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14 of all other aggrieved employees

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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

JUAN G. ESQUIVEL BAHENA, an individual,
on behalf of all other aggrieved employees

Plaintiff,

vs.

POM WONDERFUL LLC, a Delaware limited
liability company; THE WONDERFUL
COMPANY LLC, a Delaware limited liability
company; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,

Defendants.

CASE NO.: 26STCV13039

COMPLAINT FOR:

1. Penalties Under the California Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, as a Representative Action Only (California Labor Code § 2698, *et seq.*)

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Electronically FILED by
Superior Court of California,
County of Los Angeles
4/22/2026 4:13 PM
David W. Slayton,
Executive Officer/Clerk of Court,
By D. Williams, Deputy Clerk

1 Plaintiff JUAN G. ESQUIVEL BAHENA (“PLAINTIFF”), on behalf of all other current
2 and former non-exempt employees of DEFENDANTS (as defined in Paragraph 1 below) who
3 worked for DEFENDANTS in the State of California at any time during the relevant statutory
4 period (“AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES”), in a representative capacity only, hereby alleges as
5 follows:

6 **INTRODUCTION**

7 1. PLAINTIFF bring this action on behalf of the State of California and all other
8 AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES of Defendants POM WONDERFUL LLC, a Delaware limited
9 liability company; THE WONDERFUL COMPANY LLC, a Delaware limited liability company;
10 and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, (collectively, “DEFENDANTS”) to recover penalties arising
11 from unpaid wages earned and due, including but not limited to unpaid and illegally calculated
12 overtime compensation, illegal meal and rest period policies, failure to pay all wages due to
13 discharged or quitting employees, failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to
14 timely pay wages during employment, and failure to indemnify employees for necessary
15 expenditures and/or losses incurred in discharging their duties.

16 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

17 2. The Superior Court of the State of California has jurisdiction in this matter because
18 PLAINTIFF is a citizen and resident of the State of California and DEFENDANTS are citizens
19 and residents of, and/or regularly conduct business in, California. Further, no federal question is
20 at issue because the claims are based solely on California law.

21 3. Venue is proper in this judicial district and the County of Los Angeles, California
22 because PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES performed work for
23 DEFENDANTS in the County of Los Angeles and many of DEFENDANTS’ unlawful actions
24 and omissions, as set forth herein, occurred in the County of Los Angeles.

25 **PARTIES**

26 4. PLAINTIFF is a citizen and resident of the State of California. At times material
27 to this complaint, PLAINTIFF was employed by DEFENDANTS in the State of California as a
28 non-exempt employee.

1 5. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that POM
2 WONDERFUL LLC is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a limited liability company organized
3 and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. PLAINTIFF is further informed and
4 believes, and thereon alleges, that POM WONDERFUL LLC is authorized to conduct business in
5 the State of California, and does conduct business in the State of California. Specifically, upon
6 information and belief, POM WONDERFUL LLC maintains offices and conducts business in the
7 County of Los Angeles, State of California.

8 6. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that THE
9 WONDERFUL COMPANY LLC is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a limited liability
10 company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. PLAINTIFF is further
11 informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that THE WONDERFUL COMPANY LLC is
12 authorized to conduct business in the State of California, and does conduct business in the State
13 of California. Specifically, upon information and belief, THE WONDERFUL COMPANY LLC
14 maintains offices and conducts business in the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

15 7. The true names and capacities of DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to
16 PLAINTIFF at this time, and PLAINTIFF therefore sues such defendants under fictitious names.
17 PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each defendant designated as a
18 DOE is in some manner highly responsible for the occurrences alleged herein, and that
19 PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES' injuries and damages, as alleged herein,
20 were proximately caused by the conduct of such DOE defendants. PLAINTIFF will seek leave of
21 the court to amend this complaint to allege the true names and capacities of such DOE defendants
22 when ascertained.

23 8. At all relevant times herein, DEFENDANTS were the joint employers of
24 PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and
25 thereon alleges, that at all times material to this complaint DEFENDANTS were the alter egos,
26 divisions, affiliates, integrated enterprises, joint employers, subsidiaries, parents, principals,
27 related entities, co-conspirators, authorized agents, partners, joint venturers, and/or guarantors,
28 actual or ostensible, of each other. Each defendant was completely dominated by his, her, or its

1 co-defendant, and each was the alter ego of the other.

2 9. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times herein, DEFENDANTS had an
3 interrelation of operations, common management, centralized control of labor relations, and
4 common ownership and financial control.

