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Attorneys for Plaintiff

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF ORANGE

EILEEN HARRIS, individually, and on behalf
of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

D&D GEAR INCORPORATED DBA
ABSOLUTE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., a
California corporation; and DOES 1 through 10,
inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 30-2021-01222330-CU-OE-CXC

**CLASS AND REPRESENTATIVE
ACTION**

[Assigned for all purposes to: Hon. William
Claster, Dept. CX-101]

**DECLARATION OF BENJAMIN H.
HABER IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S
MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL OF
CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT**

FINAL APPROVAL HEARING

Date: April 18, 2025
Time: 9:00 a.m.
Dept.: CX101

Complaint filed: September 20, 2021
FAC filed: June 24, 2024
Trial date: Not set

I, Benjamin H. Haber, declare as follows:

1. I am admitted, in good standing, to practice as an attorney in the State of California, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, and the United States District Courts for the Central, Southern, Eastern, and Northern Districts of California. I am a Partner at Wilshire Law Firm, PLC, counsel of record for Plaintiff Eileen Harris (“Plaintiff”). I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this declaration and could and would competently testify to them under oath if called as a witness. This Declaration is submitted in support of Plaintiff’s Motion for Final Approval of Class Action Settlement (the “Motion”).

CASE BACKGROUND

2. This is a wage and hour class and Private Attorneys General Act (“PAGA”) representative action. Plaintiff and the putative class members worked in California as hourly-paid or non-exempt employees for Defendant D & D Gear Incorporated dba Absolute Technologies, Inc. (“Defendant,” and together with Plaintiff, the “Parties”) during the class period. Defendant runs and operates a machine shop out of Anaheim, California and provides its services to an array of sectors, including the aerospace, transportation, and medical industries.

3. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant's payroll, timekeeping, and wage and hour practices resulted in Labor Code violations. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant failed to pay for all hours worked. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendant failed to provide employees with legally compliant meal and rest periods and Defendant failed to reimburse business expenses. Based on these allegations, Plaintiff asserts related claims for failure to provide accurate wage statements, failure to pay all final wages at termination, unfair business practices, and civil penalties under the PAGA.

4. On September 20, 2021, Plaintiff filed a putative wage and hour class action complaint against Defendant for: (1) failure to pay minimum and straight time wages (Labor Code §§ 204, 1194, 1194.2, and 1197); (2) failure to pay overtime wages (Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1198); (3) failure to provide meal periods (Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512); (4) failure to

1 authorize and permit rest periods (Labor Code §§226.7 and 512); (5) failure to timely pay final
2 wages at termination (Labor Code §§ 201-203); (6) failure to provide accurate itemized wage
3 statements (Labor Code § 226); (7) failure to indemnify employees for expenditures (Labor
4 Code § 2802); and (8) unfair business practices (Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et*
5 *seq.*). On January 12, 2024, Plaintiff sent notice to Defendant and the California Labor &
6 Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”) alleging wage and hour violations pursuant to the
7 PAGA. On June 24, 2024, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint against Defendant adding
8 a cause of action for civil penalties under PAGA.

9 DISCOVERY, INVESTIGATION, AND SETTLEMENT

10 5. Following the filing of the initial complaint, the Parties engaged in both formal and
11 informal discovery, including the exchange of documents and information relevant to Plaintiff’s
12 claims and the depositions of Plaintiff and a Person Most Knowledgeable for Defendant.
13 Defendant produced an approximate 25% sample of time and pay records for the class members.
14 Defendant also provided documents of its wage and hour policies and practices during the class
15 period and information regarding the total number of current and former employees in its informal
16 discovery responses.

17 6. After reviewing documents regarding Defendant’s wage and hour policies and
18 practices and analyzing Defendant’s timekeeping and payroll records, Class Counsel was able to
19 evaluate the probability of class certification, success on the merits, and Defendant’s maximum
20 monetary exposure for all claims. Class Counsel also investigated the applicable law regarding
21 the claims and defenses asserted in the litigation. Class Counsel reviewed these records and
22 prepared a damage analysis prior to mediation. This extensive investigation and discovery allowed
23 Class Counsel to act intelligently and effectively in negotiating the Settlement.

24 SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS

25 7. The Parties participated in multiple mediation sessions with experienced class
26 action and employment mediator, Hon. Amy D. Hogue (Ret.) on December 13, 2022, April 4,
27 2023, and December 28, 2023. The mediation sessions were conducted via Zoom. The settlement
28 negotiations were at arm’s length and, although conducted in a professional manner, were

1 adversarial. The Parties went into the mediation willing to explore the potential for a settlement
2 of the dispute, but each side was also prepared to litigate their position through trial and appeal if
3 a settlement had not been reached. After extensive negotiations and discussions regarding the
4 strengths and weaknesses of Plaintiff's claims and Defendant's defenses, the Parties reached a
5 settlement, the material terms of which are encompassed within the Settlement Agreement.
6 Attached as **Exhibit 1** is a true and correct copy of the Class Action and PAGA Settlement
7 Agreement and Class Notice (the "Settlement Agreement").

8 8. Class Counsel has conducted a thorough investigation into the facts of this case.
9 Based on the foregoing discovery and their own independent investigation and evaluation, Class
10 Counsel is of the opinion that the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate and is in the best
11 interests of the Settlement Class Members in light of all known facts and circumstances, the risk
12 of significant delay, the defenses that could be asserted by Defendants both to certification and on
13 the merits, trial risk, and appellate risk.

14 9. On August 27, 2024, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class
15 Action Settlement ("MPA"). On October 4, 2024, the Court continued Plaintiff's MPA to
16 November 22, 2024 and asked the Parties to respond to several points. In response, the Parties met
17 and conferred and agreed to incorporate all of the Court's requested changes. The Parties executed
18 an Addendum to Class Action and PAGA Settlement and Plaintiff filed a Supplemental
19 Memorandum In Support of Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement
20 ("Supplemental Memorandum") in response. Attached as **Exhibit 2** is a true and correct copy of
21 the Addendum to Class Action and PAGA Settlement ("Addendum to Settlement"). Following the
22 execution of the Addendum to Settlement and the filing of the Supplemental Memorandum, the
23 Court granted Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement on
24 November 22, 2024. The deadline for class members to opt out or object to the Settlement was
25 March 24, 2025. The reaction of the Class to the settlement has been overwhelmingly positive.
26 Indeed, as of the filing of this Motion, no Class Member has opted out of the settlement and no
27 Class Member has objected to the settlement.

28 ///

1 10. The settlement obviates the significant risk that the Court may deny certification of
2 all or some of Plaintiff's claims. While Plaintiff is confident in the merits of her claims, a
3 legitimate controversy exists as to each cause of action. Plaintiff also recognize that proving the
4 amount of wages due to each class member would be an expensive, time-consuming, and uncertain
5 proposition. Furthermore, even if Plaintiff obtained certification of all or some of his claims,
6 continued litigation would be expensive, involving a trial and possible appeals, and would
7 substantially delay and reduce any recovery by the class.

8 11. The proposed Settlement Agreement was provided to the LWDA in advance of
9 Plaintiff's filing of the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement.

10 ENHANCEMENT AWARD FOR PLAINTIFF IS REASONABLE

11 12. Class Counsel represent that Plaintiff devoted a great deal of time and work assisting
12 counsel in the case, communicated with counsel very frequently for litigation and to prepare for
13 mediation, and was frequently in contact with Class Counsel during the mediation. Plaintiff's
14 requested enhancement awards are reasonable particularly in light of the substantial benefits
15 Plaintiff generated for all class members.

16 13. Throughout this litigation, Plaintiff, who is a former employee of Defendant, has
17 cooperated immensely with my office and has taken many actions to protect the interests of the
18 class. Plaintiff provided valuable information regarding the off-the-clock, meal period, and rest
19 period claims. Plaintiff also informed my office of developments and information relevant to this
20 action, participated in decisions concerning this action, and made herself available to answer
21 questions during the mediation. Before we filed this case, Plaintiff provided my office with
22 documents regarding the claims alleged in this action. The information and documentation
23 provided by Plaintiff was instrumental in establishing the wage and hour violations alleged in this
24 action, and the recovery provided for in the Settlement Agreement would have been impossible to
25 obtain without Plaintiff's participation.

26 14. At the same time, Plaintiff faced many risks in adding herself as the class
27 representative in this matter. Plaintiff faced actual risks with his future employment, as putting
28 herself on public record in an employment lawsuit could also very well affect her likelihood for

future employment. Furthermore, as part of this settlement, Plaintiff is executing general releases of all claims against Defendant.

15. In turn, class members will now have the opportunity to participate in a settlement, reimbursing them for alleged wage violations they may have never known about on their own or been willing to pursue on their own. If these class members would have each tried to pursue their legal remedies on their own, that would have resulted in each having to expend a significant amount of their own monetary resources and time, which were obviated by Plaintiff putting herself on the line on behalf of these other class members.

16. In the final analysis, this class action would not have been possible without the aid of Plaintiff, who put her own time and effort into this litigation, sacrificed the value of her own individual claims, and placed herself at risk for the sake of the class members. The requested enhancement award for Plaintiff for her service as the class representative and for her general release of all individual claims is a relatively small amount of money when the time and effort put into the litigation are considered and in comparison to enhancements granted in other class actions. The requested incentive awards are therefore reasonable to compensate Plaintiff for her active participation in this lawsuit.

THE REQUEST FOR ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS IS REASONABLE

17. The settlement provides for attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel in an amount up to 33 and 1/3% of the Gross Settlement Amount, for a maximum fees award of \$291,666.67, plus reasonable litigation expenses of up to \$30,000.00.

18. The total current lodestar for Wilshire Law Firm, PLC is not less than the following:

Person	Role	Hours	Rate	Lodestar
Benjamin H. Haber	Partner	133.9	\$775	\$103,772.50
Arrash T. Fattahi	Junior Partner	99.9	\$700	\$69,930.00
Bradford Smith	Settlement Attorney	18.8	\$575	\$10,810.00
Rebecca Padilla	Paralegal	30.9	\$175	\$5,407.50

Justin F. Marquez	Senior Partner	21 ¹	\$1,500	\$31,500.00
Total:				\$221,420.00

19. Wilshire Law Firm, PLC has spent approximately 304.5 hours, for a lodestar of \$221,420.00 litigating this action to bring it to resolution, not including time which will be expended monitoring the administration of the settlement and distribution of funds to the Class Members. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 3** are Plaintiff's counsel's contemporaneous billing records showing the time expended by Plaintiff's counsel on this action. The efforts expended by Plaintiff's counsel to achieve this result include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. the investigation of the matter, including meeting with Plaintiff, reviewing Defendant's policies, and requesting and reviewing Plaintiff's time and pay records, personnel files, and exploring the corporate structure of Defendant;
- b. filing the action;
- c. attending hearings and meeting and conferring with Defendant regarding the case;
- d. meeting and conferring with Defendant regarding mediation, exchange of informal and formal discovery beforehand, and negotiating with opposing counsel regarding the parameters thereof;
- e. Drafting formal discovery, reviewing Defendant's responses to said discovery; and meeting and conferring regarding the discovery;
- f. Preparing and drafting responses Defendant's formal discovery and engaging in meet and confer efforts regarding the responses;
- g. Preparing for and taking a deposition of Defendant's Person Most Knowledgeable;
- h. Preparing for and defending Plaintiff's deposition;

¹ As described below, Justin F. Marquez is no longer with Wilshire Law Firm, PLC as of December 2024 and therefore is not able to provide my firm with his timesheets. I have conservatively estimated at least 21 hours of work (which I can personally corroborate) by Mr. Marquez on this matter, which includes, but is not limited to, attendance at all mediations and reviewing/editing of mediation materials before each mediation. However, I believe that the actual hours that Mr. Marquez expended on this case is significantly more than 21 hours.

- i. selecting a mediator and mediation date;
- j. working with opposing counsel and an expert consultant for the receipt of a representative sampling and analyzing the same with the aid of expert consultant and Plaintiff to perform analyses of liability and exposure prior to attendance of the mediations in this matter;
- k. reviewing policy documents from Defendant and researching applicable defenses;
- l. preparation multiple mediation briefs and damages model for use at mediations on December 13, 2022, April 4, 2023, and December 28, 2023;
- m. attendance at mediation by all Parties and Counsel;
- n. drafting a Motion to Quash Subpoena related to private records associated with Plaintiff;
- o. communicating with Plaintiff who requested updates or other information regarding this matter;
- p. engaging in extensive settlement negotiations, followed by finalizing and fully executing the Settlement Agreement;
- q. negotiating and fully executing the Addendum to the Settlement Agreement;
- r. preparing the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement and supporting documents.
- s. preparing the supplemental briefing in support of the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement;
- t. communicating with the Settlement Administrator to ensure the Class Notice was properly distributed and engaging in extensive follow-up communications with the Settlement Administrator regarding class members who sought additional information about the Settlement; and
- u. preparing the instant Motion and supporting documents.

20. There are additional hours devoted by me (and by my colleagues) to this litigation that are not reflected in Class Counsel's request for attorneys' fees.

21. We can provide additional billing records in the event the Court requests them but would request the opportunity to redact attorney-client privileged information and any other privileged information.

22. I am informed and believe that the fee and costs provision is reasonable. The fee percentage requested is less than that charged by my office for most employment cases. My office invested significant time and resources into the case, with payment deferred to the end of the case, and then, of course, contingent on the outcome.

23. It is further estimated that my office will need to expend at least another 20 to 25 hours to monitor the process leading up to payments made to the class. My office also bears the risk of taking whatever actions are necessary if Defendant fails to pay.

24. The risk to my office has been very significant, particularly if we would not be successful in pursuing this class action. In that case, we would have been left with no compensation for all the time taken in litigating this case. The contingent risk in these types of cases is very real and they do occur regularly. Furthermore, we were precluded from focusing on, or taking on, other cases which could have resulted in a larger, and less risky, monetary gain.

25. Because most individuals cannot afford to pay for representation in litigation on an hourly basis, Wilshire Law Firm, PLC represents virtually all of its employment law clients on a contingency fee basis. Pursuant to this arrangement, we are not compensated for our time unless we prevail at trial or successfully settle our clients' cases. Because Wilshire Law Firm, PLC is taking the risk that we will not be reimbursed for our time unless our client settles or wins his or her case, we cannot afford to represent an individual employee on a contingency basis if, at the end of our representation, all we are to receive is our regular hourly rate for services. It is essential that we recover more than our regular hourly rate when we win if we are to remain in practice so as to be able to continue representing other individuals in civil rights employment disputes.

26. As of the drafting of this Motion, my office has incurred around \$28,266.72 in expenses litigating this action, and we anticipate accruing additional costs up to Final Approval of the Settlement. These expenses were reasonably necessary to the litigation and were actually incurred by my office. We also anticipate additional costs in the amount of \$500.00, which

1 includes the costs for filing Plaintiffs’ Motion, the distribution compliance report, and appearing
2 at the hearing. Accordingly, Class Counsel respectfully requests reimbursements of \$28,766.72 in
3 expenses, which we respectfully request should be reimbursed in full. Attached as **Exhibit 4** is a
4 list of the costs and the categories of costs for the costs incurred in this case to date by Wilshire
5 Law Firm, PLC.

6 PLAINTIFF’S COUNSEL’S EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS

7 27. Wilshire Law Firm, PLC was selected by Best Lawyers and U.S. News & World
8 Report as one of the nation’s Best Law Firms for every year since 2020 and is comprised of over
9 100 attorneys and over 600 employees. Wilshire Law Firm, PLC is actively and continuously
10 practicing in employment litigation, representing employees in both individual and class actions
11 in both state and federal courts throughout California.

12 28. Wilshire Law Firm, PLC is qualified to handle this Litigation because its attorneys
13 are experienced in litigating Labor Code violations in both individual, class action, and
14 representative action cases. Wilshire Law Firm, PLC has handled, and is currently handling,
15 numerous wage and hour class action lawsuits, as well as class actions involving consumer rights
16 and data privacy litigation.

17 29. I am a partner at Wilshire Law Firm. I graduated from the University of California,
18 Los Angeles, with a Bachelor of Arts in Political Science, and received my Juris Doctor from the
19 University of California, Hastings College of the Law in 2016. During law school, I was a member
20 of the executive board for the *Hastings Law Journal*; a student mediator at the San Francisco
21 Superior Court, Small Claims Division; and a managing editor for *SCOCAblog*, which is a leading
22 online publication that provides substantive coverage of the California Supreme Court and relevant
23 cases before the court. Since graduating from law school, I have focused my legal work primarily
24 on wage-and-hour class litigation and have helped obtain numerous settlements on behalf of tens
25 of thousands of workers in California. I was also selected as a “Southern California Rising Star”
26 in 2024 and 2025. My current contingent billing rate for this case is \$775 per hour, which is
27 consistent with the legal market, accepted hourly rates, and my expertise and knowledge as it
28 pertains to wage and hour matters.

