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RAMIRO PADILLA

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

RAMIRO PADILLA, individually, and on
behalf of other members of the general
public similarly situated;

Plaintiff,

vs.

POWER DESIGN, INC., a Florida
corporation; and DOES 1 through 100,
inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: 23STCV15064

Assigned for all purposes to the Hon.
William F. Highberger, Dept. 10

**FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION
COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES**

- (1) Violation of California Labor Code §§ 510 And 1198 (Unpaid Overtime)
- (2) Violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 And 512(A) (Unpaid Meal Period Premiums)
- (3) Violation of California Labor Code § 226.7 (Unpaid Rest Period Premiums)
- (4) Violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197 And 1197.1 (Unpaid Minimum Wages)
- (5) Violation of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202 And 203 (Final Wages Not Timely Paid)

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- (6) Violation of California Labor Code § 204 (Wages Not Timely Paid During Employment)
- (7) Violation of California Labor Code § 226(A) (Non-Complaint Wage Statements)
- (8) Violation of California Labor Code § 1174 (D) (Failure to Keep Requisite Payroll Records)
- (9) Violation of California Labor Code §§ 2800 and 2802 (Failure to Reimburse Business Expenses)
- (10) Violation of California Business And Professions Code § 17200, Et Seq.
- (11) Violation of California Labor Code § 2699, Et Seq. (Private Attorneys General Act)

Complaint filed: June 28, 2023
Trial Date: None Set

1 Plaintiff RAMIRO PADILLA (“Plaintiff”) individually and on behalf of other similarly
2 situated current and former employees of Defendant POWER DESIGN, INC. (“Defendant”),
3 based upon facts that either have evidentiary support or are likely to have evidentiary support
4 after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation and discovery, alleges as follows:

5 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

6 1. This class action is brought pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure
7 section 382. The monetary damages and restitution sought by Plaintiff exceeds the minimal
8 jurisdiction limits of the Superior Court and will be established according to proof at trial.

9 2. Plaintiff’s First through Tenth Causes of Action are brought as a class action on
10 behalf of himself and similarly situated current and former employees of Defendant (hereinafter
11 collectively referred to as the “Class” or “Class Members”, as defined more fully in paragraph
12 14, below) pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382. The monetary damages
13 and restitution sought by Plaintiff exceeds the minimal jurisdiction limits of the Superior Court
14 and will be established according to proof at trial.

15 3. Plaintiff’s Eleventh Cause of Action is brought as a representative action on behalf
16 of himself and certain other current and former employees of Defendants against whom one or
17 more of the alleged violations was committed (hereinafter collectively referred to as the
18 “Aggrieved Employees”) pursuant to California Labor Code sections 2698, et seq. Plaintiff is
19 an aggrieved employee against whom one or more of the alleged violations occurred. The civil
20 penalties sought by Plaintiff exceed the minimal jurisdiction limits of the Superior Court and
21 will be established according to proof at trial.

22 4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the California Constitution,
23 Article VI, Section 10, which grants the superior court "original jurisdiction in all other causes"
24 except those given by statute to other courts. The statutes under which this action is brought do
25 not specify any other basis for jurisdiction.

26 5. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendant because, upon information and belief,
27 Defendant is a citizen of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise
28 intentionally avails itself of the California market so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over
it by California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

6. Venue is proper in this Court because, upon information and belief, Defendant maintains offices, has agents, employ individuals, and/or transact business in the State of California, County of Los Angeles. The majority of acts and omissions alleged herein relating to Plaintiff and the other class members took place in the State of California, including the County of Los Angeles.

PARTIES

7. Plaintiff RAMIRO PADILLA is an individual residing in the State of California.

8. Defendant POWER DESIGN, INC., at all times therein mentioned, was and is, upon information and belief, a Florida corporation and, at all times herein mentioned, whose employees are engaged in work throughout the State of California, including the County of Los Angeles.

9. At all relevant times, Defendant POWER DESIGN, INC., was the “employer” of Plaintiff within the meaning of all applicable California laws and statutes.

10. At all times herein relevant, Defendant POWER DESIGN, INC., and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were the agents, partners, joint venturers, joint employers, representatives, servants, employees, successors-in-interest, co-conspirators and/or assigns, each of the other, and at all times relevant hereto were acting within the course and scope of their authority as such agents, partners, joint venturers, joint employers, representatives, servants, employees, successors, co-conspirators and/or assigns, and all acts or omissions alleged herein were duly committed with the ratification, knowledge, permission, encouragement, authorization and/or consent of each defendant designated as a DOE herein.