5 10. At all relevant times herein, PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES
6 were employed by DEFENDANTS under employment agreements that were partly written, partly
7 oral, and partly implied. In perpetrating the acts and omissions alleged herein, DEFENDANTS,
8 and each of them, acted pursuant to, and in furtherance of, their policies and practices of not
9 paying PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES all wages earned and due, through
10 methods and schemes which include, but are not limited to, failing to pay overtime premiums;
11 failing to provide rest and meal periods; failing to properly maintain records; failing to provide
12 accurate itemized statements for each pay period; failing to properly compensate PLAINTIFF and
13 other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES for necessary expenditures; and requiring, permitting or
14 suffering the employees to work off the clock, in violation of the California Labor Code and the
15 applicable Welfare Commission ("IWC") Orders.

16 11. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon allege, that each and every one
17 of the acts and omissions alleged herein were performed by, and/or attributable to, all
18 DEFENDANTS, each acting as agents and/or employees, and/or under the direction and control
19 of, each of the other DEFENDANTS, and that said acts and failures to act were within the course
20 and scope of said agency, employment and/or direction and control.

21 12. Pursuant to California Labor Code § 558.1, DEFENDANTS and any person acting
22 on behalf of any of the DEFENDANTS, are liable for violating, or causing to violate, any
23 provision regulating minimum wages or hours and days of work in any order of the Industrial
24 Welfare Commission, or Labor Code §§ 203, 226, 226.7, 1193.6, or 1194.

25 13. As a direct and proximate result of the unlawful actions of DEFENDANTS,
26 PLAINTIFF and other aggrieved employees have suffered, and continue to suffer, from loss of
27 earnings in amounts as yet unascertained, but subject to proof at trial, and within the jurisdiction
28 of this Court.

1 **PAGA REPRESENTATIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

2 14. Pursuant to the California Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (“PAGA”),
3 Labor Code §§ 2698-2699.5, PLAINTIFF brings this action on behalf of all AGGRIEVED
4 EMPLOYEES of DEFENDANTS in the State of California at any time during the relevant
5 statutory period.

6 15. Pursuant to Labor Code § 2699.3, PLAINTIFF gave written notice by online filing
7 on February 11, 2026 to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”)
8 and by certified mail to DEFENDANTS of the specific provisions of the Labor Code and IWC
9 Wage Orders alleged to have been violated, including the facts and theories to support the alleged
10 violations. Within sixty-five (65) calendar days of the February 11, 2026 postmark date of
11 PLAINTIFF’s notice letters, the LWDA did not provide notice to PLAINTIFF that it intends to
12 investigate the alleged violations. Pursuant to California Labor Code § 2699.3(d), the sixty-five
13 (65) day notice period set forth in California Labor Code § 2699.3(a) is not counted as part of the
14 time limited for the commencement of this civil action. Therefore, PLAINTIFF has complied
15 with all of the requirements set forth in California Labor Code § 2699.3 to commence a
16 representative action under PAGA.

17 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

18 **Failure to Provide Required Meal Periods**

19 **[Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7, 512; IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 11]**

20 16. At times relevant herein, as part of DEFENDANTS’ illegal policies and practices
21 to deprive AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES of all wages earned and due, DEFENDANTS required,
22 suffered or permitted PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES to take less than the
23 30-minute meal period, or to work through them, and have failed to otherwise provide the
24 required meal periods to PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES pursuant to Labor
25 Code §§ 226.7 and 512 and IWC Order No. 8-2001, § 11.

26 17. DEFENDANTS further violated Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512 and IWC Wage
27 Order No. 8-2001, § 11 by failing to compensate PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED
28 EMPLOYEES who were not provided with a meal period, in accordance with the applicable IWC

1 Wage Order, one additional hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each
2 workday that a meal period was not provided.

3 **Failure to Provide Required Rest Periods**

4 **[Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7; IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 12]**

5 18. At all times relevant herein, as part of DEFENDANTS' illegal policies and
6 practices to deprive AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES all wages earned and due, DEFENDANTS failed
7 to provide rest periods to PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES as required under
8 Labor Code § 226.7, and IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 12.

9 19. DEFENDANTS further violated Labor Code § 226.7 and IWC Wage Order No. 8-
10 2001, § 12 by failing to pay PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES who were not
11 provided with a rest period, in accordance with the applicable IWC Wage Order, one additional
12 hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each workday that a rest period
13 was not provided.

