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**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

CHASE BUTLER, individually, and on behalf of
all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

ROBERT A. SMITH, INC., a California
corporation dba BOB SMITH BMW; and DOES
1 through 10, inclusive,

Defendants

Case No.: 23STCV13129

*[Filed as a matter of right pursuant to Cal.
Labor Code § 2699.3, subd. (a)(2)(C)]*

**FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION AND
PAGA REPRESENTATIVE ACTION
COMPLAINT:**

1. Failure to Pay Minimum Wages [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 204, 1194, 1194.2, and 1197];
2. Failure to Pay Overtime Compensation [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194 and 1198];
3. Failure to Provide Meal Periods [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7, 512];
4. Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Breaks [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7];
5. Failure to Indemnify Necessary Business Expenses [Cal. Lab. Code § 2802];
6. Failure to Timely Pay Final Wages at Termination [Cal. Lab. Code §§ 201-203];
7. Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements [Cal. Lab. Code § 226]; and
8. Unfair Business Practices [Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, et seq.].
9. Civil Penalties Under PAGA [Cal. Lab. Code § 2699, et seq.].

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION & PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	1
THE PARTIES	3
A. Plaintiff.....	3
B. Defendants.....	3
ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION	4
CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS	8
FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION.....	12
SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION.....	14
THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION	15
FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION.....	16
FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION.....	17
SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION.....	17
SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION.....	18
NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION	20
EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION.....	22
PRAYER FOR RELIEF.....	25
DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	29

1 Plaintiff Chase Butler (“Plaintiff”), based upon facts that either have evidentiary support
2 or are likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation
3 and discovery, alleges as follows:

4 **INTRODUCTION & PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

5 1. Plaintiff brings this action against Defendants Robert A. Smith, Inc. dba Bob
6 Smith BMW, and Does 1 through 10 (collectively referred to as “Defendants”) for California
7 Labor Code violations and unfair business practices stemming from Defendants’ failure to pay
8 minimum wages, failure to pay overtime wages, failure to provide meal periods, failure to
9 authorize and permit rest periods, failure to maintain accurate records of hours worked and meal
10 periods, failure to timely pay all wages to terminated employees, failure to indemnify necessary
11 business expenses, and failure to furnish accurate wage statements.

12 2. Plaintiff brings the First through Eighth Causes of Action individually and as a
13 class action on behalf of himself and certain current and former employees of Defendants
14 (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “Class” or “Class Members” and defined more fully
15 below). The Class consists of Plaintiff and all other persons who have been employed by any
16 Defendants in California during the statute of limitations period applicable to the claims pleaded
17 here.

18 3. Plaintiff brings the Ninth Cause of Action as a representative action under the
19 California Private Attorney General Act (“PAGA”) to recover civil penalties that are owed to
20 Plaintiff, the State of California, and past and present employees of Defendants (hereinafter
21 referred to as the “Aggrieved Employees”).

22 4. Defendants own/owned and operate/operated an industry, business, and
23 establishment within the State of California, including Los Angeles County. As such, and based
24 upon all the facts and circumstances incident to Defendants’ business in California, Defendants
25 are subject to the California Labor Code, Wage Orders issued by the Industrial Welfare
26 Commission (“IWC”), and the California Business & Professions Code.

27 5. Despite these requirements, throughout the statutory period Defendants
28 maintained a systematic, company-wide policy and practice of:

- 1 (a) Failing to pay employees for all hours worked, including all minimum
2 wages, and overtime wages in compliance with the California Labor Code
3 and IWC Wage Orders;
- 4 (b) Failing to provide employees with timely and duty-free meal periods in
5 compliance with the California Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders, failing
6 to maintain accurate records of all meal periods taken or missed, and
7 failing to pay an additional hour's pay for each workday a meal period
8 violation occurred;
- 9 (c) Failing to authorize and permit employees to take timely and duty-free rest
10 periods in compliance with the California Labor Code and IWC Wage
11 Orders, and failing to pay an additional hour's pay for each workday a rest
12 period violation occurred;
- 13 (d) Failing to indemnify employees for necessary business expenses incurred;
- 14 (e) Willfully failing to pay employees all minimum wages, overtime wages,
15 meal period premium wages, and rest period premium wages due within
16 the time period specified by California law when employment terminates;
17 and
- 18 (f) Failing to maintain accurate records of the hours that employees worked.
- 19 (g) Failing to provide employees with accurate, itemized wage statements
20 containing all the information required by the California Labor Code and
21 IWC Wage Orders.

22 6. On information and belief, Defendants, and each of them were on actual and
23 constructive notice of the improprieties alleged herein and intentionally refused to rectify their
24 unlawful policies. Defendants' violations, as alleged above, during all relevant times herein were
25 willful and deliberate.

26 7. At all relevant times, Defendants were and are legally responsible for all of the
27 unlawful conduct, policies, practices, acts and omissions as described in each and all of the
28 foregoing paragraphs as the employer of Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees.

Further, Defendants are responsible for each of the unlawful acts or omissions complained of herein under the doctrine of “respondeat superior”.

THE PARTIES

A. Plaintiff

8. Plaintiff is a California resident that worked for Defendants in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, as a sales manager from approximately October 2020 to June 13, 2022.

9. Plaintiff reserves the right to seek leave to amend this complaint to add new plaintiffs, if necessary, in order to establish suitable representative(s) pursuant to *La Sala v. American Savings and Loan Association* (1971) 5 Cal.3d 864, 872, and other applicable law.

