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14 **SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**
15 **IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF BUTTE**

16 ANGELA PORTILLO and KISHA
17 VAZQUEZ, individuals, on behalf of
18 themselves and on behalf of all persons
19 similarly situated, and on behalf of the
State of California, as a private attorney
general,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

22 ORCHARD HOSPITAL, a California
Corporation; ORCHARD GRIDLEY
23 HOSPITAL, INC., a Corporation; and
DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

CASE NO.: 23CV03393

[Consolidated with 24CV00173 and 24CV00755]

**DECLARATION OF KYLE R. NORDREHAUG
IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR FINAL
APPROVAL OF CLASS SETTLEMENT,
ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS AND SERVICE
AWARD**

Hearing Date: August 19, 2026

Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m.

[Hearing scheduled by Order dated March 25, 2026]

Judge: Hon. Stephen E. Benson

Dept.: 6

Date Action Filed: December 7, 2023

Trial Date: Not set

1 I, KYLE R. NORDREHAUG, declare as follows:

2 1. I am the managing partner of the law firm of Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De
3 Blouw LLP, counsel of record for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez (“Plaintiffs”) in this
4 matter. As such, I am fully familiar with the facts, pleadings and history of this matter. The following
5 facts are within my own personal knowledge, and if called as a witness, I could testify competently to
6 the matters stated herein. This declaration is being submitted in support to the Plaintiffs’ motion for final
7 approval of the class settlement, including attorneys’ fees, costs and service award

8 2. Over the course of the litigation, a number of attorneys in my firm have worked on this
9 matter. Their credentials are reflected in the Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP firm
10 resume, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit #1. Some of the major cases our
11 firm has undertaken are also set forth in Exhibit #1. The bulk of the attorneys involved in this matter at
12 Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP have had substantial class litigation experience in the
13 areas of employment class actions, unfair business practices and other complex litigation. The attorneys
14 at my firm have extensive experience in cases involving labor code violations and overtime claims. Class
15 Counsel has litigated similar overtime cases against other employers on behalf of employees, including
16 cases against Sharp Healthcare, Walmart, Legoland, Cigna, HealthNet, See’s Candies, Securitas, Okta,
17 Advanced Home Health, El Pollo Loco, Total Renal, Panda Express, Walt Disney Resorts, Pharmaca,
18 Nortek Security, California Fine Wine, Solarcity, Walgreens, Space Exploration, Union Bank, Verizon,
19 Apple, Wells Fargo, Kaiser, Universal Protection Services, and California State Automobile Association.
20 Class Counsel have been approved as experienced class counsel during contested motions in state and
21 federal courts throughout California. It is this level of experience which enabled the firm to undertake
22 the instant matter and to successfully combat the resources of the defendants and their capable and
23 experienced counsel. Class Counsel have participated in every aspect of the settlement discussions and
24 have concluded the settlement is fair, adequate and reasonable and in the best interests of the Class.

25
26 3. Summary of the Proposed Settlement.

27 (a) A true and correct copy of the Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (the
28 “Agreement”) between the parties is attached hereto as Exhibit #2. Plaintiffs and Defendants Orchard

1 Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc. (“Defendants”) reached a full and final settlement of the
2 above-captioned action, which is embodied in the Agreement filed concurrently with the Court. As
3 consideration for this Settlement, the Gross Settlement Amount to be paid by Defendants is Seven
4 Hundred Thirty Thousand (\$730,000) (Agreement at ¶¶ 1.22 and 3.1.) Under the Settlement, the Gross
5 Settlement Amount consists of the following elements: (1) payment of the Individual Class Payments to
6 the Participating Class Members; (2) Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Litigation Expenses
7 Payment; (3) Administration Expenses Payment; (4) the Class Representative Service Payments to the
8 Plaintiffs; and (5) the PAGA Penalties payment. (Agreement at ¶ 1.22.)

9 (b) The Gross Settlement Amount does not include Defendants’ share of payroll taxes.
10 (Agreement at ¶ 3.1.) The Gross Settlement Amount shall be all-in with no reversion to Defendants.
11 (Agreement at ¶ 3.1.)

12 (c) On the Effective Date, Defendants shall deposit the Gross Settlement Amount with the
13 Administrator. (Agreement at ¶ 4.3.) The distribution of Individual Class Payments to Participating Class
14 Members along with the other Court-approved distributions shall be made by the Administrator within
15 fourteen (14) days after Defendants funds the Gross Settlement Amount. (Agreement at ¶ 5.1.)

16 (d) The amount remaining in the Gross Settlement Amount after the deduction of Court-approved
17 amounts for Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, the Class Representative Service
18 Payment, the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the
19 Administration Expenses Payment (called the “Net Settlement Amount”) shall be allocated to Class
20 Members as their Individual Class Payments. (Agreement at ¶¶ 1.28 and 3.2.) From the Net Settlement
21 Amount, the Individual Class Payment for each Participating Class Member will be calculated by (a)
22 dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class
23 Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's
24 Workweeks. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(e).) Workweeks were based on Defendants’ records, however, Class
25 Members had the right to challenge the number of Workweeks.

26 (e) Class Members were sent the Court approved Class Notice using the procedure approved by
27 the Court by mailing the notice packets after updating class members’ addresses using the National
28

1 Change of Address database and, for any notice packets returned as undeliverable. See Declaration of
2 Katie Tran ("Tran Decl.") ¶¶ 5-7. Class Members were provided with the opportunity to exclude
3 themselves or "opt out" if they did not want to participate in the settlement. (Agreement at ¶ 8.5, Ex.
4 A.) Tran Decl. ¶ 7, Exh. A. No Class Member objected and no Class Members submitted requests for
5 exclusion. Tran Decl. ¶ 11-12. Therefore, all Class Members (100%) are deemed Participating Class
6 Members who are bound by the Settlement and will be entitled to receive a Settlement Share.
7 (Agreement at ¶ 8.5(c).) All Aggrieved Employees, including those who submit an opt-out request, will
8 still be paid their allocation of the PAGA Penalties and will remain subject to the release of the PAGA
9 Released Claims regardless of their request for exclusion. (Agreement at ¶ 6.3 and 8.5(d)) Finally, the
10 Notice advised the Class Members of their right to object to the Settlement and/or dispute their
11 Workweeks. (Agreement at ¶¶ 8.6 and 8.7, Ex. A.)

12 (f) A Participating Class Member must cash his or her Individual Class Payment check within
13 180 days after it is mailed. (Agreement at ¶ 5.2.) Any settlement checks not cashed within 180 days will
14 be voided and any funds represented by such checks sent to California Controller's Unclaimed Property
15 Fund in the name of the Class Member who failed to cash their check, thereby leaving no "unpaid
16 residue" subject to the requirements of California Code of Civil Procedure Section 384, subd. (b).
17 (Agreement at ¶ 5.4.)

18 (g) Apex Class Action Administration was appointed by the Court as the Administrator for the
19 Settlement. (Agreement at ¶ 1.2) From the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will be paid
20 for settlement administration in an amount not to exceed \$11,000. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(c).) As set forth
21 in the Tran Decl. at ¶ 18, the Administration Expenses Payment, including fees and costs incurred to-
22 date, as well as anticipated fees and costs for completion of the settlement administration, are \$9,990.

23 (h) Subject to Court approval, the Agreement provides for Class Counsel to be awarded a sum
24 not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount, as the Class Counsel Fees Payment.
25 (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(b).) Class Counsel will also be allowed to apply separately for an award of Class
26 Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment in an amount not to exceed \$30,000. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(b).)
27 Subject to Court approval, the Agreement provides for a payment of no more than \$10,000 each to the
28 Plaintiffs as the Class Representative Service Payments. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(a).) In support of these

1 requests for attorneys' fees, reimbursement of expenses and service award, Class Counsel is providing
2 evidentiary support, including lodestar.

3 (i) Subject to Court approval, the PAGA Penalties will be paid from the Gross Settlement
4 Amount for PAGA penalties under the California Private Attorneys General Act, Cal. Labor Code
5 Section 2698, *et seq.* ("PAGA"). The PAGA Penalties are \$20,000. (Agreement at ¶¶ 1.34 and 3.2(d).)
6 Pursuant to the express requirements of Labor Code § 2699(i), the PAGA Payment shall be allocated as
7 follows: 75% shall be allocated to the Labor Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA") as its share
8 of the civil penalties and 25% allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments to be distributed to the
9 Aggrieved Employees based on the number of their respective PAGA Pay Periods. (Agreement at ¶
10 3.2(d).) As set forth in the accompanying proof of service, the LWDA has been served with this motion
11 and the Agreement

12 (j) The Settlement is fair, adequate and reasonable to the class and should be finally approved
13 for the same reasons the Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement, agreeing that the
14 settlement is "fair, adequate, and reasonable". (Preliminary Approval Order at ¶ 3.) In sum, the
15 Settlement valued at \$730,000 is an excellent result for the Class. This result is particularly favorable
16 in light of the fact that liability and class certification in this case were far from certain in light of the
17 defenses asserted by Defendants. Given the complexities of this case, the defenses asserted, the
18 uncertainty of class certification, along with the uncertainties of proof at trial and appeal, the proposed
19 settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate, and should be finally approved.

20
21 4. Procedural status of the settlement - In accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order
22 dated March 25, 2026 ("Preliminary Approval Order"), the approved Class Notice has been disseminated
23 to the Class. The reaction of the Class unequivocally supports approval of the Settlement. On May 12,
24 2026, the Administrator mailed the Court-approved Class Notice to the Class Members, which provided
25 each class member with the terms of the Settlement, including notice of the claims at issue and the
26 financial terms of the settlement, including the attorneys' fees, costs, and service award that were being
27 sought, how individual settlement awards would be calculated, and the specific, estimated payment
28 amount to that individual. See Tran Decl. ¶ 7, Exh. A. In disseminating the notice, the Administrator

1 followed the notice procedures authorized by the Court in its Preliminary Approval Order. Significantly,
2 there have been no objections and no requests to opt-out. Tran Decl. ¶¶ 11-12. As such, the entire Class
3 (100%) will participate in the Settlement and will be sent a settlement check. *See* Tran Decl. at ¶¶ 13-15.

4
5 5. Description of Plaintiffs' claims - The Action generally alleges that Plaintiffs and other
6 Class Members were not properly paid all overtime wages for hours worked and at the correct rate of pay,
7 were not provided meal and rest periods or paid premiums at the correct rate of pay in lieu thereof, were
8 not timely paid earned wages, were not provided reimbursement for required expenses, were not provided
9 accurate itemized wage statements, were not pay all sick wages and the correct rate of pay, and were not
10 paid all wages at the time of termination. The Action seeks unpaid wages, penalties, attorney fees,
11 litigation costs, and any other equitable or legal relief allegedly due and owing to Plaintiffs and the other
12 Class Members by virtue of the foregoing claims.

13
14 6. Procedural History of the Litigation

15 (a) On September 27, 2023, Plaintiff Portillo filed with the LWDA and served on efendants a
16 notice under Labor Code section 2699.3 identifying the alleged Labor Code violations to recover civil
17 penalties on behalf of Aggrieved Employees for various Labor Code violations which asserted violations
18 of Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 204 et seq., 210, 218, 221, 226(a), 226.7, 227.3, 246, 510, 512,
19 558(a)(1)(2), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2802, California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 11040,
20 Subdivision 5(A)-(B), California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 1 1070(14) (Failure to Provide
21 Seating), and Violation of the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order(s). On March 7,
22 2024 Plaintiff Vasquez filed with the LWDA and served on Defendants a notice under Labor Code
23 section 2699.3 identifying the alleged Labor Code violations to recover civil penalties on behalf of
24 Aggrieved Employees for various Labor Code violations.

25 (b) On December 7, 2023, Plaintiff Portillo commenced this Action by filing a Complaint against
26 Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte, Case No. 23CV03393.
27 Plaintiff Potillo's Complaint asserted class claims against Defendants for: (1) unfair competition in
28 violation of Cal. Bus & Prof. Code §§ 17200, et seq.; (2) failure to to pay minimum wages in violation

1 of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, and 1197.1; (3) failure to pay overtime wages in violation of
2 California Labor Code §§ 510, 1194 & 1198; (4) failure to provide required meal periods in violation of
3 Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (5) failure to provide required rest periods in violation of Cal. Labor
4 Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (6) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of
5 California Labor Code § 226; (7) failure to reimburse employees for required expenses in violation of
6 California Labor Code § 2802; (8) failure to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor
7 Code §§ 201, 202 and 203; and, (9) failure to pay sick pay wages in violation of California Labor Code
8 §§ 201-204, 233, and 246. On January 16, 2024, Plaintiff Portillo filed a Representative Action
9 Complaint alleging a single cause of action against Defendants for recovery of civil penalties for
10 violation of Private Attorney General Act, Cal. Labor Code §§ 2698, et seq. ("PAGA") in the Superior
11 Court of the State of California, County of Butte, Case No. 24CV00173 ("Portillo PAGA Action") based
12 on the allegations asserted in her September 27, 2023 PAGA Notice to the LWDA.

13 (c) On January 12, 2026, Plaintiffs filed a First Amended Consolidated Class and Representative
14 Action Complaint in this Action, which alleges all causes of action sought in the Portillo PAGA Action,
15 Vazquez Action, this Action, and all allegations set forth in the PAGA Notice. The First Amended
16 Consolidated Class and Representative Action Complaint is the operative complaint in the Action (the
17 "Operative Complaint").

18 (d) Over the course of litigation, the Parties engaged in the investigation of the claims,
19 including informal discovery and the production of documents, class data, and other information,
20 allowing for the full and complete analysis of liabilities and defenses to the claims in the Action. The
21 information for mediation obtained by Plaintiffs included: (1) data concerning the class; (2) payroll data
22 and time punch data for the Class covering 345 employees, 45,689 shifts and 12,834 workweeks; (3)
23 Defendants' wage and hour policies; (4) the employment files for the Plaintiffs; and, (5) samples of wage
24 statements provided by Defendants. As such, Class Counsel received the data and information for the
25 Class, which was sufficient for Plaintiffs' expert to prepare the valuations of the claims for the Class.

26 (e) Class Counsel has extensive experience in litigating wage and hour class actions in California.
27 The Parties have vigorously litigated the Action since inception. During the course of litigation, the
28 Parties each performed analysis of the merits and value of the claims. Plaintiffs and Defendants have

1 engaged in significant research and investigation in connection with the Action. Class Counsel has
2 thoroughly analyzed the value of the claims during the prosecution of this Action and utilized an expert
3 to perform an analysis of the data and valuation of the claims.

4 (f) Plaintiffs and Defendants agreed to discuss resolution of the Action through a mediation. Prior
5 to mediation, the Parties engaged in the above investigation and the exchange of documents and
6 information in connection with the Action. On June 10, 2025, the Parties participated in an all-day
7 mediation presided over by Hon. Carl J. West (ret.), a respected and experienced mediator of wage and
8 hour class actions. Following the mediation, the Parties agreed to settle the Action based upon a
9 mediator's proposal which was memorialized in the form of a Memorandum of Understanding. The
10 Parties then negotiated the final terms of the settlement as set forth in the Agreement. At all times, the
11 negotiations were arm's length and contentious.

12 (g) Although a settlement has been reached, Defendants deny any liability or wrongdoing of any
13 kind associated with the claims alleged in the Action and further deny that, for any purpose other than
14 settlement, the Action is appropriate for class and/or representative treatment. Defendants contend,
15 among other things, that they have complied at all times with the California Labor Code, applicable Wage
16 Order, and all other laws and regulations. Further, Defendants contend that class certification is
17 inappropriate for any reason other than for settlement. Plaintiffs contend that Defendants violated
18 California wage and hour laws. Plaintiffs further contend that the Action is appropriate for class
19 certification on the basis that the claims meet the requisites for class certification. Without admitting that
20 class certification is proper, Defendants have stipulated that the above Class may be certified for
21 settlement purposes only. (Agreement at ¶ 2.11.) The Parties agree that certification for settlement
22 purposes is not an admission that class certification is proper. Further, the Agreement is not admissible
23 in this or any other proceeding as evidence that the Class could be certified absent a settlement. Solely
24 for purposes of settling the Action, the Parties stipulate and agree that the requisites for establishing class
25 certification with respect to the Class are satisfied.

26 (h) Class Counsel has conducted an investigation into the facts of the class action. Informal
27 discovery was obtained, which included the production of relevant documents and data. Class Counsel
28 engaged in a thorough review and analysis of the relevant documents and data with the assistance of an

1 expert. Accordingly, the agreement to settle did not occur until Class Counsel possessed sufficient
2 information to make an informed judgment regarding the likelihood of success on the merits and the
3 results that could be obtained through further litigation. In addition, Class Counsel previously negotiated
4 settlements with other employers in actions involving nearly identical issues and analogous defenses.
5 Based on the foregoing data and their own independent investigation, evaluation and experience, Class
6 Counsel believes that the settlement with Defendants on the terms set forth in the Agreement is fair,
7 reasonable, and adequate and is in the best interest of the Class in light of all known facts and
8 circumstances, including the risk of significant delay, defenses asserted by Defendants, and potential
9 appellate issues.

10
11 7. History of Settlement Discussions

12 (a) This settlement is the result of extensive and hard-fought litigation as well as negotiations
13 before an experienced and well-respected mediator. Defendants have expressly denied and continues to
14 deny any wrongdoing or legal liability arising out of the conduct alleged in the Action. Plaintiffs and
15 Class Counsel have determined that it is desirable and beneficial to the Class to resolve the Released
16 Class Claims of the Class in accordance with this Settlement, based upon the experience of Class Counsel
17 who has previously litigated similar claims against other employers.

18 (b) The Parties attended an arms-length mediation session with Hon. Carl J. West (Ret.), a
19 respected jurist and experienced mediator of wage and hour class actions, in order to reach this
20 Settlement. In preparation for the mediation, Defendants provided Plaintiffs and Class Counsel with
21 payroll and employment data and other information regarding the Class Members, various internal
22 documents, and other compensation and employment-related materials. Class Counsel analyzed the data
23 with the assistance of damages expert Berger Consulting and prepared and submitted a mediation brief
24 to the mediator. Following the all-day mediation session, the Parties agreed to this Settlement based
25 upon a mediator's proposal.

26 (c) From August 2025 to February 2026, the initial settlement agreement and exhibits thereto
27 were finalized and executed. On March 25, 2026, the Court issued its Order granting preliminary
28 approved of the settlement as fair, adequate, and reasonable to the Class.

1 (d) Plaintiffs and Class Counsel believe that this settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate. In
2 my judgment as experienced Class Counsel, this Settlement should be finally approved.

3
4 8. The outcome of this case would have been uncertain and fraught with risks.

5 (a) Here, a number of defenses asserted by Defendants present serious threats to the claims of
6 the Plaintiffs and the other Class Members. Defendants asserted that Defendants' practices complied
7 with all applicable Labor laws. Defendants argued that Class Members were paid for all time worked
8 and that work time was properly recorded. Defendants contend that its meal and rest period policies fully
9 complied with California law and that Defendants did not fail to provide the opportunity for legally
10 required meal and rest breaks and that many of the meals periods were subject to the defense of health
11 care worker meal waivers under *Gerard v. Orange Coast Mem'l Med. Ctr.*, 6 Cal. 5th 443 (2018).
12 Defendants argue that its payment of significant meal and rest period premiums is evidence of its lawful
13 practices. Defendants contend that there was no failure to pay for business expenses and any cell phone
14 usage was merely convenient and voluntary such that reimbursement was not legally required.
15 Defendants also have an argument that the Supreme Court decision in *Brinker v. Superior Court*, 53 Cal.
16 4th 1004 (2012), weakened Plaintiffs' claims, on liability, value, and class certifiability as to the meal
17 and rest period claims. Defendants argue that based on its facially lawful practices, Defendants acted in
18 good faith and without willfulness, which if accepted would negate the claims for waiting time penalties
19 and/or inaccurate wage statements. See e.g. *Naranjo v. Spectrum Sec. Servs., Inc.*, 15 Cal. 5th 1056,
20 1065 (2024) ("if an employer reasonably and in good faith believed it was providing a complete and
21 accurate wage statement in compliance with the requirements of section 226, then it has not knowingly
22 and intentionally failed to comply with the wage statement law.") If successful, Defendants' defenses
23 could eliminate or substantially reduce any recovery to the Class.

24 (b) There was also a significant risk that, if the Action was not settled, Plaintiffs would be unable
25 to obtain a certified class and maintain the certified class through trial, and thereby not recover on behalf
26 of any employees other than themselves. At the time of the mediation, Defendants forcefully opposed
27 the propriety of class certification, arguing that individual issues precluded class certification. Further,
28 as demonstrated by the California Supreme Court decision in *Duran v. U.S. Bank National Assn.*, 59 Cal.

1 4th 1 (2014), there are significant hurdles to overcome for a class-wide recovery even where the class
2 has been certified. While other cases have approved class certification in wage and hour claims, class
3 certification in this action was hotly disputed and the maintenance of a certified class through trial was
4 by no means a foregone conclusion.

5 (c) As demonstrated by the decision in *Duran*, the complexities and duration of further litigation
6 cannot be overstated. There is little doubt that Defendants would post a bond and appeal in the event of
7 an adverse judgment. A post-judgment appeal by Defendants would have required many more years to
8 resolve, assuming the judgment was affirmed. If the judgment was not affirmed in total, then the case
9 could have dragged on for years after the appeal. The benefits of a guaranteed recovery today outweigh
10 an uncertain result three or more years in the future.

11 Plaintiffs and Class Counsel recognize the expense and length of a trial against Defendants
12 through possible appeals which could take at least another two or three years. Class Counsel also have
13 taken into account the uncertain outcome, the risk of litigation, especially in complex actions such as this
14 one. Class Counsel are also mindful of and recognize the inherent problems of proof under, and alleged
15 defenses to, the claims asserted in the Action. Moreover, post-trial motions and appeals would have been
16 inevitable. Costs would have mounted and recovery would have been delayed if not denied, thereby
17 reducing the benefits of an ultimate victory. The Settlement confers substantial benefits upon the Class.
18 Based upon their evaluation, Plaintiffs and Class Counsel have determined that the Settlement set forth
19 in the Agreement is in the best interest of the Class.

20 (d) The Settlement in this case is fair, reasonable and adequate considering Defendants'
21 defenses to Plaintiffs' claims. As set forth in the Declaration of Nordrehaug in support of preliminary
22 approval which discussed the value of the class claims in detail, the Gross Settlement Amount compares
23 favorably to the value of the claims. class claims in detail, the Gross Settlement Amount compares
24 favorably to the value of the claims. Based upon 694 Class Members who worked an estimated 50,557
25 Workweeks (Tran Decl. at ¶¶ 14-15), the Gross Settlement Amount provides an average value of \$1,051
26 per Class Member and \$14.43 per Workweek and after deductions the Net Settlement Amount provides
27 an average recovery of \$585.97 per Class Member and a recovery of \$8.04 per Workweek. The
28 calculations to compensate for the amount due for the Class at the time of the mediation were calculated

1 by Berger Consulting, Plaintiffs' damage expert. As to the Class whose claims are at issue in this Action,
2 Plaintiffs used the expert to analyze the data and determine the potential unpaid wages for the employees.
3 The maximum potential damages were calculated to be \$1,288,826 for the alleged unpaid wages for off-
4 the-clock work at thirty minutes per week, \$52,422 for the alleged underpaid meal premiums and sick
5 pay based on the miscalculation of the regular rate, \$1,434,630 for alleged meal period damages based
6 upon a 30.6% potential violation rate for all shifts worked observed in the time records, after deducting
7 for meal premiums already paid by Defendants. \$1,808,039 for alleged rest period damages based upon
8 the same potential violation rate observed for meal periods, \$73,775 for alleged unreimbursed cell-phone
9 expenses at \$5 per month. Because the alternative workweeks schedule was determined to be valid and
10 registered, there were no damages based upon the alternative workweek schedule. As a result, the total
11 damage valuation was calculated such that Defendants were subject to a maximum damage claim in the
12 amount of \$4,657,692. As to potential penalties, Plaintiffs calculated that potential waiting time penalties
13 were a maximum of \$3,134,896, and potential maximum wage statement penalties were \$1,193,500.¹
14 Defendants vigorously disputed Plaintiffs' calculations and exposure theories. Consequently, the Gross
15 Settlement Amount of \$730,000 represents more than 15.6% of the maximum value of the alleged
16 damages at issue in this case at the time this Settlement was negotiated.² Importantly, the recent decision
17 that good faith belief of compliance by the employer in *Naranjo v. Spectrum Sec. Servs., Inc.*, 15 Cal.
18 5th 1056, 1065 (2024), could completely negate the claims for waiting time and wage statement penalties,
19 even if wages were owed to the Class. The above maximum calculations should then be realistically risk-
20 adjusted in consideration for both the risk of class certification and the risk of establishing class-wide

21
22 ¹ While Plaintiffs alleged claims for statutory penalties pursuant to Labor Code Sections 203 and
23 226, at mediation Plaintiffs recognized that these claims were subject to additional, separate defenses
24 asserted by Defendants, including, a good faith dispute defense as to whether any premium wages for
25 meal or rest periods or other wages were owed given Defendants' position that Plaintiffs and Class
26 Members were properly compensated. *See Nordstrom Commission Cases*, 186 Cal. App. 4th 576, 584
27 (2010) ("There is no willful failure to pay wages if the employer and employee have a good faith
28 dispute as to whether and when the wages were due.").

29 ² Because the PAGA claim is not a class claim and primarily is paid to the State of California,
30 Plaintiffs have not included the PAGA claim in this discussion of the value of the class claims. The
31 PAGA claim was addressed in the Motion for Preliminary Approval in the Declaration of Nordrehaug
32 at ¶33.

1 liability on all claims. Given the amount of the settlement as compared to the potential value of claims
2 in this case and the defenses asserted by Defendants, this settlement is fair and reasonable.³ Clearly, the
3 goal of this litigation has been met.

4 (e) In sum, the Settlement is a fair and reasonable result, and provides the Class with a significant
5 recovery, particularly when viewed in light of the fact that the Defendants asserted serious and substantial
6 defenses both to liability and to class certification. The maximum and average class member allocations
7 are \$2,380.06 and \$585.99, respectively. *See* Tran Decl. ¶15. Given the complexities of this case, the
8 defenses, along with the uncertainties of proof and appeal, the proposed Settlement is fair, reasonable and
9 adequate, and should be finally approved.

10 (f) It is impossible to predict with certainty whether, under the facts of this case, Plaintiffs would
11 prevail against the Defendants' factual and legal defenses. While Plaintiffs and Class Counsel believe
12 in the merits of the claims, Defendants have asserted real and substantial defenses to these claims and
13 to class certification. Settlement in this case clearly benefits the Class when measuring the strengths of
14 Plaintiffs' case and the risk of establishing class wide liability and damages.

15
16 **ATTORNEYS' FEES, LITIGATION EXPENSES AND SERVICE AWARD**

17 9. The Agreement For The Payment of Fees and Expenses Should Is Appropriate And
18 Should Be Enforced

19 (a) Class Counsel successfully negotiated a class action settlement which provides for a common
20 fund settlement to be paid by Defendants to the Class in the amount of Seven Hundred Thirty Thousand
21 Dollars (\$730,000) (Agreement at ¶¶ 1.22 and 3.1.) As part of the settlement, the parties agreed to an

23
24 ³ See *Glass v. UBS Fin. Servs.*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 8476 (N.D. Cal. 2007) (approving a
25 settlement where the settlement amount constituted approximately 25% of the estimated overtime
26 damages for the class); *Stovall-Gusman v. W.W. Granger, Inc.*, 2015 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 78671, at *12
27 (N.D. Cal. 2015) (granting final approval where "the proposed Total Settlement Amount represents
28 approximately 10% of what class might have been awarded had they succeeded at trial."); *Viceral v.*
Mistras Grp., Inc., 2016 WL 5907869 (N.D. Cal. 2016) (approving wage and hour class action
settlement amounting to 8.1% of full value); *Ma v. Covidien Holding, Inc.*, 2014 WL 2472316, (C.D.
Cal. 2014) (approving wage and hour class action settlement worth "somewhere between 9% and 18%"
of maximum valuation).

1 award of attorneys' fees equal to one-third (1/3) of the Gross Settlement Amount as the Class Counsel
2 Fees Payment. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(b).) By this motion, Class Counsel respectfully requests approval
3 of the Class Counsel Fees Payment in an amount equal to one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount.

4 (b) In the class action context, that means "attempting to award the fee that informed private
5 bargaining, if it were truly possible, might have reached." Here, informed arms-length bargaining
6 between experienced counsel and Defendants resulted in Defendants negotiating the fee award to one-
7 third of the Gross Settlement Amount. Such bargaining is obviously the best measure of the market for
8 fees. Moreover, fee awards in common fund settlements as this one have resulted in a percentage of fees
9 in an equivalent percentage to the sum sought by Class Counsel herein, further reflecting the accurate
10 market value of the award requested.

11 (c) The requested fee award, agreed to by the parties as part of the Settlement, should be
12 approved. The requested fee award was bargained for during arms' length adversarial bargaining by
13 counsel for each of the parties as part of the Settlement.

14
15 10. The Class Counsel Fee Award Is Properly Calculated as a Percentage of the Total Value
16 Created for the Benefit of the Class

17 (a) As part of the settlement, the Parties agreed to an award of attorneys' fees equal to one-third
18 of the Gross Settlement Amount of \$730,000 which equals \$243,333 for attorneys' fees. As part of the
19 Agreement, Defendants also agreed that Class Counsel will also be paid reasonable litigations expenses
20 incurred as per Class Counsel's billing statement in an amount not to exceed \$30,000. Finally, Defendants
21 also agreed that Plaintiffs can be awarded a Class Representative Service Payment in the amount of
22 \$10,000 each, as their service awards under the Agreement.

23 (b) In defining a reasonable fee, the Court should mimic the marketplace for cases involving a
24 significant contingent risk such as this one. Our legal system places unique reliance on private litigants
25 to enforce substantive provisions of employment law through class actions. Therefore, attorneys
26 providing these substantial benefits should be paid an award equal to the amount negotiated in private
27 bargaining that takes place in the legal market place.

1 (c) There is a substantial difference between the risk assumed by attorneys being paid by the hour
2 and attorneys working on a contingent fee basis. The attorney being paid by the hour can go to the bank
3 with his fee. The attorney working on a contingent basis can only log hours while working without pay
4 towards a result that will hopefully entitle him to a marketplace contingent fee taking into account the
5 risk and other factors of the undertaking. Otherwise, the contingent fee attorney receives nothing. In this
6 case, the nature of the fee was wholly contingent. Class Counsel subjected themselves to this contingent
7 fee market risk in this all or nothing contingent fee case wherein the necessity and financial burden of
8 private enforcement makes the requested award appropriate. This case was litigated on a contingent basis
9 for over one year, with all of the risk factors inherent in such an uncertain undertaking. Indeed, I am
10 aware of other similar cases where the court dismissed the class allegations or denied class certification.
11 Under such circumstances, courts have held that a risk multiplier must be applied to the fee award.