14 **Failure to Pay Overtime Wages**

15 **[Cal. Labor Code §§ 510, 1194, 1198; IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 3]**

16 20. Pursuant to Labor Code §§ 510 and 1194 and IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 3,
17 DEFENDANTS are required to compensate PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES
18 for all overtime, which is calculated at one and one-half (1 ½) times the regular rate of pay for all
19 hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day and/or forty (40) hours per week, and for the
20 first eight (8) hours on the seventh consecutive workday, with double time for all hours worked in
21 excess of twelve (12) hours in any workday and for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours
22 on the seventh consecutive day of work in any workweek.

23 21. PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES are current and former non-
24 exempt employees of DEFENDANTS entitled to the protections of Labor Code §§ 510 and 1194
25 and IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001. At times relevant herein, DEFENDANTS failed to
26 compensate PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES for all overtime hours worked
27 as required under the foregoing provisions of the Labor Code and IWC Wage Order by, among
28 other things: failing to pay overtime at one and one-half (1 ½) or double the regular rate of pay as

1 provided by Labor Code §§ 510, 1194, and IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 3; failing to include
2 all remuneration in the calculation of the regular rate of pay for overtime purposes; requiring,
3 suffering or permitting PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES to work off the
4 clock; requiring, permitting or suffering PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES to
5 work through meal breaks; illegally and inaccurately recording time in which PLAINTIFF and
6 other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES worked; enforcing an unlawful rounding policy resulting, in
7 practice over time, in the systematic underpayment of overtime wages to aggrieved employees;
8 failing to properly maintain PLAINTIFF's and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES' records;
9 failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements to PLAINTIFF for each pay period; and
10 other methods to be discovered.

11 22. DEFENDANTS have knowingly and willfully refused to perform their obligations
12 to compensate PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES for all wages earned and all
13 hours worked in violation of Labor Code §§ 510, 1194 and 1198 and IWC Wage Order No. 8-
14 2001, § 3.

15 **Failure to Pay Minimum Wages**

16 **[Cal Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197; IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 4]**

17 23. Pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1197 and IWC Wage Order No. 8-
18 2001, § 4, payment to an employee of less than the applicable minimum wage for all hours
19 worked in a payroll period is unlawful.

20 24. During the PENALTY PERIOD and in violation of California Labor Code §§
21 1194 and 1197 and IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 4, DEFENDANTS failed to pay PLAINTIFF
22 and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES the applicable minimum wages for all hours worked in a
23 payroll period by, among other things: requiring, suffering or permitting PLAINTIFF and other
24 AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES to work off the clock; requiring, suffering or permitting
25 PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES to work through meal breaks; illegally and
26 inaccurately recording time in which PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES
27 worked; failing to properly maintain PLAINTIFF's and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES'
28 records; failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements to PLAINTIFF and other

1 AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES for each pay period; and other methods to be discovered.

2 **Failure to Timely Pay Wages During Employment**

3 **[Cal. Labor Code § 204]**

4 25. Pursuant to California Labor Code § 204, for all labor performed between the 1st
5 and 15th days of any calendar month, DEFENDANTS are required to pay their nonexempt
6 employees between the 16th and 26th day of the month during which the labor was performed.
7 California Labor Code § 204 also provides that for all labor performed between the 16th and 26th
8 days of any calendar month, DEFENDANTS are required to pay their nonexempt employees
9 between the 1st and 10th day of the following calendar month. In addition, California Labor
10 Code § 204 provides that all wages earned for labor in excess of the normal work period shall be
11 paid no later than the payday of the next regular payroll period.

12 26. DEFENDANTS knowingly and intentionally also failed to pay PLAINTIFF and
13 AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES sick pay and overtime at their regular rate of pay. DEFENDANTS
14 knowingly and intentionally failed to include all remuneration earned on wage statements in the
15 calculation of paid sick leave and overtime. As a result, PLAINTIFF and AGGRIEVED
16 EMPLOYEES were issued inaccurate wage statements with incorrect wages earned listed.

17 27. At times relevant herein, DEFENDANTS knowingly and willfully failed to timely
18 pay PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES all the wages for labor performed by the
19 next regular payroll period as required by California Labor Code § 204.

20 **Failure to Pay All Wages Due to Discharged and Quitting Employees**

21 **[Cal. Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203]**

22 28. Pursuant to Labor Code § 201, 202 and 203, DEFENDANTS are required to pay
23 all earned and unpaid wages to an employee who is discharged. Labor Code § 201 mandates that
24 if an employer discharges an employee, the employee's wages accrued and unpaid at the time of
25 discharge are due and payable immediately.