B. Defendants

10. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief alleges, that Defendant Robert A. Smith, Inc. is:

- (a) A California corporation with its principal place of business in Los Angeles, California.
- (b) A business entity conducting business in numerous counties throughout the State of California, including in Los Angeles County;
- (c) The former employer of Plaintiff, and the current and/or former employer of the putative Class. Defendants suffered and permitted Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to work, and/or controlled their wages, hours, or working conditions; and
- (d) At all times mentioned herein, Defendants are and were doing business as Bob Smith BMW.

11. Plaintiff does not currently know the true names or capacities of the persons or entities sued herein as Does 1-10, inclusive, and therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Each of the Doe Defendants was in some manner legally responsible for the damages suffered by Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees as alleged herein. Plaintiff will

1 amend this complaint to set forth the true names and capacities of these Defendants when they
2 have been ascertained, together with appropriate charging allegations, as may be necessary.

3 12. At all times mentioned herein, the Defendants named as Does 1-10, inclusive, and
4 each of them, were residents of, doing business in, availed themselves of the jurisdiction of,
5 and/or injured a significant number of the Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees in
6 the State of California.

7 13. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that at all relevant times
8 each Defendant, directly or indirectly, or through agents or other persons, employed Plaintiff and
9 the other employees described in the class definitions below, and exercised control over their
10 wages, hours, and working conditions. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges
11 that, at all relevant times, each Defendant was the principal, agent, partner, joint venturer, officer,
12 director, controlling shareholder, subsidiary, affiliate, parent corporation, successor in interest
13 and/or predecessor in interest of some or all of the other Defendants, and was engaged with some
14 or all of the other Defendants in a joint enterprise for profit, and bore such other relationships to
15 some or all of the other Defendants so as to be liable for their conduct with respect to the matters
16 alleged below. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each Defendant acted
17 pursuant to and within the scope of the relationships alleged above, that each Defendant knew or
18 should have known about, and authorized, ratified, adopted, approved, controlled, aided and
19 abetted the conduct of all other Defendants.

20 **ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION**

21 14. Plaintiff is a California resident who worked for Defendants in the County of Los
22 Angeles, State of California, a salesperson and sales manager during the statutory period. From
23 2020 to approximately October 2021, Plaintiff was classified as non-exempt from California's
24 overtime requirements, and paid an hourly wage. After October 2021 approximately, Plaintiff
25 was paid as a salaried employee with a draw plus commissions.

26 15. Throughout the statutory period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff for all hours
27 worked (including minimum wages and overtime wages), failed to provide Plaintiff with
28 uninterrupted meal periods, failed to authorize and permit Plaintiff to take uninterrupted rest

1 periods, failed to indemnify Plaintiff for necessary business expenses, failed to timely pay all
2 final wages to Plaintiff when Defendants terminated Plaintiff's employment, and failed to furnish
3 accurate wage statements to Plaintiff. As discussed below, Plaintiff's experience working for
4 Defendants was typical and illustrative.

5 16. Throughout the statutory period, Defendants maintained a policy and practice of
6 not paying Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for all hours worked, including all
7 overtime wages. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees received non-discretionary
8 bonuses, commissions, and other remuneration. However, Defendants failed to incorporate all
9 remuneration when calculating the correct overtime rate of pay, sick day rate of pay, and meal
10 break premium rate of pay, leading to underpayment to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
11 Employees. Also, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were required to use their
12 own personal cellular telephones for work purposes while off the clock and uncompensated. Also
13 during the statutory period, for those who received a salary plus a draw and commission,
14 Defendants failed to pay separately for rest breaks, and failed to pay all non-productive time,
15 leading to underpayment to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees. Also throughout
16 the statutory period, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were required work off the
17 clock, and uncompensated. For example, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were
18 required to undergo COVID screening prior to clocking into work, leading to underpayment and
19 off the clock work. Also, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were required to use
20 their own personal cellular telephones for work purposes while off the clock, leading to
21 underpayment of wages. Also during the statutory period, Defendants failed to include the rate of
22 pay for vacation time, overtime and double-time on wage statements. Also throughout the
23 statutory period, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were sometimes required to
24 come to work, only to be asked to go home within the first two hours, without being paid
25 reporting time pay. Also throughout the statutory period, Defendants failed to timely pay all
26 wages, including base pay and commission pay, in violation of Labor Code 204.

27 17. Throughout the statutory period, Defendants have wrongfully failed to provide
28 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees with legally compliant meal periods.

Defendants sometimes, but not always, required Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to work in excess of five consecutive hours a day without providing 30-minute, continuous and uninterrupted, duty-free meal period for every five hours of work, or without compensating Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for meal periods that were not provided by the end of the fifth hour of work or tenth hour of work. Defendants also did not adequately inform Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees of their right to take a meal period by the end of the fifth hour of work, or, for shifts greater than 10 hours, by the end of the tenth hour of work. Accordingly, Defendants' policy and practice was to not provide meal periods to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees in compliance with California law.

18. Throughout the statutory period, Defendants have wrongfully failed to authorize and permit Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to take timely and duty-free rest periods. Defendants sometimes, but not always, required Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to work in excess of four consecutive hours a day without Defendants authorizing and permitting them to take a 10-minute, continuous and uninterrupted, rest period for every four hours of work (or major fraction of four hours), or without compensating Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for rest periods that were not authorized or permitted. Defendants also did not adequately inform Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees of their right to take a rest period. Moreover, Defendants did not have adequate policies or practices permitting or authorizing rest periods for Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees, nor did Defendants have adequate policies or practices regarding the timing of rest periods. Defendants also did not have adequate policies or practices to verify whether Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were taking their required rest periods. Further, Defendants did not maintain accurate records of employee work periods, and therefore Defendants cannot demonstrate that Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees took rest periods during the middle of each work period. Accordingly, Defendants' policy and practice was to not authorize and permit Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to take rest periods in compliance with California law.

