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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

MARVIN BENEGAS, an individual, on behalf of himself and on behalf of all persons imilarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CONTINENTAL MARITIME OF SAN DIEGO, LLC, a Limited Liability Company; HII SAN DIEGO SHIPYARD INC., a Corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL

DECLARATION OF KYLE R. NORDREHAUG IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL OF CLASS SETTLEMENT, ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS AND SERVICE AWARD

Hearing Date: December 4, 2026
Hearing Time: 10:30 a.m.
[*Hearing scheduled by Order dated July 10, 2026*]

Judge: Hon. Loren G. Freestone
Dept.: 64

Date Action Filed: January 23, 2024
Trial Date: Not set

I, KYLE R. NORDREHAUG, declare as follows:

1. I am a partner of the law firm of Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP, counsel of record for Plaintiff Marvin Benegas ("Plaintiff") in this matter. As such, I am fully familiar with the facts, pleadings and history of this matter. The following facts are within my own personal knowledge, and if called as a witness, I could testify competently to the matters stated herein. This declaration is being submitted in support to the Plaintiff's motion for final approval of the class settlement, including attorneys' fees, costs and service award.

2. Over the course of the litigation, a number of attorneys in my firm have worked on this matter. Their credentials are reflected in the Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP firm resume, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit #1. Some of the major cases our firm has undertaken are also set forth in Exhibit #1. The bulk of the attorneys involved in this matter at Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP have had substantial class litigation experience in the areas of employment class actions, unfair business practices and other complex litigation. The attorneys at my firm have extensive experience in cases involving labor code violations and overtime claims. Class Counsel has litigated similar overtime cases against other employers on behalf of employees, including cases against Permanente Medical, Sharp Healthcare, Walmart, Legoland, Cigna, HealthNet, See's Candies, Securitas, Okta, Advanced Home Health, El Pollo Loco, Total Renal, Panda Express, Walt Disney Resorts, Pharmaca, Nortek Security, California Fine Wine, Solarcity, Walgreens, Space Exploration, Union Bank, Verizon, Apple, Wells Fargo, Kaiser, Universal Protection Services, and California State Automobile Association. Class Counsel have been approved as experienced class counsel during contested motions in state and federal courts throughout California. It is this level of experience which enabled the firm to undertake the instant matter and to successfully combat the resources of the defendants and their capable and experienced counsel. Class Counsel have participated in every aspect of the settlement discussions and have concluded the settlement is fair, adequate and reasonable and in the best interests of the Class.

3. Summary of the Proposed Settlement.

(a) A true and correct copy of the Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (the

"Agreement") between the parties is attached hereto as Exhibit #2. Plaintiff and Defendants Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC and HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. ("Defendants") reached a full and final settlement of the above-captioned action, which is embodied in the Agreement filed concurrently with the Court. Under the Settlement, the Gross Settlement Amount consists of the following elements: (1) payment of the Individual Class Payments to the Participating Class Members; (2) Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment; (3) Administration Expenses Payment; (4) the Class Representative Service Payment to the Plaintiff; and (5) the PAGA Penalties payment, which is to be allocated 25% ($6,250) to the Aggrieved Employees and 75% ($18,750) to the LWDA. (Agreement at ¶ 1.22.)

(b) The Gross Settlement Amount does not include Defendants' share of employer-side payroll taxes which will be paid separately. (Agreement at ¶ 3.1.) The Gross Settlement Amount shall not revert to Defendants. (Agreement at ¶ 3.1.)

(c) Defendants shall fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount, and also fund the amounts necessary to fully pay Defendants' share of payroll taxes by transmitting the funds to the Administrator no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. shall contribute One Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars ($175,000.00) to the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego LLC shall contribute Nine Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars ($975,000.00) to the Gross Settlement Amount. (Agreement at ¶ 4.3.) The distribution of Individual Class Payments to Participating Class Members along with the other Court-approved distributions shall be made within 14 days after the Defendants fund the settlement. (Agreement at ¶ 5.1.)

(d) The amount remaining in the Gross Settlement Amount after the deduction of Court-approved amounts for Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, the Class Representative Service Payment, the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Administration Expenses Payment (called the "Net Settlement Amount") shall be allocated to Class Members as their Individual Class Payments. (Agreement at ¶¶ 1.28 and 3.2.) From the Net Settlement Amount, the Individual Class Payment for each Participating Class Member will be calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class

Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(d).) Workweeks will initially be based on Defendants' records, however, Class Members will have the right to challenge the number of Workweeks.

(e) Class Members were sent the Court approved Class Notice using the procedure approved by the Court by mailing the notice packets after updating class members' addresses using the National Change of Address database and, for any notice packets returned as undeliverable, re-mailing such notices to any forwarding address provided or updated address located. See Declaration of Norma Ayala ("Ayala Decl.") at ¶ 9, Exh. A. Class Members were provided with the opportunity to exclude themselves or "opt out" if they did not want to participate in the settlement. *Id.* The Administrator received no objections and received only one (1) request for exclusion. Ayala Decl. at ¶¶ 13-14. As such, 99.9% of the Class will participate in the Settlement and will be sent a settlement check. All Aggrieved Employees will be paid their allocation of the PAGA Penalties and will be subject to the release of the Released PAGA Claims regardless of any request for exclusion from the Class. (Agreement at ¶¶ 6.3 and 8.5(d).)

(f) A Participating Class Member must cash his or her Individual Class Payment check within 180 days after it is mailed. (Agreement at ¶ 5.2.) Any settlement checks not cashed within 180 days will be voided and any funds represented by such checks sent o the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the Class Member thereby leaving no "unpaid residue" subject to the requirements of California Code of Civil Procedure Section 384, subd. (b). (Agreement at ¶ 5.4.)

(g) Apex Class Action LLC was appointed by the Court as the Administrator for the Settlement. (Agreement at ¶ 1.2.) The Administrator will be paid for settlement administration in an amount not to exceed $10,000. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(3).) The total Administration Expenses Payment, including fees and costs incurred to-date, as well as anticipated fees and costs for completion of the settlement administration is $11,690. See Declaration of Norma Ayala ("Ayala Decl.") at ¶ 21.

(h) Subject to Court approval, the Agreement provides for Class Counsel to be awarded a sum not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount, as the Class Counsel Fees Payment. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(b).) Class Counsel will also be allowed to apply separately for an award of Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment in an amount not to exceed $35,000. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(b).)

Subject to Court approval, the Agreement provides for a payment of no more than $10,000 to the Plaintiff as his Class Representative Service Payment. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(a).) In support of this separate requests for attorneys' fees, reimbursement of expenses and service award, Class Counsel is providing evidentiary support, for these requests, including lodestar.

(i) Subject to Court approval, the PAGA Penalties will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount for PAGA penalties under the California Private Attorneys General Act, Cal. Labor Code Section 2698, et seq. ("PAGA"). The PAGA Penalties are $25,000, to be allocated 75% ($18,750) to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% ($6,250) to the Individual PAGA Payments. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(d).) The Individual PAGA Payments will be calculated by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties ($6,250) by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Pay Periods.. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(d).) As set forth in the accompanying proof of service, the LWDA has been served with this motion and the Agreement.

(j) The Settlement is fair, adequate and reasonable to the class and should be finally approved for the same reasons the Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement, agreeing that the settlement is "fair, adequate and reasonable" (Preliminary Approval Order at ¶3.) In sum, the Settlement valued at $1,150,000 is an excellent result for the Class. This result is particularly favorable in light of the fact that liability and class certification in this case were far from certain in light of the defenses asserted by Defendants. Given the complexities of this case, the defenses asserted, the uncertainty of class certification, along with the uncertainties of proof at trial and appeal, the proposed settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate, and should be finally approved.

4. Procedural status of the settlement - In accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order dated July 10, 2026 ("Preliminary Approval Order"), the approved Class Notice has been disseminated to the Class. The reaction of the Class unequivocally supports approval of the Settlement. On August 10, 2026, the Administrator mailed the Court-approved Class Notice to the Class Members, which provided each class member with the terms of the Settlement, including notice of the claims at issue and the financial terms of the settlement, including the attorneys' fees, costs, and service award that were

being sought, how individual settlement awards would be calculated, and the specific, estimated payment amount to that individual. See Declaration of Norma Ayala ("Ayala Decl.") at ¶ 9, Exh. A. In disseminating the notice, the Administrator followed the notice procedures authorized by the Court in its Preliminary Approval Order. The Administrator received no objections and received only one (1) request for exclusion. Ayala Decl. at ¶¶ 13-14. As such, 99.9% of the Class will participate in the Settlement and will be sent a settlement check. Ayala Decl. at ¶¶ 16-18.

5. Description of Plaintiff's claims - The Action generally alleges that Plaintiff and other Class Members were not properly paid all overtime wages for hours worked and at the correct rate, were not provided meal and rest periods, were not timely paid earned wages, were not provided reimbursement for required expenses, were not provided accurate itemized wage statements, were not paid all accrued and used sick pay at the correct rate of pay, and were not paid all wages at the time of termination. The Action seeks unpaid wages, penalties, attorney fees, litigation costs, and any other equitable or legal relief allegedly due and owing to Plaintiff and the other Class Members by virtue of the foregoing claims.

6. Procedural History of the Litigation

(a) On December 28, 2023, Plaintiff filed with the LWDA and served on Defendants notices under Labor Code section 2699.3 identifying the alleged Labor Code violations to recover civil penalties on behalf of Aggrieved Employees for alleged violations of Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 204 et seq., 210, 218, 221, 226(a), 226.7, 227.3, 246, 510, 512, 558(a)(1)(2), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2802, California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 11040, Subdivision 5(A)-(B), California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 11070(14) (Failure to Provide Seating), and Violation of the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order(s).

(b) On January 23, 2024, Plaintiff commenced this Action by filing a complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego. Plaintiff's complaint asserted the following class claims against Defendants for: (1) unfair competition in violation of Cal. Bus & Prof. Code §§ 17200, et seq.; (2) failure to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code §§ 510, 1194 & 1198; (3) failure to to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code §§

1194, 1197, and 1197.1; (4) failure to provide required meal periods in violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (5) failure to provide required rest periods in violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (6) failure to maintain accurate employee records in violation of California Labor Code §§ 1174, et seq.; (7) failure to reimburse employees for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code § 2802; (8) failure to provide wages when due, including final wages, in violation of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202 and 203; and, failure to pay sick pay in violation of California Labor Code §§ 201-204, 233 and 246. On May 29, 2024, Plaintiff commenced filed a complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego ("PAGA Action"). The PAGA Action asserted a single cause of action for violation of the Private Attorneys General Act, Cal. Labor Code §§ 2698, et seq. ("PAGA").

(c) On August 27, 2025, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint, adding the claims in alleged in the PAGA Action to this Action. The First Amended Complaint is the operative complaint (the "Operative Complaint").

(d) Over the course of litigation, the Parties engaged in the investigation of the claims, including informal discovery and the production of documents, class data, and other information, allowing for the full and complete analysis of liabilities and defenses to the claims in the Action. The information for mediation obtained by Plaintiff included: (1) data concerning the class; (2) payroll data and time punch data for the Class covering 728 employees, 255,644 shifts and 57,419 workweeks; (3) Defendants' wage and hour policies; (4) the employment files for the Plaintiff; and, (5) samples of wage statements provided by Defendants. As such, Class Counsel received the data and information for the Class, which was sufficient for Plaintiff's expert to prepare the valuations of the claims for the Class.

(e) Class Counsel has extensive experience in litigating wage and hour class and representative actions in California. The Parties have vigorously litigated the Action since inception. During the course of litigation, the Parties each performed analysis of the merits and value of the claims. Plaintiff and Defendants have engaged in significant research and investigation in connection with the Actions. Class Counsel has thoroughly analyzed the value of the claims during the prosecution of this Actions and utilized an expert to perform an analysis of the data and valuation of the claims.

(f) Plaintiff and Defendants agreed to discuss resolution of the Action through a mediation. Prior to mediation, the Parties engaged in the above investigation and the exchange of documents and information in connection with the Action. On April 7, 2025, the Parties participated in an all-day mediation presided over by Michael Dickstein, a respected and experienced mediator of wage and hour class actions. Following the mediation, the Parties agreed to settle the Action based upon a mediator's proposal which was memorialized in the form of a Memorandum of Understanding. The Parties then negotiated the final terms of the settlement as set forth in the Agreement. At all times, the negotiations were arm's length and contentious.

(g) Although a settlement has been reached, Defendants deny any liability or wrongdoing of any kind associated with the claims alleged in the Action and further deny that, for any purpose other than settlement, the Action is appropriate for class and/or representative treatment. Defendants contend, among other things, that they have complied at all times with the California Labor Code, applicable Wage Order, and all other laws and regulations. Further, Defendants contend that class certification is inappropriate for any reason other than for settlement. Plaintiff contends that Defendants violated California wage and hour laws. Plaintiff further contends that the Action is appropriate for class certification on the basis that the claims meet the requisites for class certification. Without admitting that class certification is proper, Defendants have stipulated that the above Class may be certified for settlement purposes only. (Agreement at ¶ 2.7.) The Parties agree that certification for settlement purposes is not an admission that class certification is proper. Further, the Agreement is not admissible in this or any other proceeding as evidence that the Class could be certified absent a settlement. Solely for purposes of settling the Actions, the Parties stipulate and agree that the requisites for establishing class certification with respect to the Class are satisfied.

(h) Class Counsel has conducted an investigation into the facts of the class action. Both formal and informal discovery was obtained, which included the production of relevant documents and data. Class Counsel engaged in a thorough review and analysis of the relevant documents and data with the assistance of an expert. Accordingly, the agreement to settle did not occur until Class Counsel possessed sufficient information to make an informed judgment regarding the likelihood of success on

the merits and the results that could be obtained through further litigation. In addition, Class Counsel previously negotiated settlements with other employers in actions involving nearly identical issues and analogous defenses. Based on the foregoing data and their own independent investigation, evaluation and experience, Class Counsel believes that the settlement with Defendants on the terms set forth in the Agreement is fair, reasonable, and adequate and is in the best interest of the Class in light of all known facts and circumstances, including the risk of significant delay, defenses asserted by Defendants, and potential appellate issues.

7. History of Settlement Discussions

(a) This settlement is the result of extensive and hard-fought litigation as well as negotiations before an experienced and well-respected mediator. Defendants have expressly denied and continue to deny any wrongdoing or legal liability arising out of the conduct alleged in the Action. Plaintiff and Class Counsel have determined that it is desirable and beneficial to the Class to resolve the Released Class Claims of the Class in accordance with this Settlement, based upon the experience of Class Counsel who has previously litigated similar claims against other employers.

(b) The Parties attended an arms-length mediation session with Michael Dickstein, a respected and experienced mediator of wage and hour class and representative actions, in order to reach this Settlement. In preparation for the mediation, Defendants provided Class Counsel with payroll, time and employment data, along with other information regarding the Class Members, various internal documents, and other compensation and employment-related materials. Class Counsel analyzed the data with the assistance of damages expert Berger Consulting and prepared and submitted a mediation brief to the mediator. Following the all-day mediation, the Parties agreed to the Settlement, which was memorialized in the form of a Memorandum of Understanding.

(c) From July of 2025 to July of 2026, the settlement agreement and exhibits thereto were finalized and executed. On July 10, 2026, the Court granted the Motion for Preliminary Approval, and entered the Order granting preliminary approval of the settlement as fair and reasonable to the Class.

(d) Plaintiff and Class Counsel believe that this settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate. In

my judgment as experienced Class Counsel, this Settlement should be finally approved.

8. The outcome of this case would have been uncertain and fraught with risks.

(a) Here, a number of defenses asserted by Defendants present serious threats to the claims of the Plaintiff and the other Class Members. Defendants asserted that Defendants' practices complied with all applicable Labor laws. The fact that were two entities could have caused difficulties as to liability and collection on any judgment. Defendants argued that Class Members were paid for all time worked and that all work time was properly recorded and compensation for that time was correctly compensated. Defendant argued that rounding was facially neutral and did not result in unpaid wages. Defendants contend that its meal and rest period policies fully complied with California law and Defendants did not fail to provide the opportunity for legally required meal and rest breaks. Defendants contend that there was no failure to pay for business expenses and any cell phone usage was merely convenient and voluntary such that reimbursement was not legally required. Finally, Defendants could argue that the Supreme Court decision in *Brinker v. Superior Court,* 53 Cal. 4th 1004 (2012), weakened Plaintiff's claims, on liability, value, and class certifiability as to the meal and rest period claims. Defendants also argue that based on their facially lawful practices, Defendants acted in good faith and without willfulness, which if accepted would negate the claims for waiting time penalties and/or inaccurate wage statements. See e.g. *Naranjo v. Spectrum Sec. Servs., Inc.*, 15 Cal. 5th 1056, 1065 (May 6, 2024) ("if an employer reasonably and in good faith believed it was providing a complete and accurate wage statement in compliance with the requirements of section 226, then it has not knowingly and intentionally failed to comply with the wage statement law.") Defendants' defenses could eliminate or substantially reduce any recovery to the Class. While Plaintiff believes that these defenses could be overcome, Defendants maintain these defenses have merit and therefore present a serious risk to recovery by the Class.

(b) There was also a significant risk that, if the Action was not settled, Plaintiff would be unable to certify a class and maintain that certification through trial, and thereby not recover on behalf of any employees other than themselves. At the time of the mediation, Defendants forcefully opposed the propriety of class certification, arguing that individual issues precluded class certification. Further,

as demonstrated by the California Supreme Court decision in *Duran v. U.S. Bank National Assn.*, 59 Cal. 4th 1 (2014), there are significant hurdles to overcome for a class-wide recovery even where the class has been certified. While other cases have approved class certification in wage and hour claims, class certification in this action was hotly disputed and the maintenance of a certified class through trial was by no means a foregone conclusion.

(c)As demonstrated by the decision in *Duran*, the complexities and duration of further litigation cannot be overstated. There is little doubt that Defendants would post a bond and appeal in the event of an adverse judgment. A post-judgment appeal by Defendants would have required many more years to resolve, assuming the judgment was affirmed. If the judgment was not affirmed in total, then the case could have dragged on for years after the appeal. The benefits of a guaranteed recovery today outweigh an uncertain result three or more years in the future Plaintiff and Class Counsel recognize the expense and length of a trial against Defendants through possible appeals which could take at least another two or three years. Class Counsel also have taken into account the uncertain outcome, the risk of litigation, especially in complex actions such as this one. Class Counsel are also mindful of and recognize the inherent problems of proof under, and alleged defenses to, the claims asserted in the Action. Moreover, post-trial motions and appeals would have been inevitable. Costs would have mounted and recovery would have been delayed if not denied, thereby reducing the benefits of an ultimate victory. The Settlement confers substantial benefits upon the Class. Based upon their evaluation, Plaintiff and Class Counsel have determined that the Settlement set forth in the Agreement is in the best interest of the Class.

(d) The Settlement in this case is fair, reasonable and adequate considering Defendants' defenses to Plaintiff's claims. As set forth in the Declaration of Nordrehaug in support of preliminary approval which discussed the value of the class claims in detail, the Gross Settlement Amount compares favorably to the value of the claims. Based upon 970 Participating Class Members who worked an estimated 76,075 workweeks, the Gross Settlement Amount provides an average value of $1,185 per Class Member and $15 per workweek and after deductions the Net Settlement Amount provides an average recovery of $710.09 per Class Member and a recovery of $9.05 per workweek. The calculations to compensate for the amount due for the Class at the time of the mediation were calculated by Berger Consulting,

Plaintiff's damage expert. As to the Class claims at issue in this Action, Plaintiff used this expert to analyze the data and determine the potential damages. The maximum potential damages were calculated to be $254,578 for the alleged unpaid wages due to rounding, $2,713,147 for the alleged unpaid wages for off-the-clock work at 1 hour per week, $1,562,372 for alleged missed meal period damages based upon a 20% violation rate, $1,562,372 for alleged rest period damages based upon the same 20% violation rate, $91,680 for alleged unreimbursed cell-phone expenses at $5 per month. As a result, the total damage valuation was calculated such that Defendants were subject to a maximum damage claim in the amount of $6,184,149. As to potential penalties, Plaintiffs calculated that potential waiting time penalties were a maximum of $2,558,092, and potential maximum wage statement penalties were $2,456,000.[1] Defendants vigorously disputed Plaintiff's calculations and exposure theories. Consequently, the Gross Settlement Amount of $1,150,000 represents more than 18.5% of the maximum value of the alleged damages at issue in this case at the time this Settlement was negotiated.[2] Importantly, the recent decision that good faith belief of compliance by the employer in *Naranjo v. Spectrum Sec. Servs., Inc.*, 15 Cal. 5th 1056, 1065 (2024), could completely negate the claims for waiting time and wage statement penalties, even if wages were owed to the Class. The above maximum calculations should then be realistically risk-adjusted in consideration for both the risk of class certification and class-wide liability on all claims. Given the amount of the settlement as compared to the potential value of claims

[1] While Plaintiff alleged claims for statutory penalties pursuant to Labor Code Sections 203 and 226, at mediation Plaintiff recognized that these claims were subject to additional, separate defenses asserted by Defendants, including, a good faith dispute defense as to whether any premium wages for meal or rest periods or other wages were owed given Defendants' position that Plaintiff and Class Members were properly compensated. *See Nordstrom Commission Cases*, 186 Cal. App. 4th 576, 584 (2010) ("There is no willful failure to pay wages if the employer and employee have a good faith dispute as to whether and when the wages were due.").

[2] Because the PAGA claim is not a class claim and primarily is paid to the State of California, Plaintiff has not included the PAGA claim in this discussion of the value of the class claims. The PAGA claim was addressed in the Motion for Preliminary Approval in the Declaration of Kyle Nordrehaug at ¶33.

in this case and the defenses asserted by Defendants, this settlement is fair and reasonable.[3] Clearly, the goal of this litigation has been met.

(e) In sum, the Settlement is a fair and reasonable result, and provides the Class with a significant recovery, particularly when viewed in light of the fact that the Defendants asserted serious and substantial defenses both to liability and to class certification. Currently, the maximum and average class member allocation are $2,467.87 and $710.10, respectively. *See* Ayala Decl. ¶ 18. Given the complexities of this case, the defenses, along with the uncertainties of proof and appeal, the proposed Settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate, and should be finally approved.

(f) It is impossible to predict with certainty whether, under the facts of this case, Plaintiff would prevail against the Defendants' factual and legal defenses. While Plaintiff and Class Counsel believe in the merits of the claims, Defendants have asserted real and substantial defenses to these claims and to class certification. Settlement in this case clearly benefits the Class when measuring the strengths of Plaintiff's case and the risk of establishing class wide liability and damages.

ATTORNEYS' FEES, LITIGATION EXPENSES AND SERVICE AWARD

9. The Agreement For The Payment of Fees and Expenses Is Appropriate And Should Be Enforced

(a) Class Counsel successfully negotiated a class action settlement which provides for a common fund settlement to be paid by Defendants to the Class in the amount of One Million Nine Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($1,150,000). (Agreement at ¶¶ 1.22 and 3.1.) As part of the settlement, the parties agreed to an award of attorneys' fees equal to one-third (1/3) of the Gross Settlement Amount as the

[3] See *Glass v. UBS Fin. Servs.*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 8476 (N.D. Cal. 2007) (approving a settlement where the settlement amount constituted approximately 25% of the estimated overtime damages for the class); *Stovall-Gusman v. W.W. Granger, Inc.*, 2015 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 78671, at *12 (N.D. Cal. 2015) (granting final approval where the settlement "represents approximately 10% of what class might have been awarded had they succeeded at trial."); *Viceral v. Mistras Grp., Inc.*, 2016 WL 5907869 (N.D. Cal. 2016) (approving wage and hour class action settlement amounting to 8.1% of full value); *Ma v. Covidien Holding, Inc.*, 2014 WL 2472316, (C.D. Cal. 2014) (approving wage and hour class action settlement worth "somewhere between 9% and 18%" of maximum valuation).

Class Counsel Fees Payment. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(b).) By this motion, Class Counsel respectfully requests approval of the Class Counsel Fees Payment in an amount equal to one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount.

(b) In the class action context, that means "attempting to award the fee that informed private bargaining, if it were truly possible, might have reached." Here, informed arms-length bargaining between experienced counsel and Defendants resulted in Defendants negotiating the fee award to one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount. Such bargaining is obviously the best measure of the market for fees. Moreover, fee awards in common fund settlements as this one have resulted in a percentage of fees in an equivalent percentage to the sum sought by Class Counsel herein, further reflecting the accurate market value of the award requested.

(c) The requested fee award, agreed to by the parties as part of the Settlement, should be approved. The requested fee award was bargained for during arms' length adversarial bargaining by counsel for each of the parties as part of the Settlement.

10. The Class Counsel Fee Award Is Properly Calculated as a Percentage of the Total Value Created for the Benefit of the Class

(a) As part of the settlement, the Parties agreed to an award of attorneys' fees equal to one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount of $1,150,000, which equals $383,333 for attorneys' fees. As part of the Agreement, Defendants also agreed that Class Counsel will also be paid reasonable litigations expenses incurred as per Class Counsel's billing statement in an amount not to exceed $35,000. Finally, Defendants also agreed that Plaintiff can be awarded a Class Representative Service Payment in the amount of no more than $10,000 as his service award under the Agreement.

(b) In defining a reasonable fee, the Court should mimic the marketplace for cases involving a significant contingent risk such as this one. Our legal system places unique reliance on private litigants to enforce substantive provisions of employment law through class actions. Therefore, attorneys providing these substantial benefits should be paid an award equal to the amount negotiated in private bargaining that takes place in the legal market place.

(c) There is a substantial difference between the risk assumed by attorneys being paid by the hour

and attorneys working on a contingent fee basis. The attorney being paid by the hour can go to the bank with his fee. The attorney working on a contingent basis can only log hours while working without pay towards a result that will hopefully entitle him to a marketplace contingent fee taking into account the risk and other factors of the undertaking. Otherwise, the contingent fee attorney receives nothing. In this case, the nature of the fee was wholly contingent. Class Counsel subjected themselves to this contingent fee market risk in this all or nothing contingent fee case wherein the necessity and financial burden of private enforcement makes the requested award appropriate. This case was litigated on a contingent basis for over two years, with all of the risk factors inherent in such an uncertain undertaking. Indeed, I am aware of other similar cases where the court dismissed the class allegations or denied class certification. Under such circumstances, courts have held that a risk multiplier must be applied to the fee award.

(d) Here, the contingent nature of the fee award, both from the point of view of eventual settlement and the point of view of establishing eligibility for an award, also warrant the requested fee award. A number of difficult issues, the adverse resolution of any one of which could have doomed the successful prosecution of the action, were present here. Attorneys' fees in this case were not only contingent but risky, with a very real chance that Class Counsel would receive nothing at all for their efforts, having devoted time and advanced costs. Class Counsel has previously invested in cases which resulted in no recovery, and here Class Counsel is recovering a fee award that comparable to the multiplier approved in other cases.

(e) At the time this case was brought, the result was far from certain as discussed above at paragraphs 8(a) and 8(b).

(f) The Settlement was possible only because Class Counsel was (presumably) able to convince Defendants that Plaintiff could potentially prevail on the contested issues regarding liability, maintain class certification, overcome difficulties in proof as to monetary relief and take the case to trial if need be. In successfully navigating these hurdles Class Counsel displayed the necessary skills in both wage and hour and class action litigation. The high quality of the Class Counsel's work in this case was mandated by the vigorous defense presented by counsel for Defendant. Over the last years of litigation, Class Counsel was required to invest substantial time and resources in investigation, litigation, the determination of potential damages and communicating with and responding to opposing counsel's and

class members' requests and inquiries.