26 29. Furthermore, pursuant to Labor Code § 202, DEFENDANTS are required to pay
27 all accrued wages due to an employee no later than 72 hours after the employee quits his or her
28 employment, unless the employee provided 72 hours previous notice of his or her intention to

1 quit, in which case the employee is entitled to his or wages at the time of quitting.

2 30. Labor Code § 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to pay, in accordance
3 with Labor Code §§ 201 and 202, any wages of an employee who is discharged or who quits, the
4 employer is liable for waiting time penalties in the form of continued compensation to the
5 employee at the same rate for up to 30 workdays.

6 31. DEFENDANTS knowingly and intentionally also failed to pay PLAINTIFF and
7 AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES sick pay and overtime at their regular rate of pay. DEFENDANTS
8 knowingly and intentionally failed to include all remuneration earned on wage statements in the
9 calculation of paid sick leave and overtime.

10 32. At times relevant herein, in violation of Labor Code §§ 201 and 202,
11 DEFENDANTS willfully failed to timely pay accrued wages and other compensation to
12 PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES who were discharged or quit his or her
13 employment.

14 **Failure to Furnish Accurate Itemized Wage Statements**

15 **[Cal. Labor Code § 226(a); IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001, § 7]**

16 33. At times relevant herein, DEFENDANTS routinely failed and continue to fail to
17 provide PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES with timely and accurate itemized
18 wage statements in writing showing each employee's gross wages earned, total hours worked, the
19 number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-
20 rate basis, all deductions made, net wages earned, the inclusive dates of the period for which the
21 employee is paid, the name of the employee and only the last four digits of his or her social
22 security number or employee identification number, the name and address of the legal entity or
23 entities employing PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES, and all applicable hourly
24 rates in effect during each pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each
25 hourly rate, in violation of California Labor Code § 226(a) and IWC Wage Order No. 8-2001 § 7.

26 34. At times relevant herein, DEFENDANTS knowingly and intentionally failed to
27 provide PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES with timely and accurate itemized
28 wage statements in accordance with Labor Code § 226(a).

35. At times relevant herein, PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES suffered injury as a result of DEFENDANTS' failure to provide timely and accurate itemized wage statements as PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES could not promptly and easily determine from the wage statement alone one or more of the following: the gross wages earned, the total hours worked, all deductions made, the net wages earned, the name and address of the legal entity or entities employing PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES, and/or all applicable hourly rates in effect during each pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate.

Failure to Indemnify Employees for Necessary Expenditures Incurred in Discharge of Duties

[Cal. Labor Code § 2802]

36. Labor Code § 2802(a) requires an employer to indemnify an employee for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the discharge of her his or her duties, or of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer.

37. At times relevant herein, DEFENDANTS failed to indemnify PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES for all business expenses and/or losses incurred in direct consequence of the discharge of their duties while working under the direction of DEFENDANTS, including but not limited to expenses for personal cell phone usage and other employment-related expenses, in violation of Labor Code § 2802.

Failure to Pay Sick Leave at the Regular Rate of Pay

[Cal. Labor Code § 246]

38. Labor Code § 246 requires an employer to pay employees sick leave using one of the calculations in Labor Code § 246(l)(1)-(3).

39. At times relevant herein, DEFENDANTS violated Labor Code § 246(l)(1)-(3) by failing to pay PLAINTIFF and other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES sick leave at the correct regular rate of pay, including by failing to include all remuneration earned in the calculation of paid sick leave.

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1 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **Representative Action for Penalties Under the Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act**
3 **of 2004**

4 **[Cal. Labor Code § 2698, *et seq.*]**

5 **(Against All DEFENDANTS)**

6 40. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the
7 allegations in paragraphs 1 through 39.

8 41. PLAINTIFF is an “AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEE” within the meaning of Labor
9 Code § 2699(c), and a proper representative to bring a civil action on behalf other current and
10 former non-exempt employees of DEFENDANTS pursuant to the procedures specified in Labor
11 Code § 2699.3, because PLAINTIFF was employed by DEFENDANTS and one or more of the
12 alleged Labor Code violations was committed against PLAINTIFF during the relevant period.

13 42. PLAINTIFF seeks to recover civil penalties through a representative action
14 permitted by PAGA and the California Supreme Court in *Arias v. Superior Court* (2009) 46
15 Cal.4th 969. Thus, class certification is not required.

