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6 on behalf of all others similarly situated

7
8 **SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**
9 **FOR THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE**

10 ANTHONY MADRIGAL, an individual and
11 on behalf of all others similarly situated,

12 Plaintiff,

13 v.

14
15 HIGH TECH IRRIGATION, INC., a
16 California corporation; and DOES 1 through
17 100, inclusive,

18 Defendants.

Case No.: CVRI2500941

*[Assigned for all purposes to the
Hon. Harold W. Hopp, Dept. 1]*

**FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION
COMPLAINT FOR:**

1. FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME WAGES;
2. FAILURE TO PAY MINIMUM WAGES;
3. FAILURE TO PROVIDE MEAL PERIODS;
4. FAILURE TO PROVIDE REST PERIODS;
5. WAITING TIME PENALTIES;
6. WAGE STATEMENT VIOLATIONS;
7. FAILURE TO TIMELY PAY WAGES;
8. FAILURE TO INDEMNIFY;
9. VIOLATION OF LABOR CODE § 227.3;
10. PAGA; and
11. UNFAIR COMPETITION.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

[Amount in Controversy Exceeds \$35,000.00]

1 Plaintiff ANTHONY MADRIGAL, on behalf of Plaintiff and all others similarly situated,
2 alleges as follows:

3 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

4 **INTRODUCTION**

5 1. This is a Class Action, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 382, against High
6 Tech Irrigation, Inc., and any of its respective subsidiaries or affiliated companies within the State of
7 California (“High Tech”); and any of its respective subsidiaries or affiliated companies within the
8 State of California (collectively with High Tech and Does 1 through 100, as further defined below, as
9 “Defendants”) on behalf of Plaintiff and all other current and former non-exempt California
10 employees employed by or formerly employed by Defendants (“Class Members”).

11 **PARTIES**

12 **A. Plaintiff**

13 2. Plaintiff ANTHONY MADRIGAL is a resident of Riverside County in the State of
14 California. At all relevant times herein, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges,
15 that Defendants employed Plaintiff as a non-exempt employee, with duties that included, but were not
16 limited to, tasks relating to maintaining stock inventory, inspecting and approving quality and quantity
17 of inventory received and shipped out, enforcing health, safety, and security procedures, and
18 warehouse administration, among other tasks. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon
19 alleges, that Plaintiff ANTHONY MADRIGAL worked for Defendants from approximately
20 September 2024 through December 2024.

21 **B. Defendants**

22 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant High Tech
23 Irrigation, Inc. is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a corporation organized and existing under and
24 by virtue of the laws of the State of California and doing business in the County of Riverside, State of
25 California.

26 4. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise,
27 of defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who
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1 therefore sues defendants by such fictitious names under Code of Civil Procedure section 474.
2 Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that each of the defendants designated
3 herein as DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the unlawful acts referred to herein. Plaintiff
4 will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the
5 defendants designated hereinafter as DOES when such identities become known. Plaintiff is informed
6 and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each defendant acted in all respects pertinent to this
7 action, as the agent of the other defendant(s), carried out a joint scheme, business plan or policy in all
8 respects pertinent hereto, and the acts of each defendant are legally attributable to the other defendants.
9 Whenever, heretofore or hereinafter, reference is made to “Defendants,” it shall include High Tech,
10 and any of their parent, subsidiary, or affiliated companies within the State of California, as well as
11 DOES 1 through 100 identified herein.

12 **JOINT LIABILITY ALLEGATIONS**

13 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that all the times
14 mentioned herein, each of the Defendants was the agent, principal, employee, employer,
15 representative, joint venture or co-conspirator of each of the other defendants, either actually or
16 ostensibly, and in doing the things alleged herein acted within the course and scope of such agency,
17 employment, joint venture, and conspiracy.

18 6. All of the acts and conduct described herein of each and every corporate defendant was
19 duly authorized, ordered, and directed by the respective and collective defendant corporate employers,
20 and the officers and management-level employees of said corporate employers. In addition thereto,
21 said corporate employers participated in the aforementioned acts and conduct of their said employees,
22 agents, and representatives, and each of them; and upon completion of the aforesaid acts and conduct
23 of said corporate employees, agents, and representatives, the defendant corporation respectively and
24 collectively ratified, accepted the benefits of, condoned, lauded, acquiesced, authorized, and otherwise
25 approved of each and all of the said acts and conduct of the aforementioned corporate employees,
26 agents and representatives.

27 7. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that DOES 51
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1 through 100 violated, or caused to be violated, the above-referenced and below-referenced Labor
2 Code provisions in violation of Labor Code section 558.1.

3 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon allege, that there exists such a
4 unity of interest and ownership between Defendants, and each of them, that their individuality and
5 separateness have ceased to exist.