1 19. Throughout the statutory period, Defendants wrongfully required Plaintiff, the
2 Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to pay expenses that they incurred in direct discharge of
3 their duties for Defendants without reimbursement. For example, Plaintiff, the Class, and the
4 Aggrieved Employees were required to use their own personal cellular telephones for work
5 purposes, without reimbursement. Also, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were
6 sometimes required to use their own personal vehicles for work purposes, without
7 reimbursement. Also, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were required to
8 purchase items such as keyboards and monitors, masks, uniforms (polo shirt with company logo),
9 and requirement Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to clean and maintain those
10 uniforms without reimbursement.

11 20. Throughout the statutory period, Defendants willfully failed and refused to timely
12 pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees at the conclusion of their employment all
13 wages for all minimum wages, overtime wages, meal period premium wages, and rest period
14 premium wages. Further, Defendants did not pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
15 Employees their final paychecks immediately upon termination.

16 21. Throughout the statutory period, Defendants failed to furnish Plaintiff, the Class,
17 and the Aggrieved Employees with accurate, itemized wage statements showing all applicable
18 hourly rates, and all gross and net wages earned (including correct hours worked, correct wages
19 earned for hours worked, correct overtime hours worked, correct wages for meal periods that
20 were not provided in accordance with California law, correct wages for rest periods that were not
21 authorized and permitted to take in accordance with California law, and Defendant's address).
22 Further, the wage statements do not show Defendant's address as required by California law. As
23 a result of these violations of California Labor Code § 226(a), the Plaintiff, the Class, and the
24 Aggrieved Employees suffered injury because, among other things:

- 25 (a) the violations led them to believe that they were not entitled to be paid
26 minimum wages, overtime wages, meal period premium wages, and rest
27 period premium wages to which they were entitled, even though they were
28 entitled;

- 1 (b) the violations led them to believe that they had been paid the minimum,
2 overtime, meal period premium, and rest period premium wages, even
3 though they had not been;
- 4 (c) the violations led them to believe they were not entitled to be paid
5 minimum, overtime, meal period premium, and rest period premium wages
6 at the correct California rate even though they were;
- 7 (d) the violations led them to believe they had been paid minimum, overtime,
8 meal period premium, and rest period premium wages at the correct
9 California rate even though they had not been;
- 10 (e) the violations hindered them from determining the amounts of minimum,
11 overtime, meal period premium, and rest period premium owed to them;
- 12 (f) in connection with their employment before and during this action, and in
13 connection with prosecuting this action, the violations caused them to have
14 to perform mathematical computations to determine the amounts of wages
15 owed to them, computations they would not have to make if the wage
16 statements contained the required accurate information;
- 17 (g) by understating the wages truly due them, the violations caused them to
18 lose entitlement and/or accrual of the full amount of Social Security,
19 disability, unemployment, and other governmental benefits;
- 20 (h) the wage statements inaccurately understated the wages, hours, and wages
21 rates to which Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were
22 entitled, and Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were paid
23 less than the wages and wage rates to which they were entitled.

24 Thus, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are owed the amounts provided for in
25 California Labor Code § 226(e), including actual damages.

26 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

27 22. Plaintiff brings certain claims individually, as well as on behalf of each and all
28 other persons similarly situated, and thus, seek class certification under California Code of Civil

1 Procedure § 382.

2 23. All claims alleged herein arise under California law for which Plaintiff seeks relief
3 authorized by California law.

4 24. The proposed Class consists of and is defined as:

5 All persons who worked for any Defendant in California as an hourly, non-
6 exempt employee at any time during the period beginning four years before the
7 filing of the initial complaint in this action and ending when notice to the Class
is sent.

8 25. At all material times, Plaintiff was a member of the Class.

9 26. Plaintiff undertakes this concerted activity to improve the wages and working
10 conditions of all Class Members.

11 27. There is a well-defined community of interest in the litigation and the Class is
12 readily ascertainable:

13 (a) Numerosity: The members of the Class (and each subclass, if any) are so
14 numerous that joinder of all members would be unfeasible and impractical.
15 The membership of the entire Class is unknown to Plaintiff at this time,
16 however, the Class is estimated to be greater than 100 individuals and the
17 identity of such membership is readily ascertainable by inspection of
18 Defendants' records.

19 (b) Typicality: Plaintiff is qualified to, and will, fairly and adequately protect
20 the interests of each Class Member with whom there is a shared, well-
21 defined community of interest, and Plaintiff's claims (or defenses, if any)
22 are typical of all Class Members' claims as demonstrated herein.

23 (c) Adequacy: Plaintiff is qualified to, and will, fairly and adequately protect
24 the interests of each Class Member with whom there is a shared, well-
25 defined community of interest and typicality of claims, as demonstrated
26 herein. Plaintiff has no conflicts with or interests antagonistic to any Class
27 Member. Plaintiff's attorneys, the proposed class counsel, are versed in
28

the rules governing class action discovery, certification, and settlement. Plaintiff has incurred, and throughout the duration of this action, will continue to incur costs and attorneys' fees that have been, are, and will be necessarily expended for the prosecution of this action for the substantial benefit of each class member.

(d) Superiority: A Class Action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy, including consideration of:

- 1) The interests of the members of the Class in individually controlling the prosecution or defense of separate actions;
- 2) The extent and nature of any litigation concerning the controversy already commenced by or against members of the Class;
- 3) The desirability or undesirability of concentrating the litigation of the claims in the particular forum; and
- 4) The difficulties likely to be encountered in the management of a class action.

(e) Public Policy Considerations: The public policy of the State of California is to resolve the California Labor Code claims of many employees through a class action. Indeed, current employees are often afraid to assert their rights out of fear of direct or indirect retaliation. Former employees are also fearful of bringing actions because they believe their former employers might damage their future endeavors through negative references and/or other means. Class actions provide the class members who are not named in the complaint with a type of anonymity that allows for the vindication of their rights at the same time as their privacy is protected.

