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MARGARITA PARDO

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO

MARGARITA PARDO, individually and on
behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

SANCHEZ FAMILY CORPORATION IV
DBA MCDONALD'S, a California
corporation; and DOES 1 through 50,
inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: CIVSB2317242

**FIRST AMENDED CLASS AND
REPRESENTATIVE ACTION COMPLAINT**

- (1) Violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 510 and 1198 (Unpaid Overtime)
- (2) Violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512(a) (Unpaid Meal Period Premiums)
- (3) Violation of Cal. Labor Code § 226.7 (Unpaid Rest Period Premiums)
- (4) Violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, and 1197.1 (Unpaid Minimum Wages)
- (5) Violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 201, 202, and 203 (Final Wages Not Timely Paid)
- (6) Violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 204 and 210 (Wages Not Timely Paid During Employment)
- (7) Violation of Cal. Labor Code § 226(a) (Failure to Provide Accurate Wage Statements)
- (8) Violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 2800 and 2802 (Failure to Reimburse Necessary Business Expenses)
- (9) Violation of Cal. Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.
- (10) Violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 221 – 224 (Unlawful Deduction of Wages)
- (11) Violation of Cal. Labor Code § 246, et seq. (Failure to Pay Sick Pay Wages)
- (12) Violation of Cal. Labor Code § 2699, (Private Attorneys General Act)

1 Plaintiff MARGARITA PARDO (“Plaintiff”), individually and on behalf of other
2 members of the general public similarly situated, based upon facts that either have evidentiary
3 support or are likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further
4 investigation and discovery, alleges as follows:

5 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

6 1. Plaintiff brings this action against Defendants SANCHEZ FAMILY
7 CORPORATION IV dba McDONALD’S; and DOES 1 THROUGH 50 (hereinafter also
8 collectively referred to as “Defendants”) for California Labor Code violations, unfair business
9 practices, and civil penalties stemming from Defendants’ failure to pay overtime compensation,
10 failure to provide meal periods, failure to authorize and permit rest periods, failure to pay
11 minimum wage, failure to timely pay wages, failure to provide accurate wage statements, failure
12 to maintain accurate time and payroll records, failure to reimburse necessary business-related
13 expenses, failure to pay reporting wages, and unlawful deductions.

14 2. Plaintiff’s First through Tenth Causes of Action are brought as a class action on
15 behalf of herself and similarly situated current and former employees of Defendants (hereinafter
16 collectively referred to as the “Class” or “Class Members,” as defined more fully in paragraph
17 14, below) pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382. The monetary damages
18 and restitution sought by Plaintiff exceeds the minimal jurisdiction limits of the Superior Court
19 and will be established according to proof at trial.

20 3. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the California Constitution,
21 Article VI, Section 10, which grants the superior court “original jurisdiction in all other causes”
22 except those given by statute to other courts. The statutes under which this action is brought do
23 not specify any other basis for jurisdiction.

24 4. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because, upon information and belief,
25 Defendants are citizens of California, have sufficient minimum contacts in California, or
26 otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the California market so as to render the exercise of
27 jurisdiction over them by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and
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1 substantial justice.

2 5. Venue is proper in this Court because, upon information and belief, Defendants
3 maintain offices, have agents, and/or transact business in the State of California, County of San
4 Bernardino.

5 **PARTIES**

6 6. Plaintiff Margarita Pardo is an individual residing in the County of San
7 Bernardino, State of California.

8 7. Defendant SANCHEZ FAMILY CORPORATION IV dba McDONALD’S is, and
9 at all times herein mentioned was, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State
10 of California, and registered to do business in the state of California.

11 8. Plaintiff is ignorant of the identities of defendants Does 1 through 50, inclusive,
12 and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. The Doe defendants may be
13 individuals, partnerships, or corporations. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges,
14 that, at all times mentioned herein, each of the Doe defendants was the parent, subsidiary, agent,
15 servant, employee, co-venturer, and/or co-conspirator of each of the other defendants and was at
16 all times mentioned acting within the scope, purpose, consent, knowledge, ratification and
17 authorization of such agency, employment, joint venture and conspiracy. Plaintiff will amend this
18 Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and
19 believes and thereon alleges that each of the fictitiously named Doe defendants is responsible in
20 some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and that Plaintiff’s damages as herein alleged
21 were proximately caused by its conduct. SANCHEZ FAMILY CORPORATION IV dba
22 McDONALD’S; and Doe Defendants 1 through 50 are collectively referred to herein as
23 “Defendants.”

24 9. Defendants are, and at all times herein mentioned were, (a) conducting business
25 in the County of San Bernardino, State of California, and (b) the employer of Plaintiff consistent
26 with the California Labor Code and Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders (“Wage
27 Orders”).

1 10. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendants, directly or indirectly controlled or
2 affected the working conditions, wages, working hours, and conditions of employment of
3 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees so as to make each of said Defendants
4 employers and employers jointly liable under the statutory provisions set forth herein.

5 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

6 11. Plaintiff brings the First through Tenth Causes of Action as a class action on her
7 own behalf and on behalf of all other members of the general public similarly situated, and, thus,
8 seeks class certification under Code of Civil Procedure section 382.

9 12. The proposed class is defined as follows: All current and former non-exempt
10 employees of any of the Defendants within the State of California at any time commencing four
11 (4) years preceding the filing of Plaintiff's complaint up until the time that notice of the certified
12 class action is provided to the class (hereinafter referred to as the "Class" or "Class Members.").