6 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that despite the formation
7 of the purported corporate existence of High Tech and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive (the “Alter Ego
8 Defendants”), they, and each of them, are one and the same with DOES 51 through 100 (“Individual
9 Defendants”), and each of them, due to, but not limited to, the following reasons:

10 A. The Alter Ego Defendants are completely dominated and controlled by the Individual
11 Defendants who personally committed the wrongful and illegal acts and violated the
12 laws as set forth in this Complaint, and who has hidden and currently hide behind the
13 Alter Ego Defendants to perpetrate frauds, circumvent statutes, or accomplish some
14 other wrongful or inequitable purpose;

15 B. The Individual Defendants derive actual and significant monetary benefits by and
16 through the Alter Ego Defendants’ unlawful conduct, and by using the Alter Ego
17 Defendants as the funding source for the Individual Defendants’ own personal
18 expenditures;

19 C. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Individual Defendants
20 and the Alter Ego Defendants, while really one and the same, were segregated to appear
21 as though separate and distinct for purposes of perpetrating a fraud, circumventing a
22 statute, or accomplishing some other wrongful or inequitable purpose;

23 D. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the business affairs of the
24 Individual Defendants and the Alter Ego Defendants are, and at all relevant times
25 mentioned herein were, so mixed and intermingled that the same cannot reasonably be
26 segregated, and the same are inextricable confusion. The Alter Ego Defendants are,
27 and at all relevant times mentioned herein were, used by the Individual Defendants as
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1 mere shells and conduits for the conduct of certain of their, and each of their
2 affairs. The Alter Ego Defendants are, and at all relevant times mentioned herein were,
3 the alter egos of the Individual Defendants;

4 E. The recognition of the separate existence of the Individual Defendants and the Alter
5 Ego Defendants would promote injustice insofar that it would permit defendants to
6 insulate themselves from liability to Plaintiff for violations of the Civil Code, Labor
7 Code, and other statutory violations. The corporate existence of these defendants
8 should thus be disregarded in equity and for the ends of justice because such disregard
9 is necessary to avoid fraud and injustice to Plaintiff herein;

10 F. Accordingly, the Alter Ego Defendants constitute the alter ego of the Individual
11 Defendants (and vice versa), and the fiction of their separate corporate existence must
12 be disregarded;

13 10. As a result of the aforementioned facts, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based
14 thereon alleges that Defendants, and each of them, are joint employers.

15 **JURISDICTION**

16 11. Jurisdiction exists in the Riverside Superior Court of the State of California pursuant
17 to Code of Civil Procedure section 410.10.

18 12. Venue is proper Riverside County, California pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure
19 sections 392, et seq. because, among other things, Riverside County is where the causes of action
20 complained of herein arose; the county in which performance of the employment contract, or part of
21 it, between Plaintiff and Defendants was due to be performed; the county in which the employment
22 contract, or part of it, between Plaintiff and Defendants was actually performed; and the county in
23 which Defendants, or some of them, reside. Moreover, the unlawful acts alleged herein have a direct
24 effect on Plaintiff and Class Members in Riverside County, and because Defendants employ numerous
25 Class Members in Riverside County.

26 **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

27 13. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present,
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1 Defendants have, at times, failed to pay overtime wages to Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of
2 them, in violation of California state wage and hour laws as a result of, without limitation, Plaintiff
3 and Class Members working over eight (8) hours per day, forty (40) hours per week, and seven
4 consecutive work days in a work week without being properly compensated for hours worked in
5 excess of (8) hours per day in a work day, forty (40) hours per week in a work week, and/or hours
6 worked on the seventh consecutive work day in a work week by, among other things, failing to
7 accurately track and/or pay for all minutes actually worked at the proper overtime rate of pay;
8 engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to work off the clock, including, without limitation, by
9 requiring Plaintiff and Class Members: to come early to work and leave late work without being able
10 to clock in for all that time, to suffer under Defendants' control due to long lines for clocking in, to
11 complete pre-shift tasks before clocking in and post-shift tasks after clocking out, to clock out for
12 meal periods and continue working, to clock out for rest periods, to don and doff uniforms and/or
13 safety equipment off the clock, to attend company meetings off the clock, to make phone calls off the
14 clock, to drive off the clock, and/or go through security screenings and/or temperature checks off the
15 clock; failing to include all forms of remuneration, including non-discretionary bonuses, incentive
16 pay, meal allowances, mask allowances, gift cards and other forms of remuneration into the regular
17 rate of pay for the pay periods where overtime was worked and the additional compensation was
18 earned for the purpose of calculating the overtime rate of pay; detrimental rounding of employee time
19 entries, editing and/or manipulation of time entries; to the detriment of Plaintiff and Class Members.

20 14. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the present,
21 Defendants have, at times, failed to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of
22 them, in violation of California state wage and hour laws as a result of, among other things, at times,
23 failing to accurately track and/or pay for all hours actually worked at their regular rate of pay that is
24 above the minimum wage; engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to work off the clock,
25 including, without limitation, by requiring Plaintiff and Class Members: to come early to work and
26 leave late work without being able to clock in for all that time, to suffer under Defendants' control
27 due to long lines for clocking in, to complete pre-shift tasks before clocking in and post-shift tasks
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1 after clocking out, to clock out for meal periods and continue working, to clock out for rest periods,
2 to don and doff uniforms and/or safety equipment off the clock, to attend company meetings off the
3 clock, to make phone calls off the clock; to drive off the clock; detrimental rounding of employee time
4 entries; editing and/or manipulation of time entries to show less hours than actually worked; failing
5 to pay split shift premiums; and failing to pay reporting time pay, to the detriment of Plaintiff and
6 Class Members.

7 15. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the present,
8 Defendants have, at times, failed to provide Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of them, full, timely
9 thirty (30) minute uninterrupted meal period for days on which they worked more than five (5) hours
10 in a work day and a second thirty (30) minute uninterrupted meal period for days on which they
11 worked in excess of ten (10) hours in a work day, and failing to provide compensation for such
12 unprovided meal periods as required by California wage and hour laws.