(g) To represent the Class on a contingent fee basis, Class Counsel also had to forego compensable hourly work on other cases to devote the necessary time and resources to this contingent case. In so doing, Class Counsel gave up the hourly work that a firm can bank on for the risky contingent fee work in this case which could potentially have paid nothing.

(h) Class Counsel were required to advance all costs in this litigation. Especially in this type of litigation where the corporate defendant and their attorneys are well funded, this can prove to be very expensive and risky. Accordingly, because the risk of advancing costs in this type of litigation can be significant, it is therefore cost prohibitive to many attorneys. The financial burdens undertaken by Plaintiff and Class Counsel in prosecuting this action on behalf of the Class were very substantial. Class Counsel has previously litigated cases and advanced costs, but received no recovery. To date, Class Counsel advanced more than $28,000 in costs which could not have been recovered if this case had been lost. The Plaintiff also undertook the risk of liability for Defendants' costs had this case not succeeded, as well as other potential negative financial ramifications from having sued Defendants on behalf of the Class. Accordingly, the contingent nature of the fee and the financial burdens on Class Counsel and on Plaintiff also support the requested awards.

(i) In this case, the reasonableness of the requested attorneys' fee of one-third equal to $650,000 is also established by reference to Class Counsel's lodestar in this matter. **The contemporaneous billing records for Class Counsel evidence that through November 5, 2026, Class Counsel's total lodestar is $_____, with significant additional fees still to be incurred to complete final approval and the settlement process.** The requested fee award is therefore currently equivalent to Class Counsel's total lodestar with a reasonable multiplier cross-check of _____, and there will be additional lodestar incurred by Class Counsel to complete the settlement process and manage the settlement distribution and reports. Such a lodestar cross-check is well within the positive multipliers approved in other cases such as *Laffitte* and *Vizcaino v. Microsoft Corp.*, 290 F.3d 1043, 1051 (9th Cir.

2002).[4] As a result, this Court may conclude that the requested award is fair and reasonable and is justified under California law.

(j) Counsel retained on a contingency fee basis, whether in private matters or in representative litigation of this sort, is entitled to a premium beyond his standard, hourly, non-contingent fee schedule in order to compensate for both the risks and the delay in payment for the simple fact that despite the most vigorous and competent of efforts, success is never guaranteed. This is particularly true here where Class Counsel has prosecuted this case on a contingency basis for two years. Indeed, if counsel is not adequately compensated for the risks inherent in difficult class actions, competent attorneys will be discouraged from prosecuting similar cases.

11. On December 4, 2018, in *Panda Express Wage and Hour Cases* (Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. JCCP 4919) Judge Carolyn Kuhl awarded Class Counsel a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On January 31, 2020, in *El Pollo Loco Wage and Hour Cases* (Orange County Superior Court Case No. JCCP 4957) Judge William Claster awarded Class Counsel a one-third award in a wage and hour class settlement. On February 11, 2020, in *Singh v. Total Renal Care* (San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-16-550847) Judge Ethan Schulman awarded Class Counsel a one-third award in a wage and hour class settlement. On April 15, 2021, in *Walker v. Brink's Global Services USA* (Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC564369) Judge Amy Hogue awarded Class Counsel a one-third award in a wage and hour class settlement. On June 2, 2021, in *Pacia v. CIM Group, L.P.* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC709666), Judge Amy D. Hogue awarded Class Counsel a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 8, 2021, in *Securitas Wage and Hour Cases* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. JCCP4837) Judge David Cunningham awarded a

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[4] See *Laffitte v. Robert Half Int'l*, 1 Cal. 5th 480, 487 (2016) (approving 1/3 fee award with multiplier of 2.03 to 2.13); *Vizcaino v. Microsoft Corp.*, 290 F.3d 1043, 1051 (9th Cir. 2002)(3.65 multiplier approved because of substantial risk); *Pellegrino v. Robert Half Intern., Inc*., 182 Cal.App.4th 278 (2010) (in class actions reasonable multipliers of 2.0 to 4.0 are often applied and affirming 1.75 multiplier); *Wershba v. Apple Computer*, 91 Cal. App. 4th 224, 255 (2001) ("multipliers can range from 2 to 4 or even higher."); *In re Sutter Health Uninsured Pricing Cases*,171 Cal.App.4th 495, 512 (2009) (affirming multiplier of 2.52 as "fair and reasonable); *Chavez v. Netflix, Inc*., 162 Cal.App.4th 43, 66 (2008) (affirming multiplier of 2.53 as well within the approved range of 2 to 4); *Taylor v. Fedex Freight, Inc.*, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 142202 (E.D. Cal. 2016) (30% fee justified by 2.26 multiplier).

one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 17, 2021, in *Leon v. Sierra Aluminum Company* (San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS2010856) Judge David Cohn awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On March 17, 2022, in *See's Candies Wage and Hour Cases* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. JCCP5004) Judge Maren Nelson awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On April 12, 2022, in *O'Donnell v, Okta, Inc.*, (San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-20-587665) Judge Richard Ulmer awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On June 30, 2022, in *Armstrong, et al. v. Prometric LLC* (Los Angeles Sueprior Court Case No. 20STCV29967), Judge Maren E. Nelson awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action. On July 13, 2022, in *Crum v. S&D Carwash Management LLC*, (Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 2019-00251338), Judge Christopher E. Krueger awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On August 10, 2022, in *Spears, et al. v. Health Net of California, Inc.*, (Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 34-2017-00210560-CU-OE-GDS), Judge Christopher E. Krueger awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On September 7, 2022, in *Lucchese, et al. v. Kone, Inc.*, (San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-20-588225), Judge Richard B. Ulmer, Jr. awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On November 4, 2022, in *Infinity Energy Wage and Hour Cases* (San Diego Superior Court, Case No. JCCP5139), Judge Keri Katz awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On February 1, 2023, in *Hogan v. AECOM Tecnical Services, Inc.* (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 19STCV40072), Judge Stuart Rice awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On February 28, 2023, in *Farthing v. Milestone Technologies* (San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-21-591251), Judge Richard B. Ulmer, Jr. awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class action settlement. On March 2, 2023, in *Leon v. Calaveras Materials* (Kings County Superior Court Case No. 21C-0105), Judge Melissa D'Morias awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On June 20, 2023, in *Gonzalez v. Pacific Western Bank* (San Bernardino County Superior Court Case No. CIVSB2127657) Judge David Cohn awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement, On June 30, 2023, in *Aguirre v. Headlands Ventures* (Sacramento County Superior Court Case No. 34-2021-00297290), Judge Jill Talley approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On October 16, 2023, in

Flores v. Walmart, (San Bernardino County Superior Court Case No. CIVDS2023061) Judge Joseph T. Ortiz awarded a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 17, 2023, in *Silva v. Woodward HRT* (Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. 21STCV42692), Judge Maren Nelson awarded a one-their fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On November 29, 2023, in *Ochoa-Andrade v. See's Candies* (San Mateo County Superior Court Case no. 22-CIV-02481), Judge Marie Weiner approved a one-thrid fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On September 12, 2024, in *Murdock v. Aspen Surgery Center* (Contra Costa County Superior Court Case No. MSC21-02047), Judge Charles Treat approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On October 8, 2024, in *Rattler v. Pacific Coast Container* (Alameda Superior Court Case No. 22CV015216), Judge Michael Markman approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On January 14, 2025, in *Curry v. United Health Care Staffing* (San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-21-597339), Judge Curtis Karnow approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On January 17, 2025, in *Virgen v. Curaleaf* (Sacramento County Superior Court Case No. 34-2022-00314655), Judge Lauri Damrell approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. On February 7, 2025, in *Wong v. Nurse Logistics* (Santa Clara County Superior Court Case No. 22CV408939), Judge Theodore Zayner approved a one-third fee award in a wage and hour class settlement. A fee award equal to one-third of the common fund is therefore reasonable in light of the fees that have been awarded in other similar cases.

12. **The contemporaneous billing records for Class Counsel evidence that through November 5, 2026, Class Counsel's total lodestar is $222,557.50,** with significant additional fees still to be incurred to complete final approval and the settlement process. From November 17, 2023 to November 5, 2026, my firm worked on this matter for over 305 hours, with hourly rates for attorneys ranging from $450 to $995, resulting in a total incurred lodestar for my firm in the amount of $222,557.50. The requested fee award is therefore less than Class Counsel's current lodestar representing a reasonable multiplier cross-check of less than 1.8, and there will be additional lodestar incurred by Class Counsel to complete the settlement process and manage the settlement distribution and reports. A detailed breakdown of the total fees and the services performed by the firm on this case is attached hereto

as Exhibit #3. In addition, Class Counsel will be performing significant additional work that is not included in this lodestar amount, including finalizing the final approval motion, attending the hearing on final approval, and monitoring completion of the settlement process. I expect this additional work will result in approximately $20,000 in additional lodestar for my firm. The rates charged by my firm are in line with the prevailing rates of attorneys in the local legal community for similar work and, if this were a commercial matter, these are the charges that would be made and presented to the client. My firm's hourly rates are based upon the Laffey Matrix with the appropriate 2% increase adjustment for Southern California. A true and correct copy of the Laffey Matrix is attached hereto as Exhibit #4. These hourly rates have been approved by Court's throughout California, including the Courts in the Superior Court of California. In fact, on August 1, 2018, District Judge Andre Birotte Jr. explicitly found that Class Counsel's "rates generally appear reasonable and 'in line with those prevailing in the [relevant] community'—the Central District of California". Finally, the reasonableness of Class Counsel's hourly rates is further confirmed by comparing such rates with the rates of comparable counsel practicing complex and class litigation as detailed in the National Law Journal Billing Survey. See e.g. *Zest IP Holdings, LLC v. Implant Direct MFG., LLC*, 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 167563 (S.D. Cal. 2014) (finding that "Mayer Brown's $775 average billing rate for partners" and "Mayer Brown's $543 average associate billing rate" are reasonable rates when compared within 21 other firms practicing in the Southern District of California.) This survey is useful to show that Class Counsel's rates are in line with the comparable rates of the defense counsel that opposes these types of class claims, such as Mayer Brown noted above who is defense counsel in cases currently being prosecuted by Class Counsel. In another example, Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton, who is opposing counsel in many cases prosecuted by Class Counsel, in years past charged rates as high as $875 for partners and $535 for associates. Similarly, Paul Hastings, another opposing counsel in these types of cases, historically charged between $900 and $750 for partners and $755 and $335 for associates. Thus, the rates charged by Class Counsel for comparable work are less than these examples, and are therefore undoubtedly reasonable. Therefore, the requested fee award as a percentage of the fund is supported by the currently lodestar incurred, and will be a lower multiplier by the completion of the settlement. The requested award is therefore reasonable viewed by

the Lodestar/Multiplier cross-check.

Litigation Expenses

13. As part of the Agreement at paragraph 3.2(b), that Class Counsel may seek a "Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than $35,000." Class Counsel requests reimbursement for incurred litigation expenses and costs in the amount of $31,183.02. Class Counsel have incurred expenses of $31,183.02 based upon counsel's billing records; therefore, this requested amount is less than the allocation in the Agreement. These litigation expenses include the expenses incurred for filing fees, legal research charges (Lexis Nexis), court docket document downloading charges, mediation expenses, expert expenses (Berger Consulting), and attorney service charges (OneLegal and Knox), all of which are costs normally billed to and paid by the client. The details of the litigation expenses incurred by my firm in this matter are set forth in Exhibit #3. These costs were reasonably incurred in the prosecution of the Action.

Service Award

14. For his service as the sole class representative, Plaintiff should be awarded the agreed service award of $10,000 in accordance with the Agreement for his time, risk and effort expended on behalf of the Class as the class representative. (Agreement at ¶ 3.2(a).) Defendants have agreed to this payment and there have been no objections to the requested service award. The Plaintiff's Declaration in support of this request is attached hereto as Exhibit #5. As the only representative of the Class, Plaintiff performed his duties to the Class admirably and without exception. Plaintiff worked extensively with Class Counsel during the course of the litigation, responding to numerous requests, searching for documents, working with counsel, and reviewing the settlement documentation. The declaration of Plaintiff details the involvement, stress and risks he undertook as a result of this Action. The Plaintiff also assumed the serious risk that he might possibly be liable for costs and fees to Defendant, as well as the reputational risk of being "blacklisted" by other future employers for having filed a class action on behalf of fellow former employees. Without the Plaintiff's participation, cooperation and information,

no other employees would be receiving any benefit. The payment of service awards to successful class representatives is appropriate and the amount of $10,000 is well within the currently awarded range for similar settlements. The requested award is also reasonable by reference to the amounts that other California courts have found to be reasonable in wage and hour class action settlements: *Andrews v. Plains All Am. Pipeline L.P.*, 2022 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 172183, at *11 (C.D. Cal. 2022) (finding that the requested service awards of $15,000 each are appropriate); *Reynolds v. Direct Flow Med., Inc.*, 2019 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 149865, at *19 (N.D. Cal. 2019) (granting request for $12,500 service award); *Mathein v. Pier 1 Imps.*, 2018 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 71386, 168 (E.D. Cal. 2018) (approving two service awards of $12,500 each)*; Louie v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc*., 2008 WL 4473183, *7 (S.D.Cal. Oct. 06, 2008) (awarding $25,000 service award to each of six plaintiffs in overtime class action)*; Holman v. Experian Info. Solutions, Inc.*, 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 173698 (approving $10,000 service award where class member recovery was $375)*; Ontiveros v. Zamora*, 303 F.R.D. 356, 366 (E.D. Cal. 2014) (reducing $20,000 award to $15,000 where the plaintiff brought a class claim in lieu of bringing an individual action)*;Glass v. UBS Fin. Servs.*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 8476 at *51-*52 (N.D.Cal. 2007)(awarding $25,000 service award in overtime wage class action)*; Zamora v. Balboa Life & Casualty, LLC*, Case No. BC360036, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Mar. 7, 2013)(awarding $25,000 service award); *Aguiar v. Cingular Wireless, LLC*, Case No. CV 06-8197 DDP (AJWx)(C.D. Cal. Mar. 17, 2011)(awarding $14,767 service award); *Magee v. American Residential Services, LLC*, Case No. BC423798, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Apr. 21, 2011)(awarding $15,000 service award); *Mares v. BFS Retail & Commercial Operations, LLC*, Case No. BC375967, Los Angeles County Superior Court (June 24, 2010)(awarding $15,000 service award); *Baker v. L.A. Fitness Int'l, LLC*, Case No. BC438654, L.A. County Superior Court (Dec. 12, 2012)(awarding $10,000 service awards to three named plaintiffs); *Blue v. Coldwell banker Residential Brokerage Co.*, Case No. BC417335, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Mar. 21, 2011)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Buckmire v. Jo-Ann Stores, Inc.*, Case No. BC394795, Los Angeles County Superior Court (June, 11, 2010)(awarding $10,000 service awards); *Coleman v. Estes Express Lines, Inc.*, Case No. BC429042, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Oct. 3, 2013)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Ethridge v. Universal Health Services,*

Inc., Case No. BC391958, Los Angeles County Superior Court (May 27, 2011)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Hickson v. South Coast Auto Ins. Marketing, Inc.*, Case No. BC390395, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Mar. 27, 2012)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Hill v. sunglass Hut Int'l, Inc.*, Case No. BC422934, Los Angeles County Superior Court (July 2, 2012)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Kambamba v. Victoria's Secret Stores, LLC*, Case No. BC368528, Los Angeles County Superior Court, (Aug. 19, 2011)(awarding $10,000 service award together with additional compensation for their general release); *Nevarez v. Trader Joe's Co.*, Case No. BC373910, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Jan. 29, 2010)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Ordaz v. Rose Hills Mortuary, L.P.*, Case No. BC386500, Los Angeles County Superior Court, (Mar. 19, 2010)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Sheldon v. AHMC Monterey Park Hosp. LP*, Case No. BC440282, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Feb. 22, 2013)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Silva v. Catholic Mortuary Services, Inc.*, Case No. BC408054, Los Angeles County Superior Court (Feb. 8, 2011)(awarding $10,000 enhancement award); *Weisbarth v. Banc West Investment Services, Inc.*, Case No. BC422202, Los Angeles County Superior Court (May 24, 2013)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Lazar v, Kaiser Foundation Health Plan*, Case No. 14-cv-273289, Santa Clara County Superior Court (Dec. 28, 2015) (awarding $10,000 service award); *Acheson v. Express, LLC*, Case No. 109CV135335, Santa Clara County Superior Court (Sept. 13, 2011)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Bejarano v. Amerisave Mortgage Corp.*, Case No. EDCV 08-00599 SGL (Opx)(C.D. Cal. June 22, 2010)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Carbajal v. Sally Beauty Supply LLC*, Case No. CIVVS 1004307, San Bernardino County Superior Court (Aug. 6, 2012)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Contreras v. Serco Inc.*, Case No. 10-cv-04526-CAS-JEMx (C.D. Cal. Sep. 10, 2012)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Guerro v. R.R. Donnelley & Sons Co.*, Case No. RIC 10005196, Riverside County Superior Court (July 16, 2013)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Kisliuk v. ADT Security Services Inc.*, Case No. CV08-03241 DSF (RZx)(C.D. Cal. Jan. 10, 2011)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Morales v. BCBG Maxazria Int'l Holdings, Inc.*, Case No. JCCP 4582, Orange County Superior Court (Jan. 24, 2013)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Barrett v. Doyon Security Services, LLC*, Case No. BS900199, BS900517, San Bernardino County Superior Court (Apr. 23, 2010)(awarding $10,000 service award); *Zirpolo v. UAG Stevens Creek II,* Santa Clara Superior Court Case no.

17CV313457 (July 10, 2018) (awarding $10,000 service award); *Taylor v. TIC - The Inductrial Complany*, U.S.D.C. Central District of California Case No. EDCV 16-186-VAP (Aug. 1, 2018) (awarding $10,000 service award).

15. The requested service award is also reasonable in light of the reputational risk that Plaintiff assumed in bringing this action against his former employer. Plaintiff put his future employment prospects at risk by becoming a class representative as the fact that she filed a lawsuit "is searchable on the internet and may become known to prospective employers when evaluating" them for employment. *Guippone v. BH S&B Holdings, LLC*, 2011 U.S., Dist. LEXIS 126026, *20 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 28, 2011). Employers routinely screen employee candidates to determine whether they have ever filed a suit against other employers, allowing them to screen out the litigious candidates. An entire industry exists that allows employers to run extensive background searches on potential employees. Companies who provide these services specifically highlight the fact that their services allows employers to weed out litigious employment candidates. Reliable Plant outlines ways that employers can "get a sense of whether a prospective employee is likely to sue" the employer, through background checks and other means, to screen out these employees.[5] Onicra Credit Rating Agency states: "Background screening has become a necessity in today's litigious society." Back Track Screening also represents: "In today's litigious culture, employers simply cannot afford to hire employees who will put their company at risk."[6] PreciseHire also offers employment screening and similarly warns: "with today's business climate being extremely competitive and highly litigious, conducting pre employment background checks has become a necessity."[7]

16. As a result, Class Counsel respectfully requests approval of the application for award of the Class Counsel Fees Payment equal to one-third (1/3) of the common fund, an award of litigation expenses in the amount of $31,183.02, and approval of the requested service award to the Plaintiff.

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[5] www.reliableplant.com/Read/6959/a-solution-to-fear-of-hiring-litigious-employees.

[6] http://www.btscreening.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/09/Screening-101.pdf.

[7] https://precisehireblog.wordpress.com/2013/11/21/pre-employment-background-checks-have-become-a-busines-necissity/.

17. In accordance with California Rules of Court, rule 3.769, I make the following disclosure. The Class Counsel Fees Payment awarded shall be allocated 75% to Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and 25% to Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 5th day of November 2026, at San Diego, California.

/s/ Kyle R. Nordrehaug
KYLE R. NORDREHAUG

EXHIBIT #1

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FIRM RESUME

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REPORTED CASES

Sakkab v. Luxottica Retail N. Am., Inc., 803 F.3d 425 (9th Cir. 2015) (The panel reversed the district court's order granting Luxottica Retail North America, Inc.'s motion to compel arbitration of claims and dismissing plaintiff's first amended complaint, in a putative class action raising class employment-related claims and a non-class representative claim for civil penalties under the Private Attorney General Act.);
Securitas Security Services USA, Inc. v. Superior Court, 234 Cal. App. 4th 1109 (Cal. Feb. 27, 2015) (Court of Appeal concluded the trial court correctly ruled that *Iskanian* rendered the PAGA waiver within the parties' dispute resolution agreement unenforceable. However, the Court of Appeal then ruled the trial court erred by failing to invalidate the non-severable class action waiver from the agreement and remanded the entire complaint, including class action and PAGA claims, be litigated in the Superior Court);
Sussex v. United States Dist. Court for the Dist. of Nev., 781 F.3d 1065 (9th Cir. 2015) (The panel determined that the district court clearly erred in holding that its decision to intervene mid-arbitration was justified under Aerojet-General. Specifically, the panel held that the district court erred in predicting that an award issued by the arbitrator would likely be vacated because of his "evident partiality" under 9 U.S.C. § 10(a)(2).);

Provost v. YourMechanic, Inc., 2020 Cal. App. Lexis 955 (Oct. 15, 2020) (Court of Appeals affirmed denial of arbitration of PAGA claim, and held in a case of first impression, that there was no additional standing rules for PAGA claim brought by independent contractor);
In re Tobacco Cases II, 41 Cal. 4th 1257 (2007); Washington Mutual Bank v. Superior Court, 24 Cal. 4th 906 (2001); Rocker v. KPMG LLP, 148 P.3d 703; 122 Nev. 1185 (2006); PCO, Inc. v. Christensen, Miller, Fink, Jacobs, Glaser, Weil & Shapiro, LLP, 150 Cal. App. 4th 384 (2007); Hall v. County of Los Angeles, 148 Cal. App. 4th 318 (2007); Coshow v. City of Escondido, 132 Cal. App. 4th 687 (2005); Daniels v. Philip Morris, 18 F.Supp 2d 1110 (S.D. Cal.1998); Gibson v. World Savings & Loan Asso., 103 Cal. App. 4th 1291 (2003); Jordan v. Department of Motor Vehicles, 75 Cal. App. 4th 445 (1999); Jordan v. Department of Motor Vehicles, 100 Cal.App. 4th 431 (2002); Norwest Mortgage, Inc. v. Superior Court, 72 Cal.App.4th 214 (1999); Hildago v. Diversified Transp. Sya, 1998 U.S. App. LEXIS 3207 (9th Cir. 1998); Kensington Capital Mgal. v. Oakley, Inc., 1999 U.S. Dist LEXIS 385; Fed.Sec.L.Rep. (CCH) P90, 411 (1999 C.D. Cal.); Lister v. Oakley, Inc., 1999 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 384; Fed. Sec. L. Rep. (CCH) P90,409 (C.D Cal. 1999); Olszewski v. Scripps Health, 30 Cal. 4th 798 (2003); Steroid Hormone Product Cases, 181 Cal. App. 4th 145 (2010); Owen v. Macy's, Inc., 175 Cal. App. 4th 462 (2009); Taiheiyo Cement Corp. v. Superior Court, 117 Cal. App. 4th 380 (2004); Taiheiyo Cement Corp. v. Superior Court, 105 Cal.App. 4th 398 (2003); McMeans v. Scripps Health, Inc., 100 Cal. App. 4th 507 (2002); Ramos v. Countrywide Home Loans, 82 Cal.App. 4th 615 (2000); Tevssier v. City of San Diego, 81 Cal.App. 4th 685 (2000); Washington Mutual Bank v. Superior Court, 70 Cal. App. 4th 299 (1999); Silvas v. E*Trade Mortg. Corp., 514 F.3d 1001 (9th Cir. 2008); Silvas v. E*Trade Mortg. Corp., 421 F. Supp. 2d 1315 (S.D. Cal. 2006); McPhail v. First Command Fin. Planning, Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 26544 (S.D. Cal. 2009); McPhail v. First Command Fin. Planning, Inc., 251 F.R.D. 514 (S.D. Cal. 2008); McPhail v. First Command Fin. Planning, Inc., 247 F.R.D. 598 (S.D. Cal. 2007); Barcia v. Contain-A-Way, Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 17118 (S.D. Cal. 2009); Barcia v. Contain-A-Way, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 27365 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Wise v. Cubic Def. Applications, Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 11225 (S.D. Cal. 2009); Gabisan v. Pelican Prods., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 1391 (S.D. Cal. 2009); La Jolla Friends of the Seals v. Nat'l Oceanic & Atmospheric Admin. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 630 F. Supp. 2d 1222 (S.D. Cal. 2009); La Jolla Friends of the Seals v. Nat'l Oceanic & Atmospheric Admin. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 102380 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Louie v. Kaiser Found. Health Plan, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 78314 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Weltman v. Ortho Mattress, Inc., 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 20521 (S.D. Cal. 2010); Weltman v. Ortho Mattress, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 60344 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Curry v. CTB McGraw-Hill, LLC, 2006 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 5920; 97 A.F.T.R.2d (RIA) 1888; 37 Employee Benefits Cas. (BNA) 2390 (N.D. Cal. 2006); Reynov v. ADP Claims Servs. Group, 2006 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 94332 (N.D. Cal. 2006); Kennedy v. Natural Balance Pet Foods, Inc., 2010 U.S. App. LEXIS 248 (9th Cir. 2010); Kennedy v. Natural Balance Pet Foods, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 38889 (S.D. Cal. 2008); Kennedy v. Natural Balance Pet Foods, Inc., 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 57766 (S.D. Cal. 2007); Sussex v. Turnberry/MGM Grand Towers, LLC, 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 29503 (D. Nev. 2009); Picus v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., 256 F.R.D. 651 (D. Nev. 2009); Tull v. Stewart Title of Cal., Inc., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 14171 (S.D. Cal. 2009); Keshishzadeh v. Gallagher, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 46805 (S.D. Cal. 2010); Keshishzadeh v. Arthur J. Gallagher Serv. Co., 2010 U.S. Dist. Lexis 116380 (S.D. Cal. 2010); In re Pet Food Prods. Liab. Litig., MDL Docket No. 1850 (All Cases), 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 94603 (D.N.J. 2008); In re Pet Food Prods. Liab. Litig., 629 F.3d 333 (3rd. Cir. 2010); Puentes v. Wells Fargo Home Mortgage, Inc., 160 Cal. App. 4th 638 (2008); Rezec v. Sony Pictures Entertainment, Inc., 116 Cal. App. 4th 135 (2004); Badillo v. Am. Tobacco Co., 202 F.R.D. 261 (D. Nev. 2001); La Jolla Friends of the Seals v. Nat'l Oceanic & Atmospheric Admin., 2010 U.S. App. Lexis 23025 (9th Cir. 2010); Dirienzo v. Dunbar Armored, Inc., 2011 U.S. Dist. Lexis 36650 (S.D. Cal. 2011); Rix v. Lockheed Martin Corp., 2011 U.S. Dist Lexis 25422 (S.D. Cal. 2011); Weitzke v. Costar Realty Info., Inc., 2011 U.S. Dist Lexis 20605 (S.D. Cal. 2011); Goodman v. Platinum Condo. Dev., LLC, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 36044 (D. Nev. 2011); Sussex v. Turnberry/MGM Grand