1 30. I joined Wilshire Law Firm in 2020 as an associate attorney and was tasked with
2 managing litigation teams beginning in 2021. I have since been appointed as class counsel in
3 numerous wage-and-hour cases throughout California. Below is a non-exhaustive list of cases
4 where I was appointed as class counsel:

- 5 a. *Colter v. Propulsion Controls Engineering*, San Diego County, Case No. 37-2020-
6 00030682-CU-OE-CTL; Motion for Final Approval granted on October 28, 2022.
- 7 b. *Rodriguez v. Modesto Restaurant Group, LLC*, Stanislaus County, Case No. CV-
8 21-000269; Motion for Final Approval granted on January 10, 2023.
- 9 c. *Kingsbury v. Caravan Foods II, Inc.*, Alameda County, Case No. RG21096357;
10 Motion for Final Approval granted on January 31, 2023.
- 11 d. *Frias-Estrada v. Trek Retail Corporation*, Contra Costa County, Case No.
12 MSC20-01916; Motion for Final Approval granted on March 3, 2023.
- 13 e. *Reyes v. Everytable, PBC, et al.*, Los Angeles County, Case No. 21STCV35987;
14 Motion for Final Approval granted on May 3, 2023.
- 15 f. *Ortiz v. Tara Materials, Inc.*, San Diego County, Case No. 37-2021-0001473-CU-
16 OE-CTL; Motion for Final Approval granted on May 30, 2023.
- 17 g. *Cruz-Sanchez v. Eagle Lath & Plaster, Inc.*, Sacramento County, Case No. 34-
18 2021-00293739-CU-OE-GDS; Motion for Final Approval granted on May 30,
19 2023.
- 20 h. *Garduno v. New Generation Framing, Inc., et al.*, Stanislaus County, Case No.
21 CV-21-000544; Motion for Final Approval granted on August 11, 2023.
- 22 i. *Hernandez, et al. v. Burford Farming Company, Inc.*, Fresno County, Case No.
23 21CECG03817; Motion for Final Approval granted on August 21, 2023.
- 24 j. *Barajas v. Final Phase Construction, Inc.*, San Bernardino County, Case No.
25 CIVSB2118622; Motion for Final Approval granted on September 13, 2023.
- 26 k. *Jaimes, et al. v. Infiniti Health LLC*, Los Angeles County, Case No.
27 22STCV07261; Motion for Final Approval granted on October 17, 2023.
- 28 l. *Nunez v. Gabriel Container*, Los Angeles County, Case No. 21STCV09787;

- 1 Motion for Final Approval granted on November 2, 2023.
- 2 m. *Gutierrez v. Next Level Door & Millwork, Inc.*, Riverside County, Case No.
- 3 CVRI2105455; Motion for Final Approval granted on January 11, 2024.
- 4 n. *Lupercio v. Western CNC, Inc.*, San Diego County, Case No. 37-2021-00010314-
- 5 CU-OE-CTL; Motion for Final Approval granted on January 26, 2024.
- 6 o. *Jackson, et al. v. Apple Valley Communications, Inc., et al.*, San Bernardino
- 7 County, Case No. CIVSB2124721; Motion for Final Approval granted on
- 8 February 1, 2024.
- 9 p. *Cuadras, et al. v. Guinn Corporation*, Kern County, Case No. BCV-21-101520;
- 10 Motion for Final Approval granted on February 22, 2024.
- 11 q. *Canton, et al v. John B. Sanfilippo & Sons, Inc.*, Merced County, Case No. 22-CV-
- 12 01145; Motion for Final Approval granted on March 15, 2024.
- 13 r. *Williams v. Total Longterm Care, Inc., et al.*, San Bernardino County, Case No.
- 14 CIVSB2213347; Motion for Final Approval granted on April 2, 2024.
- 15 s. *Williams, et al v. Eisenhower Medical Center*, Riverside County, Case No.
- 16 RIC1905151; Motion for Final Approval granted on April 18, 2024.
- 17 t. *Espinoza v. Delallo's Italian Foods, Inc.*, Butte County, Case No. 21CV02640;
- 18 Motion for Final Approval granted on April 24, 2024.
- 19 u. *Hayes, et al. v. Gonzales Park, LLC, et al.*, Butte County, Case No. 21CV02456;
- 20 Motion for Final Approval granted on May 1, 2024.
- 21 v. *Meza v. Argus Management Company, LLC, et al.*, Los Angeles County, Case No.
- 22 21STCV31612; Motion for Final Approval granted on May 20, 2024.
- 23 w. *Wade v. Mallory Safety and Supply LLC*, Siskiyou County, Case No. 23CV00951;
- 24 Motion for Final Approval granted on July 11, 2024.
- 25 x. *Abarca-Rueda, et al. v. Foley Family Wines, Inc., et al.*, Sonoma County, Case
- 26 No. S-CV-268148; Motion for Final Approval granted on August 21, 2024.
- 27 y. *Aguilar v. American Pasteurization Company, Inc., et al.*, Sacramento County,
- 28 Case No. 34-2021-00312027-CU-OE-GDS; Motion for Final Approval granted on

September 3, 2024.

z. *Barajas Maya v. United Facilities Group, Inc., et al.*, Santa Clara County, Case No. 22CV397353; Motion for Final Approval granted on November 22, 2024.

aa. *Arias v. The Shyft Group GTB, LLC, et al.*, Los Angeles County, Case No. 22STCV37390; Motion for Final Approval granted on December 3, 2024.

bb. *Hernandez v. KW California, et al.*, Kern County, Case No. BCV-23-100346; Motion for Final Approval Granted on December 4, 2024.

31. The reasonableness of my firm's hourly rates is also supported by several surveys of legal rates, including the following:

a. The 2022 Real Rate Report survey compiled by Wolters Kluwer, which presents the real market rates of Los Angeles area attorneys who practice litigation. For that category, the third quartile 2022 rate was \$1,045 per hour for partners and \$855 for associates. Likewise, page 32 of the Report describes the rates charged by 183 Los Angeles partners with "21 or more years of experience" and "Fewer than 21 years." For those categories, the third quartile Los Angeles partner rate in 2022 were \$1,133 per hour for 21 or more years and \$1,075 for attorneys with fewer than 21 years. A true and correct copy of portions of the 2022 Real Rate Report is attached hereto as Exhibit 5.

b. In an article entitled "Big Law Rates Topping \$2,000 Leave Value 'In Eye of Beholder,'" written by Roy Strom and published by Bloomberg Law on June 9, 2022, the author describes how Big Law firms have crossed the \$2,000-per hour rate. The article also notes that law firm rates have been increasing by just under 3% per year. A true and correct copy of this article is attached hereto as Exhibit 6.

32. Arrash T. Fattahi is a Junior Partner at Wilshire Law Firm, PLC. He is admitted to practice law in the State of California and the Central, Eastern, Southern, and Northern Districts of California. He graduated from the University of California, Los Angeles with a Bachelor of Arts in Political Science, summa cum laude. He received his Juris Doctor from The George

1 Washington University Law School where he was a member of the student editorial board for the
2 *Federal Circuit Bar Journal*. He has several years of work experience litigating wage and hour
3 class actions. He was selected as a “Southern California Rising Star” by Super Lawyers in 2025.

4 33. Bradford Smith is a Law and Motion Attorney at Wilshire Law Firm. He graduated
5 from the University of California, Irvine with a Bachelor of Arts in History and received his Juris
6 Doctor from Loyola Law School, Los Angeles in 2022. He was admitted to practice law in the
7 State of California in 2022. Before joining Wilshire Law Firm, he worked at a law firm
8 specializing in insurance defense litigation. His focus now is on wage and hour class action
9 litigation.

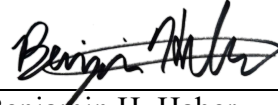
10 34. Rebecca Padilla is a Paralegal at Wilshire Law Firm with seven years of experience
11 working at law firms, including over three years of experience working on class action cases. She
12 is a graduate of the California State University, Northridge with a Bachelor of Science degree in
13 Business Administration – Business Law. Her current contingent billing rate for this case is \$175
14 per hour.

15 35. Justin F. Marquez is a former Senior Partner at Wilshire Law Firm who was actively
16 involved in the litigation and resolution of this matter from its inception through December 2024.
17 He graduated from the University of California, Los Angeles’s College Honors Program in 2004
18 with Bachelor of Arts degrees in History and Japanese, *magna cum laude* and *Phi Beta Kappa*. As
19 an undergraduate, he also received a scholarship to study abroad for one year at Tokyo University
20 in Tokyo, Japan. He received his Juris Doctor from Notre Dame Law School in 2008. He has
21 received numerous awards for his legal work. From 2017 to 2020, Super Lawyers selected him as
22 a “Southern California Rising Star,” and from 2022 to 2025, he was selected as a “Southern
23 California Super Lawyer.” He was selected as one of the “Best Lawyers in America” from 2023
24 to 2025. In 2016 and 2017, the National Trial Lawyers selected him as a “Top 40 Under 40”
25 attorney. In 2024, he, along with his colleagues at Wilshire Law Firm, PLC, received a CLAY
26 (California Lawyer Attorneys of the Year) award for his work on a false advertising case against
27 Apple which ultimately led to a \$25 million settlement. His contingent hourly rate while at
28

1 Wilshire Law Firm, PLC was \$1,500 per hour.²

2 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United
3 States that the foregoing is true and correct.

4 Executed on April 2, 2025, in Los Angeles, California.

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7 Benjamin H. Haber
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28 ² See Declaration of Justin F. Marquez in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement, at ¶ 48, which was filed on August 27, 2024.

Exhibit 1

CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND CLASS NOTICE

This Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”) is made by and between plaintiff Eileen Harris (“Plaintiff”) and Defendant D&D Technologies, Inc., dba Absolute Technologies, Inc. (“Absolute” or “Defendant”). The Agreement refers to Plaintiff and Defendant collectively as “Parties,” or individually as “Party.”

1. DEFINITIONS.

1.1 “Action” means the Plaintiff’s lawsuit alleging wage and hour violations against Absolute captioned EILEEN HARRIS V. D & D GEAR INCORPORATED DBA ABSOLUTE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., Case No. 30-2021-01222330 initiated on September 20, 2021 and pending in Superior Court of the State of California, County of Orange.

1.2 “Administrator” means CPT Group, the neutral entity the Parties have agreed to appoint to administer the Settlement.

1.3 “Administration Expenses Payment” means the amount the Administrator will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount to reimburse its reasonable fees and expenses in accordance with the Administrator’s “not to exceed” bid submitted to the Court in connection with Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.

1.4 “Aggrieved Employee” means all persons who worked for Absolute as an hourly-paid or non-exempt employee at any time during the PAGA Period.

1.5 “Class” means all persons who worked for Absolute as an hourly-paid or non-exempt employee at any time during the period Class Period .

1.6 “Class Counsel” means Justin F. Marquez, Benjamin H. Haber, and Arrash T. Fattahi of Wilshire Law Firm.

1.7 “Class Counsel Fees Payment” and “Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment” mean the amounts allocated to Class Counsel for reimbursement of reasonable attorneys’ fees and expenses, respectively, incurred to prosecute the Action.

1.8 “Class Data” means Class Member identifying information in Absolute’s possession including the Class Member’s name, last-known mailing address, Social Security number, and number of Class Period Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods.

1.9 “Class Member” or “Settlement Class Member” means a member of the Class, as either a Participating Class Member or Non-Participating Class Member (including a Non-Participating Class Member who qualifies as an Aggrieved Employee).

1.10 “Class Member Address Search” means the Administrator’s investigation and search for current Class Member mailing addresses using all reasonably available sources, methods and means including, but not limited to, the National Change of Address database, skip traces, and direct contact by the Administrator with Class Members.

1.11 “Class Notice” means the COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL, to be mailed to Class Members in English with a Spanish and Vietnamese translation in the form, without material variation, attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.

1.12 “Class Period” means the period from March 26, 2017 to the date of Preliminary Approval, unless modified pursuant to Section 8, below.

1.13 “Class Representative” means the named Plaintiff in the operative complaint in the Action seeking Court approval to serve as a Class Representative.

1.14 “Class Representative Service Payment” means the payment to the Class Representative for initiating the Action and providing services in support of the Action.

1.15 “Court” means the Superior Court of California, County of Orange County.

1.16 “Absolute” means named Defendant D&D Technologies, Inc., dba Absolute Technologies, Inc.

1.17 “Defense Counsel” means Amy R. Patton and Blake A. Dillion of Payne & Fears LLP.

1.18 “Effective Date” means the date by when both of the following have occurred: (a) the Court enters a Judgment on its Order Granting Final Approval of the Settlement; and (b) the Judgment is final. The Judgment is final as of the latest of the following occurrences: (a) if no Participating Class Member objects to the Settlement, the day the Court enters Judgment; (b) if one or more Participating Class Members objects to the Settlement, the day after the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the Judgment; or if a timely appeal from the Judgment is filed, the day after the appellate court affirms the Judgment and issues a remittitur.

1.19 “Final Approval” means the Court’s order granting final approval of the Settlement.

1.20 “Final Approval Hearing” means the Court’s hearing on the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement.

1.21 “Final Judgment” means the Judgment Entered by the Court upon Granting Final Approval of the Settlement.

1.22 “Gross Settlement Amount” means \$875,000.00 which is the total amount Absolute agrees to pay under the Settlement except as provided in Paragraph 9 below. The Gross Settlement Amount will be used to pay Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Counsel Fees, Class Counsel Expenses, Class Representative Service Payment, and the Administrator’s Expenses.

1.23 “Individual Class Payment” means the Participating Class Member’s pro rata share of the Net Settlement Amount calculated according to the number of Workweeks

worked during the Class Period.

1.24 “Individual PAGA Payment” means the Aggrieved Employee’s pro rata share of 25% of the PAGA Penalties calculated according to the number of Workweeks worked during the PAGA Period.

1.25 “Judgment” means the judgment entered by the Court based upon the Final Approval.

1.26 “LWDA” means the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, the agency entitled, under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).

1.27 “LWDA PAGA Payment” means the 75% of the PAGA Penalties paid to the LWDA under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (i).

1.28 “Net Settlement Amount” means the Gross Settlement Amount, less the following payments in the amounts approved by the Court: Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Administration Expenses Payment. The remainder is to be paid to Participating Class Members as Individual Class Payments.

1.29 “Non-Participating Class Member” means any Class Member who opts out of the Settlement by sending the Administrator a valid and timely Request for Exclusion.

1.30 “PAGA Pay Period” means any Pay Period during which an Aggrieved Employee worked for Absolute for at least one day during the PAGA Period.

1.31 “PAGA Period” means the period from January 12, 2023 to the date of Preliminary Approval, unless modified pursuant to Section 8, below.

1.32 “PAGA” means the Private Attorneys General Act (Labor Code §§ 2698. et seq.).

1.33 “PAGA Notice” means Plaintiff’s January 12, 2024, letter to Absolute and the LWDA providing notice pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, subd.(a).

1.34 “PAGA Penalties” means the total amount of PAGA civil penalties to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, allocated 25% to the Aggrieved Employees (\$10,000.00) and the 75% to LWDA (\$30,000.00) in settlement of PAGA claims.

1.35 “Participating Class Member” means a Class Member who does not submit a valid and timely Request for Exclusion from the Settlement.

1.36 “Plaintiff” means Eileen Harris, the named plaintiff in the Action.

1.37 “Preliminary Approval” means the Court’s Order Granting Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.

1.38 "Preliminary Approval Order" means the proposed Order Granting Preliminary Approval and Approval of PAGA Settlement.

1.39 "Released Class Claims" means the claims being released as described in Paragraph 5.2 below.

1.40 "Released PAGA Claims" means the claims being released as described in Paragraph 5.3 below.

1.41 "Released Parties" means: Absolute and each of its former and present directors, officers, shareholders, owners, members, attorneys, insurers, predecessors, successors, assigns, subsidiaries, and affiliates.

1.42 "Request for Exclusion" means a Class Member's submission of a written request to be excluded from the Class Settlement signed by the Class Member.

1.43 "Response Deadline" means [e.g., 60] days after the Administrator mails Notice to Class Members and Aggrieved Employees, and shall be the last date on which Class Members may: (a) fax, email, or mail Requests for Exclusion from the Settlement, or (b) fax, email, or mail his or her Objection to the Settlement. Class Members to whom Notice Packets are resent after having been returned undeliverable to the Administrator shall have an additional 14 calendar days beyond the Response Deadline has expired.

1.44 "Settlement" means the disposition of the Action effected by this Agreement and the Judgment.

1.45 "Workweek" means any week during which a Class Member worked for Absolute for at least one day, during the Class Period.

2. RECITALS.

2.1 On September 20, 2021, Plaintiff commenced this Action by filing a Complaint alleging causes of action against Absolute for (1) Failure to Pay Minimum and Straight Time Wages; (2) Failure to Pay Overtime Wages; (3) Failure to Provide Meal Periods; (4) Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Periods; (5) Failure to Timely Pay Final Wages at Termination; (6) Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements; (7) Failure to Indemnify Employees for Expenditures; and (8) Unfair Business Practices. On June 24, 2024, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint adding a cause of action against Absolute for penalties under the Private Attorneys General Act. The First Amended Complaint is the operative complaint in the Action (the "Operative Complaint.") Absolute denies the allegations in the Operative Complaint, denies any failure to comply with the laws identified in the Operative Complaint and denies any and all liability for the causes of action alleged.

2.2 Pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, subd.(a), Plaintiff gave timely written notice to Absolute and the LWDA by sending the PAGA Notice.

2.3 On December 13, 2022, April 4, 2023, and December 28, 2023, the Parties participated in mediations presided over by Hon. Amy D. Hogue (Ret.) which led to this

Agreement to settle the Action.

2.4 Prior to mediation, Plaintiff obtained, through formal and informal discovery, copies of Absolute's policies and procedures, Plaintiff's time and pay records, and the time and pay records for a random sample of the putative class members time and pay records. Plaintiff also took a deposition of Absolute's person most knowledgeable on approximately 15 noticed topics. Plaintiff's investigation was sufficient to satisfy the criteria for court approval set forth in *Dunk v. Foot Locker Retail, Inc.* (1996) 48 Cal.App.4th 1794, 1801 and *Kullar v. FootLocker Retail, Inc.* (2008) 168 Cal.App.4th 116, 129-130 ("*Dunk/Kullar*").

2.5 The Court has not granted class certification as the parties reached this settlement prior to Plaintiff's deadline to file her motion for class certification.

2.6 The Parties, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel represent that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or affected by the Settlement.

3. **MONETARY TERMS.**

3.1 **Gross Settlement Amount.** Except as otherwise provided by Paragraph 9 below, Absolute promises to pay \$875,000.00 and no more as the Gross Settlement Amount and to separately pay any and all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portions of the Individual Class Payments. Absolute has no obligation to pay the Gross Settlement Amount (or any payroll taxes) prior to the deadline stated in Paragraph 4.3 of this Agreement. The Administrator will disburse the entire Gross Settlement Amount without asking or requiring Participating Class Members or Aggrieved Employees to submit any claim as a condition of payment. None of the Gross Settlement Amount will revert to Absolute.

3.2 **Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount.** The Administrator will make and deduct the following payments from the Gross Settlement Amount, in the amounts specified by the Court in the Final Approval:

3.2.1 **To Plaintiff:** Class Representative Service Payment to the Class Representative of not more than \$15,000.00 (in addition to any Individual Class Payment [and any Individual PAGA Payment] the Class Representative is entitled to receive as a Participating Class Member). Absolute will not oppose Plaintiff's request for a Class Representative Service Payment that does not exceed this amount. As part of the motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment, Plaintiff will seek Court approval for any Class Representative Service Payments no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Representative Service Payment less than the amount requested, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will pay the Class Representative Service Payment using IRS Form 1099. Plaintiff assumes full responsibility and liability for employee taxes owed on the Class Representative Service Payment.