12 (d) Here, the contingent nature of the fee award, both from the point of view of eventual
13 settlement and the point of view of establishing eligibility for an award, also warrant the requested fee
14 award. A number of difficult issues, the adverse resolution of any one of which could have doomed the
15 successful prosecution of the action, were present here. Attorneys' fees in this case were not only
16 contingent but risky, with a very real chance that Class Counsel would receive nothing at all for their
17 efforts, having devoted time and advanced costs. Class Counsel has previously invested in cases which
18 resulted in no recovery, and here Class Counsel is recovering a fee award that comparable to the
19 multiplier approved in other cases.

20 (e) At the time this case was brought, the result was far from certain as discussed above at
21 paragraphs 8(a) and 8(b).

22 (f) The Settlement was possible only because Class Counsel was able to convince Defendants
23 that Plaintiffs could potentially prevail on the contested issues regarding liability, maintain class
24 certification, overcome difficulties in proof as to monetary relief and take the case to trial if need be. In
25 successfully navigating these hurdles Class Counsel displayed the necessary skills in both wage and hour
26 and class action litigation. The high quality of the Class Counsel's work in this case was mandated by
27 the vigorous defense presented by counsel for Defendants. Over the more than two years of litigation,
28

1 Class Counsel was required to invest substantial time and resources in investigation, litigation, the
2 determination of potential damages and communicating with and responding to opposing counsel's and
3 class members' requests and inquiries.

4 (g) To represent the Class on a contingent fee basis, Class Counsel also had to forego
5 compensable hourly work on other cases to devote the necessary time and resources to this contingent
6 case. In so doing, Class Counsel gave up the hourly work that a firm can bank on for the risky contingent
7 fee work in this case which could potentially have paid nothing.

8 (h) Class Counsel were required to advance all costs in this litigation. Especially in this type of
9 litigation where the corporate defendants and their attorneys are well funded, this can prove to be very
10 expensive and risky. Accordingly, because the risk of advancing costs in this type of litigation can be
11 significant, it is therefore cost prohibitive to many attorneys. The financial burdens undertaken by
12 Plaintiffs and Class Counsel in prosecuting this action on behalf of the Class were very substantial. Class
13 Counsel has previously litigated cases and advanced costs, but received no recovery. To date, Class
14 Counsel advanced more than \$25,000 in costs which could not have been recovered if this case had been
15 lost. The Plaintiffs also undertook the risk of liability for Defendants' costs had this case not succeeded,
16 as well as other potential negative financial ramifications from having sued Defendants on behalf of the
17 Class. Accordingly, the contingent nature of the fee and the financial burdens on Class Counsel and on
18 Plaintiffs also support the requested awards.

19 (i) In a common fund settlement, the lodestar method is merely a cross-check on the
20 reasonableness of a percentage figure. In this case, the reasonableness of the requested attorneys' fee of
21 one-third equal to \$243,333 is also established by reference to Class Counsel's lodestar in this matter.
22 **The contemporaneous billing records for Class Counsel evidence that through July 24, 2026, Class**
23 **Counsel's total combined lodestar is \$281,170.90, with significant additional fees still to be incurred**
24 **to complete final approval and the settlement process.** The requested fee award is therefore less than
25 Class Counsel's total lodestar, representing a "negative multiplier" of less than 0.9, and there will be
26 additional lodestar incurred by Class Counsel to complete the settlement process and manage the
27 settlement distribution and reports. Such a negative multiplier is well below the range of positive
28

1 multipliers approved in other cases such as *Laffitte* and *Vizcaino*.⁴ As a result, this Court may conclude
2 that the requested award is fair and reasonable and is justified under California law.

3 (j) Counsel retained on a contingency fee basis, whether in private matters or in
4 representative litigation of this sort, is entitled to a premium beyond his standard, hourly, non-contingent
5 fee schedule in order to compensate for both the risks and the delay in payment for the simple fact that
6 despite the most vigorous and competent of efforts, success is never guaranteed. This is particularly true
7 here where Class Counsel has prosecuted this case on a contingency basis for over two years. Indeed,
8 if counsel is not adequately compensated for the risks inherent in difficult class actions, competent
9 attorneys will be discouraged from prosecuting similar cases.

10 11. On December 4, 2018, in *Panda Express Wage and Hour Cases* (Los Angeles Superior
11 Court, Case No. JCCP 4919) Judge Carolyn Kuhl awarded Class Counsel a one-third fee award in a wage
12 and hour class settlement. On January 31, 2020, in *El Pollo Loco Wage and Hour Cases* (Orange County
13 Superior Court Case No. JCCP 4957) Judge William Claster awarded Class Counsel a one-third award
14 in a wage and hour class settlement. On February 11, 2020, in *Singh v. Total Renal Care* (San Francisco
15 Superior Court Case No. CGC-16-550847) Judge Ethan Schulman awarded Class Counsel a one-third
16 award in a wage and hour class settlement. On April 15, 2021, in *Walker v. Brink's Global Services USA*
17 (Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC564369) Judge Amy Hogue awarded Class Counsel
18 a one-third award in a wage and hour class settlement. On June 2, 2021, in *Pacia v. CIM Group, L.P.*
19 (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC709666), Judge Amy D. Hogue awarded Class Counsel a
20 one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 8, 2021, in *Securitas Wage and*
21 *Hour Cases* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. JCCP4837) Judge David Cunningham awarded a

23 ⁴ See *Laffitte v. Robert Half Int'l*, 1 Cal.5th 480, 487 (2016)(approving 1/3 fee award with multiplier
24 of 2.03 to 2.13); *Vizcaino v. Microsoft Corp.*, 290 F.3d 1043, 1051 (9th Cir. 2002)(3.65 multiplier
25 approved because of substantial risk); *Pellegrino v. Robert Half Intern., Inc.*, 182 Cal.App.4th 278
26 (2010) (in class actions reasonable multipliers of 2.0 to 4.0 are often applied and affirming 1.75
27 multiplier); *Wershba v. Apple Computer*, 91 Cal. App. 4th 224, 255 (2001) ("multipliers can range
28 from 2 to 4 or even higher."); *In re Sutter Health Uninsured Pricing Cases*, 171 Cal.App.4th 495, 512
(2009) (affirming multiplier of 2.52 as "fair and reasonable"); *Chavez v. Netflix, Inc.*, 162 Cal.App.4th
43, 66 (2008) (affirming multiplier of 2.53 as well within the approved range of 2 to 4); *Taylor v.*
Fedex Freight, Inc., 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 142202 (E.D. Cal. 2016) (30% fee justified by 2.26
multiplier).

1 one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 17, 2021, in *Leon v. Sierra*
2 *Aluminum Company* (San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS2010856) Judge David Cohn
3 awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On March 17, 2022, in *See's Candies*
4 *Wage and Hour Cases* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. JCCP5004) Judge Maren Nelson awarded
5 a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On April 12, 2022, in *O'Donnell v.*
6 *Okta, Inc.*, (San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-20-587665) Judge Richard Ulmer awarded a
7 one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On June 30, 2022, in *Armstrong, et al.*
8 *v. Prometric LLC* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 20STCV29967), Judge Maren E. Nelson
9 awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action. On July 13, 2022, in *Crum v. S&D*
10 *Carwash Management LLC*, (Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 2019-00251338), Judge Christopher
11 E. Krueger awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On August 10,
12 2022, in *Spears, et al. v. Health Net of California, Inc.*, (Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 34-2017-
13 00210560-CU-OE-GDS), Judge Christopher E. Krueger awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and
14 hour class action settlement. On September 7, 2022, in *Lucchese, et al. v. Kone, Inc.*, (San Francisco
15 Superior Court Case No. CGC-20-588225), Judge Richard B. Ulmer, Jr. awarded a one-third fee award
16 in a wage and hour class action settlement. On November 4, 2022, in *Infinity Energy Wage and Hour*
17 *Cases* (San Diego Superior Court, Case No. JCCP5139), Judge Keri Katz awarded a one-third fee award
18 in a wage and hour class action settlement. On February 1, 2023, in *Hogan v. AECOM Technical*
19 *Services, Inc.* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 19STCV40072), Judge Stuart Rice awarded a one-
20 third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On February 28, 2023, in *Farthing v. Milestone*
21 *Technologies* (San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-21-591251), Judge Richard B. Ulmer, Jr.
22 awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On March 2, 2023, in *Leon*
23 *v. Calaveras Materials* (Kings County Superior Court Case No. 21C-0105), Judge Melissa D'Morias
24 awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On June 20, 2023, in *Gonzalez v.*
25 *Pacific Western Bank* (San Bernardino County Superior Court Case No. CIVSB2127657) Judge David
26 Cohn awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement, On June 30, 2023, in *Aguirre*
27 *v. Headlands Ventures* (Sacramento County Superior Court Case No. 34-2021-00297290), Judge Jill
28

1 Talley approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On October 16, 2023, in
2 *Flores v. Walmart*, (San Bernardino County Superior Court Case No. CIVDS2023061) Judge Joseph T.
3 Ortiz awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 17, 2023, in
4 *Silva v. Woodward HRT* (Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. 21STCV42692), Judge Maren
5 Nelson awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 29, 2023, in
6 *Ochoa-Andrade v. See's Candies* (San Mateo County Superior Court Case no. 22-CIV-02481), Judge
7 Marie Weiner approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On September 12,
8 2024, in *Murdock v. Aspen Surgery Center* (Contra Costa County Superior Court Case No.
9 MSC21-02047), Judge Charles Treat approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement.
10 On October 8, 2024, in *Rattler v. Pacific Coast Container* (Alameda Superior Court Case No.
11 22CV015216), Judge Michael Markman approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class
12 settlement. On January 14, 2025, in *Curry v. United Health Care Staffing* (San Francisco Superior Court
13 Case No. CGC-21-597339), Judge Curtis Karnow approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour
14 class settlement. On January 17, 2025, in *Virgen v. Curaleaf* (Sacramento County Superior Court Case
15 No. 34-2022-00314655), Judge Lauri Damrell approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class
16 settlement. On February 7, 2025, in *Wong v. Nurse Logistics* (Santa Clara County Superior Court Case
17 No. 22CV408939), Judge Theodore Zayner approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class
18 settlement. On June 27, 2025, in *Macias v. Positive Behavior* (Sacramento County Superior Court Case
19 No. 34-2023-00337859), Judge Lauri Damrell approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class
20 settlement. On November 14, 2025, in *Watson v. San Diego Dialysis* (San Diego Superior Court Case
21 No. 37-2024-00002851), Judge Wendy M. Behan approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour
22 class settlement. On February 26, 2026, in *Rugama-Hernandez v. P\$B Intermodel Services* (Los Angeles
23 County Superior Court Case No, 24STCV07771), Judge Timothy Patrick Dillon approved a one-third
24 fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. A fee award equal to one-third of the common fund is
25 therefore reasonable in light of the fees that have been awarded in other similar cases.

26 12. **The contemporaneous billing records for Class Counsel evidence that through July**
27 **24, 2026, Class Counsel's total combined lodestar is \$281,170.90, with significant additional fees**
28

1 **still to be incurred to complete final approval and the settlement process.** The requested fee award
2 is therefore less than Class Counsel’s total lodestar, representing a “negative multiplier” of less than 0.9,
3 and there will be additional lodestar incurred by Class Counsel to complete the settlement process and
4 manage the settlement distribution and reports. From January 27, 2026 to July 24, 2026, my firm worked
5 on this matter for over 225 hours, with hourly rates for attorneys ranging from \$450 to \$995, resulting
6 in a total incurred lodestar for my firm in the amount of \$139,817.50. A detailed breakdown of the total
7 fees and the services performed by the firm on this case is set forth in my firm billing statement for this
8 matter, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit #3. In addition, Class Counsel will
9 be performing significant additional work that is not included in this lodestar amount, including finalizing
10 the final approval motion, attending the hearing on final approval, and monitoring completion of the
11 settlement process. I expect this additional work will result in \$20,000 in additional lodestar for my firm.

12 The rates charged by my firm are in line with the prevailing rates of attorneys in the local legal
13 community for similar work and, if this were a commercial matter, these are the charges that would be
14 made and presented to the client. My firm's hourly rates are based upon the Laffey Matrix with the
15 appropriate 2% increase adjustment for Southern California. A true and correct copy of the current
16 Laffey Matrix is attached hereto as Exhibit #4. These hourly rates have been approved by Court’s
17 throughout California, including the Courts in the Superior Court of California. In fact, on August 1,
18 2018, District Judge Andre Birotte Jr. explicitly found that Class Counsel’s “rates generally appear
19 reasonable and ‘in line with those prevailing in the [relevant] community’—the Central District of
20 California”. Finally, the reasonableness of Class Counsel’s hourly rates is further confirmed by
21 comparing such rates with the rates of comparable counsel practicing complex and class litigation as
22 detailed in the National Law Journal Billing Survey. See e.g. *Zest IP Holdings, LLC v. Implant Direct*
23 *MFG., LLC*, 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 167563 (S.D. Cal. 2014) (finding that “Mayer Brown's \$775 average
24 billing rate for partners” and “Mayer Brown's \$543 average associate billing rate” are reasonable rates
25 when compared within 21 other firms practicing in the Southern District of California.) This survey is
26 useful to show that Class Counsel’s rates are in line with the comparable rates of the defense counsel that
27 opposes these types of class claims, such as Mayer Brown noted above who is defense counsel in cases
28

1 currently being prosecuted by Class Counsel. In another example, Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton,
2 who is opposing counsel in many cases prosecuted by Class Counsel, in past years charged rates as high
3 as \$875 for partners and \$535 for associates. Similarly, Paul Hastings, another opposing counsel in these
4 types of cases, historically charged between \$900 and \$750 for partners and \$755 and \$335 for
5 associates. Thus, the rates charged by Class Counsel for comparable work are less than these examples,
6 and are therefore undoubtedly reasonable. Therefore, the requested fee award as a percentage of the fund
7 is supported by the currently lodestar incurred with a reasonable multiplier which will be even less by
8 the completion of the settlement. This is comparable to the multipliers approved in other cases. The
9 requested award is therefore reasonable viewed by the Lodestar/Multiplier cross-check.

10 11 Litigation Expenses

12 13. As part of the Agreement at paragraph 3.2(b), that Class Counsel may seek a "Class
13 Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than \$30,000." Class Counsel requests reimbursement
14 for incurred litigation expenses and costs in the amount of \$25,300.44. Class Counsel have incurred
15 \$25,300.44 based upon counsel's billing records. These litigation expenses include the expenses incurred
16 for filing fees, mediation expenses, expert expenses (Berger Consulting and Creal Consulting), delivery
17 costs (FedEx), Courtcall expenses, and attorney service charges (Knox, OneLegal, Proceed), and postage
18 expenses, all of which are costs normally billed to and paid by the client.⁵ The details of the litigation
19 expenses incurred are set forth in my firm's billing statement for this matter, a true and correct copy of
20 which is attached hereto as Exhibit #3. These costs were reasonably incurred in the prosecution of the
21 Action.

22 23 Service Award

24 14. For their service as the class representatives, Plaintiffs should be awarded the agreed

25
26 ⁵ Nontaxable costs are properly awarded where authorized by the parties' agreement. *Stetson*, 821
27 F.3d at 1165. Accordingly, "[e]xpenses such as reimbursement for travel, meals, lodging,
28 photocopying, long-distance telephone calls, computer legal research, postage, courier service,
mediation, exhibits, documents scanning, and visual equipment are typically recoverable." *Rutti v.*
Lojack Corp., Inc., 2012 WL 3151077, at *12 (C.D. Cal. 2012).

1 service award of \$10,000 each in accordance with the Agreement for his time, risk and effort expended
2 on behalf of the Class as the class representatives. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(a).) Defendants have agreed to
3 this payment and there have been no objections to the requested service award. The Plaintiffs'
4 declarations in support of this request are attached hereto as Exhibits #5 and 6. As the representatives
5 of the Class, Plaintiffs performed their duties to the Class admirably and without exception. Plaintiffs
6 worked extensively with Class Counsel during the course of the litigation, responding to numerous
7 requests, searching for documents, working with counsel, and reviewing the settlement documentation.
8 As set forth in the Agreement, Plaintiffs are also providing a comprehensive release as part of the
9 Settlement, far beyond the class release. The Plaintiffs' declaration details the involvement, stress and
10 risks he undertook as a result of this Action. Plaintiffs also assumed the serious risk that he might
11 possibly be liable for costs and fees to Defendants, as well as the reputational risk of being "blacklisted"
12 by other future employers for having filed a class action on behalf of fellow former employees. Without
13 the Plaintiffs' participation, cooperation and information, no other employees would be receiving any
14 benefit. The payment of service awards to successful class representatives is appropriate and the amount
15 of \$10,000 each is well within the currently awarded range for similar settlements. The requested award
16 is also reasonable by reference to the amounts that other California courts have found to be reasonable
17 in wage and hour class action settlements: *Andrews v. Plains All Am. Pipeline L.P.*, 2022 U.S. Dist.
18 LEXIS 172183, at *11 (C.D. Cal. 2022) (finding that the requested service awards of \$15,000 each are
19 appropriate); *Reynolds v. Direct Flow Med., Inc.*, 2019 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 149865, at *19 (N.D. Cal. 2019)
20 (granting request for \$12,500 service award); *Mathein v. Pier 1 Imps.*, 2018 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 71386, 168
21 (E.D. Cal. 2018) (approving two service awards of \$12,500 each); *Louie v. Kaiser Foundation Health*
22 *Plan, Inc.*, 2008 WL 4473183, *7 (S.D. Cal. Oct. 06, 2008) (awarding \$25,000 service award to each of
23 six plaintiffs in overtime class action); *Holman v. Experian Info. Solutions, Inc.*, 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS
24 173698 (approving \$10,000 service award where class member recovery was \$375); *Ontiveros v.*
25 *Zamora*, 303 F.R.D. 356, 366 (E.D. Cal. 2014) (reducing \$20,000 award to \$15,000 where the plaintiff
26 brought a class claim in lieu of bringing an individual action); *Glass v. UBS Fin. Servs.*, 2007 U.S. Dist.
27 LEXIS 8476 at *51-*52 (N.D. Cal. 2007) (awarding \$25,000 service award in overtime wage class
28

1 action); *Zamora v. Balboa Life & Casualty, LLC*, Case No. BC360036, Los Angeles County Superior
2 Court (Mar. 7, 2013)(awarding \$25,000 service award); *Aguiar v. Cingular Wireless, LLC*, Case No. CV
3 06-8197 DDP (AJWx)(C.D. Cal. Mar. 17, 2011)(awarding \$14,767 service award); *Magee v. American*
4 *Residential Services, LLC*, Case No. BC423798, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Apr. 21,
5 2011)(awarding \$15,000 service award); *Mares v. BFS Retail & Commercial Operations, LLC*, Case No.
6 BC375967, Los Angeles County Superior Court (June 24, 2010)(awarding \$15,000 service award); *Baker*
7 *v. L.A. Fitness Int'l, LLC*, Case No. BC438654, L.A. County Superior Court (Dec. 12, 2012)(awarding
8 \$10,000 service awards to three named plaintiffs); *Blue v. Coldwell banker Residential Brokerage Co.*,
9 Case No. BC417335, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Mar. 21, 2011)(awarding \$10,000 service
10 award); *Buckmire v. Jo-Ann Stores, Inc.*, Case No. BC394795, Los Angeles County Superior Court (June,
11 11, 2010)(awarding \$10,000 service awards); *Coleman v. Estes Express Lines, Inc.*, Case No. BC429042,
12 Los Angeles County Superior Court (Oct. 3, 2013)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Ethridge v.*
13 *Universal Health Services, Inc.*, Case No. BC391958, Los Angeles County Superior Court (May 27,
14 2011)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Hickson v. South Coast Auto Ins. Marketing, Inc.*, Case No.
15 BC390395, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Mar. 27, 2012)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Hill*
16 *v. sunglass Hut Int'l, Inc.*, Case No. BC422934, Los Angeles County Superior Court (July 2,
17 2012)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Kambamba v. Victoria's Secret Stores, LLC*, Case No.
18 BC368528, Los Angeles County Superior Court, (Aug. 19, 2011)(awarding \$10,000 service award
19 together with additional compensation for their general release); *Nevarez v. Trader Joe's Co.*, Case No.
20 BC373910, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Jan. 29, 2010)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Ordaz*
21 *v. Rose Hills Mortuary, L.P.*, Case No. BC386500, Los Angeles County Superior Court, (Mar. 19,
22 2010)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Sheldon v. AHMC Monterey Park Hosp. LP*, Case No.
23 BC440282, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Feb. 22, 2013)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Silva*
24 *v. Catholic Mortuary Services, Inc.*, Case No. BC408054, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Feb. 8,
25 2011)(awarding \$10,000 enhancement award); *Weisbarth v. Banc West Investment Services, Inc.*, Case
26 No. BC422202, Los Angeles County Superior Court (May 24, 2013)(awarding \$10,000 service award);
27 *Lazar v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan*, Case No. 14-cv-273289, Santa Clara County Superior Court
28

(Dec. 28, 2015) (awarding \$10,000 service award); *Acheson v. Express, LLC*, Case No. 109CV135335, Santa Clara County Superior Court (Sept. 13, 2011)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Bejarano v. Amerisave Mortgage Corp.*, Case No. EDCV 08-00599 SGL (Opx)(C.D. Cal. June 22, 2010)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Carbajal v. Sally Beauty Supply LLC*, Case No. CIVVS 1004307, San Bernardino County Superior Court (Aug. 6, 2012)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Contreras v. Serco Inc.*, Case No. 10-cv-04526-CAS-JEMx (C.D. Cal. Sep. 10, 2012)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Guerro v. R.R. Donnelley & Sons Co.*, Case No. RIC 10005196, Riverside County Superior Court (July 16, 2013)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Kisliuk v. ADT Security Services Inc.*, Case No. CV08-03241 DSF (RZx)(C.D. Cal. Jan. 10, 2011)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Morales v. BCBG Maxazria Int'l Holdings, Inc.*, Case No. JCCP 4582, Orange County Superior Court (Jan. 24, 2013)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Barrett v. Doyon Security Services, LLC*, Case No. BS900199, BS900517, San Bernardino County Superior Court (Apr. 23, 2010)(awarding \$10,000 service award); *Zirpolo v. UAG Stevens Creek II*, Santa Clara Superior Court Case no. 17CV313457 (July 10, 2018) (awarding \$10,000 service award); *Taylor v. TIC - The Industrial Complanly*, U.S.D.C. Central District of California Case No. EDCV 16-186-VAP (Aug. 1, 2018) (awarding \$10,000 service award).

15. The requested service award is also reasonable in light of the reputational risk that Plaintiffs assumed in bringing this action against their former employer. Plaintiffs put their future employment prospects at risk by becoming a class representative as the fact that they filed a lawsuit "is searchable on the internet and may become known to prospective employers when evaluating" him for employment. *Guippone v. BHS&B Holdings, LLC*, 2011 U.S., Dist. LEXIS 126026, *20 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 28, 2011). Employers routinely screen employee candidates to determine whether they have ever filed a suit against other employers, allowing them to screen out the litigious candidates. An entire industry exists that allows employers to run extensive background searches on potential employees. Companies who provide these services specifically highlight the fact that their services allows employers to weed out litigious employment candidates. Reliable Plant outlines ways that employers can "get a sense of whether a prospective employee is likely to sue" the employer, through background checks and other

means, to screen out these employees.⁶ Onicra Credit Rating Agency states: "Background screening has become a necessity in today's litigious society." Back Track Screening also represents: "In today's litigious culture, employers simply cannot afford to hire employees who will put their company at risk."⁷ PreciseHire also offers employment screening and similarly warns: "with today's business climate being extremely competitive and highly litigious, conducting pre employment background checks has become a necessity."⁸

16. As a result, Class Counsel respectfully requests approval of the application for award of the Class Counsel Fees Payment equal to one-third (1/3) of the common fund, an award of litigation expenses in the amount of \$24,981.36, and approval of the requested service award to the Plaintiffs.

17. In accordance with California Rules of Court, rule 3.769, I make the following disclosure. The Class Counsel Fees Payment awarded shall be allocated 70% to Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP, and 30% to D.Law, Inc.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 24th day of July, 2026, at San Diego, California.

/s/ Kyle R. Nodrehaug
KYLE R. NORDREHAUG

⁶ www.reliableplant.com/Read/6959/a-solution-to-fear-of-hiring-litigious-employees.

⁷ <http://www.btscreening.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/09/Screening-101.pdf>.

⁸<https://precisehireblog.wordpress.com/2013/11/21/pre-employment-background-checks-have-become-a-busines-necissity/>.

EXHIBIT #1

Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP

2255 Calle Clara, La Jolla, California 92037

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Fax: (885) 551-1232

FIRM RESUME

Areas of Practice: Employee, Consumer and Securities Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions, Civil Litigation, Business Litigation.

ATTORNEY BIOGRAPHIES

Norman B. Blumenthal

Partner, Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP (2018 to present)

Practice Areas: Consumer and Securities Class Action, Civil Litigation, Wage and Hour Class Actions, Transactional Law

Admitted: 1973, Illinois; 1976, California

Biography: Law Clerk to Justice Thomas J. Moran, Illinois Supreme Court, 1973-1975, while on Illinois Court of Appeals. Instructor, Oil and Gas Law: California Western School of Law, 1981; University of San Diego School of Law, 1983. Sole Practitioner 1976-1987. Partner, Blumenthal & Ostroff, 1988-1995. Partner, Blumenthal, Ostroff & Markham, 1995-2001. Partner, Blumenthal & Markham, 2001-2007. Partner, Blumenthal & Nordrehaug, 2007. Partner, Blumenthal, Nordrehaug & Bhowmik, 2008-2018. Partner, Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP, 2018 - present.

Member: San Diego County, Illinois State and American Bar Associations; State Bar of California.

Educated: University of Wisconsin (B.A., 1970); Loyola University of Chicago (J.D., 1973);

Summer Intern (1971) with Harvard Voluntary Defenders

Kyle R. Nordrehaug

Partner, Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP (2018 to present)

Practice Areas: Consumer and Securities Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions, Civil Litigation

Admitted: 1999, California

Biography: Associate, Blumenthal, Ostroff & Markham, 1999-2001. Associate, Blumenthal & Markham, 2001-2007. Partner, Blumenthal & Nordrehaug, 2007. Partner, Blumenthal, Nordrehaug & Bhowmik, 2008-2017

Member: State Bar of California, Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, Third Circuit Court of Appeals

Educated: University of California at Berkeley (B.A., 1994); University of San Diego School of Law (J.D. 1999)

Awards: Top Labor & Employment Attorney 2016; Top Appellate Reversal - Daily Journal 2015; Super Lawyer 2015-2018

Aparajit Bhowmik

Partner, Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP (2018 to present)

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Consumer Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2006, California

Educated: University of California at San Diego (B.A., 2002); University of San Diego School of Law (J.D. 2006)

Biography: Partner, Blumenthal, Nordrehaug & Bhowmik, 2008-2017

Awards: Rising Star 2015

Nicholas J. De Blouw

Partner, Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP (2018 to present)

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Consumer Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2011, California

Educated: Wayne State University (B.A. 2008); California Western School of Law (J.D. 2011)

Piya Mukherjee

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Consumer Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2010, California

Educated: University of California, San Diego (B.S. 2006); University of Southern California, Gould School of Law (J.D. 2010)

Victoria Rivapalacio

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Consumer Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2011, California

Educated: University of California at San Diego (B.A., 2003); George Washington University Law School (J.D. 2010)

Ricardo Ehmman

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2018, California; 2004, Nevada

Educated: University of California, San Diego (B.A. 1998); Loyola Law School (J.D. 2001)

Jeffrey S. Herman

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2011, California; 2016 Arizona

Educated: University of Michigan (B.A. 2008); California Western School of Law (J.D. 2011)

Charlotte James

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2016, California

Educated: San Diego State University; California Western School of Law

Christine Levu

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2012, California

Educated: University of California, Irvine; California Western School of Law

Andrew Ronan

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2016, California

Educated: Arizona State University; University of San Diego School of Law

Scott Blumenthal

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2020, New Mexico

Educated: University of Southern California; California Western School of Law

Sergio Julian Puche

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2013, California

Educated: University of California, Irvine; California Western School of Law

Trevor Moran

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2020, California

Educated: University of Rhode Island; California Western School of Law

Adolfo Sanchez Contreras

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2024, California; 2014, Mexico

Educated: The Juarez University

Brooke Wilkinson Waldrop

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2017, California;

Educated: Westminster University (B.A. 2004); University of Utah (J.D. 2008)

Justin Hewgill

Associate Attorney

Practice Areas: Civil Litigation; Wage and Hour Class Actions

Admitted: 2008, California,

Education: University of California, Riverside (B.A. 2005); University of California, Berkeley, School of Law (2005)

REPORTED CASES

Sakkab v. Luxottica Retail N. Am., Inc., 803 F.3d 425 (9th Cir. 2015) (The panel reversed the district court's order granting Luxottica Retail North America, Inc.'s motion to compel arbitration of claims and dismissing plaintiff's first amended complaint, in a putative class action raising class employment-related claims and a non-class representative claim for civil penalties under the Private Attorney General Act.);

Securitas Security Services USA, Inc. v. Superior Court, 234 Cal. App. 4th 1109 (Cal. Feb. 27, 2015) (Court of Appeal concluded the trial court correctly ruled that *Iskanian* rendered the PAGA waiver within the parties' dispute resolution agreement unenforceable. However, the Court of Appeal then ruled the trial court erred by failing to invalidate the non-severable class action waiver from the agreement and remanded the entire complaint, including class action and PAGA claims, be litigated in the Superior Court);

Sussex v. United States Dist. Court for the Dist. of Nev., 781 F.3d 1065 (9th Cir. 2015) (The panel determined that the district court clearly erred in holding that its decision to intervene

mid-arbitration was justified under Aerojet-General. Specifically, the panel held that the district court erred in predicting that an award issued by the arbitrator would likely be vacated because of his "evident partiality" under 9 U.S.C. § 10(a)(2).);

Provost v. YourMechanic, Inc., 2020 Cal. App. Lexis 955 (Oct. 15, 2020) (Court of Appeals affirmed denial of arbitration of PAGA claim, and held in a case of first impression, that there was no additional standing rules for PAGA claim brought by independent contractor);

