

CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Settlement Agreement,” “Settlement,” or “Agreement”) is made by and between Plaintiff Daniel Larios (“Plaintiff”) and Defendant Kavac Logistics LLC (“Defendant”). The Agreement refers to Plaintiff and Defendant as “Parties,” or individually as “Party.”

This Agreement is intended by the Parties to fully, finally, and forever resolve, discharge, and settle the “Released Class Claims” and “Released PAGA Claims” (as defined below) on a class and representative action basis pertaining to the “Released Parties” (as defined below) upon and subject to the terms and conditions contained herein. This Agreement, which is contingent upon final Court approval, contains the essential terms of the Parties’ agreement. The Class Representative and Class Counsel believe, and the Parties have agreed, that the settlement set forth in this Agreement confers substantial benefits upon the Class Members.

A. DEFINITIONS.

1. “Action” means the lawsuit alleging wage and hour violations against Defendant captioned *Larios v. Kavac Logistics LLC* initiated by Plaintiff on December 22, 2022, as amended, and pending in Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles (Case No. 22STCV39937).
2. “Administrator” means ILYM Group, Inc., the neutral entity the Parties have agreed to appoint to administer the Settlement.
3. “Administration Expenses Payment” means the amount the Administrator will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount to reimburse its reasonable fees and expenses in accordance with the Administrator’s “not to exceed” bid submitted to the Court in connection with Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.
4. “Aggrieved Employee” means all current and former hourly-paid or non-exempt employees of Defendant within the State of California at any time during the PAGA Period.
5. “Class” means all current and former hourly-paid or non-exempt employees of Defendant within the State of California at any time during the Class Period.
6. “Class Counsel” means Justice Law Corporation.
7. “Class Counsel Fees Payment” and “Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment” means the amounts allocated to Class Counsel for reimbursement of reasonable attorneys’ fees and expenses, respectively, incurred to prosecute the Action.
8. “Class Data” means Class Members’ identifying information in Defendant’s possession, including each Class Member’s: (a) full name; (b) last-known mailing address; (c) Social Security Number; and (d) number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods.

9. “Class Member” means a member of the Class, as either a Participating Class Member or Non-Participating Class Member (including a Non-Participating Class Member who qualifies as an Aggrieved Employee).
10. “Class Member Address Search” means the Administrator’s investigation and search for current Class Members’ mailing addresses using all reasonably available sources, methods, and means, including, but not limited to, the National Change of Address Database (“NCOA”), skip traces, and direct contact by the Administrator with Class Members.
11. “Class Notice” means the Court Approved Notice of Class Action Settlement and Hearing Date for Final Court Approval, to be mailed to Class Members in English and Spanish in the form, without material variation, attached as **Exhibit A** and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.
12. “Class Period” means the period from April 1, 2020, through January 25, 2024 or the date the number of workweeks increases ten percent (10%) above 15,900, whichever date is earlier.
13. “Class Representative” means the named plaintiff in the operative complaint in the Action seeking Court approval to serve as the Class Representative.
14. “Class Representative Service Payment” means the amount the Court authorizes to be paid to the Class Representative for initiating the Action and providing services in support of the Action, in addition to Plaintiff’s Individual Class Payment, in recognition of Plaintiff’s efforts and risks in assisting with the prosecution of the Action and in return for executing a general release with Defendant, as set forth herein.
15. “Court” means the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles.
16. “Defendant” means the named defendant Kavac Logistics LLC.
17. “Defense Counsel” means Ogletree, Deakins, Nash, Smoak & Stewart, P.C.
18. “Effective Date” means thirty (30) calendar days after both of the following have occurred: (a) the Court enters a Judgment on its Order Granting Final Approval of the Settlement; and (b) the Judgment is final. The Judgment is final as of the latest of the following occurrences: (i) if no Participating Class Member objects to the Settlement, the day the Court enters Judgment; (ii) if one or more Participating Class Members objects to the Settlement, the day after the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the Judgment; or (iii) if a timely appeal from the Judgment is filed, the day after the appellate court affirms the Judgment and issues a remittitur.
19. “Final Approval” means the Court’s order granting final approval of the Settlement following the Final Approval Hearing.

20. “Final Approval Hearing” means the Court’s hearing on the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement.
21. “Gross Settlement Amount” means \$159,000 which is the total amount Defendant agrees to pay under the Settlement. The Gross Settlement Amount will be used to pay Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, Class Representative Service Payment, and Administration Expenses Payment.
22. “Individual Class Payment” means the Participating Class Member’s pro rata share of the Net Settlement Amount calculated according to the number of Workweeks worked during the Class Period.
23. “Individual PAGA Payment” means the Aggrieved Employee’s pro rata share of twenty-five percent (25%) of the PAGA Penalties calculated according to the number of Pay Periods worked during the PAGA Period.
24. “Judgment” means the judgment entered by the Court based upon the Final Approval. The final Judgment shall constitute a judgment respecting the Parties within the meaning and for purposes of Code of Civil Procedure sections 577, 581(d), and 904.1(a) and on the PAGA claims for purposes of enforcing the rule announced in *Arias v. Superior Court* (2009) 46 Cal.4th 969.
25. “LWDA” means the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, the agency entitled, under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).
26. “LWDA PAGA Payment” means seventy-five percent (75%) of the PAGA Penalties paid to the LWDA under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).
27. “Net Settlement Amount” means the Gross Settlement Amount less the following payments in the amounts approved by the Court: (a) Individual PAGA Payments; (b) LWDA PAGA Payment; (c) Class Representative Service Payment; (d) Class Counsel Fees Payment; (e) Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment; and (f) Administration Expenses Payment. The Net Settlement Amount is the total amount that will be paid to Participating Class Members in the form of Individual Class Payments.
28. “Non-Participating Class Member” means any Class Member who opts out of the Settlement by sending the Administrator a valid and timely Request for Exclusion.
29. “Objection” refers to a written statement submitted timely by a Participating Class Member to the Administrator that contains: (a) name and case number of the Action (or reasonable portion thereof); (b) Participating Class Member’s full name, present address, email address or telephone number, last four digits of their Social Security Number for verification purposes, approximate dates of employment, and signature; (c) specific reason(s) for the Objection; and (d) all evidence and supporting papers (including, without limitation, all briefs, written evidence, and declarations) for the Court to consider.

30. “Objector” refers to a Participating Class Member who has submitted an Objection.
31. “PAGA” means the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (Labor Code section 2698, *et seq.*).
32. “PAGA Notice” means Plaintiff’s letter sent to the LWDA and Defendant on December 21, 2023 providing notice pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, subd. (a).
33. “PAGA Pay Period” means any Pay Period during which an Aggrieved Employee worked for Defendant for at least one (1) day during the PAGA Period.
34. “PAGA Period” means the period from June 28, 2022, through January 25, 2024 or the date the number of workweeks increases ten percent (10%) above 15,900, whichever date is earlier.
35. “PAGA Penalties” means the total amount of PAGA civil penalties to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, allocated seventy-five percent (75%) to the LWDA and the twenty-five percent (25%) to the Aggrieved Employees in settlement of PAGA claims.
36. “Participating Class Member” means a Class Member who does not submit a valid and timely Request for Exclusion from the Settlement.
37. “Plaintiff” means Daniel Larios, the named plaintiff in the Action.
38. “Preliminary Approval” means the Court’s Order Granting Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.
39. “Released Class Claims” means the claims being released as described in Section E(2) below.
40. “Released PAGA Claims” means the claims being released as described in Section E(3) below.
41. “Released Parties” means Defendant and its past and present directors, officers, shareholders, owners, members, managing agents, attorneys, insurers, assigns, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, successors, business partners, contracting partners, and clients.
42. “Request for Exclusion” means a Class Member’s submission of a timely, written opt-out request to be excluded from the Class Settlement signed by the Class Member.
43. “Response Deadline” means forty-five (45) calendar days after the Administrator mails Notice to Class Members and shall be the last date on which Class Members may: (a) fax, email, or mail Requests for Exclusion from the Settlement; or (b) fax, email, or mail his or her Objection to the Settlement. Class Members to whom Class Notices are resent after having been returned undeliverable to the Administrator shall have an additional fourteen

(14) calendar days beyond the date the Response Deadline has expired. The timeliness of submitted Request for Exclusion Forms will be determined by valid postmark.

- 44. “Settlement” means the disposition of the Action effected by this Settlement Agreement and the Judgment.
- 45. “Workweek” means any week during which a Class Member worked for Defendant for at least one (1) day during the Class Period.