3.2.2 **To Class Counsel:** A Class Counsel Fees Payment of not more than 33 1/3%, which is currently estimated to be \$291,666.67 and a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than \$25,000. Absolute will not oppose requests for these

payments provided that do not exceed these amounts. Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will file a motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Counsel Fees Payment and/or a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment less than the amounts requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. Released Parties shall have no liability to Class Counsel or any other Plaintiff's Counsel arising from any claim to any portion any Class Counsel Fee Payment and/or Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment. The Administrator will pay the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Expenses Payment using one or more IRS 1099 Forms. Class Counsel assumes full responsibility and liability for taxes owed on the Class Counsel Fees Payment and the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and holds Absolute harmless, and indemnifies Absolute, from any dispute or controversy regarding any division or sharing of any of these Payments.

3.2.3 To the Administrator: An Administrator Expenses Payment not to exceed \$15,000 except for a showing of good cause and as approved by the Court. To the extent the Administration Expenses are less or the Court approves payment less than \$15,000, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount.

3.2.4 To Each Participating Class Member: An Individual Class Payment calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks.

3.2.4.1 Tax Allocation of Individual Class Payments. 20% of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to settlement of wage claims (the "Wage Portion"). The Wage Portions are subject to tax withholding and will be reported on an IRS W-2 Form. 80% of each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will be allocated to settlement of claims for interest and penalties (the "Non-Wage Portion"). The Non-Wage Portions are not subject to wage withholdings and will be reported on IRS 1099 Forms. Participating Class Members assume full responsibility and liability for any employee taxes owed on their Individual Class Payment.

3.2.4.2 Effect of Non-Participating Class Members on Calculation of Individual Class Payments. Non-Participating Class Members will not receive any Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will retain amounts equal to their Individual Class Payments in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members on a pro rata basis.

3.2.5 To the LWDA and Aggrieved Employees: PAGA Penalties in the amount of \$40,000.00 to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, with 75% (\$30,000.00) allocated to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% (\$10,000.00) allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments.

3.2.5.1 The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' share of PAGA Penalties by the total number of PAGA Period Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Period

Pay Periods. Aggrieved Employees assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual PAGA Payment.

3.2.5.2 If the Court approves PAGA Penalties of less than the amount requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments on IRS1099 Forms.

4. SETTLEMENT FUNDING AND PAYMENTS.

4.1 Class Workweeks and Aggrieved Employee Pay Periods. Based on a review of its records to date, Absolute estimates there are 387 Class Members who collectively worked a total of 63,194 Workweeks, and 255 Aggrieved Employees who worked a total 5,676 of PAGA Pay Periods.

4.2 Class Data. Not later than 20 business days after the Court grants Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, Absolute will simultaneously deliver the Class Data to the Administrator, in the form of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. To protect Class Members' privacy rights, the Administrator must maintain the Class Data in confidence, use the Class Data only for purposes of this Settlement and for no other purpose, and restrict access to the Class Data to Administrator employees who need access to the Class Data to effect and perform under this Agreement. Absolute has a continuing duty to immediately notify Class Counsel if it discovers that the Class Data omitted class member identifying information and to provide corrected or updated Class Data as soon as reasonably feasible. Without any extension of the deadline by which Absolute must send the Class Data to the Administrator, the Parties and their counsel will expeditiously use best efforts, in good faith, to reconstruct or otherwise resolve any issues related to missing or omitted Class Data.

4.3 Funding of Gross Settlement Amount. Absolute shall fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount, and also fund the amounts necessary to fully pay Absolute's share of payroll taxes by transmitting the funds to the Administrator no later than 20 business days after the Effective Date.

4.4 Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. Within 14 days after Absolute funds the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will mail checks for all Individual Class Payments, all Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, the Administration Expenses Payment, the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Class Representative Service Payment. Disbursement of the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and the Class Representative Service Payment shall not precede disbursement of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments.

4.4.1 The Administrator will issue checks for the Individual Class Payments and/or Individual PAGA Payments and send them to the Class Members via First Class U.S. Mail, postage prepaid. The face of each check shall prominently state the date (not less than 180 days after the date of mailing) when the check will be voided. The Administrator will cancel all checks not cashed by the void date. The Administrator will send checks for Individual Settlement Payments to all Participating Class Members (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator will

send checks for Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees including Non-Participating Class Members who qualify as Aggrieved Employees (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator may send Participating Class Members a single check combining the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment. Before mailing any checks, the Settlement Administrator must update the recipients' mailing addresses using the National Change of Address Database.

4.4.2 The Administrator must conduct a Class Member Address Search for all other Class Members whose checks are returned undelivered without USPS forwarding address. Within 7 days of receiving a returned check the Administrator must re-mail checks to the USPS forwarding address provided or to an address ascertained through the Class Member Address Search. The Administrator need not take further steps to deliver checks to Class Members whose re-mailed checks are returned as undelivered. The Administrator shall promptly send a replacement check to any Class Member whose original check was lost or misplaced, requested by the Class Member prior to the void date.

4.4.3 For any Class Member whose Individual Class Payment check or Individual PAGA Payment check is uncashed and cancelled after the void date, the Administrator shall transmit the funds represented by such checks to the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in the name of the Class Member thereby leaving no "unpaid residue" subject to the requirements of California Code of Civil Procedure Section 384, subd. (b).

4.4.4 The payment of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments shall not obligate Absolute to confer any additional benefits or make any additional payments to Class Members (such as 401(k) contributions or bonuses) beyond those specified in this Agreement.

5. RELEASES OF CLAIMS. Effective on the date when Absolute fully funds the entire Gross Settlement Amount and funds all employer payroll taxes owed on the Wage Portion of the Individual Class Payments, Plaintiff, Class Members, and Class Counsel will release claims against all Released Parties as follows:

5.1 Plaintiff's Release. Plaintiff and her respective former and present spouses, representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns generally, release and discharge Released Parties from all claims, transactions, or occurrences, including, but not limited to: (a) all claims that were, or reasonably could have been, alleged, based on the facts contained, in the Operative Complaint and (b) all PAGA claims that were, or reasonably could have been, alleged based on facts contained in the Operative Complaint, Plaintiff's PAGA Notice, or ascertained during the Action and released under 5.2, below. ("Plaintiff's Release.") Plaintiff's Release does not extend to any claims or actions to enforce this Agreement, or to any claims for vested benefits, unemployment benefits, disability benefits, social security benefits, workers' compensation benefits that arose at any time, or based on occurrences outside the Class Period. Plaintiff acknowledges that Plaintiff may discover facts or law different from, or in addition to, the facts or law that Plaintiff now knows or believes to be true but agrees, nonetheless, that Plaintiff's Release shall be and remain effective in all respects, notwithstanding such different or additional facts or Plaintiff's discovery of them.

5.1.1 Plaintiff's Waiver of Rights Under California Civil Code Section 1542. For purposes of Plaintiff's Release, Plaintiff expressly waives and relinquishes the provisions, rights, and benefits, if any, of section 1542 of the California Civil Code, which reads:

A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, and that if known by him or her would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or Released Party.

5.2 Release by Participating Class Members: All Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties from all claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the Class Period facts stated in the Operative Complaint and ascertained in the course of the Action including, e.g., any and all claims involving any alleged failure to (a) pay minimum and straight time wages; (b) pay overtime wages; (c) provide meal periods; (d) authorize and permit rest periods; (e) timely pay final wages at termination; (f) provide accurate itemized wage statements; and (g) indemnify employees for expenditures; and claims for unfair business practices arising out of the same. Except as set forth in Section 5.3 of this Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

5.3 Release by Aggrieved Employees: All Aggrieved Employees, including Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees, are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the PAGA Period facts stated in the Operative Complaint, the PAGA Notice and ascertained in the course of the Action including, e.g., any and all claims involving any alleged failure to (a) pay minimum and straight time wages; (b) pay overtime wages; (c) provide meal periods; (d) authorize and permit rest periods; (e) timely pay final wages at termination; (f) provide accurate itemized wage statements; and (g) indemnify employees for expenditures.

6. **MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL.** The Parties agree to jointly prepare and file a motion for preliminary approval ("Motion for Preliminary Approval") that complies with the Court's current checklist for Preliminary Approvals.

6.1 Absolute's Declaration in Support of Preliminary Approval. Within 10 days of the full execution of this Agreement, Absolute will prepare and deliver to Class Counsel a signed Declaration from Absolute and Defense Counsel disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with the Administrator. In their Declarations, Defense Counsel and Absolute shall aver that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by the

Settlement.

6.2 Plaintiff's Responsibilities. Plaintiff will prepare and deliver to Defense Counsel all documents necessary for obtaining Preliminary Approval, including: (i) a draft of the notice, and memorandum in support, of the Motion for Preliminary Approval that includes an analysis of the Settlement under *Dunk/Kullar* and a request for approval of the PAGA Settlement under Labor Code Section 2699, subd. (f)(2)); (ii) a draft proposed Order Granting Preliminary Approval and Approval of PAGA Settlement; (iii) a draft proposed Class Notice; (iv) a signed declaration from the Administrator attaching its "not to exceed" bid for administering the Settlement and attesting to its willingness to serve; competency; operative procedures for protecting the security of Class Data; amounts of insurance coverage for any data breach, defalcation of funds or other misfeasance; all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members; and the nature and extent of any financial relationship with Plaintiff, Class Counsel or Defense Counsel; (v) a signed declaration from Plaintiff confirming willingness and competency to serve and disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with Class Members and/or the Administrator; (vi) a signed declaration from each Class Counsel firm attesting to its competency to represent the Class Members; its timely transmission to the LWDA of all necessary PAGA documents (initial notice of violations (Labor Code section 2699.3, subd. (a)), Operative Complaint (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(1)), this Agreement (Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l)(2)); (vii) a redlined version of the parties' Agreement showing all modifications made to the Model Agreement ready for filing with the Court; and (viii) all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflict of interest with Class Members and/or the Administrator. In their Declarations, Plaintiff and Class Counsel shall aver that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by the Settlement.

6.3 Responsibilities of Counsel. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel are jointly responsible for expeditiously finalizing and filing the Motion for Preliminary Approval no later than 15 days after the full execution of this Agreement or the filing of the First Amended Complaint, whichever is later; obtaining a prompt hearing date for the Motion for Preliminary Approval; and for appearing in Court to advocate in favor of the Motion for Preliminary Approval. Class Counsel is responsible for delivering the Court's Preliminary Approval to the Administrator.

6.4 Duty to Cooperate. If the Parties disagree on any aspect of the proposed Motion for Preliminary Approval and/or the supporting declarations and documents, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve the disagreement. If the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval or conditions Preliminary Approval on any material change to this Agreement, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to modify the Agreement and otherwise satisfy the Court's concerns.

7. SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION.

7.1 Selection of Administrator. The Parties have jointly selected CPT Group to serve as the Administrator and verified that, as a condition of appointment, CPT Group

agrees to be bound by this Agreement and to perform, as a fiduciary, all duties specified in this Agreement in exchange for payment of Administration Expenses. The Parties and their Counsel represent that they have no interest or relationship, financial or otherwise, with the Administrator other than a professional relationship arising out of prior experiences administering settlements.

7.2 Employer Identification Number. The Administrator shall have and use its own Employer Identification Number for purposes of calculating payroll tax withholdings and providing reports state and federal tax authorities.

7.3 Qualified Settlement Fund. The Administrator shall establish a settlement fund that meets the requirements of a Qualified Settlement Fund (“QSF”) under US Treasury Regulation section 468B-1.

7.4 Notice to Class Members.

7.4.1 No later than three (3) business days after receipt of the Class Data, the Administrator shall notify Class Counsel that the list has been received and state the number of Class Members, PAGA Members, Workweeks, and Pay Periods in the Class Data.

7.4.2 Using best efforts to perform as soon as possible, and in no event later than 14 days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will send to all Class Members identified in the Class Data, via first-class United States Postal Service (“USPS”) mail, the Class Notice with Spanish and Vietnamese translation substantially in the form attached to this Agreement as Exhibit A. The first page of the Class Notice shall prominently estimate the dollar amounts of any Individual Class Payment and/or Individual PAGA Payment payable to the Class Member, and the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if applicable) used to calculate these amounts. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator shall update Class Member addresses using the National Change of Address database.

7.4.3 Not later than 3 business days after the Administrator’s receipt of any Class Notice returned by the USPS as undelivered, the Administrator shall re-mail the Class Notice using any forwarding address provided by the USPS. If the USPS does not provide a forwarding address, the Administrator shall conduct a Class Member Address Search, and re-mail the Class Notice to the most current address obtained. The Administrator has no obligation to make further attempts to locate or send Class Notice to Class Members whose Class Notice is returned by the USPS a second time.

7.4.4 The deadlines for Class Members’ written objections, Challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods, and Requests for Exclusion will be extended an additional 14 days beyond the 60 days otherwise provided in the Class Notice for all Class Members whose notice is re-mailed. The Administrator will inform the Class Member of the extended deadline with the re-mailed Class Notice.

7.4.5 If the Administrator, Absolute or Class Counsel is contacted by or otherwise discovers any persons who believe they should have been included in the Class Data and should have received Class Notice, the Parties will expeditiously meet and confer

in person or by telephone, and in good faith. in an effort to agree on whether to include them as Class Members. If the Parties agree, such persons will be Class Members entitled to the same rights as other Class Members, and the Administrator will send, via email or overnight delivery, a Class Notice requiring them to exercise options under this Agreement not later than 14 days after receipt of Class Notice, or the deadline dates in the Class Notice, whichever ever are later.

7.5 Requests for Exclusion (Opt-Outs).

7.5.1 Class Members who wish to exclude themselves (opt-out of) the Class Settlement must send the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail, a signed written Request for Exclusion not later than 60 days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed). A Request for Exclusion is a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative that reasonably communicates the Class Member's election to be excluded from the Settlement and includes the Class Member's name, address and email address or telephone number. To be valid, a Request for Exclusion must be timely faxed, emailed, or postmarked by the Response Deadline.

7.5.2 The Administrator may not reject a Request for Exclusion as invalid because it fails to contain all the information specified in the Class Notice. The Administrator shall accept any Request for Exclusion as valid if the Administrator can reasonably ascertain the identity of the person as a Class Member and the Class Member's desire to be excluded. The Administrator's determination shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. If the Administrator has reason to question the authenticity of a Request for Exclusion, the Administrator may demand additional proof of the Class Member's identity. The Administrator's determination of authenticity shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.

7.5.3 Every Class Member who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion is deemed to be a Participating Class Member under this Agreement, entitled to all benefits and bound by all terms and conditions of the Settlement, including the Participating Class Members' Releases under Paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3 of this Agreement, regardless whether the Participating Class Member actually receives the Class Notice or objects to the Settlement.

7.5.4 Every Class Member who submits a valid and timely Request for Exclusion is a Non-Participating Class Member and shall not receive an Individual Class Payment or have the right to object to the class action components of the Settlement. Because future PAGA claims are subject to claim preclusion upon entry of the Judgment, Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release the claims identified in Paragraph 5.4 of this Agreement and are eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment.

7.6 Challenges to Calculation of Workweeks. Each Class Member shall have 60 days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed) to challenge the number of Class Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if any) allocated to the Class Member in the Class Notice. The

Class Member may challenge the allocation by communicating with the Administrator via fax, email or mail. The Administrator must encourage the challenging Class Member to submit supporting documentation. In the absence of any contrary documentation, the Administrator is entitled to presume that the Workweeks contained in the Class Notice are correct so long as they are consistent with the Class Data. The Administrator's determination of each Class Member's allocation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. The Administrator shall promptly provide copies of all challenges to calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods to Defense Counsel and Class Counsel and the Administrator's determination the challenges.

7.7 Objections to Settlement.

7.7.1 Only Participating Class Members may object to the class action components of the Settlement and/or this Agreement, including contesting the fairness of the Settlement, and/or amounts requested for the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Class Representative Service Payment.

7.7.2 Participating Class Members may send written objections to the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail. In the alternative, Participating Class Members may appear in Court (or hire an attorney to appear in Court) to present verbal objections at the Final Approval Hearing. A Participating Class Member who elects to send a written objection to the Administrator must do so not later than 60 days after the Administrator's mailing of the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice was re-mailed).

7.7.3 Non-Participating Class Members have no right to object to any of the class action components of the Settlement.

7.8 Administrator Duties. The Administrator has a duty to perform or observe all tasks to be performed or observed by the Administrator contained in this Agreement or otherwise.

7.8.1 Website, Email Address and Toll-Free Number. The Administrator will establish and maintain and use an internet website to post information of interest to Class Members including the date, time and location for the Final Approval Hearing and copies of the Settlement Agreement, Motion for Preliminary Approval, the Preliminary Approval, the Class Notice, the Motion for Final Approval, the Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and Class Representative Service Payment, the Final Approval and the Judgment. The Administrator will also maintain and monitor an email address and a toll-free telephone number to receive Class Member calls, faxes and emails.

7.8.2 Requests for Exclusion (Opt-outs) and Exclusion List. The Administrator will promptly review on a rolling basis Requests for Exclusion to ascertain their validity. Not later than 5 days after the expiration of the deadline for submitting Requests for Exclusion, the Administrator shall email a list to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel containing (a) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who

have timely submitted valid Requests for Exclusion (“Exclusion List”); (b) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who have submitted invalid Requests for Exclusion; (c) copies of all Requests for Exclusion from Settlement submitted (whether valid or invalid).

7.8.3 Weekly Reports. The Administrator must, on a weekly basis, provide written reports to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel that, among other things, tally the number of: Class Notices mailed or re-mailed, Class Notices returned undelivered, Requests for Exclusion (whether valid or invalid) received, objections received, challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods received and/or resolved, and checks mailed for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments (“Weekly Report”). The Weekly Reports must include the Administrator’s assessment of the validity of Requests for Exclusion and attach copies of all Requests for Exclusion and objections received.

7.8.4 Workweek and/or Pay Period Challenges. The Administrator has the authority to address and make final decisions consistent with the terms of this Agreement on all Class Member challenges over the calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods. The Administrator’s decision shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.

7.8.5 Administrator’s Declaration. Not later than 14 days before the date by which Plaintiff is required to file the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement, the Administrator will provide to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its due diligence and compliance with all of its obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to, its mailing of Class Notice, the Class Notices returned as undelivered, the re-mailing of Class Notices, attempts to locate Class Members, the total number of Requests for Exclusion from Settlement it received (both valid or invalid), the number of written objections and attach the Exclusion List. The Administrator will supplement its declaration as needed or requested by the Parties and/or the Court. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator’s declaration(s) in Court.

