hours in a week and for the first eight (8) hours worked on the seventh
6 consecutive day of work, and overtime compensation at twice the regular hourly rate for hours
7 worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a day or in excess of eight (8) hours in a day on the
8 seventh day of work in a workweek.

9 48. Labor Code § 510 and the applicable IWC Wage Orders provide that
10 employment of more than six days in a workweek is only permissible if the employer pays
11 proper overtime compensation as set forth herein.

12 49. Plaintiff and Class Members were non-exempt employees entitled to the
13 protections of California Labor Code §§ 510 and 1194.

14 50. During the relevant time period, Defendants required Plaintiff and Class
15 Members to work in excess of eight (8) hours in a day, forty (40) hours in a week, and/or for a
16 seventh consecutive day in a workweek without paying Plaintiff and Class Members overtime
17 wages for their work.

18 51. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and Class
19 Members overtime wages for all overtime hours worked when Plaintiff and Class Members
20 worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day, forty (40) hours in a week and/or for a seventh
21 consecutive day of work in a workweek, or when Plaintiff and Class Members worked in
22 excess of twelve (12) hours in a day and/or in excess of eight (8) hours on the seventh day of
23 work in a work week.

24 52. In violation of state law, Defendants knowingly and willfully refused to perform
25 its obligations and compensate Plaintiff and Class Members for all wages earned and all hours
26 worked.

27 ///

28 ///

53. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and Class Members the unpaid balance of overtime and double time compensation, as required by California law, violates the provisions of Labor Code §§ 510 and 1198, and is therefore unlawful.

54. Pursuant to Labor Code § 1194, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover their unpaid overtime and double time compensation as well as interest, costs, and attorneys' fees.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

FAILURE TO PROVIDE MEAL PERIODS

(Violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; Violation of IWC Wage Order)

55. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein

56. Labor Code § 226.7 provides that no employer shall require an employee to work during any meal period mandated by the IWC Wage Orders.

57. Section 11 of the applicable IWC Wage Order states, “[n]o employer shall employ any person for a work period of more than five (5) hours without a meal period of not less than 30 minutes, except that when a work period of not more than six (6) hours will complete the day’s work the meal period may be waived by mutual consent of the employer and the employee.”

58. Labor Code § 512(a) provides that an employer may not require, cause, or permit an employee to work for a period of more than five (5) hours per day without providing the employee with an uninterrupted meal period of not less than thirty (30) minutes, except that if the total work period per day of the employee is not more than six (6) hours, the meal period may be waived by mutual consent of both the employer and the employee.

59. Labor Code § 512(a) also provides that an employer may not employ an employee for a work period of more than ten (10) hours per day without providing the employee with a second meal period of not less than thirty (30) minutes, except that if the total hours worked is no more than twelve (12) hours, the second meal period may be waived by mutual consent of the employer and the employee only if the first meal period was not waived.

1 60. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and Class Members did not receive
2 compliant meal periods for working more than five (5) and/or ten (10) hours per day because
3 their meal periods were missed, late, short, interrupted, and/or they were not permitted to take a
4 second meal period.

5 61. Labor Code § 226.7(b) and section 11 of the applicable IWC Wage Order
6 requires an employer to pay an employee one (1) additional hour of pay at the employee's
7 regular rate of compensation for each work day that a compliant meal period is not provided.

8 62. At all relevant times, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and Class Members meal
9 period premiums for missed, late, short, and/or interrupted meal periods pursuant to Labor Code
10 § 226.7(b) and section 11 of the applicable IWC Wage Order.

11 63. As a result of Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and Class Members an
12 additional hour of pay for each day a compliant meal period was not provided, Plaintiff and
13 Class Members suffered and continue to suffer a loss of wages and compensation.

14 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **FAILURE TO PERMIT REST BREAKS**

16 (Violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7; Violation of IWC Wage Order)

17 64. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference all paragraphs above as
18 though fully set forth herein.

19 65. Labor Code § 226.7(a) provides that no employer shall require an employee to
20 work during any rest period mandated by the IWC Wage Orders.