16 43. Pursuant to Labor Code §§ 2698-2699.5, PLAINTIFF seeks to recover civil
17 penalties from DEFENDANTS in a representative action for the violations set forth above,
18 including but not limited to violations of Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 204, 226(a), 226.7, 246,
19 510, 512, 1174(d), 1194, 1197, 1198, and 2802.

20 44. Pursuant to Labor Code § 2699(a), PLAINTIFF seeks civil penalties for
21 DEFENDANTS’ violations of Labor Code provisions for which a civil penalty is specifically
22 provided, including but not limited to the following:

23 a. Pursuant to Labor Code § 210, for violations of Labor Code § 204,
24 DEFENDANTS are subject to a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred
25 dollars (\$100) for the initial violation for each failure to pay each employee
26 and two hundred dollars (\$200) per employee for violations in subsequent
27 pay periods.

28 b. Pursuant to Labor Code § 226.3, for violations of Labor Code § 226(a),

1 DEFENDANTS are subject to a civil penalty in the amount of two hundred
2 and fifty dollars (\$250) per AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEE for the initial pay
3 period where a violation occurs and one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per
4 AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEE for violations in subsequent pay periods.

5 c. Pursuant to Labor Code § 558(a), “[a]ny employer or other person acting
6 on behalf of an employer who violates, or causes to be violated, a section
7 of this chapter or any provision regulating hours and days of work in any
8 order of the Industrial Welfare Commission,” including Labor Code §§ 510
9 and 512, shall be subject to a civil penalty, in addition to any other penalty
10 provided by law, of fifty dollars (\$50) for initial violations for each
11 underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee was
12 underpaid and one hundred dollars (\$100) for each subsequent violation for
13 each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee was
14 underpaid. In addition, PLAINTIFF seeks civil penalties in the amount
15 sufficient to recover underpaid wages owed to AGGRIEVED
16 EMPLOYEES pursuant to Labor Code § 558(a).

17 d. Pursuant to Labor Code § 1174.5, for violations of Labor Code § 1174(d),
18 DEFENDANTS are subject to a civil penalty of five hundred dollars
19 (\$500).

20 e. Pursuant to Labor Code § 1197.1, an employer who pays or causes to be
21 paid to any employee a wage less than the minimum fixed by an order of
22 the commission, shall be subject to a civil penalty as follows: for any initial
23 violation that is intentionally committed, one hundred dollars (\$100) for
24 each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee is
25 underpaid; and for each subsequent violation of the same offense, two
26 hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for each underpaid employee for each pay
27 period for which the employee is underpaid regardless of whether the
28 initial violation was intentionally committed.

45. Labor Code § 2699(f) provides that for all Labor Code violations for which a civil penalty is not specifically provided, the following civil penalties are established: one hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation and two hundred dollars (\$200) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent violation. PLAINTIFF seeks such civil penalties under Labor Code § 2699(f) for DEFENDANTS' violations of Labor Code provisions for which a civil penalty is not specifically provided, including but not limited to Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 226.7, 1194, 1197, 1198, and 2802.

46. PLAINTIFF additionally seeks reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Labor Code § 2699(g)(1).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF, on behalf of all other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES, prays
for relief against DEFENDANTS as follows:

1. For civil penalties according to proof, including but not limited to the amount of any underpaid wages of other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES and all penalties authorized by the Labor Code §§ 210, 226.3, 558, 1174.5, 1197.1, and 2699(a) and (f);

2. For interest at the legal rate pursuant to Labor Code §§ 218.6, 1194, 2802, California Civil Code §§ 3287, 3288, and/or any other applicable provision providing for pre-judgment interest;

3. For reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Labor Code § 2699(k)(1) and/or any other applicable provisions providing for attorney's fees and costs; and

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1 4. For such further relief that the Court may deem just and proper.

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3 DATED: April 22, 2026

Respectfully submitted,

4 MATERN LAW GROUP, PC

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6 By:



7 MATTHEW J. MATERN
8 MATTHEW W. GORDON
9 ERIN R. HUTCHINS
10 Attorneys for Plaintiff
11 JUAN G. ESQUIVEL BAHENA, on behalf
12 of all other aggrieved employees

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DATED: April 22, 2026

MATERN LAW GROUP, PC

Matthew W. Gordon

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JUAN G. ESQUIVEL BAHENA, on behalf
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