13 16. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present,
14 Defendants have, at times, failed to authorize and permit Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of
15 them, to take rest periods of at least ten (10) minutes per four (4) hours worked or major fraction
16 thereof and failed to provide compensation for such unprovided rest periods as required by California
17 wage and hour laws.

18 17. For at least three (3) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present,
19 Defendants have, at times, failed to pay Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of them, the full amount
20 of their wages owed to them upon termination and/or resignation as required by Labor Code sections
21 201 and 202, including for, without limitation, failing to pay overtime wages, minimum wages,
22 premium wages, and vacation pay pursuant to Labor Code section 227.3.

23 18. For at least one (1) year prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the present,
24 Defendants have, at times, failed to furnish Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of them, with
25 itemized wage statements that accurately reflect gross wages earned; total hours worked; net wages
26 earned; all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of
27 hours worked at each hourly rate; the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer; the
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1 name and address of the entity securing the services of the farm labor contractor who employed
2 Plaintiff and Class Members; and other such information as required by Labor Code section 226,
3 subdivision (a). As a result thereof, Defendants have further failed to furnish employees with an
4 accurate calculation of gross and net wages earned, as well as gross and net wages paid.

5 19. For at least one (1) year prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present,
6 Defendants have, at times, failed to pay Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of them, the full amount
7 of their wages for labor performed in a timely fashion as required under Labor Code section 204.

8 20. For at least three (3) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present,
9 Defendants have, at times, failed to indemnify Class Members, or some of them, for the costs incurred
10 in mileage and/or gas costs incurred in driving personal vehicles for work-related purposes; using
11 cellular phones for work-related purposes; and purchasing tools necessary to perform work duties.

12 21. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present,
13 Defendants have had a consistent policy of failing to provide Plaintiff and similarly situated
14 employees or former employees within the State of California with compensation at their final rate of
15 pay for unused vested paid vacation days pursuant to Labor Code section 227.3.

16 22. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present,
17 Defendants have had a consistent policy of failing to provide Plaintiffs and similarly situated
18 employees or former employees within the State of California with the rights provided to them under
19 the Healthy Workplace Healthy Families Act of 2014, codified at Labor Code section 245, *et seq.*

20 23. Plaintiff, on their own behalf and on behalf of Class Members, brings this action
21 pursuant to, including but not limited to, Labor Code sections 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 226, 226.7,
22 227.3, 245, *et seq.*, 510, 512, 558.1, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 2802, and California Code of Regulations,
23 Title 8, section 11040, seeking overtime wages, minimum wages, payment of premium wages for
24 missed meal and rest periods, failure to pay timely wages, waiting time penalties, wage statement
25 penalties, requiring an agreement in writing to terms and/or conditions which Defendants know is
26 prohibited by law; failure to indemnify work-related expenses, failing to pay vested vacation time at
27 the proper rate of pay, other such provisions of California law, and reasonable attorneys' fees and
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costs.

24. Plaintiff, on Plaintiff's own behalf and on behalf of Class Members, pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17200 through 17208, also seeks (an) injunction(s) prohibiting Defendants from further violating the Labor Code and requiring the establishment of appropriate and effective means to prevent further violations, as well as all monies owed but withheld and retained by Defendants to which Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled, as well as restitution of amounts owed.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

25. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of Plaintiff and Class Members as a class action pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 382. Plaintiff seeks to represent a class of all current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants within the State of California at any time commencing four (4) years preceding the filing of Plaintiff's complaint up until the time that notice of the class action is provided to the class (collectively referred to as "Class Members").

26. Plaintiff reserves the right under California Rule of Court rule 3.765, subdivision (b) to amend or modify the class description with greater specificity, further divide the defined class into subclasses, and to further specify or limit the issues for which certification is sought.

27. This action has been brought and may properly be maintained as a class action under the provisions of Code of Civil Procedure section 382 because there is a well-defined community of interest in the litigation and the proposed Class is easily ascertainable.

A. Numerosity

28. The potential Class Members as defined are so numerous that joinder of all the members of the Class is impracticable. While the precise number of Class Members has not been determined yet, Plaintiff is informed and believes that there are over seventy-five (75) Class Members employed by Defendants within the State of California.

29. Accounting for employee turnover during the relevant periods necessarily increases this number. Plaintiff alleges Defendants' employment records would provide information as to the number and location of all Class Members. Joinder of all members of the proposed Class is not

practicable.

B. Commonality

30. There are questions of law and fact common to Class Members. These common questions include, but are not limited to:

- A. Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510 and 1194 by failing to pay all hours worked at a proper overtime rate of pay?
- B. Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510, 1194 and 1197 by failing to pay for all other time worked at the employee's regular rate of pay and a rate of pay that is greater than the applicable minimum wage?
- C. Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 512 by not authorizing or permitting Class Members to take compliant meal periods?
- D. Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 226.7 by not providing Class Members with additional wages for missed or interrupted meal periods?
- E. Did Defendants violate applicable Wage Orders by not authorizing or permitting Class Members to take compliant rest periods?
- F. Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 226.7 by not providing Class Members with additional wages for missed rest periods?
- G. Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 201 and 202 by failing to pay Class Members upon termination or resignation all wages earned?
- H. Are Defendants liable to Class Members for waiting time penalties under Labor Code section 203?
- I. Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a) by not furnishing Class Members with accurate wage statements?
- J. Did Defendants fail to pay Class Members in a timely fashion as required under Labor Code section 204?
- K. Did Defendants fail to indemnify Class Members for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred in direct consequence of the discharge of their duties or by obedience

to the directions of Defendants as required under Labor Code section 2802?

L. Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 227.3 by not providing Class Members with compensation at their final rate of pay for vested paid vacation time?

M. Did Defendants violate the Unfair Competition Law, Business and Professions Code section 17200, *et seq.*, by their unlawful practices as alleged herein?

N. Are Class Members entitled to restitution of wages under Business and Professions Code section 17203?

O. Are Class Members entitled to costs and attorneys' fees?

P. Are Class Members entitled to interest?

C. Typicality

31. The claims of Plaintiff herein alleged are typical of those claims which could be alleged by any Class Members, and the relief sought is typical of the relief which would be sought by each Class Member in separate actions. Plaintiff and Class Members sustained injuries and damages arising out of and caused by Defendants' common course of conduct in violation of laws and regulations that have the force and effect of law and statutes as alleged herein.

D. Adequacy of Representation

32. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interest of Class Members. Counsel who represents Plaintiff is competent and experienced in litigating wage and hour class actions.

E. Superiority of Class Action

33. A class action is superior to other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Individual joinder of all Class Members is not practicable, and questions of law and fact common to Class Members predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class Members. Class Members, as further described therein, have been damaged and are entitled to recovery by reason of Defendants' policies and/or practices that have resulted in the violation of the Labor Code at times, as set out herein.

34. Class action treatment will allow Class Members to litigate their claims in a manner

1 that is most efficient and economical for the parties and the judicial system. Plaintiff is unaware of
2 any difficulties that are likely to be encountered in the management of this action that would preclude
3 its maintenance as a class action.

4 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

5 **(Failure to Pay Overtime Wages – Against All Defendants)**

6 35. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
7 preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

8 36. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
9 employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code sections 510, 1194 and 1199, as well as applicable
10 Wage Orders.

11 37. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Labor Code section 510 was in effect and
12 provided: “(a) Eight hours of labor constitutes a day’s work. Any work in excess of eight hours in
13 one workday and any work in excess of forty hours in any one workweek . . . shall be compensated at
14 the rate of no less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for an employee.”

15 38. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Labor Code section 510 further provided that
16 “[a]ny work in excess of 12 hours in one day shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice
17 the regular rate of pay for an employee. In addition, any work in excess of eight hours on any seventh
18 day of a workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular rate of pay.”

19 39. Four (4) years prior to the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the present,
20 Plaintiff and Class Members, at times, worked for Defendants during shifts that consisted of more
21 than eight (8) hours in a workday and/or more than forty hours in a workweek, and/or seven (7)
22 consecutive workdays in a workweek, without being paid overtime wages for all hours worked as a
23 result of, including but not limited to, Defendants failing to accurately track and/or pay for all hours
24 actually worked at the proper overtime rate of pay ; engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to
25 work off the clock, including, without limitation, by requiring Plaintiff and Class Members: to come
26 early to work and leave late work without being able to clock in for all that time, to complete pre-shift
27 tasks before clocking in and post-shift tasks after clocking out, to clock out for meal periods and
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1 continue working, to clock out for rest periods, to attend company meetings off the clock, to make
2 phone calls off the clock, to drive off the clock, failing to include all forms of remuneration, including
3 non-discretionary bonuses, incentive pay, meal allowances, mask allowances, gift cards and other
4 forms of remuneration into the regular rate of pay for the pay periods where overtime was worked and
5 the additional compensation was earned for the purpose of calculating the overtime rate of pay;
6 detrimental rounding of employee time entries, editing and/or manipulation of time entries, to the
7 detriment of Plaintiff and Class Members.

8 40. Accordingly, by requiring Plaintiff and Class Members to, at times, work greater than
9 eight (8) hours per workday, forty (40) hours per workweek, and/or seven (7) straight workdays
10 without properly compensating overtime wages at the proper overtime rate of pay, Defendants, on
11 occasion, willfully violated the provisions of the Labor Code, among others, sections 510, 1194, and
12 applicable IWC Wage Orders, and California law.

13 41. As a result of the unlawful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff and Class Members have been
14 deprived of overtime wages in amounts to be determined at trial, and are entitled to recovery, plus
15 interest and penalties thereon, attorneys' fees and costs, pursuant to Labor Code section 1194 and
16 1199, Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287.

17 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

18 **(Failure to Pay Minimum Wages – Against All Defendants)**

19 42. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
20 preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

21 43. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
22 employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code sections 1197, 1199 and applicable Wage Orders.

23 44. Pursuant to Labor Code section 1197 and applicable Wage Orders, Plaintiff and Class
24 Members were entitled to receive minimum wages for all hours worked or otherwise under
25 Defendants' control.