In re Tobacco Cases II, 41 Cal. 4th 1257 (2007); Washington Mutual Bank v. Superior Court, 24 Cal. 4th 906 (2001); Rocker v. KPMG LLP, 148 P.3d 703; 122 Nev. 1185 (2006); PCO, Inc. v. Christensen, Miller, Fink, Jacobs, Glaser, Weil & Shapiro, LLP, 150 Cal. App. 4th 384 (2007); Hall v. County of Los Angeles, 148 Cal. App. 4th 318 (2007); Coshov v. City of Escondido, 132 Cal. App. 4th 687 (2005); Daniels v. Philip Morris, 18 F.Supp 2d 1110 (S.D. Cal.1998); Gibson v. World Savings & Loan Asso., 103 Cal. App. 4th 1291 (2003); Jordan v. Department of Motor Vehicles, 75 Cal. App. 4th 445 (1999); Jordan v. Department of Motor Vehicles, 100 Cal.App. 4th 431 (2002); Norwest Mortgage, Inc. v. Superior Court, 72 Cal.App.4th 214 (1999); Hildago v. Diversified Transp. Sya, 1998 U.S. App. LEXIS 3207 (9th Cir. 1998); Kensington Capital Mgal. v. Oakley, Inc., 1999 U.S. Dist LEXIS 385; Fed.Sec.L.Rep. (CCH) P90, 411 (1999 C.D. Cal.); Lister v. Oakley, Inc., 1999 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 384; Fed. Sec. L. Rep. (CCH) P90,409 (C.D Cal. 1999); Olszewski v. Scripps Health, 30 Cal. 4th 798 (2003); Steroid Hormone Product Cases, 181 Cal. App. 4th 145 (2010); Owen v. Macy's, Inc., 175 Cal. App. 4th 462 (2009); Taiheiyo Cement Corp. v. Superior Court, 117 Cal. App. 4th 380 (2004); Taiheiyo Cement Corp. v. Superior Court, 105 Cal.App. 4th 398 (2003); McMeans v. Scripps Health, Inc., 100 Cal. App. 4th 507 (2002); Ramos v. Countrywide Home Loans, 82 Cal.App. 4th 615 (2000); Tevssier v. City of San Diego, 81 Cal.App. 4th 685 (2000); Washington Mutual Bank v. Superior Court, 70 Cal. App. 4th 299 (1999); Silvas v. E*Trade Mortg. Corp., 514 F.3d 1001 (9th Cir. 2008); Silvas v. E*Trade Mortg. Corp., 421 F. Supp. 2d 1315 (S.D. Cal. 2006); McPhail v. First Command Fin. Planning, Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 26544 (S.D. Cal. 2009); McPhail v. First Command Fin. Planning, Inc., 251 F.R.D. 514 (S.D. Cal. 2008); McPhail v. First Command Fin. Planning, Inc., 247 F.R.D. 598 (S.D. Cal. 2007); Barcia v. Contain-A-Way, Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 17118 (S.D. Cal. 2009); Barcia v. Contain-A-Way, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 27365 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Wise v. Cubic Def. Applications, Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 11225 (S.D. Cal. 2009); Gabisan v. Pelican Prods., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 1391 (S.D. Cal. 2009); La Jolla Friends of the Seals v. Nat'l Oceanic & Atmospheric Admin. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 630 F. Supp. 2d 1222 (S.D. Cal. 2009); La Jolla Friends of the Seals v. Nat'l Oceanic & Atmospheric Admin. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 102380 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Louie v. Kaiser Found. Health Plan, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 78314 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Weltman v. Ortho Mattress, Inc., 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 20521 (S.D. Cal. 2010); Weltman v. Ortho Mattress, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 60344 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Curry v. CTB McGraw-Hill, LLC, 2006 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 5920; 97 A.F.T.R.2d (RIA) 1888; 37 Employee Benefits Cas. (BNA) 2390 (N.D. Cal. 2006); Reynov v. ADP Claims Servs. Group, 2006 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 94332 (N.D. Cal. 2006); Kennedy v. Natural Balance Pet Foods, Inc., 2010 U.S. App. LEXIS 248 (9th Cir. 2010); Kennedy v. Natural Balance Pet Foods, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 38889 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Kennedy v. Natural Balance Pet Foods, Inc., 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 57766 (S.D. Cal. 2007); Sussex v. Turnberry/MGM Grand Towers, LLC, 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 29503 (D. Nev. 2009); Picus v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., 256 F.R.D. 651 (D. Nev. 2009); Tull v. Stewart Title of Cal., Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 14171 (S.D. Cal. 2009); Keshishzadeh v. Gallagher, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 46805 (S.D. Cal. 2010); Keshishzadeh v. Arthur J. Gallagher Serv. Co., 2010 U.S. Dist. Lexis 116380 (S.D. Cal. 2010); In re Pet Food Prods. Liab. Litig., MDL Docket No. 1850 (All Cases), 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 94603 (D.N.J. 2008); In re Pet Food Prods. Liab. Litig., 629 F.3d 333 (3rd Cir. 2010); Puentes v. Wells Fargo Home Mortgage, Inc., 160 Cal. App. 4th 638 (2008); Rezec v. Sony Pictures Entertainment, Inc., 116 Cal. App. 4th 135 (2004); Badillo v. Am. Tobacco Co., 202 F.R.D. 261 (D. Nev. 2001); La Jolla Friends of the Seals v. Nat'l Oceanic & Atmospheric Admin., 2010 U.S. App. Lexis 23025 (9th Cir. 2010); Dirienzo v. Dunbar Armored, Inc., 2011 U.S. Dist. Lexis 36650 (S.D. Cal. 2011); Rix v. Lockheed Martin Corp., 2011 U.S. Dist Lexis 25422 (S.D. Cal. 2011); Weitzke

v. Costar Realty Info., Inc., 2011 U.S. Dist Lexis 20605 (S.D. Cal. 2011); Goodman v. Platinum Condo. Dev., LLC, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 36044 (D. Nev. 2011); Sussex v. Turnberry/MGM Grand Towers, LLC, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 14502 (D. Nev. 2011); Smith v. Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Inc., 2010 U.S. Dist. Lexis 117869 (S.D. Cal. 2010); Dobrosky v. Arthur J. Gallagher Serv. Co., LLC, No. EDCV 13-0646 JGB (SPx), 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 106345 (C.D. Cal. July 30, 2014); Metrow v. Liberty Mut. Managed Care LLC - Class Certification Granted, Metrow v. Liberty Mut. Managed Care LLC, No. EDCV 16-1133 JGB (KKx), 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 73656 (C.D. Cal. May 1, 2017); Nelson v. Avon Products, Inc., Class Certification Granted, U.S. District Court for The Northern District of California, Case No. 13-cv-02276-BLF, 2015 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 51104 (N.D. Cal. Apr. 17, 2015); Orozco v. Illinois Tool Works Inc., Class Certification Granted, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 23179 (E.D. Cal. Feb. 16, 2017); Rieve v. Coventry Health Care, Summary Judgment *Sua Sponte* Granted for Plaintiff, Rieve v. Coventry Health Care, Inc., 870 F. Supp. 2d 856 (C.D. Cal. 2012)

CLASS ACTION & REPRESENTATIVE CASES

4G Wireless Wage Cases, Orange County Superior Court, JCCP No. 4736; Classic Party Rentals Wage & Hour Cases, Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. JCCP No. 4672; Abu-Arafeh v. Norco Delivery Service, Inc., San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-14-540601; Aburto v. Verizon, U.S. District Court, Southern District California, Case No. 11-cv-0088; Adkins v. Washington Mutual Bank, Class Certification Granted, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. GIC819546; Agah v. CompUSA, U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. SA CV05-1087 DOC (Anx); Akers v. The San Diego Union Tribune, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No 37-2010-00088571; Altman v. SolarCity Corporation, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2014-00023450-CU-OE-CTL; Aquino v. Macy's West Stores, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2010-00395420; Baker v. Advanced Disability Management, Inc., Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2014-00160711; Barcia v. Contain-A-Way, U.S. District Court, Southern District California, Case No. 07 cv 0938; Bates v. Verengo, Inc., Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2012-00619985-CU-OE-CXC; Battle v. Charming Charlie Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2014-00005608; Behar v. Union Bank, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2009-00317275; Bell v. John Stewart Company, Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG14728792; Bennett v. Custom Built Personal Training Monterey County Superior Court, Case No. M127596; Bermant v. Bank of America, Investment Services, Inc., Los Angeles Superior Court, Civil Action No. BC342505; Bethley v. Raytheon Company, United States District Court, Central District of California, Case No. SACV10-01741; Betorina v. Randstad US, L.P., U.S. District Court Northern District of California, Case No. 3:15-cv-03646-MEJ; Beverage v. Edcoa Inc., Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 2013-00138279; Bova v. Washington Mutual Bank / JP Morgan Chase, U.S. District Court, Southern District California, Case No. 07-cv-2410; Bowden v. Sunset Parking Services, LLC & LAZ Parking California, LLC - Settled San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2012-00101751-CU-OE-CTL; Briseno v. American Savings Bank, Class Certification Granted, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 774773; Brueske v. Welk Resorts, San Diego Superior Court, Case No 37-2010-00086460; Bueche v. Fidelity National Management Services, U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California, Case No. 13-cv-01114; Bunch v. Pinnacle Travel Services, LLC, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC552048; Butler v. Stericycle, Inc & Appletree Answering Services of California, Inc., Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2015-00180282; Cabral v. Creative Communication Tech., Class Certification Granted, Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. BC402239; Cardoza v. Wal-Mart Associates, Inc., U.S. District Court Northern District of California, Case No. 4:15-cv-01634-DMR; Castro v. Vivint Solar, Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2014-00031385-CU-OE-CTL; Cavazos v. Heartland Automotive Services, Inc., Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. PSC 1401759; Cohen v. Bosch Tool, San Diego

Superior Court, Case No. GIC 853562; Comstock v. Washington Mutual Bank - Class Certification Granted, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. GIC820803; Conley v. Norwest, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. N73741; Connell v. Sun Microsystems, Alameda Superior Court, Case No. RG06252310; Corrente v. Luxe Valet, Inc., San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-15-545961; Cruz v. Redfin Corporation, U.S. District Court Northern District of California, Case No. 3:14-cv-05234-THE; Culley v. Lincare Inc. & Alpha Respiratory Inc., U.S. District Court eastern District of California, Case No. 2:15-cv-00081-GEB-CMK; Cunningham v. Leslie's Poolmart, Inc., U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. 13-cv-02122-CAS; Curry v. California Testing Bureau/McGraw Hill, U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case No. C-05-4003 JW; Daniels, et al. v. Philip Morris,(In Re Tobacco Cases II) – Class Certification Granted, San Diego Superior Court, Case No. JCCP 4042; Davis v. Genex Holdings Inc., Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 1-13-cv-240830; Davis v. Clear Connection, LLC, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2014-00035173-CU-OE-CTL; Day v. WDC Exploration, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2010-00433770; Dedrick v. Hollandia Diary, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2014-00004311-Cu-OE-CTL; Delmare v. Sungard Higher Education - Settled U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 07-cv-1801; Del Rio v. Tumi Stores, Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2015-00022008-CU-OE-CTL; Dewane v. Prudential, U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. SA CV 05-1031; Diesel v. Wells Fargo Bank, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2011-00441368; Dirienzo v. Dunbar Armored, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 09-cv-2745; Dobrosky v. Arthur J. Gallagher Service Company, LLC, Class certification Granted, No. EDCV 13-0646 JGB (Spx); Dodds v. Zaven Tootikian, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC494402; Drumheller v. Radioshack Corporation, United States District Court, Central District of California, Case No. SACV11-355; Enger v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 09-cv-1670; Escobar v. Silicon Valley Security & Patrol, Inc., Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 1-14-cv272514; Fierro v. Chase Manhattan - Class Certification Granted, Settled San Diego Superior Court, Case No. GIN033490; Figueroa v. Circle K Stores, Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2012-00101193-CU-OE-CTL; Finch v. Lamps Plus, (Lamps Plus Credit Transaction Cases), San Diego Superior Court, Case No. JCCP 4532; Fletcher v. Verizon, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 09-cv-1736; Francisco v. Diebold, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 09-cv-1889; Friend v. Wellpoint, Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. BC345147; Frudakis v. Merck Sharp & Dohme, U.S. District Court, Central District California, Case No. SACV 11-00146; Fulcher v. Olan Mills, Inc., U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case No. 11-cv-1821; Gabisan v. Pelican Products, U.S. District Court, Southern District California, Case No. 08 cv 1361; Galindo v. Sunrun Installation Services Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2015-00008350-CU-OE-CTL; Gallagher v. Legacy Partners Commercial, Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 112-cv-221688; Ghattas v. Footlocker Retail, Inc., U.S. District Court Central District of California, Case No. CV 13-0001678 PA; Gibson v. World Savings, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 762321; Goerzen v. Interstate Realty Management, Co., Stanislaus County Superior Court, Case No. 679545; Gomez v. Enterprise Rent-A-Car, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 3:10-cv-02373; Gordon v. Wells Fargo Bank, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 3:11-cv-00090; Grabowski v. CH Robinson, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 10-cv-1658; Gross v. ACS Compig Corporation, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2012-00587846-CU-OE-CXC; Gripenstraw v. Buffalo Wild Wings, U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California, Case No. 12-CV-00233; Gruender v. First American Title, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 06 CC 00197; Guillen v. Univision Television Group, Inc. & Univision Management Co., San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-12-526445; Gujjar v. Consultancy Services Limited, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2010-00365905; Gutierrez v. Five Guys Operations, LLC, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2012-00086185-CU-OE-CTL; Handler v. Oppenheimer, Los Angeles Superior Court, Civil

Action No. BC343542; Harley v. Tavistock Freebirds, LLC, Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2014-00173010; Harrington v. Corinthian Colleges – Class Certification Granted, Orange Superior Court; United States Bankruptcy Court District of Delaware; Harvey v. PQ Operations, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC497964; Henshaw v. Home Depot U.S.A., United States District Court, Central District of California, Case No. SACV10-01392; Heithold v. United Education Institute, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2013-00623416-CU-OE-CXC; Hibler v. Coca Cola Bottling, Settled U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 11cv0298; Hildebrandt v. TWC Administration LLC & Time Warner NY Cable, LLC, U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. ED-cv-13-02276-JGB; Hopkins v. BCI Coca-Cola Bottling Company of Los Angeles, United States District Court, Central District of California; U.S. Court of Appeals 9th Circuit; Howard v. Southern California Permanente Medical Group, Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. BC586369; Hughes v. Parexel International, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC485950; Hurley v. Comcast of California/Colorado/Texas/Washington, Inc., Sonoma County Superior Court, Case No. SCV-253801; Irving v. Solarcity Corporation, San Mateo County Superior Court, Case No. CIV525975; Jacobs v. Nu Horizons - Settled Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 111cv194797; Jefferson v. Bottling Group LLC (Pepsi) - Class Certification Granted, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2009-0018010; Jones v. E*Trade Mortgage, U.S. District Court, Southern District California Case No. 02-CV-1123 L (JAH); Kennedy v. Natural Balance - Dismissal Reversed on Appeal, San Diego Superior Court, Case No. 37-2007-00066201; Keshishzadeh v. Arthur J. Gallagher Service Co., U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 09-cv-0168; Kinney v. AIG Domestic Claims / Chartis, U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. 8:10-cv-00399; Kizer v. Tristar Risk Management, Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2014-00707394-CU-OE-CXC; Kleinberg v. Reeve Trucking Company, Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2015-00001601-CU-OE-CTL; Kove v. Old Republic Title, Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG09477437; Krellcom v. Medley Communications, Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2013-00050245-CU-OE-CTL; Ladd v. Extreme Recovery, LP, Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. MSC11-02790; Langille v. EMC, U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 09-cv-0168; Lawson v. Marquee Staffing, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2012-00103717-CU-OE-CTL; Lazar v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 1-14-cv-273289; Lemmons v. Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Inc., Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2012-00125488; Levine v. Groeniger, Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG09476193; Linder v. OCWEN (In re Ocwen Federal Bank FSB Servicing Litig.) U.S. District Court, Central District California, Case No. 07cv501, U.S. District Court, Northern Dist. Illinois, Case No. MDL 1604; Litton v. Diebold, Incorporated, San Mateo County Superior Court, Case No. CIV524776; Lohn v. Sodexo, Inc. & SDH Services West, LLC, U.S. District Court Central District of California, Case No. 2:15-CV-05409; Lopez v. K-Mart, Ventura County Superior Court, Case No. BC351983; Louie / Stringer v. Kaiser, U.S. District Court, Southern District California, Case No. 08-cv-0795; Lucero v. Sears, U.S. District Court Southern District of California, Case No. 3:14-cv-01620-AJB; Lucero v. Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2013-00075933-CU-OE-CTL; Magallanes v. TSA Stores, Inc., Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 1-15-cv-283586; Magana v. El Pollo Loco, Inc., Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2012-00613901-CU-OE-CXC; Maitland v. Marriott, U.S. District Court, Central District California, Case No. SACV 10-00374; Mann v. NEC Electronics America, Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 109CV132089; Martinez v. Hydro-Scape Products, Inc., San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2014-00029157-CU-OE-CTL; Mathies v. Union Bank - Class Certification Granted, San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-10-498077; McDermott v. Catalina Restaurant Group Inc., Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2012-00574113-CU-OE-CXC; McPhail v. First Command, United States District Court for the Southern District of California, Case No. 05CV0179 IEG (JMA); Medina v. Universal Protection Service, LP, Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. BC572848; Meierdiercks v. 8x8, Inc., Santa Clara

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LLC – San Mateo County Superior Court, Case No. 16CIV01563; Archuletta v. Tidy Services, Inc. – Orange County Superior court, Case No. 30-2016-008611892-CU-OE-CXC; Puccini v. Earthbound Farm, LLC – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 17CV308643; Vikram v. First Student Management, LLC – U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case No. 17-CV-04656-KAW; Blair v. Ashley Distribution Services, LTD. – U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. 17-CV-01427-JAK-SP; Richardson v. Service Staffing, LLC – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2017-00899039-CU-OE-CXC; Coffin v. Certified Freight Logistics, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2016-00036523-CU-OE-CTL; Encarnacion v. S.A.S. Services Group, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2017-00026726-CU-OE-CTL; Vasquez v. Golden State Overnight Delivery Service, Inc. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG17862924; Karr v. Tristar Managed Care, Inc. – Contra Costa Superior Court, case No. MSC17-00650; Gouveia v. Central Cal Transportation – San Joaquin County Superior Court, Case No. STK-CV-UOE-2017-0001765; Miranda v. Genex Services, LLC – U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case No. 17-CV-01438-JD; Spears v. Health Net of California, Inc. – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2017-00210560; Martinez v. Geil Enterprises, Inc. – Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 17CECG01879; McComack v. Marriott Ownership Resorts, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 17CV1663 BEN WVG; Velasco v. Lemonade Restaurant Group, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC672235; Smith v. Personnel Services, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case NO. 17-CV-03594-SK; Gabriel v. Kuni SDA, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2017-000251191-CU-OE-CTL; Miller v. Mattress Firm, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 17CV313148; Provost v. Yourmechanic, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2017-00024056-CU-OE-CTL; Zirpolo v. UAG Stevens Creek II, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 17CV313457; Salazar v. Aids Healthcare Foundation – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2017-00033482-CU-OE-CTL; Knipe v. Amazon.com, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2017-00029426-CU-OE-CTL; Erwin v. Caremeridian, LLC – Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 17CECG03048; Davis v. Cox Communications California, LLC – U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 16-CV-00989-BAS-BLM; Lara v. RMI International, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC597695; Harper v. C.R. England, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Utah Central Division, Case No. 16-CV-00906-DB; Mrazik v. C.H. Robinson Company – U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. 12-CV-02067-CAS-PLA; Horn v. Rise Medical Staffing, LLC – U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California, Case No. 2:17-cv-01967-MCE-KJN; Pasallo v. GSG Protective Services CA Inc. – San Diego Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00037611-CU-OE-CTL; Smith v. Pacific Personnel Services, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case No. 17-cv-03594-SK; Terrado v. Accredited Debt Relief, LLC – San Diego Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00014181-CU-OE-CTL; Escobedo v. Pacific Western Bank – Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. BC682686; Wade v. Automobile Club of Southern California – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2017-00960268-CU-OE-CXC; Montano v. American Automobile Association of Northern California – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. CIVMSC18-01539; Perez v. Summit Interconnect, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2018-00995403-CU-OE-CXC; Wolleson v. Gosch Imports, Inc. – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC170356; Banuelos v. Ortho Mattress, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01161304-CU-OE-CXC; Castellanos v. Miller Automotive Group, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC699211; Tressler v. Spoonful Management, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC71940; Delph v. Employee Retention Services, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00007885; Romero v. May Trucking Company – U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. 5:17-cv-02166-JGB-SHK; Miranda v. Genex Services, LLC – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1700779; Moore v. Zirx Transportation Services, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-566655; Sottile v. Motion Recruitment Partners – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 18CV321677; Shahbazian v. Fast Auto Loans, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Central

District of California, Case No. 2:18-cv-03076-ODW-KS; Salazar v. Johnson & Johnson Consumer Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC702468; Conti v. L’Oreal USA S/D, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California, Fresno, Case No. 1:19-CV-00769-LJO-SKO; Mercado v. Security Industry Specialists, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 17CV320059; Vikili v. Dignity Health – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-569456; Bagby v. Swissport SA, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC691058; Henry v. Motion Entertainment Group, LLC – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC18565643; Dandoy v. West Coast Convenience, LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG20051121; Lanuza v. AccentCare, Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-565521; Thomas v. Easy Driving School, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00047639-CU-OE-CTL; Erickson v. Erickson – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. MSC18-00307; Martin v. Menzies Aviation (USA) Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-566072; Mortimer v. Healthsouth Bakersfield Rehabilitation Hospital, LLC – Kern County Superior Court, Case No. BCV-18-102761; Alcaraz v. Red Lion Hotels Corporation – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-570310; Calhoun v. Total Transportation and Distribution, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00058681-CU-OE-CTL; Rataul v. Overton Security Services, Inc. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG18891882; Beltran v. Compass Bank – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00024475-CU-OE-CTL; Kirshner v. Touchstone Golf, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00028865-CU-OE-CTL; Pizarro v. The Home Depot, Inc. – U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia-Atlanta Division; Hatanaka v. Restore Rehabilitation, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00034780-CU-OE-CTL; Faria v. Carriage Funeral Holdings, Inc. – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. MSC18-00606; Ontiveros v. Baker Concrete Construction, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 18CV328679; Morales v. Redlands Automotive Services, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1807525; Ramirez v. Carefusion Resources, LLC – U.S. District Court, Southern District of California; Amster v. Starbucks Corporation – San Bernardino Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1922016; Kutzman v. Derrel’s Mini Storage, Inc. – U.S. District, Eastern District of California, Case No. 1:18-cv-00755-AWI-JLT; Marks v. Universal Propulsion Company, Inc. – Solano County Superior Court, Case No. FCS051608; Martinez v. Geil Enterprises, Inc. – Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 17CECG01480; Teniente v. Cirrus Asset Management, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV16302; Blackshear v. California Fine Wine & Spirits LLC – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2018-00245842; Warnick v. Golden Gate America West LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC714176; Bennett v. Dnata Aviation USA, Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-566911; George v. PF Stockton Fitness LLC – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00261113-CU-OE-GDS; Oshana v. Farmers and Merchants Bank of Central California – Stanislaus County Superior Court, Case No. CV-19-003427; Vasquez v. Packaging Corporation of America – U.S. District Court, California Central District, Case No. 2:19-cv-01935-PSG-PLA; Palomino v. Zara USA Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2018-00992682-CU-OE-CXC; Simmons v. Joe & The Juice LA, LLC – San Francisco County Superior Court; Pacia v. CIM Group, L.P. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC709666; Flores v. Plastic Express – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC71971; Madera v. William Warren Properties, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01055704-CU-OE-CXC; Hernandez v. Quality Custom Distribution – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2018-01010611-CU-OE-CXC; Arango v. Schlumberger Technology Corporation – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01056839-CU-OE-CXC; Dandoy v. West Coast Convenience, LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG20051121; Ramirez v. J E H Enterprises, Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-19-574691; Sullen v. First Service Residential California, LLC – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-19-575131; Valentino v. East Bay Tire Co. – Solano County Superior Court, Case No. FCS053067; Murphy v. Rockler Retail Group, Inc. – Sacramento Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00251220; Shahbazian

v. Onewest Bank – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV23722; Bruemmer v. Tempur Retail Stores LLC – Marin County Superior Court, Case No. CIV1803646; Antonios v. Interface Rehab, Inc. – Orange County Superior, Case No. 30-2019-01067547-CU-OE-CXC; Tavallodi v. DC Auto, Inc. – San Bernardino, Case No. CIVDS1833598; Miranda v. The Lloyd Pest Control Co. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00052510-CU-OE-CTL; Soenardi v. Magnussen Imports, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 18CV340003; Thai v. Team Industrial Services, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV21953; Castillo v. A.J. Kirkwood & Associates, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV04435; Moss v. Jabil Inc. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG20050536; Billosillo, Jr. v. Crown Energy Services, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00058254-CU-OE-CTL; Tarkington v. Freetime, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00011473-CU-OE-CTL; McIntyre v. J.J.R. Enterprises, Inc. – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00251220; Bucur v. Pharmaca Integrative Pharmacy, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00009409-CU-OE-CTL; Batin v. McGee Air Services, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 19CV347733; Terry v. McGee Air Services, Inc. – King County Superior Court of Washington, Case No. 19-2-3321-5 KNT; Weiss v. Niznik Behavioral Health Resources, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00039441-CU-OE-CTL; Cavada v. Inter-Continental Hotels Group, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 3:19-cv-01675-GPC-AHG; Leševic v. Spectraforce Technologies, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case No. 5:19-cv-03126-LHK; Mutchler v. Circle K Stores, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00016331-CU-OE-CTL, Azima v. CSI Medical Group, – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 19CV345450; Porras v. Baypointe Enterprises, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV31015; Mitchell v. Mack Trucking, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1928334; Watts v. T.R.L. Systems, Incorporated – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01102457-CU-OE-CXC; Price v. DMSD Restaurants Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00024062-CU-OE-CTL; Jacobs v. Nortek Security & Control LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-0019735-CU-OE-CTL; Gonzalez v. Hub International Midwest – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1900463; Cisneros v. Bluepearl California, Inc. – San Mateo Superior Court, Case No. 19-CIV-05707; Garcia v. Gallagher Basset Services – San Bernardino Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2004140; Callow v. Adventist Health System/West – Placer County Superior Court, Case No. SCV0043607; Dominguez v. Kimco Facility Services, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV37592; Searles v. Robert Heath Trucking, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCY30808; Rangel v. Pioneer Hi-Bred international, Inc. – Yolo County Superior Court, Case No. CV-19-1797; Ivon v. Sinclair Television of California, Humboldt County Superior Court, Case No. DR190699; Williams v. Henkels & McCoy, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2003888; Cano v. Larry Green Chrysler Jeep Dodge, Inc. – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. BLC1900184; Lopez v. Cepheid – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 19CV358827; Hernandez v. Quick Dispense, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV29405; Lopez v. Lacoste USA, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1914626; Duhe v. Hospital Couriers Nevada, LLC – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. MSC19-01377; Law v. Sequoia Equities, Incorporated – Contra Costa Superior Court, Case No. C19-01925; Dvorak v. Rockwell Collins, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00064397-CU-OE-CTL; Noguera v. Metal Container Corporation – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC2003235; Leon v. Miller Event Management, Inc. – San Luis Obispo Superior Court, Case No. 19CV-0435; Leon v. Miller Event Management, Inc. – San Luis Obispo County Superior Court, Case No. 19CV-0435, Camacho-Bias v. Serve U Brands Inc. – Butte County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV00603; La Pietra v. Entertainment Partners Services, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV39529; Celis v. Theatre Box - San Diego, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. ____; Ignacio v. Laboratory Corporation of America – U.S. District Court, California Central

District, Case No. 2:19-cv-06079-AB-RAO; Kovnas v. Cahill Contractors LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG19037852; Hersh v. Mrs. Gooch’s Natural Food – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV10444; Miller v. The Permanente Medical Group – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG19045904; Vasquez v. Autoalert, LLC – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01114549-CU-OE-CXC; Cavanaugh v. Morton Golf, LLC – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00270176; Coley v. Monroe Operations, LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG20063188; Ramirez v. Sierra Aluminum Company – U.S. District Court, California Central District Court, Case No. 5:20-cv-00417-JGB-KK; Marrero v. Stat Med, P.C. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG19043214; Enriquez v. Solari Enterprises, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV11129; Craig v. Hometown Heart – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-20-582454; Lopez v. HyOLang Electric California, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00012543-CU-OE-CTL; Heuklom v. Clara Medical Group, P.C. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-20-585918; Dominguez v. Lifesafer of Northern California – Monterey County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV002586; Kiseleva v. Totalmed Staffing Inc. – U.S. District Court, California Northern District, Case No. 5:19-cv-06480; Vires v. Sweetgreen, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV365918; Kim v. Wireless Vision, LLC – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2000074; Senoren v. Air Canada Corporation – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV13942; Clark v. Quest Diagnostics Incorporated – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2018707; Green v. Shipt, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV01001; Respass v. The Scion Group LLC – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2020-00285265; Jackson v. Decathlon USA LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG2003024; Avacena v. FTG Aerospace Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV28767; Perez v. Butler America, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV20218; Christensen v. Carter’s Retail, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01138792-CU-OE-CXC; Astudillo v. Torrance Health Association, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV18424; Hansen v. Holiday AI Management Sub LLC – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. CIVMSC20-00779; Almahdi v. Vitamin Shoppe Industries Inc – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV365150; Krisinda v. Loyal Source Government Services LLC – U.S. District Court, California Southern District, Case No. 3:20-cv-879-LAB-NLS; Ettedgui v. WB Studio Enterprises Inc – U.S. District Court, California Central District, Case No. 2:20-CV-08053-MCS (MAAx); Fernandez v. Nuvision Federal Credit Union – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01161691-CU-OE-CJC; Aviles v. UPS Supply Chain Solutions, Inc. – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC2000727; Alcocer v. DSV Solutions, LLC – San Bernardino Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2010345; Wilson v. Wholesome Harvest Baking, LLC – U.S. District Court, California Northern District, Case No. 4:20-cv-05186-YGR; Gregory v. Verio Healthcare, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV37254; Rose v. Impact Group, LLC – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01141107-CU-OE-CXC; Monasterio v. Citibank, N.A. – San Mateo County Superior Court, Case No. 20-CIV-03650; Martinez-Lopez v. Medamerica, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00034393-CU-OE-CTL; Cox v. PRB Management, LLC – Solano County Superior Court, Case No. FCS055514; Nash v. K. Hovnanian Companies, LLC – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC2003319; Kyler v. Harbor Freight Tools USA, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00015828-CU-OE-CTL; Roberts v. Solantic Corporation – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV41117; Price v. Mistras Group, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV22485; Macias v. ABM Electrical & Lighting Solutions, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00024997-CU-OE-CTL; Basu-Kesselman v. Garuda Labs, Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-20-585229; Armstrong v. Prometric LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV29967; Ashlock v. Advantis Medical Staffing, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00022305-CU-OE-CTL; Wilson v. WXI Global Solutions, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV25007;

Gandhale v. Select Rehabilitation, LLC – Monterey County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV002240;
Starvoice v. G4S Secure Solutions (USA) Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-
2020-00029421-CU-OE-CTL; Mbise v. Axlehire, Inc. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No.
RG20067350; Points v. C&J Services, Inc. – Kern County Superior Court, Case No. BCV-20-
102483; Marshall v. PHI Air Medical, LLC – Lassen County Superior Court, Case No. 62973;
Jauregui v. Cytotec Engineered Materials, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-
01164932-CU-OE-CXC

EXHIBIT #2

CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”) is made by and between plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez (collectively “Plaintiffs”) and defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc. (“Defendants”). The Agreement refers to Plaintiffs and Defendants collectively as the “Parties,” or individually as “Party.”