21 66. Section 12 of the applicable IWC Wage Order states "[e]very employer shall
22 authorize and permit all employees to take rest periods, which insofar as practicable shall be in
23 the middle of each work period[,]" and the "[a]uthorized rest period time shall be based on the
24 total hours worked daily at the rate of ten (10) minutes net rest time per four (4) hours or major
25 fraction thereof[,]" unless the total daily work time is less than three and one-half (3½) hours.

26 67. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and Class Members did not receive a
27 ten (10) minute rest period for every four (4) hours or major fraction thereof worked because
28

1 they were required to work through their daily rest periods, were not permitted to take timely
2 rest periods, and/or were not authorized to take their rest periods.

3 68. Labor Code § 226.7(b) and section 12 of the applicable IWC Wage Order
4 requires an employer to pay an employee one (1) additional hour of pay at the employee's
5 regular rate of compensation for each work day that a compliant rest period is not provided.

6 69. At all relevant times, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and Class Members rest
7 period premiums for missed, late, and/or interrupted rest periods pursuant to Labor Code §
8 226.7(b) and section 12 of the applicable IWC Wage Order.

9 70. As a result of Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and Class Members an
10 additional hour of pay for each day a compliant rest period was not provided, Plaintiff and Class
11 Members suffered and continue to suffer a loss of wages and compensation.

12 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

13 **FAILURE TO PROVIDE ACCURATE ITEMIZED WAGE STATEMENTS**

14 (Violation of Labor Code § 226; Violation of IWC Wage Order)

15 71. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference all paragraphs above as
16 though fully set forth herein.

17 72. Labor Code § 226(a) requires Defendants to provide each employee with an
18 accurate wage statement in writing showing nine pieces of information, including, the
19 following: (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, (3) the number of
20 piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate
21 basis, (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee
22 may be aggregated and shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the
23 period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and the last four digits of
24 his or her social security number or an employee identification number other than a social
25 security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all
26 applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours
27 worked at each hourly rate by the employee.

1 73. During the relevant time period, Defendants have knowingly and intentionally
2 failed to comply with Labor Code § 226(a) on wage statements that were provided to Plaintiff
3 and Class Members. Defendants provided Plaintiff and Class Members with wage statements
4 that were missing or inaccurately stated one or more of the following items: (1) gross wages
5 earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and
6 any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis, (4) all deductions,
7 provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and
8 shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which the
9 employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and the last four digits of his or her social
10 security number or an employee identification number other than a social security number, (8)
11 the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and/or (9) all applicable hourly
12 rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each
13 hourly rate by the employee.

14 74. As a result of Defendants' knowing and intentional failure to comply with Labor
15 Code § 226(a), Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered injury and damage to their
16 statutorily-protected rights. Specifically, Plaintiff and Class Members are deemed to suffer an
17 injury pursuant to Labor Code § 226(e) where, as here, Defendants intentionally violated Labor
18 Code § 226(a). Plaintiff and Class Members were denied both their legal right to receive, and
19 their protected interest in receiving, accurate itemized wage statements under Labor Code
20 § 226(a). In addition, because Defendants failed to provide the accurate rates of pay on wage
21 statements, Defendants prevented Plaintiff and Class Members from determining if all hours
22 worked were paid at the appropriate rate and the extent of the underpayment. Plaintiff has had
23 to file this lawsuit in order to analyze the extent of the underpayment, thereby causing Plaintiff
24 to incur expenses and lost time. Plaintiff would not have had to engage in these efforts and
25 incur these costs had Defendants provided the accurate hours worked, wages earned, and rates
26 of pay. This has also delayed Plaintiff's ability to demand and recover the underpayment of
27 wages from Defendants.
28

75. Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover from Defendants the greater of all actual damages caused by Defendants' failure to comply with Labor Code § 226(a) or fifty dollars (\$50.00) for the initial pay period in which a violation occurred and one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per employee for each violation in subsequent pay periods in an amount not exceeding four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00) per employee, plus attorneys' fees and costs.

76. Defendants' violations of California Labor Code § 226(a) prevented Plaintiff and Class Members from knowing, understanding, and disputing the wages paid to them and resulted in an unjustified economic enrichment to Defendants. As a result of Defendants' knowing and intentional failure to comply with California Labor Code § 226(a), Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered an injury, in the exact amount of damages and/or penalties to be shown according to proof at trial.