11. The true names and capacities, whether corporate, associate, individual or otherwise, of defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff who sues said defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based on that information and belief alleges, that each of the defendants designated as a DOE is legally responsible for the events and happenings referred to in this Complaint, and unlawfully caused the injuries and damages to Plaintiff and the other class members as alleged in this Complaint. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to show the true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained.

12. Defendant POWER DESIGN, INC., and DOES 1 through 100 will hereinafter

collectively be referred to as "Defendants."

13. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendants directly or indirectly controlled or affected the working conditions, wages, working hours, and conditions of employment of Plaintiff and the other class members so as to make each of said Defendants employers liable under the statutory provisions set forth herein.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

14. Plaintiff bring this action on his own behalf and on behalf of all other members of the general public similarly situated, and, thus, seeks class certification under California Code of Civil Procedure section 382.

15. The proposed class is defined as follows:

All current and former hourly-paid and non-except employees who worked for any of the Defendants within the State of California at any time during the period from four years preceding the filing of Plaintiff's original Complaint to final judgment.

16. Plaintiff reserves the right to establish subclasses as appropriate.

17. The class is ascertainable and there is a well-defined community of interest in the litigation:

a. Numerosity: The class members are so numerous that joinder of all class members is impracticable. The membership of the entire class is unknown to Plaintiff at this time; however, the class is estimated to be greater than one hundred (100) individuals and the identity of such membership is readily ascertainable by inspection of Defendants' employment records.

b. Typicality: Plaintiff's claims are typical of all other class members' as demonstrated herein. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the other class members with whom he has a well-defined community of interest.

c. Adequacy: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of each class member, with whom he has a well-defined community of interest and typicality of claims, as demonstrated herein. Plaintiff has no interest that is antagonistic to the other class members. Plaintiff's attorneys, the proposed class counsel, are versed in the rules governing class action discovery,

1 certification, and settlement. Plaintiff has incurred, and during the pendency
2 of this action will continue to incur, costs and attorneys' fees, that have been,
3 are, and will be necessarily expended for the prosecution of this action for the
4 substantial benefit of each class member.

5 d. Superiority: A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair
6 and efficient adjudication of this litigation because individual joinder of all
7 class members is impractical.

8 e. Public Policy Considerations: Certification of this lawsuit as a class action will
9 advance public policy objectives. Employers of this great state violate
10 employment and labor laws every day. Current employees are often afraid to
11 assert their rights out of fear of direct or indirect retaliation. However, class
12 actions provide the class members who are not named in the complaint
13 anonymity that allows for the vindication of their rights.

14 18. There are common questions of law and fact as to the class members that
15 predominate over questions affecting only individual members. The following common
16 questions of law or fact, among others, exist as to the members of the class:

- 17 a. Whether Defendants' failure to pay wages, without abatement or reduction, in
18 accordance with the California Labor Code, was willful;
- 19 b. Whether Defendants had a corporate policy and practice of failing to pay their
20 hourly-paid or non-exempt employees within the State of California for all hours
21 worked and missed (short, late, interrupted, and/or missed altogether) meal
22 periods and rest breaks in violation of California law;
- 23 c. Whether Defendants required Plaintiff and the other class members to work over
24 eight (8) hours per day and/or over forty (40) hours per week and failed to pay
25 the legally required overtime compensation to Plaintiff and the other class
26 members;
- 27 d. Whether Defendants deprived Plaintiff and the other class members of meal
28 and/or rest periods or required Plaintiff and the other class members to work
during meal and/or rest periods without compensation;
- e. Whether Defendants failed to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and the other

- 1 class members for all hours worked;
- 2 f. Whether Defendants failed to pay all wages due to Plaintiff and the other class
- 3 members within the required time upon their discharge or resignation;
- 4 g. Whether Defendants failed to timely pay all wages due to Plaintiff and the other
- 5 class members during their employment;
- 6 h. Whether Defendants complied with wage reporting as required by the California
- 7 Labor Code; including, *inter alia*, section 226;
- 8 i. Whether Defendants kept complete and accurate payroll records as required by
- 9 the California Labor Code, including, *inter alia*, section 1174(d);
- 10 j. Whether Defendants' conduct was willful or reckless;
- 11 k. Whether Defendants engaged in unfair business practices in violation of
- 12 California Business & Professions Code section 17200, et seq.;
- 13 l. The appropriate amount of damages, restitution, and/or monetary penalties
- 14 resulting from Defendants' violation of California law; and
- 15 m. Whether Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to compensatory
- 16 damages pursuant to the California Labor Code.

16 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

17 19. At all relevant times set forth herein, Defendants employed Plaintiff and other

18 persons as hourly-paid or non-exempt employees within the State of California, including the

19 County of Los Angeles.

20 20. Defendants, jointly and severally, employed Plaintiff as an hourly-paid, non-

21 exempt employee in the State of California, County of Los Angeles.