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Transportation Services, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-566655; Sottile v. Motion Recruitment Partners – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 18CV321677; Shahbazian v. Fast Auto Loans, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Case No. 2:18-cv-03076-ODW-KS; Salazar v. Johnson & Johnson Consumer Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC702468; Conti v. L'Oreal USA S/D, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California, Fresno, Case No. 1:19-CV-00769-LJO-SKO; Mercado v. Security Industry Specialists, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 17CV320059; Vikili v. Dignity Health – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-569456; Bagby v. Swissport SA, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC691058; Henry v. Motion Entertainment Group, LLC – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC18565643; Dandoy v. West Coast Convenience, LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG20051121; Lanuza v. AccentCare, Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-565521; Thomas v. Easy Driving School, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00047639-CU-OE-CTL; Erickson v. Erickson – Contra Costa Counrt Superior Court, Case No. MSC18-00307; Martin v. Menzies Aviation (USA) Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-566072; Mortimer v. Healthsouth Bakersfield Rehabilitation Hospital, LLC – Kern County Superior Court, Case No. BCV-18-102761; Alcaraz v. Red Lion Hotels Corporation – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-570310; Calhoun v. Total Transportation and Distribution, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00058681-CU-OE-CTL; Rataul v. Overton Security Services, Inc. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG18891882; Beltran v. Compass Bank –San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00024475-CU-OE-CTL; Kirshner v. Touchstone Golf, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00028865-CU-OE-CTL; Pizarro v.The Home Depot, Inc. – U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia-Atlanta Division; Hatanaka v. Restore Rehabilitation, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00034780-CU-OE-CTL; Faria v. Carriage Funeral Holdings, Inc. – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. MSC18-00606; Ontiveros v. Baker Concrete Construction, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 18CV328679; Morales v. Redlands Automotive Services, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1807525; Ramirez v. Carefusion Resources, LLC –U.S. District Court, Southern District of California; Amster v. Starbucks Corporation – San Bernardino Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1922016; Kutzman v. Derrel's Mini Storage, Inc. – U.S. District, Eastern District of California, Case No. 1:18-cv-00755-AWI-JLT; Marks v. Universal Propulsion Company, Inc.– Solano County Superior Court, Case No. FCS051608; Martinez v. Geil Enterprises, Inc. – Fresno County Superior Court, Case No. 17CECG01480; Teniente v. Cirrus Asset Management, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV16302; Blackshear v. California Fine Wine & Spirits LLC – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2018-00245842; Warnick v. Golden Gate America West LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC714176; Bennett v. Dnata Aviation USA, Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-18-566911; George v. PF Stockton Fitness LLC – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00261113-CU-OE-GDS; Oshana v. Farmers and Merchants Bank of Central California – Stanislaus County Superior Court, Case No. CV-19-003427; Vasquez v. Packaging Corporation of America, – U.S. District Court, California Central District, Case No. 2:19-cv-01935-PSG-PLA; Palomino v. Zara USA Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2018-00992682-CU-OE-CXC; Simmons v. Joe & The Juice LA, LLC – San Francisco County Superior Court; Pacia v. CIM Group, L.P. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC709666; Flores v. Plastic Express – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC71971; Madera v. William Warren Properties, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01055704-CU-OE-CXC; Hernandez v. Quality Custom Distribution – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2018-01010611-CU-OE-CXC; Arango v. Schlumberger Technology Corporation –Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01056839-CU-OE-CXC; Dandoy v. West Coast Convenience, LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG20051121; Ramirez v. J E H Enterprises, Inc. – San Francisco County

Superior Court, Case No. CGC-19-574691; Sullen v. First Service Residential California, LLC – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-19-575131; Valentino v. East Bay Tire Co, – Solano County Superior Court, Case No. FCS053067; Murphy v. Rockler Retail Group, Inc. – Sacramento Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00251220; Shahbazian v. Onewest Bank – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV23722; Bruemmer v. Tempur Retail Stores LLC – Marin County Superior Court, Case No. CIV1803646; Antonios v. Interface Rehab, Inc. – Orange County Superior, Case No. 30-2019-01067547-CU-OE-CXC; Tavallodi v. DC Auto, Inc. – San Bernardino, Case No. CIVDS1833598; Miranda v. The Lloyd Pest Control Co. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00052510-CU-OE-CTL; Soenardi v. Magnussen Imports, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 18CV340003; Thai v. Team Industrial Services, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV21953; Castillo v. A.J. Kirkwood & Associates, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV04435; Moss v. Jabil Inc, – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG20050536; Billosillo, Jr. v. Crown Energy Services, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2018-00058254-CU-OE-CTL; Tarkington v. Freetime, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00011473-CU-OE-CTL; McIntyre v. J.J.R. Enterprises, Inc. – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00251220; Bucur v. Pharmaca Integrative Pharmacy, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00009409-CU-OE-CTL; Batin v. McGee Air Services, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 19CV347733; Terry v. McGee Air Services, Inc. – King County Superior Court of Washington, Case No. 19-2-3321-5 KNT; Weiss v. Niznik Behavioral Health Resources, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00039441-CU-OE-CTL; Cavada v. Inter-Continental Hotels Group, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 3:19-cv-01675-GPC-AHG;Lesevic v. Spectraforce Technologies, Inc. – U.S. District Court, Northern District of California, Case No. 5:19-cv-03126-LHK; Mutchler v. Circle K Stores, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00016331-CU-OE-CTL, Azima v. CSI Medical Group, – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 19CV345450; Porras v. Baypointe Enterprises, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV31015; Mitchell v. Mack Trucking, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1928334; Watts v. T.R.L. Systems, Incorporated – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01102457-CU-OE-CXC; Price v. DMSD Restaurants Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00024062-CU-OE-CTL; Jacobs v. Nortek Security & Control LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-0019735-CU-OE-CTL; Gonzalez v. Hub International Midwest – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1900463; Cisneros v. Bluepearl California, Inc. – San Mateo Superior Court, Case No. 19-CIV-05707; Garcia v. Gallagher Basset Services – San Bernardino Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2004140; Callow v. Adventist Health System/West – Placer County Superior Court, Case No. SCV0043607; Dominguez v. Kimco Facility Services, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV37592; Searles v. Robert Heath Trucking, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCY30808; Rangel v. Pioneer Hi-Bred international, Inc. – Yolo County Superior C ourt, Case No. CV-19-1797; Ivon v. Sinclair Television of California, Humboldt County Superior Court, Case No. DR190699; Williams v. Henkels & McCoy, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2003888; Cano v. Larry Green Chrysler Jeep Dodge, Inc. – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. BLC1900184; Lopez v. Cepheid – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 19CV358827; Hernandez v. Quick Dispense, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV29405; Lopez v. Lacoste USA, Inc. – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS1914626; Duhe v. Hospital Couriers Nevada, LLC – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. MSC19-01377; Law v. Sequoia Equities, Incorporated – Contra Costa Superior Court, Case No. C19-01925; Dvorak v. Rockwell Collins, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2019-00064397-CU-OE-CTL; Noguera v. Metal Container Corporation – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC2003235; Leon v. Miller Event Management, Inc. – San Luis Obispo Superior Court, Case No. 19CV-0435; Leon v. Miller Event Management, Inc. – San Luis Obispo County Superior Court,

Case No. 19CV-0435, Camacho-Bias v. Serve U Brands Inc. – Butte County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV00603; La Pietra v. Entertainment Partners Services, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV39529; Celis v. Theatre Box - San Diego, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. ____ ; Ignacio v. Laboratory Corporation of America – U.S. District Court, California Central District, Case No. 2:19-cv-06079-AB-RAO; Kovnas v. Cahill Contractors LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG19037852; Hersh v. Mrs. Gooch's Natural Food – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV10444; Miller v. The Permanente Medical Group – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG19045904; Vasquez v. Autoalert, LLC – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2019-01114549-CU-OE-CXC; Cavanaugh v. Morton Golf, LLC – Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2019-00270176; Coley v. Monroe Operations, LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG20063188; Ramirez v. Sierra Aluminum Company – U.S. District Court, California Central District Court, Case No. 5:20-cv-00417-JGB-KK; Marrero v. Stat Med, P.C. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. HG19043214; Enriquez v. Solari Enterprises, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV11129; Craig v. Hometown Heart – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-20-582454; Lopez v. Hy0Lang Electric California, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00012543-CU-OE-CTL; Heuklom v. Clara Medical Group, P.C. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-20-585918; Dominguez v. Lifesafer of Northern California – Monterey County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV002586; Kiseleva v. Totalmed Staffing Inc. – U.S. District Court, California Northern District, Case No. 5:19-cv-06480; Vires v. Sweetgreen, Inc. – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV365918; Kim v. Wireless Vision, LLC – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2000074; Senoren v. Air Canada Corporation – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV13942; Clark v. Quest Diagnostics Incorporated – San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2018707; Green v. Shipt, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV01001; Respass v. The Scion Group LLC – Sacramento County Superior County, Case No. 34-2020-00285265; Jackson v. Decathlon USA LLC – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG2003024; Avacena v. FTG Aerospace Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV28767; Perez v. Butler America, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV20218; Christensen v. Carter's Retail, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01138792-CU-OE-CXC; Astudillo v. Torrance Health Association, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV18424; Hansen v. Holiday Al Management Sub LLC – Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. CIVMSC20-00779; Almahdi v. Vitamin Shoppe Industries Inc – Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV365150; Krisinda v. Loyal Source Government Services LLC – U.S. District Court, California Southern District, Case No. 3:20-cv-879-LAB-NLS; Ettedgui v. WB Studio Enterprises Inc – U.S. District Court, California Central District, Case No. 2:20-CV-08053-MCS (MAAx); Fernandez v. Nuvision Federal Credit Union – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01161691-CU-OE-CJC; Aviles v. UPS Supply Chain Solutions, Inc. – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC2000727; Alcocer v. DSV Solutions, LLC – San Bernardino Superior Court, Case No. CIVDS2010345; Wilson v. Wholesome Harvest Baking, LLC – U.S. District Court, California Northern District, Case No. 4:20-cv-05186-YGR; Gregory v. Verio Healthcare, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV37254; Rose v. Impact Group, LLC – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01141107-CU-OE-CXC; Monasterio v. Citibank, N.A. – San Mateo County Superior Court, Case No. 20-CIV-03650; Martinez-Lopez v. Medamerica, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00034393-CU-OE-CTL; Cox v. PRB Management, LLC – Solano County Superior Court, Case No. FCS055514; Nash v. K. Hovnanian Companies, LLC – Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC2003319; Kyler v. Harbor Freight Tools USA, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00015828-CU-OE-CTL; Roberts v. Solantic Corporation – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV41117; Price v. Mistras Group, Inc. – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV22485; Macias v. ABM Electrical & Lighting Solutions, Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-

00024997-CU-OE-CTL; Basu-Kesselman v. Garuda Labs, Inc. – San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-20-585229; Armstrong v. Prometric LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV29967; Ashlock v. Advantis Medical Staffing, LLC – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00022305-CU-OE-CTL; Wilson v. WXI Global Solutions, LLC – Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 20STCV25007; Gandhale v. Select Rehabilitation, LLC – Monterey County Superior Court, Case No. 20CV002240; Starvoice v. G4S Secure Solutions (USA) Inc. – San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2020-00029421-CU-OE-CTL; Mbise v. Axlehire, Inc. – Alameda County Superior Court, Case No. RG20067350; Points v. C&J Services, Inc. – Kern County Superior Court, Case No. BCV-20-102483; Marshall v. PHI Air Medical, LLC – Lassen County Superior Court, Case No. 62973; Jauregui v. Cyctec Egineered Materials, Inc. – Orange County Superior Court, Case No. 30-2020-01164932-CU-OE-CXC

EXHIBIT #2

CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between plaintiff Marvin Benegas ("Plaintiff") and defendants Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC and HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. ("Defendants"). The Agreement refers to Plaintiff and Defendants collectively as the "Parties," or individually as "Party."

1. DEFINITIONS

In addition to other terms defined in this Agreement, the terms below have the following meaning in this Agreement:

1.1. "Actions" means the Plaintiff's lawsuit alleging wage and hour violations against Defendants captioned *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC, et al.,* Case No. 37-2024-00002946, initiated on January 23, 2024 and pending in Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego, as amended, and Plaintiff's lawsuit alleging wage and hour violations against Defendants captioned *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC, et al.*, Case No. 37-2024-00024914, initiated on May 29, 2024 and pending in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego, as amended.

1.2. "Administrator" means Apex Class Action LLC, the neutral entity the Parties have agreed to appoint to administer the Settlement.

1.3. "Administration Expenses Payment" means the amount the Administrator will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount to reimburse its reasonable fees and expenses in accordance with the Administrator's "not to exceed" bid submitted to the Court in connection with Preliminary Approval.

1.4. "Aggrieved Employees" means all individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC in the State of California and classified as non-exempt employees at any time during the PAGA Period.

1.5. "Class" means Plaintiff and all individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC or HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. in California and classified as a non-exempt employee at any time during the Class Period.

1.6. "Class Counsel" means Norman B. Blumenthal, Kyle R. Nordrehaug, and Aparajit Bhowmik of Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and John Gomez of Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC.

1.7. "Class Counsel Fees Payment" and "Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment" mean the amounts to be paid to Class Counsel for fees and expenses, respectively, as approved by the Court, to compensate Class Counsel for their legal work in connection with the Action, including their pre-filing investigation, their filing of the Action, all related litigation activities, all Settlement work, all post-Settlement compliance procedures, and related litigation expenses billed in connection with the

Action.

1.8. "Class Data" means Class Member identifying information in Defendants' possession including the Class Member's name, last-known mailing address, Social Security number, email address (if known and available to Defendants), and number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods.

1.9. "Class Member" means Plaintiff and a member of the Class, as either a Participating Class Member or Non-Participating Class Member (including a Non- Participating Class Member who qualifies as an Aggrieved Employee).

1.10. "Class Member Address Search" means the Administrator's investigation and search for current Class Member mailing addresses using all reasonably available sources, methods and means including, but not limited to, the National Change of Address database, skip traces, and direct contact by the Administrator with Class Members by use of available email addresses, phone numbers, social security numbers, credit reports, LinkedIn and Facebook.

1.11. "Class Notice" means the COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL, to be mailed to Class Members in English with a Spanish translation in the form, without material variation, attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.

1.12. "Class Notice Packet" means the Class Notice to be provided to the Class Members by the Administrator in the form set forth as Exhibit A to this Agreement (other than formatting changes to facilitate printing by the Administrator).

1.13. "Class Period" means the period of time from January 23, 2020 to April 7, 2025.

1.14. "Class Representative" means the named Plaintiff in the Operative Complaint in the Actions seeking Court approval to serve as a Class Representative.

1.15. "Class Representative Service Payment" means the service payment made to the Plaintiff as Class Representative in order to compensate for initiating the Actions, performing work in support of the Actions, undertaking the risk of liability for Defendants' expenses, and for the general release of all claims by the Plaintiff.

1.16. "Court" means the Superior Court of California, County of San Diego.

1.17. "Defendants" means Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC and HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.

1.18. "Defense Counsel" means Robert D. Bergman, Michele M. Goldsmith and Sarah E.

Hernandez of BDG Law Group, APLC (attorneys for defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC) and Jason W. Kearnaghan and Ryan J. Krueger of Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP (attorneys for defendant HII San Diego Shipyard Inc.).

1.19. "Effective Date" means the date by when both of the following have occurred: (a)the Court enters a Judgment on its Order Granting Final Approval of the Settlement; and (b) the Judgment is final. The Judgment is final as of the latest of the following occurrences: (i) if no appeal is filed, the expiration date of the time for the filing or noticing of any appeal from, or other challenge to, the Court's Judgment (this time period shall not be less than 60 calendar days after the Court's Judgment is entered); (ii) the date affirmance of an appeal of the Judgment becomes final under the California Rules of Court; or (iii) the date of final dismissal of any appeal from the Judgment or the final dismissal of any proceeding on review of any court of appeal decision relating to the Judgment.

1.20. "Final Approval" means the Court's order granting final approval of the Settlement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C to this Agreement and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.

1.21. "Final Approval Hearing" means the Court's hearing on the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement to determine whether to approve finally and implement the terms of this Agreement and enter the Judgment.

1.22. "Gross Settlement Amount" means One Million One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars ($1,150,000) which is the total amount to be paid by Defendants as provided by this Agreement except as provided in Paragraph 9 below. The Gross Settlement Amount will be used to pay Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, Class Representative Service Payment and the Administration Expenses Payment. Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC shall contribute Nine Hundred Seventy Five Thousand Dollars ($975,000) to the Gross Settlement Amount and defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. shall contribute One Hundred Seventy Five Thousand Dollars ($175,000) to the Gross Settlement Amount. This Gross Settlement Amount is an all-in amount without any reversion to Defendants, and excludes any employer payroll taxes, if any, due on the portion of the Individual Class Payments allocated to wages which shall not be paid from the Gross Settlement and shall be the separate additional obligation of Defendants.

1.23. "Individual Class Payment" means the Participating Class Member's pro rata share of the Net Settlement Amount calculated according to the number of Workweeks worked during the Class Period.

1.24. "Individual PAGA Payment" means the Aggrieved Employee's pro rata share of

25% of the PAGA Penalties calculated according to the number of PAGA Pay Periods worked during the PAGA Period.

1.25. "Judgment" means the judgment entered by the Court based upon Final Approval substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C to this Agreement and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.

1.26. "LWDA" means the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, the agency entitled, under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).

1.27. "LWDA PAGA Payment" means the 75% of the PAGA Penalties paid to the LWDA under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).

1.28. "Net Settlement Amount" means the Gross Settlement Amount, less the following payments in the amounts approved by the Court: Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Administration Expenses Payment. The Net Settlement Amount is to be paid to Participating Class Members as Individual Class Payments.

1.29. "Non-Participating Class Member" means a Class Member who opts out of the Class Settlement by submitting a valid and timely Request for Exclusion to the Administrator.

1.30. "PAGA Pay Period" means any Pay Period during which an Aggrieved Employee worked for Defendants for at least one day during the PAGA Period.

1.31. "PAGA Period" means the period of time from December 28, 2022 to April 7, 2025.

1.32. "PAGA" means the Private Attorneys General Act (Labor Code §§ 2698. et seq.).

1.33. "PAGA Notice" means the Plaintiff's December 28, 2023 letter to Defendants and the LWDA providing notice pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, subd.(a).

1.34. "PAGA Penalties" means the total amount of PAGA civil penalties to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, allocated 25% to the Aggrieved Employees ($6,250) and the 75% to LWDA ($18,750) in settlement of PAGA claims.

1.35. "Participating Class Member" means a Class Member who does not submit a valid and timely Request for Exclusion.

1.36. "Plaintiff" means Marvin Benegas, the named plaintiff in the Actions.

1.37. "Preliminary Approval" means the Court's Order Granting Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B to this Agreement and incorporated by this reference herein.

1.38. "Released Class Claims" means the Class claims being released as defined in Paragraph 6.2 below.

1.39. "Released PAGA Claims" means the PAGA claims being released as defined in Paragraph 6.3 below.

1.40. "Released Parties" means: Defendants, and each of their past, present and future agents, employees, servants, officers, directors, partners, trustees, representatives, shareholders, stockholders, attorneys, parents, subsidiaries, equity sponsors, related companies/corporations and/or partnerships, divisions, assigns, predecessors, successors, insurers, consultants, service providers, joint venturers, joint employers, co-employers, dual employers, alleged joint employers, alleged co-employers, alleged dual employers, affiliates, alter-egos, and affiliated organizations, and all of their respective past, present and future employees, directors, officers, agents, attorneys, stockholders, fiduciaries, parents, subsidiaries, and assigns.

1.41. "Request for Exclusion" means a Class Member's submission of a written request to be excluded from the Class Settlement signed by the Class Member.

1.42. "Response Deadline" means sixty (60) calendar days after the Administrator mails Class Notice Packet to Class Members and Aggrieved Employees, and shall be the last date on which Class Members may: (a) submit Requests for Exclusion from the Settlement, or (b) submit his or her Objection to the Settlement. Class Members to whom Class Notice Packets are resent after having been returned undeliverable to the Administrator shall have an additional 14 calendar days beyond the Response Deadline has expired.

1.43. "Settlement" means the disposition of the Actions and all related claims effectuated by this Agreement and the Judgment.

1.44. "Workweek" means any week during the Class Period in which a Class Member worked for Defendants as a Class Member for at least one day.

2. RECITALS

2.1. On January 23, 2024, Plaintiff filed a Complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego ("Class Action"). Plaintiff's Complaint asserted claims that Defendants:

(a) Violated California Business and Professions Code § 17200 et seq.;

(b) Failed to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197 & 1197.1;
(c) Failed to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code § 510, et seq.;
(d) Failed to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 & 512 and the applicable IWC Wage Order;
(e) Failed to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 & 512 and the applicable IWC Wage Order;
(f) Failed to reimburse employees for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code § 2802.
(g) Failed to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code § 226;
(h) Failed to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202 and 203; and,
(i) Failed to pay sick pay wages in violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 201-203, 233, 246.

Defendants deny the allegations in the Class Action, deny any failure to comply with the laws identified in the Class Action, and deny any and all liability for the causes of action alleged.

2.2. On May 29, 2024, Plaintiff commenced filed a complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego ("PAGA Action"). The PAGA Action asserted a single cause of action for violation of the Private Attorneys General Act, Cal. Labor Code §§ 2698, et seq. ("PAGA"). Defendants deny the allegations in the PAGA Action, deny any failure to comply with the laws identified in the PAGA Action, and deny any and all liability for the causes of action alleged.

2.3. On August 13, 2025 the Parties filed a stipulation to file a First Amended Complaint in the Class Action, which added the claims alleged in the PAGA Action. The First Amended Complaint was filed on August 27, 2025 and is the operative complaint in the Actions (the "Operative Complaint").

2.4. Defendants deny the allegations in the Operative Complaint, deny any failure to comply with the laws identified in in the Operative Complaint and deny any and all liability for the causes of action alleged.

2.5. On April 7, 2025, the Parties participated in an all-day mediation presided over by Michael Dickstein, Esq., a respected mediator of wage and hour representative and class actions. Following the mediation, each side, represented by its respective counsel, were able to agree to settle the Actions based upon a mediator's proposal which was memorialized in the form of a Memorandum of Understanding. This Agreement replaces and supersedes the Memorandum of Understanding and any other agreements, understandings, or representations between the Parties.

2.6. Prior to mediation, Plaintiff obtained sufficient documents and information to sufficiently investigate the claims such that Plaintiff's investigation was sufficient to satisfy the criteria for court approval set forth in *Dunk v. Foot Locker Retail, Inc.* (1996) 48 Cal.App.4th 1794, 1801 and *Kullar v. Foot Locker Retail, Inc.* (2008) 168 Cal.App.4th 116, 129-130 ("*Dunk/Kullar"*).

2.7. This Agreement represents a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or will be construed as an admission by Defendants that the claims in the Actions of Plaintiff or the Class have merit or that Defendants bear any liability to Plaintiff or the Class on those claims or any other claims, or as an admission by Plaintiff that Defendants' defenses in the Actions have merit. The Parties agree to certification of the Class for purposes of this Settlement only. If for any reason the settlement does not become effective, Defendants reserve the right to contest certification of any class for any reason and reserves all available defenses to the claims in the Action.

2.8. The Parties, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel represent that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or affected by the Settlement.

3. MONETARY TERMS

3.1. Gross Settlement Amount. Except as otherwise provided by Paragraph 9 below, Defendants promise to pay $1,150,000 and no more as the Gross Settlement Amount. This amount is all-inclusive of all payments contemplated in this resolution, excluding any employer-side payroll taxes on the portion of the Individual Class Payments allocated to wages which shall be separately paid by Defendants to the Administrator. Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC shall contribute $975,000 to the Gross Settlement Amount and defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. shall contribute $175,000 to the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendants have no obligation to pay the Gross Settlement Amount (or any payroll taxes) prior to the deadline stated in Paragraph 4.3 of this Agreement. The Administrator will disburse the entire Gross Settlement Amount without asking or requiring Participating Class Members or Aggrieved Employees to submit any claim as a condition of payment. None of the Gross Settlement Amount will revert to Defendant.

3.2. Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Administrator will make the following payments out of the Gross Settlement Amount, in the amounts specified by the Court in the Final Approval.

(a) To Plaintiff: Class Representative Service Payment to the Class Representative of not more than $10,000 (in addition to any Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment the Class Representative is entitled to receive as a Participating Class Member). Defendants will not oppose Plaintiff's request for a Class Representative

Service Payment that does not exceed this amount. As part of the motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment, Plaintiff will seek Court approval for any Class Representative Service Payments no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Representative Service Payment less than the amount requested, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will pay the Class Representative Service Payment using IRS Form 1099. Plaintiff will be solely and legally responsible to pay any and all applicable taxes on the payment made pursuant to this Section and will indemnify and hold Defendants harmless from any claim or liability for taxes, penalties, or interest arising as a result of the payment. In addition, Plaintiff is separately settling his claims for alleged wrongful termination and other individual claims ("Individual Claims"). The payment for the settlement of the Individual Claims is not being made in consideration of the settlement and dismissal of the Class and PAGA claims in the Action.

(b) To Class Counsel: A Class Counsel Fees Payment of not more than one-third (1/3) of the Gross Settlement Amount, which is currently estimated to be $383,333, and a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than $35,000. Defendants will not oppose requests for these payments provided that do not exceed these amounts. Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will file a motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Counsel Fees Payment and/or a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment less than the amounts requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. Released Parties shall have no liability to Class Counsel or any other Plaintiff's Counsel arising from any claim to any portion any Class Counsel Fee Payment and/or Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment. The Administrator will pay the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Expenses Payment using one or more IRS 1099 Forms. Class Counsel assumes full responsibility and liability for taxes owed on the Class Counsel Fees Payment and the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and holds Defendants harmless, and indemnifies Defendants, from any dispute or controversy regarding any division or sharing of any of these payments. The payment of the Class Counsel Fees Payment shall be made as follows: 75% to Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and 25% to Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC. Payment of Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment shall be made to the firm that incurred the expenses.

(c) To the Administrator: An Administration Expenses Payment not to exceed $14,000 except for a showing of good cause and as approved by the Court. To the extent the Administration Expenses Payment is less or the Court approves payment less than $14,000, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members.

(d) To the LWDA and Aggrieved Employees: PAGA Penalties in the amount of $25,000 to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, with 75% ($18,750) allocated to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% ($6,250) allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments.

i. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties ($6,250) by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Pay Periods. Aggrieved Employees assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual PAGA Payment.

ii. If the Court approves PAGA Penalties of less than the amount requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.

(e) To Each Participating Class Member: An Individual Class Payment calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks.

i. Tax Allocation of Individual Class Payments. One-Third (⅓) of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to settlement of wage claims (the "Wage Portion"). The Wage Portions are subject to tax withholding and will be reported on an IRS W-2 Form. Two-Thirds (⅔) of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to settlement of claims for non-wages, expense reimbursement, interest and penalties (the "Non-Wage Portion"). The Non-Wage Portions are not subject to wage withholdings and will be reported on IRS 1099 Forms. Participating Class Members assume full responsibility and liability for any employee taxes owed on their Individual Class Payment. The Individual Class Payments made to Participating Class Members under this Settlement, and any other payments made pursuant to this Settlement, will not be utilized to calculate any additional benefits under any benefit plans to which any Participating Class Members may be eligible, including, but not limited to, profit-sharing plans, bonus plans, 401(k) plans, stock purchase plans, vacation plans, sick leave plans, PTO plans, and any other benefit plan. Rather, it is the Parties' intention that this Settlement Agreement will not affect any rights, contributions, or amounts to which any Participating Class Members may be entitled under any benefit plans.

ii. Effect of Non-Participating Class Members on Calculation of Individual Class Payments. Non-Participating Class Members will not receive any Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will retain amounts equal to their Individual Class Payments in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class

Members on a pro rata basis. Non-Participating Class Members shall still receive an Individual PAGA Payment.

4. SETTLEMENT FUNDING

4.1. Class Workweeks and Aggrieved Employee Pay Periods. Based on its records, defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. represented that there are approximately 483 Class Members who worked 15,352 workweeks during the period from January 23, 2020 to February 1, 2021. Based on its records, defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC represented that there are approximately 737 Class Members who worked 60,993 workweeks from February 1, 2021 to April 7, 2025. As such, based upon the records of both Defendants, there are approximately 76,345 workweeks worked by the Class Members during the Class Period. Defendants have also represented that there are approximately 625 Aggrieved Employees who worked a total of 39,234 PAGA Pay Periods.