77. Class Members that are still employed by Defendants are also entitled to injunctive relief under California Labor Code § 226(h), compelling Defendants to comply with California Labor Code § 226. Accordingly, affected Class Members seek the recovery of attorneys' fees and costs incurred in obtaining this injunctive relief.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

FAILURE TO PAY ALL WAGES DUE UPON SEPARATION OF EMPLOYMENT

(Violation of Labor Code §§ 201, 202, and 203; Violation of IWC Wage Order)

78. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.

79. Labor Code §§ 201 and 202 provide that if an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge are due and payable immediately, and that if an employee voluntarily leaves his employment, his or her wages shall become due and payable not later than seventy-two (72) hours thereafter, unless the employee has given seventy-two (72) hours previous notice of an intention to quit, in which case the employee is entitled to his or her wages at the time of quitting.

80. During the relevant time period, Defendants willfully failed to pay the Waiting Time Subclass all their earned wages upon termination, including, but not limited to, proper

1 minimum wage and overtime compensation, meal period premiums, and rest period premiums
2 either at the time of discharge or within seventy-two (72) hours of their leaving Defendants'
3 employ.

4 81. Defendants' failure to pay the Waiting Time Subclass all their earned wages at
5 the time of discharge or within seventy-two (72) hours of their leaving Defendants' employ is
6 in violation of Labor Code §§ 201 and 202.

7 82. Labor Code § 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to pay wages owed
8 immediately upon discharge or resignation in accordance with Labor Code §§ 201 and 202,
9 then the wages of the employee shall continue as a penalty from the due date at the same rate
10 until paid or until an action is commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than thirty
11 (30) days.

12 83. Pursuant to Labor Code § 203, the Waiting Time Subclass is entitled to recover
13 from Defendants the statutory penalty, which is defined as the Waiting Time Subclass
14 members' regular daily wages at their regular hourly rate of pay for each day they were not
15 paid, up to a maximum of thirty (30) days.

16 SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

17 **VIOLATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE §§ 17200, ET SEQ.**

18 (Violation of Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*)

19 84. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference all paragraphs above as
20 though fully set forth herein.

21 85. California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*, prohibits acts of
22 unfair competition, which includes any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice .
23 . . ."

24 86. A violation of California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*, may
25 be predicated on a violation of any state or federal law. In the instant case, Defendants' policies
26 and practices violated state law, causing Plaintiff and Class Members to suffer and continue to
27 suffer injuries-in-fact.
28

1 87. Defendants' policies and practices violated state law in at least the following
2 respects:

- 3 (a) Failing to pay all wages earned (including minimum wage and overtime
4 wages) to Plaintiff and Class Members in violation of Labor Code §§
5 204, 223, 510, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, and 1198.
- 6 (b) Failing to provide compliant meal periods without paying Plaintiff and
7 Class Members premium wages for every day said meal periods were not
8 provided in violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512.
- 9 (c) Failing to authorize or permit compliant rest breaks without paying
10 Plaintiff and Class Members premium wages for every day said rest
11 breaks were not authorized or permitted in violation of Labor Code §
12 226.7.
- 13 (d) Failing to provide Plaintiff and Class Members with accurate itemized
14 wage statements in violation of Labor Code § 226.
- 15 (e) Failing to timely pay all earned wages to the members of the Waiting
16 Time Subclass upon separation of employment in violation of Labor
17 Code §§ 201, 202, and 203.

18 88. As alleged herein, Defendants systematically engaged in unlawful conduct in
19 violation of the California Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders, such as failing to pay all wages
20 (minimum and overtime wages), failing to provide meal periods and rest breaks or
21 compensation in lieu thereof, failing to furnish accurate wage statements, and failing to pay all
22 wages due and owing upon separation of employment in a timely manner, all in order to
23 decrease its costs of doing business and increase its profits.

24 89. At all relevant times herein, Defendants held themselves out to Plaintiff and
25 Class Members as being knowledgeable concerning the labor and employment laws of
26 California.