7.8.6 Final Report by Settlement Administrator. Within 10 days after the Administrator disburses all funds in the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defense Counsel with a final report detailing its disbursements by employee identification number only of all payments made under this Agreement. At least 15 days before any deadline set by the Court, the Administrator will prepare, and submit to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its disbursement of all payments required under this Agreement. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator's declaration in Court.

8. **CLASS SIZE ESTIMATES and ESCALATOR CLAUSE** Based on its records, Absolute estimates that, as of the date of this Settlement Agreement, (1) there are 387 Class Members and 63,194 Total Workweeks during the Class period and (2) there were 255 Aggrieved Employees who worked 5,676 Pay Periods during the PAGA Period. If the number of Total Workweeks exceeds 63,194 by more than 10%, Absolute shall have the sole option to: (i) increase the Gross Settlement Amount proportionally per additional Workweek period (i.e. if there is an 11% increase in the number of Total Workweeks, Absolute will agree to

increase the Gross Settlement Amount by 1%); or (ii) end the Class Period and the PAGA Period as of the date that the number of Total Workweeks reaches 10% above the estimated numbers.

9. **ABSOLUTE'S RIGHT TO WITHDRAW.** If the number of valid Requests for Exclusion identified in the Exclusion List exceeds 10% of the total of all Class Members, Absolute may, but is not obligated, elect to withdraw from the Settlement. The Parties agree that, if Absolute withdraws, the Settlement shall be void ab initio, have no force or effect whatsoever, and that neither Party will have any further obligation to perform under this Agreement; provided, however, Absolute will remain responsible for paying all Settlement Administration Expenses incurred to that point. Absolute must notify Class Counsel and the Court of its election to withdraw not later than seven (7) days after the Administrator sends the final Exclusion List to Defense Counsel; late elections will have no effect.
10. **MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL.** Not later than 16 court days before the calendared Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff will file in Court, a motion for final approval of the Settlement that includes a request for approval of the PAGA settlement under Labor Code section 2699, subd. (l), a Proposed Final Approval Order and a proposed Judgment (collectively "Motion for Final Approval"). Plaintiff shall provide drafts of these documents to Defense Counsel not later than seven (7) days prior to filing the Motion for Final Approval. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve any disagreements concerning the Motion for Final Approval.

10.1 **Response to Objections.** Each Party retains the right to respond to any objection raised by a Participating Class Member, including the right to file responsive documents in Court no later than five (5) court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing, or as otherwise ordered or accepted by the Court.

10.2 **Duty to Cooperate.** If the Court does not grant Final Approval or conditions Final Approval on any material change to the Settlement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), the Parties will expeditiously work together in good faith to address the Court's concerns by revising the Agreement as necessary to obtain Final Approval. The Court's decision to award less than the amounts requested for the Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Administrator Expenses Payment shall not constitute a material modification to the Agreement within the meaning of this paragraph.

10.3 **Continuing Jurisdiction of the Court.** The Parties agree that, after entry of Judgment, the Court will retain jurisdiction over the Parties, Action, and the Settlement solely for purposes of (i) enforcing this Agreement and/or Judgment, (ii) addressing settlement administration matters, and (iii) addressing such post-Judgment matters as are permitted by law.

10.4 **Waiver of Right to Appeal.** Provided the Judgment is consistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, specifically including the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment reflected set forth in this

Settlement, the Parties, their respective counsel, and all Participating Class Members who did not object to the Settlement as provided in this Agreement, waive all rights to appeal from the Judgment, including all rights to post-judgment and appellate proceedings, the right to file motions to vacate judgment, motions for new trial, extraordinary writs, and appeals. The waiver of appeal does not include any waiver of the right to oppose such motions, writs or appeals. If an objector appeals the Judgment, the Parties' obligations to perform under this Agreement will be suspended until such time as the appeal is finally resolved and the Judgment becomes final, except as to matters that do not affect the amount of the Net Settlement Amount.

10.5 Appellate Court Orders to Vacate, Reverse, or Materially Modify Judgment.

If the reviewing Court vacates, reverses, or modifies the Judgment in a manner that requires a material modification of this Agreement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), this Agreement shall be null and void. The Parties shall nevertheless expeditiously work together in good faith to address the appellate court's concerns and to obtain Final Approval and entry of Judgment, sharing, on a 50-50 basis, any additional Administration Expenses reasonably incurred after remittitur. An appellate decision to vacate, reverse, or modify the Court's award of the Class Representative Service Payment or any payments to Class Counsel shall not constitute a material modification of the Judgment within the meaning of this paragraph, as long as the Gross Settlement Amount remains unchanged.

11. **AMENDED JUDGMENT.** If any amended judgment is required under Code of Civil Procedure section 384, the Parties will work together in good faith to jointly submit and a proposed amended judgment.

12. **ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.**

12.1 No Admission of Liability, Class Certification or Representative Manageability for Other Purposes. This Agreement represents a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended to or should be construed as an admission by Absolute that any of the allegations in the Operative Complaint have merit or that Absolute has any liability for any claims asserted; nor should it be intended or construed as an admission by Plaintiff that Absolute's defenses in the Action have merit. The Parties agree that class certification and representative treatment is for purposes of this Settlement only. If, for any reason the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval, Final Approval or enter Judgment, Absolute reserves the right to contest certification of any class for any reasons, and Absolute reserves all available defenses to the claims in the Action, and Plaintiff reserves the right to move for class certification on any grounds available and to contest Absolute's defenses. The Settlement, this Agreement and Parties' willingness to settle the Action will have no bearing on, and will not be admissible in connection with, any litigation (except for proceedings to enforce or effectuate the Settlement and this Agreement).

12.2 Confidentiality Prior to Preliminary Approval. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Absolute and Defense Counsel separately agree that, until the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Settlement is filed, they and each of them will not disclose, disseminate and/or publicize, or cause or permit another person to disclose, disseminate or

publicize, any of the terms of the Agreement directly or indirectly, specifically or generally, to any person, corporation, association, government agency, or other entity except: (1) to the Parties' attorneys, accountants, or spouses, all of whom will be instructed to keep this Agreement confidential; (2) counsel in a related matter; (3) to the extent necessary to report income to appropriate taxing authorities; (4) in response to a court order or subpoena; or (5) in response to an inquiry or subpoena issued by a state or federal government agency. Each Party agrees to immediately notify each other Party of any judicial or agency order, inquiry, or subpoena seeking such information. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Absolute and Defense Counsel separately agree not to, directly or indirectly, initiate any conversation or other communication, before the filing of the Motion for Preliminary Approval, any with third party regarding this Agreement or the matters giving rise to this Agreement except to respond only that "the matter was resolved," or words to that effect. This paragraph does not restrict Class Counsel's communications with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.

12.3 No Solicitation. The Parties separately agree that they and their respective counsel and employees will not solicit any Class Member to opt out of or object to the Settlement, or appeal from the Judgment. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to restrict Class Counsel's ability to communicate with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.

12.4 Integrated Agreement. Upon execution by all Parties and their counsel, this Agreement together with its attached exhibits shall constitute the entire agreement between the Parties relating to the Settlement, superseding any and all oral representations, warranties, covenants, or inducements made to or by any Party.

12.5 Attorney Authorization. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel separately warrant and represent that they are authorized by Plaintiff and Absolute, respectively, to take all appropriate action required or permitted to be taken by such Parties pursuant to this Agreement to effectuate its terms, and to execute any other documents reasonably required to effectuate the terms of this Agreement including any amendments to this Agreement.

12.6 Cooperation. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts, in good faith, to implement the Settlement by, among other things, modifying the Settlement Agreement, submitting supplemental evidence, and supplementing points and authorities as requested by the Court. In the event the Parties are unable to agree upon the form or content of any document necessary to implement the Settlement, or on any modification of the Agreement that may become necessary to implement the Settlement, the Parties will seek the assistance of a mediator and/or the Court for resolution.

12.7 No Prior Assignments. The Parties separately represent and warrant that they have not directly or indirectly assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity and portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or right released and discharged by the Party in this Settlement.

12.8 No Tax Advice. Neither Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Absolute nor

Defense Counsel are providing any advice regarding taxes or taxability, nor shall anything in this Settlement be relied upon as such within the meaning of United States Treasury Department Circular 230 (31 CFR Part 10, as amended) or otherwise.

12.9 Modification of Agreement. This Agreement, and all parts of it, may be amended, modified, changed, or waived only by an express written instrument signed by all Parties or their representatives, and approved by the Court.

12.10 Agreement Binding on Successors. This Agreement will be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors of each of the Parties.

12.11 Applicable Law. All terms and conditions of this Agreement and its exhibits will be governed by and interpreted according to the internal laws of the state of California, without regard to conflict of law principles.

12.12 Cooperation in Drafting. The Parties have cooperated in the drafting and preparation of this Agreement. This Agreement will not be construed against any Party on the basis that the Party was the drafter or participated in the drafting.

12.13 Confidentiality. To the extent permitted by law, all agreements made, and orders entered during Action and in this Agreement relating to the confidentiality of information shall survive the execution of this Agreement.

12.14 Use and Return of Class Data. Information provided to Class Counsel pursuant to Cal. Evid. Code §1152, and all copies and summaries of the Class Data provided to Class Counsel by Absolute in connection with the mediation, other settlement negotiations, or in connection with the Settlement, may be used only with respect to this Settlement, and no other purpose, and may not be used in any way that violates any existing contractual agreement, statute, or rule of court. Not later than 90 days after the date when the Court discharges the Administrator's obligation to provide a Declaration confirming the final pay out of all Settlement funds, Plaintiff and Class Counsel shall each destroy, all paper and electronic versions of Class Data received from Absolute unless, prior to the Court's discharge of the Administrator's obligation, Absolute makes a written request to Class Counsel for the return, rather than the destructions, of Class Data.

12.15 Headings. The descriptive heading of any section or paragraph of this Agreement is inserted for convenience of reference only and does not constitute a part of this Agreement.

12.16 Calendar Days. Unless otherwise noted, all reference to "days" in this Agreement shall be to calendar days. In the event any date or deadline set forth in this Agreement falls on a weekend or federal legal holiday, such date or deadline shall be on the first business day thereafter.

12.17 Notice. All notices, demands or other communications between the Parties in connection with this Agreement will be in writing and deemed to have been duly given as of the third business day after mailing by United States mail, or the day sent by email or messenger, addressed as follows:

To Plaintiff:

Justin F. Marquez (justin@wilshirelawfirm.com)
Benjamin H. Haber (benjamin@wilshirelawfirm.com)
Arrash T. Fattahi (afattahi@wilshirelawfirm.com)
WILSHIRE LAW FIRM
3055 Wilshire Blvd., 12th Floor
Los Angeles, California 90010
Telephone: (213) 381-9988
Facsimile: (213) 381-9989

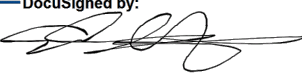
To Absolute:

Amy Patton (arp@paynefears.com)
Blake Dillion (bad@paynefears.com)
PAYNE & FEARS LLP
4 Park Plaza, Suite 1100
Irvine, California 92614
Telephone: 949.851.1100
Facsimile: 949.851.1212

12.18 Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts by facsimile, electronically (i.e. DocuSign), or email which for purposes of this Agreement shall be accepted as an original. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument if counsel for the Parties will exchange between themselves signed counterparts. Any executed counterpart will be admissible in evidence to prove the existence and contents of this Agreement.

12.19 Stay of Litigation. The Parties agree that upon the execution of this Agreement the litigation shall be stayed, except to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. The Parties further agree that upon the signing of this Agreement that pursuant to CCP section 583.330 to extend the date to bring a case to trial under CCP section 583.310 for the entire period of this settlement process.

EILEEN HARRIS

DocuSigned by:

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Date: 7/18/2024

**D&D GEAR INCORPORATED DBA
ABSOLUTE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**

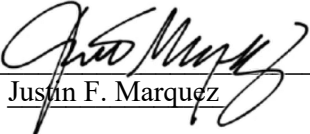

Bill Beverage (Jul 18, 2024 14:55 MDT)

By: Bill Beverage
Title: Authorized Signer

Date: Jul 18, 2024

AS TO FORM ONLY:

COUNSEL FOR EILEEN HARRIS


By: Justin F. Marquez

Date: 7/18/2024

**COUNSEL FOR D&D GEAR
INCORPORATED DBA ABSOLUTE
TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**


By: Blake A. Dillion

Date: 07/18/2024

Exhibit A

COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING
DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL

EILEEN HARRIS V. D & D GEAR INCORPORATED DBA ABSOLUTE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,
Case No. 30-2021-01222330

The Superior Court for the State of California authorized this Notice. Read it carefully!
It's not junk mail, spam, an advertisement, or solicitation by a lawyer. You are not being sued.

You may be eligible to receive money from an employee class action lawsuit (“Action”) against D&D Gear Inc., dba Absolute Technologies, Inc. (“Absolute”) for alleged wage and hour violations. The Action was filed by a former Absolute employee Eileen Harris (“Plaintiff”) and seeks damages for the alleged failure to (a) pay minimum and straight time wages; (b) pay overtime wages; (c) provide meal periods; (d) authorize and permit rest periods; (e) timely pay final wages at termination; (f) provide accurate itemized wage statements; and (g) indemnify employees for expenditures; and for alleged unfair business practices arising out of the same for a class of hourly employees (“Class Members”) who worked for Absolute during the Class Period (March 27, 2017 to [date of preliminary approval]); and (2) penalties under the California Private Attorney General Act (“PAGA”) for all hourly employees who worked for Absolute during the PAGA Period (January 12, 2023 to [date of preliminary approval]) (“Aggrieved Employees”).

The proposed Settlement has two main parts: (1) a Class Settlement requiring Absolute to fund Individual Class Payments, and (2) a PAGA Settlement requiring Absolute to fund Individual PAGA Payments and pay penalties to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”).

Based on Absolute’s records, and the Parties’ current assumptions, **your Individual Class Payment is estimated to be \$_____ (less withholding) and your Individual PAGA Payment is estimated to be \$_____**. The actual amount you may receive likely will be different and will depend on a number of factors. (If no amount is stated for your Individual PAGA Payment, then according to Absolute’s records you are not eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment under the Settlement because you didn’t work during the PAGA Period.)

The above estimates are based on Absolute’s records showing that **you worked _____ workweeks** during the Class Period and **you worked _____ workweeks** during the PAGA Period. If you believe that you worked more workweeks during either period, you can submit a challenge by the deadline date. See Section 4 of this Notice.

The Court has already preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement and approved this Notice. The Court has not yet decided whether to grant final approval. Your legal rights are affected whether you act or not act. Read this Notice carefully. You will be deemed to have carefully read and understood it. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will decide whether to finally approve the Settlement and how much of the Settlement will be paid to Plaintiff and Plaintiff’s attorneys (“Class Counsel”). The Court will also decide whether to enter a judgment that requires Absolute to make payments under the Settlement and requires Class Members and Aggrieved Employees to give up their rights to assert certain claims against Absolute.

If you worked for Absolute during the Class Period and/or the PAGA Period, you have two basic options under the Settlement:

- (1) **Do Nothing.** You don't have to do anything to participate in the proposed Settlement and be eligible for an Individual Class Payment and/or an Individual PAGA Payment. As a Participating Class Member, though, you will give up your right to assert Class Period wage claims and PAGA Period penalty claims against Absolute.
- (2) **Opt-Out of the Class Settlement.** You can exclude yourself from the Class Settlement (opt-out) by submitting the written Request for Exclusion or otherwise notifying the Administrator in writing. If you opt-out of the Settlement, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment. You will, however, preserve your right to personally pursue Class Period wage claims against Absolute, and, if you are an Aggrieved Employee, remain eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement.

Absolute will not retaliate against you for any actions you take with respect to the proposed Settlement.

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT

You Don't Have to Do Anything to Participate in the Settlement	If you do nothing, you will be a Participating Class Member, eligible for an Individual Class Payment and an Individual PAGA Payment (if any). In exchange, you will give up your right to assert the wage claims against Absolute that are covered by this Settlement (Released Claims).
You Can Opt-out of the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement	If you don't want to fully participate in the proposed Settlement, you can opt-out of the Class Settlement by sending the Administrator a written Request for Exclusion. Once excluded, you will be a Non-Participating Class Member and no longer eligible for an Individual Class Payment. Non-Participating Class Members cannot object to any portion of the proposed Settlement. See Section 6 of this Notice.
The Opt-out Deadline is 	You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement. Absolute must pay Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees and the Aggrieved Employees must give up their rights to pursue Released Claims (defined below).
Participating Class Members Can Object to the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement	All Class Members who do not opt-out ("Participating Class Members") can object to any aspect of the proposed Settlement. The Court's decision whether to finally approve the Settlement will include a determination of how much will be paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff who pursued the Action on behalf of the Class. You are not personally responsible for any payments to Class Counsel or Plaintiff, but every dollar paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff reduces the overall amount paid to Participating Class Members. You can object to the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff if you think they are unreasonable. See Section 7 of this Notice.
Written Objections Must be Submitted by 	

You Can Participate in the _____ Final Approval Hearing	The Court’s Final Approval Hearing is scheduled to take place on _____. You don’t have to attend but you do have the right to appear (or hire an attorney to appear on your behalf at your own cost), in person, by telephone or by using the Court’s virtual appearance platform. Participating Class Members can verbally object to the Settlement at the Final Approval Hearing. See Section 8 of this Notice.
You Can Challenge the Calculation of Your Workweeks/Pay Periods Written Challenges Must be Submitted by _____	The amount of your Individual Class Payment and PAGA Payment (if any) depend on how many workweeks you worked at least one day during the Class Period and how many Pay Periods you worked at least one day during the PAGA Period, respectively. The number Class Period Workweeks and number of PAGA Period Pay Periods you worked according to Absolute’s records is stated on the first page of this Notice. If you disagree with either of these numbers, you must challenge it by _____. See Section 4 of this Notice.

1. WHAT IS THE ACTION ABOUT?

Plaintiff is a former Absolute employee. The Action accuses Absolute of violating California labor laws by failing to pay [e.g., overtime wages, minimum wages, wages due upon termination and reimbursable expenses] and failing to provide [e.g., meal periods, rest breaks and accurate itemized wage statements]. Based on the same claims, Plaintiff has also asserted a claim for civil penalties under the California Private Attorneys General Act (Labor Code §§ 2698, et seq.) (“PAGA”). Plaintiff is represented by attorneys in the Action: Justin Marquez, Benjamin Haber, and Arrash Fattahi of Wilshire Law Firm, PLC (“Class Counsel.”)