4.2. Class Data. Not later than 15 days after the Court grants Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, Defendants will deliver the Class Data to the Administrator, in the form of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. To protect Class Members' privacy rights, the Administrator must maintain the Class Data in confidence, use the Class Data only for purposes of this Settlement and for no other purpose, and restrict access to the Class Data to Administrator employees who need access to the Class Data to effect and perform under this Agreement. Defendants have a continuing duty to immediately notify Class Counsel if it discovers that the Class Data omitted Class Member identifying information and to provide corrected or updated Class Data as soon as reasonably feasible. Without any extension of the deadline by which Defendants must send the Class Data to the Administrator, the Parties and their counsel will expeditiously use best efforts, in good faith, to reconstruct or otherwise resolve any issues related to missing or omitted Class Data.

4.3. Funding of the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendants shall fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount, and also fund the amounts necessary to fully pay Defendants' share of payroll taxes by transmitting the funds to the Administrator no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. shall contribute One Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars ($175,000.00) to the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego LLC shall contribute Nine Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars ($975,000.00) to the Gross Settlement Amount.

5. PAYMENTS FROM THE GROSS SETTLEMENT AMOUNT

5.1. Within 14 days after Defendants fund the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will mail checks for all Individual Class Payments, all Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, the Administration Expenses Payment, the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Class Representative

Service Payment. Disbursement of the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and the Class Representative Service Payment shall not precede disbursement of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments.

5.2. The Administrator will issue checks for the Individual Class Payments and/or Individual PAGA Payments and send them to the Class Members via First Class U.S. Mail, postage prepaid. The face of each check shall prominently state the "void date", which is 180 days after the date of mailing, when the check will be voided. The Administrator will cancel all checks not cashed by the void date. The Administrator will send checks for Individual Class Payments to all Participating Class Members (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator will send checks for Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees including Non-Participating Class Members who qualify as Aggrieved Employees (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator may send Participating Class Members a single check combining the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment. Before mailing any checks, the Administrator must update the recipients' mailing addresses using the National Change of Address Database. If a Participating Class Member's or Aggrieved Employee's check is not cashed within 120 days after its last mailing to the affected individual, the Administrator will also send the individual a notice informing him or her that unless the check is cashed by the void date, it will expire and become non-negotiable, and offer to replace the check if it was lost or misplaced but not cashed.

5.3. The Administrator must conduct a Class Member Address Search for all other Class Members whose checks are returned undelivered without USPS forwarding address. Within 7 days of receiving a returned check the Administrator must re-mail checks to the USPS forwarding address provided or to an address ascertained through the Class Member Address Search. The Administrator need not take further steps to deliver checks to Class Members whose re-mailed checks are returned as undelivered. The Administrator shall promptly send a replacement check to any Class Member whose original check was lost or misplaced, requested by the Class Member prior to the void date.

5.4. For any Class Member whose Individual Class Payment check or Individual PAGA Payment check is uncashed and cancelled after the void date, the Administrator shall transmit the funds represented by such checks to the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the Class Member thereby leaving no "unpaid residue" subject to the requirements of California Code of Civil Procedure Section 384, subd. (b).

5.5. The payment of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments shall not obligate Defendants to confer any additional benefits or make any additional payments to Class Members (such as 401(k) contributions or bonuses) beyond those specified in this Agreement.

6. **RELEASE OF CLAIMS.** Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount and fund all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, Plaintiff, Participating Class Members, Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA will release claims against all Released Parties as follows:

6.1. Plaintiff's Release. Upon the Effective Date, and as a condition of receiving any portion of his Class Representative Service Payment, Plaintiff and his former and present spouses, representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns shall fully and finally release and discharge Released Parties (which as defined above specifically includes Defendants) from any and all claims, known and unknown, under federal, state and/or local law, statute, ordinance, regulation, common law, or other source of law, including but not limited to claims arising from or related to his employment with Defendants and his compensation while and employee of Defendants ("Plaintiff's Released Claims"). Plaintiff's Released Claims include, but are not limited to, all claims arising from or related to the Actions. Plaintiff's Released Claims include all claims for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, straight time compensation, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; the calculation of the regular rate of pay; rounding, failure to provide meal and/or rest periods, missed meal period and rest-period premiums, including failure to pay premiums at the regular rate of compensation; wage statement penalties; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; the alleged failure to pay vested, unused vacation pay; deductions; failure to keep accurate records; failure to provide suitable seating; failure to maintain temperature providing reasonable comfort; unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices; penalties, including, but not limited to, civil penalties, statutory penalties, recordkeeping penalties, minimum-wage penalties, wage statement penalties, and waiting-time penalties; work performed at other locations, and attorneys' fees and costs. Plaintiff's Released Claims include all claims arising under the California Labor Code (including, but not limited to, sections 90.5, 200, 201, 201.1, 201.3, 201.5, 202, 203, 204, 204.1, 204.2, 206, 213, 216, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 222.5, 223, 226, 226.2, 226.3, 226.7, 226.8, 227.3, 247.5, 248.5, 256, 432, 450, 510, 511, 512, 515, 516, 558, 558.1, 1174, 1174.5, 1175, 1182.12, 1185, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 1199, 1670.5, 2698 et seq., 2699 et seq.,2699.3, 2800, and 2802); all claims arising under: the Wage Orders of the California Industrial Welfare Commission; the California Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 ("PAGA"); California Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.; the California Civil Code, to include but not limited to, sections 3287, 3336 and 3294; 8 CCR §§ 3203, 11070, 11090, 11100; California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; the California common law of contract; the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq.; 29 CFR 778.223; 29 CFR 778.315; federal common law; and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, 29 U.S.C. § 1001, et seq. ("ERISA"). Plaintiff's Released Claims also include all claims for lost wages and benefits, emotional distress, retaliation, punitive damages, and attorneys' fees and costs arising under federal, state, or local laws for discrimination, harassment, retaliation, and wrongful termination, such as, by way of example only, (as amended) 42 U.S.C. section 1981, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the

Americans With Disabilities Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, and the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, the California Labor Code, including Section 1102.5 related to whistleblowing; and the law of contract and tort. This release excludes the release of claims not permitted by law. Plaintiff's Released Claims include all claims, whether known or unknown. Even if Plaintiff discovers facts in addition to or different from those that he now knows or believes to be true with respect to the subject matter of Plaintiff's Released Claims, those claims will remain released and forever barred.

(a) Plaintiff's Waiver of Rights Under Civil Code Section 1542. Plaintiffs' Released Claims include all claims, whether known or unknown. Even if Plaintiffs discover facts in addition to or different from those that they now knows or believe to be true with respect to the subject matter of Plaintiffs' Released Claims, those claims will remain released and forever barred. For purposes of Plaintiff's Release, Plaintiff expressly waives and relinquishes the provisions, rights, and benefits, if any, of section 1542 of the California Civil Code, which reads:

A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, and that if known by him or her would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or Released Party.

(b) Plaintiff's Other Claims. Plaintiff represents that he has claims against Defendants other than the Class claims and PAGA claims. These other claims include alleged wrongful termination which Plaintiff is separately settling. Other than the alleged wrongful termination claim which Plaintiff is separately settling, the Class claims and PAGA claims, Plaintiff represents that he has no other claims against Defendants. Class Counsel will be filing a declaration with the Court affirming that the consideration given for the dismissal of the separate Individual Claims is unrelated to and separate from the settlement of his Class claims and PAGA claims and is based on separate facts and claims.

6.2. Release by Participating Class Members. Plaintiff and all Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties (which as defined above specifically includes Defendants) from all claims that occurred during the Class Period that were asserted in the Operative Complaint or that reasonably could have been asserted based on the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint ("Released Class Claims"). The Released Class Claims include all claims for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, straight time compensation, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; the calculation of the regular rate of pay; wages related to alleged unlawful time rounding; travel time pay; failure to pay wages at least twice each calendar month; failure to provide sick pay; failure to timely pay wages; missed/short/late/interrupted meal period, rest

period, and/or recovery period wages/premiums; failure to provide meal periods; failure to authorize and permit rest periods and/or recovery periods; the calculation of meal, rest, and/or recovery period premiums; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; failure to provide/furnish accurate itemized wage statements; deductions; failure to keep/maintain accurate records; failure to timely pay final wages; unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices; penalties, including, but not limited to, recordkeeping penalties, wage statement and payroll reporting penalties, minimum-wage penalties, and waiting-time penalties; and attorneys' fees and costs; for civil and statutory penalties, including wage statement and payroll reporting penalties, record keeping penalties, minimum wage penalties, penalties for personnel file violations; attorneys' fees and costs; and unfair business practices related to the Released Class Claims. The Released Class Claims include but are not limited to all such claims arising under: California Labor Code sections 201, 201.3, 202, 203, 204, 206, 210, 216, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 223, 225, 225.5, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 233, 246, 247.5, 248.5, 510, 512, 516, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1175, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.2, 1198, 1199, and 2802; all claims relating to the Released Class Claims under the California Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.; the Released Class Claims shall also include all claims asserted in the Operative Complaint under the applicable Wage Orders of the California Industrial Welfare Commission (including, but not limited to, IWC Wage Order Nos. 4-2001, 5-2001, 10-2001 and 8 CCR § 11100) for failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to keep accurate records, for civil and statutory penalties, including wage statement penalties, and record keeping penalties. The Released Claims include those under the Fair Labor and Standards Act ("FLSA") arising from or reasonably related to the facts alleged in the Operative Complaint, including those reasonably related to recordkeeping obligations, 29 U.S.C. §211(c); 29 C.F.R. §§ 516, 778.223, 778.315, et seq.; and all state and federal law equivalents arising from or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or LWDA letter or that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or LWDA letter; California Civil Code sections 3287, 3288, 3289; California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; and the California common law of contract. The Released Class Claims excludes the release claims not permitted by law, including but not limited to claims brought for workers' compensation benefits, and alleged violations occurring outside the Class Period. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including Plaintiff's Individual Claims, claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

Plaintiff and Participating Class Members who timely cash or otherwise negotiate their Individual Class Payment check will be deemed to have opted into the Actions, as amended, for purposes of the FLSA and, as to those Participating Class Members, the Released Class Claims include any and all claims the Class Members may have under the FLSA asserted in the Operative Complaint, arising from or reasonably related to the facts

and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint, or that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint based on the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint. Only those Class Members who timely cash or otherwise negotiate their Settlement Payment Check will be deemed to have opted into the Actions for purposes of the FLSA and thereby release and waive any of their claims under the FLSA arising under or relating to the alleged claims.

The following language will be printed on the reverse of each Individual Class Payment check, or words to this effect: "By endorsing or otherwise negotiating this check, I acknowledge that I read, understood, and agree to the terms set forth in the Notice of Class Action Settlement and I consent to join in the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") portion of the [Actions], elect to participate in the settlement of the FLSA claims, and agree to release all of my FLSA claims that are covered by the Settlement."

Upon entry of Judgment, Participating Class Members are precluded from filing a wage and hour action under the Fair Labor Standards Act against the Released Parties for claims and/or causes of action encompassed by the Released Class Claims during the Class Period which are extinguished and precluded pursuant to the holding in *Rangel v. PLS Check Cashers of California, Inc.*, 899 F.3d 1106 (2018). This release excludes the release of claims not permitted by law.

6.3. Release of PAGA Claims. Plaintiff and all Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from all claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action for PAGA civil penalties asserted in the Operative Complaint and/or arising from, or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or PAGA Notice during the PAGA Period ("Released PAGA Claims"). Such claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action include those arising out of the following arising from, or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and PAGA Notice: California Minimum Wage Order (MW-2014), Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 233, 246, 510, 512, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2802, 2698 *et seq*. and 2699 *et seq.* Further, such claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action include those for PAGA civil penalties for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, straight time compensation, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; the calculation of the regular rate of pay; wages related to alleged unlawful time rounding; travel time pay; failure to provide sick pay; failure to pay wages at least twice each calendar month; failure to timely pay wages; missed/short/late/interrupted meal period, rest period, and/or recovery period wages/premiums; failure to provide meal periods; failure to authorize and permit rest periods and/or recovery periods; the calculation of meal, rest, and/or recovery period premiums; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; failure to provide/furnish accurate itemized wage statements; deductions; failure to keep/maintain

accurate records; failure to timely pay final wages; and unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, the Aggrieved Employees and LWDA do not release any other claims, including other PAGA claims, underlying wage and hour claims, Plaintiff's Individual Claims, claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the PAGA Period.

7. MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL. The Parties agree to jointly prepare and file a motion for preliminary approval ("Motion for Preliminary Approval") that complies with the Court's procedures and instructions.

7.1. Plaintiff's Responsibilities. Plaintiff will prepare and deliver to Defense Counsel all documents necessary for obtaining Preliminary Approval, including: (i) a draft of the notice, and memorandum in support, of the Motion for Preliminary Approval that includes an analysis of the Settlement under *Dunk/Kullar* and a request for approval of the PAGA Settlement under Labor Code Section 2699, subd. (f)(2)); (ii) a draft proposed Order Granting Preliminary Approval and Approval of PAGA Settlement; (iii) a draft proposed Class Notice; (iv) a signed declaration from the Administrator attaching its "not to exceed" bid for administering the Settlement and attesting to its willingness to serve; competency; operative procedures for protecting the security of Class Data; amounts of insurance coverage for any data breach, defalcation of funds or other misfeasance; all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members; and the nature and extent of any financial relationship with Plaintiff, Class Counsel or Defense Counsel; (v) a signed declaration from Plaintiff confirming willingness and competency to serve and disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members, and/or the Administrator; (vi) a signed declaration from each Class Counsel firm attesting to its competency to represent the Class Members; its timely transmission to the LWDA of all necessary PAGA documents (initial notice of violations (Labor Code section 2699.3, subd. (a)), Operative Complaint (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(1)), this Agreement (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(2)); (vii) a redlined version of the parties' Agreement showing all modifications made to the Model Agreement ready for filing with the Court; and (viii) all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflict of interest with Class Members, the Administrator. In their Declarations, Plaintiff and Class Counsel Declaration shall aver that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by the Settlement.

7.2. Responsibilities of Counsel. Class Counsel is responsible for expeditiously finalizing and filing the Motion for Preliminary Approval no later than 30 days after the full execution of this Agreement; obtaining a prompt hearing date for the Motion for Preliminary Approval; and for appearing in Court to advocate in favor of the Motion for Preliminary Approval. Class Counsel is responsible for delivering the Court's Preliminary Approval to the Administrator.

7.3. Duty to Cooperate. If the Parties disagree on any aspect of the proposed Motion for Preliminary Approval and/or the supporting declarations and documents, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve the disagreement. If the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval or conditions Preliminary Approval on any material change to this Agreement, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to modify the Agreement and otherwise satisfy the Court's concerns.

8. SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION

8.1. Selection of Administrator. The Parties have jointly selected Apex Class Action LLC to serve as the Administrator and verified that, as a condition of appointment, Apex Class Action LLC agrees to be bound by this Agreement and to perform, as a fiduciary, all duties specified in this Agreement in exchange for payment of Administration Expenses. The Administrator's duties will include preparing, printing, and mailing the Class Notice Packet to all Class Members; conducting a National Change of Address search to update Class Member addresses before mailing the Class Notice Packets; re-mailing Class Notice Packets that are returned to the Class Member's new address; setting up a toll-free telephone number and email and a fax number to receive communications from Class Members; receiving and reviewing for validity completed Requests for Exclusion; providing the Parties with weekly status reports about the delivery of Class Notice Packets and receipt of Requests for Exclusion, objections and disputes; calculating Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments; issuing the checks to effectuate the payments due under the Settlement; issuing the tax reports required under this Settlement; and otherwise administering the Settlement pursuant to this Agreement. The Parties and their Counsel represent that they have no interest or relationship, financial or otherwise, with the Administrator other than a professional relationship arising out of prior experiences administering settlements.

8.2. Employer Identification Number. The Administrator shall have and use its own Employer Identification Number for purposes of calculating payroll tax withholdings and providing reports state and federal tax authorities.

8.3. Qualified Settlement Fund. The Administrator shall establish a settlement fund that meets the requirements of a Qualified Settlement Fund ("QSF") under US Treasury Regulation section 468B-1.

8.4. Notice to Class Members.

(a) No later than three (3) business days after receipt of the Class Data, the Administrator shall notify Class Counsel that the list has been received and state the number of Class Members, PAGA Members, Workweeks, and Pay Periods in the Class Data.

(b) Using best efforts to perform as soon as possible, and in no event later than 14 days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will send to all Class Members identified in the Class Data, via first-class United States Postal Service ("USPS") mail, the Class Notice with Spanish translation substantially in the form attached to this Agreement as Exhibit A. The first page of the Class Notice shall prominently estimate the dollar amounts of any Individual Class Payment and/or Individual PAGA Payment payable to the Class Member, and the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if applicable) used to calculate these amounts. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator shall update Class Member addresses using the National Change of Address database.

(c) Not later than 7 days after the Administrator's receipt of any Class Notice returned by the USPS as undelivered, the Administrator shall re-mail the Class Notice using any forwarding address provided by the USPS. If the USPS does not provide a forwarding address, the Administrator shall conduct a Class Member Address Search, and re-mail the Class Notice to the most current address obtained. The Administrator has no obligation to make further attempts to locate or send Class Notice to Class Members whose Class Notice is returned by the USPS a second time.

(d) The deadlines for Class Members' written objections, Challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods, and Requests for Exclusion will be extended an additional 14 days beyond the Response Deadline provided in the Class Notice for all Class Members whose notice is re-mailed. The Administrator will inform the Class Member of the extended deadline with the re-mailed Class Notice.

(e) If the Administrator, the Parties, Defense Counsel or Class Counsel is contacted by or otherwise discovers any persons who believe they should have been included in the Class Data and should have received Class Notice, the Parties will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone, and in good faith. in an effort to agree on whether to include them as Class Members. If the Parties agree, such persons will be Class Members entitled to the same rights as other Class Members, and the Administrator will send, via email or overnight delivery, a Class Notice requiring them to exercise options under this Agreement not later than 14 days after receipt of Class Notice, or the deadline dates in the Class Notice, which ever are later.

8.5. Requests for Exclusion (Opt-Outs).

(a) Class Members who wish to exclude themselves (opt-out of) the Class Settlement must send the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail, a signed written Request for Exclusion not later than the Response Deadline (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed). A Request for Exclusion is a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative that reasonably communicates the Class Member's election to be excluded from the Settlement and includes the Class Member's name, address and email address or telephone number. To be valid, a

Request for Exclusion must be timely faxed, emailed, or postmarked by the Response Deadline.

(b) The Administrator may not reject a Request for Exclusion as invalid because it fails to contain all the information specified in the Class Notice. The Administrator shall accept any Request for Exclusion as valid if the Administrator can reasonably ascertain the identity of the person as a Class Member and the Class Member's desire to be excluded. The Administrator's determination shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. If the Administrator has reason to question the authenticity of a Request for Exclusion, the Administrator may demand additional proof of the Class Member's identity. The Administrator's determination of authenticity shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.

(c) Every Class Member who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion is deemed to be a Participating Class Member under this Agreement, entitled to all benefits and bound by all terms and conditions of the Settlement, including the Participating Class Members' Releases under Paragraph 6.2 of the Agreement, regardless whether the Participating Class Member actually receives the Class Notice or objects to the Settlement.

(d) Every Class Member who submits a valid and timely Request for Exclusion is a Non-Participating Class Member and shall not receive an Individual Class Payment or have the right to object to the class action components of the Settlement. Because future PAGA claims are subject to claim preclusion upon entry of the Judgment, Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release the claims identified in Paragraph 6.3 of this Agreement and are eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. If a Class Member submits both a Request for Exclusion and an objection, only the Request for Exclusion will be accepted and the objection will be void.

8.6. Challenges to Calculation of Workweeks. Each Class Member shall have until the Response Deadline (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed) to challenge the number of Class Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if any) allocated to the Class Member in the Class Notice. The Class Member may challenge the allocation by communicating with the Administrator via fax, email or mail. The Administrator must encourage the challenging Class Member to submit supporting documentation. In the absence of any contrary documentation, the Administrator is entitled to presume that the Workweeks contained in the Class Notice are correct so long as they are consistent with the Class Data. The Administrator's determination of each Class Member's allocation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. The Administrator shall promptly provide copies of all challenges to calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods to Defense Counsel and Class Counsel and the Administrator's determination as to the challenges

8.7. Objections to Settlement.

(a) Only Participating Class Members may object to the class action components of the Settlement and/or this Agreement, including contesting the fairness of the Settlement, and/or amounts requested for the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Class Representative Service Payment.

(b) Participating Class Members may send written objections to the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail. In the alternative, or in addition to a written objection, Participating Class Members may appear in Court (or hire an attorney to appear in Court) to present verbal objections at the Final Approval Hearing. A Participating Class Member who elects to send a written objection to the Administrator must do so not later than the Response Deadline (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice was re-mailed).

(c) Non-Participating Class Members have no right to object to any of the class action components of the Settlement. If a Class Member submits both a Request for Exclusion and an objection, only the Request for Exclusion will be accepted and the objection will be void.

8.8. Administrator Duties. The Administrator has a duty to perform or observe all tasks to be performed or observed by the Administrator contained in this Agreement or otherwise.

(a) Website, Email Address and Toll-Free Number. The Administrator will establish and maintain and use an internet website to post information of interest to Class Members including the date, time and location for the Final Approval Hearing and copies of the Settlement Agreement, Motion for Preliminary Approval, the Preliminary Approval, the Class Notice, the Motion for Final Approval, the Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and Class Representative Service Payment, the Final Approval and the Judgment. The Administrator will also maintain and monitor an email address and a toll-free telephone number to receive Class Member calls, faxes and emails.

(b) Request for Exclusion (Opt-Outs) and Exclusion List. The Administrator will promptly review on a rolling basis Requests for Exclusion to ascertain their validity. Not later than 7 days after the expiration of the deadline for submitting Requests for Exclusion, the Administrator shall email a list to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel containing (a) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who have timely submitted valid Requests for Exclusion ("Exclusion List"); (b) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who have submitted invalid Requests for Exclusion; (c) copies of all Requests for Exclusion from Settlement submitted (whether valid or invalid).

(c) Workweek and/or Pay Period Challenges. The Administrator has the authority to address and make final decisions consistent with the terms of this Agreement on all Class Member challenges over the calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods. The Administrator's decision shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.

(d) Weekly Reports. The Administrator must, on a weekly basis, provide written reports to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel that, among other things, tally the number of: Class Notices mailed or re-mailed, Class Notices returned undelivered, Requests for Exclusion (whether valid or invalid) received, objections received, challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods received and/or resolved, and checks mailed for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments ("Weekly Report"). The Weekly Reports must include the Administrator's assessment of the validity of Requests for Exclusion and attach copies of all Requests for Exclusion and objections received.

(e) Administrator's Declaration. Not later than 7 days before the date by which Plaintiff is required to file the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement, the Administrator will provide to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its due diligence and compliance with all of its obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to, its mailing of Class Notice, the Class Notices returned as undelivered, the re-mailing of Class Notices, attempts to locate Class Members, the total number of Requests for Exclusion from Settlement it received (both valid or invalid), the number of written objections and attach the Exclusion List. The Administrator will supplement its declaration as needed or requested by the Parties and/or the Court. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator's declaration(s) in Court.

(f) Final Report by Administrator. Within 10 days after the Administrator disburses all funds of the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defense Counsel with a final report detailing its disbursements by employee identification number only of all payments made under this Agreement. At least 7 days before any deadline set by the Court, the Administrator will prepare, and submit to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its disbursement of all payments required under this Agreement. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator's declaration in Court. If a second declaration attesting to the distribution of uncashed checks is required, the Administrator shall provide this second declaration at least 7 days before any deadline for a second declaration and Class Counsel shall be responsible for filing the second declaration with the Court.

9. CLASS SIZE MODIFICATION AND ESCALATOR CLAUSE. Based on its records, Defendants provided figures as to the Class size as set forth in paragraph 4.1 above. If during the Class Period, the actual number of Workweeks worked by the Class Members has

increased by more than 10% (i.e., 7634) from the estimate provided in paragraph 4.1 above, the Gross Settlement Amount will be increased proportionately. For example, if the number of Workweeks is 11% higher than 76,345 workweeks, the Gross Settlement Amount will be increased by 1%. The defendant responsible for the increase will be responsible for contributing the additional funds to the Gross Settlement Amount. In the alternative, the defendant responsible for the increase may elect to shorten the Class Period and PAGA Period to stay within the 10% cushion.

10. DEFENDANTS' RIGHT TO WITHDRAW. If the number of valid Requests for Exclusion identified in the Exclusion List exceeds 5% of the total of all Class Members, Defendants may, but are not obligated to, elect to withdraw from the Settlement. The Parties agree that, if Defendants withdraw, the Settlement shall be void ab initio, have no force or effect whatsoever, and that neither Party will have any further obligation to perform under this Agreement; provided, however, Defendants will remain responsible for paying all Administration Expenses incurred as of the date Defendants make this election to withdraw. Defendants must notify Class Counsel and the Court of its election to withdraw not later than 7 days after the Administrator sends the final Exclusion List to Defense Counsel. Invalid Requests for Exclusion will have no effect on this threshold for an election.

11. MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, not later than 16 court days before the calendared Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff will file in Court, a motion for final approval of the Settlement that includes a request for approval of the PAGA settlement under Labor Code section 2699(l), a Proposed Final Approval Order and a proposed Judgment (collectively "Motion for Final Approval"). Plaintiff shall provide drafts of these documents to Defense Counsel not later than 7 days prior to filing the Motion for Final Approval. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously meet and confer and in good faith, to resolve any disagreements concerning the Motion for Final Approval.

11.1. Response to Objections. Each Party retains the right to respond to any objection raised by a Participating Class Member, including the right to file responsive documents in Court no later than 5 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing, or as otherwise ordered or accepted by the Court.

11.2. Duty to Cooperate. If the Court does not grant Final Approval or conditions Final Approval on any material change to the Settlement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), the Parties will expeditiously work together in good faith to address the Court's concerns by revising the Agreement as necessary to obtain Final Approval. The Court's decision to award less than the amounts requested for a Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Administration Expenses Payment shall not constitute a material modification to the Agreement within the meaning of this paragraph.

11.3. Continuing Jurisdiction of the Court. The Parties agree that, after entry of Judgment, the Court will retain jurisdiction over the Parties, Action, and the Settlement under C.C.P.

section 664.6 solely for purposes of (i) enforcing this Agreement and/or Judgment, (ii) addressing settlement administration matters, and (iii) addressing such post-Judgment matters as are permitted by law.

11.4. Waiver of the Right to Appeal. Provided the Judgment is consistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, specifically including the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment set forth in this Settlement, the Parties, their respective counsel, and all Participating Class Members who did not object to the Settlement as provided in this Agreement, waive all rights to appeal from the Judgment, including all rights to post-judgment and appellate proceedings, the right to file motions to vacate judgment, motions for new trial, extraordinary writs, and appeals. The waiver of appeal does not include any waiver of the right to oppose such motions, writs or appeals. If an objector appeals the Judgment, the Parties' obligations to perform under this Agreement will be suspended until such time as the appeal is finally resolved and the Judgment becomes final, except as to matters that do not affect the amount of the Net Settlement Amount.

11.5. Appellate Court Orders to Vacate, Reverse, or Materially Modify Judgment. If the reviewing Court vacates, reverses, or modifies the Judgment in a manner that requires a material modification of this Agreement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), this Agreement shall be null and void. The Parties shall nevertheless expeditiously work together in good faith to address the appellate court's concerns and to obtain Final Approval and entry of Judgment, sharing, on an equal basis, any additional Administration Expenses reasonably incurred at the time of remittitur. An appellate decision to vacate, reverse, or modify the Court's award of the Class Representative Service Payment or any payments to Class Counsel shall not constitute a material modification of the Judgment within the meaning of this paragraph, as long as the Gross Settlement Amount remains unchanged.