22 21. Defendants hired Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees,

23 classified them as hourly-paid or non-exempt employees, and failed to compensate them for all

24 hours worked and missed meal periods and/or rest breaks.

25 22. Defendants had the authority to hire and terminate Plaintiff and the other class

26 members and Aggrieved Employees, to set work rules and conditions governing Plaintiff's and

27 the other class members' and Aggrieved Employees' employment, and to supervise their daily

28 employment activities.

23. Defendants exercised sufficient authority over the terms and conditions of

1 Plaintiff's and other class members' and Aggrieved Employees' employment for them to be
2 joint employers of Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees.

3 24. Defendants directly hired and paid wages and benefits to Plaintiff and the other
4 class members and Aggrieved Employees.

5 25. Defendants continue to employ hourly-paid or non-exempt employees within the
6 State of California.

7 26. Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees worked over
8 eight (8) hours in a day, and/or forty (40) hours in a week during their employment with
9 Defendants.

10 27. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
11 engaged in a pattern and practice of wage abuse against their hourly-paid or non-exempt
12 employees within the State of California. This pattern and practice involved, *inter alia*, failing
13 to pay them for all regular and/or overtime wages earned and for short, late, interrupted, and/or
14 missed meal periods and rest breaks in violation of California law.

15 28. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
16 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
17 Employees were entitled to receive certain wages for overtime compensation and that they were
18 not receiving accurate overtime compensation for all overtime hours worked.

19 29. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
20 failed to provide Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees all required
21 rest and meal periods during the relevant time period as required under the Industrial Welfare
22 Commission Wage Orders and thus they are entitled to any and all applicable penalties.

23 30. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
24 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
25 Employees were entitled to receive all meal periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at
26 Plaintiff's and the other class member's regular rate of pay when a meal period was missed, and
27 they did not receive all meal periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's and
28 the other class member's and Aggrieved Employee's regular rate of pay when a meal period was
missed.

31. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants

1 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
2 Employees were entitled to receive all rest periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at
3 Plaintiff's and the other class member's and Aggrieved Employee's regular rate of pay when a
4 rest period was missed, and they did not receive all rest periods or payment of one additional
5 hour of pay at Plaintiff's and the other class members' and Aggrieved Employees' regular rate
6 of pay when a rest period was missed.

7 32. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
8 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
9 Employees were entitled to receive at least minimum wages for compensation and that they
10 were not receiving at least minimum wages for all hours worked.

11 33. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
12 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
13 Employees were entitled to receive all wages owed upon discharge or resignation, including
14 overtime and minimum wages and meal and rest premiums, and they did not, in fact, receive all
15 wages owed to them at the time their discharge or resignation.

16 34. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
17 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
18 Employees and Aggrieved Employees were entitled to receive all wages owed to them during
19 their employment. Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees did not
20 receive payment of all wages, including earned, but unpaid, overtime and minimum wages and
21 meal and rest period premiums, within any time permissible under California Labor Code
22 section 204.

23 35. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
24 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
25 Employees were entitled to receive complete and accurate wage statements in accordance with
26 California law, but, in fact, they did not receive complete and accurate wage statements from
27 Defendants. The deficiencies included, *inter alia*, the failure to include the accurate total number
28 of hours worked by Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees.

36. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
knew or should have known that Defendants had to keep complete and accurate payroll records

1 for Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees in accordance with
2 California law, but, in fact, did not keep complete and accurate payroll records.

3 37. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
4 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved
5 Employees were entitled to reimbursement for necessary business-related expenses, including
6 in part, the use of personal cellphones.

7 38. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
8 knew or should have known that they had a duty to compensate Plaintiff and the other class
9 members and Aggrieved Employees pursuant to California law, and that Defendants had the
10 financial ability to pay such compensation, but willfully, knowingly, and intentionally failed to
11 do so, and falsely represented to Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees
12 that they were properly denied wages, all in order to increase Defendants' profits.

13 39. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay overtime wages to
14 Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees for all overtime hours worked.
15 Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees were required to work more
16 than eight (8) hours per day and/or forty (40) hours per week without overtime compensation
17 for all overtime hours worked.

18 40. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to provide all requisite
19 uninterrupted, off-duty meal and rest periods to Plaintiff and the other class members and
20 Aggrieved Employees.

21 41. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other
22 class members and Aggrieved Employees at least minimum wages for all hours worked.

23 42. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other
24 class members and Aggrieved Employees all wages owed to them upon discharge or resignation.

25 43. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other
26 class members and Aggrieved Employees all wages within any time permissible under
27 California law, including, *inter alia*, California Labor Code section 204.

28 44. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to provide complete or accurate
wage statements to Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees.

45. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to keep complete or accurate

1 payroll records for Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees.