Absolute strongly denies violating any laws or failing to pay any wages and contends it complied with all applicable laws.

2. WHAT DOES IT MEAN THAT THE ACTION HAS SETTLED?

So far, the Court has made no determination whether Absolute or Plaintiff is correct on the merits. In the meantime, Plaintiff and Absolute hired a retired judge in an effort to resolve the Action by negotiating an to end the case by agreement (settle the case) rather than continuing the expensive and time-consuming process of litigation. The negotiations were successful. By signing a lengthy written settlement agreement (“Agreement”) and agreeing to jointly ask the Court to enter a judgment ending the Action and enforcing the Agreement, Plaintiff and Absolute have negotiated a proposed Settlement that is subject to the Court’s Final Approval. Both sides agree the proposed Settlement is a compromise of disputed claims. By agreeing to settle, Absolute does not admit any violations or concede the merit of any claims.

Plaintiff and Class Counsel strongly believe the Settlement is a good deal for you because they believe that: (1) Absolute has agreed to pay a fair, reasonable and adequate amount considering the strength of the claims and the risks and uncertainties of continued litigation; and (2) Settlement is

in the best interests of the Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. The Court preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement as fair, reasonable and adequate, authorized this Notice, and scheduled a hearing to determine Final Approval.

3. WHAT ARE THE IMPORTANT TERMS OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT?

1. Absolute Will Pay \$875,000.00 as the Gross Settlement Amount (Gross Settlement). Absolute has agreed to deposit the Gross Settlement into an account controlled by the Administrator of the Settlement. The Administrator will use the Gross Settlement to pay the Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel's attorney's fees and expenses, the Administrator's expenses, and penalties to be paid to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA"). Assuming the Court grants Final Approval, Absolute will fund the Gross Settlement not more than 20 business days after the Judgment entered by the Court becomes final. The Judgment will be final on the date the Court enters Judgment, or a later date if Participating Class Members object to the proposed Settlement or the Judgment is appealed.
2. Court Approved Deductions from Gross Settlement. At the Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve the following deductions from the Gross Settlement, the amounts of which will be decided by the Court at the Final Approval Hearing:
 - A. Up to \$ 291,666.67 (33 1/3% of the Gross Settlement] to Class Counsel for attorneys' fees and up to \$25,000 for their litigation expenses. To date, Class Counsel have worked and incurred expenses on the Action without payment.
 - B. Up to \$15,000.00 as a Class Representative Award for filing the Action, working with Class Counsel and representing the Class. A Class Representative Award will be the only monies Plaintiff will receive other than Plaintiff's Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment.
 - C. Up to \$15,000.00 to the Administrator for services administering the Settlement.
 - D. Up to \$40,000.00 for PAGA Penalties, allocated 75% to the LWDAPAGA Payment and 25% in Individual PAGA Payments to the Aggrieved Employees based on their PAGA Period Pay Periods.

Participating Class Members have the right to object to any of these deductions. The Court will consider all objections.

3. Net Settlement Distributed to Class Members. After making the above deductions in amounts approved by the Court, the Administrator will distribute the rest of the Gross Settlement (the "Net Settlement") by making Individual Class Payments to Participating Class Members based on their Class Period Workweeks.
4. Taxes Owed on Payments to Class Members. Plaintiff and Absolute are asking the Court to approve an allocation of 20% of each Individual Class Payment to taxable wages ("Wage Portion") and 80% to interest and penalties ("Non-Wage Portion."). The Wage Portion is

subject to withholdings and will be reported on IRS W-2 Forms. (Absolute will separately pay employer payroll taxes it owes on the Wage Portion.) The Individual PAGA Payments are counted as penalties rather than wages for tax purposes. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments and the Non-Wage Portions of the Individual Class Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.

Although Plaintiff and Absolute have agreed to these allocations, neither side is giving you any advice on whether your Payments are taxable or how much you might owe in taxes. You are responsible for paying all taxes (including penalties and interest on back taxes) on any Payments received from the proposed Settlement. You should consult a tax advisor if you have any questions about the tax consequences of the proposed Settlement.

5. Need to Promptly Cash Payment Checks. The front of every check issued for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments will show the date when the check expires (the void date). If you don't cash it by the void date, your check will be automatically cancelled, and the monies will be deposited with the California Controller's Unclaimed Property Fund in your name. If the monies represented by your check is sent to the Controller's Unclaimed Property, you should consult the rules of the Fund for instructions on how to retrieve your money.
6. Requests for Exclusion from the Class Settlement (Opt-Outs). You will be treated as a Participating Class Member, participating fully in the Class Settlement, unless you notify the Administrator in writing, not later than _____, that you wish to opt-out. The easiest way to notify the Administrator is to send a written and signed Request for Exclusion by the _____ Response Deadline. The Request for Exclusion should be a letter from a Class Member or his/her representative setting forth a Class Member's name, present address, telephone number, and a simple statement electing to be excluded from the Settlement. Excluded Class Members (i.e., Non-Participating Class Members) will not receive Individual Class Payments, but will preserve their rights to personally pursue wage and hour claims against Absolute.

You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the Settlement. Class Members who exclude themselves from the Class Settlement (Non-Participating Class Members) remain eligible for Individual PAGA Payments and are required to give up their right to assert PAGA claims against Absolute based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action.

7. The Proposed Settlement Will be Void if the Court Denies Final Approval. It is possible the Court will decline to grant Final Approval of the Settlement or decline enter a Judgment. It is also possible the Court will enter a Judgment that is reversed on appeal. Plaintiffs and Absolute have agreed that, in either case, the Settlement will be void: Absolute will not pay any money and Class Members will not release any claims against Absolute.
8. Administrator. The Court has appointed a neutral company, CPT Group (the "Administrator") to send this Notice, calculate and make payments, and process Class Members' Requests for Exclusion. The Administrator will also decide Class Member Challenges over Workweeks, mail and re-mail settlement checks and tax forms, and perform other tasks necessary to administer the Settlement. The Administrator's contact information is contained in Section 9 of this Notice.

9. Participating Class Members' Release. After the Judgment is final and Absolute has fully funded the Gross Settlement (and separately paid all employer payroll taxes), Participating Class Members will be legally barred from asserting any of the claims released under the Settlement. This means that unless you opted out by validly excluding yourself from the Class Settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Absolute or related entities for wages based on the Class Period facts and PAGA penalties based on PAGA Period facts, as alleged in the Action and resolved by this Settlement.

The Participating Class Members will be bound by the following release:

All Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties from (i) all claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the Class Period facts stated in the Operative Complaint and ascertained in the course of the Action including, e.g., the alleged failure to (a) pay minimum and straight time wages; (b) pay overtime wages; (c) provide meal periods; (d) authorize and permit rest periods; (e) timely pay final wages at termination; (f) provide accurate itemized wage statements; and (g) indemnify employees for expenditures; and for alleged unfair business practices arising out of the same. Except as set forth in Section 5.3 of the Settlement Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

10. Aggrieved Employees' PAGA Release. After the Court's judgment is final, and Absolute has paid the Gross Settlement (and separately paid the employer-side payroll taxes), all Aggrieved Employees will be barred from asserting PAGA claims against Absolute, whether or not they exclude themselves from the Settlement. This means that all Aggrieved Employees, including those who are Participating Class Members and those who opt-out of the Class Settlement, cannot sue, continue to sue, or participate in any other PAGA claim against Absolute or its related entities based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action and resolved by this Settlement.

The Aggrieved Employees' Releases for Participating and Non-Participating Class Members are as follows:

All Participating and Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties, from all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the PAGA Period facts stated in the Operative Complaint, the PAGA Notice and ascertained in the course of the Action including, e.g., the alleged failure to (a) pay minimum and straight time wages; (b) pay overtime wages; (c) provide meal periods; (d) authorize and permit rest periods; (e) timely pay final wages at termination; (f) provide accurate itemized wage statements; and (g) indemnify employees for

expenditures.

4. HOW WILL THE ADMINISTRATOR CALCULATE MY PAYMENT?

1. Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual Class Payments by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members, and (b) multiplying the result by the number of Workweeks worked by each individual Participating Class Member.
2. Individual PAGA Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual PAGA Payments by (a) dividing \$10,000.00 by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees and (b) multiplying the result by the number of PAGA Period Pay Periods worked by each individual Aggrieved Employee.
3. Workweek/Pay Period Challenges. The number of Class Workweeks you worked during the Class Period and the number of PAGA Pay Periods you worked during the PAGA Period, as recorded in Absolute's records, are stated in the first page of this Notice. You have until _____ to challenge the number of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods credited to you. You can submit your challenge by signing and sending a letter to the Administrator via mail, email or fax. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

You need to support your challenge by sending copies of pay stubs or other records. The Administrator will accept Absolute's calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods based on Absolute's records as accurate unless you send copies of records containing contrary information. You should send copies rather than originals because the documents will not be returned to you. The Administrator will resolve Workweek and/or Pay Period challenges based on your submission and on input from Class Counsel (who will advocate on behalf of Participating Class Members) and Absolute's Counsel. The Administrator's decision is final. You can't appeal or otherwise challenge its final decision.

5. HOW WILL I GET PAID?

1. Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, by U.S. mail, a single check to every Participating Class Member (i.e., every Class Member who doesn't opt-out) including those who also qualify as Aggrieved Employees. The single check will combine the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment.
2. Non-Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, by U.S. mail, a single Individual PAGA Payment check to every Aggrieved Employee who opts out of the Class Settlement (i.e., every Non-Participating Class Member).

Your check will be sent to the same address as this Notice. If you change your address, be sure to notify the Administrator as soon as possible. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

6. HOW DO I OPT-OUT OF THE CLASS SETTLEMENT?

Submit a written and signed letter with your name, present address, telephone number, and a simple statement that you do not want to participate in the Settlement. The Administrator will exclude you

based on any writing communicating your request be excluded. Be sure to personally sign your request, identify the Action as **Harris v. Absolute**, and include your identifying information (full name, address, telephone number, approximate dates of employment, and social security number for verification purposes). You must make the request yourself. If someone else makes the request for you, it will not be valid. **The Administrator must be sent your request to be excluded by __, or it will be invalid.** Section 9 of the Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

7. **HOW DO I OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT?**

Only Participating Class Members have the right to object to the Settlement. Before deciding whether to object, you may wish to see what Plaintiff and Absolute are asking the Court to approve. At least 16 court days before the _____ Final Approval Hearing, Class Counsel and/or Plaintiff will file in Court (1) a Motion for Final Approval that includes, among other things, the reasons why the proposed Settlement is fair, and (2) a Motion for Fees, Litigation Expenses and Service Award stating (i) the amount Class Counsel is requesting for attorneys' fees and litigation expenses; and (ii) the amount Plaintiff is requesting as a Class Representative Service Award. Upon reasonable request, Class Counsel (whose contact information is in Section 9 of this Notice) will send you copies of these documents at no cost to you. You can also view them on the Administrator's Website _____ (url) _____ or the Court's website <https://civilwebshopping.occourts.org/Search.do#searchAnchor>.

A Participating Class Member who disagrees with any aspect of the Agreement, the Motion for Final Approval and/or Motion for Fees, Litigation Expenses and Service Award may wish to object, for example, that the proposed Settlement is unfair, or that the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff are too high or too low. **The deadline for sending written objections to the Administrator is _____.** Be sure to tell the Administrator what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. Make sure you identify the Action as **Harris v. Absolute**, and include your name, current address, telephone number, and approximate dates of employment for Absolute and sign the objection. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

Alternatively, a Participating Class Member can object (or personally retain a lawyer to object at your own cost) by attending the Final Approval Hearing. You (or your attorney) should be ready to tell the Court what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. See Section 8 of this Notice (immediately below) for specifics regarding the Final Approval Hearing.

8. **CAN I ATTEND THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING?**

You can, but don't have to, attend the Final Approval Hearing on _____ at (time) in Department CX-101 of the Orange County Superior Court, located at 751 W. Santa Ana Blvd., Santa Ana, CA 92701. At the Hearing, the judge will decide whether to grant Final Approval of the Settlement and how much of the Gross Settlement will be paid to Class Counsel, Plaintiff, and the Administrator. The Court will invite comment from objectors, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel before making a decision. You can attend (or hire a lawyer to attend) either personally or virtually via the Court's Remote Hearings website (<https://www.occourts.org/general-information/covid-19-response/civil-covid-19-response/civil-remote-hearings>). Check the Court's website for the most current information.

It's possible the Court will reschedule the Final Approval Hearing. You should check the Administrator's website _____ beforehand or contact Class Counsel to verify the date and time of the Final Approval Hearing.

9. HOW CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION?

The Agreement sets forth everything Absolute and Plaintiff have promised to do under the proposed Settlement. The easiest way to read the Agreement, the Judgment or any other Settlement documents is to go to CPT Group's website at _____ (url) _____. You can also telephone or send an email to Class Counsel or the Administrator using the contact information listed below, or consult the Superior Court website by going to (<http://civilwebshopping.occourts.org/Search.do#searchAnchor>) and entering the Case Number for the Action, Case No. 30-2021-01222330, and the year it was filed, 2021. You can also make an appointment to personally review court documents in the Clerk's Office at the Central Justice Center Courthouse by calling (657) 622-6878.

DO NOT TELEPHONE THE SUPERIOR COURT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT.

Class Counsel:

Justin F. Marquez (justin@wilshirelawfirm.com)

Benjamin H. Haber (benjamin@wilshirelawfirm.com)

Arrash T. Fattahi (afattahi@wilshirelawfirm.com)

WILSHIRE LAW FIRM

3055 Wilshire Blvd., 12th Floor

Los Angeles, California 90010

Telephone: (213) 784-3830

Settlement Administrator:

Name of Company: CPT Group

Email Address:

Mailing Address:

Telephone:

Fax Number:

10. WHAT IF I LOSE MY SETTLEMENT CHECK?

If you lose or misplace your settlement check before cashing it, the Administrator will replace it as long as you request a replacement before the void date on the face of the original check. If your check is already void you should consult the Unclaimed Property Fund, https://www.sco.ca.gov/search_upd.html_for instructions on how to retrieve the funds.

11. WHAT IF I CHANGE MY ADDRESS?

To receive your check, you should immediately notify the Administrator if you move or otherwise change your mailing address.

Exhibit 2

ADDENDUM TO CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This addendum (“Addendum”) is entered into by and between Plaintiff Eileen Harris (“Plaintiff”) and Defendant D&D Technologies, Inc., dba Absolute Technologies, Inc. (“Absolute” or “Defendant”, and collectively with Plaintiff, the “Parties”) to modify as set forth herein that certain Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”) entered into by and between the Parties on or about July 19, 2024.

RECITALS

A. On or about July 19, 2024, the Parties entered into a long-form settlement agreement to resolve the claims and causes of action alleged in Plaintiff’s individual, class, and representative action against Defendant, captioned EILEEN HARRIS V. D & D GEAR INCORPORATED DBA ABSOLUTE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., Case No. 30-2021-01222330 initiated on September 20, 2021 and pending in Superior Court of the State of California, County of Orange.

B. Section 8 of the Agreement includes an Escalator Clause which provides in relevant part that

If the number of Total Workweeks exceeds 63,194 by more than 10%, Absolute shall have the sole option to: (i) increase the Gross Settlement Amount proportionally per additional Workweek period (i.e. if there is an 11% increase in the number of Total Workweeks, Absolute will agree to increase the Gross Settlement Amount by 1%); or (ii) end the Class Period and the PAGA Period as of the date that the number of Total Workweeks reaches 10% above the estimated numbers.

C. Based on its business records, Absolute has now determined that the number of Total Workweeks reached 10% above the estimated numbers during the workweek ending August 25, 2024 and chooses, in its sole discretion, to end the Class Period and PAGA Period as of that date.

D. Section 3.2.2 includes a provision that allows for “Class Counsel Litigation Expense Payments of not more than \$25,000.”

E. Based on Class Counsel’s current records, the costs expended thus far exceed \$25,000 due to litigation costs that incurred in December 2023 and early-2024 but were not fully itemized when the Parties began drafting the Agreement. The Parties agree to allow Class Counsel to seek Class Counsel Litigation Expense Payments of not more than \$30,000, subject to Court approval.

F. The Parties agree that the terms and conditions of the Agreement are in full force and effect and that the purpose of this Addendum is not to alter those terms and conditions, except to (1) set a date certain on which the Class Period and the PAGA Period will end, and (2) modify the Class Counsel Litigation Expense Payments.

G. Plaintiff and Defendant hereby agree to enter into this Addendum and, in doing so, modify the Agreement as set forth below:

1. Section 1.12 is deleted and replaced with the following: "Class Period" means the period from March 26, 2017 to August 25, 2024.

2. Section 1.31 is deleted and replaced with the following: "PAGA Period" means the period from January 12, 2023 to August 25, 2024.

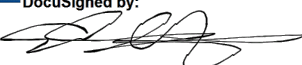
3. Section 3.2.2 of the Agreement is amended such that the language "Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than \$25,000" is deleted and replaced with "Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment of not more than \$30,000."

4. Section 2(A) of the Class Notice is amended such that the language "Class Counsel for fees and up to \$25,000 for their litigation expenses" is deleted and replaced with "Class Counsel for fees and up to \$30,000 for their litigation expenses."

H. This Addendum may be executed in one or more counterparts by facsimile, electronically (i.e. DocuSign), or email which for purposes of this Addendum shall be accepted as an original. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument if counsel for the Parties will exchange between themselves signed counterparts. Any executed counterpart will be admissible in evidence to prove the existence and contents of this Addendum.

REVIEWED AND AGREED.

EILEEN HARRIS

DocuSigned by:

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Date: 10/3/2024

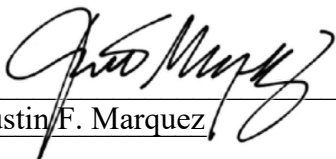
**D&D GEAR INCORPORATED DBA
ABSOLUTE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**

By: _____
Title: Authorized Signer

Date: _____

AS TO FORM ONLY:

COUNSEL FOR EILEEN HARRIS


By: Justin F. Marquez

Date: October 3, 2024

**COUNSEL FOR D&D GEAR
INCORPORATED DBA ABSOLUTE
TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**

By: _____

Date: _____

G. Plaintiff and Defendant hereby agree to enter into this Addendum and, in doing so, modify the Agreement as set forth below:

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REVIEWED AND AGREED.