26 45. For four (4) years prior to the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the present,
27 Defendants failed, at times, to accurately track and/or pay for all hours actually worked at their regular
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1 rate of pay that is above the minimum wage; engaged, suffered, or permitted employees to work off
2 the clock, including, without limitation, by requiring Plaintiff and Class Members: to come early to
3 work and leave late work without being able to clock in for all that time, to suffer under Defendants'
4 control due to long lines for clocking in, to complete pre-shift tasks before clocking in and post-shift
5 tasks after clocking out, to clock out for meal periods and continue working, to clock out for rest
6 periods, to attend company meetings off the clock, to make phone calls off the clock; to drive off the
7 clock; detrimental rounding of employee time entries; editing and/or manipulation of time entries to
8 show less hours than actually worked; failing to pay split shift premiums; and failing to pay reporting
9 time pay, to the detriment of Plaintiff and Class Members.

10 46. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have
11 suffered damages in an amount, subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid minimum wages for
12 all hours worked or otherwise due.

13 47. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 218.6, 1194, 1194.2, Code of Civil Procedure sections
14 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover
15 the full amount of unpaid minimum wages, interest and penalties thereon, liquidated damages,
16 reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit.

17 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

18 **(Failure to Provide Meal Periods – Against All Defendants)**

19 48. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
20 preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

21 49. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
22 employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code section 512 and applicable Wage Orders.

23 50. Pursuant to Labor Code section 512 and applicable Wage Orders, no employer shall
24 employ an employee for a work period of more than five (5) hours without a timely meal break of not
25 less than thirty (30) minutes in which the employee is relieved of all of his or her duties. Furthermore,
26 no employer shall employ an employee for a work period of more than ten (10) hours per day without
27 providing the employee with a second timely meal period of not less than thirty (30) minutes in which
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1 the employee is relieved of all of his or her duties.

2 51. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226.7, if an employer fails to provide an employee
3 with a meal period as provided in the applicable Wage Order of the Industrial Welfare Commission,
4 the employer shall pay the employee one (1) additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of
5 compensation for each workday that the meal period is not provided.

6 52. For four (4) years prior to the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the present,
7 Plaintiff and Class Members were, at times, not provided complete, timely 30-minute, duty-free
8 uninterrupted meal periods every five hours of work without waiving the right to take them, as
9 permitted. Moreover, at times, Defendants failed to provide one (1) additional hour of pay at the Class
10 Member's regular rate of compensation on the occasions that Class Members were not provided
11 compliant meal periods.

12 53. By their failure to provide Plaintiff and Class Members compliant meal periods as
13 contemplated by Labor Code section 512, among other California authorities, and failing, at times, to
14 provide compensation for such unprovided meal periods, as alleged above, Defendants willfully
15 violated the provisions of Labor Code section 512 and applicable Wage Orders.

16 54. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have
17 suffered damages in an amount, subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid additional pay owed
18 for missed, untimely, interrupted, incomplete and/or on-duty meal periods.

19 55. Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover the full amount of their unpaid
20 additional pay for unprovided compliant meal periods, in amounts to be determined at trial, plus
21 interest and penalties thereon, attorneys' fees, and costs, under Labor Code sections 226 and 226.7,
22 Code of Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287.

23 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

24 **(Failure to Provide Rest Periods – Against All Defendants)**

25 56. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
26 preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

27 57. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
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1 employees of Defendants covered by applicable Wage Orders.

2 58. California law and applicable Wage Orders require that employers “authorize and
3 permit” employees to take ten (10) minute rest periods in about the middle of each four (4) hour work
4 period “or major fraction thereof.” Accordingly, employees who work shifts of three and-a-half (3
5 ½) to six (6) hours must be provided ten (10) minutes of paid rest period, employees who work shifts
6 of more than six (6) and up to ten (10) hours must be provided with twenty (20) minutes of paid rest
7 period, and employees who work shifts of more than ten (10) hours must be provided thirty (30)
8 minutes of paid rest period.

9 59. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226.7, if an employer fails to provide an employee
10 with a meal period or rest period as provided in the applicable Wage Order of the Industrial Welfare
11 Commission, the employer shall pay the employee one (1) additional hour of pay at the employee’s
12 regular rate of compensation for each work day that the rest period is not provided.

13 60. For four (4) years prior to the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the present,
14 Plaintiff and Class Members were, at times, not authorized or permitted to take complete, timely 10-
15 minute, duty-free uninterrupted rest periods every four (4) hours of work or major fraction thereof.
16 Moreover, at times, Defendants failed to provide one (1) additional hour of pay at the Class Member’s
17 regular rate of compensation on the occasions that Class Members were not authorized or permitted
18 to take compliant rest periods.

19 61. By their failure, at times, to authorize and permit Plaintiff and Class Members to take
20 rest periods contemplated by California law, and one (1) additional hour of pay at the employee’s
21 regular rate of compensation for such unprovided rest periods, as alleged above, Defendants willfully
22 violated the provisions of Labor Code section 226.7 and applicable Wage Orders.

23 62. As a result of Defendants’ unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have
24 suffered damages in an amount, subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid additional pay owed
25 for rest periods that they were not authorized or permitted to take.

26 63. Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover the full amount of their unpaid
27 additional pay for unprovided compliant rest periods, in amounts to be determined at trial, plus interest
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1 and penalties thereon, attorneys' fees, and costs, under Labor Code sections 226 and 226.7, Code of
2 Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287.

3 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

4 **(Failure to Pay All Wages Due Upon Termination – Against All Defendants)**

5 64. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
6 preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

7 65. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
8 employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code sections 201, 202 and 203, as well as applicable
9 Wage Orders.