27 90. At all times relevant herein, Defendants intentionally avoided paying Plaintiff
28 and Class Members wages and monies, thereby creating for Defendants an artificially lower

1 cost of doing business in order to undercut its competitors and establish and/or gain a greater
2 foothold in the marketplace.

3 91. As a result of Defendants' intentional, willful, purposeful, and wrongful
4 misrepresentation of their conformance with the California Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders,
5 Plaintiff and Class Members suffered a loss of wages and monies, all in an amount to be shown
6 according to proof at trial.

7 92. By violating the foregoing statutes and regulations as herein alleged,
8 Defendants' acts constitute unfair and unlawful business practices under California Business
9 and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

10 93. As a result of the unfair and unlawful business practices of Defendants, as
11 alleged herein, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to injunctive relief, disgorgement, and
12 restitution in an amount to be shown according to proof at trial.

13 94. Plaintiff seeks to enforce important rights affecting the public interest within the
14 meaning of California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5. Defendants' conduct, as alleged
15 herein, has been and continues to be unfair, unlawful, and harmful to Plaintiff, Class Members,
16 and the general public. Based on Defendants' conduct as alleged herein, Plaintiff and Class
17 Members are entitled to an award of attorneys' fees pursuant to California Code of Civil
18 Procedure § 1021.5.

19 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

20 **ENFORCEMENT OF LABOR CODE §§ 2698 ET SEQ. ("PAGA")**

21 95. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporate by reference the previous paragraphs as
22 though fully set forth herein.

23 96. Pursuant to Labor Code § 2699(a), any provision of the Labor Code that provides
24 for a civil penalty to be assessed and collected by the Labor and Workforce Development Agency
25 ("LWDA") or any of its departments, divisions, commissions, boards, agencies, or employees for
26 violation of the Labor Code may, as an alternative, be recovered through a civil action brought by
27 an aggrieved employee on behalf of himself or herself and other current or former employees
28 pursuant to the procedures specified in Labor Code § 2699.3.

1 97. For all provisions of the Labor Code except those for which a civil penalty is
2 specifically provided, Labor Code § 2699(f) imposes upon Defendants a penalty of one hundred
3 dollars (\$100.00) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation and two
4 hundred dollars (\$200.00) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent pay
5 period in which Defendants violated these provisions of the Labor Code.

6 98. Defendants' conduct violates numerous Wage Order and Labor Code sections,
7 including, but not limited to, the following:

- 8 a. violation of Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 223, 510, 1182.12,
9 1194, 1197, and 1198 for failure to timely pay all earned wages (including
10 minimum wage and overtime wages) owed to Plaintiff and other aggrieved
11 employees during employment and upon separation of employment as
12 herein alleged;
- 13 b. violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512 for failure to provide meal
14 periods to Plaintiff and other aggrieved employees and failure to pay
15 premium wages for missed meal periods as herein alleged;
- 16 c. violation of Labor Code § 226.7 for failure to permit rest breaks to
17 Plaintiff and other aggrieved employees and failure to pay premium wages
18 for missed rest periods as herein alleged;
- 19 d. violation of Labor Code § 226 for failure to provide accurate itemized
20 wage statements to Plaintiff and other aggrieved employees as herein
21 alleged; and
- 22 e. violation of Labor Code §§ 1174 and 1174.5 for failure to maintain
23 accurate and complete records showing, among other things, the hours
24 worked daily by and the wages paid to aggrieved employees.

25 99. Plaintiff is an "aggrieved employee" because he was employed by the alleged
26 violator and had one or more of the violations committed against him, and therefore is properly
27 suited to represent the interests of all other aggrieved employees.
28

100. Plaintiff has exhausted the procedural requirements under Labor Code § 2699.3 as to Defendants and is therefore able to pursue a claim for penalties on behalf of himself and all other aggrieved employees under PAGA.

101. Pursuant to Labor Code §§ 2699(a), 2699.3 and 2699.5, Plaintiff is entitled to recover civil penalties, in addition to other remedies, for violations of the Labor Code sections cited above.