1. DEFINITIONS

In addition to other terms defined in this Agreement, the terms below have the following meaning in this Agreement:

- 1.1. “Action” means the Plaintiffs’ lawsuit alleging wage and hour violations against Defendants captioned *Angela Portillo et al. v. Orchard Hospital et al.*, Case No. 23CV03393, initiated on December 7, 2023, and pending in Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte. The Action is a consolidated action of the following cases: *Angela Portillo v. Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.*, County of Butte Superior Court, Case No. 23CV03393, filed on December 7, 2023; *Angela Portillo v. Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.*, County of Butte Superior Court, Case No. 24CV00173, filed on January 16, 2024; and *Kisha Vazquez v. Orchard Hospital*, County of Butte Superior Court, Case No. 24CV00755, filed on March 7, 2024.
- 1.2. “Administrator” means Apex Class Action LLC, the neutral entity the Parties have agreed to appoint to administer the Settlement.
- 1.3. “Administration Expenses Payment” means the amount the Administrator will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount to reimburse its reasonable fees and expenses in accordance with the Administrator’s “not to exceed” bid submitted to the Court in connection with Preliminary Approval.
- 1.4. “Aggrieved Employees” means all individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the PAGA Period.
- 1.5. “Class” means all individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the Class Period. The Class will not include any person who previously settled or released any of the claims covered by this Agreement, or any person who previously was paid or received awards through civil or administrative actions for the claims covered by this Agreement.

- 1.6. “Class Counsel” means Norman B. Blumenthal, Kyle R. Nordrehaug, Aparajit Bhowmik, Christine T. LeVu, Brooke Waldrop and Adolfo Sanchez Contreras of Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and Emil Davtyan, David Yeremian, and Alvin B. Lindsay of D.Law, Inc.
- 1.7. “Class Counsel Fees Payment” and “Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment” mean the amounts to be paid to Class Counsel for fees and expenses, respectively, as approved by the Court, to compensate Class Counsel for their legal work in connection with the Action, including their pre-filing investigation, their filing of the Action, all related litigation activities, all Settlement work, all post-Settlement compliance procedures, and related litigation expenses billed in connection with the Action.
- 1.8. “Class Data” means Class Member identifying information in Defendants’ possession including the Class Member’s name, last-known mailing address, Social Security number, email address (if known and available to Defendants), and number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods.
- 1.9. “Class Member” means an individual who is or previously was employed by Defendants who was classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the Class Period, as either a Participating Class Member or Non-Participating Class Member (including a Non-Participating Class Member who qualifies as an Aggrieved Employee).
- 1.10. “Class Member Address Search” means the Administrator’s investigation and search for current Class Member mailing addresses using all reasonably available sources, methods and means including, but not limited to, the National Change of Address database, skip traces, and direct contact by the Administrator with Class Members by use of available email addresses, phone numbers, social security numbers, credit reports, LinkedIn and Facebook.
- 1.11. “Class Notice” means the COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL, to be mailed to Class Members in English with a Spanish translation in the form, without material variation, attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.
- 1.12. “Class Notice Packet” means the Class Notice to be provided to the Class Members by the Administrator in the form set forth as Exhibit A to this Agreement (other than formatting changes to facilitate printing by the Administrator).
- 1.13. “Class Period” means the period of time from December 7, 2019 through August 10, 2025.

- 1.14. “Class Representatives” means the named Plaintiffs in the Operative Complaint in the Action seeking Court approval to serve as Class Representatives.
- 1.15. “Class Representative Service Payment” means the service payment made to the Plaintiffs as Class Representatives in order to compensate for initiating the Action, performing work in support of the Action, undertaking the risk of liability for Defendants’ expenses, and for the general release of all claims by the Plaintiffs.
- 1.16. “Court” means the Superior Court of California, County of Butte.
- 1.17. “Defendants” means Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.
- 1.18. “Defense Counsel” means Nathan W. Austin, Sierra Vierra and Keelia K. Lee of Jackson Lewis P.C.
- 1.19. “Effective Date” means the date by when both of the following have occurred the (a) Court enters a Judgment on its Order Granting Final Approval of the Settlement; and (b) the Judgment is final. The Judgment is final as of the latest of the following occurrences: (a) if no Participating Class Member objects to the Settlement, the day the Court enters Judgment; (b) if one or more Participating Class Members objects to the Settlement, the day after the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the Judgment; (c) if a timely motion to set aside and vacate the Judgment is filed (“Motion to Vacate”) and the court denies the Motion to Vacate, the day after the appellate court affirms the order on the Motion to Vacate or the day after the deadline for filing a notice of appeal the court’s order on the Motion to Vacate elapses, or (d) if a timely appeal from the Judgment is filed, the day after the appellate court affirms the Judgment and issues a remittitur.
- 1.20. “Final Approval” means the Court’s order granting final approval of the Settlement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C to this Agreement and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.
- 1.21. “Final Approval Hearing” means the Court’s hearing on the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement to determine whether to approve finally and implement the terms of this Agreement and enter the Judgment.
- 1.22. “Gross Settlement Amount” means Seven Hundred Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$730,000) which is the total amount to be paid by Defendants as provided by this Agreement except as provided in Paragraph 9 below. The Gross Settlement Amount will be used to pay Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, Class Representative Service Payments and the Administration Expenses Payment. This Gross Settlement Amount is an all-in amount without any reversion to Defendants, and excludes any employer payroll taxes, if any, due on the

portion of the Individual Class Payments allocated to wages which shall not be paid from the Gross Settlement and shall be the separate additional obligation of Defendants.

- 1.23. “Individual Class Payment” means the Participating Class Member’s pro rata share of the Net Settlement Amount calculated according to the number of Workweeks worked during the Class Period.
- 1.24. “Individual PAGA Payment” means the Aggrieved Employee’s pro rata share of 25% of the PAGA Penalties calculated according to the number of PAGA Pay Periods worked during the PAGA Period.
- 1.25. “Judgment” means the judgment entered by the Court based upon Final Approval substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C to this Agreement and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.
- 1.26. “LWDA” means the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, the agency entitled, under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).
- 1.27. “LWDA PAGA Payment” means the 75% of the PAGA Penalties paid to the LWDA under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).
- 1.28. “Net Settlement Amount” means the Gross Settlement Amount, less the following payments in the amounts approved by the Court: Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Representative Service Payments, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Administration Expenses Payment. The Net Settlement Amount is to be paid to Participating Class Members as Individual Class Payments.
- 1.29. “Non-Participating Class Member” means a Class Member who opts out of the Class Settlement by submitting a valid and timely Request for Exclusion to the Administrator.
- 1.30. “PAGA Pay Period” means any Pay Period during which an Aggrieved Employee worked for Defendants for at least one day during the PAGA Period.
- 1.31. “PAGA Period” means the period of time from September 27, 2022 through August 10, 2025.
- 1.32. “PAGA” means the Private Attorneys General Act (Labor Code §§ 2698. et seq.).
- 1.33. “PAGA Notice” means Plaintiff Portillo’s September 27, 2023 letter to Defendants and the LWDA and Plaintiff Vazquez’s March 7, 2024 letter to Defendants and the LWDA providing notice pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, subd.(a).

- 1.34. "PAGA Penalties" means the total amount of PAGA civil penalties to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, allocated 25% to the Aggrieved Employees (\$15,000) and the 75% to LWDA (\$5,000) in settlement of PAGA claims.
- 1.35. "Participating Class Member" means a Class Member who does not submit a valid and timely Request for Exclusion.
- 1.36. "Plaintiffs" means Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez, the named plaintiffs in the Action.
- 1.37. "Preliminary Approval" means the Court's Order Granting Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B to this Agreement and incorporated by this reference herein.
- 1.38. "Released Class Claims" means all claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Operative Complaint which occurred during the Class Period, including claims for (1) failure to pay minimum and straight time wages (Labor Code sections 204, 1174, 1194 and 1194.2); (2) failure to pay overtime wages (Labor Code sections 204, 510, 1174, 1194, 1198); (3) failure to provide meal periods (Labor Code sections 226.7, 512); (4) failure to authorize and permit rest periods (Labor Code sections 226.7, 512); (5) failure to timely pay wages (Labor Code sections 200-203); (6) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements (Labor Code section 226); (7) failure to pay sick pay wages (Labor Code section 245, 246); (8) failure to pay vacation pay (Labor Code section 227.3); (9) unlawfully withheld wages (Labor Code section 221); (10) failure to maintain records (Labor Code section 1174, 1174.5); (11) unfair business practices (Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq.); (12) statutory penalties of any nature; (13) interest; (14) attorneys' fees and costs; (15) and any other claims arising out of or related to the Operative Complaint filed in the Action during the Class Period. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period or any Individual Claims, which are subject to two separate Settlement Agreement and General Releases.
- 1.39. "Released PAGA Claims" means all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Operative Complaint and the PAGA Notice, which occurred during the PAGA Period, including: PAGA claim for civil penalties due to any Labor Code violation by Defendants arising out of or related to the event alleged in the Operative Complaint and the PAGA Notice, including, but not limited to, Labor Code sections 90.5, 201, 202, 203, 204, 206.5, 210, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 225.4, 226, 226.2, 226.4, 226.7,

227.3, 233, ,245, 246, 248.1, 248.2, 248.5, 432.5.510, 511, 512, 515, 558, 558.1, 1174, 1174.5, 1182.12, 1185, 1194, 1194.1, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.5, 1198, 1198.5, 1199, 2802, 2926, 2927., and California Code of Regulations, Title 8, section 11000 et seq; California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 11040, Subdivision 5(A)-(B); California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 1 1070(14) (Failure to Provide Seating). Other than the claims alleged, the Released PAGA Claims do not include other PAGA claims, underlying wage and hour claims, claims for wrongful termination, discrimination, unemployment insurance, disability and worker's compensation, and claims outside of the PAGA Period or any Individual Claims, which are subject to two separate Settlement Agreement and General Releases.

1.40. "Released Parties" means: (i) Defendants; (ii) each of Defendants' respective past, present and future parents, subsidiaries, and affiliates including, without limitation, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, foundation, and non-profit entity which controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with Defendants; (iii) the past, present and future shareholders, directors, officers, agents, employees, attorneys, insurers, members, partners, managers, contractors, agents, consultants, representatives, administrators, fiduciaries, benefit plans, transferees, predecessors, successors, and assigns of any of the foregoing; and (iv) any individual or entity which could be jointly liable with any of the foregoing.

1.41. "Request for Exclusion" means a Class Member's submission of a written request to be excluded from the Class Settlement signed by the Class Member.

1.42. "Response Deadline" means sixty (60) calendar days after the Administrator mails Class Notice Packet to Class Members and Aggrieved Employees, and shall be the last date on which Class Members may: (a) submit Requests for Exclusion from the Settlement, or (b) submit his or her Objection to the Settlement. Class Members to whom Class Notice Packets are resent after having been returned undeliverable to the Administrator shall have an additional 14 calendar days beyond the Response Deadline has expired.

1.43. "Settlement" means the disposition of the Action and all related claims effectuated by this Agreement and the Judgment.

1.44. "Workweek" means any week during the Class Period in which a Class Member worked for Defendants for at least one day.

2. RECITALS

2.1. On December 7, 2023, Plaintiff Portillo commenced this Action by filing a Complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte, Case No. 23CV03393. Plaintiff Portillo's Complaint asserted claims that Defendants:

- (a) Violated California Business and Professions Code § 17200 et seq.;
- (b) Failed to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197 & 1197.1;
- (c) Failed to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code § 510, et seq.;
- (d) Failed to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 & 512 and the applicable IWC Wage Order;
- (e) Failed to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 & 512 and the applicable IWC Wage Order;
- (f) Failed to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code § 226; and,
- (g) Failed to reimburse employees for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code § 2802.
- (h) Failed to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202 and 203; and,
- (i) Failed to pay sick pay in violation of California Labor Code §§ 201-204, 233 and 246.

2.2. On January 16, 2024, Plaintiff Portillo filed a Representative Action Complaint alleging a single cause of action against Defendants for recovery of civil penalties for violation of Private Attorney General Act, Cal. Labor Code §§ 2698, et seq. (“PAGA”) in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte, Case No. 24CV00173 (“Portillo PAGA Action”) based on the allegations asserted in her September 27, 2023 notice to the LWDA.

2.3. On March 7, 2024, Plaintiff Vazquez commenced a class action by filing a Complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte, Case No. 24CV00755 (“Vazquez Action”). The Vazquez Action complaint asserted claims that Defendants:

- (a) Failed to pay minimum wages;
- (b) Failed to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code § 510, et seq.;
- (c) Failed to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code § 226.7;
- (d) Failed to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code § 226.7;
- (e) Failed to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code § 226;
- (f) Unlawfully withheld wages in violation of California Labor Code § 221;
- (g) Failed to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code § 204;
- (h) Failed to pay sick pay in violation of California Labor Code §§ 245 and 246;
- (i) Failed to pay vacation pay in violation of California Labor Code § 227.3;
- (j) Failed to provide wages at the time of termination in violation of California Labor Code § 203;
- (k) Failed to maintain records required under California Labor Code §§ 1174, 1174.5;

- (l) Failed to reimburse employees for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code § 2802; and
- (m) Violated California Business and Professions Code § 17200 et seq.

- 2.4. On May 16, 2024, Plaintiff Vazquez filed a First Amended Class Action Complaint adding a claim for recovery of civil penalties for violation of PAGA in the Vazquez Action based on the allegations asserted in Plaintiff Vazquez's March 7, 2024 notice to the LWDA.
- 2.5. On August 26, 2024, the Court consolidated the Action, the Portillo PAGA Action, and the Vazquez Action, designating the Action as lead case for all purposes.
- 2.6. On January 12, 2026, Plaintiffs filed a First Amended Consolidated Class and Representative Action Complaint in this Action, which alleges all causes of action sought in the Portillo PAGA Action, Vazquez Action, this Action, and all allegations set forth in the PAGA Notice.
- 2.7. The First Amended Consolidated Class and Representative Action Complaint is the operative complaint in the Action (the "Operative Complaint").
- 2.8. Defendants deny the allegations in the Operative Complaint, deny any failure to comply with the laws identified in the Operative Complaint and deny any and all liability for the causes of action alleged.
- 2.9. On June 10, 2025, the Parties participated in an all-day mediation presided over by Hon. Carl J. West (ret.), a respected mediator of wage and hour representative and class actions. Following the mediation, each side, represented by its respective counsel, were able to agree to settle the Action based upon a mediator's proposal which was memorialized in the form of a Memorandum of Understanding. This Agreement replaces and supersedes the Memorandum of Understanding and any other agreements, understandings, or representations between the Parties with respect to the class and PAGA claims only.
- 2.10. Prior to mediation, Plaintiffs obtained sufficient documents and information to sufficiently investigate the claims such that Plaintiffs' investigation was sufficient to satisfy the criteria for court approval set forth in *Dunk v. Ford Motor Co.* (1996) 48 Cal.App.4th 1794, 1801 and *Kullar v. Foot Locker Retail, Inc.* (2008) 168 Cal.App.4th 116, 129-130 ("*Dunk/Kullar*").
- 2.11. This Agreement represents a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or will be construed as an admission by Defendants that the claims in the Action of Plaintiffs, the Class Members, or the alleged Aggrieved Employees have merit or that Defendants bear any liability to Plaintiffs, the Class Members, or the alleged Aggrieved Employees on those claims or any other claims, or as an admission by Plaintiffs that Defendants' defenses in the Action have merit. The Parties

agree to certification of the Class for purposes of this Settlement only. If for any reason the settlement does not become effective, Defendants reserve the right to contest certification of any class for any reason and reserves all available defenses to the claims in the Action.

- 2.12. The Parties, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel are aware of the matter of *Brian Ence v. Orchard Hospital*, pending in the Superior Court of California, County of Butte, Case No. 25CV04123, asserting claims that will be extinguished or affected by the Settlement.

3. MONETARY TERMS

- 3.1. Gross Settlement Amount. Except as otherwise provided by Paragraph 9 below, Defendants promise to pay \$730,000 and no more as the Gross Settlement Amount. This amount is all-inclusive of all payments contemplated in this resolution, excluding any employer-side payroll taxes on the portion of the Individual Class Payments allocated to wages which shall be separately paid by Defendants to the Administrator. Defendants have no obligation to pay the Gross Settlement Amount (or any payroll taxes) prior to the deadline stated in Paragraph 4.3 of this Agreement. The Administrator will disburse the entire Gross Settlement Amount without asking or requiring Participating Class Members or Aggrieved Employees to submit any claim as a condition of payment. None of the Gross Settlement Amount will revert to Defendants.
- 3.2. Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Administrator will make the following payments out of the Gross Settlement Amount, in the amounts specified by the Court in the Final Approval.
- (a) To Plaintiffs: Class Representative Service Payments to the Class Representatives of not more than \$10,000 each (in addition to any Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment the Class Representative is entitled to receive as a Participating Class Member). Defendants will not oppose Plaintiffs' request for a Class Representative Service Payment that does not exceed this amount. As part of the motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment, Plaintiffs will seek Court approval for any Class Representative Service Payments no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Representative Service Payment less than the amount requested, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will pay the Class Representative Service Payment using IRS Form 1099. Plaintiffs assume full responsibility and liability for employee taxes owed on the Class Representative Service Payment.
- (b) To Class Counsel: A Class Counsel Fees Payment of not more than one-third (1/3) of the Gross Settlement Amount, which is currently estimated to be \$243,333, and a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than \$30,000. Defendants will not oppose requests for these payments provided that the requests do not exceed

these amounts. Plaintiffs and/or Class Counsel will file a motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Counsel Fees Payment and/or a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment less than the amounts requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. Released Parties shall have no liability to Class Counsel or any other Plaintiffs' Counsel arising from any claim to any portion of any Class Counsel Fee Payment and/or Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment. The Administrator will pay the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Expenses Payment using one or more IRS 1099 Forms. The payment of the Class Counsel Fees Payment shall be allocated as follows: 70% to Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and 30% D.Law, Inc. The Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment shall be allocated between firms based upon the expenses actually incurred by each firm as set forth in the declarations by Class Counsel. Class Counsel assumes full responsibility and liability for taxes owed on the Class Counsel Fees Payment and the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and holds Defendants harmless, and indemnifies Defendants, from any dispute or controversy regarding any division or sharing of any of these payments.

- (c) To the Administrator: An Administration Expenses Payment not to exceed \$11,000 except for a showing of good cause and as approved by the Court. To the extent the Administration Expenses Payment is less, or the Court approves payment less than \$11,000, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members.
- (d) To the LWDA and Aggrieved Employees: PAGA Penalties in the amount of \$20,000 to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, with 75% (\$15,000) allocated to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% (\$5,000) allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments.
 - i. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties (\$5,000) by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Pay Periods. Aggrieved Employees assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual PAGA Payment.
 - ii. If the Court approves PAGA Penalties of less than the amount requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.
- (e) To Each Participating Class Member: An Individual Class Payment calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks.

- i. Tax Allocation of Individual Class Payments. 15% of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to settlement of wage claims (the "Wage Portion"). The Wage Portions are subject to tax withholding and will be reported on an IRS W-2 Form. 85% of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to settlement of claims for non-wages, expense reimbursement, interest and penalties (the "Non-Wage Portion"). The Non-Wage Portions are not subject to wage withholdings and will be reported on IRS 1099 Forms. Participating Class Members assume full responsibility and liability for any employee taxes owed on their Individual Class Payment.
 - ii. Effect of Non-Participating Class Members on Calculation of Individual Class Payments. Non-Participating Class Members will not receive any Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will retain amounts equal to their Individual Class Payments in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members on a pro rata basis.
- (f) The settlement payments made to Plaintiffs and Class Members under this settlement, and any other payments made pursuant to this Agreement, will not be utilized to calculate any additional benefits under any benefit plans to which any Class Members may be eligible, including, but not limited to, profit-sharing plans, bonus plans, 401(k) plans, stock purchase plans, vacation plans, sick leave plans, PTO plans, and any other benefit plan. The Parties' intention that this settlement will not affect any rights, contributions, or amounts to which Plaintiffs and Class Members may be entitled under any benefit plans. The payment under this Agreement shall not obligate Defendants to confer any additional benefits or make any additional payments to Class Members beyond those specified in this Agreement.

4. SETTLEMENT FUNDING

- 4.1. Class Workweeks and Aggrieved Employee Pay Periods. Based on its records, Defendants have represented that the Class consists of 631 Class Members who collectively worked a total of 49,808 Workweeks, and that there are 377 Aggrieved Employees who worked a total of 13,054 PAGA Pay Periods through the date of mediation.
- 4.2. Class Data. Not later than 15 days after the Court enters an order granting Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, Defendants will deliver the Class Data to the Administrator, in the form of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. To protect Class Members' privacy rights, the Administrator must maintain the Class Data in confidence, use the Class Data only for purposes of this Settlement and for no other purpose, and restrict access to the Class Data to Administrator employees who need access to the Class Data to effect and perform under this Agreement. Without any extension of the deadline by which Defendants must send the Class Data to the Administrator, the Parties and their counsel will expeditiously

use best efforts, in good faith, to reconstruct or otherwise resolve any issues related to missing or omitted Class Data.

- 4.3. Timing of Funding of the Gross Settlement Amount. If no objection to the settlement is made, Defendant will pay the Gross Settlement Amount and all employer-side payroll taxes to the Administrator on the following scheduling following the Effective Date: the first payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid within 14 days of the Effective Date; the second payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid six months after the Effective Date; and the third and final payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid twelve months after the Effective Date.

5. PAYMENTS FROM THE GROSS SETTLEMENT AMOUNT

- 5.1. Within 14 days after Defendants fund the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will mail checks for all Individual Class Payments, all Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, the Administration Expenses Payment, the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Class Representative Service Payment.
- 5.2. The Administrator will issue checks for the Individual Class Payments and/or Individual PAGA Payments and send them to the Class Members via First Class U.S. Mail, postage prepaid. The face of each check shall prominently state the “void date”, which will be 180 days after the date of mailing, when the check shall be void. The Administrator will cancel all checks not cashed by the void date. The Administrator will send checks for Individual Class Payments to all Participating Class Members (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator will send checks for Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees including Non-Participating Class Members who qualify as Aggrieved Employees (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator may send Participating Class Members a single check combining the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment. Before mailing any checks, the Administrator must update the recipients’ mailing addresses using the National Change of Address Database. If a Participating Class Member’s or Aggrieved Employee’s check is not cashed within 120 days after its last mailing to the affected individual, the Administrator will also send the individual a notice informing him or her that unless the check is cashed by the void date, it will expire and become non-negotiable, and offer to replace the check if it was lost or misplaced but not cashed.
- 5.3. The Administrator must conduct a Class Member Address Search for all other Class Members whose checks are returned undelivered without USPS forwarding address. Within 7 days of receiving a returned check the Administrator must re-mail checks to the USPS forwarding address provided or to an address ascertained through the Class Member Address Search. The Administrator need not take further steps to deliver checks to Class Members whose re-mailed checks are returned as undelivered. The Administrator

shall promptly send a replacement check to any Class Member whose original check was lost or misplaced, requested by the Class Member prior to the void date.

5.4. For any Class Member whose Individual Class Payment check or Individual PAGA Payment check is uncashed and cancelled after the void date, the Administrator shall transmit the funds represented by such checks to the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the Class Member thereby leaving no "unpaid residue" subject to the requirements of the California Code of Civil Procedure section 38, subd. (b).

5.5. The payment of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments shall not obligate Defendants to confer any additional benefits or make any additional payments to Class Members (such as 401(k) contributions or bonuses) beyond those specified in this Agreement.

6. RELEASE OF CLAIMS. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount and fund all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, Plaintiffs, Participating Class Members, Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA will release claims against all Released Parties as follows:

Plaintiffs' Release. Plaintiffs and their respective former and present spouses, representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns generally, release and discharge Released Parties from all claims, transactions, or occurrences that occurred during the Class Period, including, but not limited to: (a) all claims that were, or reasonably could have been, alleged, based on the facts contained, in the Operative Complaint, and (b) all PAGA claims that were, or reasonably could have been, alleged based on facts contained in the Operative Complaint and Plaintiffs' PAGA Notice ("Plaintiffs' Release"). Plaintiffs' Release does not extend to any claims or actions to enforce this Agreement, or to any claims for vested benefits, unemployment benefits, disability benefits, social security benefits, or workers' compensation benefits that arose at any time, or based on occurrences outside the Class Period or any Individual Claims, which are subject to two separate Settlement Agreement and General Releases.

6.1. Release by Participating Class Members. All Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties from the Released Class Claims.

6.2. Release of PAGA Claims. All Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from the Released PAGA Claims.

7. MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL. The Parties agree to jointly prepare and file a motion for preliminary approval (“Motion for Preliminary Approval”) that complies with the Court’s procedures and instructions.

7.1. Plaintiffs’ Responsibilities. Plaintiffs will prepare and deliver to Defense Counsel all documents necessary for obtaining Preliminary Approval, including: (i) a draft of the notice, and memorandum in support, of the Motion for Preliminary Approval that includes an analysis of the Settlement under *Dunk/Kullar* and a request for approval of the PAGA Settlement under Labor Code Section 2699, subd. (f)(2)); (ii) a draft proposed Order Granting Preliminary Approval and Approval of PAGA Settlement; (iii) a draft proposed Class Notice; (iv) a signed declaration from the Administrator attaching its “not to exceed” bid for administering the Settlement and attesting to its willingness to serve; competency; operative procedures for protecting the security of Class Data; amounts of insurance coverage for any data breach, defalcation of funds or other misfeasance; all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members; and the nature and extent of any financial relationship with Plaintiffs, Class Counsel or Defense Counsel; (v) a signed declaration from Plaintiffs confirming willingness and competency to serve and disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members, and/or the Administrator; (vi) a signed declaration from each Class Counsel firm attesting to its competency to represent the Class Members; its timely transmission to the LWDA of all necessary PAGA documents (initial notice of violations (Labor Code section 2699.3, subd. (a)), Operative Complaint (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(1)), this Agreement (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(2)); and (vii) all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflict of interest with Class Members and the Administrator.

7.2. Responsibilities of Counsel. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel are jointly responsible for expeditiously finalizing and filing the Motion for Preliminary Approval no later than 30 days after the full execution of this Agreement; obtaining a prompt hearing date for the Motion for Preliminary Approval; and for appearing in Court to advocate in favor of the Motion for Preliminary Approval. Class Counsel is responsible for delivering the Court’s Preliminary Approval to the Administrator.

7.3. Duty to Cooperate. If the Parties disagree on any aspect of the proposed Motion for Preliminary Approval and/or the supporting declarations and documents, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve the disagreement. If the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval or conditions Preliminary Approval on any material change to this Agreement, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to modify the Agreement and otherwise satisfy the Court’s concerns.

8. SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION

- 8.1. Selection of Administrator. The Parties have jointly selected Apex Class Action LLC to serve as the Administrator and verified that, as a condition of appointment Apex Class Action LLC agrees to be bound by this Agreement and to perform, as a fiduciary, all duties specified in this Agreement in exchange for payment of Administration Expenses. The Administrator's duties will include preparing, printing, and mailing the Class Notice Packet to all Class Members; conducting a National Change of Address search to update Class Member addresses before mailing the Class Notice Packets; re-mailing Class Notice Packets that are returned to the Class Member's new address; setting up a toll-free telephone number and email and a fax number to receive communications from Class Members; receiving and reviewing for validity completed Requests for Exclusion; providing the Parties with weekly status reports about the delivery of Class Notice Packets and receipt of Requests for Exclusion, objections and disputes; calculating Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments; issuing the checks to effectuate the payments due under the Settlement; issuing the tax reports required under this Settlement; and otherwise administering the Settlement pursuant to this Agreement. The Parties and their Counsel represent that they have no interest or relationship, financial or otherwise, with the Administrator other than a professional relationship arising out of prior experiences administering settlements.
- 8.2. Employer Identification Number. The Administrator shall have and use its own Employer Identification Number for purposes of calculating payroll tax withholdings and providing reports state and federal tax authorities.
- 8.3. Qualified Settlement Fund. The Administrator shall establish a settlement fund that meets the requirements of a Qualified Settlement Fund ("QSF") under US Treasury Regulation section 468B-1.
- 8.4. Notice to Class Members.
- (a) No later than three (3) business days after receipt of the Class Data, the Administrator shall notify Class Counsel that the list has been received and state the number of Class Members, PAGA Members, Workweeks, and Pay Periods in the Class Data.
 - (b) Using best efforts to perform as soon as possible, and in no event later than 14 days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will send to all Class Members identified in the Class Data, via first-class United States Postal Service ("USPS") mail, the Class Notice with Spanish translation, if applicable substantially in the form attached to this Agreement as Exhibit A. The first page of the Class Notice shall prominently estimate the dollar amounts of any Individual Class Payment and/or Individual PAGA Payment payable to the Class Member, and the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if applicable) used to calculate these amounts. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator shall update Class Member addresses using the National Change of Address database.

- (c) Not later than 7 days after the Administrator's receipt of any Class Notice returned by the USPS as undelivered, the Administrator shall re-mail the Class Notice using any forwarding address provided by the USPS. If the USPS does not provide a forwarding address, the Administrator shall conduct a Class Member Address Search, and re-mail the Class Notice to the most current address obtained. The Administrator has no obligation to make further attempts to locate or send Class Notice to Class Members whose Class Notice is returned by the USPS a second time.
- (d) The deadlines for Class Members' written objections, Challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods, and Requests for Exclusion will be extended an additional 14 days beyond the Response Deadline provided in the Class Notice for all Class Members whose notice is re-mailed. The Administrator will inform the Class Member of the extended deadline with the re-mailed Class Notice.
- (e) If the Administrator, the Parties, Defense Counsel or Class Counsel is contacted by or otherwise discovers any persons who believe they should have been included in the Class Data and should have received Class Notice, the Parties will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone, and in good faith, in an effort to agree on whether to include them as Class Members. If the Parties agree, such persons will be Class Members entitled to the same rights as other Class Members, and the Administrator will send, via email or overnight delivery, a Class Notice requiring them to exercise options under this Agreement not later than 14 days after receipt of Class Notice, or the deadline dates in the Class Notice, whichever are later.

8.5. Requests for Exclusion (Opt-Outs).

- (a) Class Members who wish to exclude themselves (opt-out of) the Class Settlement must send the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail, a signed written Request for Exclusion not later than the Response Deadline (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed). A Request for Exclusion is a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative that reasonably communicates the Class Member's election to be excluded from the Settlement and includes the Class Member's name, address and email address or telephone number. To be valid, a Request for Exclusion must be timely faxed, emailed, or postmarked by the Response Deadline.
- (b) The Administrator may not reject a Request for Exclusion as invalid because it fails to contain all the information specified in the Class Notice. The Administrator shall accept any Request for Exclusion as valid if the Administrator can reasonably ascertain the identity of the person as a Class Member and the Class Member's desire to be excluded. The Administrator's determination shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. If the Administrator has reason to question the authenticity of a Request for Exclusion, the Administrator may demand additional

proof of the Class Member's identity. The Administrator's determination of authenticity shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.