EILEEN HARRIS

Date: _____

**D&D GEAR INCORPORATED DBA
ABSOLUTE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**

DocuSigned by:

By: Bill Beverage
Title: Authorized Signer
Date: 10/3/2024

AS TO FORM ONLY:

COUNSEL FOR EILEEN HARRIS

By: _____
Date: _____

**COUNSEL FOR D&D GEAR
INCORPORATED DBA ABSOLUTE
TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**


By: Blake A. Dillion
Date: October 3, 2024

Exhibit 3

Timesheet - Benjamin Haber - D&D Gear

Date:	Hours:	Task Code	Description	Defendant	Atty	Case Total:
07/19/21	1.5	L100	Review intake; discuss claims with Justin Marquez (JM) and Arrash Fattahi (AF)	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	1.5
07/20/21	1	L100	Review company research; conduct more company research	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	2.5
07/21/21	0.2	L110	Review retainer and W-9 docs	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	2.7
08/12/21	1.5	L100	Review personnel docs; discuss claims with AF and JM	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	4.2
09/19/21	2.5	L210	Draft complaint; review file	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	6.7
09/20/21	1.0	L210	Finalize complaint and review supporting docs; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	7.7
11/05/21	0.3	L210	Review D's Answer	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	8.0
01/25/22	0.7	L230	Review/edit joint statement	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	8.7
02/10/22	1.2	L310	Review/edit written discovery requests and interrogatories	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	9.9
03/01/22	0.3	L310	Review/edit depo notice	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	10.2
03/14/22	0.4	L330	Review discovery to Plaintiff; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	10.6
04/11/22	2.0	L310	Review Defendant's responses to Plaintiff's initial set of written discovery	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	12.6
04/15/22	2.2	L310	Review/edit Plaintiff's discovery responses; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	14.8
05/05/22	0.8	L300	Review/edit Plaintiff's discovery responses	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	15.6
05/10/22	0.5	L300	Discuss with AF re: IDC process and claims	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	16.1
05/11/22	0.7	L230	Review/edit IDC statement	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	16.8
05/20/22	0.5	L230	Edit/finalize IDC statemenet with AF	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	17.3
05/25/22	1.2	L300	Review/edit M&C letter re: discovery	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	18.5
06/12/22	0.4	L160	Emails with OPC re: mediator; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	18.9

09/12/22	0.2	L230	Review/edit statement	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	19.1
11/17/22	0.5	L160	Review letter re: informal discovery	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	19.6
11/29/22	0.2	L160	E-mails with expert	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	19.8
11/30/22	1.0	L160	Review docs to send to expert	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	20.8
12/05/22	0.5	L160	Review class list for mediation purposes	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	21.3
12/07/22	0.7	L160	Review damages analysis from mediator; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	22.0
12/08/22	0.5	L160	Discuss with AF re: mediation and claims	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	22.5
12/12/22	2.0	L160	Review mediation brief and edits/comments from JM; provide edits; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	24.5
12/13/22	8.0	L160	Preparation for and attendance at mediation with Hon. Amy Hogue (Ret.)	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	32.5
01/24/23	0.4	L230	Review/edit stip for filing	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	32.9
02/01/23	0.4	L200	Review Defendant's substitution of attorney; discuss with AF and JM re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	33.3
02/24/23	0.2	L230	Review/edit stip for filing	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	33.5
03/28/23	2.5	L160	Review updated records for mediation; discuss with AF re: mediation and updated analysis; prepare updated mediation materials for mediator	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	36.0
03/30/23	0.5	L160	Review updated mediation damages analysis; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	36.5
04/04/23	6.0	L160	Preparation for and attendance at 2nd mediation with Hon. Amy Hogue (Ret.)	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	42.5
04/05/23	0.4	L230	Review/edit join statement re: CMC	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	42.9
04/06/23	0.5	L300	Review additional discovery to Plaintiff; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	43.4
06/10/23	0.8	L300	Review Defendant's M&C letter re: Plaintiff's discovery; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	44.2
08/07/23	3.0	L330	Prep of Plaintiff for Deposition	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	47.2
08/08/23	0.8	L330	Call with plaintiff; e-mails to/from OPC re: deposition	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	48.0
08/27/23	1.2	L330	Further prep of Plaintiff for Deposition	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	49.2

08/28/23	8.5	L330	Prep and appear at deposition for Plaintiff	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	57.7
09/22/23	1.5	L250	Review subpoena; call with plaintiff; research law re: subpoenas and privacy concerns; discuss with AF and JM re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	59.2
09/24/23	1.0	L250	More legal research re: subpoena/privacy issues; draft e-mail to OPC re: request to withdraw subpoena	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	60.2
09/24/23	0.8	L190	Call with OPC re: subpoena; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	61.0
09/25/23	0.6	L230	Draft/review joint statement; e-mails re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	61.6
09/26/23	0.3	L190	Call with OPC re: subpoena changes	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	61.9
10/03/23	0.4	L300	E-mails re: Belaire-West; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	62.3
10/12/23	1.5	L220	Review new subpoena; e-mails to/from OPC re: new subpoena	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	63.8
10/12/23	4.5	L220	Research law and draft motion to quash and supporting documents; discuss with AF and JM re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	68.3
10/13/23	1.8	L220	Finalize/edit motion to quash and supporting documents	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	70.1
11/13/23	0.4	L300	Call with plaintiff	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	70.5
11/14/23	0.7	L300	E-mails to/from OPC re: subpoena	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	71.2
11/15/23	0.5	L300	Call with plaintiff; e-mails to OPC re: discovery	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	71.7
11/30/23	0.2	L300	E-mails to/from OPC re: discovery	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	71.9
12/08/23	0.4	L300	Review M&C letter from OPC and objections to depo notice	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	72.3
12/11/23	1.5	L230	Prepare joint statement; review/incorporate edits from OPC; call with OPC re: statement and depo	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	73.8
12/12/23	0.3	L300	E-mails to/from OPC re: depo notice and topics	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	74.1
12/12/23	1.8	L330	Review Plaintiff's Deposition and prepare notes for PMK deposition and mediation	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	75.9
12/13/23	6.0	L330	Review Plaintiff's deposition transcript; prepare outline for PMK; review and prepare documents for depo	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	81.9
12/14/23	5.5	L330	Prepare for and conduct deposition of Defendant's PMK; draft notes re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	87.4
12/14/23	0.8	L300	Call with OPC; provide edits to consent form for subpoena; e-mails re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	88.2

12/19/23	0.5	L300	Review of consent forms; provide to Plaintiff for signature	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	88.7
12/21/23	2.5	L160	Review PMK Deposition and prepare notes re: same for mediation; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	91.2
12/26/23	5.5	L160	Prepare updated mediation brief with additional info from discovery/depositions; prepare updated damages analysis; e-mails to expert re: damages	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	96.7
12/27/23	2.3	L160	Finalize mediation materials for 3rd mediation; review additional edits and discuss with JM and AF	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	99.0
12/28/23	7.0	L160	Prepare for and appear for 3rd mediation	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	106.0
12/12/24	1.2	L160	Call with OPC; prepare notice of settlement and joint stipulation	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	107.2
03/29/24	0.5	L160	Discuss settlement terms w/ AF and JM	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	107.7
04/03/24	1.3	L160	Edits to settlement agreement; discuss with AF re: same; e-mail to OPC re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	109.0
06/18/24	0.8	L160	E-mails and discussions with Bradford Smith (BS) re: settlement and approval motions	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	109.8
06/20/24	0.5	L230	Prepare and finalize stipulation to continue CMC; e-mails to OPC re: settlement	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	110.3
07/10/24	0.3	L160	Review edits to settlement agreement; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	110.6
07/18/24	0.3	L160	E-mails and discussions with internal staff re: settlement and client inquiries	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	110.9
08/26/24	3.0	L260	Review/edit motion for preliminary approval drafts; send to OPC	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	113.9
08/27/24	1.2	L260	Finalize motion for preliminary approval drafts	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	115.1
10/01/24	0.3	L160	Call with OPC re: Addendum; discuss with AF re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	115.4
10/02/24	1.2	L160	E-mails to/from OPC re: Addendum; review/edit Addendum; e-mails to team re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	116.6
10/03/24	0.2	L160	Review signed Addendum; send to OPC	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	116.8
11/11/24	3.3	L260	Draft supplemental briefing iso MPA and supporting docs	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	120.1
11/12/24	2.0	L260	Review/finalize supp briefing for MPA and exhibits	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	122.1
11/21/24	1.2	L200	Review tentative ruling; discuss with team re: same; e-mails to/from OPC re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	123.3
11/21/24	0.4	L260	Draft update proposed order; finalize for filing	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	123.7

12/23/24	0.8	L260	Gather documents for notice process and send e-mail to administrators	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	124.5
12/26/24	0.2	L260	E-mails to/from administrator	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	124.7
01/06/24	0.4	L260	Review notice docs from administaor	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	125.1
01/08/24	0.3	L260	Review calculations for notices	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	125.4
01/20/24	0.5	L260	Final review of class notice docs and calculations; e-mails and approval re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	125.9
02/26/24	0.3	L260	E-mails re: class notice process	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	126.2
2/2025-3/2025	0.5	L260	Review weekly update reports re: notice process	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	126.7
04/01/25	4.2	L260	Review/edit/draft motion for final approval; e-mails to AF and BS re: same	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	130.9
04/02/25	3.0	L260	Review/finalize motion for final approval and supporting docs; finalize exhibits	D&D Gear / ATI	BH	133.9

CONFIDENTIAL WORK PRODUCT - ARRASH FATTAHI TIMESHEET

Date:	Hours:	Task Code	Description	Case	Atty	Case Total:
07/19/21	2.0	L100	Review intake questionnaire & evaluate case for sign up	D&D	AF	2.0
08/12/21	2.0	L100	Review Plaintiff's personnel file & discuss contents with team	D&D	AF	4.0
09/20/21	1.0	L110	Research claims for class action complaint filing	D&D	AF	5.0
11/01/21	0.5	L200	Review Defendant's Answer	D&D	AF	5.5
11/08/21	2.0	L310	Review Defendant's initial set of written discovery propounded on Plaintiff	D&D	AF	7.5
11/29/21	0.1	L230	Review Court's Minute Order	D&D	AF	7.6
01/25/22	0.2	L200	Review & file Plaintiff's posting of jury fees	D&D	AF	7.8
01/25/22	2.0	L230	Prepare & file joint case management conference report	D&D	AF	9.8
02/01/22	0.8	L230	Prepare for & attend status conference	D&D	AF	10.6
02/10/22	3.0	L310	Prepare & propound Plaintiff's initial set of written discovery	D&D	AF	13.6
03/07/22	1.5	L330	Prepare & propound amended deposition notice	D&D	AF	15.1
03/14/22	0.8	L330	Review notice of deposition of Plaintiff & request for production of documents	D&D	AF	15.9
04/11/22	2.0	L310	Review Defendant's responses to Plaintiff's initial set of written discovery	D&D	AF	17.9
04/13/22	1.0	L300	Client call re: case	D&D	AF	18.9
04/15/22	8.0	L310	Prepare Plaintiff's objections & responses to Defendant's initial set of written discovery	D&D	AF	26.9
04/18/22	1.0	L300	Call with opposing counsel re: discovery-related issues	D&D	AF	27.9
05/05/22	2.5	L330	Prepare Plaintiff's objections & responses to Defendant's deposition notice & request for production of documents	D&D	AF	30.4
05/20/22	4.0	L300	Prepare & finalize joint report re: informal discovery conference	D&D	AF	34.4
05/23/22	2.0	L300	Prepare for & attend informal discovery conference	D&D	AF	36.4
05/25/22	5.5	L300	Prepare meet & confer letter re: Defendant's responses to initial set of written discovery & email to opposing counsel	D&D	AF	41.9
06/12/22	0.5	L160	Emails with opposing counsel re: mediator selection	D&D	AF	42.4
07/26/22	0.5	L160	Emails with opposing counsel re: mediator selection	D&D	AF	42.9
09/09/22	0.3	L230	Call with opposing counsel re: upcoming status conference	D&D	AF	43.2
09/12/22	1.0	L230	Prepare & file joint status conference report	D&D	AF	44.2
09/19/22	0.1	L160	Emails with opposing counsel re: mediator selection	D&D	AF	44.3
09/20/22	1.5	L230	Prepare for & attend status conference	D&D	AF	45.8
11/17/22	1.0	L160	Prepare & send informal discovery request letter for mediation	D&D	AF	46.8
11/30/22	0.8	L160	Emails with expert re: first mediation	D&D	AF	47.6
12/12/22	8.0	L160	Draft & finalize mediation brief	D&D	AF	55.6
12/13/22	8.0	L160	Attend first mediation	D&D	AF	63.6
12/13/22	0.2	L160	Review mediator's proposal & discuss with team	D&D	AF	63.8

01/24/23	0.7	L230	Prepare & file joint stipulation to continue status conference	D&D	AF	64.5
02/01/23	0.5	L200	Review Defendant's substitution of attorney & research firm	D&D	AF	65.0
02/24/23	0.3	L200	Email to opposing counsel re: electroinc service	D&D	AF	65.3
02/24/23	0.7	L230	Prepare & file joint stipulation to continue status conference	D&D	AF	66.0
03/28/23	0.2	L160	Emails with expert re: second mediation	D&D	AF	66.2
03/30/23	1.5	L160	Prepare updated damages analysis for second mediation	D&D	AF	67.7
04/04/23	6.0	L160	Attend second mediation	D&D	AF	73.7
04/04/23	1.0	L160	Review meal break analysis sheet produced by Defendant & discuss with team	D&D	AF	74.7
04/04/23	1.0	L160	Review Defendant's mediation brief for second mediation & discuss with team	D&D	AF	75.7
04/05/23	1.0	L230	Prepare & file joint status conference report	D&D	AF	76.7
04/06/23	0.8	L330	Review notice of deposition of Plaintiff & request for production of documents	D&D	AF	77.5
04/12/23	0.8	L230	Prepare for & attend status conference	D&D	AF	78.3
05/24/23	0.5	L330	Review amended notice of deposition of Plaintiff & request for production of documents	D&D	AF	78.8
06/10/23	1.0	L300	Review Defendant's meet & confer letter re: Plaintiff's objections to amended notice of deposition & discuss with team	D&D	AF	79.8
06/21/23	0.5	L330	Review second amended notice of deposition of Plaintiff & request for production of documents	D&D	AF	80.3
08/10/23	0.5	L330	Review third amended notice of deposition of Plaintiff & request for production of documents	D&D	AF	80.8
08/10/23	0.2	L260	Emails with administrator re: <i>Belair-West</i> notice	D&D	AF	81.0
09/28/23	1.5	L330	Review Plaintiff's deposition transcript	D&D	AF	82.5
09/29/23	2.0	L300	Review Defendant's deposition subpoenas for production of business records	D&D	AF	84.5
10/13/23	1.0	L200	Review Plaintiff's motion to quash subpoena & supporting documents	D&D	AF	85.5
10/17/23	1.5	L310	Review Defendant's second set of written discovery propounded on Plaintiff	D&D	AF	87.0
12/21/23	1.5	L330	Review Defendant's PMK's deposition transcript	D&D	AF	88.5
12/27/23	1.0	L160	Review/edit mediation brief for third mediation	D&D	AF	89.5
12/28/23	7.0	L160	Attend third mediation	D&D	AF	96.5
12/28/23	0.1	L160	Review meal period premium chart produced by Defendant for mediation	D&D	AF	96.6
12/28/23	1.0	L260	Review Class List	D&D	AF	97.6
08/27/24	0.5	L260	Review Plaintiff's MPA	D&D	AF	98.1
11/12/24	0.5	L260	Review Plaintiff's supplemental papers ISO MPA	D&D	AF	98.6
03/25/25	0.1	L260	Review joint stipulation to continue deadline to file Plaintiff's MFA	D&D	AF	98.7
1/31/25 - 3/31/25	0.7	L260	Review weekly reports for Class Notice	D&D	AF	99.4
04/02/25	0.5	L260	Review Plaintiff's MFA	D&D	AF	99.9

CONFIDENTIAL and WORK PRODUCT - BRADFORD SMITH TIMESHEETS

Date:	Hours:	Task	Case	Atty	Case total:
06/18/24	1.3	Review case file, pleadings, and document produced during discovery	D&D Gear Inc.	BS	1.3
06/18/24	4.3	MPA and accompanying documents	D&D Gear Inc.	BS	5.6
06/20/24	3.8	Further drafted MPA, Attorney Decl, and proposed order	D&D Gear Inc.	BS	9.4
03/31/25	0.6	Further reviewed case file, pleadings, and document produced during discovery	D&D Gear Inc.	BS	10.0
03/31/25	3.5	Drafted MFA and accompanying documents	D&D Gear Inc.	BS	13.5
04/01/25	3.9	Further Drafted MFA, Attorney Declaration ISO, and Proposed Order	D&D Gear Inc.	BS	17.4
04/01/25	1.4	Further drafted MFA and exhibits	D&D Gear Inc.	BS	18.8