12. AMENDED JUDGMENT. If any amended judgment is required under Code of Civil Procedure section 384, the Parties will work together in good faith to jointly submit and a proposed amended judgment.

13. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

13.1. No Admission of Liability, Class Certification or Representative Manageability for Other Purposes. This Agreement represents a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or should be construed as an admission by Defendants that any of the allegations in the Operative Complaint have merit or that Defendants have any liability for any claims asserted; nor should it be intended or construed as an admission by Plaintiff that Defendants' defenses in the Actions have merit. The Parties agree that class certification and representative treatment is for purposes of this Settlement only. If, for any reason the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval, Final Approval or Judgment pursuant to this Agreement,

Defendants reserve the right to contest certification of any class for any reasons, and Defendants reserve all available defenses to the claims in the Actions, and Plaintiff reserves the right to move for class certification on any grounds available and to contest Defendants' defenses. The Settlement, this Agreement and Parties' willingness to settle the Actions will have no bearing on, and will not be admissible in connection with, any litigation (except for proceedings to enforce or effectuate the Settlement and this Agreement).

13.2. Confidentiality Prior to Preliminary Approval. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendants and Defense Counsel separately agree that, until the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Settlement is filed, they and each of them will not disclose, disseminate and/or publicize, or cause or permit another person to disclose, disseminate or publicize, any of the terms of the Agreement directly or indirectly, specifically or generally, to any person, corporation, association, government agency, or other entity except: (1) to the Parties' attorneys, accountants, or spouses, all of whom will be instructed to keep this Agreement confidential; (2) counsel in a related matter; (3) to the extent necessary to report income to appropriate taxing authorities; (4) in response to a court order or subpoena; or (5) in response to an inquiry or subpoena issued by a state or federal government agency. Each Party agrees to immediately notify each other Party of any judicial or agency order, inquiry, or subpoena seeking such information. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendants and Defense Counsel separately agree not to, directly or indirectly, initiate any conversation or other communication, before the filing of the Motion for Preliminary Approval, any with third party regarding this Agreement or the matters giving rise to this Agreement except to respond only that "the matter was resolved," or words to that effect. This paragraph does not restrict Class Counsel's communications with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members. Plaintiff and Class Counsel further agree not to use the logos or trademarks of Released Parties for advertising purposes.

13.3. Integrated Agreement. Upon execution by all Parties and their counsel, this Agreement together with its attached exhibits shall constitute the entire agreement between the Parties relating to the Settlement, superseding any and all oral representations, warranties, covenants, or inducements made to or by any Party.

13.4. Cooperation. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts, in good faith, to implement the Settlement by, among other things, modifying the Settlement Agreement, submitting supplemental evidence and supplementing points and authorities as requested by the Court.

13.5. Prior Assignments. The Parties separately represent and warrant that they have not directly or indirectly assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity and portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or right released and discharged by the Party in this Settlement.

13.6. Tax Advice. Neither Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendants nor Defense Counsel are providing any advice regarding taxes or taxability, nor shall anything in this Settlement be relied upon as such within the meaning of United States Treasury Department Circular 230 (31 CFR Part 10, as amended) or otherwise.

13.7. Modification of Agreement. This Agreement, and all parts of it, may be amended, modified, changed, or waived only by an express written instrument signed by all Parties or their representatives, and approved by the Court.

13.8. Agreement Binding on Successors. This Agreement will be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors of each of the Parties.

13.9. Applicable Law. All terms and conditions of this Agreement and its exhibits will be governed by and interpreted according to the internal laws of the state of California, without regard to conflict of law principles.

13.10. Cooperation in Drafting. The Parties have cooperated in the drafting and preparation of this Agreement. This Agreement will not be construed against any Party on the basis that the Party was the drafter or participated in the drafting.

13.11. Confidentiality. To the extent permitted by law, all agreements made, and orders entered during the pendency of the Actions and in this Agreement relating to the confidentiality of information shall survive the execution of this Agreement.

13.12. Use and Return of Class Data. Information provided to Class Counsel pursuant to Cal. Evid. Code §1152, and all copies and summaries of the Class Data provided to Class Counsel by Defendants in connection with the mediation, other settlement negotiations, or in connection with the Settlement, may be used only with respect to this Settlement, and no other purpose, and may not be used in any way that violates any existing contractual agreement, statute, or rule of court. Not later than 90 days after the date when the Court discharges the Administrator's obligation to provide a Declaration confirming the final pay out of all Settlement funds, Plaintiff shall destroy, all paper and electronic versions of Class Data received from Defendant.

13.13. Headings. The descriptive heading of any section or paragraph of this Agreement is inserted for convenience of reference only and does not constitute a part of this Agreement.

13.14. Calendar Days. Unless otherwise noted, all reference to "days" in this Agreement shall be to calendar days. In the event any date or deadline set forth in this Agreement falls on a weekend or federal legal holiday, such date or deadline shall be on the first business day thereafter.

13.15. Notice. All notices, demands or other communications between the Parties in connection with this Agreement will be in writing and deemed to have been duly given

as of the third business day after mailing by United States mail, or the day sent by email or messenger, addressed as follows:

To Plaintiff and the Class:

Norman B. Blumenthal
Kyle R. Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
2255 Calle Clara
La Jolla, CA 92037
Tel.: (858) 551-1223
Fax: (858) 551-1232
E-Mail: norm@bamlawca.com
kyle@bamlawca.com

John Gomez
Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC
755 Front Street
San Diego, CA 92101
Tel.: (619) 304-2031
E-Mail: john@getgomez.com

To Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC:

Robert D. Bergman
Michele M. Goldsmith
Sarah E. Hernandez
BDG Law Group, APLC
10880 Wilshire Blvd. Suite 1015
Los Angeles, CA 90024-4101
T: 310.470.6110
F: 310.474.0931
E-Mail: rbergman@bdgfirm.com
mgoldsmith@bdgfirm.com
shernandez@bdgfirm.com

To Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.:

Jason W. Kearnaghan
Ryan J. Krueger
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
350 South Grand Avenue, 40th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90071-3460
T: (213) 620-1780

F: (213) 620-1398
E-Mail: jkearnaghan@sheppardmullin.com
rkrueger@sheppardmullin.com
epapania@sheppardmullin.com

13.16. Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts by facsimile, electronically (i.e. DocuSign), or email which for purposes of this Agreement shall be accepted as an original. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument if counsel for the Parties will exchange between themselves signed counterparts. Any executed counterpart will be admissible in evidence to prove the existence and contents of this Agreement.

13.17. Stay of Litigation. The Parties agree that upon the execution of this Agreement the litigation shall be stayed, except to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. The Parties further agree that upon the signing of this Agreement that pursuant to CCP section 583.330 to extend the date to bring a case to trial under CCP section 583.310 for the entire period of this settlement process from the mediation on April 7, 2025 until the earlier of the Effective Date or the date this Agreement shall no longer be of any force or effect.

13.18. Fair Settlement. The Parties, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel believe and warrant that this Agreement reflects a fair, reasonable, and adequate settlement of the Actions and have arrived at this Agreement through arms-length negotiations, taking into account all relevant factors, both current and potential.

14. EXECUTION BY PARTIES AND COUNSEL

The Parties and their counsel hereby execute this Agreement.

Dated: _____ _____
Plaintiff Marvin Benegas

Dated: _____ _____
_____[name]
For Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC

Dated: July 2, 2026 _____
Stephen R. Powell [name]
For Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.

F: (213) 620-1398
E-Mail: jkearnaghan@sheppardmullin.com
rkrueger@sheppardmullin.com
epapania@sheppardmullin.com

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14. EXECUTION BY PARTIES AND COUNSEL

The Parties and their counsel hereby execute this Agreement.

Dated: _____

_____
Plaintiff Marvin Benegas

Dated: 6/24/2026

_____
Carlos Aguayo [name]
For Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC

Dated: _____

_____
_____ [name]
For Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.

F: (213) 620-1398
E-Mail: jkearnaghan@sheppardmullin.com
rkrueger@sheppardmullin.com
epapania@sheppardmullin.com

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14. EXECUTION BY PARTIES AND COUNSEL

The Parties and their counsel hereby execute this Agreement.

Dated: 06/23/2026

Marvin J. Banegas
Marvin J. Banegas (Jun 23, 2026 15:44:46 PDT)

Plaintiff Marvin Benegas

Dated: _____

_____
_____[name]
For Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC

Dated: _____

_____
_____[name]
For Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.

Dated: 6/23/26

Kyle Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
Attorney for Plaintiff

Dated: June 15, 2026

John Gomez
Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC
Attorney for Plaintiff

Dated: _____

Jason W. Kearnaghan
Ryan J. Krueger
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
Attorney for Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.

Dated: _____

_____
Kyle Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP
Attorney for Plaintiff

Dated: _____

_____
John Gomez
Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC
Attorney for Plaintiff

Dated: 7/2/2026

_____
Jason W. Kearnaghan
Ryan J. Krueger
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
Attorney for Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.

EXHIBIT A

[NOTICE OF PROPOSED SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTION AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL]

EXHIBIT "A"

NOTICE OF PROPOSED SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTION AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL

***Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC,* Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego, Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL**

The Superior Court for the State of California authorized this Notice. Read it carefully! It's not junk mail, spam, an advertisement, or solicitation by a lawyer. You are not being sued.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS MAY BE AFFECTED WHETHER YOU ACT OR DO NOT ACT. PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.

You may be eligible to receive money from an employee class action lawsuit ("Action") against Defendants Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC and HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. ("Defendants") for alleged wage and hour violations. The Action is brought by Plaintiff Marvin Benegas ("Plaintiff") and seeks payment of (1) wages and other relief for a Class of all individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC or HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. in California and classified as a non-exempt employee at any time during the Class Period (January 23, 2020 through April 7, 2025) ("Class Members"), and (2) penalties under the California Private Attorney General Act ("PAGA") for all individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC in the State of California and classified as non-exempt employees at any time during the PAGA Period (December 28, 2022 through April 7, 2025) ("Aggrieved Employees").

The proposed Settlement includes the following: (1) a Class Settlement requiring Defendants to fund Individual Class Payments to Class Members, and (2) a PAGA Settlement requiring the payment of PAGA Penalties to be allocated to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA") and to Aggrieved Employees.

Based on Defendants' records, and the Parties' current assumptions, **your Individual Class Payment is estimated to be <<$_____>> (less withholding) and your share of the PAGA Penalties ("Individual PAGA Payment") is estimated to <<be $_____>>.** The actual amount you may receive likely will be different and will depend on a number of factors. (If no amount is stated for your Individual PAGA Payment, then according to Defendants' records you are not eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment under the Settlement because you didn't work during the PAGA Period.)

The above estimates are based on Defendants' records showing that **you worked <<_____>> Workweeks during the Class Period** and **you worked <<_____>> PAGA Pay Periods**. If you believe that you worked more workweeks and/or pay periods during either period, you can submit a challenge by the deadline date. See Section 5 of this Notice below.

The Court has already preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement and approved this Notice. The Court has not yet decided whether to grant final approval. Your legal rights are affected whether you act or do not act. Read this Notice carefully. You will be deemed to have carefully

read and understood it. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will decide whether to finally approve the Settlement and how much of the Settlement will be paid to Plaintiff and Plaintiff's attorneys ("Class Counsel"). The Court will also decide whether to enter a judgment that requires payments under the Settlement and requires Class Members and Aggrieved Employees to give up their rights to assert certain claims against Defendants.

If you worked for Defendants during the Class Period and/or the PAGA Period, you have two basic options under the Settlement:

(1) **Do Nothing**. You don't have to do anything to participate in the proposed Settlement and be eligible for an Individual Class Payment and/or an Individual PAGA Payment (if any). As a Participating Class Member, though, you will give up your right to assert Class Period wage claims and PAGA Period penalty claims (if any) against Defendants as described below in Section 4 below.

(2) **Opt-Out of the Class Settlement**. You can exclude yourself from the Class Settlement (opt-out) by submitting the written Request for Exclusion or otherwise notifying the Administrator in writing. If you opt-out of the Settlement, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment, however you will preserve your right to personally pursue wage claims against Defendants, and, if you are an Aggrieved Employee, remain eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement.

Defendants will not retaliate against you for any actions you take with respect to the proposed Settlement.

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:	
You Don't Have to Do Anything to Participate in the Settlement	If you do nothing, you will be a Participating Class Member, eligible for an Individual Class Payment and an Individual PAGA Payment (if any). In exchange, you will give up your right to assert the wage claims against Defendants that are covered by this Settlement (Released Class Claims). Additional information is set forth below.
You Can Opt-out of the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement **The Opt-out Deadline is _____**	If you don't want to fully participate in the proposed Settlement, you can opt-out of the Class Settlement by sending the Administrator a written Request for Exclusion. **If you request exclusion, you will receive no money from the Class Settlement for an Individual Class Payment and you will not be bound by the Class Settlement.** Once excluded, you will be a Non-Participating Class Member and no longer eligible for an Individual Class Payment. Non-Participating Class Members cannot object to any portion of the proposed Settlement. See Section **7** of this Notice. However, you cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement. If you are also an Aggrieved Employee and exclude

	yourself, you will still be paid your Individual PAGA Payment and will remain subject to the release of the Released PAGA Claims regardless of whether you submit a Request for Exclusion.
Participating Class Members Can Object to the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement **Written Objections Must be Submitted by** _____	All Class Members who do not opt-out ("Participating Class Members") can object to any aspect of the proposed Settlement. The Court's decision whether to finally approve the Settlement will include a determination of how much will be paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff who pursued the Action on behalf of the Class. You can object to the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff if you think they are unreasonable. See Section **8** of this Notice.
You Can Participate in the Final Approval Hearing	The Court's Final Approval Hearing is scheduled to take place on _____, at 10:30 a.m., at the San Diego County Superior Court, located at 330 West Broadway, San Diego, CA 92101, in Department 64 before Judge Loren G. Freestone. This hearing may change as explained below in Section 9. You don't have to attend but you do have the right to appear (or hire an attorney to appear on your behalf at your own cost), in person or by using the Court's virtual appearance platform. Participating Class Members can verbally object to the Settlement at the Final Approval Hearing. See Section **9** of this Notice
You Can Challenge the Calculation of Your Workweeks / PAGA Pay Periods **Written Challenges Must be Submitted by** _____	The amount of your Individual Class Payment and your Individual PAGA Payment (if any) depend on how many Workweeks you worked at least one day during the Class Period and how many PAGA Pay Periods you worked during the PAGA Period, respectively. The number of Workweeks during the Class Period and number of PAGA Period Pay Periods you worked according to Defendants' records is stated on the first page of this Notice. If you disagree with either of these numbers, you must challenge it by _____. See Section **5** of this Notice

1. Why did I get this Notice?

A proposed class action settlement (the "Settlement") of the above-captioned action pending in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Diego (the "Court"), has been reached between Plaintiff and Defendants and has been granted preliminary approval by the Court. You may be entitled to receive money from this Settlement.

You have received this Notice because you have been identified as a member of the Class, which is defined as:

> All individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC or HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. in California and classified as a non-exempt employee at any time during the Class Period (January 23, 2020 through April 7, 2025).

So far, the Court has made no determination whether Defendants or Plaintiff are correct on the merits. In the meantime, Plaintiff and Defendants hired an experienced, neutral mediator in an effort to resolve the Action by negotiating an end to the case by agreement (settle the case) rather than continuing the expensive and time-consuming process of litigation. The negotiations were successful. By signing a written Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") and agreeing to ask the Court to enter a judgment ending the Action and enforcing the Agreement, Plaintiff and Defendants have negotiated a proposed Settlement that is subject to the Court's Final Approval. Both sides agree the proposed Settlement is a compromise of disputed claims. By agreeing to settle, Defendants do not admit any violations or concede the merit of any claims. Plaintiff and Class Counsel strongly believe the Settlement is a good deal for you because they believe that: (1) Defendants have agreed to pay a fair, reasonable and adequate amount considering the strength of the claims and its defenses, and the risks and uncertainties of continued litigation; and (2) Settlement is in the best interests of the Class Members. The Court preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement as fair, reasonable and adequate, authorized this Notice, and scheduled a hearing to determine Final Approval.

2. What is this class action lawsuit about?

On January 23, 2024, Plaintiff filed a complaint against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego ("Class Action"). Plaintiff's Class Action complaint asserted class claims for unfair competition, failure to pay minimum wages, failure to pay overtime wages, failure to provide required meal periods, failure to provide required rest periods, failure to maintain accurate employee records, failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to reimburse employees for required expenses, failure to provide wages when due, and failure to pay sick wages.

On May 29, 2024, Plaintiff filed a complaint alleging a single cause of action against Defendants in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego ("PAGA Action") for recovery of civil penalties for violation of the Private Attorney General Act, Cal. Labor Code §§ 2698 et seq. ("PAGA").

On November 20, 2025, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Class Action Complaint, adding Plaintiff's PAGA claims in alleged in the PAGA Action into the Class Action. The First Amended Class Action Complaint in the Class Action was filed August 27, 2025 and is referred to as the "Operative Complaint".

Defendants deny that they have done anything wrong and dispute all the claims in the Action. For example, Defendants contend that Plaintiff and the Class Members were, at all times, properly compensated for wages under California law; that Plaintiff and the Class Members were provided with meal and rest periods in compliance with California law; that Defendants did not fail to pay to Plaintiff or any Class Members any wages allegedly due during employment and at the time of their termination; that Defendants complied with California wage statement and

record requirements; that Defendants did not violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200 *et seq.*; that Defendants are not liable for any of the penalties sought or that could have been sought in the Operative Complaint; and that this Action cannot be maintained as a class or representative action.

The Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement on <<INSERT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL DATE>>. At that time, the Court also preliminarily approved the Plaintiff to serve as the Class Representative, and the law firms of Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC to serve as Class Counsel.

The Court has not ruled on the merits of Plaintiff's claims. However, to avoid additional expense, inconvenience, and interference with the business operations of Defendants, the Parties concluded that it is in their best interests and the interests of the Class to settle the Actions now on the terms summarized in this Notice. The Settlement was reached after mediation and arm's-length negotiations between the Parties. The Plaintiff and Class Counsel think the settlement is in the best interest of all Class Members.

Accordingly, the Settlement constitutes a compromise of disputed claims and should not be construed as an admission of liability on the part of Defendants, who expressly deny all liability.

3. What are the terms of the Settlement?

Gross Settlement Amount. **Defendants have agreed to pay an "all in" amount of One Million One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($1,150,000) (the "Gross Settlement Amount") to fund the settlement of the Action.** The Gross Settlement Amount includes all payments of Individual Class Payments to Participating Class Members, the Administration Expenses Payment, the Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the PAGA Penalties payment for civil penalties under PAGA. Any employer-side payroll taxes on the portion of the Individual Class Payments allocated to wages shall be separately paid by Defendants. Defendants shall fund the Gross Settlement Amount and the amount necessary to pay payroll taxes within thirty (30) days of the Effective Date. The Effective Date is the date the Judgment is final and no longer subject to appeal. The Administrator will mail checks for all settlement payments within fourteen (14) days of the funding of the settlement by Defendants.

Court Approved Deductions from Gross Settlement Amount. The proposed payments, subject to Court approval, will be deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount before payments of Individual Class Payments are made to Class Members who do not request exclusion ("Participating Class Members"). At the Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve the following deductions from the Gross Settlement, the amounts of which will be decided by the Court at the Final Approval Hearing:

- Administration Expenses Payment. Payment to the Administrator, estimated not to exceed $14,000, for expenses, including expenses of notifying the Class Members of the Settlement, processing request for exclusions and disputes, and distributing settlement checks and tax forms.

- Attorneys' Fees and Costs. Payment to Class Counsel of reasonable attorneys' fees not to exceed one-third (1/3) of the Gross Settlement Amount, which presently equals $383,333, and an additional amount to reimburse actual litigation costs incurred by the Plaintiff not to exceed $35,000. Class Counsel has been prosecuting the Action on behalf of Plaintiff and the Class on a contingency fee basis (that is, without being paid any money to date) and has been paying all litigation costs and expenses. The attorneys' fees awarded shall be allocated as follows: 75% to Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and 25% to Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC. The amounts stated are what Class Counsel will be requesting and the final amounts to be paid will be decided at the Final Approval Hearing.

- Class Representative Service Payment. A Class Representative Service Payment in an amount not more than $10,000 to the named Plaintiff as a service award, or such lesser amount as may be approved by the Court, to compensate him for services on behalf of the Class in initiating and prosecuting the Action, and for the risks he undertook. The amount stated is what Plaintiff will be requesting and the final amount to be paid will be decided at the Final Approval Hearing.

- PAGA Penalties. A payment of $25,000 relating to Plaintiff's claim under PAGA, 75% ($18,750) of which will be paid to the State of California's Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA"). The remaining 25% ($6,250) will be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties ($6,250) by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Pay Periods. "PAGA Pay Period" means any pay period during which an Aggrieved Employee worked for Defendants for at least one day during the PAGA Period. The PAGA Period is December 28, 2022 through April 7, 2025.

Participating Class Members have the right to object to any of these deductions. The Court will consider all objections.

Calculation of Payments to Class Members. After all of the payments of the court-approved Attorneys' Fees and Costs, the Class Representative Service Payment, the PAGA Penalties, and the Administration Expenses Payment are deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount, the remaining portion, the "Net Settlement Amount", shall be distributed as Individual Class Payments to the Participating Class Members. The Net Settlement Amount is estimated to be at least $682,667. The Administrator will pay an Individual Class Payment from the Net Settlement Amount to each Participating Class Member. The Individual Class Payment for each Participating Class Member calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks. "Workweek" means any week during the Class Period in which a Class Member worked for Defendants as a Class Member for at least one day. The number of Workweeks will be based on Defendants' records, however, Class Members may challenge the number of Workweeks worked as explained below.

If the Settlement is approved by the Court and you do not exclude yourself, you will automatically be mailed a check for your Individual Class Payment to the same address as this Class Notice. You do not have to do anything to receive a payment. If your address has changed, you must contact the Administrator to inform them of your correct address to ensure you receive your payment.

Tax Matters. One-third (1/3) of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment is in settlement of wage claims (the "Wage Portion"). Accordingly, the Wage Portion is subject to wage withholdings, and shall be reported on IRS Form W-2. Two-thirds (2/3) of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment is in settlement of claims for alleged claims for non-wages, expense reimbursement, interest and penalties due to employees (collectively the "Non-Wage Portion"). The Non-Wage Portion and any Individual PAGA Payment shall not be subject to wage withholdings and shall be reported on IRS Form 1099. The employee portion of all applicable income and payroll taxes will be the responsibility of the Participating Class Members. Neither Class Counsel nor Defendants' Counsel intend anything contained in this Class Notice to constitute advice regarding taxes or taxability. The tax issues for each Participating Class Member are unique to him/her, and each Participating Class Member may wish to consult a tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of the payments received under the Settlement.

Conditions of Settlement. This Settlement and your receipt of the Individual Class Payment are conditioned upon the Court entering an order granting final approval of the Settlement and entering a Judgment.

The Proposed Settlement Will be Void if the Court Denies Final Approval. It is possible the Court will decline to grant Final Approval of the Settlement or decline to enter a Judgment. It is also possible the Court will enter a Judgment that is reversed on appeal. Plaintiff and Defendants have agreed that, in either case, the Settlement will be void: Defendants will not pay any money and Class Members will not release any claims against Defendants.

Need to Promptly Cash Payment Checks. The front of every check issued will show the date when the check expires (the void date). If you don't cash it by the void date, your check will be automatically cancelled, and the funds represented by such checks will be sent to the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the individual who failed to cash their check, where the funds may be claimed.

4. What Do I Release Under the Settlement?

Released Class Claims. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount and fund all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, all Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties (which as defined above specifically includes Defendants) from all claims that occurred during the Class Period that were asserted in the Operative Complaint or that reasonably could have been asserted based on the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint ("Released Class Claims"). The Released Class Claims include all claims for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, straight

time compensation, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; the calculation of the regular rate of pay; wages related to alleged unlawful time rounding; travel time pay; failure to pay wages at least twice each calendar month; failure to provide sick pay; failure to timely pay wages; missed/short/late/interrupted meal period, rest period, and/or recovery period wages/premiums; failure to provide meal periods; failure to authorize and permit rest periods and/or recovery periods; the calculation of meal, rest, and/or recovery period premiums; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; failure to provide/furnish accurate itemized wage statements; deductions; failure to keep/maintain accurate records; failure to timely pay final wages; unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices; penalties, including, but not limited to, recordkeeping penalties, wage statement and payroll reporting penalties, minimum-wage penalties, and waiting-time penalties; and attorneys' fees and costs; for civil and statutory penalties, including wage statement and payroll reporting penalties, record keeping penalties, minimum wage penalties, penalties for personnel file violations; attorneys' fees and costs; and unfair business practices related to the Released Class Claims. The Released Class Claims include but are not limited to all such claims arising under: California Labor Code sections 201, 201.3, 202, 203, 204, 206, 210, 216, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 223, 225, 225.5, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 233, 246, 247.5, 248.5, 510, 512, 516, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1175, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.2, 1198, 1199, and 2802; all claims relating to the Released Class Claims under the California Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.; the Released Class Claims shall also include all claims asserted in the Operative Complaint under the applicable Wage Orders of the California Industrial Welfare Commission (including, but not limited to, IWC Wage Order Nos. 4-2001, 5-2001, 10-2001 and 8 CCR § 11100) for failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to keep accurate records, for civil and statutory penalties, including wage statement penalties, and record keeping penalties. The Released Claims include those under the Fair Labor and Standards Act ("FLSA") arising from or reasonably related to the facts alleged in the Operative Complaint, including those reasonably related to recordkeeping obligations, 29 U.S.C. §211(c); 29 C.F.R. §§ 516, 778.223, 778.315, et seq.; and all state and federal law equivalents arising from or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or LWDA letter or that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or LWDA letter; California Civil Code sections 3287, 3288, 3289; California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; and the California common law of contract. The Released Class Claims excludes the release claims not permitted by law, including but not limited to claims brought for workers' compensation benefits, and alleged violations occurring outside the Class Period. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including Plaintiff's Individual Claims, claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

Participating Class Members who timely cash or otherwise negotiate their Individual Class Payment check will be deemed to have opted into the Actions, as amended, for purposes of the FLSA and, as to those Participating Class Members, the Released Class Claims include any and all claims the Class Members may have under the FLSA asserted in the Operative Complaint, arising from or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint, or that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint based on the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint. Only those Class Members who timely cash or otherwise negotiate

their Settlement Payment Check will be deemed to have opted into the Action for purposes of the FLSA and thereby release and waive any of their claims under the FLSA arising under or relating to the alleged claims.

This means that, if you do not timely and formally exclude yourself from the settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Defendants and any other Released Party about the Released Class Claims resolved by this Settlement. It also means that all of the Court's orders in the Action will apply to you and legally bind you.

Released PAGA Claims. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount and fund all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, all Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from all claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action for PAGA civil penalties asserted in the Operative Complaint and/or arising from, or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or PAGA Notice during the PAGA Period ("Released PAGA Claims"). Such claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action include those arising out of the following arising from, or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and PAGA Notice: California Minimum Wage Order (MW-2014), Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 233, 246, 510, 512, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2802, 2698 *et seq*. and 2699 *et seq.* Further, such claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action include those for PAGA civil penalties for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, straight time compensation, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; the calculation of the regular rate of pay; wages related to alleged unlawful time rounding; travel time pay; failure to provide sick pay; failure to pay wages at least twice each calendar month; failure to timely pay wages; missed/short/late/interrupted meal period, rest period, and/or recovery period wages/premiums; failure to provide meal periods; failure to authorize and permit rest periods and/or recovery periods; the calculation of meal, rest, and/or recovery period premiums; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; failure to provide/furnish accurate itemized wage statements; deductions; failure to keep/maintain accurate records; failure to timely pay final wages; and unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, the Aggrieved Employees and LWDA do not release any other claims, including other PAGA claims, underlying wage and hour claims, Plaintiff's Individual Claims, claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the PAGA Period.