13 13. Plaintiff reserves the right to establish other subclasses as appropriate.

14 14. The Class is ascertainable and there is a well-defined community of interest in the
15 litigation:

16 a. Numerosity: The Class Members are so numerous that joinder of all Class
17 Members is impracticable. The membership of the entire Class is unknown to
18 Plaintiff at this time; however, the Class is estimated to be over fifty (50)
19 individuals and the identity of such membership is readily ascertainable by
20 inspection of Defendants' employment records.

21 b. Typicality: Plaintiff's claims are typical of all other Class Members demonstrated
22 herein. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the other Class
23 Members with whom she has a well-defined community of interest.

24 c. Adequacy: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of each Class
25 Member, with whom she has a well-defined community of interest and typicality
26 of claims, as demonstrated herein. Plaintiff has no interest that is antagonistic to
27 the other Class Members. Plaintiff's attorneys, the proposed class counsel, are
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versed in the rules governing class action discovery, certification, and settlement. Plaintiff has incurred, and during the pendency of this action will continue to incur, costs and attorneys' fees, that have been, are, and will be necessarily expended for the prosecution of this action for the substantial benefit of each Class Member.

d. Superiority: A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this litigation because individual joinder of all Class Members is impractical.

e. Public Policy Considerations: Certification of this lawsuit as a class action will advance public policy objectives. Employers of this great state violate employment and labor laws every day. Current employees are often afraid to assert their rights out of fear of direct or indirect retaliation. However, class actions provide the Class Members who are not named in the complaint anonymity that allows for the vindication of their rights.

15. There are common questions of law and fact as to the Class that predominate over questions affecting only individual members. The following common questions of law or fact, among others, exist as to the members of the Class:

- a. Whether Defendants' failure to pay wages, without abatement, or reduction, in accordance with the California Labor Code was willful;
- b. Whether Defendants had a corporate policy and practice of failing to pay Plaintiff and the other Class Members for all hours worked, and missed, short, late or interrupted meal periods and rest breaks in violation of California law;
- c. Whether Defendants required Plaintiff and the other Class Members to work more than eight (8) hours per day and/or more than forty (40) hours per week and failed to pay the legally required overtime compensation to Plaintiff and the other Class Members;
- d. Whether Defendants deprived Plaintiff and the other Class Members of meal

- 1 and/or rest periods or required Plaintiff and the other Class Members to work
2 during meal and/or rest periods without compensation;
- 3 e. Whether Defendants failed to pay meal period premium wages to Class Members
4 when they were not provided with a legally compliant meal period;
- 5 f. Whether Defendants failed to pay rest period premium wages to Class Members
6 when they were not authorized and permitted to take legally compliant rest
7 periods;
- 8 g. Whether Defendants failed to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and the other Class
9 Members for all hours worked;
- 10 h. Whether Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other Class Members the
11 required minimum wage pursuant to California law;
- 12 i. Whether Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other Class Members proper
13 overtime compensation pursuant to California law;
- 14 j. Whether Defendants failed to pay all wages due to Plaintiff and the other Class
15 Members within the time required upon their discharge or resignation from
16 employment;
- 17 k. Whether Defendants failed to reimburse Plaintiff and the other Class Members
18 for all necessary business-related expenses and costs in violation of California
19 Labor Code section 2802;
- 20 l. Whether Defendants failed to pay reporting time wages in violation of the
21 applicable IWC Wage Order;
- 22 m. Whether Defendants failed to timely pay all wages due to Plaintiff and the other
23 Class Members during their employment;
- 24 n. Whether Defendants complied with wage reporting as required by the California
25 Labor Code, including section 226;
- 26 o. Whether Defendants made unlawful deductions from wages due to Plaintiff and
27 the other Class Members;
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- 1 p. Whether Defendants failed to pay sick time pay and failed to pay sick time at the
2 regular rate of pay to include all remuneration;
- 3 q. Whether Defendants' conduct was with malice, fraud, or oppression;
- 4 r. Whether Defendants' conduct was willful or reckless;
- 5 s. Whether Defendants engaged in unfair business practices in violation of
6 California Business & Professions Code section 17200, *et seq.* based on their
7 improper withholding of compensation and deduction of wages;
- 8 t. The appropriate amount of damages, restitution, and/or monetary penalties
9 resulting from Defendants' violation of California law; and
- 10 u. Whether Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to compensatory
11 damages pursuant to the California Labor Code.

12 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

13 16. Defendants are owners and operators of McDonald's fast-food restaurants.

14 17. Defendants have employed Plaintiff to work as a Cook since approximately March
15 2022.

16 18. At all relevant times set forth herein, Defendants employed Plaintiff, the Class,
17 and the Aggrieved Employees as hourly-paid or non-exempt employees.

18 19. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants had the authority to
19 hire and terminate Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees; to directly or indirectly
20 control work rules, working conditions, wages, working hours, and conditions of employment of
21 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees ; and to hire and terminate the employment of
22 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees .

23 20. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants were subject to the Labor Code of the
24 State of California and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Orders.

25 21. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendants engaged in
26 an ongoing and systematic scheme of wage abuse against their hourly-paid or non-exempt
27 employees. As set forth in more detail below, this scheme involved, *inter alia*, regularly requiring
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1 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to work off-the-clock without compensation,
2 thereby failing to pay them for all hours worked, including minimum and overtime wages. In
3 addition, Defendants routinely failed to permit Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees
4 to take timely and duty-free meal periods and rest periods in violation of California law.
5 Defendants also failed to reimburse Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for all
6 necessary business-related expenses, failed to pay reporting wages, and made unlawful
7 deductions.