2 46. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to properly compensate
3 Plaintiff and the other class members and Aggrieved Employees pursuant to California law in
4 order to increase Defendants' profits.

5 47. California Labor Code section 218 states that nothing in Article 1 of the Labor
6 Code shall limit the right of any wage claimant to "sue directly ... for any wages or penalty due
7 to him [or her] under this article."

8 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

9 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 510 and 1198)**

10 **(Against All Defendants)**

11 48. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained above, and each and
12 every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

13 49. California Labor Code section 1198 and the applicable Industrial Welfare
14 Commission ("IWC") Wage Order provide that it is unlawful to employ persons without
15 compensating them at a rate of pay either time-and-one-half or two-times that person's regular
16 rate of pay, depending on the number of hours worked by the person on a daily or weekly basis.

17 50. Specifically, the applicable IWC Wage Order provides that Defendants are and
18 were required to pay Plaintiff and the other class members employed by Defendants, and
19 working more than eight (8) hours in a day or more than forty (40) hours in a workweek, at the
20 rate of time-and-one-half for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day or more than
21 forty (40) hours in a workweek.

22 51. The applicable IWC Wage Order further provides that Defendants are and were
23 required to pay Plaintiff and the other class members overtime compensation at a rate of two
24 times their regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a day.

25 52. California Labor Code section 510 codifies the right to overtime compensation at
26 one-and-one-half times the regular hourly rate for hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in
27 a day or forty (40) hours in a week or for the first eight (8) hours worked on the seventh day of
28 work, and to overtime compensation at twice the regular hourly rate for hours worked in excess
of twelve (12) hours in a day or in excess of eight (8) hours in a day on the seventh day of work.

53. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and the other class members worked in

1 excess of eight (8) hours in a day, and/or in excess of forty (40) hours in a week.

2 54. During the relevant time period, Defendants intentionally and willfully failed to
3 pay overtime wages owed to Plaintiff and the other class members and failed to pay class
4 members overtime in the amount of one-and-one half time their correct regular rate of pay.

5 55. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the unpaid balance
6 of overtime compensation, as required by California laws, violates the provisions of California
7 Labor Code sections 510 and 1198, and is therefore unlawful.

8 56. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194, Plaintiff and the other class
9 members are entitled to recover unpaid overtime compensation, as well as interest, costs, and
10 attorneys' fees.

11 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

12 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512(a))**

13 **(Against All Defendants)**

14 57. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained above, and each and
15 every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

16 58. At all relevant times, the IWC Order and California Labor Code sections 226.7
17 and 512(a) were applicable to Plaintiff's and the other class members' employment by
18 Defendants.

19 59. At all relevant times, California Labor Code section 226.7 provides that no
20 employer shall require an employee to work during any meal or rest period mandated by an
21 applicable order of the California IWC.

22 60. At all relevant times, the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code
23 section 512(a) provide that an employer may not require, cause or permit an employee to work
24 for a work period of more than five (5) hours per day without providing the employee with a
25 meal period of not less than thirty (30) minutes, except that if the total work period per day of
26 the employee is no more than six (6) hours, the meal period may be waived by mutual consent
27 of both the employer and employee.

28 61. At all relevant times, the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code
section 512(a) further provide that an employer may not require, cause or permit an employee
to work for a work period of more than ten (10) hours per day without providing the employee

1 with a second uninterrupted meal period of not less than thirty (30) minutes, except that if the
2 total hours worked is no more than twelve (12) hours, the second meal period may be waived
3 by mutual consent of the employer and the employee only if the first meal period was not
4 waived.

5 62. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and the other class members who were
6 scheduled to work for a period of time no longer than six (6) hours, and who did not waive their
7 legally-mandated meal periods by mutual consent, were required to work for periods longer than
8 five (5) hours without an uninterrupted meal period of not less than thirty (30) minutes and/or
9 rest period.

10 63. During the relevant time period, Plaintiff and the other class members who were
11 scheduled to work for a period of time in excess of six (6) hours were required to work for
12 periods longer than five (5) hours without an uninterrupted meal period of not less than thirty
13 (30) minutes and/or rest period.

14 64. During the relevant time period, Defendants intentionally and willfully required
15 Plaintiff and the other class members to work during meal periods and failed to compensate
16 Plaintiff and the other class members the full meal period premium for work performed during
17 meal periods.

18 65. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other
19 class members the full meal period premium due pursuant to California Labor Code section
20 226.7.

21 66. Defendants' conduct violates applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor
22 Code sections 226.7 and 512(a).

23 67. Pursuant to applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code section
24 226.7(b), Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover from Defendants one
25 additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each work day that the
26 meal or rest period is not provided.