B. RECITALS.

- 1. On December 22, 2022, Plaintiff filed a wage-and-hour class action lawsuit in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, alleging violations of: (a) Labor Code sections 510 and 1198 (unpaid overtime); (b) Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a) (unpaid meal period premiums); (c) Labor Code section 226.7 (unpaid rest period premiums); (d) Labor Code sections 1194 and 1197 (unpaid minimum wages); (e) Labor Code sections 201 and 202 (final wages not timely paid); (f) Labor Code section 226(a) (non-compliant wage statements); (g) Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802 (unreimbursed business expenses); (h) Labor Code section 229 (collection of unpaid wages); and (i) Business & Professions Code section 17200, *et seq.*
- 2. After engaging in discovery, investigations, and negotiation, the Parties remotely attended mediation with the mediator Lisa Klerman on December 4, 2023, ultimately resulting in the Parties reaching a tentative settlement via a mediator’s proposal.
- 3. In line with the settlement, on December 21, 2023, Plaintiff provided written notice to the LWDA and Defendant of the specific provisions of the Labor Code he contends were violated and the theories supporting his contentions.
- 4. On February 20, 2024, Plaintiff then filed a First Amended Complaint that adjusted the “Class” definition and added a cause of action for violation of Labor Code section 2698, *et seq.* (PAGA) (“Operative Complaint”).
- 5. Defendant denies: (a) all allegations in the Operative Complaint; (b) that it violated any laws; (c) that it is liable for damages, penalties, interest, restitution, attorneys’ fees or costs, or for any other compensation or remedy with respect to anyone on account of the claims asserted in the Action; and (d) that class certification, collective action certification, or representative treatment is appropriate as to any claim in the Action for purposes other than settlement. Defendant also contends its policies, procedures, and practices comply with all applicable laws asserted in the Action. Without admitting any liability or wrongdoing whatsoever and without admitting that class certification, collective action certification, or representative treatment is appropriate for any purpose other than for settlement purposes alone, Defendant has agreed to settle the Action on the terms set forth in this Agreement, to avoid the burden, expense, and uncertainty of litigation. Any statements by Defendant in this Agreement are made for settlement purposes only and shall under no circumstances be construed as an admission of fault or liability by Defendant.

6. The Parties conducted significant investigation and discovery of the facts and law both before and after the Action was filed. Defendant produced documents relating to its present financial condition and policies, practices, and procedures regarding reimbursement of business expenses, paying non-exempt employees for all hours worked, and meal and rest break as well as payroll, timekeeping, and operational policies. As part of Defendant's production, Plaintiff also reviewed time records, pay records, and information relating to the size and scope of the Class and Aggrieved Employees, as well as data permitting Plaintiff to understand the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods. Plaintiff also located and interviewed Class Members who worked for Defendant throughout the Class Period. Plaintiff's investigation was sufficient to satisfy the criteria for court approval set forth in *Dunk v. Ford Motor Co.* (1996) 48 Cal.App.4th 1794, 1801 and *Kullar v. Foot Locker Retail, Inc.* (2008) 168 Cal.App.4th 116, 129-130.
7. The Court has not granted class certification.
8. The Parties, Class Counsel, and Defense Counsel represent they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or affected by the Settlement Agreement.

C. MONETARY TERMS.

1. Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant promises to pay \$159,000 and no more as the Gross Settlement Amount and to separately pay any and all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portions of the Individual Class Payments to fully settle, resolve, and extinguish the claims in the Action. Defendant has no obligation to pay the Gross Settlement Amount (or any employer payroll taxes) prior to the deadline stated in Section D of this Settlement. The Administrator will disburse the entire Gross Settlement Amount without asking or requiring Participating Class Members or Aggrieved Employees to submit any claim as a condition of payment. None of the Gross Settlement Amount will revert to Defendant.
2. Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. The Administrator will make and deduct the following payments from the Gross Settlement Amount in the amounts specified by the Court in the Final Approval:
 - a. To Plaintiff: Class Representative Service Payment of no more than \$7,500 to Plaintiff (in addition to any Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment the Class Representative is entitled to receive as a Participating Class Member). Defendant will not oppose the request for the Class Representative Service Payment that does not exceed this amount. As part of the motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment, Plaintiff will seek Court approval for any Class Representative Service Payment no later than sixteen (16) court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves the Class Representative Service Payment less than the amount requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will pay the Class Representative Service Payment using IRS Form 1099. Plaintiff assumes full responsibility and liability for employee taxes owed on the Class Representative Service Payment.

- b. To Class Counsel: A Class Counsel Fees Payment of no more than \$53,000 (1/3 of the Gross Settlement Amount) and a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of no more than \$15,000. Defendant will not oppose requests for these payments provided that do not exceed these amounts. Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will file a motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment no later than sixteen (16) court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Counsel Fees Payment and/or a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment less than the amounts requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. The Released Parties shall have no liability to Class Counsel or any other Class Counsel arising from any claim to any portion any Class Counsel Fee Payment and/or Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment. The Administrator will pay the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Expenses Payment using one or more IRS 1099 Forms. Class Counsel assume full responsibility and liability for taxes owed on the Class Counsel Fees Payment and the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, hold Defendant harmless, and indemnify Defendant from any dispute or controversy regarding any division or sharing of any of these payments.
- c. To the Administrator: An Administration Expenses Payment not to exceed \$15,000 except for a showing of good cause and as approved by the Court. To the extent the Administration Expenses Payment is less or the Court approves payment less than \$15,000, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount.
- d. To Each Participating Class Member: An Individual Class Payment calculated by:
 - (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period; and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks during the Class Period.
 - i. Tax Allocation of Individual Class Payments. Twenty percent (20%) of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to the settlement of wage claims ("Wage Portion"). The Wage Portions are subject to tax withholding and will be reported on an IRS Form W-2. Eighty percent (80%) of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to the settlement of claims for interest and penalties ("Non-Wage Portion"). The Non-Wage Portions are not subject to wage withholdings and will be reported on an IRS Form 1099. These allocations represent the Parties' good faith allocation based on the claims asserted and potential damages related to wages, liquidated damages, interest, and penalties. No opinion regarding the tax consequences of this Settlement to any individual Participating Class Member is being given, or will be given, by Defendant, Defense Counsel, any other Released Party, or Class Counsel. Participating Class Members assume full responsibility and liability for any employee taxes owed on their Individual Class Payments.

- ii. Effect of Non-Participating Class Members on Calculation of Individual Class Payments. Non-Participating Class Members will not receive any Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will retain amounts equal to their Individual Class Payments in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members on a pro rata basis.
- e. To the LWDA and Aggrieved Employees: PAGA Penalties in the sum of \$10,000 to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, seventy-five percent (75%) of which (\$7,500) will be allocated to the LWDA as the LWDA PAGA Payment and twenty-five percent (25%) of which (\$2,500) will be allocated to the Aggrieved Employees as their Individual PAGA Payments.
 - i. The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by: (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' twenty-five percent (25%) share of PAGA Penalties (\$2,500) by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period; and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Pay Periods during the PAGA Period. Aggrieved Employees assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual PAGA Payment.
 - ii. If the Court approves PAGA Penalties of less than the amount requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. In addition, the Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments on an IRS Form 1099.

D. SETTLEMENT FUNDING AND PAYMENTS.

1. Class Workweeks and Aggrieved Employee Pay Periods. Based on a review of its records to date, Defendant estimates there are 717 Class Members who worked a total of 15,900 Workweeks during the Class Period, and approximately 140 Aggrieved Employees who worked a total of 5,500 PAGA Pay Periods.
2. Funding of Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant shall fund the Gross Settlement Amount by transmitting the funds to the Administrator no later than the Effective Date.
3. Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. Within fourteen (14) calendar days after Defendant fully funds the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will mail checks for all Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, LWDA PAGA Payment, Administration Expenses Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and Class Representative Service Payment. Disbursement of the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and Class Representative Service Payment shall not precede disbursement of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments.

- a. The Administrator will issue checks for the Individual Class Payments and/or Individual PAGA Payments and send them to the Class Members via first-class United States Postal Service (“USPS”) mail, postage prepaid. The face of each check shall state checks that are not cashed within one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the date of mailing will be voided. The Administrator will cancel all checks not cashed by the void date. The Administrator will send checks for Individual Settlement Payments to all Participating Class Members (including those for whom Class Notices were returned undelivered). The Administrator will send checks for Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees, including Non-Participating Class Members who qualify as Aggrieved Employees (including those for whom Class Notices were returned undelivered). The Administrator may send Participating Class Members a single check combining the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment. Before mailing any checks, the Administrator must update the recipients’ mailing addresses using the NCOA.
- b. The Administrator must conduct a Class Member Address Search for all other Class Members whose checks are returned undelivered without USPS forwarding address. Within seven (7) calendar days of receiving a returned check, the Administrator will remail checks to the USPS forwarding address provided or to an address ascertained through the Class Member Address Search. The Administrator need not take further steps to deliver checks to Class Members whose remailed checks are returned as undelivered. The Administrator shall promptly send a replacement check to any Class Member whose original check was lost or misplaced if requested by the Class Member prior to the void date.
- c. For any Class Member whose Individual Class Payment check or Individual PAGA Payment check is uncashed and cancelled after the void date, the Administrator shall transmit the funds represented by such checks to the California Controller’s Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the Class Member, thereby leaving no “unpaid residue” subject to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 384, subd. (b).
- d. The payment of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments shall not obligate Defendant to confer any additional benefits or make any additional payments to Class Members (such as 401(k) contributions or bonuses) beyond those specified in this Settlement.