10 66. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 201 and 202, Plaintiff and Class Members were
11 entitled upon termination to timely payment of all wages earned and unpaid prior to termination.
12 Discharged Class Members were entitled to payment of all wages earned and unpaid prior to discharge
13 immediately upon termination. Class Members who resigned were entitled to payment of all wages
14 earned and unpaid prior to resignation within 72 hours after giving notice of resignation or, if they
15 gave 72 hours previous notice, they were entitled to payment of all wages earned and unpaid at the
16 time of resignation.

17 67. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that in the three (3) years
18 before the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the present, Defendants, due to the failure,
19 at times, to provide overtime wages mentioned above, failed to pay Plaintiff and Class Members all
20 wages earned prior to resignation or termination in accordance with Labor Code sections 201 or 202.

21 68. Plaintiff is informed and believes Defendants' failure, at times, to pay Plaintiff and
22 Class Members all wages earned prior to termination or resignation in accordance with Labor Code
23 sections 201 and 202 was willful. Defendants had the ability to pay all wages earned by Plaintiff and
24 Class Members at the time of termination in accordance with Labor Code sections 201 and 202, but
25 intentionally adopted policies or practices incompatible with the requirements of Labor Code sections
26 201 and 202 resulting in the failure, at times, to pay all wages earned prior to termination or
27 resignation.

69. Pursuant to Labor Code section 203, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to waiting time penalties from the date their earned and unpaid wages were due, upon termination or resignation, until paid, up to a maximum of thirty (30) days.

70. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered damages in an amount subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid for all wages earned prior to termination or resignation.

71. Pursuant to Labor Code section 203 and 218.6, Code of Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover waiting time penalties, interest, and their costs of suit, as well.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Failure to Provide Accurate Wage Statements – Against All Defendants)

72. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

73. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code section 226, as well as applicable Wage Orders.

74. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a), Plaintiff and Class Members were entitled to receive, semi-monthly or at the time of each payment of wages, an accurate itemized statement that accurately reflects, among other things, gross wages earned; total hours worked; net wages earned; all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate; and the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer; and the name and address of the entity securing the services of the farm labor contractor who employed Plaintiff and Class Members, among other things.

75. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that in the one (1) year before the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the present, Defendants failed to comply with Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a) by adopting policies and practices that resulted in their failure, at times, to furnish Plaintiff and Class Members with accurate itemized statements that accurately reflect, among other things, gross wages earned; total hours worked; net wages earned; all

1 applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked
2 at each hourly rate; and the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer; and the name
3 and address of the entity securing the services of the farm labor contractor who employed Plaintiff
4 and Class Members, among other things.

5 76. Defendants' failure to, at times, provide Plaintiff and Class Members with accurate
6 wage statements was knowing, intentional, and willful. Defendants had the ability to provide Plaintiff
7 and the other Class Members with accurate wage statements, but, at times, willfully provided wage
8 statements that Defendants knew were not accurate.

9 77. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have
10 suffered injury. The absence of accurate information on Class Members' wage statements at times
11 has delayed timely challenge to Defendants' unlawful pay practices; requires discovery and
12 mathematical computations to determine the amount of wages owed; causes difficulty and expense in
13 attempting to reconstruct time and pay records; and led to submission of inaccurate information about
14 wages and amounts deducted from wages to state and federal governmental agencies, among other
15 things.

16 78. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226, subdivision (e), Plaintiff and Class Members are
17 entitled to recover \$50 for the initial pay period during the period in which violation of Labor Code
18 section 226 occurred and \$100 for each violation of Labor Code section 226 in a subsequent pay
19 period, not to exceed an aggregate \$4,000.00 per employee.

20 79. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 226, subdivisions (e) and (g), Code of Civil Procedure
21 section 1032, Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover the full
22 amount of penalties due under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (e), reasonable attorneys' fees,
23 and costs of suit.

24 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

25 **(Failure to Timely Pay Wages During Employment – Against All Defendants)**

26 80. Plaintiff realleges each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and
27 incorporate each by reference as though fully set forth hereat.

1 81. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
2 employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code section 204 and applicable Wage Orders.

3 82. Labor Code section 204 provides that “[l]abor performed between the 1st and 15th days,
4 inclusive, of any calendar month shall be paid for between the 16th and 26th day of the month during
5 which the labor was performed, and labor performed between the 16th and the last day, inclusive, of
6 any calendar month, shall be paid for between the 1st and 10th day of the following month.”

7 83. Labor Code section 210, subdivision (a) states that “[i]n addition to, and entirely
8 independent and apart from, any other penalty provided in this article, every person who fails to pay
9 the wages of each employee as provided in Sections 201.3, 204, 204b, 204.1, 204.2, 205, 205.5, and
10 1197.5, shall be subject to a civil penalty as follows: (1) For any initial violation, one hundred dollars
11 (\$100) for each failure to pay each employee” and “(2) For each subsequent violation, or any willful
12 or intentional violation, two hundred dollars (\$200) for each failure to pay each employee, plus 25
13 percent of the amount unlawfully withheld.”

14 84. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that in the one (1) year
15 before the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the present, Defendants employed policies
16 and practices that resulted in, at times, not paying Plaintiff and Class Members in accordance with
17 Labor Code section 204.

18 85. Pursuant to Labor Code section 210, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to
19 recover penalties for Defendants’ violations of Labor Code section 204, in the amount of one hundred
20 dollars (\$100) for each initial violation per Class Member, and two hundred dollars (\$200) for each
21 subsequent violation in connection with each payment that was made in violation of Labor Code
22 section 204 per Class Member, plus 25 percent of the amount unlawfully withheld.