8 22. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants have implemented
9 policies and practices which failed to provide Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees
10 with timely and duty-free meal periods. Defendants routinely failed to relieve Plaintiff, the Class,
11 and the Aggrieved Employees of all duties during their meal periods, regularly failed to relinquish
12 control over Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees during their meal periods,
13 regularly failed to permit Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees a reasonable
14 opportunity to take their meal periods, and regularly impeded or discouraged Plaintiff, the Class,
15 and the Aggrieved Employees from taking thirty (30) minute uninterrupted meal breaks no later
16 than the end of their fifth hour of work and/or from taking a second thirty (30) minute
17 uninterrupted meal break no later than their tenth hour of work for shifts lasting more than ten
18 (10) hours. Defendants also failed to maintain accurate records of meal periods taken by Plaintiff,
19 the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees .

20 23. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants did not adequately
21 inform Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees of their right to take meal periods under
22 California law. Moreover, Defendants systematically disregarded their own written policies
23 regarding the provision and timing of meal periods for Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
24 Employees . Instead, Defendants' actual policy and practice was to schedule Plaintiff, the Class,
25 and the Aggrieved Employees in a way that prohibited them from taking timely and duty-free
26 meal periods, and to require Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to work through
27 their meal periods, for which they were not compensated.

1 24. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants failed to pay
2 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees premium wages for meal periods that were
3 missed, late, interrupted, or shortened in violation of California law. Defendants knew or should
4 have known that Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were entitled to receive all
5 meal periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at their regular rate of pay when a meal
6 period was missed, short, late, and/or interrupted. Notwithstanding this knowledge, Defendants
7 routinely failed to provide legally compliant meal periods to Plaintiff, the Class, and the
8 Aggrieved Employees , and routinely failed to pay one additional hour of pay to Plaintiff, the
9 Class, and the Aggrieved Employees at their regular rate of pay when a meal period was missed,
10 short, late, and/or interrupted.

11 25. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants have implemented
12 policies and practices which prohibited Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees from
13 taking timely and duty-free rest periods. Defendants regularly failed to provide, authorize, and
14 permit Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to take full, uninterrupted, off-duty rest
15 periods for every shift lasting three and one-half (3.5) to six (6) hours and/or two full,
16 uninterrupted, off-duty rest periods for every shift lasting six (6) to ten (10) hours, and failed to
17 make a good faith effort to authorize, permit, and provide such rest breaks in the middle of each
18 work period.

19 26. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants did not adequately
20 inform Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees of their right to take rest periods under
21 California law. Moreover, Defendants systematically disregarded their own written policies
22 regarding the provision and timing of rest periods for Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
23 Employees . Instead, Defendants' actual policy and practice was to schedule Plaintiff, the Class,
24 and the Aggrieved Employees in a way that regularly prohibited them from taking timely and
25 duty-free rest periods, and to regularly require Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees
26 to work through their rest periods.

27 27. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants failed to pay
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1 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees premium wages for rest periods that were
2 missed, late, interrupted, or shortened in violation of California law. Defendants knew or should
3 have known that Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were entitled to receive all
4 rest periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at their regular rate of pay when a rest period
5 was missed, short, late, and/or interrupted. Notwithstanding this knowledge, Defendants routinely
6 failed to authorize and permit Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to take duty-
7 free rest periods, and failed to pay one additional hour of pay to Plaintiff, the Class, and the
8 Aggrieved Employees at their regular rate of pay when a rest period was missed, short, late and/or
9 interrupted.

10 28. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly required
11 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to perform work off-the-clock. Although
12 Defendants prohibited overtime, Defendants still regularly required that Plaintiff, the Class, and
13 the Aggrieved Employees complete all of their assigned duties. To do so, Plaintiff, the Class, and
14 the Aggrieved Employees were regularly required to perform work off-the-clock for which they
15 were not compensated.

16 29. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Plaintiff, the Class, and the
17 Aggrieved Employees worked more than eight (8) hours in a day, and/or forty (40) hours in a
18 week.

19 30. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly failed to
20 pay all overtime compensation owed to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees when
21 they worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a single workday and/or forty (40) hours in a single
22 work week, or in excess of twelve (12) hours in a single workday and/or eighty (80) hours in a
23 single work week. Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff, the Class, and the
24 Aggrieved Employees were entitled to receive certain wages for overtime compensation and that
25 they were not receiving wages for overtime compensation.

26 31. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants failed to pay
27 overtime to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for all overtime hours worked
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1 based on regular rates of pay correctly calculated to include all applicable remuneration.

2 32. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly failed to
3 pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees at least minimum wages for all hours
4 worked. Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
5 Employees were entitled to receive at least minimum wages for all hours worked and that they
6 were not receiving at least minimum wages for all hours worked. Defendants' failure to pay
7 minimum wages included, *inter alia*, failing to pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
8 Employees at the required minimum wage pursuant to California law, requiring Plaintiff, the
9 Class, and the Aggrieved Employees to perform work off-the-clock.

10 33. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly failed to
11 pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees all wages owed to them upon discharge
12 or resignation. Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
13 Employees were entitled to receive all wages owed to them upon termination within the time
14 permissible under California Labor Code section 202. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
15 Employees did not receive payment of all final wages owed to them upon discharge or
16 resignation, including overtime compensation and minimum wages within any time permissible
17 under California Labor Code section 202.