E. RELEASES OF CLAIMS. Effective on the date when Defendant fully funds the entire Gross Settlement Amount and funds all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, Plaintiff, Class Members, Aggrieved Employees, and Class Counsel will release claims against all Released Parties as follows:

1. Plaintiff’s Release. In addition to the claims released under Sections E(2) and E(3) below, Plaintiff and his former and present spouses, representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns agree to a general release of any and all claims, transactions, primary rights, or occurrences against Released Parties – which includes, without limitation, any and all claims which relate in any way to Plaintiff’s employment

with Defendant, under State or Federal law, in tort, common law, statute, contract, or equity, whether or not pled in the Operative Complaint, including, but not limited to, any claims under the FLSA, Title VII, ADA, FEHA, ADEA, PAGA, Labor Code, or any Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order – now existing or arising in the future, based on any act, omission, event, occurrence, primary right, or nonoccurrence from the beginning of time to the date of execution hereof (“Plaintiff’s Release”). Plaintiff’s Release does not extend to any claims or actions to enforce this Agreement, or to any claims for vested benefits, unemployment benefits, disability benefits, social security benefits, workers’ compensation benefits that arose at any time, or based on occurrences outside the Class Period. Plaintiff acknowledges he may discover facts or law different from, or in addition to, the facts or law Plaintiff now knows or believes to be true. But Plaintiff agrees Plaintiff’s Release shall be and remain effective in all respects, notwithstanding such different or additional facts or Plaintiff’s discovery of them.

- a. Plaintiff’s Waiver of Rights Under Civil Code Section 1542. For purposes of Plaintiff’s Release, Plaintiff expressly waives and relinquishes the provisions, rights, and benefits, if any, of section 1542 of the Civil Code, which reads:

A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release and that, if known by him or her, would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or released party.

2. Release by Participating Class Members. All Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release the Released Parties from all claims, causes of actions, demands, debts, obligations, penalties, damages or liability of any nature whatsoever, known or unknown, based on or arising out of the facts, circumstances, or primary rights that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Operative Complaint (and any amendments thereto) that occurred during the Class Period and were ascertained during the Action. This release includes: (a) failure to pay overtime wages (including failure to properly calculate the regular rate of pay to those who worked overtime and earned incentive pay); (b) meal period violations (including failure to pay meal period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (c) failure to pay minimum wages; (d) rest period violations (including failure to pay rest period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (e) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements; (f) failure to pay all final wages; (g) failure to timely pay wages during employment; (h) failure to comply with wage reporting required by the Labor Code; (i) failure to reimburse business expenses and costs; (j) failure to properly pay sick leave; (k) waiting time penalties; (l) failure to maintain accurate records; and (m) Unfair Competition Law violations. Except as set forth in Section E(3) of this Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers’ compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

3. Release by Aggrieved Employees. All Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts, circumstances, or primary rights stated in the Operative Complaint (and any amendments thereto) and PAGA Notice that occurred during the PAGA Period and were ascertained during the Action. This release includes any and all claims for PAGA penalties involving: (a) failure to pay overtime wages (including failure to properly calculate the regular rate of pay to those who worked overtime and earned incentive pay); (b) meal period violations (including failure to pay meal period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (c) failure to pay minimum wages; (d) rest period violations (including failure to pay rest period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (e) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements; (f) failure to pay all final wages; (g) failure to timely pay wages during employment; (h) failure to comply with wage reporting required by the Labor Code; (i) failure to reimburse business expenses and costs; (j) failure to properly pay sick leave; (k) waiting time penalties; and (l) failure to maintain accurate records.

F. MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL. The Parties agree to jointly prepare and file a motion for preliminary approval (“Motion for Preliminary Approval”).

1. Defendant’s Declaration in Support of Preliminary Approval. Defendant will prepare and deliver to Class Counsel a signed declaration from Defendant and Defense Counsel disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with the Administrator. In their declarations, Defendant and Defense Counsel shall also aver that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by the Settlement. Due to the financial hardships Defendant has been experiencing in recent years, Defendant and Defense Counsel will also cooperate with Plaintiff and Class Counsel in submitting relevant information to the Court about Defendant’s present financial condition.
2. Plaintiff’s Responsibilities. Plaintiff will prepare all documents necessary for obtaining Preliminary Approval, including: (a) a draft of the notice and memorandum in support of the Motion for Preliminary Approval that includes an analysis of the Settlement under *Dunk/Kullar* and a request for approval of the PAGA Settlement under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (f)(2)); (b) a draft proposed of the Order Granting Preliminary Approval and Approval of PAGA Settlement; (c) a signed declaration from the Administrator attaching its “not to exceed” bid for administering the Settlement and attesting to its willingness to serve; competency; operative procedures for protecting the security of Class Data; amounts of insurance coverage for any data breach, defalcation of funds or other misfeasance; all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members; and the nature and extent of any financial relationship with Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendant, or Defense Counsel; (d) a signed declaration from Plaintiff confirming willingness and competency to serve and disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members and Administrator; (e) a signed declaration from Class Counsel attesting to their competency to represent the Class Members; their timely transmission to the LWDA of all necessary PAGA documents (initial notice of violations (Labor Code section 2699.3, subd. (a)), Operative Complaint (Labor Code section 2699,

subd. (l)(1)), this Agreement (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(2)); and Class Notice; and (f) all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflict of interest with the Class Members and Administrator. In their declarations, Plaintiff and Class Counsel shall also aver they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by the Settlement.

- a. The amounts of Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, Administration Expenses Payment, and Class Representative Service Payment shall be determined by the Court, and the Court's determination on these amounts shall be final and binding. The Court's approval or denial of any amount requested for these items are not material conditions of this Agreement and are to be considered separate and apart from the fairness, reasonableness, and adequacy of the Agreement. Any order or proceeding relating to an application for the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, Administration Expenses Payment, and Class Representative Service Payment shall not operate to terminate or cancel this Agreement.
 - b. If the Court declines to conditionally certify the Class or to Preliminarily Approve all material aspects of the Agreement with prejudice, the Agreement will be null and void, and the Parties will have no further obligations under the Agreement.
 - c. Defendant agrees it will not oppose Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of the Settlement Agreement so long as the motion is consistent with the terms of the Settlement Agreement.
3. Responsibilities of Counsel. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel are jointly responsible for: (a) expeditiously finalizing and filing the Motion for Preliminary Approval no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the full execution of this Agreement; (b) obtaining a prompt hearing date for the Motion for Preliminary Approval; and (c) appearing in Court to advocate in favor of the Motion for Preliminary Approval. Class Counsel is responsible for delivering the Court's Preliminary Approval to the Administrator.
4. Duty to Cooperate. If the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval or conditions Preliminary Approval on any material change to this Settlement, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone or email, and in good faith, to modify the Settlement and otherwise satisfy the Court's concerns.

G. SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION.

1. Selection of Administrator. The Parties have jointly selected ILYM Group, Inc. to serve as the Administrator and verified that, as a condition of appointment, the Administrator agrees to be bound by this Agreement and to perform, as a fiduciary, all duties specified in this Agreement in exchange for payment of Administration Expenses Payment. The Parties and their counsel represent they have no interest or relationship, financial or otherwise, with the Administrator other than a professional relationship arising out of prior experiences administering settlements.