28. There are common questions of law and fact as to the Class (and each subclass, if any) that predominate over questions affecting only individual members, including without

1 limitation, whether, as alleged herein, Defendants have:

- 2 (a) Failed to pay Class Members for all hours worked, including minimum
- 3 wages, and overtime wages;
- 4 (b) Failed to provide meal periods and pay meal period premium wages to
- 5 Class Members;
- 6 (c) Failed to authorize and permit rest periods and pay rest period premium
- 7 wages to Class Members;
- 8 (d) Failed to promptly pay all wages due to Class Members upon their
- 9 discharge or resignation;
- 10 (e) Failed to maintain accurate records of all hours Class Members worked,
- 11 and all meal periods Class Members took or missed;
- 12 (f) Failed to reimburse Class Members for all necessary business expenses;
- 13 and
- 14 (g) Violated California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200 *et. seq.* as a
- 15 result of their illegal conduct as described above.

16 29. This Court should permit this action to be maintained as a class action pursuant to
17 California Code of Civil Procedure § 382 because:

- 18 (a) The questions of law and fact common to the Class predominate over any
- 19 question affecting only individual members;
- 20 (b) A class action is superior to any other available method for the fair and
- 21 efficient adjudication of the claims of the members of the Class;
- 22 (c) The members of the Class are so numerous that it is impractical to bring all
- 23 members of the class before the Court;
- 24 (d) Plaintiff, and the other members of the Class, will not be able to obtain
- 25 effective and economic legal redress unless the action is maintained as a
- 26 class action;
- 27 (e) There is a community of interest in obtaining appropriate legal and
- 28 equitable relief for the statutory violations, and in obtaining adequate

1 compensation for the damages and injuries for which Defendants are
2 responsible in an amount sufficient to adequately compensate the members
3 of the Class for the injuries sustained;

4 (f) Without class certification, the prosecution of separate actions by
5 individual members of the class would create a risk of:

6 1) Inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual
7 members of the Class which would establish incompatible standards
8 of conduct for Defendants; and/or

9 2) Adjudications with respect to the individual members which would,
10 as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of other
11 members not parties to the adjudications, or would substantially
12 impair or impede their ability to protect their interests, including but
13 not limited to the potential for exhausting the funds available from
14 those parties who are, or may be, responsible Defendants; and,

15 (g) Defendants have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to
16 the Class, thereby making final injunctive relief appropriate with respect to
17 the class as a whole.

18 30. Plaintiff contemplates the eventual issuance of notice to the proposed members of
19 the Class that would set forth the subject and nature of the instant action. The Defendants' own
20 business records may be utilized for assistance in the preparation and issuance of the
21 contemplated notices. To the extent that any further notices may be required, Plaintiff would
22 contemplate the use of additional techniques and forms commonly used in class actions, such as
23 published notice, e-mail notice, website notice, first-class mail, or combinations thereof, or by
24 other methods suitable to the Class and deemed necessary and/or appropriate by the Court.

25 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

26 **(Against all Defendants for Failure to Pay Minimum Wages for All Hours Worked)**

27 31. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein
28 paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

1 32. “Hours worked” is the time during which an employee is subject to the control of
2 an employer, and includes all the time the employee is suffered or permitted to work, whether or
3 not required to do so.

4 33. At all relevant times herein mentioned, Defendants knowingly failed to pay to
5 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees compensation for all hours they worked. By
6 their failure to pay compensation for each hour worked as alleged above, Defendants willfully
7 violated the provisions of Section 1194 of the California Labor Code, and any additional
8 applicable Wage Orders, which require such compensation to non-exempt employees.

9 34. Accordingly, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are entitled to
10 recover minimum wages for all non-overtime hours worked for Defendants.

11 35. By and through the conduct described above, Plaintiff, the Class, and the
12 Aggrieved Employees have been deprived of their rights to be paid wages earned by virtue of
13 their employment with Defendants.

14 36. By virtue of the Defendants’ unlawful failure to pay additional compensation to
15 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for their non-overtime hours worked without
16 pay, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees suffered, and will continue to suffer,
17 damages in amounts which are presently unknown to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
18 Employees, but which exceed the jurisdictional minimum of this Court, and which will be
19 ascertained according to proof at trial.

20 37. By failing to keep adequate time records required by California Labor Code §
21 1174(d), Defendants have made it difficult to calculate the full extent of minimum wage
22 compensation due Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees.

23 38. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194.2, Plaintiff, the Class, and the
24 Aggrieved Employees are entitled to recover liquidated damages (double damages) for
25 Defendants’ failure to pay minimum wages.

26 39. California Labor Code section 204 requires employers to provide employees with
27 all wages due and payable twice a month. Throughout the statute of limitations period applicable
28 to this cause of action, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were entitled to be paid

twice a month at rates required by law, including minimum wages. However, during all such times, Defendants systematically failed and refused to pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees all such wages due, and failed to pay those wages twice a month.

40. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are also entitled to seek recovery of all unpaid minimum wages, interest, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 218.5, 218.6, and 1194(a).

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Against all Defendants for Failure to Pay Overtime Wages)

41. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

42. California Labor Code § 510 provides that employees in California shall not be employed more than eight (8) hours in any workday or forty (40) hours in a workweek unless they receive additional compensation beyond their regular wages in amounts specified by law.

43. California Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1198 provide that employees in California shall not be employed more than eight hours in any workday unless they receive additional compensation beyond their regular wages in amounts specified by law. Additionally, California Labor Code § 1198 states that the employment of an employee for longer hours than those fixed by the Industrial Welfare Commission is unlawful.

44. At all times relevant hereto, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees have worked more than eight hours in a workday, as employees of Defendants.