18 34. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly failed to
19 pay Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees all wages within any time permissible
20 under California law, including, *inter alia*, California Labor Code section 204. Defendants knew
21 or should have known that Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees were entitled to
22 receive all wages owed to them during their employment. Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
23 Employees did not receive payment of all wages, including overtime compensation, minimum
24 wages, and meal and rest period premiums.

25 35. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly failed to
26 provide complete or accurate wage statements to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
27 Employees. Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved
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1 Employees were entitled to receive complete and accurate wage statements in accordance with
2 California law, but, in fact, they did not receive complete and accurate wage statements from
3 Defendants. The deficiencies included, *inter alia*, the failure to include the total number of hours
4 worked, the actual gross wages earned, and the correct rates of pay.

5 36. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly failed to
6 keep complete or accurate payroll records for Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees
7 . Defendants knew or should have known that Defendants were required to keep complete and
8 accurate payroll records for Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees in accordance with
9 California law, but, in fact, did not keep complete and accurate payroll records.

10 37. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants regularly failed to
11 maintain accurate records relating to Plaintiff's and the Class's work periods, meal periods, total
12 daily hours, hours per pay period, and applicable pay rates.

13 38. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants failed to reimburse
14 Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees for all necessary business-related expenses,
15 including but not limited to, non-slip shoes, and laundry/maintenance of uniforms. Defendants
16 knew or should have known that Defendants were required to reimburse Plaintiff, the Class, and
17 the Aggrieved Employees for all necessary business-related expenses and costs, but, in fact, failed
18 to do so in violation of California law.

19 39. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants implemented
20 policies and practices that allowed Defendant to deduct from the wages paid to Plaintiff and the
21 Class and the Aggrieved Employees. Defendants' policies and practices allowing for deduction
22 of wages does not comport with any exception enumerated in California Labor Code section 224,
23 and is therefore unlawful under California law.

24 40. Throughout the relevant time period involved in this case, Defendants failed to
25 provide Plaintiff and the Class and the Aggrieved Employees with the required sick time wages
26 and further sick time that was paid was not paid at the regular rate of pay to include all
27 remuneration in violation of California law.
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41. Throughout the time period involved in this case, Defendants knew or should have known that they had a duty to compensate Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees pursuant to California law. Defendants had the financial ability to pay such compensation, but willfully, knowingly, and intentionally failed to do so, and falsely represented to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Aggrieved Employees that they paid all wages owed to them, all in order to increase Defendants' profits.

42. California Labor Code section 218 states that nothing in Article 1 of the Labor Code shall limit the right of any wage claimant to “sue directly ... for any wages or penalty due to him [or her] under this article.”

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 510 and 1198)

(Against All Defendants)

43. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and every allegation set forth above.

44. California Labor Code section 1198 and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission (“IWC”) Wage Order provide that it is unlawful to employ persons without compensating them at a rate of pay either time-and-one-half or two-times that person’s regular rate of pay, depending on the number of hours worked by the person on a daily or weekly basis.

45. Specifically, the applicable IWC Wage Order provides that Defendants are and were required to pay Plaintiff and the other Class Members employed by Defendants, and working more than eight (8) hours in a day or more than forty (40) hours in a workweek, at the rate of time-and-one-half for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day or more than forty (40) hours in a workweek.

46. The applicable IWC Wage Order further provides that Defendants are and were required to pay Plaintiff and the Class overtime compensation at a rate of two times their regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a day and for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours on the seventh day of work in a workweek.

47. California Labor Code section 510 codifies the right to overtime compensation at one-and-one-half times the regular hourly rate for hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day or forty (40) hours in a week or for the first eight (8) hours worked on the seventh day of work, and no overtime compensation at twice the regular hourly rate for hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a day or in excess of eight (8) hours in a day on the seventh day of work.

48. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and the other Class Members regularly worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day, and/or in excess of forty (40) hours in a week.

49. During the relevant time period, Defendants intentionally and willfully failed to pay overtime wages owed to Plaintiff and the other Class Members.

50. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and the other Class Members the unpaid balance of overtime compensation, as required by California laws, violates the provisions of California Labor Code sections 510 and 1198, and is therefore unlawful.

51. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194, Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to recover unpaid overtime compensation, as well as interest, costs, and attorneys' fees.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512(a))

(Against All Defendants)

52. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and every allegation set forth above.

53. At all relevant times, the relevant IWC Order and California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a) were applicable to Plaintiff and the other Class Members' employment by Defendants.

54. At all relevant times, California Labor Code section 226.7 provides that no employer shall require an employee to work during any meal or rest period mandated by an applicable order of the California IWC.

55. At all relevant times, the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code

1 section 512(a) provide that an employer may not require, cause or permit an employee to work
2 for a work period of more than five (5) hours per day without providing the employee with a meal
3 period of not less than thirty (30) minutes, except that if the total work period per day of the
4 employee is no more than six (6) hours, the meal period may be waived by mutual consent of
5 both the employer and employee.

6 56. At all relevant times, California Labor Code section 512(a) further provides that
7 an employer may not require, cause or permit an employee to work for a work period of more
8 than ten (10) hours per day without providing the employee with a second uninterrupted meal
9 period of not less than thirty (30) minutes, except that if the total hours worked is no more than
10 twelve (12) hours, the second meal period may be waived by mutual consent of the employer and
11 the employee only if the first meal period was not waived.