- (c) Every Class Member who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion is deemed to be a Participating Class Member under this Agreement, entitled to all benefits and bound by all terms and conditions of the Settlement, including the Participating Class Members' Releases under Paragraph 6.2 of the Agreement, regardless whether the Participating Class Member actually receives the Class Notice or objects to the Settlement.
- (d) Every Class Member who submits a valid and timely Request for Exclusion is a Non-Participating Class Member and shall not receive an Individual Class Payment or have the right to object to the class action components of the Settlement. Because future PAGA claims are subject to claim preclusion upon entry of the Judgment, Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release the claims identified in Paragraph 6.3 of this Agreement and are eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. If a Class Member submits both a Request for Exclusion and an objection, only the Request for Exclusion will be accepted, and the objection will be void.

8.6. Challenges to Calculation of Workweeks. Each Class Member shall have until the Response Deadline (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed) to challenge the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if any) allocated to the Class Member in the Class Notice. The Class Member may challenge the allocation by communicating with the Administrator via fax, email or mail. The Administrator must encourage the challenging Class Member to submit supporting documentation. In the absence of any contrary documentation, the Administrator is entitled to presume that the Workweeks contained in the Class Notice are correct so long as they are consistent with the Class Data. The Administrator's determination of each Class Member's allocation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. The Administrator shall promptly provide copies of all challenges to calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods to Defense Counsel and the Administrator's determination as to the challenges

8.7. Objections to Settlement.

- (a) Only Participating Class Members may object to the class action components of the Settlement and/or this Agreement, including contesting the fairness of the Settlement, and/or amounts requested for the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Class Representative Service Payment.
- (b) Participating Class Members may send written objections to the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail. In the alternative, or in addition to a written objection, Participating Class Members may appear in Court (or hire an attorney to appear in

Court) to present verbal objections at the Final Approval Hearing. A Participating Class Member who elects to send a written objection to the Administrator must do so not later than the Response Deadline (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice was re-mailed).

- (c) Non-Participating Class Members have no right to object to any of the class action components of the Settlement. If a Class Member submits both a Request for Exclusion and an objection, only the Request for Exclusion will be accepted, and the objection will be void.
- (d) Aggrieved Employees have no right to object to the PAGA components of the Settlement and/or this Agreement.

8.8. Administrator's Duties. The Administrator has a duty to perform or observe all tasks to be performed or observed by the Administrator contained in this Agreement or otherwise.

- (a) Website, Email Address and Toll-Free Number. The Administrator will establish and maintain and use an internet website to post information of interest to Class Members including the date, time and location for the Final Approval Hearing and copies of the Settlement Agreement, Motion for Preliminary Approval, the Preliminary Approval, the Class Notice, the Motion for Final Approval, the Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and Class Representative Service Payment, the Final Approval and the Judgment. The Administrator will also maintain and monitor an email address and a toll-free telephone number to receive Class Member calls, faxes and emails.
- (b) Request for Exclusion (Opt-Outs) and Exclusion List. The Administrator will promptly review on a rolling basis Requests for Exclusion to ascertain their validity. Not later than 7 days after the expiration of the deadline for submitting Requests for Exclusion, the Administrator shall email a list to Defense Counsel containing (a) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who have timely submitted valid Requests for Exclusion ("Exclusion List"); (b) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who have submitted invalid Requests for Exclusion; (c) copies of all Requests for Exclusion from Settlement submitted (whether valid or invalid).
- (c) Workweek and/or Pay Period Challenges. The Administrator has the authority to address and make final decisions consistent with the terms of this Agreement on all Class Member challenges over the calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods. The Administrator's decision shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.
- (d) Weekly Reports. The Administrator must, on a weekly basis, provide written reports to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel that, among other things, tally the number of:

Class Notices mailed or re-mailed, Class Notices returned undelivered, Requests for Exclusion (whether valid or invalid) received, objections received, challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods received and/or resolved, and checks mailed for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments (“Weekly Report”). The Weekly Reports must include the Administrator’s assessment of the validity of Requests for Exclusion and attach copies of all Requests for Exclusion and objections received.

- (e) Administrator’s Declaration. Not later than 7 days before the date by which Plaintiffs are required to file the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement, the Administrator will provide to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its due diligence and compliance with all of its obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to, its mailing of Class Notice, the Class Notices returned as undelivered, the re-mailing of Class Notices, attempts to locate Class Members, the total number of Requests for Exclusion from Settlement it received (both valid or invalid), and the number of written objections. The Administrator will supplement its declaration as needed or requested by the Parties and/or the Court. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator’s declaration(s) in Court.
- (f) Final Report by Administrator. Within 10 days after the Administrator disburses all funds of the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defense Counsel with a final report detailing its disbursements by employee identification number only of all payments made under this Agreement. At least 7 days before any deadline set by the Court, the Administrator will prepare, and submit to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its disbursement of all payments required under this Agreement. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator’s declaration in Court. If a second declaration attesting to the distribution of uncashed checks is required, the Administrator shall provide this second declaration at least 7 days before any deadline for a second declaration and Class Counsel shall be responsible for filing the second declaration with the Court.

9. CLASS SIZE MODIFICATION AND ESCALATOR CLAUSE. Based on its records, Defendants provided figures as to the number of Workweeks worked by the Class Members as set forth in paragraph 4.1 above. If the actual number of Workweeks in the Class Period increases by more than 10%, the Gross Settlement Amount will increase proportionately by the percentage increase over the 10% cushion. Alternatively, Defendants at their sole discretion may choose to end the Class Period on the date the Workweeks reach 54,789 Workweeks, which is 10% greater than 49,808. Any election by the Defendants to move the end date for the Class Period shall be made prior to the hearing on the Motion for Preliminary Approval.

10. DEFENDANTS' RIGHT TO WITHDRAW. If the number of valid Requests for Exclusion identified in the Exclusion List exceeds 5% of the total of all Class Members, Defendants may, but are not obligated to, elect to withdraw from the Settlement. The Parties agree that, if Defendants withdraw, the Settlement shall be void ab initio, have no force or effect whatsoever, and that neither Party will have any further obligation to perform under this Agreement; provided, however, Defendants will remain responsible for paying all Administration Expenses incurred as of the date Defendants make this election to withdraw. Defendants must notify Class Counsel and the Court of its election to withdraw not later than 7 days after the Administrator sends the final Exclusion List to Defense Counsel. Invalid Requests for Exclusion will have no effect on this threshold for an election.

11. MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, not later than 16 court days before the calendared Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiffs will file in Court, a motion for final approval of the Settlement that includes a request for approval of the PAGA settlement under Labor Code section 2699(l), a Proposed Final Approval Order and a proposed Judgment (collectively "Motion for Final Approval"). Plaintiffs shall provide drafts of these documents to Defense Counsel not later than 7 days prior to filing the Motion for Final Approval. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously meet and confer and in good faith, to resolve any disagreements concerning the Motion for Final Approval.

11.1. Response to Objections. Each Party retains the right to respond to any objection raised by a Participating Class Member, including the right to file responsive documents in Court no later than 5 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing, or as otherwise ordered or accepted by the Court.

11.2. Duty to Cooperate. If the Court does not grant Final Approval or conditions Final Approval on any material change to the Settlement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), the Parties will expeditiously work together in good faith to address the Court's concerns by revising the Agreement as necessary to obtain Final Approval. The Court's decision to award less than the amounts requested for a Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Administration Expenses Payment shall not constitute a material modification to the Agreement within the meaning of this paragraph.

11.3. Continuing Jurisdiction of the Court. The Parties agree that, after entry of Judgment, the Court will retain jurisdiction over the Parties, Action, and the Settlement under C.C.P. section 664.6 solely for purposes of (i) enforcing this Agreement and/or Judgment, (ii) addressing settlement administration matters, and (iii) addressing such post-Judgment matters as are permitted by law.

11.4. Waiver of the Right to Appeal. Provided the Judgment is consistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, specifically including the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment set forth in this Settlement, the Parties, their respective counsel, and all Participating Class Members who did not object to the

Settlement as provided in this Agreement, waive all rights to appeal from the Judgment, including all rights to post-judgment and appellate proceedings, the right to file motions to vacate judgment, motions for new trial, extraordinary writs, and appeals. The waiver of appeal does not include any waiver of the right to oppose such motions, writs or appeals. If an objector appeals the Judgment, the Parties' obligations to perform under this Agreement will be suspended until such time as the appeal is finally resolved and the Judgment becomes final, except as to matters that do not affect the amount of the Net Settlement Amount.

11.5. Appellate Court Orders to Vacate, Reverse, or Materially Modify Judgment. If the reviewing court vacates, reverses, or modifies the Judgment in a manner that requires a material modification of this Agreement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), this Agreement shall be null and void. The Parties shall nevertheless expeditiously work together in good faith to address the appellate court's concerns and to obtain Final Approval and entry of Judgment, sharing, on an equal basis, any additional Administration Expenses reasonably incurred at the time of remittitur. An appellate decision to vacate, reverse, or modify the Court's award of the Class Representative Service Payment or any payments to Class Counsel shall not constitute a material modification of the Judgment within the meaning of this paragraph, as long as the Gross Settlement Amount remains unchanged.

12. AMENDED JUDGMENT. If any amended judgment is required under Code of Civil Procedure section 384, the Parties will work together in good faith to jointly submit and a proposed amended judgment.

13. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

13.1. No Admission of Liability, Class Certification or Representative Manageability for Other Purposes. This Agreement represents a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or should be construed as an admission by Defendants that any of the allegations in the Operative Complaint have merit or that Defendants have any liability for any claims asserted; nor should it be intended or construed as an admission by Plaintiffs that Defendants' defenses in the Action have merit. The Parties agree that class certification and representative treatment is for purposes of this Settlement only. If, for any reason the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval, Final Approval or Judgment pursuant to this Agreement, Defendants reserve the right to contest certification of any class for any reasons, and Defendants reserve all available defenses to the claims in the Action, and Plaintiffs reserve the right to move for class certification on any grounds available and to contest Defendants' defenses. The Settlement, this Agreement and Parties' willingness to settle the Action will have no bearing on, and will not be admissible in connection with, any litigation (except for proceedings to enforce or effectuate the Settlement and this Agreement).

- 13.2. Confidentiality Prior to Preliminary Approval. Plaintiffs, Class Counsel, Defendants and Defense Counsel separately agree that , until the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Settlement is filed, they and each of them will not disclose, disseminate and/or publicize, or cause or permit another person to disclose, disseminate or publicize, any of the terms of the Agreement directly or indirectly, specifically or generally, to any person, corporation, association, government agency, or other entity except: (1) to the Parties' attorneys, accountants, or spouses, all of whom will be instructed to keep this Agreement confidential; (2) counsel in a related matter; (3) to the extent necessary to report income to appropriate taxing authorities; (4) in response to a court order or subpoena; or (5) in response to an inquiry or subpoena issued by a state or federal government agency. Each Party agrees to immediately notify each other Party of any judicial or agency order, inquiry, or subpoena seeking such information. Plaintiffs, Class Counsel, Defendants and Defense Counsel separately agree not to, directly or indirectly, initiate any conversation or other communication, before the filing of the Motion for Preliminary Approval, with any third party regarding this Agreement or the matters giving rise to this Agreement except to respond only that "the matter was resolved," or words to that effect. This paragraph does not restrict Class Counsel's communications with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.
- 13.3. No Solicitation. The Parties separately agree that they and their respective counsel and employees have not and will not solicit any Class Member to opt out of or object to the Settlement, or appeal from the Judgment. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to restrict Class Counsel's ability to communicate with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.
- 13.4. Integrated Agreement. Upon execution by all Parties and their counsel, this Agreement together with its attached exhibits shall constitute the entire agreement between the Parties relating to the Settlement, superseding any and all oral representations, warranties, covenants, or inducements made to or by any Party.
- 13.5. Cooperation. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts, in good faith, to implement the Settlement by, among other things, modifying the Settlement Agreement, submitting supplemental evidence and supplementing points and authorities as requested by the Court. In the event the Parties are unable to agree upon the form or content of any document necessary to implement the Settlement, or on any modification of the Agreement that may become necessary to implement the Settlement, the Parties will seek the assistance of a mediator and/or the Court for resolution.
- 13.6. Prior Assignments. The Parties separately represent and warrant that they have not directly or indirectly assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity and portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or right released and discharged by the Party in this Settlement.

- 13.7. No Tax Advice. Neither Plaintiffs, Class Counsel, Defendants nor Defense Counsel are providing any advice regarding taxes or taxability, nor shall anything in this Settlement be relied upon as such within the meaning of United States Treasury Department Circular 230 (31 CFR Part 10, as amended) or otherwise.
- 13.8. Modification of Agreement. This Agreement, and all parts of it, may be amended, modified, changed, or waived only by an express written instrument signed by all Parties and their representatives, and approved by the Court.
- 13.9. Agreement Binding on Successors. This Agreement will be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors of each of the Parties.
- 13.10. Applicable Law. All terms and conditions of this Agreement and its exhibits will be governed by and interpreted according to the internal laws of the state of California, without regard to conflict of law principles.
- 13.11. Cooperation in Drafting. The Parties have cooperated in the drafting and preparation of this Agreement. This Agreement will not be construed against any Party on the basis that the Party was the drafter or participated in the drafting.
- 13.12. Confidentiality. To the extent permitted by law, all agreements made, and orders entered during Action and in this Agreement relating to the confidentiality of information shall survive the execution of this Agreement.
- 13.13. Use and Return of Class Data. Information provided to Class Counsel pursuant to Cal. Evid. Code §1152, and all copies and summaries of the Class Data provided to Class Counsel by Defendants in connection with the mediation, other settlement negotiations, or in connection with the Settlement, may be used only with respect to this Settlement, and no other purpose, and may not be used in any way that violates any existing contractual agreement, statute, or rule of court. Not later than 90 days after the date when the Court discharges the Administrator's obligation to provide a Declaration confirming the final pay out of all Settlement funds, Plaintiffs shall destroy all paper and electronic versions of Class Data received from Defendants.
- 13.14. Headings. The descriptive heading of any section or paragraph of this Agreement is inserted for convenience of reference only and does not constitute a part of this Agreement.
- 13.15. Calendar Days. Unless otherwise noted, all reference to "days" in this Agreement shall be to calendar days. In the event any date or deadline set forth in this Agreement falls on a weekend or federal legal holiday, such date or deadline shall be on the first business day thereafter.
- 13.16. Notice. All notices, demands or other communications between the Parties in connection with this Agreement will be in writing and deemed to have been duly given

as of the third business day after mailing by United States mail, or the day sent by email or messenger, addressed as follows:

To Plaintiffs and the Class:

Norman B. Blumenthal
Kyle R. Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
2255 Calle Clara
La Jolla, CA 92037
Tel.: (858) 551-1223
Fax: (858) 551-1232
E-Mail: norm@bamlawca.com
kyle@bamlawca.com

To Defendants:

Nathan W. Austin
Sierra Vierra
Keelia K. Lee
Jackson Lewis P.C.
400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1600
Sacramento, CA 95814
Tel.: (916) 341-0404
Fax: (916) 341-0141
E-Mail: nathan.austin@jacksonlewis.com
sierra.vierra@jacksonlewis.com
keelia.lee@jacksonlewis.com

13.17. Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts by facsimile, electronically (i.e. DocuSign), or email which for purposes of this Agreement shall be accepted as an original. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument if counsel for the Parties will exchange between themselves signed counterparts. Any executed counterpart will be admissible in evidence to prove the existence and contents of this Agreement.

13.18. Stay of Litigation. The Parties agree that upon the execution of this Agreement the litigation shall be stayed, except to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. The Parties further agree that upon the signing of this Agreement, that pursuant to CCP section 583.330, the date to bring a case to trial under CCP section 583.310 shall be extended for a period of not less than one (1) year starting from the date of the signing of this Agreement by all Parties until the entry of the Final Approval Order and Judgment or if not entered the date this Agreement shall no longer be of any force or effect.

13.19. Fair Settlement. The Parties, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel believe and warrant that this Agreement reflects a fair, reasonable, and adequate settlement of the Action and have arrived at this Agreement through arms-length negotiations, taking into account all relevant factors, both current and potential.

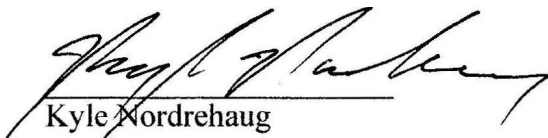
14. EXECUTION BY PARTIES AND COUNSEL

The Parties and their counsel hereby execute this Agreement.

Dated: 02/25/2026 
Angela Portillo (Feb 25, 2026 14:01:26 PST)
Plaintiff Angela Portillo

Dated: _____
Plaintiff Kisha Vazquez

Dated: _____
Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.

Dated: 2/26/26 
Kyle Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the Class

Dated: _____
Emil Davtyan
D.Law, Inc.
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the Class

Dated: _____
Nathan W. Austin
Sierra Vierra
Keelia K. Lee
Jackson Lewis P.C.
Attorney for Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.

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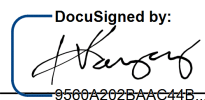
14. EXECUTION BY PARTIES AND COUNSEL

The Parties and their counsel hereby execute this Agreement.

Dated: _____

Plaintiff Angela Portillo

Dated: 2/25/2026

DocuSigned by:

9560A202BAA044B...

Plaintiff Kisha Vazquez

Dated: _____

Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.

Dated: _____

Kyle Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the
Class

Dated: _____

Emil Davtyan
D.Law, Inc.
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the
Class

Dated: _____

Nathan W. Austin
Sierra Vierra
Keelia K. Lee
Jackson Lewis P.C.
Attorney for Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley
Hospital, Inc.

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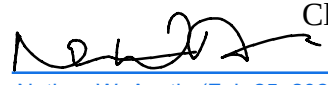
Dated: _____
Plaintiff Angela Portillo

Dated: _____
Plaintiff Kisha Vazquez

Date 02/25/2026 
[Amy Micheli, DNP, FNP \(Feb 25, 2026 05:34:32 PST\)](#)
Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.

Dated: _____
Kyle Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the Class

Dated: _____
Emil Davtyan
D.Law, Inc.
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the Class

Dated: _____ 
[Nathan W. Austin \(Feb 25, 2026 10:26:28 PST\)](#)
Nathan W. Austin
Sierra Vierra
Keelia K. Lee
Jackson Lewis P.C.
Attorney for Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.

13.19. Fair Settlement. The Parties, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel believe and warrant that this Agreement reflects a fair, reasonable, and adequate settlement of the Action and have arrived at this Agreement through arms-length negotiations, taking into account all relevant factors, both current and potential.

14. EXECUTION BY PARTIES AND COUNSEL

The Parties and their counsel hereby execute this Agreement.

Dated: _____

Plaintiff Angela Portillo

Dated: _____

Plaintiff Kisha Vazquez

Dated: _____

Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.

Dated: _____

Kyle Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the
Class

Dated: 02/25/2026



Emil Davtyan
D.Law, Inc.
Attorney for Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez and the
Class

Dated: _____

Nathan W. Austin
Sierra Vierra
Keelia K. Lee
Jackson Lewis P.C.
Attorney for Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley
Hospital, Inc.

EXHIBIT A

[NOTICE OF PROPOSED SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTION AND HEARING DATE FOR
FINAL COURT APPROVAL]

EXHIBIT “A”

**NOTICE OF PROPOSED SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTION
AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL**

Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez v. Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc.,
**Superior Court of the State of California,
County of Butte, Case No. 23CV03393**

*The Superior Court for the State of California authorized this Notice. Read it carefully!
It’s not junk mail, spam, an advertisement, or solicitation by a lawyer. You are not being sued.*

**YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS MAY BE AFFECTED WHETHER YOU ACT OR DO NOT
ACT. PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.**

You may be eligible to receive money from an employee class action lawsuit (“Action”) against Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc. (“Defendants”) for alleged wage and hour violations. The Action is brought by Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez (“Plaintiffs”) and seeks payment of (1) wages and other relief for a Class of all individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the Class Period. (December 7, 2019 through August 10, 2025) (“Class Members”), and (2) penalties under the California Private Attorney General Act (“PAGA”) for all individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the PAGA Period (September 27, 2022 through August 10, 2025) (“Aggrieved Employees”).

The proposed Settlement includes the following: (1) a Class Settlement requiring Defendants to fund Individual Class Payments to Class Members, and (2) a PAGA Settlement requiring the payment of PAGA Penalties to be allocated to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”) and to Aggrieved Employees.

Based on Defendants’ records, and the Parties’ current assumptions, **your Individual Class Payment is estimated to be <<\$ _____>> (less withholding) and your share of the PAGA Penalties (“Individual PAGA Payment”) is estimated to <<be \$ _____>>.** The actual amount you may receive likely will be different and will depend on a number of factors. (If no amount is stated for your Individual PAGA Payment, then according to Defendants’ records you are not eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment under the Settlement because you didn’t work during the PAGA Period.)

The above estimates are based on Defendants’ records showing that **you worked << _____>> Workweeks during the Class Period and you worked << _____>> PAGA Pay Periods.** If you believe that you worked more workweeks and/or pay periods during either period, you can submit a challenge by the deadline date. See Section 5 of this Notice below.

The Court has already preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement and approved this Notice. The Court has not yet decided whether to grant final approval. Your legal rights are affected whether you act or do not act. Read this Notice carefully. You will be deemed to have carefully

read and understood it. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will decide whether to finally approve the Settlement and how much of the Settlement will be paid to Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' attorneys ("Class Counsel"). The Court will also decide whether to enter a judgment that requires payments under the Settlement and requires Class Members and Aggrieved Employees to give up their rights to assert certain claims against Defendants.

If you worked for Defendants during the Class Period and/or the PAGA Period, you have two basic options under the Settlement:

- (1) **Do Nothing.** You don't have to do anything to participate in the proposed Settlement and be eligible for an Individual Class Payment and/or an Individual PAGA Payment. As a Participating Class Member, though, you will give up your right to assert Class Period wage claims and PAGA Period penalty claims (if any) against Defendants as described below in Section 4 below.
- (2) **Opt-Out of the Class Settlement.** You can exclude yourself from the Class Settlement (opt-out) by submitting the written Request for Exclusion or otherwise notifying the Administrator in writing. If you opt-out of the Settlement, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment. However, you will preserve your right to personally pursue wage claims against Defendants, and, if you are an Aggrieved Employee, remain eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement.

Defendants will not retaliate against you for any actions you take with respect to the proposed Settlement.

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:	
You Don't Have to Do Anything to Participate in the Settlement	If you do nothing, you will be a Participating Class Member, eligible for an Individual Class Payment and an Individual PAGA Payment (if any). In exchange, you will give up your right to assert the wage claims against Defendants that are covered by this Settlement (Released Class Claims). Additional information is set forth below.
You Can Opt-out of the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement The Opt-out Deadline is _____, 2026	If you don't want to fully participate in the proposed Settlement, you can opt-out of the Class Settlement by sending the Administrator a written Request for Exclusion. If you request exclusion, you will receive no money from the Settlement and you will not be bound by the Class Settlement. Once excluded, you will be a Non-Participating Class Member and no longer eligible for an Individual Class Payment. Non-Participating Class Members cannot object to any portion of the proposed Settlement. See Section 7 of this Notice. However, you cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement. If you are also an Aggrieved Employee and exclude yourself, you will still be paid your Individual PAGA Payment and

	will remain subject to the release of the Released PAGA Claims regardless of whether you submit a Request for Exclusion.
Participating Class Members Can Object to the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement Written Objections Must be Submitted by _____, 2026	All Class Members who do not opt-out (“Participating Class Members”) can object to any aspect of the proposed Settlement. The Court’s decision whether to finally approve the Settlement will include a determination of how much will be paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiffs who pursued the Action on behalf of the Class. You can object to the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiffs if you think they are unreasonable. See Section 8 of this Notice.
You Can Participate in the Final Approval Hearing	The Court’s Final Approval Hearing is scheduled to take place on _____, at _____ a.m., at the Butte County Superior Court, located at 1775 Concord Avenue, Chico, CA 95928, in Department 6 before Judge Stephen E. Benson. This hearing may change as explained below in Section 9. You don’t have to attend but you do have the right to appear (or hire an attorney to appear on your behalf at your own cost), in person or by using the Court’s virtual appearance platform. Participating Class Members can verbally object to the Settlement at the Final Approval Hearing. See Section 9 of this Notice
You Can Challenge the Calculation of Your Workweeks / PAGA Pay Periods Written Challenges Must be Submitted by _____	The amount of your Individual Class Payment and your Individual PAGA Payment (if any) depend on how many Workweeks you worked at least one day during the Class Period and how many PAGA Pay Periods you worked during the PAGA Period, respectively. The number of Workweeks during the Class Period and number of PAGA Period Pay Periods you worked according to Defendants’ records is stated on the first page of this Notice. If you disagree with either of these numbers, you must challenge it by _____, 2026. See Section 5 of this Notice

1. Why did I get this Notice?

A proposed class action settlement (the “Settlement”) of the above-captioned action pending in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Butte (the “Court”), has been reached between Plaintiffs and Defendants and has been granted preliminary approval by the Court. You may be entitled to receive money from this Settlement.

You have received this Notice because you have been identified as a member of the Class, which is defined as:

All individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the Class

Period (December 7, 2019 through August 10, 2025). The Class will not include any person who previously settled or released any of the claims covered by this Agreement, or any person who previously was paid or received awards through civil or administrative actions for the claims covered by the Agreement.

So far, the Court has made no determination whether Defendants or Plaintiffs are correct on the merits. In the meantime, Plaintiffs and Defendants hired an experienced, neutral mediator in an effort to resolve the Action by negotiating an to end the case by agreement (settle the case) rather than continuing the expensive and time-consuming process of litigation. The negotiations were successful. By signing a written Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”) and agreeing to jointly ask the Court to enter a judgment ending the Action and enforcing the Agreement, Plaintiffs and Defendants have negotiated a proposed Settlement that is subject to the Court’s Final Approval. Both sides agree the proposed Settlement is a compromise of disputed claims. By agreeing to settle, Defendants do not admit that they are liable in any way for any violations, nor do they concede the merit of any claims. Plaintiffs and Class Counsel strongly believe the Settlement is a good deal for you because they believe that: (1) Defendants have agreed to pay a fair, reasonable and adequate amount considering the strength of the claims and their defenses, and the risks and uncertainties of continued litigation; and (2) Settlement is in the best interests of the Class Members. The Court preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement as fair, reasonable and adequate, authorized this Notice, and scheduled a hearing to determine Final Approval.

2. What is this class action lawsuit about?

On December 7, 2023, Plaintiff Portillo filed a Complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte (“Action”). The Class Action asserted class claims for unfair competition, failure to pay minimum wages, failure to pay overtime wages, failure to provide required meal periods, failure to provide required rest periods, failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to reimburse employees for required expenses, failure to provide wages when due, and failure to pay sick wages.

On January 16, 2024, Plaintiff Portillo filed a separate representative action complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte (the “Portillo PAGA Action”), asserting a single cause of action for violation of the Private Attorney General Act, Cal. Labor Code §§ 2698, et seq. (“PAGA”). On March 7, 2024, Plaintiff Vazquez commenced a class action by filing a Complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Butte, Case No. 24CV00755, which asserted similar claims as in the Action (the “Vazquez Action”). On May 16, 2024, Plaintiff Vazquez filed a First Amended Class Action Complaint adding a claim for recovery of civil penalties for violation of PAGA in the Vazquez Action based on the allegations asserted in Plaintiff Vazquez’s March 7, 2024 notice to the LWDA

On August 26, 2024, the Court consolidated the Action, the Portillo PAGA Action, and the Vazquez Action, designating the Action as lead case for all purposes, On January 12, 2026, Plaintiffs filed a First Amended Consolidated Class and Representative Action Complaint in the Action, which alleges all causes of action sought in the Portillo PAGA Action, Vazquez Action, this Action, and all allegations set forth in the PAGA Notice. This First Amended Class and

Representative Action Complaint is referred to as the “Operative Complaint”.

Defendants deny that they have done anything wrong and dispute all the claims in the Action. For example, Defendants contend that Plaintiffs and the Class Members were, at all times, properly compensated for wages under California law; that Plaintiffs and the Class Members were provided with meal and rest periods in compliance with California law; that Defendants did not fail to pay to Plaintiffs or any Class Members any wages allegedly due during employment and at the time of their termination; that Defendants complied with California wage statement and record requirements; that Defendants did not violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200 *et seq.*; that Defendants are not liable for any of the penalties sought or that could have been sought in the Operative Complaint; and that this Action cannot be maintained as a class or representative action.

The Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement on <<INSERT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL DATE>>. At that time, the Court also preliminarily approved the Plaintiffs to serve as the Class Representatives, and the law firm of Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and D.Law, Inc. to serve as Class Counsel.

The Court has not ruled on the merits of Plaintiffs’ claims. However, to avoid additional expense, inconvenience, and interference with the business operations of Defendants, the Parties concluded that it is in their best interests and the interests of the Class to settle the Action now on the terms summarized in this Notice. The Settlement was reached after mediation and arm’s-length negotiations between the Parties. The Plaintiffs and Class Counsel think the settlement is in the best interest of all Class Members.

Accordingly, the Settlement constitutes a compromise of disputed claims and should not be construed as an admission of liability on the part of Defendants, who expressly deny all liability.

3. What are the terms of the Settlement?

Gross Settlement Amount. Defendants have agreed to pay an “all in” amount of Seven Hundred Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$730,000) (the “Gross Settlement Amount”) to fund the settlement of the Action. The Gross Settlement Amount includes all payments of Individual Class Payments to Participating Class Members, the Administration Expenses Payment, the Class Representative Service Payments, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the PAGA Penalties payment for civil penalties under PAGA. Any employer-side payroll taxes on the portion of the Individual Class Payments allocated to wages shall be separately paid by Defendants. Defendants shall fund the Gross Settlement Amount and all employer-side payroll taxes to the Administrator on the following scheduling following the Effective Date: the first payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid within 14 days of the Effective Date; the second payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid six months after the Effective Date; and the third and final payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid twelve months after the Effective Date. The Administrator will mail checks for all settlement payments within fourteen (14) days of the full funding of the settlement by Defendants.