45. At all times relevant hereto, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees overtime compensation for the hours they have worked in excess of the maximum hours permissible by law as required by California Labor Code § 510 and 1198. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are regularly required to work overtime hours.

46. By virtue of Defendants' unlawful failure to pay additional premium rate compensation to the Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for their overtime hours worked, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees have suffered, and will continue to suffer, damages in amounts which are presently unknown to them but which exceed the

jurisdictional minimum of this Court and which will be ascertained according to proof at trial.

47. By failing to keep adequate time records required by Labor Code § 1174(d), Defendants have made it difficult to calculate the full extent of overtime compensation due to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees.

48. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees also request recovery of overtime compensation according to proof, interest, attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to California Labor Code § 1194(a), as well as the assessment of any statutory penalties against Defendants, in a sum as provided by the California Labor Code and/or other statutes.

49. California Labor Code § 204 requires employers to provide employees with all wages due and payable twice a month. The Wage Orders also provide that every employer shall pay to each employee, on the established payday for the period involved, overtime wages for all overtime hours worked in the payroll period. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees with all compensation due, in violation of California Labor Code § 204.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Against All Defendants for Failure to Provide Meal Periods)

50. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

51. Under California law, Defendants have an affirmative obligation to relieve the Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees of all duty in order to take their first daily meal periods no later than the start of Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees' sixth hour of work in a workday, and to take their second meal periods no later than the start of the eleventh hour of work in the workday. Section 512 of the California Labor Code, and Section 11 of the applicable Wage Orders require that an employer provide unpaid meal periods of at least 30 minutes for each five-hour period worked. It is a violation of Section 226.7 of the California Labor Code for an employer to require any employee to work during any meal period mandated under any Wage Order.

1 52. Despite these legal requirements, Defendants regularly failed to provide Plaintiff,
2 the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees with both meal periods as required by California law.
3 By their failure to permit and authorize Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to take
4 all meal periods as alleged above (or due to the fact that Defendants made it impossible or
5 impracticable to take these uninterrupted meal periods), Defendants willfully violated the
6 provisions of Section 226.7 of the California Labor Code and the applicable Wage Orders.

7 53. Under California law, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are
8 entitled to be paid one hour of additional wages for each workday he or she was not provided
9 with all required meal period(s), plus interest thereon.

10 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

11 **(Against All Defendants for Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Periods)**

12 54. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein
13 paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

14 55. Defendants are required by California law to authorize and permit breaks of 10
15 uninterrupted minutes for each four hours of work or major fraction of four hours (i.e. more than
16 two hours). Section 512 of the California Labor Code, the applicable Wage Orders require that
17 the employer permit and authorize all employees to take paid rest periods of 10 minutes each for
18 each 4-hour period worked. Thus, for example, if an employee's work time is 6 hours and ten
19 minutes, the employee is entitled to two rest breaks. Each failure to authorize rest breaks as so
20 required is itself a violation of California's rest break laws. It is a violation of Section 226.7 of
21 the California Labor Code for an employer to require any employee to work during any rest
22 period mandated under any Wage Order.

23 56. Despite these legal requirements, Defendants failed to authorize Plaintiff, the
24 Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to take rest breaks, regardless of whether employees worked
25 more than 4 hours in a workday. By their failure to permit and authorize Plaintiff, the Class, and
26 the Aggrieved Employees to take rest periods as alleged above (or due to the fact that Defendants
27 made it impossible or impracticable to take these uninterrupted rest periods), Defendants
28

1 willfully violated the provisions of Section 226.7 of the California Labor Code and the applicable
2 Wage Orders.

3 57. Under California law, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are
4 entitled to be paid one hour of premium wages rate for each workday he or she was not provided
5 with all required rest break(s), plus interest thereon.

6 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

7 **(Against All Defendants for Failure to Indemnify Necessary Business Expenses)**

8 58. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein
9 paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

10 59. Defendants violated Labor Code section 2802 and the IWC Wage Orders, by
11 failing to pay and indemnify the Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for their
12 necessary expenditures and losses incurred in direct consequence of the discharge of their duties
13 or of their obedience to directions of Defendants.

14 60. As a result, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were damaged at
15 least in the amounts of the expenses they paid, or which were deducted by Defendants from their
16 wages.

17 61. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees they represent are entitled to
18 attorney's fees, expenses, and costs of suit pursuant to Labor Code section 2802(c) and interest
19 pursuant to Labor Code section 2802(b).

20 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

21 **(Against all Defendants for Failure to Pay Wages of Discharged Employees – Waiting Time** 22 **Penalties)**

23 62. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein
24 paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

25 63. At all times herein set forth, California Labor Code §§ 201 and 202 provide that if
26 an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge are
27 due and payable immediately, and that if an employee voluntarily leaves his or her employment,
28 his or her wages shall become due and payable not later than seventy-two (72) hours thereafter,

1 unless the employee has given seventy-two (72) hours previous notice of his or her intention to
2 quit, in which case the employee is entitled to his or her wages at the time of quitting.

3 64. Within the applicable statute of limitations, the employment of Plaintiff and many
4 other members of the Class ended, i.e. was terminated by quitting or discharge, and the
5 employment of others will be. However, during the relevant time period, Defendants failed, and
6 continue to fail to pay terminated Class Members, without abatement, all wages required to be
7 paid by California Labor Code sections 201 and 202 either at the time of discharge, or within
8 seventy-two (72) hours of their leaving Defendants' employ.

9 65. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and those Class members who are no longer
10 employed by Defendants their wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge, or within
11 seventy-two (72) hours of their leaving Defendants' employ, is in violation of California Labor
12 Code §§ 201 and 202.