CONFIDENTIAL and WORK PRODUCT - REBECCA PADILLA TIMESHEET

Date:	Hours:	Task Code	Description	Case	Paralegal	Case total:
08/12/21	1.4	L210	Personnel Records Saved and Circulated	D&D Gear	RP	1.4
01/25/22	1.1	L210	Prepared and Filed Joint CMC Report	D&D Gear	RP	2.5
01/25/22	1.5	L210	Draft and Filed Ntc to Post Jury Fees	D&D Gear	RP	4.0
03/07/22	1.2	L210	Prepared and Served Amended Depo Ntc to Def	D&D Gear	RP	5.2
04/15/22	0.3	L190	Call with CL re Discovery Responses Verifications	D&D Gear	RP	5.5
04/15/22	0.2	L190	Verifications sent to CL via Docusign	D&D Gear	RP	5.7
01/26/23	1.5	L210	Drafted and Filed Ntc of Order Granting Stip to Con't SC	D&D Gear	RP	7.2
04/05/23	1.1	L210	Prepared and Filed Joint SC Stmt	D&D Gear	RP	8.3
08/03/23	1.0	L210	Prepared and Served OBJ RSP to Def's 2nd Amended Depo Ntc	D&D Gear	RP	9.3
08/28/23	0.5	L190	Download and Save Pltff Harris' Depo Transcripts	D&D Gear	RP	9.8
09/03/23	0.2	L190	Document saved - Records Request Order	D&D Gear	RP	10.0
09/25/23	1.1	L210	Prepared and Filed Joint SC Stmt	D&D Gear	RP	11.1
11/29/23	1.0	L210	Prepare Discovery Response Shells	D&D Gear	RP	12.1
12/11/23	1.2	L210	Prepared and Filed Joint SC Stmt	D&D Gear	RP	13.3
01/24/24	1.1	L210	Prepared and Filed Ntc of Settlement and Stip to Con't Case Related Deadlines	D&D Gear	RP	14.4
01/30/24	1.5	L210	Drafted and Filed Ntc of Order Granting Stip to Con't Case Related Deadlines	D&D Gear	RP	15.9
04/04/24	1.1	L210	Prepared and Filed Stip to Con't SC and Set MPA Date	D&D Gear	RP	17.0
04/08/24	1.5	L210	Drafted and Filed Ntc of Order Granting Stip to Con't SC and Set MPA Hearing	D&D Gear	RP	18.5
06/20/24	1.1	L210	Prepared and Filed Joint Stip to Con't SC	D&D Gear	RP	19.6
06/24/24	1.3	L210	Prepared and Filed FAC	D&D Gear	RP	20.9
06/24/24	0.2	L190	LWDA Submission re FAC	D&D Gear	RP	21.1
06/26/24	1.5	L210	Drafted and Filed Ntc of Order Granting Stip to File FAC	D&D Gear	RP	22.6
07/18/24	0.5	L210	Call with CL re Settlement Agreement	D&D Gear	RP	23.1
07/18/24	0.2	L210	Settlement Agreement sent via Docusign	D&D Gear	RP	23.3
08/27/24	0.3	L190	Call with CL re MPA Decl.	D&D Gear	RP	23.6
08/27/24	0.2	L190	MPA Decl. sent via Docusign	D&D Gear	RP	23.8
08/27/24	2.9	L210	Prepared and Filed MPA	D&D Gear	RP	26.7
08/27/24	0.7	L190	LWDA Submission re MPA	D&D Gear	RP	27.4
10/03/24	0.2	L190	Call with CL re Amended Settlement Agreement	D&D Gear	RP	27.6
10/03/24	0.2	L190	Amended Settlement Agreement sent via Docusign	D&D Gear	RP	27.8
11/12/24	2.0	L210	Prepared and Filed Suppl Brief ISO MPA	D&D Gear	RP	29.8
03/25/25	1.1	L210	Prepared and Filed Stip to Con't MFA	D&D Gear	RP	30.9

Exhibit 4

Wilshire Law Firm, PLC
Transaction Detail by Account
All Transactions

1/14/2025
Accrual Basis

Type	Date	Num	Memo	Amount	Balance
COS					
Mediation Fees					
	10/5/2022	38269	Mediation Fee - Hon. Amy D. Hogue	7,450.00	7,450.00
	12/15/2023	55558	Mediation Fee - Hon. Amy D. Hogue	3,750.00	3,750.00
Total MEDIATION FEES				11,200.00	11,200.00
Expert Fees					
	12/15/2022	7258	Expert Fees - Berger Consulting Group	2,750.00	2,750.00
	4/10/2023	8536	Expert Fees - Berger Consulting Group	250.00	3,000.00
	1/5/2024	10428	Expert Fees - Berger Consulting Group	760.00	3,760.00
	2/13/2024	17242-01	Expert Fees - CPT Group Inc.	1,074.86	4,834.86
Total EXPERT FEES				4,834.86	4,834.86
Legal Expenses					
	12/27/2023	34456	Court Reporting Services - CalDepo	1,125.00	1,125.00
	12/28/2023	34478	Court Reporting Services - CalDepo	4,627.73	5,752.73
	4/2/2025	34456(2)	Court Reporting Services - CalDepo	180.62	5,933.35
	4/2/2025	34478(2)	Court Reporting Services - CalDepo	823.51	6,756.86
	9/27/2023	230828.CPY2	Court Reporting Services - DVR Enterprises	863.50	7,620.36
	2/2/2022	2/2/2022	Court Call	94.00	7,714.36
	1/16/2024		PAGA Fee	75.00	7,789.36
	8/6/2021	844796769	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	44.70	7,834.06
	10/11/2021	845122362	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	30.26	7,864.32
	5/6/2022	846308554	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	3.39	7,867.71
	6/10/2022	846472397	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	313.72	8,181.43
	6/10/2022	846472397	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	39.61	8,221.04
	6/10/2022	846472397	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	245.25	8,466.29
	5/4/2023	848257744	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	100.28	8,566.57
	10/5/2023	849055448	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	453.47	9,020.04
	11/6/2023	849221290	Westlaw Research (CCP 1033.5(c)(4))	105.09	9,125.13
Total LEGAL EXPENSES				9,125.13	9,125.13
Process Service Fees					
	1/25/2022		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	12.35	12.35
	1/26/2022		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	169.10	181.45
	9/12/2022		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	16.21	197.66
	1/25/2023		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	36.24	233.90
	1/27/2023		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	16.68	250.58
	2/27/2023		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	37.27	287.85
	2/28/2023		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	16.68	304.53
	4/5/2023		Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	16.68	321.21
	9/25/2023	21285406	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	16.68	337.89
	10/17/2023	21417036	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	78.45	416.34
	12/11/2023	21807678	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	16.68	433.02
	1/24/2024	22007790	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	38.30	471.32
	2/6/2024	22122131	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	17.71	489.03
	4/5/2024	22122131	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	17.71	506.74
	4/12/2024	22605020	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	17.71	524.45
	6/6/2024	22007790(2)	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	1.00	525.45
	6/6/2024	22122131(2)	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	1.00	526.45
	6/6/2024	22605020(2)	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	1.00	527.45
	6/6/2024	22628099(2)	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	1.00	528.45
	6/21/2024	23171092	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	39.33	567.78
	6/21/2024	23171563	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	39.33	607.11
	7/2/2024	23190199	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	18.74	625.85
	7/2/2024	22793342	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	18.74	644.59
	7/8/2024	23206599	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	18.74	663.33
	8/27/2024	23615712	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	18.74	682.07
	8/28/2024	23615660	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	80.51	762.58
	11/12/2024	24128788	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	17.76	780.34
	11/25/2024	24195576	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	17.76	798.10
	3/27/2025	25017408	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	19.82	817.92
	3/26/2025	25006668	Attorney Services - One Legal LLC	41.51	859.43
	5/12/2022		Orange County Superior Court Doc. Retrieval	7.50	866.93
	5/10/2022		Orange County Superior Court Doc. Retrieval	15.00	881.93
	5/20/2022		Orange County Superior Court Doc. Retrieval	7.50	889.43
	12/19/2023		Orange County Superior Court Doc. Retrieval	7.57	897.00
	1/16/2024		Orange County Superior Court Doc. Retrieval	7.50	904.50

	9/23/2021	40383	Attorney Services - Valpro	1,663.50	2,568.00
	10/7/2021	40895	Attorney Services - Valpro	45.00	2,613.00
	10/6/2021	40834	Attorney Services - Valpro	143.00	2,756.00
	10/16/2023	66341	Attorney Services - Valpro	142.00	2,898.00
	10/16/2023	66340	Attorney Services - Valpro	142.00	3,040.00
Total PROCESS SERVICE FEES				3,040.00	3,040.00
Other Costs					
	8/27/2024	E-3235541	Postage Cost	1.89	1.89
	7/18/2024	E-3234374	Postage Cost	1.89	3.78
	11/30/2023	E-3163965	Postage Cost	1.89	5.67
	2/24/2023	E-3014012	Printing Cost	1.75	7.42
	4/7/2022	E-924252	Printing Cost	7.75	15.17
	1/15/2024	E-3172694	Postage Cost	7.42	22.59
	1/15/2024	E-3172690	Postage Cost	7.42	30.01
	1/15/2024	E-3172695	Postage Cost	7.42	37.43
	7/23/2021	E-526592	Postage Cost	5.86	43.29
	7/22/2021	E-526447	Postage Cost	5.86	49.15
	7/22/2021	E-526446	Postage Cost	5.86	55.01
	7/22/2021	E-526445	Postage Cost	5.86	60.87
	7/22/2021	E-526444	Postage Cost	5.86	66.73
Total OTHER COSTS				66.73	66.73
TOTAL				28,266.72	28,266.72

Exhibit 5



ELM Solutions

2022 Real Rate Report[®]

The industry's leading
analysis of law firm rates,
trends, and practices

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Report Use Considerations

2022 Real Rate Report

- Examines law firm rates over time
- Identifies rates by location, experience, firm size, areas of expertise, industry, and timekeeper role (i.e., partner, associate, and paralegal)
- Itemizes variables that drive rates up or down

All the analyses included in the report derive from the actual rates charged by law firm professionals as recorded on invoices submitted and approved for payment.

Examining real, approved rate information, along with the ranges of those rates and their changes over time, highlights the role these variables play in driving aggregate legal cost and income. The analyses can energize questions for both corporate clients and law firm principals.

Clients might ask whether they are paying the right amount for different types of legal services, while law firm principals might ask whether they are charging the right amount for legal services and whether to modify their pricing approach.

Some key factors¹ that drive rates²:

Attorney location - Lawyers in urban and major metropolitan areas tend to charge more when compared with lawyers in rural areas or small towns.

Litigation complexity - The cost of representation will be higher if the case is particularly complex or time-consuming; for example, if there are a large number of documents to review, many witnesses to depose, and numerous procedural steps, the case is likely to cost more (regardless of other factors like the lawyer's level of experience).

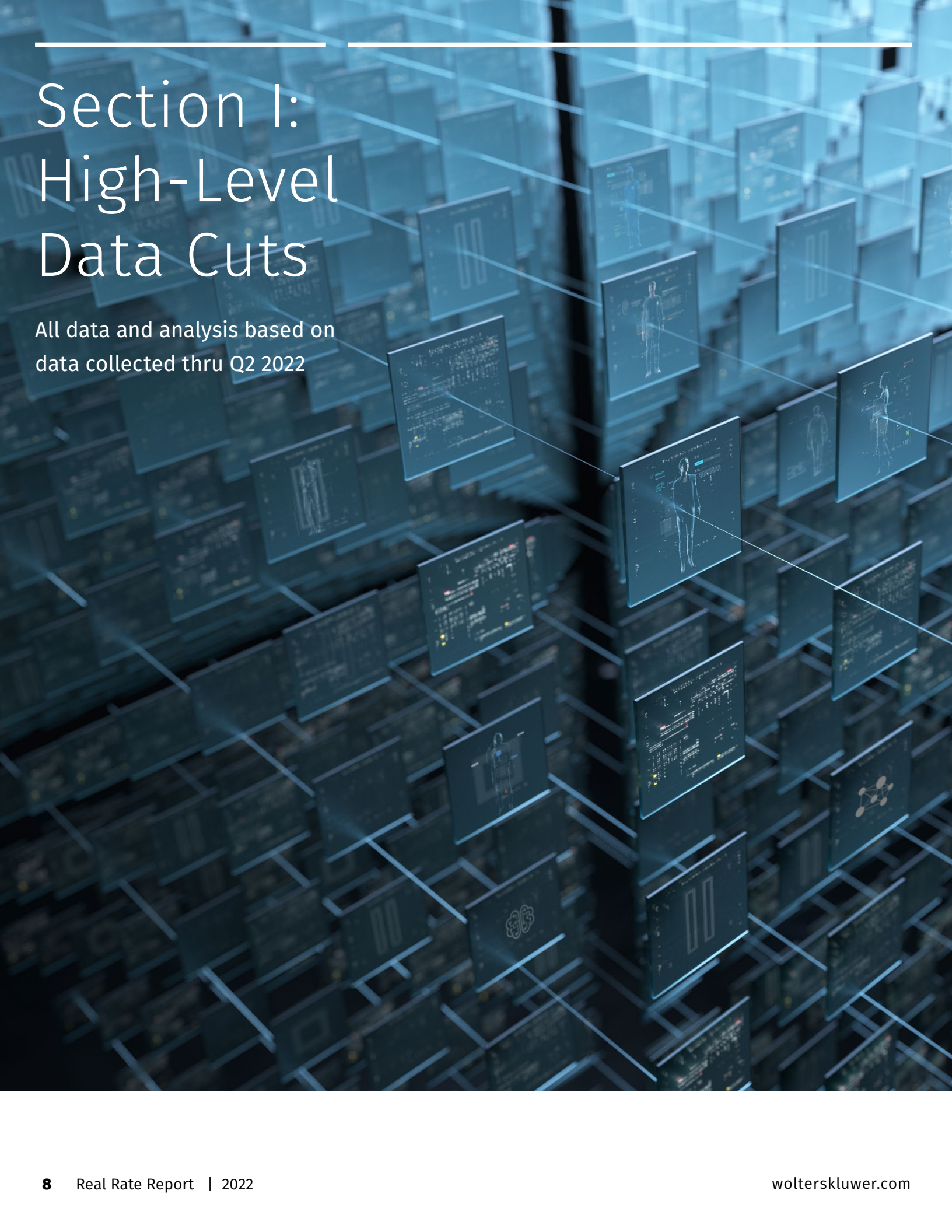
Years of experience and reputation - A more experienced, higher-profile lawyer is often going to charge more, but absorbing this higher cost at the outset may make more sense than hiring a less expensive lawyer who will likely take time and billable hours to come up to speed on unfamiliar legal and procedural issues.

Overhead - The costs associated with the firm's support network (paralegals, clerks, and assistants), document preparation, consultants, research, and other expenses.

Firm size - The rates can increase if the firm is large and has various timekeeper roles at the firm. For example, the cost to work with an associate or partner at a larger firm will be higher compared to a firm that has one to two associates and a paralegal.

¹ David Goguen, J.D., University of San Francisco School of Law (2020) Guide to Legal Services Billing Retrieved from: <https://www.lawyers.com/legal-info/research/guide-to-legal-services-billing-rates.html>

² Source: 2018 RRR. Factor order validated in multiple analyses since 2010



Section I: High-Level Data Cuts

All data and analysis based on
data collected thru Q2 2022

Section I: High-Level Data Cuts

Cities

By Matter Type

2022 - Real Rates for Associate and Partner

Trend Analysis - Mean

City	Matter Type	Role	n	First Quartile	Median	Third Quartile	2022	2021	2020
Jackson MS	Litigation	Associate	56	\$55	\$225	\$250	\$178	\$203	\$175
	Non-Litigation	Partner	24	\$315	\$420	\$485	\$418	\$394	\$375
		Associate	25	\$55	\$126	\$255	\$155	\$125	\$259
Kansas City MO	Litigation	Partner	74	\$413	\$450	\$556	\$472	\$450	\$450
		Associate	50	\$252	\$329	\$385	\$319	\$316	\$305
	Non-Litigation	Partner	101	\$411	\$487	\$615	\$519	\$487	\$464
		Associate	73	\$250	\$320	\$385	\$322	\$312	\$285
Las Vegas NV	Non-Litigation	Partner	20	\$350	\$425	\$525	\$440	\$422	\$432
		Associate	11	\$238	\$267	\$368	\$301	\$297	\$282
Little Rock AR	Non-Litigation	Partner	11	\$215	\$215	\$308	\$264	\$256	\$298
Los Angeles CA	Litigation	Partner	322	\$516	\$725	\$1,045	\$799	\$739	\$702
		Associate	408	\$400	\$615	\$855	\$642	\$606	\$564
	Non-Litigation	Partner	521	\$596	\$868	\$1,201	\$903	\$902	\$858
		Associate	667	\$441	\$603	\$845	\$653	\$712	\$648

Section I: High-Level Data Cuts

Cities

By Matter Type

2022 - Real Rates for Associate and Partner

Trend Analysis - Mean

City	Matter Type	Role	n	First Quartile	Median	Third Quartile	2022	2021	2020
Minneapolis MN	Non-Litigation	Associate	83	\$340	\$421	\$528	\$425	\$408	\$384
Nashville TN	Litigation	Partner	24	\$275	\$320	\$456	\$363	\$378	\$403
	Non-Litigation	Partner	78	\$412	\$484	\$576	\$505	\$481	\$470
		Associate	59	\$270	\$330	\$384	\$340	\$315	\$285
New Orleans LA	Litigation	Partner	47	\$290	\$332	\$412	\$343	\$330	\$340
		Associate	42	\$231	\$243	\$340	\$278	\$290	\$275
	Non-Litigation	Partner	32	\$295	\$347	\$405	\$419	\$380	\$391
		Associate	21	\$244	\$250	\$278	\$273	\$303	\$258
New York NY	Litigation	Partner	614	\$475	\$675	\$1,088	\$808	\$784	\$746
		Associate	631	\$323	\$460	\$729	\$545	\$527	\$509
	Non-Litigation	Partner	1,376	\$765	\$1,235	\$1,638	\$1,189	\$1,139	\$1,090
		Associate	1,809	\$550	\$776	\$1,050	\$796	\$766	\$716
Oklahoma City OK	Non-Litigation	Partner	14	\$235	\$338	\$393	\$337	\$319	\$311
Omaha NE	Litigation	Partner	12	\$293	\$339	\$353	\$329	\$338	\$341

Section I: High-Level Data Cuts

Cities

By Matter Type

2022 - Real Rates for Associate and Partner

Trend Analysis - Mean

City	Matter Type	Role	n	First Quartile	Median	Third Quartile	2022	2021	2020
Rochester NY	Non-Litigation	Partner	12	\$270	\$360	\$488	\$386	\$341	\$446
		Associate	13	\$220	\$310	\$375	\$314	\$278	\$287
Sacramento CA	Non-Litigation	Partner	11	\$381	\$437	\$682	\$534	\$559	\$516
Salt Lake City UT	Litigation	Partner	14	\$246	\$353	\$468	\$363	\$333	\$379
	Non-Litigation	Partner	42	\$297	\$371	\$447	\$391	\$363	\$353
		Associate	22	\$220	\$240	\$270	\$248	\$247	\$228
San Diego CA	Litigation	Associate	23	\$151	\$225	\$300	\$255	\$258	\$264
	Non-Litigation	Partner	89	\$332	\$540	\$1,066	\$699	\$667	\$649
		Associate	71	\$250	\$325	\$424	\$373	\$378	\$351
San Francisco CA	Litigation	Partner	143	\$423	\$675	\$995	\$742	\$711	\$691
		Associate	98	\$325	\$430	\$731	\$525	\$517	\$470
	Non-Litigation	Partner	221	\$475	\$750	\$950	\$758	\$746	\$741
		Associate	151	\$338	\$486	\$702	\$545	\$563	\$507
San Jose CA	Litigation	Partner	33	\$654	\$921	\$1,133	\$916	\$907	\$864