12 57. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and the other Class Members who were
13 scheduled to work for a period of time longer than six (6) hours, and who did not waive their
14 legally mandated meal periods by mutual consent, were required to work for periods longer than
15 five (5) hours without an uninterrupted meal period of not less than thirty (30) minutes.

16 58. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and the other Class Members who were
17 scheduled to work for a period of time in excess of ten (10) hours were required to work for
18 periods longer than ten (10) hours without a second uninterrupted meal period of not less than
19 thirty (30) minutes.

20 59. During the relevant time period, Defendants intentionally and willfully required
21 Plaintiff and the other Class Members to miss their meal periods and to take meal periods that
22 were late, shortened, or interrupted, and failed to compensate Plaintiff and the other Class
23 Members the full meal period premium for missed, shortened, late, or interrupted meal periods.

24 60. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other
25 Class Members the full meal period premiums due pursuant to California Labor Code section
26 226.7.

27 61. Defendants' conduct violates the applicable IWC Wage Order and California
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1 Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a).

2 62. Pursuant to the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code section
3 226.7(b), Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to recover from Defendants one
4 additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the
5 meal period was not provided.

6 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

7 **(Violation of California Labor Code § 226.7)**

8 **(Against All Defendants)**

9 63. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and
10 every allegation set forth above.

11 64. At all times herein set forth, the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor
12 Code section 226.7 were applicable to Plaintiff and the other Class Members' employment by
13 Defendants.

14 65. At all relevant times, California Labor Code section 226.7 provides that no
15 employer shall require an employee to work during any rest period mandated by an applicable
16 order of the California IWC.

17 66. At all relevant times, the applicable IWC Wage Order provides that "[e]very
18 employer shall authorize and permit all employees to take rest periods, which insofar as
19 practicable shall be in the middle of each work period" and that the "rest period time shall be
20 based on the total hours worked daily at the rate of ten (10) minutes net rest time per four (4)
21 hours or major fraction thereof unless the total daily work time is less than three and one-half
22 (3.5) hours."

23 67. During the relevant time period, Defendants required Plaintiff and other Class
24 Members to work four (4) or more hours without authorizing or permitting a ten (10) minute rest
25 period per each four (4) hour period worked.

26 68. During the relevant time period, Defendants willfully required Plaintiff and the
27 other Class Members to work during rest periods, failed to allow Plaintiff and the other Class
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1 Member to take any rest period and/or failed to authorize and permit Plaintiff and the other Class
2 Members to take uninterrupted, duty-free rest breaks.

3 69. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other
4 Class Members the full rest period premium due pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7
5 for work performed during rest periods, and/or for failure to authorize and permit Plaintiff and
6 other Class Members from taking uninterrupted rest periods.

7 70. Defendants' conduct violates applicable IWC Wage Orders and California Labor
8 Code section 226.7.

9 71. Pursuant to the applicable IWC Wage Orders and California Labor Code section
10 226.7(b), Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to recover from Defendants one
11 additional hour of pay at the employees' regular hourly rate of compensation for each workday
12 that the rest period was not provided.

13 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

14 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, and 1197.1)**

15 **(Against All Defendants)**

16 72. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and
17 every allegation set forth above.

18 73. At all relevant times, California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1
19 provide that the minimum wage to be paid to employees and the payment of a lesser wage than
20 the minimum so fixed is unlawful.

21 74. During the relevant time period, Defendants regularly failed to pay minimum wage
22 to Plaintiff and the other Class Members as required pursuant to California Labor Code sections
23 1194, 1197, and 1197.1.

24 75. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and the other Class Members the minimum
25 wage as required violates California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1. Pursuant to
26 those sections, Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to recover the unpaid balance
27 of their minimum wage compensation as well as interest, costs, and attorneys' fees, and liquidated
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1 damages in an amount equal to the wages unlawfully unpaid and interest thereon.

2 76. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194.2, Plaintiff and the other Class
3 Members are entitled to recover liquidated damages in an amount equal to the wages unlawfully
4 unpaid and interest thereon.

5 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

6 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203)**

7 **(Against All Defendants)**

8 77. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and
9 every allegation set forth above.

10 78. At all relevant times herein set forth, California Labor Code sections 201 and 202
11 provide that if an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of
12 discharge are due and payable immediately, and if an employee quits his or her employment, his
13 or her wages shall become due and payable not later seventy-two (72) hours thereafter, unless the
14 employee has given seventy-two (72) hours' notice of his or her intention to quit, in which case
15 the employee is entitled to his or her wages at the time of quitting.

16 79. During the relevant time period, the employment of Plaintiff and many other Class
17 Members with Defendants ended, *i.e.*, was terminated by quitting or discharge. Defendants
18 intentionally and willfully failed to pay Plaintiff and other Class Members who are no longer
19 employed by Defendants all of their wages, earned and unpaid, including but not limited to
20 minimum wages, straight time wages, and overtime wages, within seventy-two (72) hours of their
21 leaving Defendants' employ.

22 80. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and other Class Members who are no longer
23 employed by Defendants their wages, earned and unpaid, within seventy-two (72) hours of their
24 leaving Defendants' employ, is in violation of California Labor Code sections 201 and 202.

25 81. California Labor Code section 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to
26 pay wages owed, in accordance with sections 201 and 202, then the wages of the employee shall
27 continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action is
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1 commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than thirty (30) days.

2 82. Plaintiff and other Class Members who are no longer employed by Defendants are
3 entitled to recover from Defendants the statutory penalty wages for each day they were not paid,
4 up to a thirty (30) day maximum pursuant to California Labor Code section 203.