13 66. California Labor Code § 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to pay
14 wages owed, in accordance with sections 201 and 202, then the wages of the employee shall
15 continue as a penalty wage from the due date, and at the same rate until paid or until an action is
16 commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than thirty (30) days.

17 67. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are entitled to recover from
18 Defendants their additionally accruing wages for each day they were not paid, at their regular
19 hourly rate of pay, up to 30 days maximum pursuant to California Labor Code § 203.

20 68. Pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 218.5, 218.6 and 1194, Plaintiff, the Class,
21 and the Aggrieved Employees are also entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees, interest,
22 expenses, and costs incurred in this action.

23 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

24 **(Against all Defendants for Failure to Provide and Maintain Accurate and** 25 **Compliant Wage Records)**

26 69. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein
27 paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

28 70. At all material times set forth herein, California Labor Code § 226(a) provides that

every employer shall furnish each of his or her employees an accurate itemized wage statement in writing showing nine pieces of information, including: (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis, (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and the last four digits of his or her social security number or an employee identification number other than a social security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee.

71. Defendants have intentionally and willfully failed to provide employees with complete and accurate wage statements. The deficiencies include, among other things, the failure to correctly identify the gross wages earned by Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees, the failure to list the true “total hours worked by the employee,” and the failure to list the true net wages earned.

72. As a result of Defendants’ violation of California Labor Code § 226(a), Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees have suffered injury and damage to their statutorily-protected rights.

73. Specifically, Plaintiff, the members of the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees have been injured by Defendants’ intentional violation of California Labor Code § 226(a) because they were denied both their legal right to receive, and their protected interest in receiving, accurate, itemized wage statements under California Labor Code § 226(a).

74. Calculation of the true wage entitlement for Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees is difficult and time consuming. As a result of this unlawful burden, Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were also injured as a result of having to bring this action to attempt to obtain correct wage information following Defendants’ refusal to comply with many of the mandates of California’s Labor Code and related laws and regulations.

75. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are entitled to recover from

Defendants their actual damages caused by Defendants' failure to comply with California Labor Code § 226(a).

76. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are also entitled to injunctive relief, as well as an award of attorney's fees and costs to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Labor Code § 226(h).

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Against all Defendants for Civil Penalties Under the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, Cal. Lab. Code § 2698 et seq.)

77. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

78. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants were subject to the Labor Code of the State of California and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Orders.

79. California Labor Code § 2699(a) specifically provides for a private right of action to recover penalties for violations of the Labor Code: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any provision of this code that provides for a civil penalty to be assessed and collected by the Labor and Workforce Development Agency or any of its departments, divisions, commissions, boards, agencies, or employees, for a violation of this code, may, as an alternative, be recovered through a civil action brought by an aggrieved employee on behalf of herself or herself and other current or former employees pursuant to the procedures specified in Section 2699.3."

80. Plaintiff has exhausted his administrative remedies pursuant to California Labor Code § 2699.3. On June 7, 2023, he gave written notice by online filing to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency and by certified mail to Defendants of the specific provisions of the Labor Code that Defendants have violated against Plaintiff and current and former aggrieved employees, including the facts and theories to support the violations. Plaintiff also paid the filing fee shortly after March 30, 2023. Plaintiff's PAGA case number is LWDA-CM-960482-23.

81. The statute of limitations is tolled while a plaintiff exhausts his/her administrative remedies with California's Labor and Workforce Development Agency (LWDA) prior to suit, which is required by the statute. (See Cal. Lab. Code § 2699.3(d).)

1 82. More than 65 days has elapsed since Plaintiff provided notice, but the Labor and
2 Workforce Development Agency has not indicated that it intends to investigate Defendants'
3 Labor Code violations discussed in the notice. Accordingly, Plaintiff may commence a civil
4 action to recover penalties under Labor Code § 2699 pursuant to § 2699.3 for the violations of
5 the Labor Code described in this Complaint. These penalties include, but are not limited to,
6 penalties under California Labor Code §§ 210, 226.3, 1197.1, and 2699(f)(2).

7 83. In addition, Plaintiff seeks penalties for Defendants' violation of California Labor
8 Code § 1174(d). Pursuant to California Labor Code § 1174.5, any person, including any entity,
9 employing labor who willfully fails to maintain accurate and complete records required by
10 California Labor Code § 1174 is subject to a penalty under § 1174.5. Pursuant to the applicable
11 IWC Order § 7(A)(3), every employer shall keep time records showing when the employee
12 begins and ends each work period. Meal periods, and total hours worked daily shall also be
13 recorded. Additionally, pursuant to the applicable IWC Order § 7(A)(5), every employer shall
14 keep total hours worked in the payroll period and applicable rates of pay.

15 84. During the time period of employment for Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees,
16 Defendants failed to maintain records pursuant to the Labor Code and IWC Orders by failing to
17 maintain accurate records showing meal periods, and accurate records showing when employees
18 begin and end each work period. Defendants' failure to provide and maintain records required by
19 the Labor Code IWC Wage Orders deprived Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees the ability to
20 know, understand and question the accuracy and frequency of meal periods, and the accuracy of
21 their hours worked stated in Defendants' records. Therefore, Plaintiff and the Aggrieved
22 Employees had no way to dispute the resulting failure to pay wages, all of which resulted in an
23 unjustified economic enrichment to Defendants. As a direct result, Plaintiff and the Aggrieved
24 Employees have suffered and continue to suffer, substantial losses related to the use and
25 enjoyment of such wages, lost interest on such wages and expenses and attorney's fees in seeking
26 to compel Defendants to fully perform its obligation under state law, all to their respective
27 damage in amounts according to proof at trial. Because of Defendants' knowing failure to
28 comply with the Labor Code and applicable IWC Wage Orders, Plaintiff and the Aggrieved

1 Employees have also suffered an injury in that they were prevented from knowing,
2 understanding, and disputing the wage payments paid to them.