2. Employer Identification Number. The Administrator shall have and use its own Employer Identification Number for purposes of calculating payroll tax withholdings and providing reports to state and federal tax authorities.
3. Qualified Settlement Fund. The Administrator shall establish a settlement fund that meets the requirements of a Qualified Settlement Fund under US Treasury Regulation section 468B-1.
4. Notice to Class Members.
 - a. Class Data. No later than twenty-one (21) calendar days after the Court grants Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, Defendant will deliver the Class Data to the Administrator in the form of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. The Class Data will not be shared with Plaintiff and Class Counsel unless expressly approved by Defendant and Defense Counsel or if a Class Member requests that their personal data be shared with Class Counsel. To protect Class Members' privacy rights, the Administrator must maintain the Class Data in confidence, use the Class Data only for purposes of this Settlement and for no other purpose, and restrict access to the Class Data to Administrator employees who need access to the Class Data to effect and perform under this Agreement. Defendant has a continuing duty to immediately notify Class Counsel if it discovers the Class Data omitted Class Members' identifying information and to provide corrected or updated Class Data as soon as reasonably feasible. Without any extension of the deadline by which Defendant must send the Class Data to the Administrator, the Parties and their counsel will expeditiously use their best efforts, in good faith, to reconstruct or otherwise resolve any issues related to missing or omitted Class Data.
 - b. No later than three (3) business days after receipt of the Class Data, the Administrator shall notify Class Counsel that the list has been received and state the number of Class Members, Aggrieved Employees, Workweeks, and PAGA Pay Periods in the Class Data.
 - c. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator shall update Class Member addresses using the NCOA. Using best efforts to perform as soon as possible and no later than fourteen (14) calendar days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will send to all Class Members identified in the Class Data the Class Notice substantially in the form attached to this Agreement as **Exhibit A** via first-class USPS mail. The first page of the Class Notice shall prominently estimate the dollar amounts of any Individual Class Payment and/or Individual PAGA Payment payable to the Class Member, and the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if applicable) used to calculate these amounts.
 - d. No later than three (3) business days after the Administrator's receipt of any Class Notice returned by the USPS as undelivered, the Administrator shall remail the Class Notice using any forwarding address provided by the USPS. If the USPS does not provide a forwarding address, the Administrator shall conduct a Class Member

Address Search and remail the Class Notice to the most current address obtained. The Administrator has no obligation to make further attempts to locate or send Class Notice to Class Members whose Class Notice is returned by the USPS a second time.

- e. The deadlines for Class Members' written objections, challenges to Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods, and Requests for Exclusion will be extended an additional fourteen (14) calendar days beyond the forty-five (45) calendar days otherwise provided in the Class Notice for all Class Members whose notice is remailed. The Administrator will inform the Class Member of the extended deadline with the remailed Class Notice.
- f. If the Administrator, Defendant, or Class Counsel is contacted by or otherwise discovers any persons who believe they should have been included in the Class Data and should have received Class Notice, the Parties will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone or email, and in good faith to agree on whether to include them as Class Members. If the Parties agree, such persons will be Class Members entitled to the same rights as other Class Members, and the Administrator will send, via email or overnight delivery, a Class Notice requiring them to exercise options under this Agreement no later than fourteen (14) calendar days after receipt of Class Notice or the deadline dates in the Class Notice, whichever is later.

5. Requests for Exclusion (Opt-Outs).

- a. Class Members who wish to exclude themselves (opt out of) the Class Settlement must send the Administrator by fax, email, or mail a signed written Request for Exclusion no later than forty-five (45) calendar days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 calendar days for Class Members whose Class Notices are remailed). A Request for Exclusion is a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative that reasonably communicates the Class Member's election to be excluded from the Settlement and includes the Class Member's: (i) full name; (ii) present address; (iii) email address or telephone number; (iv) approximate dates of employment; (v) last four digits of Social Security Number for verification purposes; and (vi) a simple statement electing to be excluded from the Settlement along with the name and case number of the Action (or reasonable portion thereof). To be valid, a Request for Exclusion must be timely faxed, emailed, or postmarked by the Response Deadline.
- b. The Administrator may not reject a Request for Exclusion as invalid because it fails to contain all the information specified in the Class Notice. The Administrator shall accept any Request for Exclusion as valid if the Administrator can reasonably ascertain the identity of the person as a Class Member and the Class Member's desire to be excluded. The Administrator's determination shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. If the Administrator has reason to question the authenticity of a Request for Exclusion, the Administrator may demand additional proof of the Class Member's identity. The Administrator's

determination of authenticity shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.

- c. Every Class Member who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion is deemed to be a Participating Class Member under this Agreement, entitled to all benefits, and bound by all terms and conditions of the Settlement, including the Participating Class Members' Releases under Section E(2) and Section E(3) of this Agreement, regardless of whether the Participating Class Member receives the Class Notice or objects to the Settlement.
 - d. Every Class Member who submits a valid and timely Request for Exclusion is a Non-Participating Class Member and shall not receive an Individual Class Payment or have the right to object to the class action components of the Settlement. Because future PAGA claims are subject to claim preclusion upon entry of the Judgment, Participating and Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release the claims identified in Section E(3) of this Agreement and are eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment.
6. Defendant's Right to Withdraw. If the number of valid Requests for Exclusion identified in the Administrator exceeds five percent (5%) of the total of all Class Members, Defendant may, but is not obligated, elect to withdraw from the Settlement. The Parties agree if Defendant withdraws, the Settlement shall be void ab initio, have no force or effect whatsoever and that neither Party will have any further obligation to perform under this Settlement provided Defendant will remain responsible for paying all settlement administration costs incurred to that point. Defendant must notify Class Counsel and the Court of its selection to withdraw no later than seven (7) calendar days after the Administrator sends the final Weekly Report. A late election will have no effect.
7. Challenges to Calculation of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods.
- a. Each Class Member shall have forty-five (45) calendar days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 calendar days for Class Members whose Class Notices are remailed) to challenge the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if any) allocated to the Class Member in the Class Notice. The Class Member may challenge the allocation by communicating with the Administrator via fax, email, or mail. The Administrator must encourage the challenging Class Member to submit supporting documentation. In the absence of any contrary documentation, the Administrator is entitled to presume that the Workweeks contained in the Class Notice are correct so long as they are consistent with the Class Data. The Administrator's determination of each Class Member's allocation of Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. The Administrator shall promptly provide copies of all challenges to the calculation of Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods to Defense Counsel and Class Counsel along with the Administrator's determination of the challenges.

8. Objections to Settlement.

- a. Only Participating Class Members may object to the class action components of the Settlement and/or this Settlement Agreement, including contesting the fairness of the Settlement Agreement, and/or amounts requested for the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and/or Class Representative Service Payment.
- b. Participating Class Members may send signed written objections to the Administrator by fax, email, or mail. The written objection must: (i) name and case number of the Action (or reasonable portion thereof); (ii) indicate what the Participating Class Member is objecting to; (iii) explain why the Participating Class Member is objecting; (iv) include any facts that support the Participating Class Member's objection; and (v) include the Participating Class Member's full name, present address, email address or telephone number, last four digits of their Social Security Number for verification purposes, approximate dates of employment, and signature.
- c. Alternatively, Participating Class Members may appear in Court (or hire an attorney to appear in Court) to present verbal objections at the Final Approval Hearing. A Participating Class Member who elects to send a written objection to the Administrator must do so no later than forty-five (45) calendar days after the Administrator's mailing of the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 calendar days for Class Members whose Class Notices are remailed).

9. Administrator Duties. The Administrator has a duty to perform or observe all tasks to be performed or observed by the Administrator contained in this Agreement or otherwise.

- a. Website, Email Address, and Toll-Free Number. The Administrator will establish and maintain and use a website to post information of interest to Class Members. This information includes the date, time, and location for the Final Approval Hearing and copies of the Settlement Agreement, Motion for Preliminary Approval, Preliminary Approval, Class Notice, Motion for Final Approval, Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and Class Representative Service Payment, Final Approval, and Judgment. The Administrator will also maintain and monitor an email address and a toll-free telephone number to receive Class Member calls, faxes, and emails.
- b. Requests for Exclusion (Opt-Outs) and Exclusion List. The Administrator will promptly review on a rolling basis Requests for Exclusion to ascertain their validity. Not later than five (5) calendar days after the expiration of the deadline for submitting Requests for Exclusion, the Administrator shall email a list to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel containing: (i) names and other identifying information of Class Members who have timely submitted valid Requests for Exclusion; (ii) names and other identifying information of Class Members who

have submitted invalid Requests for Exclusion; and (iii) copies of all Requests for Exclusion from Settlement submitted (whether valid or invalid) (“Exclusion List”).

- c. Weekly Reports. The Administrator must, on a weekly basis, provide written reports to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel that, among other things, tally the number of: (i) Class Notices mailed or remailed; (ii) Class Notices returned undelivered; (iii) Requests for Exclusion (whether valid or invalid) received; (iv) objections received; (v) challenges to Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods received and/or resolved; and (vi) checks mailed for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments (“Weekly Report”). The Weekly Reports must include the Administrator’s assessment of the validity of Requests for Exclusion and attach copies of all Requests for Exclusion and objections received.
- d. Workweek and/or Pay Period Challenges. The Administrator has the authority to address and make final decisions consistent with the terms of this Agreement on all Class Member challenges over the calculation of Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods. The Administrator’s decision shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.
- e. Administrator’s Declaration. No later than sixteen (16) court days before the date by which Plaintiff is required to file the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement, the Administrator will provide to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its due diligence and compliance with all of its obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to: (i) mailing of Class Notice; (ii) Class Notices returned as undelivered; (iii) remailing of Class Notices; (iv) attempts to locate Class Members; (v) total number of Requests for Exclusion it received (both valid or invalid) and Exclusion List; and (vi) number of written objections it received. The Administrator will supplement its declaration as needed or requested by the Parties and/or the Court. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator’s declaration(s) in Court.
- f. Final Report by Administrator. Within ten (10) calendar days after the Administrator disburses all funds in the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defense Counsel with a final report detailing its disbursements by employee identification number only of all payments made under this Agreement. At least fifteen (15) calendar days before any deadline set by the Court, the Administrator will prepare, and submit to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its disbursement of all payments required under this Agreement. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator’s declaration in Court.

H. MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL. No later than sixteen (16) court days before the calendared Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff will file in Court a motion for final approval of the Settlement that includes a request for approval of the PAGA settlement under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l), a Proposed Final Approval Order, and a proposed Judgment.

1. Response to Objections. Each Party retains the right to respond to any objection raised by a Participating Class Member, including the right to file responsive documents in Court no later than five (5) calendar court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing, or as otherwise ordered or accepted by the Court.
2. Duty to Cooperate. If the Court does not grant Final Approval or conditions Final Approval on any material change to the Settlement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), the Parties will expeditiously work together in good faith to address the Court's concerns by revising the Agreement as necessary to obtain Final Approval. The Court's decision to award less than the amounts requested for the Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and/or Administration Expenses Payment shall not constitute a material modification to the Settlement within the meaning of this section. If the Court does not grant Final Approval of the Agreement, or if the Court's Final Approval is reversed or materially modified on appellate review, then the Parties will make a good faith effort to revise the terms of the Agreement. If that process fails, the settlement will be null and void. In such event, the Parties reserve their rights with respect to the prosecution and defense of the Action. Any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement will be submitted to the mediator for resolution. The Parties will split the costs of the mediator for any such time incurred by the mediator in reaching such resolution and the Parties will bear their own attorneys' fees and other costs incurred.
3. Continuing Jurisdiction of the Court. The Parties agree after entry of Judgment, the Court will retain jurisdiction over the Parties, Action, and Settlement solely for purposes of: (a) enforcing this Agreement and/or Judgment; (b) addressing settlement administration matters; and (c) addressing such post-Judgment matters as are permitted by law.
4. Waiver of Right to Appeal. Provided the Judgment is consistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Parties, their counsel, and all Participating Class Members who did not object to the Settlement as provided in this Settlement, waive all rights to appeal from the Judgment, including all rights to post-judgment and appellate proceedings, the right to file motions to vacate judgment, motions for new trial, extraordinary writs, and appeals. The waiver of appeal does not include any waiver of the right to oppose such motions, writs, or appeals. If an objector appeals the Judgment, the Parties' obligations to perform under this Settlement will be suspended until such time as the appeal is finally resolved and the Judgment becomes final, except as to matters that do not affect the amount of the Net Settlement Amount.
5. Appellate Court Orders to Vacate, Reverse, or Materially Modify Judgment. If the reviewing Court vacates, reverses, or modifies the Judgment in a manner that requires a material modification of this Agreement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), this Agreement shall be null and void. The Parties shall expeditiously work together in good faith to address the appellate court's concerns and to obtain Final Approval and entry of Judgment, sharing any additional settlement administration costs reasonably incurred after remittitur on a 50-50 basis. An appellate decision to vacate, reverse, or modify the Court's award of the Class Representative

Service Payment or any payments to Class Counsel shall not constitute a material modification of the Judgment within the meaning of this section if the Gross Settlement Amount remains unchanged.

I. AMENDED JUDGMENT. If any amended judgment is required under Code of Civil Procedure section 384, the Parties will work together in good faith to jointly submit and a proposed amended judgment.

J. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.

1. No Admission of Liability, Class Certification, or Representative Manageability for Other Purposes. This Agreement represents a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or should be construed as an admission by Defendant that any of the allegations in the Operative Complaint have merit or that Defendant has any liability for any claims asserted. Moreover, nothing in this Agreement should it be intended or construed as an admission by Plaintiff that Defendant's defenses in the Action have merit. The Parties agree class certification and representative treatment is for purposes of this Agreement only. If the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval, Final Approval, or enter Judgment, Defendant reserves the right to contest certification of any class for any reasons, Defendant reserves all available defenses to the claims in the Action, and Plaintiff reserves the right to move for class certification on any grounds available and to contest Defendant's defenses. This Agreement and Parties' willingness to settle will have no bearing on, and will not be admissible in connection with, any litigation (except for proceedings to enforce or effectuate this Agreement).
2. Confidentiality Prior to Preliminary Approval. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendant, and Defense Counsel separately agree, until the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Settlement is filed, they and each of them will not disclose, disseminate and/or publicize, or cause or permit another person to disclose, disseminate or publicize, any of the terms of the Agreement directly or indirectly, specifically or generally, to any person, corporation, association, government agency, or other entity except: (a) to the Parties' attorneys, accountants, or spouses, all of whom will be instructed to keep this Agreement confidential; (b) to counsel in a related matter; (c) to the extent necessary to report income to appropriate taxing authorities; (d) in response to a court order or subpoena; or (e) in response to an inquiry or subpoena issued by a state or federal government agency. Each Party agrees to immediately notify each other Party of any judicial or agency order, inquiry, or subpoena seeking such information. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendant, and Defense Counsel separately agree not to, directly or indirectly, initiate any conversation or other communication, before the filing of the Motion for Preliminary Approval, with a third party regarding this Agreement or the matters giving rise to this Agreement except to respond only that "the matter was resolved," or words to that effect. This section does not restrict Class Counsel's communications with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.

3. No Solicitation. The Parties separately agree that they and their counsel and employees will not solicit any Class Member to opt out of or object to the Settlement, or appeal from the Judgment. Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict Class Counsel's ability to communicate with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.
4. No Publicity. Plaintiff and Class Counsel will not contact the media about the settlement or respond to any inquiries by the media regarding the Settlement, other than to state that the matter was amicably settled, and the Court did not find Defendants liable. Plaintiff and Class Counsel also will not post any information about the settlement on social media or their firms' websites.
5. Integrated Agreement. Upon execution by all Parties and their counsel, this Agreement together with its attached exhibit shall constitute the entire agreement between the Parties relating to the Agreement, superseding any and all oral representations, warranties, covenants, or inducements made to or by any Party.
6. Attorney Authorization. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel separately warrant and represent they are authorized by Plaintiff and Defendant to take all appropriate action required or permitted to be taken by such Parties pursuant to this Agreement to effectuate its terms, and to execute any other documents reasonably required to effectuate the terms of this Agreement, including any amendments to this Agreement.
7. Cooperation. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts, in good faith, to implement the Settlement Agreement by, among other things, modifying the Settlement Agreement, submitting supplemental evidence, and supplementing points and authorities as requested by the Court. If the Parties are unable to agree upon the form or content of any document necessary to implement the Settlement Agreement, or on any modification of the Settlement Agreement that may become necessary to implement the Settlement Agreement, the Parties will seek the assistance of the mediator and/or the Court for resolution.
8. No Prior Assignments. The Parties separately represent and warrant they have not directly or indirectly assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity and portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or right released and discharged by the Party in this Settlement.
9. No Tax Advice. Neither Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendant, nor Defense Counsel are providing any advice regarding taxes or taxability, nor shall anything in this Settlement be relied upon as such within the meaning of United States Treasury Department Circular 230 (31 CFR Part 10, as amended) or otherwise.
10. Modification of Agreement. This Agreement, and all parts of it, may be amended, modified, changed, or waived only by an express written instrument signed by all Parties or their representatives, and approved by the Court.

11. Agreement Binding on Successors. This Agreement will be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors of each of the Parties.
12. Applicable Law. All terms and conditions of this Agreement and its exhibit will be governed by and interpreted according to the internal laws of the State of California, without regard to conflict of law principles.
13. Cooperation in Drafting. The Parties have cooperated in the drafting and preparation of this Agreement. This Agreement will not be construed against any Party on the basis the Party was the drafter or participated in the drafting.
14. Confidentiality. To the extent permitted by law, all agreements made, and orders entered into during the Action and in this Agreement relating to the confidentiality of information, shall survive the execution of this Agreement.
15. Use and Return of Class Data. Information provided to Class Counsel pursuant to Evidence Code section 1152, and all copies and summaries of the Class Data provided to Class Counsel by Defendant in connection with the mediation, other settlement negotiations, or in connection with the Settlement, may be used only with respect to this Settlement, and no other purpose, and may not be used in any way that violates any existing contractual agreement, statute, or rule of court. No later than ninety (90) calendar days after the date when the Court discharges the Administrator's obligation to provide a declaration confirming the final pay out of all Settlement funds, Plaintiff shall destroy all paper and electronic versions of Class Data received from Defendant unless, prior to the Court's discharge of the Administrator's obligation, Defendant makes a written request to Class Counsel for the return, rather than the destructions, of Class Data.
16. Headings. The descriptive heading of any section of this Agreement is inserted for convenience of reference only and does not constitute a part of this Agreement.
17. Calendar Days. Unless otherwise noted, all reference to "days" in this Agreement shall be to calendar days. If any date or deadline set forth in this Agreement falls on a weekend or federal legal holiday, such date or deadline shall be on the first business day thereafter.
18. Notice. All notices, demands, or other communications between the Parties in connection with this Agreement will be in writing and deemed to have been duly given as of the third business day after mailing by U.S. mail, or the day sent by email or messenger, addressed as follows:

To Plaintiff: Douglas Han
Shunt Tatavos-Gharajeh
Justice Law Corporation
751 North Fair Oaks Ave., Suite 101
Pasadena, California 91103
(Tel) (818) 230-7502
(Fax) (818) 230-7259

dhan@JusticeLawCorp.com
statavos@JusticeLawCorp.com

To Defendant:

Tim L. Johnson
Nikolas T. Djordjevski
Yousaf M. Jafri
Keenan O'Connor
Ogletree, Deakins, Nash, Smoak & Stewart, P.C.
4660 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 900
San Diego, CA 92122
(Tel) (858) 652-3100
(Fax) (858) 652-3101
Tim.Johnson@ogletreedeakins.com
Nikolas.Djordjevski@ogletree.com
Yousaf.Jafri@ogletreedeakins.com
Keenan.OConnor@ogletreedeakins.com

19. Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts by facsimile, electronically (*e.g.*, DocuSign), or email which for purposes of this Agreement shall be accepted as an original. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument if counsel for the Parties will exchange between themselves signed counterparts. Any executed counterpart will be admissible in evidence to prove the existence and contents of this Agreement.
20. Stay of Litigation. The Parties agree upon the execution of this Agreement the litigation shall be stayed, except to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. The Parties further agree that upon the signing of this Agreement that pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 583.330 to extend the date to bring a case to trial under Code of Civil Procedure section 583.310 for the entire period of this settlement process.

Dated: 06/17/2024

Daniel Larios

By: 

Dated: 6/17/24

Justice Law Corporation [Approving as to Form Only]

By: 
Douglas Han, Esq.
Shunt Tatavos-Gharajeh, Esq.
Attorneys for Plaintiff

Dated: _____

Kavac Logistics LLC

By: _____
On behalf of Kavac Logistics LLC

Dated: _____

Ogletree, Deakins, Nash, Smoak & Stewart, P.C. [Approving as to Form Only]

By: _____
Tim L. Johnson, Esq.
Nikolas T. Djordjevski, Esq.
Yousaf M. Jafri, Esq.
Keenan O'Connor, Esq.
Attorneys for Defendant

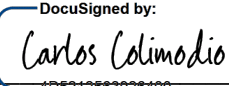
Dated: _____ **Daniel Larios**

By: _____

Dated: _____ **Justice Law Corporation [Approving as to Form Only]**

By: _____
Douglas Han, Esq.
Shunt Tatavos-Gharajeh, Esq.
Attorneys for Plaintiff

Dated: 28-Jun-2024 **Kavac Logistics LLC**

DocuSigned by:

By: _____
On behalf of Kavac Logistics LLC

Dated: June 28, 2024 **Ogletree, Deakins, Nash, Smoak & Stewart, P.C. [Approving as to Form Only]**


By: _____
Tim L. Johnson, Esq.
Nikolas T. Djordjevski, Esq.
Yousaf M. Jafri, Esq.
Keenan O'Connor, Esq.
Attorneys for Defendant

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL

Larios v. Kavac Logistics LLC (Case No. 22STCV39937)

The Superior Court for the State of California authorized this Class Notice. Read it carefully! It's not junk mail, spam, an advertisement, or solicitation by a lawyer. You are not being sued.

You may be eligible to receive money from an employee class action lawsuit (“Action”) against Defendant Kavac Logistics LLC (“Defendant”) for alleged wage and hour violations. The Action was filed by Plaintiff Daniel Larios (“Plaintiff”), a former employee of Defendant. The Action seeks payment of:

- (1) Unpaid wages for a current and former hourly-paid or non-exempt employees of Defendant within the State of California at any time during the period from April 1, 2020, through [REDACTED] (“Class,” “Class Members,” “Class Period”); and
- (2) Penalties under the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (“PAGA”) for all current and former hourly-paid or non-exempt employees of Defendant within the State of California at any time during the period from June 28, 2022, through [REDACTED] (“Aggrieved Employees” and “PAGA Period”).

The settlement has two main parts: (1) Class Settlement requiring Defendant to fund Individual Class Payments; and (2) PAGA Settlement requiring Defendant to fund Individual PAGA Payments.

Based on Defendant’s records, and the Parties’ current assumptions, your Individual Class Payment is estimated to be \$ [REDACTED] (less withholding) and your Individual PAGA Payment is estimated to be \$ [REDACTED]. The actual amount you may receive likely will be different and will depend on several factors. (If no amount is stated for your Individual PAGA Payment, then according to Defendant’s records, you are not eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment under the settlement because you didn’t work during the PAGA Period.)

The above estimates are based on Defendant’s records showing you worked [REDACTED] Workweeks during the Class Period and worked [REDACTED] Pay Periods during the PAGA Period. If you believe you worked more Workweeks or Pay Periods during either period, you can submit a challenge by the deadline date. See Section 4 of this Class Notice.

The Court has already preliminarily approved the settlement and approved this Class Notice. The Court has not yet decided whether to grant final approval. Your legal rights are affected whether you act or not act. Read this Class Notice carefully. You will be deemed to have carefully read and understood it. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will decide whether to finally approve the settlement and how much of the settlement will be paid to Plaintiff and Plaintiff’s attorneys (“Class Counsel”). The Court will also decide whether to enter a judgment that requires Defendant to make payments under the settlement and requires Class Members and Aggrieved Employees to give up their rights to assert certain claims against Defendant.

If you worked for Defendant during the Class Period and/or PAGA Period, you have two (2) basic options under the settlement:

1. **Do Nothing.** You don't have to do anything to participate in the settlement and be eligible for an Individual Class Payment and/or Individual PAGA Payment. As a Participating Class Member, though, you will give up your right to assert Class Period wage claims and PAGA Period penalty claims against Defendant.
2. **Opt Out of the Class Settlement.** You can exclude yourself from the Class Settlement (opt out) by submitting the written Request for Exclusion or otherwise notifying the Administrator in writing. If you opt out of the settlement, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment but will preserve your right to personally pursue Class Period wage claims against Defendant. But if you are an Aggrieved Employee, you remain eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. You cannot opt out of the PAGA portion of the settlement.

Defendant won't retaliate against you for any actions you take with respect to the settlement.

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT

You Don't Have to Do Anything to Participate in the Settlement	If you do nothing, you will be a Participating Class Member, eligible for an Individual Class Payment and Individual PAGA Payment (if any). In exchange, you will give up your right to assert the wage claims against Defendant covered by this settlement (Released Claims).
You Can Opt Out of the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement The Opt Out Deadline is	If you don't want to fully participate in the settlement, you can opt out of the Class Settlement by sending the Administrator a written Request for Exclusion. Once excluded, you will be a Non-Participating Class Member and no longer eligible for an Individual Class Payment. Non-Participating Class Members cannot object to any portion of the settlement. See Section 6 of this Class Notice. You cannot opt out of the PAGA portion of the settlement. Defendant must pay Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees and the Aggrieved Employees must give up their rights to pursue Released Claims (defined below).
Participating Class Members Can Object to the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement Written Objections Must be Submitted by	All Class Members who do not opt out ("Participating Class Members") can object to any aspect of the settlement. The Court's decision whether to finally approve the settlement will include a determination of how much will be paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff who pursued the Action on behalf of the Class. You are not personally responsible for any payments to Class Counsel or Plaintiff, but every dollar paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff reduces the overall amount paid to Participating Class Members. You can object to the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff if you think they are unreasonable. See Section 7 of this Class Notice.
You Can Participate in the Final Approval Hearing	The Court's Final Approval Hearing is scheduled to take place on . You don't have to attend but you do have the right to appear (or hire an attorney to appear on your behalf at your own cost), in person, by telephone, or by using the Court's virtual appearance platform. Participating Class Members can verbally

	object to the Settlement at the Final Approval Hearing. See Section 8 of this Class Notice.
You Can Challenge the Calculation of Your Workweeks / Pay Periods Written Challenges Must be Submitted by 	The amount of your Individual Class Payment and PAGA Payment (if any) depend on how many Workweeks you worked at least one (1) day during the Class Period and how many Pay Periods you worked at least one (1) day during the PAGA Period, respectively. The number of Workweeks and number of PAGA Pay Periods you worked according to Defendant's records is stated on the first page of this Class Notice. See Section 4 of this Class Notice.