5 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

6 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 204 and 210)**

7 **(Against All Defendants)**

8 83. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and
9 every allegation set forth above.

10 84. At all times herein set forth, California Labor Code section 204 provides that all
11 wages earned by any person in any employment between the 1st and 15th days, inclusive, of any
12 calendar month, other than those wages due upon termination of an employee, are due and payable
13 between the 16th and 26th day of the month during which the labor was performed.

14 85. At all times herein set forth, California Labor Code section 204 provides that all
15 wages earned by any person in any employment between the 16th and the last day, inclusive, of
16 any calendar month, other than those wages due upon termination of an employee, are due and
17 payable between the 1st and the 10th day of the following month.

18 86. At all times herein set forth, California Labor Code section 204 provides that all
19 wages earned for labor in excess of the normal work period shall be paid no later than the payday
20 for the next regular payroll period.

21 87. During the relevant time period, Defendants intentionally and willfully failed to
22 pay Plaintiff and other Class Members all wages due to them, within any time period permissible
23 under California Labor Code section 204.

24 88. Plaintiff and other Class Members are entitled to recover all available remedies for
25 Defendant's violations of California Labor Code section 204, including statutory penalties
26 pursuant to Labor Code section 210(b).

27 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(Violation of California Labor Code § 226(a))
(Against All Defendants)

89. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and every allegation set forth above.

90. At all material times set forth herein, California Labor Code section 226(a) provides that every employer shall furnish each of his or her employees an accurate itemized statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis, (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and his or her social security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee. The deductions made from payments of wages shall be recorded in ink or other indelible form, properly dated, showing the month, day, and year, and a copy of the statement or a record of the deductions shall be kept on file by the employer for at least three years at the place of employment or at a central location within the State of California.

91. Defendants have intentionally and willfully failed to provide Plaintiff and the Class with complete and accurate wage statements. The deficiencies include, but are not limited to, the failure list the total number of hours worked, the actual gross wages earned, and the correct rates of pay.

92. Because of Defendants' violation of California Labor Code section 226(a), Plaintiff and the Class have suffered injury and damage to their statutorily protected rights.

93. More specifically, Plaintiff and the Class have been injured by Defendants' intentional and willful violation of California Labor Code section 226(a) because they were denied both their legal right to receive, and their protected interest in receiving, accurate and itemized wage statements pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(a).

1 94. Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to recover from Defendants the greater of their
2 actual damages caused by Defendants' failure to comply with California Labor Code section
3 226(a), or an aggregate penalty not exceeding four thousand dollars per employee.

4 95. Plaintiff and the Class are also entitled to injunctive relief to ensure compliance
5 with this section, pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(g).

6 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

7 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 2800 and 2802)**

8 **(Against All Defendants)**

9 96. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and
10 every allegation set forth above.

11 97. Pursuant to California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802, an employer must
12 reimburse its employee for all necessary expenditures incurred by the employee in direct
13 consequence of the discharge of his or her job duties or in direct consequence of his or her job
14 duties or in direct consequence of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer.

15 98. Plaintiff and the Class incurred necessary business-related expenses and costs that
16 were not fully reimbursed by Defendants. Defendants' failure to reimburse for all necessary
17 business-related expenses and costs included their failure to reimburse Plaintiff and the Class for
18 costs incurred as a result of, including but not limited to, simple negligence.

19 99. Defendants have intentionally and willfully failed to reimburse Plaintiff and the
20 Class for all necessary business-related expenses and costs. Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to
21 recover from Defendants their business-related expenses and costs incurred during the course and
22 scope of their employment, plus interest accrued from the date on which the employee incurred
23 the necessary expenditures at the same rate as judgments in civil actions in the State of California.

24 **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

25 **(Violation of Cal. Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq.)**

26 **(Against All Defendants)**

27 100. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and
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1 every allegation set forth above.

2 101. Defendants' conduct, as alleged herein, has been, and continues to be, unfair,
3 unlawful and harmful to Plaintiff and the Class, to the general public, and Defendants'
4 competitors. Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks to enforce important rights affecting the public interest
5 within the meaning of Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5.

6 102. Defendants' activities as alleged herein are violations of California law, and
7 constitute unlawful business acts and practices in violation of California Business & Professions
8 Code section 17200, *et seq.*

9 103. A violation of California Business & Professions Code section 17200, *et seq.* may
10 be predicated on the violation of any state or federal law. In this instant case, Defendants' policies
11 and practices of requiring employees, including Plaintiff and the Class, to work overtime without
12 paying them proper compensation violate California Labor Code sections 510 and 1198.
13 Additionally, Defendants' policies and practices of requiring employees, including Plaintiff and
14 the Class, to work through their meal and rest periods without paying them proper compensation
15 violate California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a). Moreover, Defendants' policies and
16 practices of failing to timely pay wages to Plaintiff and the Class violate California Labor Code
17 sections 201, 202, 203, and 204.

18 104. Defendants also violated California Labor Code sections 221, 226(a), 510,
19 1174(d), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 2800, and 2802.

20 105. As a result of the herein described violations of California law, Defendants
21 unlawfully gained an unfair advantage over other businesses.

22 106. Plaintiff and the Class have been personally injured by Defendants' unlawful
23 business acts and practices as alleged herein, including but not necessarily limited to the loss of
24 money and/or property.

25 107. Pursuant to California Business & Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*,
26 Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to restitution of the wages withheld and retained by Defendants
27 during a period that commences four years prior to the filing of this Complaint; an award of
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attorneys' fees pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5 and other applicable laws; and an award of costs.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 221 - 224)

(Against All Defendants)

108. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and every allegation set forth above.

109. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 221 – 223, employers cannot make deductions from an employee's wages unless such deductions are either mandated by law or explicitly approved in writing by the employee.

110. During the relevant time period, Defendants deducted amounts from the wages of Plaintiff and the Class without receiving express authorization to do so.

111. Defendants have intentionally and willfully made unlawful deductions from wages owed to Plaintiff and the Class. Because of Defendants' unlawful deductions, Plaintiff and the Class have suffered injury and damage to their statutorily protected rights. As such, Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to recover the withheld wages, as well as interest, costs, and attorneys' fees.

ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 246, *et seq.*)

(Against All Defendants)

112. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and every allegation set forth above.

113. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 246, *et seq.*, employers must provide eligible employees with paid sick leave, accruing at a minimum rate of one hour per 30 hours worked, paid at the employees' regular rate of pay.

114. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff and the Class with the required sick time wages and further sick time that was paid was not paid at the

1 regular rate of pay to include all remuneration.

2 115. As such Defendants owe wages to Plaintiff and the Class. Because of Defendants'
3 failure to provide sick time and failure to pay sick time at the regular rate of pay, Plaintiff and the
4 Class have suffered injury and damage to their statutorily protected rights. As such, Plaintiff and
5 the other Class Members are entitled to recover the withheld wages, as well as interest, costs, and
6 attorneys' fees.

7 **TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

8 **(Violation of California Labor Code § 2699, Et Seq.)**

9 **(Against All Defendants)**

10 116. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and
11 every allegation set forth above.

12 117. Plaintiff brings tenth cause of action as a representative action on behalf of herself
13 and similarly Aggrieved Employees in the capacity as a private attorney general pursuant to the
14 Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, California Labor Code section 2698, *et seq.* ("PAGA").

15 118. PAGA specifically provides for a private right of action to recover civil penalties
16 for violations of the Labor Code as follows: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
17 provision of this code that provides for a civil penalty to be assessed and collected by the Labor
18 and Workforce Development Agency or any of its departments, divisions, commissions, boards,
19 agencies, or employees, for a violation of this code, may, as an alternative, be recovered through
20 a civil action brought by an aggrieved employee on behalf of himself or herself and other current
21 or former employees pursuant to the procedures specified in Section 2699.3." Cal. Lab. Code §
22 2699(a).

23 119. Plaintiff was employed by Defendants and the Labor Code violations alleged above
24 were committed against her during his time of employment. Plaintiff is therefore, an "aggrieved
25 employee" under PAGA.

26 120. As set forth in detail above, during all times relevant to this Action, Defendants
27 have routinely subjected Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees to violations of California Labor
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Codes by:

- a. Failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all earned minimum wage compensation in violation of Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1198 *et seq.*
- b. Failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all earned overtime compensation in violation of Labor Code §§ 204, 510, 1194, and 1198 *et seq.*
- c. Failing to provide legally required meal periods to Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees, and failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees an additional hour of premium pay for meal period violations in violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512.
- d. Failing to provide authorize and permit Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees to take duty-free rest periods, and failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees an additional hour of premium pay for rest period violations in violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512.
- e. Failing to timely pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all wages at the end of their employment in violation of Labor Code § 203.
- f. Failing to timely pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all wages owed during employment in violation of Labor Code § 204.
- g. Failing to furnish Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees with complete, accurate, itemized wage statements in violation of Labor Code § 226.
- h. Failing to maintain accurate records relating to Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees' work periods, meal periods, total daily hours, hours per pay period, total wages and compensation, and applicable pay rates in violation of Labor Code § 1174(d) and the applicable IWC Wage Order.
- i. Failing to reimburse Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees for necessary business-related expenses in violation of Labor Code §§ 2800 and 2802.
- j. Making unlawful deductions from wages paid to Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees in violation of Labor Code §§ 221 – 223.

k. Failing to pay sick wages owed at the regular rate of pay and failing to authorize use of sick leave in violation of Labor Code §§ 246 – 248 and 233.

121. Pursuant to California Labor Code sections 2699 and 2699.5, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Aggrieved Employees and the State of California, requests and is entitled to recover penalties against Defendants for the Labor Code violations described above, including but not limited to penalties under California Code of Regulations Title 8 section 11070, penalties under California Labor Code sections 2699, 558, 210, 1197.1, 226, 226.3 and 1174.5, and 1197.1, and any and all additional penalties and sums as provided by the California Labor Code and/or other statutes. The exact amount of the applicable penalties, in all, is in an amount to be shown according to proof at trial.

122. Plaintiff has exhausted her administrative remedies pursuant to Labor Code § 2699.3. On July 24, 2023, Plaintiff, through her counsel of record, by online filing with the Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”) and by certified mail to the Defendants, notified Defendants and the LWDA of the specific provisions of the Labor Code and IWC Wage Orders that Defendants have violated, including the facts and theories to support the violations, and of Plaintiff’s intent to bring a claim for civil penalties under PAGA. Plaintiff also paid the filing fee required under Labor Code § 2699.3. As of the filing of this Complaint, more than sixty-five (65) days have elapsed since the mailing of Plaintiff’s July 24, 2023, notice, and the Labor and Workforce Development Agency has not indicated that it intends to investigate the violations discussed in the notice. Accordingly, Plaintiff may commence a civil action to recover penalties for herself and other Aggrieved Employees pursuant to Labor Code § 2699.3.