3 85. Based on the conduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of
4 civil penalties on behalf of himself, the State of California, and similarly Aggrieved Employees
5 of Defendants. The exact amount of the applicable penalties, in all, is in an amount to be shown
6 according to proof at trial. These penalties are in addition to all other remedies permitted by law.

7 86. In addition, Plaintiff seeks an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant
8 to Labor Code § 2699(g)(1), which states, "Any employee who prevails in any action shall be
9 entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs."

10 11 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

12 **(Against all Defendants for Violation of California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200,**
13 **et seq.)**

14 87. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein
15 paragraphs 1 through 21 in this First Amended Complaint.

16 88. Defendants, and each of them, are "persons" as defined under California Business
17 & Professions Code § 17201.

18 89. Defendants' conduct, as alleged herein, has been, and continues to be, unfair,
19 unlawful, and harmful to Plaintiff, other Class members, the Aggrieved Employees, and to the
20 general public. Plaintiff seeks to enforce important rights affecting the public interest within the
21 meaning of Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5.

22 90. Defendants' activities, as alleged herein, are violations of California law, and
23 constitute unlawful business acts and practices in violation of California Business & Professions
24 Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

25 91. A violation of California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* may be
26 predicated on the violation of any state or federal law. All of the acts described herein as
27 violations of, among other things, the California Labor Code, are unlawful and in violation of
28 public policy; and in addition are immoral, unethical, oppressive, fraudulent and unscrupulous,

1 and thereby constitute unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices in violation of
2 California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

3 **Failure to Pay Minimum Wages**

4 92. Defendants' failure to pay minimum wages, and other benefits in violation of the
5 California Labor Code constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity prohibited by California
6 Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

7 **Failure to Pay Overtime Wages**

8 93. Defendants' failure to pay overtime compensation and other benefits in violation
9 of California Labor Code §§ 510, 1194, and 1198 constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity
10 prohibited by California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

11 **Failure to Maintain Accurate Records of All Hours Worked**

12 94. Defendants' failure to maintain accurate records of all hours worked in accordance
13 with California Labor Code § 1174.5 and the IWC Wage Orders constitutes unlawful and/or
14 unfair activity prohibited by California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

15 **Failure to Provide Meal Periods**

16 95. Defendants' failure to provide meal periods in accordance with California Labor
17 Code §§ 226.7 and 512, and the IWC Wage Orders, as alleged above, constitutes unlawful and/or
18 unfair activity prohibited by California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

19 **Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Periods**

20 96. Defendants' failure to authorize and permit rest periods in accordance with
21 California Labor Code § 226.7 and the IWC Wage Orders, as alleged above, constitutes unlawful
22 and/or unfair activity prohibited by Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

23 **Failure to Indemnify Necessary Business Expenses**

24 97. Defendants' failure to indemnify employees for necessary business expenses in
25 accordance with California Labor Code § 2802 and the IWC Wage Orders, as alleged above,
26 constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity prohibited by Business and Professions Code §§
27 17200, *et seq.*

28 **Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements**

1 98. Defendants' failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements in accordance
2 with California Labor Code § 226, as alleged above, constitutes unlawful and/or unfair activity
3 prohibited by California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

4 99. By and through their unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices
5 described herein, the Defendants, have obtained valuable property, money and services from
6 Plaintiff, and all persons similarly situated, and have deprived Plaintiff, and all persons similarly
7 situated, of valuable rights and benefits guaranteed by law, all to their detriment.

8 100. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees Members suffered monetary
9 injury as a direct result of Defendants' wrongful conduct.

10 101. Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of members of the putative Class, is entitled
11 to, and do, seek such relief as may be necessary to disgorge money and/or property which the
12 Defendants have wrongfully acquired, or of which Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
13 Employees have been deprived, by means of the above-described unfair, unlawful and/or
14 fraudulent business practices. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees are not
15 obligated to establish individual knowledge of the wrongful practices of Defendants in order to
16 recover restitution.

17 102. Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of members of the putative class, are further
18 entitled to and do seek a declaration that the above described business practices are unfair,
19 unlawful and/or fraudulent, and injunctive relief restraining the Defendants, and each of them,
20 from engaging in any of the above-described unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business
21 practices in the future.

22 103. Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of members of the putative class, have no
23 plain, speedy, and/or adequate remedy at law to redress the injuries which the Class Members
24 suffered as a consequence of the Defendants' unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business
25 practices. As a result of the unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices described
26 above, Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of members of the putative Class, has suffered and
27 will continue to suffer irreparable harm unless the Defendants, and each of them, are restrained
28 from continuing to engage in said unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices.

104. Plaintiff also alleges that if Defendants are not enjoined from the conduct set forth herein above, they will continue to avoid paying the appropriate taxes, insurance and other withholdings.

105. Pursuant to California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*, Plaintiff and putative Class Members are entitled to restitution of the wages withheld and retained by Defendants during a period that commences four years prior to the filing of this complaint; a permanent injunction requiring Defendants to pay all outstanding wages due to Plaintiff and Class Members; an award of attorneys' fees pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 and other applicable laws; and an award of costs.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated only with respect to the class claims, prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally, as follows:

Class Certification

1. That this action be certified as a class action with respect to the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Causes of Action;

2. That Plaintiff be appointed as the representative of the Class; and

3. That counsel for Plaintiff be appointed as Class Counsel.

As to the First Cause of Action

4. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code §§ 204 and 1194 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to pay all minimum wages due;

5. For general unpaid wages as may be appropriate;

6. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation commencing from the date such amounts were due;

7. For liquidated damages;

8. For reasonable attorneys' fees and for costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to California Labor Code § 1194(a); and,