1. WHAT IS THE ACTION ABOUT?

Plaintiff is a former employee of Defendant. The Action accuses Defendant of violating California labor laws by failing to: (1) pay overtime wages; (2) provide meal period premiums; (3) provide rest period premiums; (4) pay minimum wages; (5) timely pay final wages; (6) provide compliant wage statements; (7) reimburse business expenses; and (8) comply with the requirements of Business & Professions Code section 17200. Based on the same claims, Plaintiff has also asserted a claim for civil penalties under Labor Code section 2698. (PAGA). Plaintiff is represented by attorneys Douglas Han and Shunt Tatavos-Gharajeh of Justice Law Corporation.

Defendant strongly denies violating any laws or failing to pay any wages and contends it complied with all applicable laws.

2. WHAT DOES IT MEAN THAT THE ACTION HAS SETTLED?

The Court has made no determination whether Plaintiff or Defendant is correct on the merits. In the meantime, the Parties hired an experienced, neutral mediator to resolve the Action by negotiating an end to the case by agreement (settle the case) rather than continuing the expensive and time-consuming process of litigation. The negotiations were successful following a full day of mediation. By signing the Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement," "Settlement," or "Agreement") and agreeing to jointly ask the Court to enter a judgment ending the Action and enforcing the Settlement Agreement, the Parties have negotiated a settlement that is subject to the Court's Final Approval. Both sides agree the settlement is a compromise of disputed claims. By agreeing to settle, Defendant does not admit any violations or concede the merit of any claims.

Plaintiff and Class Counsel strongly believe the Settlement is a good deal for you because they believe: (1) Defendant agreed to pay a fair, reasonable, and adequate amount considering the strength of the claims and risks and uncertainties of continued litigation; and (2) Settlement is in the best interests of the Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. The Court preliminarily approved the Settlement as fair, reasonable, and adequate, authorized this Class Notice, and scheduled a hearing to determine Final Approval.

3. WHAT ARE THE IMPORTANT TERMS OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT?

1. Defendant Will Pay \$159,000 as the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant agreed to deposit the Gross Settlement Amount into an account controlled by the Administrator of the Settlement. The Administrator will use the Gross Settlement Amount to pay the Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, Administration Expenses Payment, and penalties to be paid to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA").
 - a. Assuming the Court grants Final Approval, Defendant shall fund the Gross Settlement Amount by transmitting the funds to the Administrator no later than the Effective Date.
 - b. "Effective Date" means thirty (30) calendar days after both of the following have occurred: (i) the Court enters a Judgment on its Order Granting Final Approval of the Settlement; and (ii) the Judgment is final. The Judgment is final as of the latest of the following occurrences: (1) if no Participating Class Member objects to the Settlement, the day the Court enters Judgment; (2) if one or more Participating Class Members objects to the Settlement, the day after the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the Judgment; or (3) if a timely appeal from the Judgment is filed, the day after the appellate court affirms the Judgment and issues a remittitur.
2. Court Approved Deductions from Gross Settlement Amount. At the Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve the following deductions from the Gross Settlement Amount, the amounts of which will be decided by the Court at the Final Approval Hearing:
 - a. Up to \$53,000 (1/3 of the Gross Settlement Amount) to Class Counsel as their Class Counsel Fees Payment and up to \$15,000 as their Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment. To date, Class Counsel have worked and incurred expenses on the Action without payment.
 - b. Up to \$7,500 to Plaintiff as his Class Representative Service Payment for filing the Action, working with Class Counsel, and effectively representing the Class. The Class Representative Service Payment will be the only monies Plaintiff will receive other than Plaintiff's Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment.
 - c. Up to \$15,000 to the Administrator as the Administration Expenses Payment for services administering the Settlement.
 - d. Up to \$10,000 for PAGA Penalties, seventy-five percent (75%) of which (\$7,500) will be paid to the LWDA as the LWDA PAGA Payment and twenty-five percent (25%) of which (\$2,500) will be paid to the Aggrieved Employees as their Individual PAGA Payments based on their PAGA Pay Periods.

3. Right to Object. Participating Class Members have the right to object to any of these deductions. The Court will consider all objections.
4. Net Settlement Amount Distributed to Class Members. After making the above deductions in amounts approved by the Court, the Administrator will distribute the rest of the Gross Settlement Amount (“Net Settlement Amount”) by making Individual Class Payments to Participating Class Members based on their Workweeks.
5. Taxes Owed on Payments to Class Members. The Parties are asking the Court to approve an allocation of twenty percent (20%) of each Individual Class Payment to taxable wages (“Wage Portion”) and eighty percent (80%) to interest and penalties (“Non-Wage Portion”). The Wage Portion is subject to withholdings and will be reported on IRS W-2 Forms. Defendant will separately pay employer payroll taxes it owes on the Wage Portion. The Individual PAGA Payments are counted as penalties rather than wages for tax purposes. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments and the Non-Wage Portions of the Individual Class Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.
 - a. While the Parties agreed to these allocations, neither side is giving you any advice on whether your payments are taxable or how much you might owe in taxes. You are responsible for paying all taxes (including penalties and interest on back taxes) on any payments received from the Settlement. You should consult a tax advisor if you have any questions about the tax consequences of the settlement.
6. Need to Promptly Cash Payment Checks. The face of each check shall state checks that are not cashed within one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the date of mailing will be voided. The Administrator will cancel all checks not cashed by the void date. For any Class Member whose Individual Class Payment check or Individual PAGA Payment check is uncashed and cancelled after the void date, the Administrator shall transmit the funds represented by such checks to the California Controller’s Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the Class Member. If the monies represented by your check is sent to the California Controller’s Unclaimed Property Fund, you should consult the rules of the Fund for instructions on how to retrieve your money.
7. Requests for Exclusion from the Class Settlement (Opt-Outs). You will be treated as a Participating Class Member, participating fully in the Class Settlement, unless you notify the Administrator in writing that you wish to opt out. The easiest way to notify the Administrator is to send a written and signed Request for Exclusion by [REDACTED]. The Request for Exclusion should be a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative setting forth a Class Member’s: (a) full name; (b) present address; (c) email address or telephone number; (d) approximate dates of employment; (e) last four digits of Social Security Number for verification purposes; and (f) a simple statement electing to be excluded from the Settlement along with the name and case number of the Action (or reasonable portion thereof). Non-Participating Class Members will not receive Individual Class Payments but will preserve their rights to personally pursue wage and hour claims against Defendant.

- a. You cannot opt out of the PAGA portion of the Settlement. In other words, Non-Participating Class Members remain eligible for Individual PAGA Payments and are required to give up their right to assert PAGA claims against Defendant based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action.
8. The Proposed Settlement Will be Void if the Court Denies Final Approval. It is possible the Court will decline to grant Final Approval of the Settlement or decline enter a Judgment. It is also possible the Court will enter a Judgment that is reversed on appeal. The Parties agreed, in either case, the Settlement will be void: (a) Defendant will not pay any money; and (b) Class Members will not release any claims against Defendant.
9. Administrator. The Court has appointed a neutral company ILYM Group, Inc. (“Administrator”) to send this Class Notice, calculate and make payments, and process Class Members’ Requests for Exclusion. The Administrator will also decide Class Member challenges over Workweeks, mail and remail settlement checks and tax forms, and perform other tasks necessary to administer the Settlement. The Administrator’s contact information is contained in Section 9 of this Class Notice.
10. Participating Class Members’ Release. After the Judgment is final and Defendant has fully funded the Gross Settlement Amount and separately paid all employer payroll taxes, Participating Class Members will be legally barred from asserting any of the claims released under the Settlement Agreement. This means unless you opted out by validly excluding yourself from the Class Settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Defendant or its related entities for wages based on the Class Period facts and PAGA penalties based on PAGA Period facts, as alleged in the Action and resolved by the Settlement Agreement. The Participating Class Members will be bound by the following release:
 - a. All Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release the Released Parties from all claims, causes of actions, demands, debts, obligations, penalties, damages or liability of any nature whatsoever, known or unknown, based on or arising out of the facts, circumstances, or primary rights that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Operative Complaint (and any amendments thereto) that occurred during the Class Period and were ascertained during the Action. This release includes: (i) failure to pay overtime wages (including failure to properly calculate the regular rate of pay to those who worked overtime and earned incentive pay); (ii) meal period violations (including failure to pay meal period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (iii) failure to pay minimum wages; (iv) rest period violations (including failure to pay rest period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (v) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements; (vi) failure to pay all final wages; (vii) failure to timely pay wages during employment; (viii) failure to comply with wage reporting required by the Labor Code; (ix) failure to reimburse business expenses and costs; (x) failure to properly pay sick leave; (xi) waiting time penalties; (xii) failure to maintain accurate records; and (xiii) Unfair Competition

Law violations. Except as set forth in Section E(3) of the Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