27 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

28 **(Violation of California Labor Code § 226. 7)**

(Against All Defendants)

68. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained above, and each and

every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

69. At all times herein set forth, the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code section 226.7 were applicable to Plaintiffs and the other class members' employment by Defendants.

70. At all relevant times, California Labor Code section 226.7 provides that no employer shall require an employee to work during any rest period mandated by an applicable order of the California IWC.

71. At all relevant times, the applicable IWC Wage Order provides that "[e]very employer shall authorize and permit all employees to take rest periods, which insofar as practicable shall be in the middle of each work period" and that the "rest period time shall be based on the total hours worked daily at the rate of ten (10) minutes net rest time per four (4) hours or major fraction thereof" unless the total daily work time is less than three and one-half (3 ½) hours.

72. During the relevant time period, Defendants required Plaintiff and other class members to work four (4) or more hours without authorizing or permitting a ten (10) minute rest period per each four (4) hour period worked.

73. During the relevant time period, Defendants willfully required Plaintiff and the other class members to work during rest periods and failed to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the full rest period premium for work performed during rest periods.

74. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the full rest period premium due pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7

75. Defendants' conduct violates applicable IWC Wage Orders and California Labor Code section 226.7.

76. Pursuant to the applicable IWC Wage Orders and California Labor Code section 226.7(b), Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover from Defendants one additional hour of pay at the employees' regular hourly rate of compensation for each work day that the rest period was not provided.

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1 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, and 1197.1)**

3 **(Against All Defendants)**

4 77. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained above, and each and
5 every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

6 78. All relevant times, California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1 provide
7 that the minimum wage to be paid to employees, and the payment of a lesser wage than the
8 minimum so fixed is unlawful.

9 79. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to pay minimum wage to
10 Plaintiff and the other class members as required, pursuant to California Labor Code sections
11 1194, 1197, and 1197.1.

12 80. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the minimum
13 wage as required violates California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1. Pursuant to
14 those sections Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover the unpaid balance
15 of their minimum wage compensation as well as interest, costs, and attorney's fees, and
16 liquidated damages in an amount equal to the wages unlawfully unpaid and interest thereon.

17 81. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1197.1, Plaintiff and the other class
18 members are entitled to recover a penalty of \$100.00 for the initial failure to timely pay each
19 employee minimum wages, and \$250.00 for each subsequent failure to pay each employee
20 minimum wages.

21 82. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194.2, Plaintiff and the other class
22 members are entitled to recover liquidated damages in an amount equal to the wages unlawfully
23 unpaid and interest thereon.

24 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

25 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 201 202 and 203)**

26 **(Against All Defendants)**

27 83. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained above, and each and
28 every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

84. At all relevant times herein set forth, California Labor Code sections 201 and 202
provide that if an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of

1 discharge are due and payable immediately, and if an employee quits his or her employment,
2 his or her wages shall become due and payable not later than seventy-two (72) hours thereafter,
3 unless the employee has given seventy-two (72) hours' notice of his or her intention to quit, in
4 which case the employee is entitled to his or her wages at the time of quitting.

5 85. During the relevant time period, Defendants intentionally and willfully failed to
6 pay Plaintiff and the other class members who are no longer employed by Defendants their
7 wages, earned and unpaid, within seventy-two (72) hours of their leaving Defendants' employ.

8 86. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and the other class members who are no longer
9 employed by Defendants' their wages, earned and unpaid, within seventy-two (72) hours of their
10 leaving Defendants' employ, is in violation of California Labor Code sections 201 and 202.

11 87. California Labor Code section 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to
12 pay wages owed, in accordance with sections 201 and 202, then the wages of the employee shall
13 continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action is
14 commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than thirty (30) days.

15 88. Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover from Defendants the
16 statutory penalty wages for each day they were not paid, up to a thirty (30) day maximum
17 pursuant to California Labor Code section 203.

18 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

19 **(Violation of California Labor Code § 204)**

20 **(Against All Defendants)**

21 89. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations above and each and every part
22 thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

23 90. At all times herein set forth, California Labor Code section 204 provides that all
24 wages earned by any person in any employment between the 1st and the 15th days, inclusive, of
25 any calendar month, other than those wages due upon termination of an employee, are due and
26 payable between the 16th and the 26th day of the month during which the labor was performed.

27 91. At all times herein set forth, California Labor Code section 204 provides that all
28 wages earned by any person in any employment between the 16th and the last day, inclusive, of
any calendar month, other than those wages due upon termination of an employee, are due and
payable between the 1st and the 10th day of the following month.

1 92. At all times herein set forth, California Labor Code section 204 provides that all
2 wages earned for labor in excess of the normal work period shall be paid no later than the payday
3 for the next regular payroll period.