Released Parties. Released Parties are defined as: Defendants, and each of their past, present and future agents, employees, servants, officers, directors, partners, trustees, representatives, shareholders, stockholders, attorneys, parents, subsidiaries, equity sponsors, related companies/corporations and/or partnerships, divisions, assigns, predecessors, successors, insurers, consultants, service providers, joint venturers, joint employers, co-employers, dual employers, alleged joint employers, alleged co-employers, alleged dual employers, affiliates, alter-egos, and affiliated organizations, and all of their respective past, present and future

employees, directors, officers, agents, attorneys, stockholders, fiduciaries, parents, subsidiaries, and assigns.

5. How much will my payment be?

Defendants' records reflect that you worked <<_____>> Workweeks during the Class Period (January 23, 2020 through April 7, 2025).

Based on this information, your estimated Individual Class Payment from the Net Settlement Amount is <<_____>>.

[Defendants' records reflect that you worked <<_____>> PAGA Pay Periods during the PAGA Period (December 28, 2022 through April 7, 2025). Based on this information your estimated Individual PAGA Payment is <<_____>>.]

If you wish to challenge the information set forth above, then you must submit a written, signed dispute challenging the information along with supporting documents, to the Administrator at the address provided in this Class Notice no later than the Response Deadline, which is _____ [sixty (60) days after the mailing of the Class Notice or an additional 14 days in the case of re-mailing]. You may also fax the dispute to _____ or email the dispute to _____ by no later than the Response Deadline. Any dispute should include credible written evidence and will be resolved by the Administrator.

6. How can I get a payment?

To get money from the Settlement, you do not have to do anything. A check for your Individual Class Payment will be mailed automatically to the same address as this Class Notice. If your address is incorrect or has changed, you must notify the Administrator. The Administrator is: Apex Class Action LLC, _____ (800) _____.

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing on _____, at 10:30 a.m. to decide whether to approve the Settlement and fix the amounts to be paid as attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel and as a service payment to Plaintiff. If the Court approves the Settlement and there are no objections or appeals, payments will be mailed approximately four months after the hearing. If there are objections or appeals, resolving them can take time and delay the settlement, perhaps more than a year. Please be patient.

7. What if I don't want to be a part of the Settlement?

If you do not wish to participate in the Settlement, you may exclude yourself from the Settlement or "opt out." **If you opt out, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment from the Settlement**, **and you will not be bound by its terms, which means you will retain the right to sue Defendants for the Released Class Claims.** However, Aggrieved Employees who opt out will still be paid their Individual PAGA Payment and will remain bound by the release of the Released PAGA Claims regardless of whether they submit a request for exclusion.

To opt out of the class portion of the settlement, you must submit to the Administrator a written, signed and dated request for exclusion ("opt-out") postmarked no later than the Response Deadline which is _____ [sixty (60) days after the mailing of the Class Notice or an additional 14 days in the case of re-mailing]. You may also fax your request to opt out to _____ or email to _____ by no later than the Response Deadline. The request to opt-out should state in substance that you wish to be excluded from the class settlement in the *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC* lawsuit. The request to opt-out should state the Class Member's full name, address, and telephone number or email address. Please include the name and number of the case, which is *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC*, Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL. The request to opt-out must be completed and signed by you. No other person may opt-out for a living member of the Class.

The address for the Administrator is _____. Written requests for exclusion that are postmarked after _____, or are incomplete or unsigned will be rejected, and those Class Members will remain bound by the Settlement and the release described above.

8. How do I Object to the Settlement?

Only Participating Class Members have the right to object to the Settlement. At least sixteen (16) court days before the Final Approval Hearing, scheduled for _____, Class Counsel and Plaintiff will file in Court a Motion for Final Approval that includes, among other things, the reasons why the proposed Settlement is fair, and a request stating (i) the amount Class Counsel is requesting for attorneys' fees and litigation expenses; and (ii) the amount Plaintiff is requesting as a Class Representative Service Payment. Upon reasonable request, Class Counsel (whose contact information is below) will send you copies of these documents at no cost to you. You can also view them on Class Counsel's website at www.bamlawca.com under "Class Notices" for *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC* or on the Court's website via the Register of Actions page for the California Superior Court for the County of San Diego (https://www.sdcourt.ca.gov/sdcourt/generalinformation/accesscourtrecords) and entering the Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL.

A Participating Class Member who disagrees with any aspect of the Agreement, the Motion for Final Approval, or the attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and service payments may wish to object, for example, that the proposed Settlement is unfair, or that the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff are too high or too low. **The Response Deadline for sending written objections to the Administrator is_____**[sixty (60) days after the mailing of the Class Notice or an additional 14 days in the case of re-mailing]. You may also fax the dispute to _____ or email to_____. Be sure to tell the Administrator what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. Make sure you identify the Action, *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC*, Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL, and include your name, current address, telephone number, email address, and approximate dates of employment for Defendants and sign the objection. The Administrator's contact information is as follows:

Administrator:

Name of Company: Apex Class Action LLC
Email Address: _____
Mailing Address: _____
Telephone Number: _____
Fax Number: _____

Alternatively, a Participating Class Member can object (or personally retain a lawyer to object at your own cost) by attending the Final Approval Hearing. You (or your attorney) should be ready to tell the Court what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. If you do wish to appear at the hearing, check the Court's website for the most current information concerning appearances and procedures at the Court - https://www.sdcourt.ca.gov/virtualhearings. You may also have the option to appear at the hearing by audio or video. For assistance in making an appearance at the Final Approval Hearing, please contact Class Counsel below. See Section 9 of this Notice (immediately below) for specifics regarding the Final Approval Hearing.

The addresses for Parties' counsel are as follows:

CLASS COUNSEL:

Kyle Nordrehaug
Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik DeBlouw LLP
2255 Calle Clara
La Jolla, CA 92037
Tel.: (858) 551-1223
Fax: (858) 551-1232
E-Mail: kyle@bamlawca.com

Counsel for Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC:

Robert D. Bergman
Michele M. Goldsmith
Sarah E. Hernandez
BDG Law Group, APLC
10880 Wilshire Blvd. Suite 1015
Los Angeles, CA 90024-4101

Counsel for Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc.:

Jason W. Kearnaghan
Ryan J. Krueger
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
350 South Grand Avenue, 40th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90071-3460

9. Can I Attend the Final Approval Hearing?

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing at 10:30 a.m. (Pacific Time) on _____, in Department 64 of the Superior Court of California, County of San Diego,

located at 330 West Broadway, San Diego, California 92101, before Judge Loren G. Freestone. At this hearing the Court will consider whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The purpose of this hearing is for the Court to determine whether to grant final approval of the Settlement and to fix the amounts to be paid as attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel and as a service payment to Plaintiff. If there are objections, the Court will consider them. **You are not required to attend** the Final Approval Hearing, although any Class Member is welcome to attend the hearing. Check the Court's website for the most current information concerning appearances and procedures at the Court - https://www.sdcourt.ca.gov/virtualhearings.

It's possible the Court will reschedule the Final Approval Hearing. If the hearing is continued, notice will be posted on Class Counsel's website at www.bamlawca.com under "Class Notices" for *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC* In addition, hearing dates are posted on the Internet via the Register of Actions page for the California Superior Court for the County of San Diego (https://www.sdcourt.ca.gov/sdcourt/generalinformation/accesscourtrecords) and entering the Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL.

10. How Can I Get More Information?

You may call the Administrator at _____ or write to *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC* Administrator, c/o _____.

This Class Notice summarizes the proposed settlement. More details are in the Agreement. You may receive a copy of the Agreement, the Judgment, the motion for final approval and for attorneys' fees and costs or other Settlement documents by going to Class Counsel's website at www.bamlawca.com under "Class Notices" for *Benegas v. Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC*, where these documents will be posted as they become available. You may also get more details by examining the Court's file on the Internet via the Register of Actions for the San Diego County Superior Court (https://www.sdcourt.ca.gov/sdcourt/generalinformation/accesscourtrecords) and entering the Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL. If you wish to view the Court files in person, you must go to the Clerk's Office at the Hall of Justice, 330 West Broadway, San Diego, CA 92101.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

IMPORTANT:

- **What if Your Address Changes -** To receive your check, you should immediately notify the Administrator if you move or otherwise change your mailing address.

- **What if You Fail To Cash a Check -** Settlement checks will be null and void 180 days after date of mailing if not deposited or cashed, and this expiration date is printed on the check. In such events, the Administrator shall direct all unclaimed funds to be paid to the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of and for the benefit of the individual who did not cash their check. The funds may be claimed at https://www.sco.ca.gov/upd_msg.html.

- **What if You Lose Your Check -** If your check is lost or misplaced, you should contact the Administrator immediately to request a replacement.

EXHIBIT B

[ORDER GRANTING PRELIMINARY APPROVAL]

EXHIBIT "B"

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

MARVIN BENEGAS, an individual, on behalf of himself and on behalf of all persons imilarly situated, Plaintiff, vs. CONTINENTAL MARITIME OF SAN DIEGO, LLC, a Limited Liability Company; HII SAN DIEGO SHIPYARD INC., a Corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, Defendants.	CASE NO.: **37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL** **[PROPOSED] PRELIMINARY APPROVAL ORDER** Hearing Date: Hearing Time: 10:30 a.m. Judge: Hon. Loren G. Freestone Dept.: 64 Date Action Filed: January 23, 2024 Trial Date: Not set

This matter, having come before the Honorable Loren G. Freestone of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County San Diego, on _____[DATE], for the motion by Plaintiff Marvin Benegas ("Plaintiff") for preliminary approval of the class settlement with Defendants Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC and HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. ("Defendants"). The Court, having considered the briefs, argument of counsel and all matters presented to the Court and good cause appearing, hereby GRANTS Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

1. The Court preliminarily approves the Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") attached as Exhibit ___ to the Declaration of Kyle Nordrehaug in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement. This is based on the Court's determination that the Settlement set forth in the Agreement is within the range of possible final approval, pursuant to the provisions of Section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure and California Rules of Court, rule 3.769.

2. This Order incorporates by reference the definitions in the Agreement, and all terms defined therein shall have the same meaning in this Order as set forth in the Agreement.

3. The Gross Settlement Amount is One Million One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($1,150,000). It appears to the Court on a preliminary basis that the settlement amount and terms are fair, adequate and reasonable as to all potential Class Members when balanced against the probable outcome of further litigation and the significant risks relating to certification, liability and damages issues. It further appears that investigation and research have been conducted such that counsel for the Parties are able to reasonably evaluate their respective positions. It further appears to the Court that settlement at this time will avoid substantial additional costs by all Parties, as well as avoid the delay and risks that would be presented by the further prosecution of the Action. It further appears that the Settlement has been reached as the result of serious and non-collusive, arms-length negotiations. The Court therefore preliminarily finds that the Settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable when balanced against the probable outcome of further litigation and the

significant risks relating to certification, liability, and damages issues. The Court also preliminarily approves the resolution of the PAGA claim in the Agreement.

4. The Agreement specifies an attorneys' fees award not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount, an award of litigation expenses incurred, not to exceed $35,000, and proposed Class Representative Service Payment to the Plaintiff in an amount not to exceed $10,000. The Court will not approve the amount of attorneys' fees and costs, nor the amount of any service award, until the Final Approval Hearing.

5. The Court recognizes that Plaintiff and Defendants stipulate and agree to certification of a class for settlement purposes only. This stipulation will not be deemed admissible in this or any other proceeding should this Settlement not become final. For settlement purposes only, the Court conditionally certifies the following Class: "Plaintiff and all individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC or HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. in California and classified as a non-exempt employee at any time during the Class Period." The Class Period is January 23, 2020 to April 7, 2025.

6. The Court concludes that, for settlement purposes only, the Class meets the requirements for certification under section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure in that: (a) the Class is ascertainable and so numerous that joinder of all members of the Class is impracticable; (b) common questions of law and fact predominate, and there is a well-defined community of interest amongst the members of the Class with respect to the subject matter of the litigation; (c) the claims of the Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the members of the Class; (d) the Plaintiff can fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class; (e) a class action is superior to other available methods for the efficient resolution of this controversy; and (f) counsel for the Class is qualified to act as counsel for the Class and the Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Class.

7. The Court provisionally appoints Plaintiff as the representative of the Class. The Court provisionally appoints Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik De Blouw LLP and Gomez Trial Attorneys, APLC as Class Counsel for the Class.

8. The Court hereby approves, as to form and content, the Court Approved Notice of Proposed Settlement of Class Action and Hearing Date for Final Court Approval ("Class Notice") attached to the Agreement as Exhibit A. The Court finds that the Class Notice appears to fully and accurately inform the Class of all material elements of the proposed Settlement, of the Class Members' right to be excluded from the Class by submitting a written opt-out request, and of each Class Member's right and opportunity to object to the Settlement. The Court further finds that the distribution of the Class Notice substantially in the manner and form set forth in the Agreement and this Order meets the requirements of due process, is the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto. The Court orders the mailing of the Class Notice by first class mail, pursuant to the terms set forth in the Agreement.

9. The Court hereby appoints Apex Class Action LLC as the Administrator. No later than fifteen (15) days after preliminary approval of the Settlement by the Court, Defendants shall provide to the Administrator an electronic spreadsheet with the Class Data. The Administrator will perform address updates and verifications as necessary prior to the mailing of the Class Notice. Using best efforts to mail it as soon as possible, and in no event later than 14 days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will mail the Class Notice Packets to all Class Members via first-class U.S. Mail. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator shall update Class Member addresses using the National Change of Address database.

10. The Court hereby preliminarily approves the proposed procedure for exclusion from the Settlement. Any Class Member may individually choose to opt out of and be excluded from the Class as provided in the Class Notice by following the instructions for requesting exclusion from the Class that are set forth in the Class Notice. All Requests for Exclusion must be postmarked by no later than the Response Deadline, which is sixty (60) calendar days after the date of the mailing of the Class Notice and be received by the Administrator. If the Class Notice Packet is re-mailed, the Response Deadline will be extended an additional 14 days. Any such person who chooses to opt out of and be excluded from the Class will not be entitled to any

recovery under the Settlement and will not be bound by the class portion of the Settlement or have any right to object, appeal or comment thereon. Class Members who have not requested exclusion shall be bound by all determinations of the Court, the Agreement and the Judgment. A Request for Exclusion may only opt out that particular individual, and any attempt to effect an opt out of a group, class, or subclass of individuals is not permitted and will be deemed invalid. Subject to the Court's final approval of the Settlement, the Aggrieved Employees will be paid their allocation of the PAGA Penalties and will remain bound by the release of the Released PAGA Claims.

11. Any Class Member who has not opted out ("Participating Class Member") may appear at the final approval hearing and may object or express their views regarding the Settlement and may present evidence and file briefs or other papers that may be proper and relevant to the issues to be heard and determined by the Court as provided in the Notice. Participating Class Members will have until the Response Deadline, which is sixty (60) calendar days from the date of the mailing of the Class Notices, to submit their written objections to the Administrator in accordance with the instructions in the Class Notice. If the Class Notice Packet is re-mailed, the Response Deadline for written objections will be extended an additional 14 days. Alternatively, Participating Class Members may appear at the Final Approval Hearing to make an oral objection.

12. A Final Approval Hearing shall be held before this Court on _____ _____, 10:30 a.m. in Department 64 at the San Diego County Superior Court to determine all necessary matters concerning the Settlement, including: whether the proposed settlement of the Action on the terms and conditions provided for in the Agreement is fair, adequate and reasonable and should be finally approved by the Court; whether the Final Approval Order and Judgment should be entered herein; whether the plan of allocation contained in the Agreement should be approved as fair, adequate and reasonable to the Class Members; and to finally approve attorneys' fees and costs, the service award, and the expenses of the Administrator. All papers in support of the motion for final approval and for attorneys' fees, costs and service

awards, to be heard at the Final Approval Hearing, shall be filed with the Court and served on all counsel no later than sixteen (16) court days before the hearing.

13. Neither the Settlement nor any exhibit, document, or instrument delivered thereunder shall be construed as a concession or admission by Defendants in any way that the claims asserted have any merit or that this Action was properly brought as a class or representative action, and shall not be used as evidence of, or used against Defendants as, an admission or indication in any way, including with respect to any claim of any liability, wrongdoing, fault or omission by Defendants or with respect to the truth of any allegation asserted by any person. Defendants have denied that they have done anything wrong and dispute all the claims in this Action. Whether or not the Settlement is finally approved, neither the Settlement, nor any exhibit, document, statement, proceeding or conduct related to the Settlement, nor any reports or accounts thereof, shall in any event be construed as, offered or admitted in evidence as, received as or deemed to be evidence for any purpose adverse to the Defendants, including, but not limited to, evidence of a presumption, concession, indication or admission by Defendants of any liability, fault, wrongdoing, omission, concession or damage.

14. In the event the Settlement does not become effective in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, or the Settlement is not finally approved, or is terminated, canceled or fails to become effective for any reason, this Order shall be rendered null and void and shall be vacated, and the Parties shall revert to their respective positions as of before entering into the Agreement, and expressly reserve their respective rights regarding the prosecution and defense of this Action, including all available defenses and affirmative defenses, and arguments that any claim in the Action could not be certified as a class action and/or managed as a representative action. In such an event, the Court's orders regarding the Settlement, including this Order, shall not be used or referred to in litigation for any purpose.

15. The Court reserves the right to adjourn or continue the date of the final approval hearing and all dates provided for in the Agreement without further notice to Class Members and

retains jurisdiction to consider all further applications arising out of or connected with the proposed Settlement.

16. The Action is otherwise stayed and all trial and related pre-trial dates, if any, are vacated, subject to further orders of the Court at the Final Approval Hearing.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: _____

_____
HON. LOREN G. FREESTONE
JUDGE, SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

EXHIBIT C

[FINAL APPROVAL ORDER AND JUDGMENT]

EXHIBIT "C"

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

MARVIN BENEGAS, an individual, on behalf of himself and on behalf of all persons imilarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CONTINENTAL MARITIME OF SAN DIEGO, LLC, a Limited Liability Company; HII SAN DIEGO SHIPYARD INC., a Corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

CASE NO.: **37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL**

[PROPOSED] FINAL APPROVAL ORDER AND JUDGMENT

Hearing Date:
Hearing Time: 10:30 a.m.

Judge: Hon. Loren G. Freestone
Dept.: 64

Date Action Filed: January 23, 2024
Trial Date: Not set

The motion of Plaintiff Marvin Benegas ("Plaintiff") for an order finally approving the Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") with Defendants Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC and HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. ("Defendants") and for an award of attorneys' fees and costs, service payment, and the fees of the Administrator duly came on for hearing on _____ before the Honorable Loren G. Freestone.

I.

FINDINGS

Based on the oral and written argument and evidence presented in connection with the motion, the Court makes the following findings:

1. All terms used herein shall have the same meaning as defined in the Agreement.

2. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this litigation pending before the California Superior Court for the County of San Diego, and over all Parties to this litigation, including the Class.

3. Based on a review of the papers submitted by Plaintiff and a review of the applicable law, the Court finds that the Gross Settlement Amount of One Million One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($1,150,000) and the terms set forth in the Agreement are fair, reasonable, and adequate.

4. The Court further finds that the Settlement was the result of arm's length negotiations conducted after Class Counsel had adequately investigated the claims and became familiar with the strengths and weaknesses of those claims. In particular, the amount of the Settlement, the significant risks relating to certification, liability, and damages issues, and the assistance of an experienced mediator in the settlement process, among other factors, support the Court's conclusion that the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate.

Preliminary Approval of the Settlement

5. On _____, the Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement. At this same time, the Court approved conditional certification of the Class for settlement purposes only.

Notice to the Class

6. In compliance with the Preliminary Approval Order, the Class Notice was mailed by first class mail to members of the Class at their last known addresses on or about _____. Mailing of the Class Notice to their last known addresses was the best notice option under the circumstances and was reasonably calculated to communicate actual notice of the litigation and the proposed settlement to the Class. The Class Notice given to the Class Members fully and accurately informed the Class Members of all material elements of the proposed Settlement and of their opportunity to object to or comment thereon or to seek exclusion from the Settlement; constituted valid, due, and sufficient notice to all Class Members; and complied fully with the laws of the State of California, the United States Constitution, due process and other applicable law. The Class Notice fairly and adequately described the Settlement and provided Class Members adequate instructions and a variety of means to obtain additional information.

7. The Response Deadline for opting out of the Class or submitting written objections to the Settlement was _____, which was extended by 14 days for re-mailed Class Notices. There was an adequate interval between mailing of the Class Notice and the response deadline to permit Class Members to choose what to do and act on their decision. A full opportunity has been afforded to the Participating Class Members to participate in this hearing, and all Participating Class Members and other persons wishing to be heard have been heard. Class Members also have had a full and fair opportunity to exclude themselves from the proposed Settlement and Class. Accordingly, the Court determines that all Class Members who did not timely and properly submit a request for exclusion are bound by the Settlement and this Final Approval Order and Judgment.

Fairness Of Settlement

8. The Agreement is entitled to a presumption of fairness. *Dunk v. Ford Motor Co.* 48 Cal.App.4th 1794, 1801 (1996).

a. The settlement was reached through arm's-length bargaining between the parties during an all-day mediation before Michael Dickstein, an experienced mediator of wage

and hour class actions. There has been no collusion between the parties in reaching the proposed settlement.

b. Plaintiff's investigation and discovery have been sufficient to allow the Court and counsel to act intelligently.

c. Counsel for both parties are experienced in similar employment class action litigation. All counsel recommended approval of the Agreement.

d. The percentage of objectors and requests for exclusion is small. ____ objections were received. _____ requests for exclusion were received.

e. The participation rate was high. _____ Participating Class Members will be mailed a settlement payment, representing _____% of the overall Class.

9. The consideration to be given to the Class Members under the terms of the Agreement is fair, reasonable and adequate considering the strengths and weaknesses of the claims asserted in this action and is fair, reasonable and adequate compensation for the release of Class Members' claims, given the uncertainties and significant risks of the litigation and the delays which would ensue from continued prosecution of the action.

10. The Agreement is approved as fair, adequate and reasonable and in the best interests of the Class Members.

Attorneys' Fees and Costs

11. An award of $383,333 for attorneys' fees, representing one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount, and $_____ for litigation costs and expenses, is reasonable, in light of the contingent nature of Class Counsel's fee, the hours worked by Class Counsel, and the results achieved by Class Counsel. The requested awards have been supported by Class Counsel's lodestar and billing statement.

Class Representative Service Payment

12. The Agreement provides for a Class Representative Service Payment of not more than $10,000 to the Plaintiff, subject to the Court's approval. The Court finds that a Class Representative Service Payment in the amount of $_____ to the Plaintiff is reasonable in light

of the risks and burdens undertaken by the Plaintiff in the litigation and for his time and effort in bringing and prosecuting this matter on behalf of the Class.

Administration Expenses Payment

13. The Administrator shall calculate and administer the payment to be made to the Participating Class Members in the manner set forth in the Agreement, transmit payment for attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel, transmit the Class Representative Service Payment to the Plaintiff, distribute the PAGA Penalties, issue any required tax reporting forms, calculate withholdings and perform the other remaining duties set forth in the Agreement. The Administrator has documented $_____ in fees and expenses, and this amount is reasonable in light of the work performed by the Administrator.

PAGA Penalties

14. The Agreement provides for PAGA Penalties out of the Gross Settlement Amount of $25,000, which shall be allocated with 75% ($18,750) allocated to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% ($6,250) allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments to be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties ($6,250) by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Pay Periods. "Aggrieved Employees" are all individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC in the State of California and classified as non-exempt employees at any time during the PAGA Period (December 28, 2022 through April 7, 2025). The Court finds the PAGA Penalties to be reasonable. All Aggrieved Employees will be sent their share of the PAGA Penalties and will be subject to the release of the Released PAGA Claims as set forth below, whether or not they opt out of the Settlement.

II.

ORDERS

Based on the foregoing findings, and good cause appearing, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

15. The certification of the Class for the purposes of settlement is confirmed. The Class is defined as follows:

> Plaintiff and all individuals who were employed by defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego, LLC or HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. in California and classified as a non-exempt employee at any time during the Class Period (January 23, 2020 through April 7, 2025).

16. All persons who meet the foregoing definition are members of the Class, except for those individuals who filed a valid request for exclusion ("opt out") from the Class. [INSERT REFERENCE TO IDENTIFY ANY OPT OUTS].

17. The Agreement is hereby finally approved as fair, reasonable, adequate, and in the best interest of the Class. Defendants shall fund the Gross Settlement Amount and the amount necessary to pay Defendants' share of payroll taxes thereon within thirty (30) days of the Effective Date. Defendant HII San Diego Shipyard, Inc. shall contribute One Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars ($175,000.00) to the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant Continental Maritime of San Diego LLC shall contribute Nine Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars ($975,000.00) to the Gross Settlement Amount

18. Class Counsel are awarded attorneys' fees in the amount of $383,333 and costs in the amount of $_____. Class Counsel shall not seek or obtain any other compensation or reimbursement from Defendants, Plaintiff or members of the Class.

19. The payment of the Class Representative Service Payment in the amount of $_____ to the Plaintiff is approved.

20. The payment of $_____ to the Administrator for their fees and expenses is approved.

21. The PAGA Penalties in the amount of $25,000 are approved and shall be allocated in accordance with the Agreement.

22. The Agreement and this Settlement are not an admission by Defendants, nor is this Final Approval Order and Judgment a finding, of the validity of any claims in the Action or of any wrongdoing by Defendants or that this Action is appropriate for class treatment (other than for

settlement purposes). Neither this Final Approval Order and Judgment, the Agreement, nor any document referred to herein, nor any action taken to carry out the Agreement is, may be construed as, or may be used as an admission by or against Defendants of any fault, wrongdoing or liability whatsoever. Defendants have denied that they have done anything wrong and dispute all the claims in this Action. The entering into or carrying out of the Agreement, and any negotiations or proceedings related thereto, shall not in any event be construed as, or deemed to be evidence of, an admission or concession with regard to the denials or defenses by Defendants. Notwithstanding these restrictions, Defendants may file in the Action or in any other proceeding this Final Approval Order and Judgment, the Agreement, or any other papers and records on file in the Action as evidence of the Settlement to support a defense of res judicata, collateral estoppel, release, or other theory of claim or issue preclusion or similar defense as to the Released Class Claims and/or the Released PAGA Claims.

23. Notice of entry of this Final Approval Order and Judgment shall be given to all Parties by Class Counsel on behalf of Plaintiff and all Class Members. The Final Approval Order and Judgment shall be posted on Class Counsel's website as set forth in section 10 the Class Notice to the Class. It shall not be necessary to send notice of entry of this Final Approval Order and Judgment to individual Class Members. In accordance with California Code of Civil Procedure § 2699, Plaintiff shall serve this Final Approval Order and Judgment on the LWDA.

24. If the Agreement does not become final and effective in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, then this Final Approval Order and Judgment, and all orders entered in connection herewith, shall be rendered null and void and shall be vacated, and the Parties shall revert to their respective positions as of before entering into the Agreement, and expressly reserve their respective rights regarding the prosecution and defense of this Action, including all available defenses and affirmative defenses, and arguments that any claim in the Action could not be certified as a class action and/or managed as a representative action.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDICATED AND DECREED THAT:

25. Except as set forth in the Agreement and this Final Approval Order and Judgment, Plaintiff, and all members of the Class, shall take nothing in the Action.

26. Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 664.6, the Court shall retain jurisdiction to construe, interpret, implement and enforce the Agreement, to hear and resolve any contested challenge to a claim for settlement benefits, and to supervise and adjudicate any dispute arising from or in connection with the distribution of settlement benefits.

27. The Parties are authorized to agree to and to adopt such amendments, modifications and expansions of the Agreement and all exhibits attached thereto which are consistent with this Final Approval Order and Judgment and as approved by the Court.

28. Each party shall bear its own attorneys' fees and costs, except as otherwise provided in the Agreement and in this Final Approval Order and Judgment.

29. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount and fund all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, all Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties (which as defined above specifically includes Defendants) from all claims that occurred during the Class Period that were asserted in the Operative Complaint or that reasonably could have been asserted based on the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint ("Released Class Claims"). The Released Class Claims include all claims for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, straight time compensation, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; the calculation of the regular rate of pay; wages related to alleged unlawful time rounding; travel time pay; failure to pay wages at least twice each calendar month; failure to provide sick pay; failure to timely pay wages; missed/short/late/interrupted meal period, rest period, and/or recovery period wages/premiums; failure to provide meal periods; failure to authorize and permit rest periods and/or recovery periods; the calculation of meal, rest, and/or recovery period premiums; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; failure

to provide/furnish accurate itemized wage statements; deductions; failure to keep/maintain accurate records; failure to timely pay final wages; unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices; penalties, including, but not limited to, recordkeeping penalties, wage statement and payroll reporting penalties, minimum-wage penalties, and waiting-time penalties; and attorneys' fees and costs; for civil and statutory penalties, including wage statement and payroll reporting penalties, record keeping penalties, minimum wage penalties, penalties for personnel file violations; attorneys' fees and costs; and unfair business practices related to the Released Class Claims. The Released Class Claims include but are not limited to all such claims arising under: California Labor Code sections 201, 201.3, 202, 203, 204, 206, 210, 216, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 223, 225, 225.5, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 233, 246, 247.5, 248.5, 510, 512, 516, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1175, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.2, 1198, 1199, and 2802; all claims relating to the Released Class Claims under the California Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.; the Released Class Claims shall also include all claims asserted in the Operative Complaint under the applicable Wage Orders of the California Industrial Welfare Commission (including, but not limited to, IWC Wage Order Nos. 4-2001, 5-2001, 10-2001 and 8 CCR § 11100) for failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to keep accurate records, for civil and statutory penalties, including wage statement penalties, and record keeping penalties. The Released Claims include those under the Fair Labor and Standards Act ("FLSA") arising from or reasonably related to the facts alleged in the Operative Complaint, including those reasonably related to recordkeeping obligations, 29 U.S.C. §211(c); 29 C.F.R. §§ 516, 778.223, 778.315, et seq.; and all state and federal law equivalents arising from or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or LWDA letter or that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or LWDA letter; California Civil Code sections 3287, 3288, 3289; California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; and the California common law of contract. The Released Class Claims excludes the release claims not permitted by law, including but not limited to claims brought for workers' compensation benefits, and alleged violations occurring outside the Class Period. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, Participating

Class Members do not release any other claims, including Plaintiff's Individual Claims, claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

(a) Participating Class Members who timely cash or otherwise negotiate their Individual Class Payment check will be deemed to have opted into the Actions, as amended, for purposes of the FLSA and, as to those Participating Class Members, the Released Class Claims include any and all claims the Class Members may have under the FLSA asserted in the Operative Complaint, arising from or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint, or that could have been alleged in the Operative Complaint based on the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint. Only those Class Members who timely cash or otherwise negotiate their Settlement Payment Check will be deemed to have opted into the Action for purposes of the FLSA and thereby release and waive any of their claims under the FLSA arising under or relating to the alleged claims.

(b) The following language will be printed on the reverse of each Individual Class Payment check, or words to this effect: "By endorsing or otherwise negotiating this check, I acknowledge that I read, understood, and agree to the terms set forth in the Notice of Class Action Settlement and I consent to join in the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") portion of the [Actions], elect to participate in the settlement of the FLSA claims, and agree to release all of my FLSA claims that are covered by the Settlement."

30. "Released Parties" are defined as: Defendants, and each of their past, present and future agents, employees, servants, officers, directors, partners, trustees, representatives, shareholders, stockholders, attorneys, parents, subsidiaries, equity sponsors, related companies/corporations and/or partnerships, divisions, assigns, predecessors, successors, insurers, consultants, service providers, joint venturers, joint employers, co-employers, dual employers, alleged joint employers, alleged co-employers, alleged dual employers, affiliates, alter-egos, and

affiliated organizations, and all of their respective past, present and future employees, directors, officers, agents, attorneys, stockholders, fiduciaries, parents, subsidiaries, and assigns.

31. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount and fund all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, all Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from all claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action for PAGA civil penalties asserted in the Operative Complaint and/or arising from, or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and/or PAGA Notice during the PAGA Period ("Released PAGA Claims"). Such claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action include those arising out of the following arising from, or reasonably related to the facts and claims alleged in the Operative Complaint and PAGA Notice: California Minimum Wage Order (MW-2014), Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 233, 246, 510, 512, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2802, 2698 *et seq*. and 2699 *et seq.* Further, such claims, rights, demands, liabilities, and causes of action include those for PAGA civil penalties for unpaid wages, including, but not limited to, failure to pay minimum wages, straight time compensation, overtime compensation, double-time compensation, and interest; the calculation of the regular rate of pay; wages related to alleged unlawful time rounding; travel time pay; failure to provide sick pay; failure to pay wages at least twice each calendar month; failure to timely pay wages; missed/short/late/interrupted meal period, rest period, and/or recovery period wages/premiums; failure to provide meal periods; failure to authorize and permit rest periods and/or recovery periods; the calculation of meal, rest, and/or recovery period premiums; reimbursement for all necessary business expenses; payment for all hours worked, including off-the-clock work; failure to provide/furnish accurate itemized wage statements; deductions; failure to keep/maintain accurate records; failure to timely pay final wages; and unlawful deductions and/or withholdings from wages; unfair business practices. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, the Aggrieved Employees and LWDA do not

release any other claims, including other PAGA claims, underlying wage and hour claims, Plaintiff's Individual Claims, claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the PAGA Period.

32. Effective on the date when Defendants fully funds the entire Gross Settlement Amount and funds all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, Plaintiff releases and discharges the Defendants and the Released Parties as to the Plaintiff's Released Claims, as set forth fully in paragraph 6.1 of the Agreement.

LET JUDGMENT BE FORTHWITH ENTERED ACCORDINGLY. IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: _____

_____
HON. LOREN G. FREESTONE
JUDGE, SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

EXHIBIT #3

Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik DeBlouw LLP

2255 CALLE CLARA
LA JOLLA, CA - California 92037-3107

INVOICE

Invoice # 1
Date: 11/05/2026
Due On: 12/05/2026

Marvin Benegas
3714 Alaska St
San Diego, CA 92154

CA3166

Continental Maritime of San Diego

Services

Attorney	Date	Notes	Quantity	Rate	Total
NDB	11/17/2023	Review and analyze original intake notes. Legal research regarding related litigation. Research Defendant's business operations. Review and analyze facts and law. Legal research.	3.10	$850.00	$2,635.00
NDB	11/18/2023	Review and analyze emails and documents regarding individual claims for retaliation and discrimination. Review and analyze off the clock claims. Legal research regarding the same.	2.90	$850.00	$2,465.00
NDB	12/07/2023	Review entire employment file for legal claims. Review all paystubs for 226 and overtime violations. Review Defendant's written policy documents. Legal research regarding wage and hour claims.	2.90	$850.00	$2,465.00
NDB	12/08/2023	Review facts and law. Draft original complaint.	2.20	$850.00	$1,870.00
NDB	12/10/2023	Review and analyze 2802 and rest break claims. Research venue issue. Draft complaint.	2.40	$850.00	$2,040.00
NDB	12/11/2023	Review facts and file. Analyze federal enclave defense and class cert issues. Legal research regarding the same.	2.10	$850.00	$1,785.00
NDB	12/18/2023	Review paystubs and meal break claims. Review and revise complaint. Send complaint for approval to client.	1.70	$850.00	$1,445.00

NDB	12/27/2023	Review and research PAGA claims and penalties. Draft PAGA notice.	2.20	$850.00	$1,870.00
NDB	12/28/2023	Conference with Plaintiff. Review and revise complaint. Analyze case file.	1.30	$850.00	$1,105.00
NDB	12/29/2023	Draft internal case notes memo detailing facts and specific violations. Review case file and related litigation.	2.10	$850.00	$1,785.00
RE	01/12/2024	Review case notes/damage analysis	0.50	$675.00	$337.50
RE	01/12/2024	Review & analyze employment file documents	2.40	$675.00	$1,620.00
RE	01/22/2024	Review/edit, revise class action complaint; finalize draft for next day filing	2.70	$675.00	$1,822.50
RE	01/23/2024	Draft summons & civil case cover sheet re class action	0.50	$675.00	$337.50
RE	01/23/2024	Review & finalize PAGA only complaint package; file in SD Sup. Ct.	0.70	$675.00	$472.50
RE	01/24/2024	Review court returned documents re class action; review docket; memo to firm re judicial/ department assignment and status of initial case management conference	0.50	$675.00	$337.50
KN	01/27/2024	Review filed complaint; review court notices; review memo from RE	0.40	$950.00	$380.00
RE	03/15/2024	Review corresp from OPC re service via NAR; prep docs for service of process re class action re HII San Diego Shipyard; send docs to OPC; instruct staff to mail hard copies per code	0.70	$675.00	$472.50
RE	03/20/2024	File POS of summons re Def. Continental Maritime of SD; memo to firm re post service written discovery	0.50	$675.00	$337.50
RE	05/26/2024	Draft PAGA only complaint	3.70	$675.00	$2,497.50
NDB	05/26/2024	Review case file. Review and analyze PAGA notice. Review and revise PAGA only complaint. Review venue issues. Discuss with R. Ehmann.	1.50	$850.00	$1,275.00
RE	05/28/2024	Draft summons & civil case cover sheet re PAGA action	0.50	$675.00	$337.50
RE	05/28/2024	Review & finalize PAGA only complaint package; file in SD Sup. Ct.	0.60	$675.00	$405.00
RE	05/31/2024	Review court-returned docs; review civil lawsuit notice; review docket re PAGA action; memo to firm re department/judicial assignment and status of initial case management conference	0.50	$675.00	$337.50
RE	05/31/2024	Provide notice to LWDA of PAGA Action filing	0.40	$675.00	$270.00

KN	06/01/2024	Review filed PAGA complaint; review court notices; review memo from RE	0.30	$950.00	$285.00
PM	06/06/2024	Review client documents and wage statements; review and revise discovery requests; review legal and factual claims.	3.00	$750.00	$2,250.00
PM	06/13/2024	Review, revise, finalize discovery requests.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
CJ	06/13/2024	Research status of case and claims, review local rules and determine what shall be submitted to court prior to cmc	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	06/13/2024	Draft CMC Statement, finalize and sent to GG for filing	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	06/17/2024	Analyze Complaint, status of service for status of Defendants and joint employer theory, correspond re same	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	06/18/2024	Continue evaluation of Defendants, review case and claims in preparation to meet and confer. Evaluate CRC in preparation for m&c	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	06/18/2024	t/c with OPC	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	06/18/2024	Review P's wage statements and personnel file	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	06/18/2024	Evaluate case law re federal enclave issue for purposes of opposing potential removal or potential argument re federal law	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	06/28/2024	Prepare for CMC, review status of Defendant's relationship and discovery	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	06/28/2024	Appear at CMC, memorialize to firm, determine next steps	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
PM	07/19/2024	Review Def. discovery requests and analyze.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
RE	07/24/2024	Review file; prep docs for service of process re both defendants; draft Notice & Acknowledgement of Service re both defendants; email to OPC with service docs; instruct staff to mail hard copies per code re PAGA action	0.80	$675.00	$540.00
SB	07/25/2024	Review complaint, analyze, advise ND	2.60	$450.00	$1,170.00
AR	08/08/2024	Teleconference with PM regarding discovery responses; review and outline file for onboarding; review prior correspondence regarding discovery; draft follow up correspondence with GG regarding the same.	1.30	$550.00	$715.00
PM	08/08/2024	Review Def. discovery requests and analyze; review legal and factual claims.	2.00	$750.00	$1,500.00
GG	08/09/2024	Draft disc. resp shells, rfp, sprogs, frogs-g, frogs-	1.70	$250.00	$425.00

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AR	08/09/2024	Review and outline case notes and client documents; draft summary for discovery responses.	1.20	$550.00	$660.00
AR	08/09/2024	Begin drafting discovery responses.	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
AR	08/12/2024	Continue review and outlining of documents in response to discovery requests; update file.	2.20	$550.00	$1,210.00
AR	08/12/2024	Continue drafting responses to discovery.	1.80	$550.00	$990.00
AR	08/13/2024	Review and outline file for status; review pending discovery; draft multiple follow up correspondence regarding the same.	0.70	$550.00	$385.00
AR	08/14/2024	Receive discovery responses; draft follow up correspondence with PM regarding the same.	0.40	$550.00	$220.00
AR	08/15/2024	Multiple internal correspondence regarding discovery; review file for timeline; draft responsive correspondence with opposing counsel regarding extension.	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
AR	08/15/2024	Review and outline documents; update exhibit book.	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
AR	08/15/2024	Continue review and outlining of discovery responses; draft meet and confer correspondence.	1.20	$550.00	$660.00
AR	08/16/2024	Continue drafting responses to discovery; update file.	1.30	$550.00	$715.00
AR	08/22/2024	Receive correspondence from PM regarding discovery; review file for status; draft summary correspondence.	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
AR	08/23/2024	Continue review and outlining of discovery responses and documents; update exhibit book.	1.30	$550.00	$715.00
RE	08/27/2024	Draft and file proof of service of summons w/ executed NAR re HI San Diego Shipyard Inc.; email to team re post service written discovery	0.50	$675.00	$337.50
AR	08/28/2024	Follow up correspondence with PM regarding status of discovery.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	08/28/2024	Continue review and outlining of discovery and documents.	1.70	$550.00	$935.00
AR	08/28/2024	Continue drafting comprehensive meet and confer correspondence.	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
AR	08/29/2024	Multiple correspondence regarding protective order; review local rules.	0.70	$550.00	$385.00

AR	08/30/2024	Review pleadings and draft protective order for review by opposing counsel.	1.30	$550.00	$715.00
AR	08/30/2024	Complete review of Defendant documents and updating file/exhibit book.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
AR	08/30/2024	Finalize comprehensive meet and confer correspondence; submit to opposing counsel.	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
AR	09/03/2024	Receive and review correspondence regarding discovery responses; review and outline responses; draft summary.	0.60	$550.00	$330.00
AR	09/04/2024	Multiple follow up correspondence regarding meet and confer meeting.	0.40	$550.00	$220.00
AR	09/06/2024	Complete initial draft responses to employment interrogatories; update spreadsheet for conference with client.	2.50	$550.00	$1,375.00
AR	09/06/2024	Complete initial draft responses to general interrogatories; update spreadsheet for conference with client	2.30	$550.00	$1,265.00
AR	09/09/2024	Teleconference with PM regarding discovery responses; review discovery and update meet and confer spreadsheet.	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
AR	09/09/2024	Prepare for and attend meet and confer teleconference; draft and circulate summary; update file.	1.20	$550.00	$660.00
AR	09/09/2024	Multiple correspondence with AB regarding mediator proposals.	0.40	$550.00	$220.00
AR	09/09/2024	Research Defendants regarding asset sale pursuant to correspondence with opposing counsel; draft summary.	0.70	$550.00	$385.00
AR	09/10/2024	Multiple correspondence regarding mediation; review discovery responses and draft follow up correspondence.	0.60	$550.00	$330.00
AR	09/10/2024	Review file for status; draft case management statement; draft follow up correspondence regarding filing/service.	1.40	$550.00	$770.00
AR	09/10/2024	Draft multiple correspondence with opposing counsel regarding discovery.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	09/10/2024	Teleconference with PM regarding status; update file; draft follow up correspondence with CJ regarding mediation data.	0.70	$550.00	$385.00
GG	09/11/2024	Finalize, file, serve CMC statement in Class action.	0.40	$250.00	$100.00
AR	09/11/2024	Prepare for and attend meet and conference with	1.20	$550.00	$660.00

		opposing counsel; draft summary correspondence.			
AR	09/11/2024	Review PAGA action and applicable timelines pursuant to teleconference with opposing counsel; draft follow up correspondence.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
AR	09/11/2024	Begin drafting responses to voluminous special interrogatories.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
RE	09/12/2024	File proof of service of summons re PAGA action re continental maritime	0.40	$675.00	$270.00
AR	09/17/2024	Continue drafting responses to special interrogatories.	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
AR	09/18/2024	Draft follow up meet and confer correspondence with opposing counsel; receive and review responses to meet and confer.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
AR	09/19/2024	Complete initial draft of responses to voluminous special interrogatories.	1.60	$550.00	$880.00
AR	09/20/2024	Update responses to special interrogatories; draft follow up correspondence.	1.20	$550.00	$660.00
AR	09/20/2024	Review discovery requests; draft initial responses to voluminous requests for production.	2.80	$550.00	$1,540.00
AR	09/20/2024	Correspondence with client regarding status.	0.20	$550.00	$110.00
AR	09/20/2024	Correspondence with opposing counsel regarding discovery and mediation.	0.20	$550.00	$110.00
GG	09/20/2024	ROA review to confirm upcoming CMC and add info/circulate remote appearance information email.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
AR	09/23/2024	Multiple correspondence with client regarding status.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	09/23/2024	Follow up correspondence with opposing counsel regarding mediation.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	09/23/2024	Review complaint and outline relevant time period in PAGA action; multiple internal correspondence and correspondence with opposing counsel regarding dismissal of HII from PAGA action.	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
AR	09/23/2024	Multiple correspondence with client regarding status of mediation.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	09/23/2024	Continue drafting responses to discovery requests.	1.40	$550.00	$770.00
AR	09/24/2024	Teleconference with client regarding status.	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
AR	09/25/2024	Multiple correspondence with AB regarding	0.30	$550.00	$165.00

		mediation.			
AR	09/25/2024	Multiple correspondence with opposing counsel regarding responsive pleading deadline; review docket and pleadings and draft summary.	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
AR	09/26/2024	Multiple follow up correspondence regarding mediation and responsive pleading deadline in PAGA action.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	09/26/2024	Prepare for and attend CMC; draft and circulate summary.	1.20	$550.00	$660.00
AR	09/27/2024	Multiple follow up correspondence regarding mediation.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	09/27/2024	Research regarding entity transition and claims regarding federal enclave.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
AR	10/02/2024	Review file for status of discovery; multiple correspondence with opposing counsel regarding the same.	0.40	$550.00	$220.00
GG	10/09/2024	Review email re mediation setup, review and confirm service list, update POS, send email to mediation case manager.	0.30	$250.00	$75.00
AR	10/10/2024	Multiple correspondence with PM and mediator regarding mediation; review file for status of PAGA action; multiple correspondence regarding stay.	0.40	$550.00	$220.00
GG	10/17/2024	Review case file, draft stipulation to stay case pending mediation.	1.10	$250.00	$275.00
GG	10/18/2024	Review file, complaint, and draft stipulation to stay the PAGA action pending mediation.	0.50	$250.00	$125.00
AR	10/21/2024	Review docket and orders for status, begin drafting stipulation and proposed order to stay matter.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
AR	10/22/2024	Review and outline file for status of discovery; draft summary correspondence with opposing counsel.	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
AR	10/24/2024	Review and outline pleadings; draft stipulation and proposed order to stay in Class and PAGA actions; draft follow up correspondence.	1.80	$550.00	$990.00
GG	10/31/2024	Finalize, file, serve, and draft POS re PAGA action.	0.40	$250.00	$100.00
AR	10/31/2024	Follow up correspondence regarding stipulations to stay.	0.20	$550.00	$110.00
AR	10/31/2024	Multiple correspondence regarding discovery responses.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00

KN	10/31/2024	Review status; review past week emails and draft stip	0.25	$950.00	$237.50
AR	11/04/2024	Multiple correspondence regarding responsive pleading deadline.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
PM	11/05/2024	Review correspondences with Def. and advise AR re the same.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
AR	11/05/2024	Revise stipulations pursuant to correspondence with opposing counsel; re-submit for review.	1.20	$550.00	$660.00
AR	11/05/2024	Draft further revisions to stipulations; multiple follow up correspondence with opposing counsel regarding the same.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
AR	11/06/2024	Multiple follow up correspondence regarding stipulations.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	11/06/2024	Receive and review final revisions to stipulations; finalize and submit for filing.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
GG	11/12/2024	Review case file and draft Med Data and Doc Request re Continental Maritime and Hii San Diego.	0.50	$250.00	$125.00
CJ	11/19/2024	Revise Mediation demand, review claims, advise AJB, sent to OPC	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
AR	11/21/2024	Receive and review order from Court; review against stipulation.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
AR	12/02/2024	Review file and docket for status of stipulation; draft follow up correspondence regarding discovery responses.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
GG	12/13/2024	Reviewed Def's email re notice of change of counsel, and updated POS.	0.20	$250.00	$50.00
GG	12/16/2024	Reviewed court notification re filed stipulations to stay case, reviewed previous orders, downloaded from ROA, saved to file.	0.20	$250.00	$50.00
AR	12/16/2024	Receive and review correspondence from opposing counsel.	0.30	$550.00	$165.00
GG	12/17/2024	Reviewed court orders re stay to confirm dates for deadlines and email CJ.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
GG	12/18/2024	Reviewed email from Def counsel re updated service list and updated pos in class and paga actions.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
CJ	02/12/2025	Evaluate case notes and complaint, review exhibit book, annotate re same	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	02/12/2025	Evaluate potential federal enclave issue, review notes and addresses, update case analysis	1.00	$550.00	$550.00

CJ	02/24/2025	Evaluate status of pre-mediation production, annotate re same in prep for correspondence to OPC	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
AR	03/13/2025	Receive and review draft stipulations; draft follow up correspondence.	0.80	$550.00	$440.00
NDB	03/18/2025	Review case file. Review and analyze discovery and data produced to date. Review wage and hour policy documents and pay stubs exemplars. Legal research wage and hour claims. Prepare for mediation.	4.10	$850.00	$3,485.00
AR	03/19/2025	Multiple correspondence regarding protective orders; review docket; draft follow up correspondence.	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	03/19/2025	Research case notes and continue to correspond with OPC re data for mediation	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	03/20/2025	Correspond with OPC and co counsel re Protective Order	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	03/20/2025	T/c with co counsel re Protective Order	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
NDB	03/20/2025	Analyze case demographics. Review and research Plaintiff's individual claims. Analyze timekeeping data. Legal research rounding and meal break claims.	2.90	$850.00	$2,465.00
GG	03/21/2025	Reviewed email exchange between CJ and expert, and uploaded wage statements to Box link and emailed link to expert.	0.30	$250.00	$75.00
CJ	03/21/2025	Prepare for t/c with Plaintiff, review all documents Plaintiff sent and personnel file	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	03/21/2025	T/C with Plaintiff, continue analysis of personnel file, draft case analysis notes for mediation	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	03/21/2025	Continue analysis of Defendant's documents, sent to expert, draft procedural posture of brief	2.00	$550.00	$1,100.00
NDB	03/22/2025	Review settlement authority. Review and research previous settlements with similar claims and workweeks for mediation valuation.	1.50	$850.00	$1,275.00
CJ	03/25/2025	Research documents related to termination and performance reviews	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	03/25/2025	Draft template headings and begin fact section, continue drafting procedural history of brief	2.00	$550.00	$1,100.00
AB	03/25/2025	Review/analyze Wage Order 1-2001, § 7(A)(3); Morgan v. Rohr; and Barbosa v Delta; Draft memo to team re same; research auto-deduct; draft mediation brief inserts re same.	8.00	$895.00	$7,160.00

NDB	03/25/2025	Review and research 246 sick pay and rest break premium claims. Review and revise mediation brief. Prepare for mediation.	3.00	$850.00	$2,550.00
GG	03/26/2025	Reviewed and organized plaintiff's documents, bates, numbered, and saved to file.	0.50	$250.00	$125.00
CJ	03/27/2025	Research Case status in PAGA Action, draft CMC Statement	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
GG	03/28/2025	Reviewed email from Def's re production of additional documents, accessed Def's document portal, downloaded filed, uploaded to Box link to send to expert, and circulate confirmation email with team.	0.40	$250.00	$100.00
CJ	03/28/2025	Continue drafting mediation brief and researching claims	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
CJ	03/28/2025	Continue drafting procedural history and retaliation/ WT facts	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
CJ	03/31/2025	Analyze expert report	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	03/31/2025	Incorporate expert report into brief, draft analysis re federal enclave	1.50	$550.00	$825.00
AB	03/31/2025	Review/revise mediation brief.	5.00	$895.00	$4,475.00
AB	03/31/2025	Review/analyze Exhibit 1 - Benegas v Continental Maritime of San Diego Mediation Analysis 3-31-2025; Exhibit 2 - CMSD_000876-877-Emails re Meal and Rest Breaks 09-27-2023; Exhibit 3 - CMSD_000874-875 - CMSD Attendance and Breaks Guidelines (04-15-22) and draft mediation brief inserts re same.	3.00	$895.00	$2,685.00
KN	03/31/2025	Review draft mediation brief; review research from AJ; review Exhibit book; provide input	1.40	$950.00	$1,330.00
KN	03/31/2025	Review expert valuation report; analysis of issues	0.50	$950.00	$475.00
CJ	04/01/2025	Continue drafting mediation brief, finalize with all exhibits, advise AJB, review AJB feedback	2.00	$550.00	$1,100.00
GG	04/03/2025	Reviewed calendar to confirm status of mediation and added details to events email.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
SB	04/03/2025	Speak with client in advance of mediation, analyze claims, advise AJB	2.60	$450.00	$1,170.00
SB	04/04/2025	Prepare for mediation, review and analyze mediation brief, advise AJB	2.60	$450.00	$1,170.00
NDB	04/05/2025	Review all mediation materials including briefs and exhibits thereto. Review and analyze expert damage and penalty report and notes and assumptions.	1.30	$850.00	$1,105.00