11. Aggrieved Employees' PAGA Release. After the Judgment is final and Defendant has fully funded the Gross Settlement Amount and separately paid all employer payroll taxes, all Aggrieved Employees will be barred from asserting PAGA claims against Defendant, whether or not they exclude themselves from the Settlement. This means that all Aggrieved Employees, including those who are Participating Class Members and those who are Non-Participating Class Members, cannot sue, continue to sue, or participate in any other PAGA claim against Defendant or its related entities based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action and resolved by the Settlement Agreement. The Aggrieved Employees will be bound by the following release:

- a. All Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts, circumstances, or primary rights stated in the Operative Complaint (and any amendments thereto) and PAGA Notice that occurred during the PAGA Period and were ascertained during the Action. This release includes any and all claims for PAGA penalties involving: (i) failure to pay overtime wages (including failure to properly calculate the regular rate of pay to those who worked overtime and earned incentive pay); (ii) meal period violations (including failure to pay meal period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (iii) failure to pay minimum wages; (iv) rest period violations (including failure to pay rest period premiums at the regular rate of pay); (v) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements; (vi) failure to pay all final wages; (vii) failure to timely pay wages during employment; (viii) failure to comply with wage reporting required by the Labor Code; (ix) failure to reimburse business expenses and costs; (x) failure to properly pay sick leave; (xi) waiting time penalties; and (xii) failure to maintain accurate records.

4. HOW WILL THE ADMINISTRATOR CALCULATE MY PAYMENT?

1. Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual Class Payments by: (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period; and (b) multiplying the result by the number of Workweeks worked by each individual Participating Class Member during the Class Period.
2. Individual PAGA Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual PAGA Payments by: (a) dividing \$2,500 by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period; and (b) multiplying the result by the number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by each individual Aggrieved Employee during the PAGA Period.

3. Workweek/Pay Period Challenges. The number of Workweeks you worked during the Class Period and the number of Pay Periods you worked during the PAGA Period, as recorded in Defendant's records, are stated on the first page of this Class Notice. You have until [REDACTED] to challenge the number of Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods credited to you. You can submit your challenge by signing and sending a letter to the Administrator via mail, email, or fax. Section 9 of this Class Notice has the Administrator's contact information.
 - a. You need to support your challenge by sending copies of pay stubs or other records. The Administrator will accept Defendant's calculation of Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods based on Defendant's records as accurate unless you send copies of records containing contrary information. You should send copies rather than originals because the documents will not be returned to you. The Administrator will resolve Workweek and/or PAGA Pay Period challenges based on your submission and on input from Class Counsel (who will advocate on behalf of Participating Class Members) and Defense Counsel. The Administrator's decision is final. You cannot appeal or otherwise challenge its final decision.

5. HOW WILL I GET PAID?

1. Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, via first-class United States Postal Service ("USPS") mail, postage prepaid, a single check to every Participating Class Member, including those who also qualify as Aggrieved Employees. The single check will combine the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment.
2. Non-Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, via first-class USPS mail, postage prepaid, a single Individual PAGA Payment check to every Aggrieved Employee who is a Non-Participating Class Member.
3. **Your check will be sent to the same address as this Class Notice. If you change your address, be sure to notify the Administrator as soon as possible. Section 9 of this Class Notice has the Administrator's contact information.**

6. HOW DO I OPT OUT OF THE CLASS SETTLEMENT?

Submit a written and signed letter with your full name, present address, email address or telephone number, approximate dates of employment, last four digits of Social Security Number for verification purposes, and a simple statement that you do not want to participate in the Settlement. The Administrator will exclude you based on any writing communicating your request be excluded. Be sure to personally sign your request, identify the Action as *Larios v. Kavac Logistics LLC* (Case No. 22STCV39937), and include your identifying information (full name, present address, email address or telephone number, approximate dates of employment, and last four digits of Social Security Number for verification purposes). You must make the request yourself. If someone else makes the request for you, it will not be valid. The Administrator must be sent your request to be excluded by [REDACTED], or it will be invalid. Section 9 of the Class Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

7. HOW DO I OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT?

Only Participating Class Members have the right to object to the Settlement. Before deciding whether to object, you may wish to see what the Parties are asking the Court to approve. At least sixteen (16) court days before the [REDACTED] Final Approval Hearing, Class Counsel and/or Plaintiff will file in Court: (1) a Motion for Final Approval that includes, among other things, the reasons why the Settlement is fair; and (2) a Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and Class Representative Service Payment stating: (a) the amount Class Counsel is requesting as the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Litigation Expenses; and (b) the amount Plaintiff is requesting as the Class Representative Service Payment. Upon reasonable request, Class Counsel (whose contact information is in Section 9 of this Class Notice) will send you copies of these documents at no cost to you. You can also view these documents on the Administrator's website [REDACTED] or the Court's website <http://www.lacourt.org/casesummary/ui/index.aspx>.

A Participating Class Member who disagrees with any aspect of the Agreement, the Motion for Final Approval and/or Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and Class Representative Service Payment may wish to object. The deadline for sending written objections to the Administrator is [REDACTED]. Be sure to tell the Administrator what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. Make sure you identify the Action as *Larios v. Kavac Logistics LLC* (Case No. 22STCV39937) and include your full name, present address, email address or telephone number, last four digits of their Social Security Number for verification purposes, approximate dates of employment, and signature. Section 9 of this Class Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

Alternatively, a Participating Class Member can object (or personally retain a lawyer to object at your own cost) by attending the Final Approval Hearing. You (or your attorney) should be ready to tell the Court what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. See Section 8 of this Class Notice for specifics regarding the Final Approval Hearing.

8. CAN I ATTEND THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING?

You can, but don't have to, attend the Final Approval Hearing on [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] in Department 14 of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, located at 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California 90012. At the Final Approval Hearing, the judge will decide whether to grant Final Approval of the Settlement and how much of the Gross Settlement Amount will be paid to Class Counsel, Plaintiff, and Administrator. The Court will invite comments from objectors, Class Counsel, and Defense Counsel before deciding. You can attend (or hire a lawyer to attend) either personally or virtually via LACourtConnect (<https://www.lacourt.org/lacc/>). Check the Court's website for the most current information.

It's possible the Court will reschedule the Final Approval Hearing. You should check the Administrator's website [REDACTED] beforehand or contact Class Counsel to verify the date and time of the Final Approval Hearing.

9. HOW CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION?

The Settlement Agreement sets forth everything the Parties have promised to do under the Settlement Agreement. The easiest way to read the Settlement Agreement, Judgment, or any other Settlement documents is to go to Administrator's website at [REDACTED]. You can also telephone or send an email to Class Counsel or the Administrator using the contact information listed below or consult the Court's website by going to <http://www.lacourt.org/casesummary/ui/index.aspx> and entering Case No. 22STCV39937. You can also make an appointment to personally review court documents in the Clerk's Office at the Stanley Mosk Courthouse by calling (213) 830-0800.

DO NOT TELEPHONE THE COURT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT.

Class Counsel: Douglas Han
Shunt Tatavos-Gharajeh
Justice Law Corporation
751 North Fair Oaks Ave., Suite 101
Pasadena, California 91103
(Tel) (818) 230-7502
(Fax) (818) 230-7259
dhan@JusticeLawCorp.com
statavos@JusticeLawCorp.com

Administrator: [ADMINISTRATOR]
[MAILING ADDRESS]
[TELEPHONE NUMBER]
[FAX NUMBER]
[EMAIL]

10. WHAT IF I LOSE MY SETTLEMENT CHECK?

If you lose or misplace your settlement check before cashing it, the Administrator will replace it if you request a replacement before the void date on the face of the original check. If your check is already void, you should consult the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund at https://www.sco.ca.gov/upd_msg.html for instructions on how to retrieve the funds.

11. WHAT IF I CHANGE MY ADDRESS?

To receive your check, you should immediately notify the Administrator if you move or otherwise change your mailing address.

**PROOF OF SERVICE
1013A(3) CCP**

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 751 N. Fair Oaks Avenue, Suite 101, Pasadena, CA 91103 and my electronic service address is mluna@justicelawcorp.com

On July 29, 2024, I served the foregoing document described as

CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

for the following case: **Larios v. Kavac Logistics LLC**
LWDA/Court Case No.: **LWDA Case No.: CM- 1001072-23**
Court Case No.: 22STCV39937
Los Angeles County Superior Court

on interested parties in this action by electronically submitting as follows:

State of California
Labor & Workforce Development Agency
800 Capitol Mall, MIC-55
Sacramento, California 95814

[X] BY ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION

Pursuant to California Senate Bill No. 836, I caused the documents described above to be electronically submitted by and through the procedure stated on the website of the State of California Labor and Workforce Development Agency.

[X] STATE

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on July 29, 2024, at Pasadena, California.



Madison Luna