123. Plaintiff was compelled to retain the services of counsel to file this court action to protect his interests and the Aggrieved Employees, and to assess and collect the civil penalties owed by Defendants. Plaintiff therefore seeks an award of reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs pursuant to Labor Code § 2699(g)(1), and any other applicable statute.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all other members of the general

1 public similarly situated, prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally,
2 as follows:

3 **Class Certification**

- 4 1. That this action be certified as a class action;
- 5 2. That Plaintiff be appointed as the representative of the Class;
- 6 3. That counsel for Plaintiff be appointed as Class Counsel; and
- 7 4. That Defendants provide to Class Counsel immediately the names and most
8 current/last known contact information (address, e-mail and telephone numbers) of all class
9 members.

10 **As to the First Cause of Action**

- 11 5. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California
12 Labor Code sections 510 and 1198 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to pay
13 all overtime wages due to Plaintiff and other Class Members;
- 14 6. For general unpaid wages at overtime wage rates and such general and special
15 damages as may be appropriate;
- 16 7. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid overtime compensation commencing
17 from the date such amounts were due;
- 18 8. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to
19 California Labor Code section 1194; and
- 20 9. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

21 **As to the Second Cause of Action**

- 22 10. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California
23 Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to
24 provide all meal periods (including second meal periods) to Plaintiff and the Class;
- 25 11. That the Court make an award to Plaintiff and the Class of one (1) hour of pay at
26 each employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that a meal period was not
27 provided;
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12. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

13. For premium wages pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7;

14. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid wages from the date such amounts were due;

15. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

16. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Third Cause of Action

17. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code section 226.7 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to provide all rest periods to Plaintiff and the Class;

18. That the Court make an award to Plaintiff and the Class of one (1) hour of pay at each employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that a rest period was not provided;

19. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

20. For premium wages pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7;

21. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid wages from the date such amounts were due; and

22. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Fourth Cause of Action

23. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1 by willfully failing to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and the Class;

24. For general unpaid wages and such general and special damages as may be appropriate;

25. For statutory wage penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 1197.1 for

1 Plaintiff and the Class in the amount as may be established according to proof at trial;

2 26. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation from the date such amounts
3 were due;

4 27. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to
5 California Labor Code section 1194(a);

6 28. For liquidated damages pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194.2; and

7 29. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

8 **As to the Fifth Cause of Action**

9 30. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California
10 Labor Code sections 201, 202, and 203 by willfully failing to pay all compensation owed at the
11 time of termination of the employment of Plaintiff and other Class Members no longer employed
12 by Defendants;

13 31. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to
14 proof;

15 32. For statutory wage penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 203 for
16 Plaintiff and other Class Members who have left Defendants' employ;

17 33. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation from the date such amounts
18 were due; and

19 34. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

20 **As to the Sixth Cause of Action**

21 35. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California
22 Labor Code section 204 by willfully failing to pay all compensation owed at the time required by
23 California Labor Code section 204 to Plaintiff and the Class;

24 36. For statutory penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 210; and

25 37. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

26 **As to the Seventh Cause of Action**

27 38. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated the record
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1 keeping provisions of California Labor Code section 226(a) and applicable IWC Wage Orders as
2 to Plaintiff and the Class, and willfully failed to provide accurate itemized wage statements
3 thereto;

4 39. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

5 40. For statutory penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(e); and

6 41. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

7 **As to the Eight Cause of Action**

8 42. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California
9 Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802 by willfully failing to reimburse Plaintiff and the Class for
10 all necessary business-related expenses as required by California Labor Code sections 2800 and
11 2802;

12 43. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

13 44. For the imposition of civil penalties and/or statutory penalties;

14 45. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

15 46. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

16 **As to the Ninth Cause of Action**

17 47. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California
18 Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.* by failing to provide Plaintiff and the Class
19 all overtime compensation due to them, failing to provide all meal and rest periods to Plaintiff
20 and the Class, failing to pay at least minimum wages to Plaintiff and the Class, failing to pay
21 Plaintiff's and other Class Members' wages timely as required by California Labor Code section
22 201, 202, and 204 and by violating California Labor Code sections 226(a), 1174(d), 2800, and
23 2802;

24 48. For restitution of unpaid wages to Plaintiff and the Class and all pre-judgment
25 interest from the day such amounts were due and payable;

26 49. For the appointment of a receiver to receive, manage and distribute any and all
27 funds disgorged from Defendants and determined to have been wrongfully acquired by
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Defendants as a result of violation of California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*;

50. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5;

51. For injunctive relief to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*; and

52. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Tenth Cause of Action

53. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code section 221 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully and intentionally making unlawful deduction from wages due to Plaintiff and other Class Members;

54. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

55. For the imposition of civil penalties and/or statutory penalties;

56. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

57. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Eleventh Cause of Action

58. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code section 246, *et seq.* and applicable IWC Wage Orders by failing to provide sick time pay and wages due to Plaintiff and other Class Members;

59. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

60. For the imposition of civil penalties and/or statutory penalties;

61. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

62. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Twelfth Cause of Action

63. For statutory attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 2699(g)(1) of California Labor Code;

64. For the imposition of civil penalties pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 2699,

1 210, 558, 226, 226.3, 1174.5, 1197.1, and all other penalties allowed by the California Labor
2 Code and/or other applicable statutes; and

3 65. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
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5 Dated: April 1, 2026

PROTECTION LAW GROUP, LLP

6
7 By:



Kristy R. Connolly

Attorneys for Plaintiff

MARGARITA PARDO
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