Court Approved Deductions from Gross Settlement Amount. The proposed payments, subject to Court approval, will be deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount before payments of Individual Class Payments are made to Class Members who do not request exclusion (“Participating Class Members”). At the Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiffs and/or Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve the following deductions from the Gross Settlement, the amounts of which will be decided by the Court at the Final Approval Hearing:

- Administration Expenses Payment. Payment to the Administrator, estimated not to exceed \$11,000, for expenses, including expenses of notifying the Class Members of the Settlement, processing Request for Exclusions, and distributing settlement checks and tax forms.
- Attorneys’ Fees and Costs. Payment to Class Counsel of reasonable attorneys’ fees not to exceed one-third (1/3) of the Gross Settlement Amount, which presently equals \$243,333, and an additional amount to reimburse actual litigation costs incurred by the Plaintiff not to exceed \$30,000. Class Counsel has been prosecuting the Action on behalf of Plaintiffs and the Class on a contingency fee basis (that is, without being paid any money to date) and has been paying all litigation costs and expenses. The amounts stated are what Class Counsel will be requesting and the final amounts to be paid will be decided at the Final Approval Hearing. The attorneys’ fees awarded by the Court shall be allocated as follows: 70% to Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and 30% D.Law, Inc.
- Class Representative Service Payments. Class Representative Service Payments in an amount not more than \$10,000 each to the two named Plaintiffs as service awards, or such lesser amount as may be approved by the Court, to compensate them for services on behalf of the Class in initiating and prosecuting the Action, and for the risks they undertook. The amount stated is what Plaintiffs will be requesting and the final amount to be paid will be decided at the Final Approval Hearing.
- PAGA Penalties. A payment of \$20,000 relating to Plaintiffs’ claim under PAGA, 75% (\$15,000) of which will be paid to the State of California’s Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”). The remaining 25% (\$5,000) will be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees’ 25% share of PAGA Penalties (\$5,000) by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee’s PAGA Pay Periods. “PAGA Pay Period” means any pay period during which an Aggrieved Employee worked for Defendants for at least one day during the PAGA Period. The PAGA Period is September 27, 2022 through August 10, 2025.

Participating Class Members have the right to object to any of these deductions. The Court will consider all objections.

Calculation of Payments to Class Members. After all of the payments of the court-approved Attorneys’ Fees and Costs, the Class Representative Service Payment, the PAGA Penalties, and the Administration Expenses Payment are deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount, the

remaining portion, the “Net Settlement Amount”, shall be distributed as Individual Class Payments to the Participating Class Members. The Net Settlement Amount is estimated to be at least \$ [REDACTED]. The Administrator will pay an Individual Class Payment from the Net Settlement Amount to each Participating Class Member. The Individual Class Payment for each Participating Class Member calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member’s Workweeks. “Workweek” means any week during the Class Period in which a Class Member worked for Defendants as a Class Member for at least one day. The number of Workweeks will be based on Defendants’ records, however, Class Members may challenge the number of Workweeks worked as explained below.

If the Settlement is approved by the Court and you do not exclude yourself, you will automatically be mailed a check for your Individual Class Payment to the same address as this Class Notice. You do not have to do anything to receive a payment. If your address has changed, you must contact the Administrator to inform them of your correct address to ensure you receive your payment.

Tax Matters. Fifteen Percent (15%) of each Participating Class Member’s Individual Class Payment is in settlement of wage claims (the “Wage Portion”). Accordingly, the Wage Portion is subject to wage withholdings, and shall be reported on IRS Form W-2. Eighty-Five Percent (85%) of each Participating Class Member’s Individual Class Payment is in settlement of claims for alleged claims for non-wages, expense reimbursement, interest and penalties due to employees (collectively the “Non-Wage Portion”). The Non-Wage Portion and any Individual PAGA Payment shall not be subject to wage withholdings and shall be reported on IRS Form 1099. The employee portion of all applicable income and payroll taxes will be the responsibility of the Participating Class Members. Neither Class Counsel nor Defendants’ Counsel intend anything contained in this Class Notice to constitute advice regarding taxes or taxability. The tax issues for each Participating Class Member are unique to him/her, and each Participating Class Member may wish to consult a tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of the payments received under the Settlement.

Conditions of Settlement. This Settlement and your receipt of the Individual Class Payment are conditioned upon the Court entering an order granting final approval of the Settlement and entering a Judgment.

The Proposed Settlement Will be Void if the Court Denies Final Approval. It is possible the Court will decline to grant Final Approval of the Settlement or decline to enter a Judgment. It is also possible the Court will enter a Judgment that is reversed on appeal. Plaintiffs and Defendants have agreed that, in either case, the Settlement will be void: Defendants will not pay any money and Class Members will not release any claims against Defendants.

Need to Promptly Cash Payment Checks. The front of every check issued will show the date when the check expires (the void date). If you don’t cash it by the void date, your check will be automatically cancelled, and the funds represented by such checks to the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the individual who failed to cash their check.

4. What Do I Release Under the Settlement?

Released Class Claims. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount and funds all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, all Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties from the Released Class Claims. The “Released Class Claims” are all claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Operative Complaint which occurred during the Class Period, including claims for (1) failure to pay minimum and straight time wages (Labor Code sections 204, 1174, 1194 and 1194.2); (2) failure to pay overtime wages (Labor Code sections 204, 510, 1174, 1194, 1198); (3) failure to provide meal periods (Labor Code sections 226.7, 512); (4) failure to authorize and permit rest periods (Labor Code sections 226.7, 512); (5) failure to timely pay wages (Labor Code sections 200-203); (6) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements (Labor Code section 226); (7) failure to pay sick pay wages (Labor Code section 245, 246); (8) failure to pay vacation pay (Labor Code section 227.3); (9) unlawfully withheld wages (Labor Code section 221); (10) failure to maintain records (Labor Code section 1174, 1174.5); (11) unfair business practices (Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq.); (12) statutory penalties of any nature; (13) interest; (14) attorneys’ fees and costs; (15) and any other claims arising out of or related to the Operative Complaint filed in the Action during the Class Period. Except as expressly set forth in the Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers’ compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

This means that, if you do not timely and formally exclude yourself from the settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Defendants and any other Released Party about the Released Class Claims resolved by this Settlement. It also means that all of the Court’s orders in the Action will apply to you and legally bind you.

Released PAGA Claims. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount, all Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from the Released PAGA Claims. The “Released PAGA Claims” are all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Operative Complaint and the PAGA Notice, which occurred during the PAGA Period, including: PAGA claim for civil penalties due to any Labor Code violation by Defendants arising out of or related to the event alleged in the Operative Complaint and the PAGA Notice, including, but not limited to, Labor Code sections 90.5, 201, 202, 203, 204, 206.5, 210, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 225.4, 226, 226.2, 226.4, 226.7, 227.3, 233, 245, 246, 248.1, 248.2, 248.5, 432.5, 510, 511, 512, 515, 558, 558.1, 1174, 1174.5, 1182.12, 1185, 1194, 1194.1, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.5, 1198, 1198.5, 1199, 2802, 2926, 2927, and California Code of Regulations, Title 8, section 11000 et seq; California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 11040, Subdivision 5(A)-(B); California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 11070(14) (Failure to Provide Seating). Other than the claims alleged, the Released PAGA Claims do not include other PAGA claims, underlying wage and

hour claims, claims for wrongful termination, discrimination, unemployment insurance, disability and worker's compensation, and claims outside of the PAGA Period.

Released Parties. Released Parties are defined as: (i) Defendants; (ii) each of Defendants' respective past, present and future parents, subsidiaries, and affiliates including, without limitation, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, foundation, and non-profit entity which controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with Defendants; (iii) the past, present and future shareholders, directors, officers, agents, employees, attorneys, insurers, members, partners, managers, contractors, agents, consultants, representatives, administrators, fiduciaries, benefit plans, transferees, predecessors, successors, and assigns of any of the foregoing; and (iv) any individual or entity which could be jointly liable with any of the foregoing.

5. How much will my payment be?

Defendants' records reflect that you worked << _____ >> Workweeks during the Class Period (December 7, 2019 through August 10, 2025).

Based on this information, your estimated Individual Class Payment from the Net Settlement Amount is << _____ >>.

[Defendants' records reflect that you worked << _____ >> PAGA Pay Periods during the during the PAGA Period (September 27, 2022 through August 10, 2025). Based on this information your estimated Individual PAGA Payment is << _____ >>.]

If you wish to challenge the information set forth above, then you must submit a written, signed dispute challenging the information along with supporting documents, to the Administrator at the address provided in this Class Notice no later than the Response Deadline, which is _____ [sixty (60) days after the mailing of the Class Notice or an additional 14 days in the case of re-mailing]. You may also fax the dispute to _____ or email the dispute to _____ by no later than the Response Deadline. Any dispute should include credible written evidence and will be resolved by the Administrator.

6. How can I get a payment?

To get money from the Settlement, you do not have to do anything. A check for your Individual Class Payment will be mailed automatically to the same address as this Class Notice. If your address is incorrect or has changed, you must notify the Administrator. The Administrator is: Apex Class Action LLC, _____ (800) _____.

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing on _____, at _____ a.m. to decide whether to approve the Settlement and fix the amounts to be paid as attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel and as a service payment to Plaintiffs. If the Court approves the Settlement and there are no objections or appeals, payments will be mailed approximately one year after the hearing. If there are objections or appeals, resolving them can take time and delay the settlement, perhaps more than a year. Please be patient.

7. What if I don't want to be a part of the Settlement?

If you do not wish to participate in the Settlement, you may exclude yourself from the Settlement or “opt out.” **If you opt out, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment from the Settlement, and you will not be bound by its terms, which means you will retain the right to sue Defendants for the Released Class Claims.** However, Aggrieved Employees who opt out will still be paid their Individual PAGA Payment and will remain bound by the release of the Released PAGA Claims regardless of whether they submit a request for exclusion.

To opt out of the class portion of the settlement, you must submit to the Administrator a written, signed and dated request for exclusion (“opt-out”) postmarked no later than the Response Deadline which is _____ [sixty (60) days after the mailing of the Class Notice or an additional 14 days in the case of re-mailing]. You may also fax your request to opt out to _____ or email to _____ by no later than the Response Deadline. The request to opt-out should state in substance that you wish to be excluded from the class settlement in the *Portillo v. Orchard Hospital* lawsuit. The request to opt-out should state the Class Member’s full name, address, and telephone number or email address. Please include the name and number of the case, which is *Portillo v. Orchard Hospital*, Case No. 23CV03393. The request to opt-out must be completed and signed by you. No other person may opt-out for a living member of the Class.

The address for the Administrator is _____. Written requests for exclusion that are postmarked after _____, or are incomplete or unsigned will be rejected, and those Class Members will remain bound by the Settlement and the release described above.

8. How do I Object to the Settlement?

Only Participating Class Members have the right to object to the Settlement. At least sixteen (16) court days before the Final Approval Hearing, scheduled for _____, Class Counsel and Plaintiffs will file in Court a Motion for Final Approval that includes, among other things, the reasons why the proposed Settlement is fair, and a request stating (i) the amount Class Counsel is requesting for attorneys’ fees and litigation expenses; and (ii) the amount Plaintiffs are requesting as Class Representative Service Payments. Upon reasonable request, Class Counsel (whose contact information is below) will send you copies of these documents at no cost to you. You can also view them on Class Counsel’s website at www.bamlawca.com under “Class Notices” for *Portillo v. Orchard Hospital* or on the Court’s website via the Register of Actions page for the California Superior Court for the County of Butte (<https://www.butte.courts.ca.gov/online-services/case-information>) and entering the Case No. 23CV03393.

A Participating Class Member who disagrees with any aspect of the Agreement, the Motion for Final Approval, or the attorneys’ fees, litigation expenses and service payments may wish to object, for example, that the proposed Settlement is unfair, or that the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiffs are too high or too low. **The Response Deadline for sending written objections to the Administrator is _____** [sixty (60) days after the mailing of the Class Notice or an additional 14 days in the case of re-mailing]. You may also fax the

dispute to _____ or email to _____. Be sure to tell the Administrator what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. Make sure you identify the Action, *Portillo v. Orchard Hospital*, Case No. 23CV03393, and include your name, current address, telephone number, email address, and approximate dates of employment for Defendants and sign the objection. The Administrator's contact information is as follows:

Administrator:

Name of Company: Apex Class Action LLC

Email Address: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Fax Number: _____

Alternatively, a Participating Class Member can object (or personally retain a lawyer to object at your own cost) by attending the Final Approval Hearing. You (or your attorney) should be ready to tell the Court what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. If you do wish to appear at the hearing, check the Court's website for the most current information concerning appearances and procedures at the Court - <https://www.butte.courts.ca.gov/online-services/remote-appearances>. You may also have the option to appear at the hearing by audio or video. For assistance in making an appearance at the Final Approval Hearing, please contact Class Counsel below. See Section 9 of this Notice (immediately below) for specifics regarding the Final Approval Hearing.

The addresses for Parties' counsel are as follows:

CLASS COUNSEL:

Kyle Nordrehaug

Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik DeBlouw
LLP

2255 Calle Clara

La Jolla, CA 92037

Tel.: (858) 551-1223

Fax: (858) 551-1232

E-Mail: kyle@bamlawca.com

D.LAW, INC.

David Yeremian

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880 E Broadway

Glendale, CA 91205

Telephone: (818) 962-6465

Email: d.yeremian@d.law; emil@d.law

COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANTS:

Nathan W. Austin

Sierra Vierra

Keelia K. Lee

Jackson Lewis P.C

400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1600

Sacramento, CA 95814

9. Can I Attend the Final Approval Hearing?

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing at _____ a.m. (Pacific Standard Time) on

_____, in Department 6 of the Superior Court of California, County of Butte, located at 1775 Concord Avenue, Chico, California 95928, before Judge Stephen E. Benson. At this hearing, the Court will consider whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The purpose of this hearing is for the Court to determine whether to grant final approval of the Settlement and to fix the amounts to be paid as attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel and as service payments to Plaintiffs. If there are objections, the Court will consider them. **You are not required to attend** the Final Approval Hearing, although any Class Member is welcome to attend the hearing. Check the Court's website for the most current information concerning appearances and procedures at the Court - <https://www.butte.courts.ca.gov/online-services/remote-appearances>.

It's possible the Court will reschedule the Final Approval Hearing. If the hearing is continued, notice will be posted on Class Counsel's website at www.bamlawca.com under "Class Notices" for *Portillo v. Orchard Hospital*. In addition, hearing dates are posted on the Internet via the Register of Actions page for the California Superior Court for the County of Butte (<https://www.butte.courts.ca.gov/online-services/case-information>) and entering the Case No. 23CV03393.

10. How Can I Get More Information?

You may call the Administrator at _____ or write to *Portillo v. Orchard Hospital* Administrator, c/o _____.

This Class Notice summarizes the proposed settlement. More details are in the Agreement. You may receive a copy of the Agreement, the Judgment, the motion for attorneys' fees, costs and service awards, the motion for final approval or other Settlement documents by going to Class Counsel's website at www.bamlawca.com under "Class Notices" for *Portillo v. Orchard Hospital*, where these documents will be posted as they become available. You may also get more details by examining the Court's file on the Internet via the Register of Actions for the Butte County Superior Court (<https://www.butte.courts.ca.gov/online-services/case-information>) and entering the Case No. 23CV03393. If you wish to view the Court files in person, you must go to the Clerk's Office at the North Butte County Courthouse, 1775 Concord Avenue, Chico, CA 95928.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

IMPORTANT:

- **What if Your Address Changes** - To receive your check, you should immediately notify the Administrator if you move or otherwise change your mailing address.
- **What if You Fail To Cash Your Check** - Settlement checks will be null and void 180 days after issuance if not deposited or cashed, and this expiration date is printed on the check. If you fail to cash your check by the expiration date, the Administrator shall direct the unclaimed funds to be paid to the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in your name. The funds may be claimed at https://www.sco.ca.gov/upd_msg.html.

- **What if You Lose Your Check** - If your check is lost or misplaced, you should contact the Administrator immediately to request a replacement.

EXHIBIT B

[ORDER GRANTING PRELIMINARY APPROVAL]

EXHIBIT "B"

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF BUTTE

ANGELA PORTILLO and KISHA
VAZQUEZ, individuals, on behalf of
themselves and on behalf of all persons
similarly situated, and on behalf of the State of
California, as a private attorney general,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

ORCHARD HOSPITAL, a California
Corporation; ORCHARD GRIDLEY
HOSPITAL, INC., a Corporation; and DOES
1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

CASE NO.: **23CV03393**
[Consolidated with 24CV00173 and
24CV00755]

**[PROPOSED] PRELIMINARY
APPROVAL ORDER**

Hearing Date:
Hearing Time:

Judge: Hon. Stephen E. Benson
Dept.: 6

Date Action Filed: December 7, 2023
Trial Date: Not set

PRELIMINARY APPROVAL ORDER

1 This matter, having come before the Honorable Stephen E. Benson of the Superior Court
2 of the State of California, in and for the County Butte, on _____[DATE], for the motion by
3 Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez (“Plaintiffs”) for preliminary approval of the class
4 settlement with Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc. (“Defendants”).
5 The Court, having considered the briefs, argument of counsel and all matters presented to the
6 Court and good cause appearing, hereby GRANTS Plaintiffs’ Motion for Preliminary Approval of
7 Class Action Settlement.

8
9 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:**

10 1. The Court preliminarily approves the Class Action and PAGA Settlement
11 Agreement (“Agreement”) attached as Exhibit ____ to the Declaration of Kyle Nordrehaug in
12 Support of Plaintiffs’ Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement. This is based
13 on the Court’s determination that the Settlement set forth in the Agreement is within the range of
14 possible final approval, pursuant to the provisions of Section 382 of the California Code of Civil
15 Procedure and California Rules of Court, rule 3.769.

16 2. This Order incorporates by reference the definitions in the Agreement, and all
17 terms defined therein shall have the same meaning in this Order as set forth in the Agreement.

18 3. The Gross Settlement Amount is Seven Hundred Thirty Thousand Dollars
19 (\$730,000). It appears to the Court on a preliminary basis that the settlement amount and terms
20 are fair, adequate and reasonable as to all potential Class Members when balanced against the
21 probable outcome of further litigation and the significant risks relating to certification, liability and
22 damages issues. It further appears that investigation and research have been conducted such that
23 counsel for the Parties are able to reasonably evaluate their respective positions. It further appears
24 to the Court that settlement at this time will avoid substantial additional costs by all Parties, as
25 well as avoid the delay and risks that would be presented by the further prosecution of the Action.
26 It further appears that the Settlement has been reached as the result of serious and non-collusive,
27 arms-length negotiations. The Court therefore preliminarily finds that the Settlement is fair,

adequate, and reasonable when balanced against the probable outcome of further litigation and the significant risks relating to certification, liability, and damages issues.

4. The Agreement specifies an attorneys' fees award not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount, an award of litigation expenses incurred, not to exceed \$30,000, and proposed Class Representative Service Payments to the Plaintiffs. The Court will not approve the amount of attorneys' fees and costs, nor the amount of any service award, until the Final Approval Hearing.

5. The Court recognizes that Plaintiffs and Defendants stipulate and agree to certification of a class for settlement purposes only. This stipulation will not be deemed admissible in this or any other proceeding should this Settlement not become final. For settlement purposes only, the Court conditionally certifies the following Class: "all individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the Class Period." The Class Period is December 7, 2019 through August 10, 2025. The Class does not include any person who previously settled or released any of the claims covered by this Agreement, or any person who previously was paid or received awards through civil or administrative actions for the claims covered by the Agreement.

6. The Court concludes that, for settlement purposes only, the Class meets the requirements for certification under section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure in that: (a) the Class is ascertainable and so numerous that joinder of all members of the Class is impracticable; (b) common questions of law and fact predominate, and there is a well-defined community of interest amongst the members of the Class with respect to the subject matter of the litigation; (c) the claims of the Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the members of the Class; (d) the Plaintiffs can fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class; (e) a class action is superior to other available methods for the efficient resolution of this controversy; and (f) counsel for the Class is qualified to act as counsel for the Class and the Plaintiffs are adequate representatives of the Class.

7. The Court provisionally appoints Plaintiffs as the representatives of the Class. The

1 Court provisionally appoints Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and D.Law, Inc.
2 as Class Counsel for the Class.

3 8. The Court hereby approves, as to form and content, the Court Approved Notice of
4 Proposed Settlement of Class Action and Hearing Date for Final Court Approval (“Class Notice”)
5 attached to the Agreement as Exhibit A. The Court finds that the Class Notice appears to fully and
6 accurately inform the Class of all material elements of the proposed Settlement, of the Class
7 Members’ right to be excluded from the Class by submitting a written opt-out request, and of each
8 Class Member’s right and opportunity to object to the Settlement. The Court further finds that the
9 distribution of the Class Notice substantially in the manner and form set forth in the Agreement
10 and this Order meets the requirements of due process, is the best notice practicable under the
11 circumstances, and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto. The
12 Court orders the mailing of the Class Notice by first class mail, pursuant to the terms set forth in
13 the Agreement.

14 9. The Court hereby appoints Apex Class Action LLC as the Administrator. No later
15 than fifteen (15) days after the Court enters this order granting preliminary approval of the
16 Settlement, Defendants shall provide to the Administrator an electronic spreadsheet with the Class
17 Data. The Administrator will perform address updates and verifications as necessary prior to the
18 mailing of the Class Notice. Using best efforts to mail it as soon as possible, and in no event later
19 than 14 days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will mail the Class Notice Packets
20 to all Class Members via first-class U.S. Mail. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator
21 shall update Class Member addresses using the National Change of Address database.

22 10. The Court hereby preliminarily approves the proposed procedure for exclusion
23 from the Settlement. Any Class Member may individually choose to opt out of and be excluded
24 from the Class as provided in the Class Notice by following the instructions for requesting
25 exclusion from the Class that are set forth in the Class Notice. All Requests for Exclusion must be
26 postmarked by no later than the Response Deadline, which is sixty (60) calendar days after the
27 date of the mailing of the Class Notice and be received by the Administrator. If the Class Notice
28

1 Packet is re-mailed, the Response Deadline will be extended an additional 14 days. Any such
2 person who chooses to opt out of and be excluded from the Class will not be entitled to any
3 recovery under the Settlement and will not be bound by the class portion of the Settlement or have
4 any right to object, appeal or comment thereon. Class Members who have not requested exclusion
5 shall be bound by all determinations of the Court, the Agreement and the Judgment. A Request
6 for Exclusion may only opt out that particular individual, and any attempt to effect an opt out of a
7 group, class, or subclass of individuals is not permitted and will be deemed invalid. Subject to the
8 Court's final approval of the Settlement, the Aggrieved Employees will be paid their allocation of
9 the PAGA Penalties and will remain bound by the release of the Released PAGA Claims,
10 regardless of whether they opt out of the class portion of the Settlement.

11 11. Any Class Member who has not opted out ("Participating Class Member") may
12 appear at the final approval hearing and may object or express their views regarding the
13 Settlement and may present evidence and file briefs or other papers that may be proper and
14 relevant to the issues to be heard and determined by the Court as provided in the Notice.
15 Participating Class Members will have until the Response Deadline, which is sixty (60) calendar
16 days from the date of the mailing of the Class Notices, to submit their written objections to the
17 Administrator in accordance with the instructions in the Class Notice. If the Class Notice Packet
18 is re-mailed, the Response Deadline for written objections will be extended an additional 14 days.
19 Alternatively, Participating Class Members may appear at the Final Approval Hearing to make an
20 oral objection.

21 12. A Final Approval Hearing shall be held before this Court on _____
22 _____, at _____ a.m. in Department 6 at the Butte County Superior Court to
23 determine all necessary matters concerning the Settlement, including: whether the proposed
24 settlement of the Action on the terms and conditions provided for in the Agreement is fair,
25 adequate and reasonable and should be finally approved by the Court; whether the Final Approval
26 Order and Judgment should be entered herein; whether the plan of allocation contained in the
27 Agreement should be approved as fair, adequate and reasonable to the Class Members; and to
28

1 finally approve attorneys' fees and costs, the service awards, and the expenses of the
2 Administrator. All papers in support of the motion for final approval and for attorneys' fees, costs
3 and service awards, to be heard at the Final Approval Hearing, shall be filed with the Court and
4 served on all counsel no later than sixteen (16) court days before the hearing.

5 13. Neither the Settlement nor any exhibit, document, or instrument delivered
6 thereunder shall be construed as a concession or admission by Defendants in any way that the
7 claims asserted have any merit or that this Action was properly brought as a class or representative
8 action, and shall not be used as evidence of, or used against Defendants as, an admission or
9 indication in any way, including with respect to any claim of any liability, wrongdoing, fault or
10 omission by Defendants or with respect to the truth of any allegation asserted by any person.
11 Defendants have denied that it has done anything wrong and disputes all the claims in this Action.
12 Whether or not the Settlement is finally approved, neither the Settlement, nor any exhibit,
13 document, statement, proceeding or conduct related to the Settlement, nor any reports or accounts
14 thereof, shall in any event be construed as, offered or admitted in evidence as, received as or
15 deemed to be evidence for any purpose adverse to the Defendants, including, but not limited to,
16 evidence of a presumption, concession, indication or admission by Defendants of any liability,
17 fault, wrongdoing, omission, concession or damage.

18 14. In the event the Settlement does not become effective in accordance with the terms
19 of the Agreement, or the Settlement is not finally approved, or is terminated, canceled or fails to
20 become effective for any reason, this Order shall be rendered null and void and shall be vacated,
21 and the Parties shall revert to their respective positions as of before entering into the Agreement,
22 and expressly reserve their respective rights regarding the prosecution and defense of this Action,
23 including all available defenses and affirmative defenses, and arguments that any claim in the
24 Action could not be certified as a class action and/or managed as a representative action. In such
25 an event, the Court's orders regarding the Settlement, including this Order, shall not be used or
26 referred to in litigation for any purpose.

1 15. The Court reserves the right to adjourn or continue the date of the final approval
2 hearing and all dates provided for in the Agreement without further notice to Class Members and
3 retains jurisdiction to consider all further applications arising out of or connected with the
4 proposed Settlement.

5 16. The Action is otherwise stayed and all trial and related pre-trial dates, if any, are
6 vacated, subject to further orders of the Court at the Final Approval Hearing.

7 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

8
9 Dated: _____

HON. STEPHEN E. BENSON
JUDGE, SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

EXHIBIT C

[FINAL APPROVAL ORDER AND JUDGMENT]

EXHIBIT "C"

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF BUTTE

ANGELA PORTILLO and KISHA
VAZQUEZ, individuals, on behalf of
themselves and on behalf of all persons
similarly situated, and on behalf of the State of
California, as a private attorney general,

Plaintiff,

vs.

ORCHARD HOSPITAL, a California
Corporation; ORCHARD GRIDLEY
HOSPITAL, INC., a Corporation; and DOES
1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

CASE NO.: **23CV03393**

[*Consolidated with 24CV00173 and
24CV00755*]

**[PROPOSED] FINAL APPROVAL
ORDER AND JUDGMENT**

Hearing Date:

Hearing Time:

Judge: Hon. Stephen E. Benson

Dept.: 6

Date Action Filed: December 7, 2023

Trial Date: Not set

1 The motion of Plaintiffs Angela Portillo and Kisha Vazquez (“Plaintiffs”) for an order
2 finally approving the Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”) with
3 Defendants Orchard Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc. (“Defendants”) and for an award
4 of attorneys’ fees and costs, service payments, and the fees of the Administrator duly came on for
5 hearing on _____ before the Honorable Stephen E. Benson.

6 **I.**

7 **FINDINGS**

8 Based on the oral and written argument and evidence presented in connection with the
9 motion, the Court makes the following findings:

- 10 1. All terms used herein shall have the same meaning as defined in the Agreement.
- 11 2. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this litigation pending before
12 the California Superior Court for the County of Butte, and over all Parties to this litigation,
13 including the Class.
- 14 3. Based on a review of the papers submitted by Plaintiff and a review of the
15 applicable law, the Court finds that the Gross Settlement Amount of Seven Hundred Thirty
16 Thousand Dollars (\$730,000) and the terms set forth in the Agreement are fair, reasonable, and
17 adequate.
- 18 4. The Court further finds that the Settlement was the result of arm’s length
19 negotiations conducted after Class Counsel had adequately investigated the claims and became
20 familiar with the strengths and weaknesses of those claims. In particular, the amount of the
21 Settlement, the significant risks relating to certification, liability, and damages issues, and the
22 assistance of an experienced mediator in the settlement process, among other factors, support the
23 Court’s conclusion that the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate.

24 **Preliminary Approval of the Settlement**

- 25 5. On _____, the Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement. At
26 this same time, the Court approved conditional certification of the Class for settlement purposes
27 only.

1 **Notice to the Class**

2 6. In compliance with the Preliminary Approval Order, the Class Notice was mailed
3 by first class mail to members of the Class at their last known addresses on or about
4 _____. Mailing of the Class Notice to their last known addresses was the best notice
5 option under the circumstances and was reasonably calculated to communicate actual notice of the
6 litigation and the proposed settlement to the Class. The Class Notice given to the Class Members
7 fully and accurately informed the Class Members of all material elements of the proposed
8 Settlement and of their opportunity to object to or comment thereon or to seek exclusion from the
9 Settlement; constituted valid, due, and sufficient notice to all Class Members; and complied fully
10 with the laws of the State of California, the United States Constitution, due process and other
11 applicable law. The Class Notice fairly and adequately described the Settlement and provided
12 Class Members adequate instructions and a variety of means to obtain additional information.

13 7. The Response Deadline for opting out of the Class or submitting written objections
14 to the Settlement was _____, which was extended by 14 days for re-mailed Class
15 Notices. There was an adequate interval between mailing of the Class Notice and the response
16 deadline to permit Class Members to choose what to do and act on their decision. A full
17 opportunity has been afforded to the Participating Class Members to participate in this hearing,
18 and all Participating Class Members and other persons wishing to be heard have been heard. Class
19 Members also have had a full and fair opportunity to exclude themselves from the proposed
20 Settlement and Class. Accordingly, the Court determines that all Class Members who did not
21 timely and properly submit a request for exclusion are bound by the Settlement and this Final
22 Approval Order and Judgment.

23 **Fairness Of Settlement**

24 8. The Agreement is entitled to a presumption of fairness. *Dunk v. Ford Motor Co.*
25 48 Cal.App.4th 1794, 1801 (1996).

26 a. The settlement was reached through arm's-length bargaining between the
27 parties during an all-day mediation before Hon. Carl J. West (ret.), a respected and experienced
28

mediator of wage and hour class actions. There has been no collusion between the parties in reaching the proposed settlement.

b. Plaintiffs' investigation and discovery have been sufficient to allow the Court and counsel to act intelligently.

c. Counsel for all parties are experienced in similar employment class action litigation. All counsel recommended approval of the Agreement.

d. The percentage of objectors and requests for exclusion is small. _____ objections were received. _____ requests for exclusion were received.

e. The participation rate was high. _____ Participating Class Members will be mailed a settlement payment, representing _____% of the overall Class.

9. The consideration to be given to the Class Members under the terms of the Agreement is fair, reasonable and adequate considering the strengths and weaknesses of the claims asserted in this action and is fair, reasonable and adequate compensation for the release of Class Members' claims, given the uncertainties and significant risks of the litigation and the delays which would ensue from continued prosecution of the action.

10. The Agreement is approved as fair, adequate and reasonable and in the best interests of the Class Members.

Attorneys' Fees and Costs

11. An award of \$243,333 for attorneys' fees, representing one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount, and \$_____ for litigation costs and expenses, is reasonable, in light of the contingent nature of Class Counsel's fee, the hours worked by Class Counsel, and the results achieved by Class Counsel. The requested awards have been supported by Class Counsel's lodestar and billing statement.