4 93. During the relevant time period, Defendants intentionally and willfully failed to
5 pay Plaintiff and the other class members all wages due to them, within any time period
6 permissible under California Labor Code section 204.

7 94. Plaintiff and the other class members entitled to recover all remedies available for
8 violations California Labor Code section 204.

9 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**
10 **(Violation of California Labor Code § 226(a))**
11 **(Against All Defendants)**

12 95. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained above, and each and
13 every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

14 96. At all material times set forth herein, California Labor Code section 226(a)
15 provides that every employer shall furnish each of his or her employees an accurate itemized
16 statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee,
17 (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid
18 on a piece-rate basis, (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of
19 the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive
20 dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and his or her
21 social security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and (9)
22 all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours
23 worked at each hourly rate by the employee. The deductions made from payments of wages
24 shall be recorded in ink or other indelible form, properly dated, showing the month, day, and
25 year, and a copy of the statement or a record of the deductions shall be kept on file by the
26 employer for at least three years at the place of employment or at a central location within the
27 State of California.

28 97. Defendants have intentionally and willfully failed to provide Plaintiff and the
other class members with complete and accurate wage statements. The deficiencies include, but
are not limited to: the failure to include the accurate total number of hours worked by Plaintiff

1 and the other class members.

2 98. As a result of Defendants' violation of California Labor Code section 226(a),
3 Plaintiff and the other class members have suffered injury and damage to their statutorily-
4 protected rights.

5 99. More specifically, Plaintiff and the other class members have been injured by
6 Defendants' intentional and willful violation of California Labor Code section 226(a) because
7 they were denied both their legal right to receive, and their protected interest in receiving,
8 accurate and itemized wage statements pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(a).

9 100. Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover from Defendants the
10 greater of their actual damages caused by Defendants' failure to comply with California Labor
11 Code section 226(a), or an aggregate penalty not exceeding four thousand dollars per employee.

12 101. Plaintiff and the other class members are also entitled to injunctive relief to ensure
13 compliance with this section, pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(h).

14 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **(Violation of California Labor Code§ 1174(d))**

16 **(Against All Defendants)**

17 102. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained above, and each and
18 every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

19 103. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1174(d), an employer shall keep, at a
20 central location in the state or at the plants or establishments at which employees are employed,
21 payroll records showing the hours worked daily by and the wages paid to, and the number of
22 piece-rat units earned by any applicable piece rate to, employees employed at the respective
23 plants or establishments. These records shall be kept in accordance with rules established for
24 this purpose by the commission, but in any case shall be kept on file for not less than two years.

25 104. Defendants have intentionally and willfully failed to keep accurate and complete
26 payroll records showing the hours worked daily and the wages paid, to Plaintiff and the other
27 class members.

28 105. As a result of Defendants' violation of California Labor section 1174(d), Plaintiff
and the other class members have suffered injury and damage to their statutorily-protected
rights.

1 unlawful and harmful to Plaintiff, other class members, to the general public, and Defendants'
2 competitors. Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks to enforce important rights affecting the public interest
3 within the meaning of Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5.

4 113. Defendants' activities as alleged herein are violations of California law, and
5 constitute unlawful business acts and practices in violation of California Business & Professions
6 Code section 17200, et seq.

7 114. A violation of California Business & Professions Code section 17200, et seq. may
8 be predicated on the violation of any state or federal law. In this instant case, Defendants'
9 policies and practices of requiring employees, including Plaintiff and the other class members,
10 to work overtime without paying them proper compensation violate California Labor Code
11 sections 510 and 1198. Additionally, Defendants' policies and practices of requiring employees,
12 including Plaintiff and the other class members, to work through their meal and rest periods
13 without paying them proper compensation violate California Labor Code sections 226.7 and
14 512(a). Defendants' policies and practices of failing to pay minimum wages violate California
15 Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1. Moreover, Defendants' policies and practices of
16 failing to timely pay wages to Plaintiff and the other class members violate California Labor
17 Code sections 201, 202 and 204. Defendants also violated California Labor Code sections 226(a),
18 1174(d).

19 115. As a result of the herein described violations of California law, Defendants
20 unlawfully gained an unfair advantage over other businesses.

21 116. Plaintiff and the other class members have been personally injured by Defendants'
22 unlawful business acts and practices as alleged herein, including but not necessarily limited to
23 the loss of money and/or property.

24 117. Pursuant to California Business & Professions Code sections 17200, et seq.,
25 Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to restitution of the wages withheld and
26 retained by Defendants during a period that commences four (4) years preceding the filing of
27 Plaintiff's complaint up until the time that notice of the class action is provided to the class; an
28 award of attorneys' fees pursuant to California Code of Civil procedure section 1021.5 and other
applicable laws; and an award of costs.

ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code § 2699, Et Seq.)