102. For bringing this action, Plaintiff is entitled to attorney's fees and costs incurred herein.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff, on his own behalf and on behalf of all others similarly situated, prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally, as follows:

1. For certification under California Code of Civil Procedure § 382 of the proposed Class, Waiting Time Subclass, and any other appropriate subclasses;

2. For appointment of Jorge Orozco as the class representative;

3. For appointment of Aegis Law Firm, PC, as class counsel for all purposes;

4. For compensatory damages in an amount according to proof at trial;

5. For an award of damages in the amount of unpaid compensation including, but not limited to, unpaid wages, benefits, and penalties;

6. For economic and/or special damages in an amount according to proof at trial;

7. For liquidated damages pursuant to Labor Code § 1194.2;

8. For statutory penalties to the extent permitted by law, including those pursuant to the Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders;

9. For injunctive relief as provided by the California Labor Code and California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*;

10. For restitution as provided by Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*;

11. For an order requiring Defendants to restore and disgorge all funds to each employee acquired by means of any act or practice declared by this Court to be unlawful,

1 unfair, or fraudulent and, therefore, constituting unfair competition under Business and
2 Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*;

3 12. For pre-judgment interest;

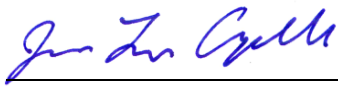
4 13. For civil penalties;

5 14. For reasonable attorneys' fees, costs of suit, and interest to the extent permitted
6 by law, including, but not limited to, Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 and Labor Code §§
7 226(e), 1194, and 2698 *et seq.*; and

8 15. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.
9

10 Dated: March 28, 2022

AEGIS LAW FIRM, PC

11
12 By: 
13 Jessica L. Campbell
14 Attorneys for Plaintiff Jorge Orozco
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, am employed in the County of Orange, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; am employed with Aegis Law Firm PC and my business address is 9811 Irvine Center Drive, Suite 100, Irvine, California 92618.

On March 28, 2022, I served the foregoing document entitled:

• FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

on all the appearing and/or interested parties in this action by delivering ☐ the original ☒ a true copy thereof on the party(ies) addressed below as follows:

Nicholas Lynes LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 633 W 5 th St., #4000 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Nicholas.Lynes@lewisbrisbois.com Wesley.Krueger@lewisbrisbois.com Danielle.Morgan@lewisbrisbois.com Roberta.Dunn@lewisbrisbois.com <i>Attorneys for Defendant:</i> KIRKHILL RUBBER COMPANY	Mario Cristin 511 North Philadelphia Street Anaheim, CA 92805 <i>Agent for Service of Process for:</i> DYNAMIC STAFFING SOLUTIONS LLC
Christina Kathie Costello 24893 Sunnymead Blvd, Suite B Moreno Valley Ca 92553 <i>Agent for Service of Process for:</i> PERSONNEL SERVICES LLC	

☒ **(BY MAIL)** I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Irvine, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postage cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing this affidavit. (*Cal Code Civ. Proc.* § 1013(a); *Fed. R. Civ. Proc.* 5(a); *Fed. R. Civ. Proc.* 5(c).)

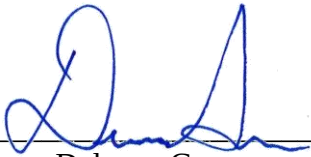
☐ **(BY OVERNIGHT MAIL)** I am personally and readily familiar with the business practice of Aegis Law Firm PC for collection and processing correspondence for overnight delivery, and I caused such document(s) described herein to be deposited for delivery to a facility regularly maintained Federal Express for overnight delivery. (*Cal Code Civ. Proc.* § 1013(c); *Fed. R. Civ. Proc.* 5(c).)

☒ **(BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION)** I caused said document(s) to be served via electronic transmission via the above listed email addresses on the date below. (*Cal. Code Civ. Proc.* § 1010.6(6); *Fed. R. Civ. Proc.* 5(b)(2)(E); *Fed. R. Civ. Proc.* 5(b)(3).) **[AS TO COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT KIRKHILL RUBBER COMPANY ONLY]**

☐ **(BY PERSONAL SERVICE)** I delivered the foregoing document by hand delivery to the addressed named above. (*Cal Code Civ. Proc.* § 1011; *Fed. R. Civ. Proc.* 5(b)(2)(A).)

1 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the
2 foregoing is true and correct.

3 Executed on March 28, 2022, at Irvine, California.

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6 Delaney Graves
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