Class Representative Service Payments

12. The Agreement provides for a Class Representative Service Payments of not more than \$10,000 each to the Plaintiffs, subject to the Court's approval. The Court finds that Class Representative Service Payments in the amount of \$_____ each to the Plaintiffs are reasonable in

1 light of the risks and burdens undertaken by the Plaintiffs in the litigation and for their time and
2 effort in bringing and prosecuting this matter on behalf of the Class.

3 **Administration Expenses Payment**

4 13. The Administrator shall calculate and administer the payment to be made to the
5 Participating Class Members in the manner set forth in the Agreement, transmit payment for
6 attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel, transmit the Class Representative Service Payments to
7 the Plaintiffs, distribute the PAGA Penalties, issue any required tax reporting forms, calculate
8 withholdings and perform the other remaining duties set forth in the Agreement. The
9 Administrator has documented \$ _____ in fees and expenses, and this amount is reasonable in
10 light of the work performed by the Administrator.

11 **PAGA Penalties**

12 14. The Agreement provides for PAGA Penalties out of the Gross Settlement Amount
13 of \$20,000, which shall be allocated with 75% (\$15,000) allocated to the LWDA PAGA Payment
14 and 25% (\$5,000) allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments to be distributed to the Aggrieved
15 Employees. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the
16 amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties (\$5,000) by the total number
17 of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b)
18 multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Pay Periods. "Aggrieved
19 Employees" are all individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were
20 classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the PAGA Period
21 (September 27, 2022 through August 10, 2025). The Court finds the PAGA Penalties to be
22 reasonable. All Aggrieved Employees will be sent their share of the PAGA Penalties and will be
23 subject to the release of the Released PAGA Claims as set forth below, whether or not they opt out
24 of the Settlement.

25 **II.**

26 **ORDERS**

27 Based on the foregoing findings, and good cause appearing, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

1 15. The certification of the Class for the purposes of settlement is confirmed. The
2 Class is defined as follows:

3 All individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were
4 classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the Class
5 Period (December 7, 2019 through August 10, 2025). The Class will not include
6 any person who previously settled or released any of the claims covered by this
Agreement, or any person who previously was paid or received awards through
civil or administrative actions for the claims covered by the Agreement.

7 16. All persons who meet the foregoing definition are members of the Class, except for
8 those individuals who filed a valid request for exclusion (“opt out”) from the Class.

9 17. The Agreement is hereby finally approved as fair, reasonable, adequate, and in the
10 best interest of the Class. Defendants shall fund the Gross Settlement Amount and all employer-
11 side payroll taxes to the Administrator on the following scheduling following the Effective Date:
12 the first payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid within 14 days of the Effective Date;
13 the second payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid six months after the Effective
14 Date; and the third and final payment of one third of the amount due shall be paid twelve months
15 after the Effective Date.

16 18. Class Counsel are awarded attorneys' fees in the amount of \$243,333 and costs in
17 the amount of \$_____. Class Counsel shall not seek or obtain any other compensation or
18 reimbursement from Defendants, Plaintiffs or members of the Class.

19 19. The payment of the Class Representative Service Payments in the amount of
20 \$_____ each to the Plaintiffs is approved.

21 20. The payment of \$_____ to the Administrator for their fees and expenses
22 is approved.

23 21. The PAGA Penalties in the amount of \$20,000 are approved and shall be allocated
24 in accordance with the Agreement.

25 22. The Agreement and this Settlement are not an admission by Defendants, nor is this
26 Final Approval Order and Judgment a finding, of the validity of any claims in the Action or of any
27 wrongdoing by Defendants or that this Action is appropriate for class treatment (other than for
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1 settlement purposes). Neither this Final Approval Order and Judgment, the Agreement, nor any
2 document referred to herein, nor any action taken to carry out the Agreement is, may be construed
3 as, or may be used as an admission by or against Defendants of any fault, wrongdoing or liability
4 whatsoever. Defendants have denied liability in any way for any violations and dispute all the
5 claims in this Action. The entering into or carrying out of the Agreement, and any negotiations or
6 proceedings related thereto, shall not in any event be construed as, or deemed to be evidence of, an
7 admission or concession with regard to the denials or defenses by Defendants. Notwithstanding
8 these restrictions, Defendants may file in the Action or in any other proceeding this Final
9 Approval Order and Judgment, the Agreement, or any other papers and records on file in the
10 Action as evidence of the Settlement to support a defense of res judicata, collateral estoppel,
11 release, or other theory of claim or issue preclusion or similar defense as to the Released Class
12 Claims and/or the Released PAGA Claims.

13 23. Notice of entry of this Final Approval Order and Judgment shall be given to all
14 Parties by Class Counsel on behalf of Plaintiff and all Class Members. The Final Approval Order
15 and Judgment shall be posted on Class Counsel's website as set forth in the Class Notice to the
16 Class. It shall not be necessary to send notice of entry of this Final Approval Order and Judgment
17 to individual Class Members. Plaintiffs shall serve this Final Approval Order and Judgment on
18 the LWDA.

19 24. If the Agreement does not become final and effective in accordance with the terms
20 of the Agreement, then this Final Approval Order and Judgment, and all orders entered in
21 connection herewith, shall be rendered null and void and shall be vacated, and the Parties shall
22 revert to their respective positions as of before entering into the Agreement, and expressly reserve
23 their respective rights regarding the prosecution and defense of this Action, including all available
24 defenses and affirmative defenses, and arguments that any claim in the Action could not be
25 certified as a class action and/or managed as a representative action.

26 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDICATED AND DECREED THAT:**

1 25. Except as set forth in the Agreement and this Final Approval Order and Judgment,
2 Plaintiff, and all members of the Class, shall take nothing in the Action.

3 26. Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 664.6, the Court shall retain
4 jurisdiction to construe, interpret, implement and enforce the Agreement, to hear and resolve any
5 contested challenge to a claim for settlement benefits, and to supervise and adjudicate any dispute
6 arising from or in connection with the distribution of settlement benefits.

7 27. Each party shall bear its own attorneys' fees and costs, except as otherwise
8 provided in the Agreement and in this Final Approval Order and Judgment.

9 28. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement
10 Amount and fund all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class
11 Payments, all Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former
12 and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns,
13 release Released Parties from the Released Class Claims. The "Released Class Claims" are all
14 claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the
15 Operative Complaint which occurred during the Class Period, including claims for (1) failure to
16 pay minimum and straight time wages (Labor Code sections 204, 1174, 1194 and 1194.2); (2)
17 failure to pay overtime wages (Labor Code sections 204, 510, 1174, 1194, 1198); (3) failure to
18 provide meal periods (Labor Code sections 226.7, 512); (4) failure to authorize and permit rest
19 periods (Labor Code sections 226.7, 512); (5) failure to timely pay wages (Labor Code sections
20 200-203); (6) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements (Labor Code section 226); (7)
21 failure to pay sick pay wages (Labor Code section 245, 246); (8) failure to pay vacation pay
22 (Labor Code section 227.3); (9) unlawfully withheld wages (Labor Code section 221); (10) failure
23 to maintain records (Labor Code section 1174, 1174.5); (11) unfair business practices (Business &
24 Professions Code sections 17200 et seq.); (12) statutory penalties of any nature; (13) interest; (14)
25 attorneys' fees and costs; (15) and any other claims arising out of or related to the Operative
26 Complaint filed in the Action during the Class Period. Except as expressly set forth in this
27 Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for
28

1 vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act,
2 unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on
3 facts occurring outside the Class Period or any Individual Claims, which are subject to two
4 separate Settlement Agreement and General Releases.

5 29. "Released Parties" are defined as: (i) Defendants; (ii) each of Defendants'
6 respective past, present and future parents, subsidiaries, and affiliates including, without
7 limitation, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, foundation, and non-
8 profit entity which controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with Defendants; (iii) the
9 past, present and future shareholders, directors, officers, agents, employees, attorneys, insurers,
10 members, partners, managers, contractors, agents, consultants, representatives, administrators,
11 fiduciaries, benefit plans, transferees, predecessors, successors, and assigns of any of the
12 foregoing; and (iv) any individual or entity which could be jointly liable with any of the foregoing.

13 30. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement
14 Amount. all Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves
15 and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators,
16 successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from the Released PAGA Claims. The "Released
17 PAGA Claims" are all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have
18 been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Operative Complaint and the PAGA Notice, which
19 occurred during the PAGA Period, including: PAGA claim for civil penalties due to any Labor
20 Code violation by Defendants arising out of or related to the event alleged in the Operative
21 Complaint and the PAGA Notice, including, but not limited to, Labor Code sections 90.5, 201,
22 202, 203, 204, 206.5, 210, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 225.4, 226, 226.2, 226.4, 226.7, 227.3, 233,
23 245, 246, 248.1, 248.2, 248.5, 432.5, 510, 511, 512, 515, 558, 558.1, 1174, 1174.5, 1182.12, 1185,
24 1194, 1194.1, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.5, 1198, 1198.5, 1199, 2802, 2926, 2927, and California
25 Code of Regulations, Title 8, section 11000 et seq; California Code of Regulations, Title 8,
26 Section 11040, Subdivision 5(A)-(B); California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 11070(14)
27 (Failure to Provide Seating). Other than the claims alleged, the Released PAGA Claims do not
28

1 include other PAGA claims, underlying wage and hour claims, claims for wrongful termination,
2 discrimination, unemployment insurance, disability and worker's compensation, and claims
3 outside of the PAGA Period or any Individual Claims, which are subject to two separate
4 Settlement Agreement and General Releases.

5 31. As of the Effective Date and upon full funding of the Gross Settlement Amount by
6 Defendants, Plaintiffs release and discharge the Defendants and the Released Parties as to the
7 Plaintiffs' Release, as set forth fully in paragraph 6 of the Agreement.

8 **LET JUDGMENT BE FORTHWITH ENTERED ACCORDINGLY. IT IS SO ORDERED.**

9
10 Dated: _____

11 _____
12 HON. STEPHEN E. BENSON
13 JUDGE, SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA
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EXHIBIT #3

Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik DeBlouw LLP

2255 CALLE CLARA
LA JOLLA, CA - California 92037-3107

INVOICE

Invoice # 1
Date: 07/23/2026
Due On: 08/22/2026

Angela Portillo
265 Park St
Gridley, CA 95948

CA3105

Orchard Hospital

Services

Attorney	Date	Notes	Quantity	Rate	Total
NDB	09/08/2023	Review and analyze original intake notes. Review facts and law. Research related litigation. Review and research Defendant's business operations in CA. Discuss with Plaintiff.	3.00	\$850.00	\$2,550.00
NDB	09/13/2023	Review emails and documents from Plaintiff regarding retaliation and other individual claims. Review and analyze meal and rest break claims. legal research regarding the same.	2.40	\$850.00	\$2,040.00
NDB	09/14/2023	Review and analyze entire employment file for legal claims.	1.50	\$850.00	\$1,275.00
NDB	09/19/2023	Review all paystubs for wage and hour issues. Analyze written policy documents. Legal research.	1.50	\$850.00	\$1,275.00
NDB	09/19/2023	Draft complaint.	1.00	\$850.00	\$850.00
NDB	09/21/2023	Review and analyze facts and law. Review and research venue issue. Draft complaint. Send complaint to Plaintiff. Conference with Plaintiff to discuss.	4.40	\$850.00	\$3,740.00
NDB	09/23/2023	Being drafting case notes.	0.90	\$850.00	\$765.00
NDB	09/24/2023	Draft case notes detailing facts and specific violations.	0.80	\$850.00	\$680.00

NDB	09/27/2023	Review and research PAGA claims and penalties. Draft PAGA Notice.	1.90	\$850.00	\$1,615.00
RE	12/05/2023	Review case notes/damage analysis	0.50	\$675.00	\$337.50
RE	12/05/2023	Review & analyze employment file documents	2.50	\$675.00	\$1,687.50
RE	12/06/2023	Review, revise & edit class action complaint; finalize draft	2.70	\$675.00	\$1,822.50
RE	12/07/2023	Draft summons & civil case cover sheet re class action	0.50	\$675.00	\$337.50
RE	12/07/2023	Review & finalize class action complaint package; file in Butte Sup. Ct.	0.70	\$675.00	\$472.50
RE	12/08/2023	Review court returned docs re class action; review docket; memo to firm re judicial/ department assignment and status of initial case management conference	0.50	\$675.00	\$337.50
CL	12/14/2023	Draft Notice of CMC.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
RE	01/13/2024	Draft PAGA Only complaint	3.80	\$675.00	\$2,565.00
NDB	01/13/2024	Review and analyze court docket and case file. Review PAGA notice. Review and revise PAGA only complaint. Discuss venue and other issues with R. Ehmann.	1.80	\$850.00	\$1,530.00
RE	01/15/2024	Draft summons & civil case cover sheet re PAGA action	0.50	\$675.00	\$337.50
RE	01/15/2024	Review & finalize PAGA only complaint package; file in Butte Sup. Ct.	0.60	\$675.00	\$405.00
RE	01/24/2024	Review court returned documents re PAGA only action; review docket; memo to firm re judicial/ department assignment and status of initial case management conference	0.50	\$675.00	\$337.50
RE	01/24/2024	Provide notice to LWDA of PAGA action filing	0.40	\$675.00	\$270.00
CL	01/30/2024	Receipt and review Notice of assignment and CMC.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
RE	02/01/2024	Review file re class action; prep docs for service of process; identify reg agents; send out for service via knox	0.70	\$675.00	\$472.50
RE	02/01/2024	Review file re PAGA action; prep docs for service of process; identify reg agents; send out for service via knox	0.70	\$675.00	\$472.50
RE	02/06/2024	File proof of service of summons re class action; memo to firm re post service written discovery	0.50	\$675.00	\$337.50
RE	02/13/2024	File POS of summons re 2nd def. orchard gridley	0.40	\$675.00	\$270.00

hospital re class action					
RE	02/13/2024	File POS of summons re 2nd def. orchard gridley hospital re PAGA action	0.40	\$675.00	\$270.00
CL	03/04/2024	Receipt and review Answer to Class Action Complaint.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	03/04/2024	Receipt and review Answer to PAGA Action Complaint.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
SB	04/10/2024	Review complaint, analyze, advise ND	2.60	\$450.00	\$1,170.00
ASC	04/17/2024	Organize, combine and bates stamp Plaintiff's documents	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	04/17/2024	Review Portillo_000001-151	1.50	\$250.00	\$375.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Review notices of related cases, email to Y. Silva re download operative complaint of related case	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise RFP to defendant Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise RFA to defendant Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise Srogs to defendant Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise Form rogs to defendant Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise PMK NOD to defendant Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise POS re discovery to defendant Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise Draft Protective Order - Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise Draft Belaire West Notice - Orchard Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise RFP to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise RFA to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise Srogs to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise Form rogs to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise PMK NOD to defendant Orchard Gridley	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00

Hospital - Class					
ASC	04/23/2024	Revise POS re discovery to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - Class	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Review related matter Vazquez v. Orchard	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Email to A. Portillo to set up a phone call to draft discovery	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Call A. Portillo re case notes, update case notes	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Create exhibit book and organize plaintiff's documents 1-151	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise RFP to defendant Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise RFA to defendant Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise Srogs to defendant Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise Form rogs to defendant Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise PMK NOD to defendant Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise POS re discovery to defendant Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise Draft Protective Order - Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise Draft Belaire West Notice - Orchard Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise RFP to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise RFA to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise Srogs to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise Form rogs to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise PMK NOD to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Revise POS re discovery to defendant Orchard Gridley Hospital - PAGA	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	04/24/2024	Finalize Class discovery, serve via email	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00

ASC	04/24/2024	Finalize PAGA discovery, serve via email	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
YS	04/25/2024	[Class] Review notice of related case. Review court docket for Vazquez v. Orchard Hospital case. Retrieve complaint. Update file with complaint. Email to Court Docs for circulation.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
YS	04/25/2024	[PAGA] Review notice of related case. Review court docket for Vazquez v. Orchard Hospital case. Retrieve complaint. Update file with complaint. Email to Court Docs for circulation.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
NDB	05/07/2024	Research related litigation. Analyze overlap of claims. review court dockets and complaints. Draft JPA. Discuss with Plaintiff.	1.50	\$850.00	\$1,275.00
ASC	05/14/2024	Prepare, finalize and file CMS via one legal, serve via email	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
YS	05/23/2024	Review status of case, Confirm 5/29 CMC hearing still on calendar, Confirm CMC statement was filed. Arrange appearance via Court Call. Circulate dial-in info to appear	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00
YS	05/28/2024	Review email correspondence from OPC. Prepare POS for the PAGA file with OPC info.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
ASC	05/28/2024	Review email from K. Lee re consolidation and request for extension for Defendant's discovery responses	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/29/2024	Prepare to attend CMC	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	05/29/2024	Attend CMC re Class case	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
YS	06/10/2024	Review file and pleadings. Prepare shell for stipulation to consolidate cases and proposed order.	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
VR	06/13/2024	Review and Analyze: review and analyze discovery and deposition notice; review consolidation; telephonic meet and confer with counsel; correspondence to Def	0.70	\$750.00	\$525.00
VR	06/14/2024	Receipt and Review of Correspondence: review stipulation re consolidation; review correspondence between parties; correspondence to co-counsel	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
SB	06/17/2024	Revise complaint, advise ND	2.60	\$450.00	\$1,170.00
VR	08/20/2024	Draft: draft cmc statement for PAGA CMC; draft CMC statement for class case; review documents and discovery; advise CL; finalize	2.10	\$750.00	\$1,575.00
VR	08/21/2024	Draft: review and analyze documents; review correspondence between parties; draft CMC statement; finalize	1.50	\$750.00	\$1,125.00

YS	08/22/2024	Finalize P's Case Management Statement for service. Prepare POS. File via Onelegal. Email to Court Docs. Email to OPC re statement.	0.60	\$250.00	\$150.00
YS	08/30/2024	Update file with final version of Stip/order re consolidate. Create task on Courtlinks for related case: #23CV0339. Unable to create task for other related case #24CV00713 (PAGA Portillo case).	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	09/04/2024	Prepare to attend CMC	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	09/04/2024	Receive and respond to email from co-Plaintiff re appearance at ISC	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	09/04/2024	Attend CMC	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
YS	09/06/2024	Review status of joint stip to consolidate filed by Defs. Review court docket, stip not loaded yet	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
YS	09/09/2024	Review court docket for status of stip to consolidate, order not signed yet	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
VR	09/09/2024	Review and Analyze: review court's orders and docket; review stipulation and correspondence; advise YS	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
YS	09/10/2024	Telephone call to court re status of stip/order to consolidate. Spoke to clerk, stip signed but not processed yet	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
YS	09/16/2024	Review court docket for status of stip to consolidate, not available yet.	0.10	\$250.00	\$25.00
VR	09/30/2024	Correspondence with Opposing Counsel: review correspondence between parties; review discovery; review court's orders; correspondence to Def	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
VR	10/22/2024	Receipt and Review of Correspondence: review correspondence between parties; review Belaire notice and protective order; advise AJB	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
VR	11/13/2024	Receipt and Review of Correspondence: review correspondence between parties; telephonic meet and confer re mediation; advise AJB	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
YS	11/13/2024	Update internal spreadsheet with class info.	0.10	\$250.00	\$25.00
VR	11/21/2024	Receipt and Review of Correspondence: review correspondence between parties; review discovery; correspondence to Def	0.80	\$750.00	\$600.00
ASC	11/21/2024	Review correspondence from K. Lee re proposed mediators	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	12/02/2024	Email to K. Lee re mediators proposal and mediation date; discuss with AJ	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00

ASC	12/04/2024	Receive and respond to emails from A. Lindsay re request for confirmation of mediation date	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	12/06/2024	Follow up with N. Austin re confirmation of mediation date	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	12/09/2024	Email to N. Austin re request for confirmation of proposed mediation date	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	12/11/2024	Email to N. Austin re request for confirmation of proposed mediation date; review response re confirmation	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	01/08/2025	Review status of case; two CMCs on calendar; call clerk about TOC the earliest CMC, clerk advised a proposed order needed	0.60	\$250.00	\$150.00
YS	01/09/2025	Review file and court docket, prepare shell for stip to stay pending mediation.	0.60	\$250.00	\$150.00
ASC	01/14/2025	Revise stipulation to stay pending mediation and circulate to Co-Plaintiff and Defense Counsel for review and edits	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	01/16/2025	Email to N. Austin re follow up on proposed stip to stay pending mediation	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	01/16/2025	Prepare and finalize Plaintiff's CMC Statement with POS, file via one legal, serve via email	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
YS	01/17/2025	Review status of case, Confirm 1/22 CMC on calendar, arrange appearance via Court call, confirm info to appear via telephone, arrange reminder text for team	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00
ASC	01/21/2025	Download conformed CMS; review court's docket re CMC continued	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
VR	01/22/2025	Review and Analyze: review CMC statements; review correspondence between parties; review agreement re mediation; court appearance at CMC; follow up	1.20	\$750.00	\$900.00
ASC	01/29/2025	Receive correspondence from JAMS re request for signature of engagement agreement	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
CL	02/07/2025	Receipt and review notice of mediation; Letter from C. Barrios re: same.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
YS	02/24/2025	Review Def's Notice of Disassociation. Revise POS on file -- remove Jean Hopkins Power.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
ASC	04/16/2025	Draft Mediation Data Request	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	04/17/2025	Finalize and serve MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/01/2025	Review correspondence from JAMS re mediation and payment due	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00

ASC	05/12/2025	Email to N. Austin re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/13/2025	Email to N. Austin re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/14/2025	Email to N. Austin re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/15/2025	Email to N. Austin re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
CL	05/16/2025	Email from/to A. Lindsay re: meet and confer re: mediation and summary of Vazquez's claims.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
ASC	05/16/2025	Email to N. Austin re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/16/2025	Email to co-counsel re mediation data request and request for facts of co-plaintiff	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00
ASC	05/19/2025	Email to N. Austin re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/20/2025	Email to K. Lee re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	05/22/2025	Email to K. Lee re request for production of mediation data pursuant to MDR	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
YS	05/23/2025	Review Def's Documents for mediation. Download data, update file. Create Box folder for expert, upload file. Email to expert re new file.	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
NDB	05/23/2025	Review court docket and case file. Review and analyze data produced for mediation purposes. Review discovery. Legal research regarding wage and hour claims. Prepare for mediation.	4.20	\$850.00	\$3,570.00
YS	05/27/2025	Review and organize Def's Documents for mediation. Update exhibit book.	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00
ASC	05/27/2025	Review handbook; advise expert of meal period waivers and alt week schedule	1.50	\$250.00	\$375.00
ASC	05/27/2025	Fill out charts for mediation	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	05/27/2025	Review defendants production of documents	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	05/27/2025	Draft mediation brief	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	05/28/2025	Email to OPC re request for data points ahead of mediation	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
NDB	05/28/2025	Review facts and law. review Defendant's policy documents. Legal research. Draft mediation brief.	4.60	\$850.00	\$3,910.00
ASC	05/29/2025	Email to OPC re request for data points ahead of	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00

mediation					
SB	05/29/2025	Speak with client in advance of mediation, analyze claims, advise AJB	2.60	\$450.00	\$1,170.00
NDB	05/30/2025	review previous settlements with similar claims and workweeks for mediation valuation. review case demographics. Review and research wage statement claims and mediation briefs regarding the same.	2.40	\$850.00	\$2,040.00
NDB	05/30/2025	Review settlement agreement terms and exhibits for conformity with MOU and Court orders. Discuss terms with Plaintiff. Follow up for signature. Analyze court docket and case file.	1.20	\$850.00	\$1,020.00
CL	06/02/2025	Email from S. Zambrano re: mediation attendees.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
ASC	06/02/2025	Email to K. Lee re data points; discuss case with expert	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00
ASC	06/02/2025	Mediation Brief	2.00	\$250.00	\$500.00
ASC	06/03/2025	Brief and policies review	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
ASC	06/03/2025	Email to OPC re request for data points ahead of mediation	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	06/04/2025	Email and call OPC re request for data points ahead of mediation	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	06/04/2025	Email expert to request analysis of Plaintiffs data for mediation brief	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	06/05/2025	Email to OPC re request for data points ahead of mediation	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	06/05/2025	Revise brief re RROP, additional facts and expert's analysis of Plaintiffs' claims	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
SB	06/05/2025	Calculate individual damages, add to case notes, advise AJB	2.60	\$450.00	\$1,170.00
ASC	06/06/2025	Send data points to expert	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	06/06/2025	Send brief and exhibits to AJ	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
ASC	06/06/2025	Update brief and send to AJ	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	06/06/2025	Prepare list of of dates of missed breaks and compile correspondence between Plaintiff and Defendant addressing the issue	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
SB	06/09/2025	Prepare for mediation, review and analyze mediation brief, advise AJB	2.80	\$450.00	\$1,260.00
SB	06/10/2025	Attend mediation	8.00	\$450.00	\$3,600.00

BW	06/17/2025	Review case file, docket, mediation folder and documents to verify information for Case Management Statement	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
BW	06/17/2025	Draft CMC statement	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
YS	06/17/2025	Finalize Plaintiff's CMS for service. Prepare POS. File via Onelegal. Email to OPC re CMS. Email to Court Docs for circulation.	0.60	\$250.00	\$150.00
CL	06/26/2025	Draft Joint Status Conference and Status re Mediation; Email to S. Zambrano.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
YS	06/26/2025	Review status of case, Confirm 7/2 CMC hearing still on calendar, circulate link to appear remotely, schedule text reminder for team	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00
ASC	07/02/2025	Prepare to attend CMC	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	07/02/2025	Attend CMC via CourtCall	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
BW	07/08/2025	Review case file re drafting long form settlement agreement; MOU still pending	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
AB	07/22/2025	Review status of finalizing MOU. Draft/send corr to mediator re: issue.	2.00	\$895.00	\$1,790.00
NDB	08/11/2025	Review mediator's proposal and inter office emails regarding settlement issues. Review and analyze MOU terms. Send to Plaintiff for signature. Conference with Plaintiff to discuss terms. Follow up for signature.	1.10	\$850.00	\$935.00
BW	08/25/2025	Review and analyze correspondence, docket, and orders; Draft and send memorandum to file re current circumstances and strategy for completing settlement agreement and settlement agreement approval	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	08/29/2025	Email to/from S. Zambrano requesting expenses in preparation for settlement agreement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	08/29/2025	Email from/to S. Hartranft requesting administrator estimate for settlement.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	09/02/2025	Email from/to S. Hartranft re: estimate for class settlement administration; Receipt and review estimate.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
BW	09/04/2025	Confer with K. Nordrehaug re redlines for individual settlement agreement, including extensive confidentiality provision	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	09/12/2025	Email to Sasha Zambrano requesting D. Law Costs in preparation for settlement agreement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	09/13/2025	Draft Long Form Settlement Agreement.	3.50	\$750.00	\$2,625.00

CL	09/13/2025	Draft Individual Settlement Agreement.	2.80	\$750.00	\$2,100.00
CL	09/16/2025	Email from/to S. Zambrano re: meet and confer re: Vazquez PAGA Notices, dismissal and other procedural history and costs.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	09/16/2025	Revise Long Form Settlement Agreement; Email from S. Zambrano re: procedural history and costs.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	09/16/2025	Revise Individual Settlement Agreement; Email to S. Zambrano re: same.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
ASC	09/16/2025	Review MOU re need to remand or amend for approval of settlement; cases consolidated as of 8/26/24	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
YS	09/17/2025	Review MOU. Prepare shell for stip to file FAC and FAC.	2.00	\$250.00	\$500.00
CL	09/17/2025	Revise First Amended Consolidated Complaint.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	09/17/2025	Revise Stipulation to Consolidate and file First Amended Consolidated Complaint.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
YS	09/17/2025	Email to OPC re draft of stip/FAC.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
KN	09/26/2025	Review draft Agreement; analysis of issues; memo to CL regarding issues to correct.	1.00	\$950.00	\$950.00
CL	09/26/2025	Revise Settlement Agreement; Discuss with Kyle re: same.	0.70	\$750.00	\$525.00
CL	09/26/2025	Email to N. Austin re: Individual Agreement , Joint Stipulation for Leave to File FAC, FAC and proposed hearing dates for MPA.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	10/17/2025	Email to N. Austin re: Joint Stipulation for Leave to File FAC; Long Form Settlement Agreement; and Individual Agreement .	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	10/17/2025	Email to S. Zambrano re: meet and confer re: client declaration.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	10/21/2025	Receipt and review Defendants' Case Management Statement; Email from N. Grady re: same.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	10/21/2025	Email to N. Austin re: updated service list.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	10/21/2025	Email to N. Austin re: meet and confer re: Joint Stipulation for Leave to File FAC ; Individual Agreement; and Long Form Settlement Agreement	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
ASC	10/21/2025	Review status of case and Court's website; Prepare CMC statement; finalize and file via one legal, serve via email	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00

CL	10/23/2025	Email from/to A. Lindsey re: Plaintiffs CMS; Emails from/to S. Zambrano re: Order re FAC and Stipulation to Continue CMS.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	10/31/2025	Email to N. Austin meet and confer re: Long Form Settlement Agreement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	10/31/2025	Email from K. Lee re: meet and confer re: revisions to settlement agreement.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
YS	10/31/2025	Review status of case, Confirm 11/5 CMC hearing still on calendar, confirm the Plt's CMS was filed and save conformed copy to file, circulate link to appear remotely, arrange reminder text for team	0.40	\$250.00	\$100.00
CL	11/04/2025	Email from A. Lindsay re: revisions to Individual Settlement Agreement and wrongful termination claim.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	11/05/2025	Review and revise Individual Settlement Agreement; Email to N. Austin requesting revisions to settlement documents and funding of Individual Agreement.	0.70	\$750.00	\$525.00
CL	11/05/2025	Emails from/to A. Lindsay re: meet and confer re: mediation discussions regarding funding of Individual Settlement Agreement; Telephone call to A. Lindsay re: same.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
ASC	11/05/2025	Prepare to attend CMC	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
ASC	11/05/2025	Attend CMC	0.50	\$250.00	\$125.00
CL	11/07/2025	Revise FAC and revise Joint Stipulation for Leave to File FAC; Email to/from N. Austin re: same.	0.70	\$750.00	\$525.00
CL	11/16/2025	Review and revise First Amended Complaint; Email from A. Lindsay re FAC; Email from/to N. Austin re: revisions to FAC.	1.10	\$750.00	\$825.00
YS	11/17/2025	Review draft of FAC. Revise draft to fix formatting issues, revise. Email to CTL.	2.00	\$250.00	\$500.00
CL	12/02/2025	Telephone call to N. Austin re: settlement agreement; Email to N. Austin following on settlement agreement.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	12/10/2025	Telephone call and email to N. Austin re: follow-up on Long form agreement and MPA dates to be submitted.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
YS	12/15/2025	Review court website and local rules re reserving hearing for L&M. Email to CTL.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
CL	12/15/2025	Email from/to K. Lee re: stipulation for leave to file the FAC and FAC; revise and finalize stipulation for leave to file the FAC	0.70	\$750.00	\$525.00