(Against All Defendants)

118. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein each and every allegation set forth above.

119. Plaintiff brings his eleventh cause of action as a representative action on behalf of himself and similarly Aggrieved Employees in the capacity as a private attorney general pursuant to the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, California Labor Code section 2698, et seq. (“PAGA”).

120. PAGA specifically provides for a private right of action to recover civil penalties for violations of the Labor Code as follows: “Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any provision of this code that provides for a civil penalty to be assessed and collected by the Labor and Workforce Development Agency or any of its departments, divisions, commissions, boards, agencies, or employees, for a violation of this code, may, as an alternative, be recovered through a civil action brought by an aggrieved employee on behalf of himself or herself and other current or former employees pursuant to the procedures specified in Section 2699.3.” Cal. Lab. Code § 2699(a).

121. Plaintiff was employed by Defendants and the Labor Code violations alleged above were committed against him during his time of employment. Plaintiff is therefore, an “aggrieved employee” under PAGA.

122. As set forth in detail above, during all times relevant to this Action, Defendant has routinely subjected Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees to violations of California Labor Codes by:

123. Failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all earned minimum wage compensation in violation of Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1198 *et seq.*;

124. Failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all earned overtime compensation in violation of Labor Code §§ 204, 510, 1194, and 1198 *et seq.*;

125. Failing to provide legally required meal periods to Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees, and failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees an additional hour of premium pay for meal period violations in violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512;

1 126. Failing to provide authorize and permit Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees to
2 take duty-free rest periods, and failing to pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees an
3 additional hour of premium pay for rest period violations in violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7
4 and 512;

5 127. Failing to timely pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all wages at end of
6 their employment in violation of Labor Code § 203;

7 128. Failing to timely pay Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees all wages owed
8 during employment in violation of Labor Code § 204;

9 129. Failing to furnish Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees with complete, accurate,
10 itemized wage statements in violation of Labor Code § 226;

11 130. Failing to maintain accurate records relating to Plaintiff and the Aggrieved
12 Employees' work periods, meal periods, total daily hours, hours per pay period, and applicable
13 pay rates;

14 131. Failing to reimburse Plaintiff and Aggrieved Employees for all necessary
15 expenditures incurred by the employee in violation of Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802.

16 132. Pursuant to California Labor Code sections 2699 and 2699.5, Plaintiff,
17 individually and on behalf of the Aggrieved Employees and the State of California, requests and
18 is entitled to recover penalties against Defendants for the Labor Code violations described
19 above, including but not limited to penalties under California Code of Regulations Title section
20 11010, penalties under California Labor Code sections 2699, 558, 210, 1197.1, 226, 226.3 and
21 1174.5, and any and all additional penalties and sums as provided by the California Labor Code
22 and/or other statutes. The exact amount of the applicable penalties, in all, is in an amount to be
23 shown according to proof at trial.

24 133. Plaintiff has exhausted his administrative remedies pursuant to Labor Code
25 §2699.3. On August 2, 2023, Plaintiff, through his counsel of record, by online filing with the
26 Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA") and by certified mail to the Defendants,
27 notified Defendants and the LWDA of the specific provisions of the Labor Code and IWC Wage
28 Orders that Defendants have violated, including the facts and theories to support the violations,
and of Plaintiff's intent to bring a claim for civil penalties under PAGA. The LWDA assigned
Plaintiff's case number LWDA-CM- 972372-23. Plaintiff also submitted a filing fee of seventy-

1 five (\$75.00) to the LWDA in accordance with Labor Code section 2699.3(a)(1)(B). As of the
2 filing of this Complaint, more than 65 days have elapsed since the mailing of Plaintiff's August
3 2, 2023 notice, and the Labor and Workforce Development Agency has not indicated that it
4 intends to investigate the violations discussed in the notice. Accordingly, Plaintiff may
5 commence a civil action to recover penalties for himself and other Aggrieved Employees
6 pursuant to Labor Code § 2699.3.

7 134. Plaintiff was compelled to retain the services of counsel to file this court action to
8 protect his interests and the Aggrieved Employees, and to assess and collect the civil penalties
9 owed by Defendants. Plaintiff therefore seeks an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs
10 pursuant to Labor Code § 2699(g)(1), and any other applicable statute.

11 135. Plaintiff may amend this complaint as a matter of right pursuant to California
12 Labor Code § 2699.3 as this complaint has been filed within sixty days of the time periods
13 specified in Labor Code §2699.3

14 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

15 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of other members of the general
16 public similarly situated, prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally,
17 as follows:

18 **Class Certification**

- 19 1. That this action be certified as a class action;
- 20 2. That Plaintiff be appointed as the representative of the Class;
- 21 3. That counsel for Plaintiff be appointed as Class Counsel; and
- 22 4. That Defendants provide to Class Counsel immediately the names and most
23 current/last known contact information (address, e-mail and telephone numbers) of all
class members.