1 9. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

2 As to the Second Cause of Action

3 10. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
4 Labor Code §§ 510 and 1198 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to pay all
5 overtime wages due;

6 11. For general unpaid wages at overtime wage rates as may be appropriate;

7 12. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid overtime compensation commencing
8 from the date such amounts were due;

9 13. For reasonable attorneys' fees and for costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to
10 California Labor Code § 1194(a); and,

11 14. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

12 As to the Third Cause of Action

13 15. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
14 Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512, and the IWC Wage Orders;

15 16. For unpaid meal period premium wages as may be appropriate;

16 17. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation commencing from the date
17 such amounts were due;

18 18. For reasonable attorneys' fees under California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5,
19 and for costs of suit incurred herein; and

20 19. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

21 As to the Fourth Cause of Action

22 20. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
23 Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512, and the IWC Wage Orders;

24 21. For unpaid rest period premium wages as may be appropriate;

25 22. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation commencing from the date
26 such amounts were due;

27 23. For reasonable attorneys' fees under California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5,
28 and for costs of suit incurred herein; and

24. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

As to the Fifth Cause of Action

25. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated Labor Code § 2802 and the IWC Wage Orders;

26. For general unpaid wages and reimbursement of business expenses as may be appropriate;

27. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation commencing from the date such amounts were due;

28. For reasonable attorneys' fees and for costs of suit incurred herein; and

29. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

As to the Sixth Cause of Action

30. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code §§ 201, 202, and 203 by willfully failing to pay all compensation owed at the time of termination of the employment;

31. For statutory wage penalties pursuant to California Labor Code § 203 for former employees who have left Defendants' employ;

32. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid wages from the date such amounts were due;

33. For reasonable attorneys' fees and for costs of suit incurred herein; and

34. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

As to the Seventh Cause of Action

35. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated the record keeping provisions of California Labor Code § 226(a) and applicable IWC Wage Orders, and willfully failed to provide accurate itemized wage statements thereto;

36. For penalties and actual damages pursuant to California Labor Code § 226(e);

37. For injunctive relief to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Labor Code § 226(h);

38. For reasonable attorneys' fees and for costs of suit incurred herein; and

39. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

As to the Eighth Cause of Action

40. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* by failing to pay wages for all hours worked (including minimum and overtime wages), failing to provide meal periods, failing to maintain accurate records of meal periods, failing to authorize and permit rest periods, and failing to maintain accurate records of all hours worked and meal periods, failing to furnish accurate wage statements, and failing to indemnify necessary business expenses;

41. For restitution of unpaid wages to Plaintiff and all Class Members and prejudgment interest from the day such amounts were due and payable;

42. For the appointment of a receiver to receive, manage and distribute any and all funds disgorged from Defendants and determined to have been wrongfully acquired by Defendants as a result of violations of California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200 *et seq.*;

43. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5;

44. For injunctive relief to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*; and,

45. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.

As to the Ninth Cause of Action

46. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated the California Labor Code by failing to pay wages for all hours worked (including minimum, straight time, and overtime wages), failing to provide meal periods, failing to maintain accurate records of meal periods, failing to authorize and permit rest periods, failing to maintain accurate records of all hours worked and meal periods, failing to indemnify necessary business expenses, failing to pay final wages at termination, and failing to furnish accurate wage statements;

47. For all actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof. For all civil penalties pursuant to California Labor Code § 2699, *et seq.*, and all other applicable Labor Code provisions;

1 48. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to
2 California Labor Code § 2699;

3 49. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable and appropriate.
4

5 As to all Causes of Action

6 50. For any additional relief that the Court deems just and proper.
7

8 Dated: August 15, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

9 MOON LAW GROUP, PC

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11 By: 

Kane Moon
Brett Gunther
Jessica Abreu
Attorneys for Plaintiff
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16 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

17 Plaintiff demands a trial by jury as to all causes of action triable by jury.
18

19 Dated: August 15, 2023

MOON LAW GROUP, PC

20
21 By: 

Kane Moon
Brett Gunther
Jessica Abreu
Attorneys for Plaintiff
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1 **PROOF OF SERVICE**

2 **STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

3 I am employed in the State of California, County of Los Angeles. I am over the age of 18 and not
4 a party to the within suit; my business address is 1055 W. 7th Street, Suite 1880, Los Angeles, CA 90017.

5 On the date indicated below, I served the document described as: **FIRST AMENDED CLASS**
6 **ACTION AND PAGA REPRESENTATIVE ACTION COMPLAINT** on the interested parties in this
7 action by sending [] the original [or] [✓] a true copy thereof [✓] to interested parties as follows [or] []
8 as stated on the attached service list:

9 Landon R. Schwob
10 **Fisher & Phillips LLP**
11 444 South Flower Street, Suite 1500
12 Los Angeles, CA 90071
13 Tel.: (213) 330-4479
14 lschwob@fisherphillips.com
15 kpgonzalez@fisherphillips.com

16 Attorneys for Defendant Robert A. Smith, Inc.,

17 [✓] **BY U.S. MAIL:** I deposited such envelope in the mail at Los Angeles, California. The
18 envelope was mailed with postage thereon fully prepaid. I am "readily familiar" with the
19 firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice
20 it would be deposited with U.S. postal service on that same day with postage thereon fully
21 prepaid at Los Angeles, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on
22 motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage
23 meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

24 [✓] **BY E-MAIL:** I hereby certify that this document was served from Los Angeles, California,
25 by e-mail delivery on the parties listed herein at their most recent known e-mail address from
26 e-mail ihernandez@moonlawgroup.com pursuant to California Rules of Court. I did not
27 receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other
28 indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is
true and correct. Executed this **August 15, 2023** at Los Angeles, California.

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