CL	12/15/2025	Review and revise Long Form Settlement Agreement; Email to K. re redlines to same.	2.50	\$750.00	\$1,875.00
CL	12/15/2025	Email to K. Lee re local rules and motion for preliminary approval and outstanding settlement documents.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	12/15/2025	Email to K. Lee and N. Austin re: delay in providing settlement agreements and request for mediator involvement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
KN	12/15/2025	Review draft Agreement and Defendant revisions; review memo from CL; respond to issues and advise CL	1.00	\$950.00	\$950.00
YS	12/16/2025	Finalize joint stip for leave for FAC for service -- attach and bookmark FAC draft. Prepare POS. File via Onelegal. Email to OPC re stip. Email to Court Docs for circulation.	0.60	\$250.00	\$150.00
CL	12/22/2025	Email from K. Lee re: individual agreement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	12/22/2025	Discuss with Kyle re Defendant's revisions to Long Form Settlement Agreement; Email to K. Lee re: revisions to Long Form Settlement Agreement	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	01/05/2026	Receipt and review Order granting leave to file FACC	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	01/08/2026	Finalize First Amended Consolidated Complaint.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	01/11/2026	Review and revise Defendant's redlines to Portillo's Individual Settlement Agreement.	1.70	\$750.00	\$1,275.00
YS	01/12/2026	Finalize FAC for service. Prepare POS. File via Onelegal. Email to OPC/Co-P re FAC. Email to Court Docs for circulation.	0.60	\$250.00	\$150.00
CL	01/19/2026	Draft Joint CMS; Multiple emails to K. Lee requesting revisions to Joint CMS and meet and confer re: individual and long form settlement agreement.	0.80	\$750.00	\$600.00
CL	01/20/2026	Draft Joint CMS; Email to K. Lee re: redlines to Joint CMS and meet and confer re: settlement agreement.	0.60	\$750.00	\$450.00
CL	01/20/2026	Email to/from A. Lindsay re: status of settlement and case management.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
YS	01/21/2026	Finalize PAGA P's CMS for service. Prepare POS. File via Onelegal. Email to OPC/Co-P re CMS. Email to Court Docs for circulation.	0.60	\$250.00	\$150.00
CL	01/21/2026	Receipt and review Defendant CMC Statement; Email from A. Davis re same.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00

YS	01/23/2026	Revise POS on file with OPC's new address.	0.10	\$250.00	\$25.00
YS	01/23/2026	Telephone call clerk re status of FAC. Email to CTL.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
CL	01/23/2026	Email from/to K. Lee re: order granting leave to file FACC and status of pleadings.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	01/23/2026	Email from/to A. Lindsay re: status of settlement agreement and CMS.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
YS	01/26/2026	Telephone call to clerk re MPA hearing date.	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
CL	01/27/2026	Telephone calls from/to K. Lee re: request to continue motion for preliminary approval; Email to K. Lee re: same.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
CL	01/27/2026	Email to/from A. Lindsay re telephone call with K. Lee and request to continue motion for preliminary approval; Discuss with Kyle new motion hearing date.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
YS	02/02/2026	Download filed-stamped FACC, update file, upload to LWDA portal, email to Court Docs for circulation.	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
BW	02/02/2026	Review docket and orders re upcoming Case Management Conference	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
BW	02/04/2026	Review correspondence and drafts of settlement agreement, including conferring with att'y K. Nordrehaug	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
BW	02/04/2026	Review docket re upcoming Case Management Conference	0.10	\$750.00	\$75.00
BW	02/04/2026	Log-in and appear at Case Management Conference	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
BW	02/04/2026	Draft and send memorandum re events and orders at Case Management Conference	0.10	\$750.00	\$75.00
CL	02/19/2026	Revise Long Form Settlement Agreement; Email to K. Lee re: redlines to Long Form and Individual Agreement.	0.70	\$750.00	\$525.00
CL	02/20/2026	Email from/to to A. Portillo re status of settlement and preliminary approval and final approval deadlines.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	02/23/2026	Email to K. Lee re Motion for Preliminary Approval.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
KN	02/24/2026	Draft Exhibits to settlement agreement; start approval chart; email Defendant; memo to CL	3.75	\$950.00	\$3,562.50
CL	02/24/2026	Email from/to K. Lee re: redlines to Long Form Settlement Agreement; Review and revise Long	1.10	\$750.00	\$825.00

Form Settlement Agreement.					
KN	02/25/2026	Draft motion for preliminary approval; review status of long form agreement and review emails; update chart; revise draft motion and circulate to the Defendant; memo to co-counsel; memo to Admin.	4.30	\$950.00	\$4,085.00
ASC	02/25/2026	Draft Plaintiff's decl iso MPA; email to Plaintiff for review and send out for signature	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
KN	02/26/2026	Draft declaration ISO preliminary approval; research issues; revise draft declaration; memo to staff; execute and prepare Agreement and email Defendant	4.00	\$950.00	\$3,800.00
KN	02/26/2026	Review revisions to exhibits; revise exhibits and finalize exhibits; email Defendant; prepare fully executed Agreement with final exhibits	1.50	\$950.00	\$1,425.00
CL	02/26/2026	Email to K. Lee re: redlines to individual agreement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
ASC	02/26/2026	Follow up to confirm P's decl iso MPA signed	0.20	\$250.00	\$50.00
KN	02/27/2026	Review and revise motion for final approval; revise proposed order; finalize motion documents; file and serve motion; serve LWDA	3.00	\$950.00	\$2,850.00
CL	03/06/2026	Email from/to K. Lee re: individual settlement agreements and revisions.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	03/10/2026	Review and revise Individual Settlement Agreement for Portillo; Email to/from A. Lindsay re: addition redlines to Individual Settlement Agreement; Revise and revise individual Settlement Agreement for Portillo; Email from/to K. Lee re: Individual Settlement Agreement for Portillo.	1.30	\$750.00	\$975.00
CL	03/13/2026	Receipt and review Defendant Ntc of Non-Opp to Mot for Prelim Approval	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	03/19/2026	Email to K. Lee re: finalizing individual settlement agreement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	03/24/2026	Email to K. Lee re status of Individual Settlement Agreement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
KN	03/25/2026	Review tentative ruling; prepare for hearing; check for court appearance and sign on; email Defendant	1.00	\$950.00	\$950.00
KN	03/25/2026	Review status; review docket; download order; emails to Defendant; update chart; memo to Admin.	1.00	\$950.00	\$950.00
CL	03/26/2026	Email from S. Hartranft re: case manager	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00

		assigned K. Tran.			
CL	03/26/2026	Revise Individual Agreement of Portillo; Draft Individual Agreement of Vazquez; Email to/from S. Zambrano re: redlines to Individual Agreement of Vazquez; Email to K. Lee re: redlines to both Individual Agreement of Portillo and Individual Agreement of Vazquez.	1.30	\$750.00	\$975.00
CL	03/30/2026	Email to K. Lee re: Portillo's settlement agreement.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	04/07/2026	Email from A. Lindsay re: Vasquez Individual Settlement Agreement finalized; Email from K. Lee re Vasquez and Portillo Individual Agreement; Review and revise Vasquez and Portillo Individual Agreement and finalize.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
CL	04/08/2026	Emails from/to A. Portillo requesting settlement breakdown.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	04/22/2026	Email to K. Lee re: Portillo's Individual Agreement, W4 and W9; Email from S. Zambrano re: Vasquez's signed Individual Agreement, W4 and W9.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
CL	04/28/2026	Draft Joint CMC statement; Emails from/to A. Lindsay and K. Lee re meet and confer re: redlines to Joint CMS.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
ASC	04/29/2026	Review draft CM110 re request to vacate CMC; email S. Zambrano re confirm authority to file	0.30	\$250.00	\$75.00
CL	04/30/2026	Email from S. Zambrano re: Joint CMS - C110 and follow up re settlement agreements.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	04/30/2026	Email from/to S. Zambrano re: Vazquez Individual settlement received and whether Portillo received same.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	05/06/2026	Email from/to A. Portillo re settlement check and status and timeline of settlement funds.	0.40	\$750.00	\$300.00
CL	05/06/2026	Email to S. Zambrano re: receipt of Portillo Individual Settlement.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	05/13/2026	Email from/to A. Lindsay re: CMC and appearance at hearing.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	05/13/2026	Email from Superior Court of Butter re: Orchard Hills appearance.	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	05/13/2026	Email from T. Montes re: confirmation that class notices were mailed	0.20	\$750.00	\$150.00
CL	05/19/2026	Email from T. Montes re: status report detailing the mailed notices and received responses; Receipt and review status report detailing the	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00

		mailed notices and received responses re class notice.			
CL	07/08/2026	Draft Memorandum of Motion for Final Approval.	4.30	\$750.00	\$3,225.00
CL	07/08/2026	Draft Notice of Motion for Final Approval.	0.70	\$750.00	\$525.00
CL	07/08/2026	Email to A. Lindsey requesting firm declaration in support of Motion for Final Approval.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	07/08/2026	Email K. Tran requesting administrator declaration in support of Motion for Final Approval.	0.30	\$750.00	\$225.00
CL	07/08/2026	Draft Declaration of Kyle Nordrehaug in support of Motion for Final Approval.	3.30	\$750.00	\$2,475.00
CL	07/09/2026	Email to A. Lindsay requesting final approval redlines and declaration of D. Law.	0.50	\$750.00	\$375.00
KN	07/16/2026	Review and revise draft motion for final approval; research issues; review and redline draft Admin decl; update approval chart; memo to staff; email Defendant	3.50	\$950.00	\$3,325.00
KN	07/16/2026	Review and revise proposed order; prepare redlines; email Defendant	0.50	\$950.00	\$475.00
KN	07/23/2026	Review and revise declaration; review billing for accuracy; correct issues	1.50	\$950.00	\$1,425.00
KN	07/24/2026	Review and revise motion for final approval; finalize motion; file and serve motion; serve LWDA	2.75	\$950.00	\$2,612.50

Quantity Subtotal 225.0

Services Subtotal \$139,817.50

Expenses

Type	Date	Notes	Quantity	Rate	Total
Expense	09/27/2023	PAGA Filing Fee	1.00	\$75.00	\$75.00
Expense	12/08/2023	Onelegal/Court Fees	1.00	\$1,494.53	\$1,494.53
Expense	01/24/2024	Onelegal/Court Fees	1.00	\$467.08	\$467.08
Expense	02/01/2024	KNOX Filing and Messenger Service	1.00	\$220.45	\$220.45
Expense	02/01/2024	KNOX Filing and Messenger Service	1.00	\$57.75	\$57.75
Expense	02/06/2024	KNOX Filing and Messenger Service	1.00	\$57.75	\$57.75
Expense	02/06/2024	KNOX Filing and Messenger Service	1.00	\$158.45	\$158.45

Expense	02/10/2024	Onelegal/Court fees	1.00	\$19.10	\$19.10
Expense	02/10/2024	Onelegal/Court fees	1.00	\$19.10	\$19.10
Expense	02/14/2024	Onelegal/Court fees	1.00	\$19.10	\$19.10
Expense	02/14/2024	Onelegal/Court fees	1.00	\$19.10	\$19.10
Expense	05/14/2024	One Legal - Case Management Statement	1.00	\$19.10	\$19.10
Expense	05/23/2024	CourtCall - 05/29/2024 - CMC	1.00	\$72.00	\$72.00
Expense	08/29/2024	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	\$19.10	\$19.10
Expense	09/30/2024	LexisNexis	1.00	\$220.00	\$220.00
Expense	11/01/2024	LexisNexis	1.00	\$253.00	\$253.00
Expense	01/16/2025	One Legal - CMC Statement	1.00	\$22.87	\$22.87
Expense	01/17/2025	court appearance via court call	1.00	\$72.00	\$72.00
Expense	05/28/2025	Mediation Fee: JAMS - West	1.00	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
Expense	06/12/2025	Expert Fee -Berger Consulting Group	1.00	\$5,890.50	\$5,890.50
Expense	06/25/2025	Onelegal filing fee	1.00	\$22.87	\$22.87
Expense	06/30/2025	Expert Fees - Creal Consulting.	1.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
Expense	07/02/2025	Court Call	1.00	\$72.00	\$72.00
Expense	10/21/2025	One Legal - CMS	1.00	\$22.87	\$22.87
Expense	12/17/2025	Onelegal Filing Fee	1.00	\$44.55	\$44.55
Expense	03/02/2026	One legal charge	1.00	\$144.90	\$144.90
Expense	03/05/2026	One legal filing charge - motion	1.00	\$87.86	\$87.86
Expense	05/06/2026	FedEx	1.00	\$47.47	\$47.47
Expense	07/24/2026	One legal filing charge - motion for final approval	1.00	\$87.86	\$87.86
Expenses Subtotal				\$14,956.36	

Time Keeper	Quantity	Rate	Total
AJ Bhowmik	2.0	\$895.00	\$1,790.00
Scott Blumenthal	21.2	\$450.00	\$9,540.00
Nicholas De Blouw	34.2	\$850.00	\$29,070.00
Ricardo Ehmann	15.9	\$675.00	\$10,732.50
Christine LeVu	50.0	\$750.00	\$37,500.00

Kyle Nordrehaug	28.8	\$950.00	\$27,360.00
Victoria Rivapalacio	8.4	\$750.00	\$6,300.00
Adolfo Sanchez Contreras	47.6	\$250.00	\$11,900.00
Brooke Waldrop	2.8	\$750.00	\$2,100.00
Yesenia Silva	14.1	\$250.00	\$3,525.00
Quantity Total			225.0
Subtotal			\$154,773.86
Total			\$154,773.86

Detailed Statement of Account

Current Invoice

Invoice Number	Due On	Amount Due	Payments Received	Balance Due
1	08/22/2026	\$154,773.86	\$0.00	\$154,773.86
Outstanding Balance				\$154,773.86
Total Amount Outstanding				\$154,773.86

Please make all amounts payable to: Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik DeBlouw LLP

Please pay within 30 days.

EXHIBIT #4

LAFFEY MATRIX

[History](#)
[Case Law](#)
[See the Matrix](#)
[Contact us](#)
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			Years Out of Law School *				
Year	Adjustmt Factor**	Paralegal/ Law Clerk	1-3	4-7	8-10	11-19	20 +
6/01/24- 5/31/25	1.080182	\$258	\$473	\$581	\$839	\$948	\$1141
6/01/23- 5/31/24	1.059295	\$239	\$437	\$538	\$777	\$878	\$1057
6/01/22- 5/31/23	1.085091	\$225	\$413	\$508	\$733	\$829	\$997
6/01/21- 5/31/22	1.006053	\$208	\$381	\$468	\$676	\$764	\$919
6/01/20- 5/31/21	1.015894	\$206	\$378	\$465	\$672	\$759	\$914
6/01/19- 5/31/20	1.0049	\$203	\$372	\$458	\$661	\$747	\$899
6/01/18- 5/31/19	1.0350	\$202	\$371	\$455	\$658	\$742	\$894
6/01/17- 5/31/18	1.0463	\$196	\$359	\$440	\$636	\$717	\$864
6/01/16- 5/31/17	1.0369	\$187	\$343	\$421	\$608	\$685	\$826
6/01/15- 5/31/16	1.0089	\$180	\$331	\$406	\$586	\$661	\$796
6/01/14- 5/31/15	1.0235	\$179	\$328	\$402	\$581	\$655	\$789
6/01/13- 5/31/14	1.0244	\$175	\$320	\$393	\$567	\$640	\$771
6/01/12- 5/31/13	1.0258	\$170	\$312	\$383	\$554	\$625	\$753
6/01/11- 5/31/12	1.0352	\$166	\$305	\$374	\$540	\$609	\$734
6/01/10- 5/31/11	1.0337	\$161	\$294	\$361	\$522	\$589	\$709
6/01/09- 5/31/10	1.0220	\$155	\$285	\$349	\$505	\$569	\$686
6/01/08- 5/31/09	1.0399	\$152	\$279	\$342	\$494	\$557	\$671
6/01/07-5/31/08	1.0516	\$146	\$268	\$329	\$475	\$536	\$645
6/01/06-5/31/07	1.0256	\$139	\$255	\$313	\$452	\$509	\$614
6/1/05-5/31/06	1.0427	\$136	\$249	\$305	\$441	\$497	\$598
6/1/04-5/31/05	1.0455	\$130	\$239	\$293	\$423	\$476	\$574
6/1/03-6/1/04	1.0507	\$124	\$228	\$280	\$405	\$456	\$549
6/1/02-5/31/03	1.0727	\$118	\$217	\$267	\$385	\$434	\$522
6/1/01-5/31/02	1.0407	\$110	\$203	\$249	\$359	\$404	\$487
6/1/00-5/31/01	1.0529	\$106	\$195	\$239	\$345	\$388	\$468
6/1/99-5/31/00	1.0491	\$101	\$185	\$227	\$328	\$369	\$444
6/1/98-5/31/99	1.0439	\$96	\$176	\$216	\$312	\$352	\$424
6/1/97-5/31/98	1.0419	\$92	\$169	\$207	\$299	\$337	\$406
6/1/96-5/31/97	1.0396	\$88	\$162	\$198	\$287	\$323	\$389

6/1/95-5/31/96	1.032	\$85	\$155	\$191	\$276	\$311	\$375
6/1/94-5/31/95	1.0237	\$82	\$151	\$185	\$267	\$301	\$363

The methodology of calculation and benchmarking for this Updated Laffey Matrix has been approved in a number of cases. See, e.g., *DL v. District of Columbia*, 267 F.Supp.3d 55, 69 (D.D.C. 2017)

* $i_{\frac{1}{2}}$ Years Out of Law School $i_{\frac{1}{2}}$ is calculated from June 1 of each year, when most law students graduate. $i_{\frac{1}{2}}1-3$ " includes an attorney in his 1st, 2nd and 3rd years of practice, measured from date of graduation (June 1). $i_{\frac{1}{2}}4-7$ " applies to attorneys in their 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th years of practice. An attorney who graduated in May 1996 would be in tier $i_{\frac{1}{2}}1-3$ " from June 1, 1996 until May 31, 1999, would move into tier $i_{\frac{1}{2}}4-7$ " on June 1, 1999, and tier $i_{\frac{1}{2}}8-10$ " on June 1, 2003.

** The Adjustment Factor refers to the nation-wide Legal Services Component of the Consumer Price Index produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.

EXHIBIT #5

**BLUMENTHAL NORDREHAUG BHOWMIK
DE BLOUW LLP**

Norman B. Blumenthal (State Bar #068687)

Kyle R. Nordrehaug (State Bar #205975)

Aparajit Bhowmik (State Bar #248066)

2255 Calle Clara

La Jolla, CA 92037

Telephone: (858)551-1223

Facsimile: (858) 551-1232

Website: www.bamlawca.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF BUTTE**

ANGELA PORTILLO and KISHA
VAZQUEZ, individuals, on behalf of
themselves and on behalf of all persons
similarly situated, and on behalf of the State of
California, as a private attorney general,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

ORCHARD HOSPITAL, a California
Corporation; ORCHARD GRIDLEY
HOSPITAL, INC., a Corporation; and DOES 1
through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 23CV03393

[Consolidated with 24CV00173 and
24CV00755]

**DECLARATION OF ANGELA
PORTILLO IN SUPPORT OF MOTION
FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF
CLASS SETTLEMENT**

Hearing Date: March 25, 2026

Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m.

Judge: Hon. Stephen E. Benson

Dept: 6

Date Filed: December 7, 2023

Trial Date: Not set

**DECLARATION OF ANGELA PORTILLO IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT**

1 I, Angela Portillo, declare as follows:

2 1. I am over the age of eighteen, a Plaintiff and a proposed Class Representative in the
3 above-entitled matter. I submit this declaration in support of the Motion for Preliminary Approval
4 of Class Settlement and in support of my application for a Class Representative Service Payment.

5 2. I have personal knowledge of all the facts stated herein. I could and would competently
6 testify under oath to these facts in court if requested to do so.

7 3. During the class period I worked as a Registration Technician for the Defendants Orchard
8 Hospital and Orchard Gridley Hospital, Inc. ("Defendants") in California and during that time
9 period I was classified by Defendants as a non-exempt employee.

10 4. I retained my attorneys who are experienced in both class action and PAGA representative
11 action litigation and claims against employers for violations of the California Labor Code. I have
12 no personal relationship or family ties to my attorneys or any officer of the Court. I am not aware
13 of having any actual or potential conflicts of interest with another class member in this case. I am
14 not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or
15 adversely affected by this settlement.

16 5. I decided to pursue this class action lawsuit and be a plaintiff/class representative
17 because I felt that my legal rights as an employee and others like me were violated. I was required
18 to work off the clock, and I often did not receive compliant meal and rest breaks which were late,
19 interrupted or missed entirely. Also, Defendants did not pay any meal or rest break penalties.

20 6. I spoke to my attorneys several times and discussed how Defendants implemented their
21 company policies and procedures. I also assisted my attorneys in their investigation into my claims
22 by providing them documents and answering their questions. I reviewed the complaint before it
23 was filed and, after it was filed, I was given access to an electronic file sharing program that
24 alerted me via email when important documents were filed so that I could review them and keep
25 up with the developments in the case which I understood was one of my duties as a class
26 representative. I would also contact my attorneys from time to time if I had any questions about
27 the case.

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DECLARATION OF ANGELA PORTILLO IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT

1 7. Even though this action is in the process of settling, I was and remain prepared to perform
2 all the duties of a class representative. I understand that as a class representative I have assumed a
3 fiduciary responsibility to prosecute this class action on behalf of the absent class members. I
4 have understood that as a fiduciary, I have a duty to prosecute this action for the benefit of the
5 class members and surrender any right to compromise the group action for an individual gain.

6 8. I understood that being a plaintiff/class representative in this case meant that I was seeking
7 damages not only for myself but also other current and/or former non-exempt employees working
8 for Defendants in California who make up the class. I felt that these individuals were not aware of
9 their labor law rights and even if they were they would probably be apprehensive about speaking
10 up or even simply because of the time, effort and risk involved in filing a class action lawsuit.

11 9. I understood that being a part of this lawsuit involved risks. For example, my attorneys
12 explained to me that if the case went to trial and we lost, I could be held responsible to pay for all
13 or part of the attorney fees and costs paid by Defendants to defend this lawsuit. Also, I knew there
14 was a risk that future employers, if they ever find out about this lawsuit, could hold it against me
15 or downgrade me as a potential hire. As one of the named Plaintiffs in this case, it would not be
16 difficult for a future employer to become aware that I sued my employer for labor law violations.
17 Ultimately I decided these risks were worth it and decided to fight for my rights and the rights of
18 others regardless of the risks, time and effort I spent on this case.

19 10. During the lawsuit I stayed in touch with my attorneys by phone and email. I also kept up
20 to date on important developments by reviewing court filings that were made available to me
21 electronically as I described above.

22 11. A mediation took place on June 10, 2025 with Hon. Carl J. West (Ret.), a well-respected
23 and experienced mediator of wage and hour class actions. After the mediation the parties were
24 able to come to an agreement to settle the action based on a mediator's proposal. I communicated
25 with my attorneys regarding the terms of the settlement which was reached between the parties
26 and understood that I was representing absent class members and therefore wanted the best
27 possible result to be obtained for the class members and I believe a very positive result was in fact

28 DECLARATION OF ANGELA PORTILLO IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT

1 achieved via settlement. I reviewed and signed the Memorandum of Understanding on August 13,
2 2025.

3 12. I have been actively involved with this lawsuit performing the duties described above.
4 Although I did not keep time records, I was in regular contact with my attorneys, reviewed court
5 filings, and spent a significant amount of time on the issues presented during the lawsuit and in the
6 settlement process. I estimate that I spent approximately 30-40 hours working on this case up
7 until this point. I believe I have been diligent and have done what is expected of a named plaintiff
8 and a proposed class representative to date, and will continue to do so. I have and always will
9 maintain the best interest of the class members.

10 13. My attorneys explained to me that the settlement process involves a two-step review by the
11 Court to determine whether the settlement is fair before approving the settlement. I know this
12 process also involves notifying all class members of the settlement terms and of their rights to
13 make a claim for their settlement share, to opt out of the settlement or to object to the settlement.

14 14. I believe I did the right thing by filing this case on behalf of the class members who,
15 subject to court approval, are in line to receive monetary payments as a result of this case and
16 settlement. This is money they may never have gotten if I did not pursue this action on their
17 behalf. I feel significant personal satisfaction to know that I played a role in the class members
18 being entitled to monetary payments as a result of the filing of this lawsuit. I also believe that the
19 requested Class Representative Service Payment of \$10,000 from the settlement is fair
20 compensation for the work I performed and the risks I undertook.

21 15. As part of the settlement it was necessary for me to sign a general release of all claims I
22 may have against Defendants. I believe the Class Representative Service Payment I have requested
23 provides me with some compensation for this agreed release.

24 16. In light of all the time and effort I have spent on this case, the risk I undertook by suing my
25 employer, the exposure to being responsible for paying Defendants' costs in the event we did not
26 win the case, the reputational risk that future employers may hold this lawsuit against me, the
27 general release and in light of the size of the settlement, I believe the request for \$10,000 as a

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DECLARATION OF ANGELA PORTILLO IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT

1 Class Representative service payment is fair and reasonable.

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DECLARATION OF ANGELA PORTILLO IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT

1 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is
2 true and correct.

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4 Executed on 02/25/2026, at Gridley Ca.
5 (city, state)

6 
7 Angela Portillo (Feb 25, 2026 17:49:04 PST)
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28 Angela Portillo

DECLARATION OF ANGELA PORTILLO IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT

EXHIBIT #6

**BLUMENTHAL NORDREHAUG BHOWMIK
DE BLOUW LLP**

Norman B. Blumenthal (State Bar #068687)
Kyle R. Nordrehaug (State Bar #205975)
Aparajit Bhowmik (State Bar #248066)
2255 Calle Clara
La Jolla, CA 92037
Telephone: (858)551-1223
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D.LAW, INC.

Alvin B. Lindsay (State Bar #220236)
250 N Madison Avenue, 2nd Floor
Pasadena, CA 91101
Telephone: (818) 962- 6465
Facsimile: (818) 962-6469
Email: a.lindsay@d.law

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF BUTTE**

ANGELA PORTILLO and KISHA
VAZQUEZ, individuals, on behalf of
themselves and on behalf of all persons
similarly situated, and on behalf of the State
of California, as a private attorney general,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

ORCHARD HOSPITAL, a California
Corporation; ORCHARD GRIDLEY
HOSPITAL, INC., a Corporation; and
DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: **23CV03393**
[Consolidated with 24CV00173 and
24CV00755]

CLASS ACTION

Assigned for All Purposes To:
Judge: Hon. Stephen E. Benson
Dept.: 6

**DECLARATION OF KISHA VAZQUEZ
IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S
UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR
PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS
AND PAGA SETTLEMENT**

Hearing Date: March 25, 2026
Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m.

Date Action Filed: December 7, 2023
Trial Date: Not set

DECLARATION OF KISHA VAZQUEZ

I, KISHA VAZQUEZ, declare:

1. I am over the age of eighteen and I submit this Declaration in support of the Motion for Preliminary Approval of the Class Action and PAGA Settlement in this matter. I have personal knowledge of the facts herein, and if called as a witness I could and would competently testify to them.

2. I am currently a resident of Live Oak, California. I worked as a non-exempt, hourly medical assistant at one of Defendants' facilities and locations in Gridley, California as a nonexempt employee from approximately February 14, 2023, to December 05, 2023. I retained the law firm of D.Law, Inc. to represent me in this class action lawsuit against Defendants for the alleged practices and violations as stated in the operative Complaint in this action.

3. I believe that I am similarly situated to all other Class Members who worked for Defendants during the Class Period and who were similarly affected by Defendants' policies and practices regarding Defendants' payment of minimum wages and overtime, meal periods, rest periods, provision of accurate wage statements, final payment of wages to terminated or resigned employees, reimbursement of business expenses, alleged violations of the unfair competition law, and alleged violations under the Private Attorney Generals Act. I believe my claims against Defendants are typical of the other Class Members because I believe the claims asserted in the operative Complaint are also shared by the other Class Members.

4. I understand that I am asking to be approved to serve as a Class Representative for the Settlement Class in this action, which I understand is defined as follows: means all individuals who are or previously were employed by Defendants who were classified as non-exempt in the State of California at any time during the Class Period, which is December 7, 2019 through August 10, 2025.

5. I also understand there are approximately 631 similarly situated employees that satisfy the Class definition. I also understand that I am serving as a representative Plaintiff on behalf of other similarly situated aggrieved employees in California in connection with our class action claims and claims under Labor Code §§ 2698 *et seq.*, the Private Attorneys General Act

1 (“PAGA”) for penalties.

2 6. Additionally, I believe that my interests have been and continue to be aligned with
3 all Class Members, and I have been and am willing to continue to pursue the Class Members'
4 claims vigorously on our collective behalf. As a result, I firmly believe that I do not have any
5 interests that are adverse to the interests of the Class Members.

6 7. As a Class Representative, I believe I have maintained the best interests of the Class
7 Members. I have actively participated in this litigation and have been continuously apprised of the
8 progress of the case. I have provided documents and evidence to Class Counsel in support of the
9 class claims, I have provided Class Counsel with information about Defendants and about the
10 industry generally, reviewed documents, identified witnesses. I have also invested significant time
11 and efforts in performing my duties on behalf of the Class, including preparing for settlement
12 negotiations and speaking to witnesses. I have conferred with Class Counsel to discuss every
13 aspect of this case, consulted Class Counsel throughout the litigation, participated in the mediation
14 process, monitored the progress of the litigation with Class Counsel, and reviewed and signed the
15 Settlement Agreement. I devoted numerous hours of my time to all of the above tasks to vigorously
16 represent the interests of the Settlement Class.

17 8. I believe the Settlement obtained on behalf of the Settlement Class is fair and
18 reasonable in view of the facts, claims and the risk of going through further litigation in this case.

19 9. I entered into a separate individual agreement and provided a general release to
20 Defendants in connection with my individual non-wage and hour claims, and I am also requesting
21 a Representative Enhancement award and service payment from the Class settlement. In my
22 opinion, the requested award of \$10,000.00 is fair and reasonable given the risks I have taken, the
23 tasks I have performed, the time I have invested, and the real benefit which the Class Members
24 will receive from this class action. I view this settlement as fair and reasonable to all Class
25 Members. I believe I have diligently, adequately, and fairly represented the Class Members, and
26 have not placed my interests above any member of the class.

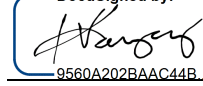
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10. I freely chose to champion the interests of the Class and freely accepted the risks of being a Class Representative in a class action that could stigmatize me and, although unknown at this time, may affect my future employability in this industry or any other industry. I also do not believe my decision to accept the Settlement and proposed \$10,000.00 service payment or for my general release compromised my duty to protect the interest of the Class. I also understand the \$10,000.00 service payment is subject to the Court's approval and discretion. Furthermore, although there is no record of such activity, I accepted the real risk of potentially being liable for the opposing parties' costs and attorneys' fees if I were unsuccessful in this lawsuit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 25th day of February, 2026 at Live Oak, California.

DocuSigned by:

9560A202BAAC44B
KISHA VAZQUEZ