SB	04/07/2025	Attend mediation	8.00	$450.00	$3,600.00
AB	04/14/2025	Review/analyze memo from mediator re mediator's proposal. Review/analyze mediation notes/brief/charts. Review/analyze deadlines/ court procedures for ways to apply pressure. Draft/send responsive corr to mediator re mediator's proposal.	5.00	$895.00	$4,475.00
AB	04/18/2025	Review/analyze corr from mediator w/ mediator's proposal. Review notes from client / mediation and mediation brief/charts to analyze/assess whether to accept the proposal. Research law. Draft/review/revise/send corr to mediator re: the proposal. Begin drafting MOU.	5.00	$895.00	$4,475.00
KN	04/19/2025	Review mediator's proposal; review emails by AJ; review draft MOU; analysis of settlement issues and advise AJ	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
AB	04/21/2025	Review/analyze joint status report regarding the status of mediation; draft sections for long form/ prelim motion	5.00	$895.00	$4,475.00
GG	04/21/2025	Updated POS, finalized, filed, and served Joint statement re status of mediation.	0.40	$250.00	$100.00
PM	04/21/2025	Review and revise CMC statement; review status of mediation and settlement negotiations and advise CJ re the same.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
CJ	04/21/2025	Evaluate status of settlement, advise PM, revise Jt Report and ensure sent for filing	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
AB	04/22/2025	Review/analyze corr from mediator re mediator's proposal. Complete draft of MOU. Draft/send corr to defense counsel re MOU w/ MOU. Discuss case internally. Analyze Court deadlines/rules/ procedures and strategize how to comply.	5.00	$895.00	$4,475.00
AB	05/01/2025	Prep for and have call w/ OPC re MOU. Review/ revise MOU/draft/send corr re same.	3.00	$895.00	$2,685.00
AB	05/05/2025	Review/analyze corr from defense re MOU. Review/analyze responsive redlines. Compare w/ model forms / checklists. Prepare responsive redline. Draft/send corr to send w/ responsive MOU. Send. Discuss case internally. Analyze Court deadlines/rules/procedures and strategize how to comply.	5.00	$895.00	$4,475.00
CJ	05/21/2025	Review MTC deadlines and status of settlement, correspond with OPC	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
NDB	05/28/2025	Review mediation brief. review mediation results and emails from mediator. Review and analyze MOU terms. Send MOU to Plaintiff for review and signature. Discuss with Plaintiff and follow up for	1.20	$850.00	$1,020.00

		signature.			
AB	06/03/2025	Review/analyze memo from partner re Kullar/ prelim app work. Prep for work. Draft memo re Kullar prelim. Draft/send corr to partner re memo w/ memo.	3.00	$895.00	$2,685.00
KN	06/03/2025	Review final MOU; analyze approval issues; memo to AJ regarding Kullar issues	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
GG	06/13/2025	Reviewed notice of related case, searched ROA for related action, downloaded and circulated.	0.30	$250.00	$75.00
AR	06/18/2025	Receive and review MOU; draft follow up correspondence regarding status of discovery.	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
GG	07/17/2025	Tel. call. with clerk re Motion for prelim, approval, sent email to email to inform, and circulated email via court docs for calendaring.	0.20	$250.00	$50.00
PM	07/17/2025	Draft long form settlement agreement; strategize re individual agreement.	4.00	$750.00	$3,000.00
KN	07/19/2025	Review draft settlement agreement; analysis of issues; advise PM	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
CJ	07/22/2025	Research case posture, cmc deadlines and prior orders	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	07/23/2025	Research status of case and claims, review posture, prior orders and Court requirements	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
CJ	07/23/2025	Draft Joint Stip to Continue CMC, research MPA dates and deadlines	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
PM	07/24/2025	Review and revise long form agreement; draft/ review individual settlement agreement; draft amended complaint, stipulation for leave to file amended complaint, proposed order re stipulation; draft email correspondence to defense counsel re status of settlement agreement, amended complaint, stipulation re amended complaint, individual settlement agreement.	3.50	$750.00	$2,625.00
GG	07/24/2025	Updated POS, finalized, filed and served joint stipulation to continue the CMC. Added case to list of stips to track.	0.60	$250.00	$150.00
CJ	07/24/2025	Evaluate status of cmc statement, endure sent for filing	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
PM	07/30/2025	Review and revise draft operative complaint; revise draft stip for leave to file amended complaint.	1.00	$750.00	$750.00
GG	08/04/2025	Reviewed ROA re status of upcoming CMC, reviewed Order re continued CMC, updated events email and circulated.	0.20	$250.00	$50.00

PM	08/07/2025	Review Def. revisions to draft stip for leave to file amended complaint; review emails re settlement agreement draft.	0.25	$750.00	$187.50
GG	08/13/2025	Reviewed notice re request to cont. cmc, downloaded, saved, and circulated order for calendaring.	0.20	$250.00	$50.00
GG	08/13/2025	Combined, finalized, filed, and served stipulation, proposed order, and POS re filing of FAC, saved to file, and circulated confirmation email.	0.50	$250.00	$125.00
PM	08/14/2025	Review long form and individual agreement drafts; email defense re the same; review upcoming dates in docket.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
GG	08/27/2025	Reviewed notification re Order to file FAC, downloaded, saved, prepared POS, prepared, finalized, filed, and served FAC, and circulated confirmation.	0.60	$250.00	$150.00
PM	09/02/2025	Review status of settlement agreement; review correspondences re the same.	0.25	$750.00	$187.50
GG	09/04/2025	Reviewed notice of filing, downloaded FAC, uploaded to LWDA portal, saved and circulated confirmation.	0.30	$250.00	$75.00
PM	09/15/2025	Review Def. revisions to release; advise NBB re the same; advise VR and strategize.	1.00	$750.00	$750.00
VR	09/18/2025	Draft: draft CMC statement; review court's orders and docket; review documents and complaint; correspondence to def	1.90	$750.00	$1,425.00
GG	09/18/2025	Prepared POS, finalized, filed, and served CMC statement in PAGA action, saved to file, and circulated confirmation.	0.60	$250.00	$150.00
GG	09/24/2025	Reviewed email re upcoming CMC and dismissal, reviewed case file, prepared draft dismissal for PAGA action with declaration, sent to VR for review.	1.10	$250.00	$275.00
VR	09/24/2025	Review and Revise: review and revise request for dismissal and declaration; review correspondence between parties; review settlement agreement; advise PM	1.20	$750.00	$900.00
GG	09/25/2025	Prepared POS, finalized, filed, and served dismissa, declaration and pos in PAGA action.	0.80	$250.00	$200.00
GG	09/25/2025	Called clerk re dismissal of action to inquire about vacating CMC.	0.20	$250.00	$50.00
GG	09/25/2025	Reviewed notification re filed dismissal, checked ROA re status of dismissal, downloaded docs, saved to file, and updated list.	0.30	$250.00	$75.00

GG	09/26/2025	Reviewed ROA and checked calendar re status of upcoming CMC, updated/scheduled remote appearance, and updated events email with hearing information.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
PM	10/03/2025	Prepare for and appear for CMC/OSC in PAGA Action.	1.00	$750.00	$750.00
GG	10/10/2025	Reviewed email from PM re contacting cal. Clerk to get new date for prelim approval. Searched case file for info, searched ROA, and contacted dept. clerk/left vm.	0.20	$250.00	$50.00
GG	10/10/2025	Took call from clerk re continuing motion, updated tasks list.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
GG	10/13/2025	Contacted clerk to reserve new motion for prelim. Approval date. Left vm.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
GG	10/13/2025	Reviewed notification re filed Dismissal, checked ROA re status of order, updated list.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
GG	10/14/2025	Reviewed notes re courts to follow up with, called dept. clerk, and left vm re motion for prelim approval.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
GG	10/14/2025	Took call from clerk re rescheduled motion for prelim approval, saved confirmation email and circulated for calendaring.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
KN	10/21/2025	Review draft Agreement and the Defendant's revisions; review emails; analysis of issues from staff; respond to staff questions.	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
KN	10/23/2025	Review revised draft agreement from PM; advise PM as to issues to correct	0.50	$950.00	$475.00
PM	10/23/2025	Review KN memo re settlement agreement revisions; review and revise long form settlement agreement.	2.50	$750.00	$1,875.00
VR	10/31/2025	Review and Revise: review and revise joint statement; finalize; review correspondence between parties; advise GG	0.70	$750.00	$525.00
GG	10/31/2025	Reviewed email re filing status report, prepared POS, finalized, filed, served, saved to file and circulated confirmation.	0.60	$250.00	$150.00
CJ	11/14/2025	Prepare for and appear at CMC	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
PM	11/18/2025	Review draft settlement agreement; review correspondences with defense and status of finalization of settlement agreement; review upcoming steps regarding preliminary approval and advise team re the same.	1.00	$750.00	$750.00
VR	01/19/2026	Review and Analyze: review def's ex parte;	1.10	$750.00	$825.00

		review correspondence between parties; review settlement agreement; review related case; advise PM			
AR	01/22/2026	Review and outlie file for status; draft summary in advance of ex parte hearing.	0.60	$550.00	$330.00
AR	01/22/2026	Prepare for and attend ex parte hearing; draft and circulate summary.	1.20	$550.00	$660.00
PM	02/09/2026	Review email correspondences and status of long form settlement agreement; advise team re the same.	0.25	$750.00	$187.50
PM	04/20/2026	Review and revise draft settlement agreement; review MOU.	1.00	$750.00	$750.00
PM	05/14/2026	Review and revise draft settlement agreement.	1.00	$750.00	$750.00
KN	06/03/2026	Review draft Agreement and revisions thereto; review release issues from PM; advise PM	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
KN	06/03/2026	Review draft Agreement; review revisions thereto; analysis of revisions; review questions from PM; advise PM as to each issue	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
PM	06/03/2026	Review and revise draft settlement agreement.	1.00	$750.00	$750.00
KN	06/04/2026	Review emails; review co-counsel declaration; prep work for settlement approval motion; email from AJ and analysis of Kullar issues	0.75	$950.00	$712.50
KN	06/04/2026	Review near final draft of agreement; memo to PM regarding issues and questions; review the docket and file; draft exhibits for settlement agreement; circulate to counsel	4.75	$950.00	$4,512.50
CJ	06/04/2026	Analyze case and claims, review MOU and mediation brief in preparation for drafting declaration	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
CJ	06/04/2026	Draft declaration in support of motion for preliminary approval	1.00	$550.00	$550.00
PM	06/09/2026	Review and revise individual settlement agreement; review and revise long form settlement agreement.	1.50	$750.00	$1,125.00
KN	06/10/2026	Review Def revisions to the Agreement and to the exhibits; revise and redline the exhibits; email with staff and Defendant	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
KN	06/10/2026	Draft declaration ISO motion; analysis of issues for Kullar and inserts for declaration; memo to Admin regarding declaration	2.75	$950.00	$2,612.50
KN	06/11/2026	Work on motion issues; memo to staff; prepare final Admin Decl; review and revise motion	2.50	$950.00	$2,375.00

PM	06/11/2026	Review and revise and finalize long form settlement agreement; review motion for preliminary approval.	1.50	$750.00	$1,125.00
NDB	06/11/2026	Review settlement agreements for conformity with MOU terms. Review and analyze court docket and case file. Discuss terms and settlement approval with Plaintiff. Follow up for signature.	0.90	$850.00	$765.00
KN	06/12/2026	Review and revise motion for preliminary approval; finalize motion; file and serve motion; serve LWDA	2.00	$950.00	$1,900.00
PM	06/15/2026	Review client correspondence re settlement agreement; draft correspondence; advise team re finalization of settlement agreement.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
PM	06/22/2026	Review status of individual agreement; review status of agreement being executed and advise team re the same.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
AR	06/22/2026	Multiple correspondence with PM regarding settlement; multiple correspondence with client regarding the same.	0.70	$550.00	$385.00
PM	06/24/2026	Correspond with defense counsel; review and revise and finalize individual settlement agreement.	0.75	$750.00	$562.50
VR	06/25/2026	Review and Analyze: review court's orders and docket; review prior CMC statement; review correspondence between parties; review related case; advise PM	0.40	$750.00	$300.00
CJ	06/25/2026	Analyze status of declaration and motion, review prior correspondence, advise KN	0.75	$550.00	$412.50
PM	07/02/2026	Review preliminary approval motion and client declaration; review and revise individual agreement; finalize fully executed settlement agreement.	0.75	$750.00	$562.50
GG	07/02/2026	Reviewed calendar and ROA re upcoming CMC, and updated events email with appearance information.	0.10	$250.00	$25.00
KN	07/06/2026	Review and revise declaration; prepare signed Agreement with exhibits; prepare proposed order; finalize and file documents; email Defendant; serve LWDA	2.30	$950.00	$2,185.00
CJ	07/08/2026	Evaluate status of individual settlement and correspond with Plaintiff	0.50	$550.00	$275.00
PM	07/09/2026	Review tentative ruling granting preliminary approval.	0.25	$750.00	$187.50
KN	07/10/2026	Court appearance - motion for preliminary	2.00	$950.00	$1,900.00

		approval; prepare for hearing; review tentative ruling			
KN	07/14/2026	Review signed order; memo to staff; memo to Admin with instructions and documents; update chart	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
KN	08/06/2026	Review Admin email; review spreadsheet and check calculations; respond to Admin	0.50	$950.00	$475.00
KN	08/17/2026	Review Admin email; review weekly report	0.20	$950.00	$190.00
KN	08/29/2026	Review Admin email; review weekly report	0.20	$950.00	$190.00
KN	09/08/2026	Review Admin email; review weekly report	0.20	$950.00	$190.00
PM	09/14/2026	Review preliminary approval order; finalize individual settlement agreement.	0.50	$750.00	$375.00
KN	09/28/2026	Review Admin email; review weekly report	0.20	$950.00	$190.00
KN	10/10/2026	Review Admin email; review weekly report	0.20	$950.00	$190.00
PM	10/26/2026	Review preliminary approval motion and order granting preliminary approval; review settlement agreement; draft final approval motion; review billing.	3.50	$750.00	$2,625.00
KN	10/28/2026	Review Admin email; review weekly report	0.20	$950.00	$190.00
KN	10/29/2026	Work on settlement issues; email with Admin; review status and report; finalize costs	0.60	$950.00	$570.00
KN	10/30/2026	Review and revise draft motion; revise and redline proposed order; memo to staff; email to Defendant; email to Admin; update approval chart	3.00	$950.00	$2,850.00
KN	11/03/2026	Review Def comments on draft motion; revise draft motion; email Defendant; update proposed order; review draft Admin declaration and respond to Admin with redlines.	1.75	$950.00	$1,662.50
PM	11/03/2026	Review revisions to final approval motion; draft declaration in support of final approval motion.	2.00	$750.00	$1,500.00
KN	11/05/2026	Review and revise declaration ISO motion; review emails; review final billing for accuracy	1.00	$950.00	$950.00
KN	11/05/2026	Review and revise motion for final approval; finalize motion documents; file and serve motion; serve LWDA	2.50	$950.00	$2,375.00
			Quantity Subtotal		**317.3**
			Services Subtotal		**$222,557.50**

Expenses

Type	Date	Notes	Quantity	Rate	Total
Expense	12/28/2023	PAGA Filing Fee	1.00	$75.00	$75.00
Expense	01/24/2024	Onelegal/Court Fees	1.00	$463.22	$463.22
Expense	03/19/2024	KNOX Filing and Messenger Service	1.00	$158.25	$158.25
Expense	03/20/2024	Onelegal/court fees	1.00	$15.39	$15.39
Expense	03/21/2024	Onelegal/court fees	1.00	$51.48	$51.48
Expense	05/29/2024	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$15.39	$15.39
Expense	05/30/2024	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$463.22	$463.22
Expense	06/14/2024	One Legal filing fee	1.00	$15.39	$15.39
Expense	08/27/2024	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$19.25	$19.25
Expense	08/28/2024	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$51.48	$51.48
Expense	08/29/2024	KNOX Filing and Messener Service	1.00	$153.05	$153.05
Expense	09/11/2024	One Legal Filing Fee: One Legal Filing Fee	1.00	$19.25	$19.25
Expense	09/12/2024	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$19.25	$19.25
Expense	10/31/2024	One Legal Filing Fee	1.00	$19.31	$19.31
Expense	11/05/2024	One Legal Filing Fee: One Legal Filing Fee	1.00	$43.06	$43.06
Expense	11/07/2024	One Legal Filing Fee: One Legal Filing Fee	1.00	$51.63	$51.63
Expense	11/07/2024	One Legal Filing Fee: One Legal Filing Fee	1.00	$51.63	$51.63
Expense	01/28/2025	Mediation Fees - Michael Dickstein	1.00	$17,250.00	$17,250.00
Expense	02/03/2025	FedEx	1.00	$65.55	$65.55
Expense	04/16/2025	Expert Fees - Berger Consulting Group	1.00	$11,385.00	$11,385.00
Expense	04/21/2025	One Legal Filing Fee: One Legal Filing Fee	1.00	$21.37	$21.37
Expense	04/21/2025	One Legal Filing Fee: One Legal Filing Fee	1.00	$17.50	$17.50
Expense	07/25/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$61.95	$61.95
Expense	08/13/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$45.32	$45.32
Expense	08/14/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$72.28	$72.28
Expense	08/26/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$45.32	$45.32
Expense	09/02/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$23.63	$23.63

Expense	09/18/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$23.63	$23.63
Expense	09/19/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$33.96	$33.96
Expense	09/25/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$23.63	$23.63
Expense	09/26/2025	One Legal/Court Fees	1.00	$61.95	$61.95
Expense	06/12/2026	One legal filing charge - motion fee	1.00	$87.86	$87.86
Expense	06/15/2026	One legal charge	1.00	$67.28	$67.28
Expense	07/06/2026	One Legal filing charge	1.00	$24.73	$24.73
Expense	07/08/2026	One legal charge	1.00	$93.15	$93.15
Expense	07/14/2026	Charge to download order from Court	1.00	$5.80	$5.80
Expense	11/05/2026	One legal filing charge - final approval motion	1.00	$87.86	$87.86
				Expenses Subtotal	**$31,183.02**

Time Keeper	Quantity	Rate	Total
AJ Bhowmik	47.0	$895.00	$42,065.00
Scott Blumenthal	15.8	$450.00	$7,110.00
Nicholas De Blouw	39.3	$850.00	$33,405.00
Ricardo Ehmann	15.9	$675.00	$10,732.50
Charlotte James	36.75	$550.00	$20,212.50
Piya Mukherjee	37.0	$750.00	$27,750.00
Kyle Nordrehaug	38.95	$950.00	$37,002.50
Victoria Rivapalacio	5.3	$750.00	$3,975.00
Andrew Ronan	66.6	$550.00	$36,630.00
Gerardo Galaviz	14.7	$250.00	$3,675.00
		Quantity Total	**317.3**
		Subtotal	**$253,740.52**
		Total	**$253,740.52**

Detailed Statement of Account

Current Invoice

Invoice Number	Due On	Amount Due	Payments Received	Balance Due
1	12/05/2026	$253,740.52	$0.00	$253,740.52
			Outstanding Balance	**$253,740.52**
			Total Amount Outstanding	**$253,740.52**

Please make all amounts payable to: Blumenthal Nordrehaug Bhowmik DeBlouw LLP

Please pay within 30 days.

EXHIBIT #4

LAFFEY MATRIX

History

Case Law

See the Matrix

Contact us

Home

			Years Out of Law School *				
Year	Adjustmt Factor**	Paralegal/ Law Clerk	1-3	4-7	8-10	11-19	20 +
6/01/24- 5/31/25	1.080182	$258	$473	$581	$839	$948	$1141
6/01/23- 5/31/24	1.059295	$239	$437	$538	$777	$878	$1057
6/01/22- 5/31/23	1.085091	$225	$413	$508	$733	$829	$997
6/01/21- 5/31/22	1.006053	$208	$381	$468	$676	$764	$919
6/01/20- 5/31/21	1.015894	$206	$378	$465	$672	$759	$914
6/01/19- 5/31/20	1.0049	$203	$372	$458	$661	$747	$899
6/01/18- 5/31/19	1.0350	$202	$371	$455	$658	$742	$894
6/01/17- 5/31/18	1.0463	$196	$359	$440	$636	$717	$864
6/01/16- 5/31/17	1.0369	$187	$343	$421	$608	$685	$826
6/01/15- 5/31/16	1.0089	$180	$331	$406	$586	$661	$796
6/01/14- 5/31/15	1.0235	$179	$328	$402	$581	$655	$789
6/01/13- 5/31/14	1.0244	$175	$320	$393	$567	$640	$771
6/01/12- 5/31/13	1.0258	$170	$312	$383	$554	$625	$753
6/01/11- 5/31/12	1.0352	$166	$305	$374	$540	$609	$734
6/01/10- 5/31/11	1.0337	$161	$294	$361	$522	$589	$709
6/01/09- 5/31/10	1.0220	$155	$285	$349	$505	$569	$686
6/01/08- 5/31/09	1.0399	$152	$279	$342	$494	$557	$671
6/01/07-5/31/08	1.0516	$146	$268	$329	$475	$536	$645
6/01/06-5/31/07	1.0256	$139	$255	$313	$452	$509	$614
6/1/05-5/31/06	1.0427	$136	$249	$305	$441	$497	$598
6/1/04-5/31/05	1.0455	$130	$239	$293	$423	$476	$574
6/1/03-6/1/04	1.0507	$124	$228	$280	$405	$456	$549
6/1/02-5/31/03	1.0727	$118	$217	$267	$385	$434	$522
6/1/01-5/31/02	1.0407	$110	$203	$249	$359	$404	$487
6/1/00-5/31/01	1.0529	$106	$195	$239	$345	$388	$468
6/1/99-5/31/00	1.0491	$101	$185	$227	$328	$369	$444
6/1/98-5/31/99	1.0439	$96	$176	$216	$312	$352	$424
6/1/97-5/31/98	1.0419	$92	$169	$207	$299	$337	$406
6/1/96-5/31/97	1.0396	$88	$162	$198	$287	$323	$389

6/1/95-5/31/96	1.032	$85	$155	$191	$276	$311	$375
6/1/94-5/31/95	1.0237	$82	$151	$185	$267	$301	$363

The methodology of calculation and benchmarking for this Updated Laffey Matrix has been approved in a number of cases. See, e.g.,DL v. District of Columbia, 267 F.Supp.3d 55, 69 (D.D.C. 2017)

* ï¿½Years Out of Law Schoolï¿½ is calculated from June 1 of each year, when most law students graduate. ï¿½1-3" includes an attorney in his 1st, 2nd and 3rd years of practice, measured from date of graduation (June 1). ï¿½4-7" applies to attorneys in their 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th years of practice. An attorney who graduated in May 1996 would be in tier ï¿½1-3" from June 1, 1996 until May 31, 1999, would move into tier ï¿½4-7" on June 1, 1999, and tier ï¿½8-10" on June 1, 2003.

** The Adjustment Factor refers to the nation-wide Legal Services Component of the Consumer Price Index produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.

EXHIBIT #5

BLUMENTHAL NORDREHAUG BHOWMIK DE BLOUW LLP
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Kyle R. Nordrehaug (SBN 205975)
Aparajit Bhowmik (SBN 248066)
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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

MARVIN BANEGAS, an individual, on behalf of himself, and on behalf of all persons similarly situated

Plaintiff,

vs.

CONTINENTAL MARITIME OF SAN DIEGO, LLC, a Limited Liability Company; HII SAN DIEGO SHIPYARD INC., a Corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 37-2024-00002946-CU-OE-CTL

DECLARATION OF MARVIN BENEGAS IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS SETTLEMENT

Hearing Date: July 10, 2026
Hearing Time: 10:30 AM

Judge: Hon. Loren G. Freestone
Dept: C-64

Date Filed: January 23, 2024
Trial Date: Not set

I, Marvin Banegas, declare as follows:

1. I am over the age of eighteen, a Plaintiff and a proposed Class Representative in the above-entitled matter. I submit this declaration in support of the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Settlement and in support of my application for a Class Representative Service Payment.

2. I have personal knowledge of all the facts stated herein. I could and would competently testify under oath to these facts in court if requested to do so.

3. During the class period I worked as a Rigger Tradesman, Rigger Leadman, and Rigger Foreman for the Defendants CONTINENTAL MARITIME OF SAN DIEGO, LLC, and HII SAN DIEGO SHIPYARD INC. ("Continental Maritime" or "Defendants") in California from 2017 to 2023, and during that time period I was classified by Defendants as a non-exempt employee.

4. I retained my attorneys who are experienced in both class action and PAGA representative action litigation and claims against employers for violations of the California Labor Code. I have no personal relationship or family ties to my attorneys or any officer of the Court. I am not aware of having any actual or potential conflicts of interest with another class member in this case nor am I aware of having any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Apex Class Action, LLC, the settlement administrator. I am not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by this settlement.

5. I decided to pursue this class action lawsuit and be a plaintiff/class representative because I felt that my legal rights as an employee and others like me were violated. For example, I often did not receive compliant meal and rest breaks which were late, interrupted or missed

entirely. I also did not receive all the meal and rest break premiums I was entitled to and when I did receive premium payments they were often an incorrect amount. Additionally, I was required to use my personal cellular phone for company business and incur mileage for company business without reimbursement by Defendants. I was also required to work off the clock at times, after hours for example, but I was not paid any wages for this time I worked for the company.

6. I spoke to my attorneys several times and discussed how Defendants implemented company policies and procedures. I also assisted my attorneys in their investigation into my claims by providing them documents and answering their questions. I reviewed the complaint before it was filed and after it was filed I was given access to an electronic file sharing program that alerted me via email when important documents were filed so that I could review them and keep up with the developments in the case which I understood was one of my duties as a class representative. I would also contact my attorneys from time to time if I had any questions about the case.

7. Even though this action is in the process of settling, I was and remain prepared to perform all the duties of a class representative. I understand that as a class representative I have assumed a fiduciary responsibility to prosecute this class action on behalf of the absent class members. I have understood that as a fiduciary, I have a duty to prosecute this action for the benefit of the class members and surrender any right to compromise the group action for an individual gain.

8. I understood that being a plaintiff/class representative in this case meant that I was seeking damages not only for myself but also other current and/or former non-exempt employees working for Defendants in California who make up the class. I felt that these individuals were not aware of their labor law rights and even if they were they would probably be apprehensive

about speaking up or even simply because of the time, effort and risk involved in filing a class action lawsuit.

9. I understood that being a part of this lawsuit involved risks. For example, my attorneys explained to me that if the case went to trial and we lost, I could be held responsible to pay for all or part of the attorney fees and costs paid by Defendants to defend this lawsuit. Also, I knew there was a risk that future employers, if they ever find out about this lawsuit, could hold it against me or downgrade me as a potential hire. As the only named Plaintiff in this case it would not be difficult for a future employer to become aware that I sued my employer for labor law violations. Ultimately, I decided these risks were worth it and decided to fight for my rights and the rights of others regardless of the risks, time and effort I spent on this case.

10. During the lawsuit I stayed in touch with my attorneys by phone and email. I also kept up to date on important developments by reviewing court filings that were made available to me electronically as I described above.

11. A mediation took place on April 7, 2025 with Michael Dickstein, a well-respected and experienced mediator of wage and hour class actions. After the mediation, the parties were able to reach an agreement to settle the action. I communicated with my attorneys regarding the terms of the settlement which was reached between the parties and understood that I was representing absent class members and therefore wanted the best possible result to be obtained for the class members and I believe a very positive result was in fact achieved via settlement. I reviewed and signed the Memorandum of Understanding on June 17, 2025, and when the final settlement papers were ready, I closely reviewed the Settlement Agreement which I signed on June 23, 2026.

12. I have been actively involved with this lawsuit performing the duties described above.

Although I did not keep time records, I was in regular contact with my attorneys, reviewed court filings, and spent a significant amount of time on the issues presented during the lawsuit and in the settlement process. I estimate that I spent approximately 40-50 hours working on this case up until this point. I believe I have been diligent and have done what is expected of a named plaintiff and a proposed class representative to date and will continue to do so. I have and always will maintain the best interests of the class members.

13. My attorneys explained to me that the settlement process involves a two-step review by the Court to determine whether the settlement is fair before approving the settlement. I know this process also involves notifying all class members of the settlement terms and of their rights to make a claim for their settlement share, to opt out of the settlement or to object to the settlement.

14. I believe I did the right thing by filing this case on behalf of the class members who, subject to court approval, are in line to receive monetary payments as a result of this case and settlement. This is money they may never have ever gotten if I did not pursue this action on their behalf. I feel significant personal satisfaction to know that I played a role in the class members being entitled to monetary payments as a result of the filing of this lawsuit. I also believe that the requested Class Representative Service Payment of $10,000 from the settlement is fair compensation for the work I performed and the risks I undertook.

15. In light of all the time and effort I have spent on this case, the risk I undertook by suing my employer, the exposure to being responsible for paying Defendant's costs in the event we did not win the case, the reputational risk that future employers may hold this lawsuit against me, and in light of the size of the settlement, I believe the request for $10,000 as a Class Representative service payment is fair and reasonable.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on 06/23/2026, at San Diego, California.
(city, state)

Marvin J. Banegas
Marvin J. Banegas (Jun 23, 2026 17:48:52 PDT)

Marvin Banegas