23 86. Pursuant to Labor Code section 218.6, Code of Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and
24 1032, and Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recovery of penalties,
25 interest, and their costs of suit, as well.

1 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **(Violation of Labor Code § 2802 – Against All Defendants)**

3 87. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
4 preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

5 88. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
6 employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code section 2802 and applicable Wage Orders.

7 89. Labor Code section 2802, subdivision (a) provides that “an employer shall indemnify
8 his or her employee for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in direct
9 consequence of the discharge of his or her duties . . .”

10 90. For three (3) years prior to the filing of the Complaint in this Action through the
11 present, Defendants required Plaintiff and Class Members, or some of them, to incur, at times,
12 necessary expenditures or losses in direct consequence of the discharge of their duties or at the
13 obedience to the directions of Defendants that included, without limitation, mileage and/or gas costs
14 incurred in driving personal vehicles for work-related purposes; using cellular phones for work-related
15 purposes; and purchasing tools necessary to perform work duties.

16 91. During that time period, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges
17 that Defendants failed and refused, and still fail and refuse, at times, to reimburse Plaintiff sand Class
18 Members for those losses and/or expenditures.

19 92. As a result of Defendants’ unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have
20 suffered damages in an amount subject to proof, to the extent they were not reimbursed for the herein-
21 described losses and/or expenditures.

22 93. Pursuant to Labor Code section 2802, Code of Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and
23 1032, and Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover reimbursement
24 for their herein-described losses and/or expenditures, reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs of suit.

25 **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

26 **(Violation of Labor Code § 227.3 – Against All Defendants)**

27 94. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
28

preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereon.

95. According to Labor Code section 227.3, whenever a contract of employment or employer policy provides for paid vacations, and an employee is terminated without having taken off his vested vacation time, all vested vacation shall be paid to him as wages at his final rate in accordance with such contract of employment or employer policy respecting eligibility or time served.

96. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that, at all times relevant hereto, Defendants promulgated and maintained a uniform policy providing for paid vacations, and that Plaintiff's employment contract with Defendants included paid vacations.

97. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present, Defendants have had a consistent policy of failing to provide Plaintiff and similarly situated employees or former employees within the State of California with compensation at their final rate of pay for unused vested paid vacation days pursuant to Labor Code section 227.3.

98. As a proximate result of Defendants' failure to pay vested vacation at the final rate of Plaintiff and Class Members upon their resignation or termination, Defendants violated Labor Code section 227.3, entitling Plaintiff and Class Members to all vested and unused vacation pay at their final rate of pay, as set out in Defendants' policy or the contract of employment between Plaintiff and Class Members, on the one hand, and Defendants, on the other hand.

99. As a further proximate result of Defendants' above-described acts and/or omissions, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees, costs of suit and prejudgment interest.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 2698, 2699; Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"))

– Against All Defendants)

100. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

101. Plaintiff, solely in his representative capacity as a private attorney general under the Private Attorney General Act of 2004, Labor Code § 2699, et seq. ("PAGA"), hereby brings this action

1 on behalf of all “aggrieved employees” and alleges as follows, by and through his counsel of record.

2 102. Under the authority expressed in *Adolph and Balderas v. Fresh Start Harvesting, Inc.*,
3 No. B326759, at *1 (Cal. Ct. App. Mar. 20, 2024), Plaintiff does not bring suit in his individual
4 capacity and does not seek to recover anything through this cause of action other than civil penalties
5 as permitted under PAGA—he brings this cause of action solely in his representative capacity under
6 the PAGA, on behalf of the State of California, the public, and all aggrieved employees of Defendants.

7 103. To the extent that statutory violations are mentioned for wage violations, Plaintiff does
8 not seek underlying general and/or special damages for those violations, but only references those
9 predicate violations as part of the State’s claim for civil penalties under PAGA.

10 104. Standing. Under the California Private Attorneys General Act (“PAGA”), Labor Code
11 § 2698, *et seq.*, an aggrieved employee may bring a representative action as a private attorney general,
12 on behalf of herself and other current or former employees to recover penalties for an employer’s
13 violations of the Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders.

14 105. Plaintiff, by nature of his employment with Defendants, is an aggrieved employee for
15 purposes of this Complaint with standing to bring an action under PAGA.

16 106. Plaintiff, on behalf of the State of California and all Aggrieved Employees, brings this
17 representative action pursuant to Labor Code § 2699, *et seq.*, seeking civil penalties for Defendants’
18 violation of Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 204, 206.5 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1182.12, 1174,
19 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1199, 1401, and 2802 as described herein, plus attorneys’ fees and costs,
20 solely in his representative capacity.

21 107. Entitlement to Penalties. Under the California Private Attorneys General Act
22 (“PAGA”), Labor Code § 2698, *et seq.*, an aggrieved employee may bring a representative action as
23 a private attorney general, on behalf of herself and other current or former employees, against whom
24 a violation of the same provision(s) was committed, as well as the general public, to recover penalties
25 for an employer’s violations of the Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders within one year of filing a
26 notice to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency in the amounts set forth in Labor Code
27 § 2698.

108. These penalties are in addition to any other relief available under the Labor Code and are allocated sixty-five percent to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency and thirty-five percent to the affected employees.