24 **As to the First Cause of Action**

25 5. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor
26 Code sections 510 and 1198 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to pay all
27 overtime wages due to Plaintiff and the other class members;

28 6. For general unpaid wages at overtime wage rates and such general and special damages
as may be appropriate;

1 7. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid overtime compensation commencing from the
2 date such amounts were due;

3 8. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to California
4 Labor Code section 1194; and

5 9. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

6 **As to the Second Cause of Action**

7 10. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
8 Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to
9 provide all meal periods (including second meal periods) to Plaintiff and the other class
10 members;

11 11. That the Court make an award to Plaintiff and the other class members of one (1)
12 hour of pay at each employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that a meal period
13 was not provided;

14 12. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to
15 proof;

16 13. For premium wages pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7(b);

17 14. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid wages from the date such amounts were
18 due;

19 15. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

20 16. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

21 **As to the Third Cause of Action**

22 17. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
23 Labor Code section 226.7 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to provide all
24 rest periods to Plaintiff and the other class members;

25 18. That the Court make an award to Plaintiff and the other class members of one (1)
26 hour of pay at each employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that a rest period
27 was not provided;

28 19. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to
proof;

20. For premium wages pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7(b);

21. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid wages from the date such amounts were due; and

22. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Fourth Cause of Action

23. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1 by willfully failing to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and the other class members;

24. For general unpaid wages and such general and special damages as may be appropriate;

25. For statutory wage penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 1197.1 for Plaintiff and the other class members in the amount as may be established according to proof at trial;

26. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation from the date such amounts were due;

27. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194(a);

28. For liquidated damages pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194.2; and

29. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Fifth Cause of Action

30. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code sections 201, 202, and 203 by willfully failing to pay all compensation owed at the time of termination of the employment of Plaintiff and the other class members no longer employed by Defendants;

31. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

32. For statutory wage penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 203 for Plaintiff and the other class members who have left Defendants' employ;

33. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation from the date such amounts were due; and

34. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Sixth Cause of Action

35. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code section 204 by willfully failing to pay all compensation owed at the time required by California Labor Code section 204 to Plaintiff and the other class members;

36. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

37. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation from the date such amounts were due; and

38. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Seventh Cause of Action

39. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated the record keeping provisions of California Labor Code section 226(a) and applicable IWC Wage Orders as to Plaintiff and the other class members, and willfully failed to provide accurate itemized wage statements thereto;

40. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

41. For statutory penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(e);

42. For injunctive relief to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(h); and

43. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Eighth Cause of Action

44. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated the record keeping provisions of California Labor Code section 1174(d) by willfully failing to keep accurate and complete payroll records for Plaintiff and the other class members as required by California Labor Code section 1174(d);

45. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

46. For statutory penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 1174.5; and

47. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Ninth Cause of Action

48. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802 by willfully failing to reimburse Plaintiff and the Class for

all necessary business-related expenses as required by California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802;

49. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

50. For the imposition of civil penalties and/or statutory penalties;

51. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

52. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Tenth Cause of Action

53. That the Court decree adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Business and Professions Code sections 17200 et seq. by failing to provide Plaintiff and the other class members all overtime compensation due to them failing to provide all meal and rest periods to Plaintiff and the other class members, failing to pay at least minimum wages to Plaintiff and the other class members failing to pay Plaintiffs and the other class members wages timely as required by California Labor Code section 201 202 and 204 and by violating California Labor Code sections 226(a), 1174(d).

54. For restitution of unpaid wages to Plaintiff and all the other class members and all pre-judgment interest from the day such amounts were due and payable.

55. For the appointment of a receiver to receive, manage and distribute any and all funds disgorged from Defendants and determined to have been wrongfully acquired by Defendants as a result of violation of California Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.;

56. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5;

57. For injunctive relief to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Business and Professions Code sections 17200 et seq.; and

58. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Eleventh Cause of Action

59. For statutory attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 2699(g)(1) of California Labor Code;

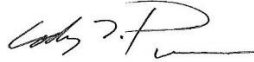
60. Prejudgment interest at the legal rate pursuant to California Labor Code Section 218.6;

1 61. For the imposition of civil penalties pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 2699,
2 210, 558, 226, 226.3, 1174.5, 1197.1, and all other penalties allowed by the California Labor
3 Code and/or other applicable statutes; and

4 62. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper

5
6 Dated: November 13, 2023

PAYNE NGUYEN, LLP



8 By: _____

CODY PAYNE

KIM NGUYEN

Attorneys for Plaintiff

RAMIRO PADILLA