109. These penalties may be “stacked” separately for each of Defendants’ violations of the Labor Code subject to the exceptions enumerated in Labor Code section 2698(i). *See, e.g., Hernandez v. Towne Park, Ltd.*, No. CV 12-02972, 2012 WL 2373372, at *17 n.77 (C.D. Cal. June 22, 2012); *see also O’Connor v. Uber Techs., Inc.*, No. 13-CV-03826-EMC, 2016 WL 3548370, at *7 (N.D. Cal. June 30, 2016); Labor Code § 2698(i).

110. Procedural Requirements Met. On January 23, 2025, Plaintiff electronically filed a notice of claims with the LWDA and sent a copy to Defendants by certified mail. On March 31, 2025, the sixty-five-day notice period expired as to all defendants. Plaintiff did not receive notice from the LWDA that it would be investigating the complaint nor did Plaintiff receive notice from the LWDA that it was declining to investigate with the 65-day period under Labor Code § 2699.3. Since the LWDA took no steps within the prescribed time to intervene, Plaintiff has exhausted all required administrative remedies required to seek penalties under PAGA. *See* Lab. Code § 2699.3(a)(

ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unfair Competition – Against All Defendants)

111. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth hereat.

112. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the unlawful conduct of Defendants alleged herein constitutes unfair competition within the meaning of Business and Professions Code section 17200. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that in addition to the unlawful conduct of Defendants alleged in the preceding paragraphs, for at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the present, Defendants have had a consistent policy of failing to provide Plaintiff and similarly situated employees or former employees within the State of California with the rights provided to them under the Healthy Workplace Healthy Families Act of 2014, codified at Labor Code section 245, *et seq.* Due to their unlawful business

1 practices in violation of the Labor Code, Defendants have gained a competitive advantage over other
2 comparable companies doing business in the State of California that comply with their obligations to
3 compensate employees in accordance with the Labor Code.

4 113. As a result of Defendants' unfair competition as alleged herein, Plaintiff and Class
5 Members have suffered injury in fact and lost money or property.

6 114. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17203, Plaintiff and Class Members
7 are entitled to (an) injunction(s) prohibiting Defendants from further violating the Labor Code and
8 requiring the establishment of appropriate and effective means to prevent further violations, as well
9 as restitution of all wages and other monies owed to them under the Labor Code, including interest
10 thereon, in which they had a property interest and which Defendants nevertheless failed to pay them
11 and instead withheld and retained for themselves. Restitution of the money owed to Plaintiff and
12 Class Members is necessary to prevent Defendants from becoming unjustly enriched by their failure
13 to comply with the Labor Code.

14 115. Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to costs of suit under Code of Civil Procedure
15 section 1032 and interest under Civil Code section 3287.

16 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

17 116. Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all causes of action contained herein.

18 **PRAYER**

19 WHEREFORE, on behalf of Plaintiff and Class Members, Plaintiff prays for judgment
20 against Defendants as follows:

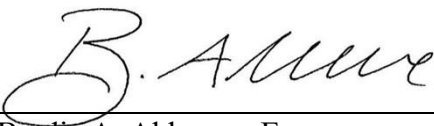
- 21 A. An order certifying this case as a Class Action;
- 22 B. An Order appointing Plaintiff as Class representative and appointing Plaintiff's
23 counsel as class counsel;
- 24 C. Damages for all wages earned and owed, including minimum and overtime wages,
25 unpaid wages for vested vacation time, PAGA penalties, under Labor Code sections
26 510, 558.1, 1194, 1197 and 1199, 2699, and 227.3;
- 27 D. Liquidated damages pursuant to Labor Code sections 558.1 and 1194.2;
- 28

- 1 E. Damages for unpaid premium wages from missed meal and rest periods under,
2 among other Labor Code sections, 512, 558.1 and 226.7;
- 3 F. Penalties for inaccurate wage statements under Labor Code sections 226, subdivision
4 (e) and 558.1;
- 5 G. Waiting time penalties under Labor Code sections 203 and 558.1;
- 6 H. Penalties to timely pay wages under Labor Code section 210;
- 7 I. Damages under Labor Code sections 2802 and 558.1;
- 8 K. Preliminary and permanent injunctions prohibiting Defendants from further violating
9 the California Labor Code and requiring the establishment of appropriate and
10 effective means to prevent future violations;
- 11 L. Restitution of wages and benefits due which were acquired by means of any unfair
12 business practice, according to proof;
- 13 M. Prejudgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum rate allowed by law;
- 14 N. For attorneys' fees in prosecuting this action;
- 15 O. For costs of suit incurred herein; and
- 16 P. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

17
18 Dated: September 24, 2025

AKHAVAN & ASSOCIATES

19
20
21 BY:



Bardia A. Akhavan, Esq.
Attorneys for Plaintiff ANTHONY MADRIGAL
and on behalf of all others similarly situated

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the county of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. My business address is 15760 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 1720 Encino, California 91436.

On January 20, 2026, I served the foregoing documents described as:

1. FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

on the interested parties in this action, addressed as follows:

Matthew T. Theriault
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Telephone: (213) 270-7869

Attorneys for Defendants

☒ By e-mail, I transmitted the document to the e-mail address of the addressee(s).

☒ (State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on January 20, 2026, at Encino, California.

/S/
Katherine Soriano