Section I: High-Level Data Cuts

Cities

By Matter Type

2022 - Real Rates for Associate and Partner

Trend Analysis - Mean

City	Matter Type	Role	n	First Quartile	Median	Third Quartile	2022	2021	2020
San Jose CA	Litigation	Associate	22	\$461	\$580	\$745	\$608	\$593	\$498
	Non-Litigation	Partner	50	\$660	\$864	\$1,303	\$969	\$985	\$887
		Associate	46	\$380	\$460	\$775	\$616	\$639	\$567
Seattle WA	Litigation	Partner	76	\$497	\$655	\$760	\$635	\$567	\$510
		Associate	61	\$394	\$468	\$530	\$447	\$453	\$395
	Non-Litigation	Partner	148	\$410	\$526	\$760	\$571	\$547	\$547
		Associate	113	\$310	\$395	\$502	\$422	\$401	\$377
St. Louis MO	Litigation	Partner	46	\$260	\$350	\$435	\$376	\$373	\$388
		Associate	17	\$197	\$225	\$250	\$228	\$237	\$232
	Non-Litigation	Partner	57	\$352	\$419	\$540	\$451	\$446	\$473
Tampa FL	Litigation	Partner	31	\$369	\$508	\$595	\$490	\$467	\$452
		Associate	15	\$269	\$298	\$368	\$316	\$302	\$306
Trenton NJ	Non-Litigation	Partner	21	\$408	\$600	\$700	\$569	\$620	\$581
		Associate	12	\$480	\$495	\$500	\$448	\$376	\$387

Section I: High-Level Data Cuts

Cities

By Years of Experience

2022 - Real Rates for Associate

Trend Analysis - Mean

City	Years of Experience	n	First Quartile	Median	Third Quartile	2022	2021	2020
Kansas City MO	3 to Fewer Than 7 Years	15	\$270	\$325	\$360	\$318	\$295	\$283
	7 or More Years	28	\$292	\$334	\$391	\$333	\$312	\$302
Los Angeles CA	Fewer Than 3 Years	63	\$429	\$595	\$654	\$556	\$524	\$488
	3 to Fewer Than 7 Years	144	\$486	\$688	\$838	\$662	\$626	\$530
	7 or More Years	171	\$351	\$550	\$840	\$600	\$634	\$586
Miami FL	3 to Fewer Than 7 Years	19	\$300	\$360	\$457	\$380	\$331	\$313
	7 or More Years	36	\$295	\$450	\$595	\$460	\$433	\$385
Minneapolis MN	Fewer Than 3 Years	11	\$374	\$405	\$446	\$408		\$230
	3 to Fewer Than 7 Years	27	\$340	\$451	\$510	\$421	\$358	\$356
	7 or More Years	27	\$423	\$468	\$585	\$478	\$438	\$392
Nashville TN	7 or More Years	12	\$219	\$245	\$345	\$282	\$266	\$262
New Orleans LA	3 to Fewer Than 7 Years	12	\$232	\$243	\$265	\$261	\$242	\$245
	7 or More Years	18	\$243	\$312	\$343	\$306	\$318	\$294
New York NY	Fewer Than 3 Years	142	\$443	\$622	\$775	\$629	\$600	\$652

Section I: High-Level Data Cuts

Cities

By Years of Experience

2022 - Real Rates for Partner

Trend Analysis - Mean

City	Years of Experience	n	First Quartile	Median	Third Quartile	2022	2021	2020
Kansas City MO	Fewer Than 21 Years	46	\$400	\$450	\$537	\$473	\$411	\$397
	21 or More Years	68	\$440	\$553	\$658	\$539	\$497	\$491
Las Vegas NV	Fewer Than 21 Years	12	\$284	\$381	\$495	\$389	\$349	\$343
	21 or More Years	13	\$350	\$425	\$515	\$468	\$456	\$472
Los Angeles CA	Fewer Than 21 Years	183	\$533	\$801	\$1,075	\$804	\$797	\$682
	21 or More Years	333	\$550	\$765	\$1,133	\$863	\$842	\$808
Memphis TN	Fewer Than 21 Years	14	\$288	\$331	\$380	\$345	\$317	\$328
	21 or More Years	15	\$355	\$415	\$425	\$394	\$382	\$375
Miami FL	Fewer Than 21 Years	57	\$370	\$450	\$598	\$490	\$498	\$443
	21 or More Years	104	\$388	\$581	\$749	\$584	\$580	\$536
Milwaukee WI	21 or More Years	16	\$302	\$454	\$613	\$589	\$515	\$530
Minneapolis MN	Fewer Than 21 Years	36	\$470	\$530	\$607	\$532	\$486	\$499
	21 or More Years	84	\$507	\$675	\$796	\$656	\$620	\$589
Nashville TN	Fewer Than 21 Years	28	\$375	\$405	\$535	\$449	\$405	\$397



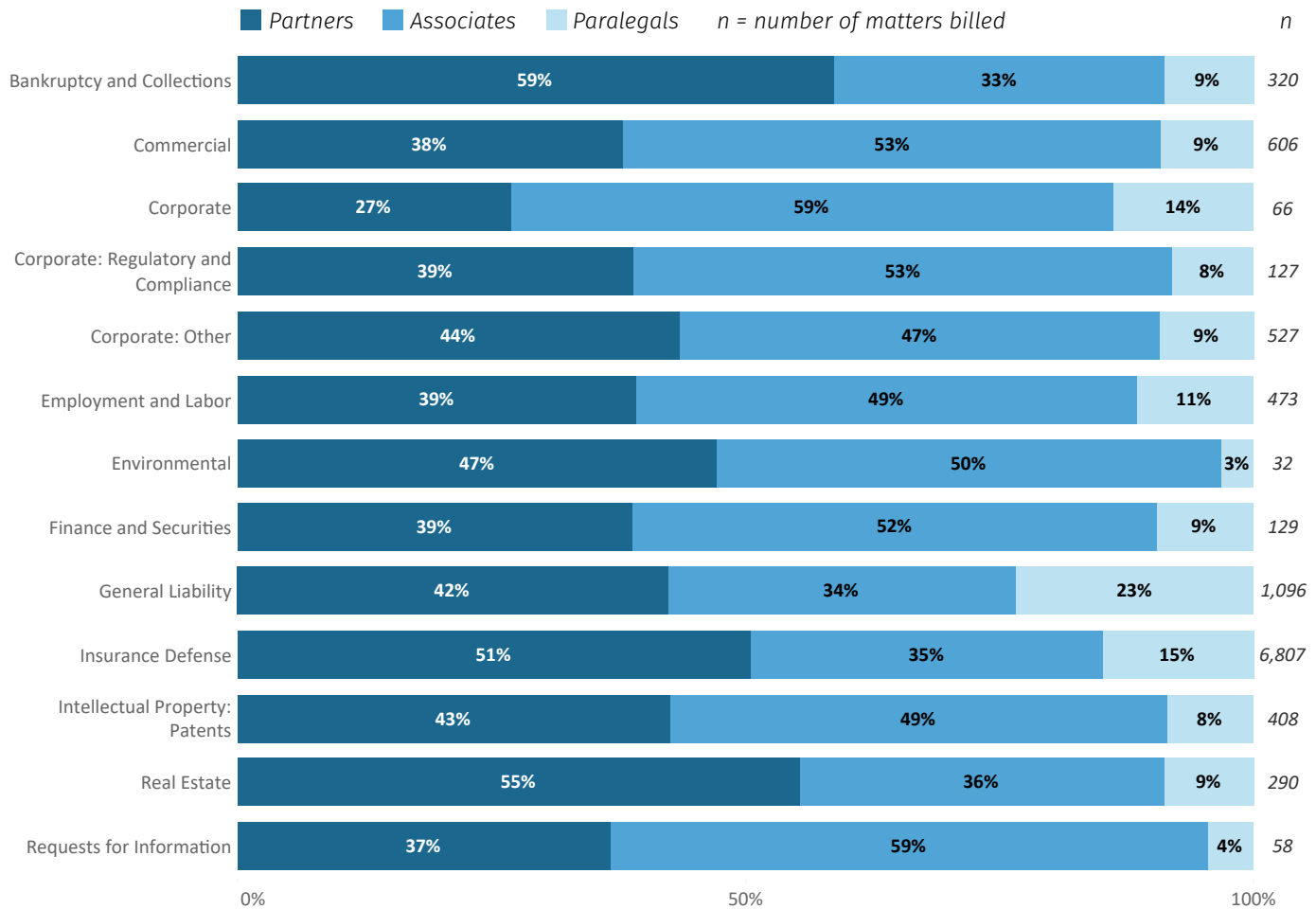
Section VI: Matter Staffing Analysis

All data and analysis based on
data collected thru Q2 2022

Section VI: Matter Staffing Analysis

Long Litigation Matters, More Than 100 Total Hours Billed

2019 to 2022 -- Percentage of Hours Billed per Matter



Section VII: Data Methodology

All data and analysis based on
data collected thru Q2 2022

Appendix: Data Methodology

Invoice Information

Data in Wolters Kluwer ELM Solutions' reference database and the 2022 Real Rate Report were taken from invoice line-item entries contained in invoices received and approved by participating companies.

Invoice data were received in the Legal Electronic Data Exchange Standard (LEDES) format (LEDES.org). The following information was extracted from those invoices and their line items:

- Law firm (which exists as a random number in the ELM Solutions reference database)
- Timekeeper ID (which exists as a random number in the ELM Solutions reference database)
- Matter ID (which exists as a random number in the ELM Solutions reference database)
- Timekeeper's position (role) within the law firm (partner, associate, paralegal, etc.)
- Uniform Task-Based Management System Code Set, Task Codes, and Activity Codes (UTBMS.com)
- Date of service
- Hours billed
- Hourly rate billed
- Fees billed

Non-Invoice Information

To capture practice area details, the matter ID within each invoice was associated with matter profiles containing areas of work in the systems of each company. The areas of work were then systematically categorized into legal practice areas. Normalization of practice areas was done based on company mappings to system-level practice areas available in the ELM Solutions system and by naming convention.

The majority of analyses included in this report have been mapped to one of 11 practice areas, further divided into sub-areas and litigation/non-litigation (for more information on practice areas and sub-areas, please refer to pages 232-234).

To capture location and jurisdiction details, law firms and timekeepers were systematically mapped to the existing profiles within ELM Solutions systems, as well as with publicly available data sources for further validation and normalization. Where city location information is provided, it includes any address within that city's defined Core-Based Statistical Area (CBSA) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The CBSAs are urban centers with populations of 10,000 or more and include all adjacent counties that are economically integrated with that urban center.

Where the analyses focus on partners, associates, and paralegals, the underlying data occasionally included some sub-roles, such as "senior partner" or "junior associate." In such instances, those timekeeper sub-roles were placed within the broader partner, associate, and paralegal segments.

Demographics regarding law firm size, location, and lawyer years of experience were augmented by incorporating publicly available information.

Appendix: Data Methodology

A Note on US Cities

Principal City	CBSA Name
Hartford, CT	Hartford-East Hartford-Middletown, CT
Honolulu, HI	Urban Honolulu HI
Houston, TX	Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX
Indianapolis, IN	Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, IN
Jackson, MS	Jackson, MS
Jacksonville, FL	Jacksonville, FL
Kansas City, MO	Kansas City, MO-KS
Lafayette, LA	Lafayette, LA
Las Vegas, NV	Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV
Lexington, KY	Lexington-Fayette, KY
Little Rock, AR	Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR
Los Angeles, CA	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA
Louisville, KY	Louisville/Jefferson County, KY-IN
Madison, WI	Madison, WI
Memphis, TN	Memphis-Forrest City, TN-MS-AR
Miami, FL	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL
Milwaukee, WI	Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI
Minneapolis, MN	Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI
Nashville, TN	Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, TN
New Haven, CT	New Haven-Milford, CT
New Orleans, LA	New Orleans-Metairie, LA
New York, NY	New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA
Oklahoma City, OK	Oklahoma City, OK
Omaha, NE	Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA
Orlando, FL	Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL
Philadelphia, PA	Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD
Phoenix, AZ	Phoenix-Mesa-Chandler, AZ
Pittsburgh, PA	Pittsburgh, PA
Portland, ME	Portland-South Portland, ME
Portland, OR	Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA
Providence, RI	Providence-Warwick, RI-MA
Raleigh, NC	Raleigh-Cary, NC
Reno, NV	Reno-Carson City-Fernley, NV

Appendix: Data Methodology

Bankruptcy and Collections

Chapter 11
Collections

General/Other
Workouts and Restructuring

Commercial (Commercial Transactions and Agreements)

Contract Breach or Dispute
General, Drafting, and Review
General/Other

Corporate¹

Antitrust and Competition
Corporate Development
General/Other
Governance
Information and Technology
Mergers, Acquisitions, and Divestitures

Partnerships and Joint Ventures
Regulatory and Compliance
Tax
Treasury
White Collar/Fraud/Abuse

Employment and Labor

ADA
Agreements
Compensation and Benefits
Discrimination, Retaliation, and Harassment/EEO
Employee Dishonesty/Misconduct
ERISA

General/Other
Immigration
Union Relations and Negotiations/NLRB
Wages, Tips, and Overtime
Wrongful Termination

Environmental

General/Other
Health and Safety

Superfund
Waste/Remediation

Finance and Securities

Commercial Loans and Financing
Debt/Equity Offerings
Fiduciary Services
General/Other

Investments and Other Financial Instruments
Loans and Financing
SEC Filings and Financial Reporting
Securities and Banking Regulations

General Liability

Asbestos/Mesothelioma
Auto and Transportation
Consumer Related Claims
Crime, Dishonesty and Fraud
General/Other

Personal Injury/Wrongful Death
Premises
Product and Product Liability
Property Damage
Toxic Tort

¹ All references to “Corporate: General/Other” in the Real Rate Report are the aggregation of all Corporate sub-areas excluding the Mergers, Acquisitions, and Divestitures sub-area and the Regulatory and Compliance sub-area.

Exhibit 6

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Business & Practice

Big Law Rates Topping \$2,000 Leave Value ‘In Eye of Beholder’

By Roy Strom

Column

June 9, 2022, 2:30 AM

Welcome back to the Big Law Business column on the changing legal marketplace written by me, Roy Strom. Today, we look at a new threshold for lawyers' billing rates and why it's so difficult to put a price on high-powered attorneys. Sign up to receive this column in your inbox on Thursday mornings. Programming note: Big Law Business will be off next week.

Some of the nation's top law firms are charging more than \$2,000 an hour, setting a new pinnacle after a two-year burst in demand.

Partners at Hogan Lovells and Latham & Watkins have crossed the threshold, according to court documents in bankruptcy cases filed within the past year.

Other firms came close to the mark, billing more than \$1,900, according to the documents. They include Kirkland & Ellis, Simpson Thacher & Bartlett, Boies Schiller Flexner, and Sidley Austin.

Simpson Thacher & Bartlett litigator Bryce Friedman, who helps big-name clients out of jams, especially when they're accused of fraud, charges \$1,965 every 60 minutes, according to a court document.

In need of a former acting US Solicitor General? Hogan Lovells partner Neal Katyal bills time at \$2,465 an hour. Want to hire famous litigator David Boies? That'll cost \$1,950 an hour (at least). Reuters was first to report their fees.

Eye-watering rates are nothing new for Big Law firms, which typically ask clients to pay higher prices at least once a year, regardless of broader market conditions.

"Value is in the eye of the beholder," said John O'Connor, a San Francisco-based expert on legal fees. "The perceived value of a good lawyer can reach into the multi-billions of dollars."

Kirkland & Ellis declined to comment on its billing rates. None of the other firms responded to requests to comment.

Charge It Up

Big Law firms are crossing the \$2,000-an-hour threshold after two years of surging rates driven by an increase in demand for lawyers.

Firm	Highest Billing Rate
Hogan Lovells	\$2,465
Latham & Watkins	\$2,075
Kirkland & Ellis	\$1,995
Simpson Thacher & Bartlett	\$1,965
Boies Schiller Flexner	\$1,950
Sidley Austin	\$1,900

Source: Court documents

Bloomberg Law

Law firms have been more successful raising rates than most other businesses over the past 15 years.

Law firm rates rose by roughly 40 percent from 2007 to 2020, or just short of 3 percent per year, Thomson Reuters Peer Monitor data show. US inflation rose by about 28% during that time.

The 100 largest law firms in the past two years achieved their largest rate increases in more than a decade, Peer Monitor says. The rates surged more than 6% in 2020 and grew another 5.6% through November of last year. Neither level had been breached since 2008.

The price hikes occurred during a once-in-a-decade surge in demand for law services, which propelled profits at firms to new levels. Fourteen law firms reported average profits per equity partner in 2021 over \$5 million, according to data from The American Lawyer. That was up from six the previous year.

The highest-performing firms, where lawyers charge the highest prices, have outperformed their smaller peers. Firms with leading practices in markets such as mergers and acquisitions, capital markets, and real estate were forced to turn away work at some points during the pandemic-fueled surge.

Firms receive relatively tepid pushback from their giant corporate clients, especially when advising on bet-the-company litigation or billion-dollar deals.

The portion of bills law firms collected—a sign of how willingly clients pay full-freight—rose during the previous two years after drifting lower following the Great Financial Crisis. Collection rates last year breached 90% for the first time since 2009, Peer Monitor data show.

Professional rules prohibit lawyers from charging “unconscionable” or “unreasonable” rates. But that doesn’t preclude clients from paying any price they perceive as valuable, said Jacqueline Vinaccia, a San Diego-based lawyer who testifies on lawyer fee disputes.

Lawyers’ fees are usually only contested when they will be paid by a third party.

That happened recently with Hogan Lovells’ Katyal, whose nearly \$2,500 an hour fee was contested in May by a US trustee overseeing a bankruptcy case involving a Johnson & Johnson unit facing claims its talc-based powders caused cancer.

The trustee, who protects the financial interests of bankruptcy estates, argued Katyal’s fee was more than \$1,000 an hour higher than rates charged by lawyers in the same case at Jones Day and Skadden Arps Slate Meagher & Flom.

A hearing on the trustee’s objection is scheduled for next week. Hogan Lovells did not respond to a request for comment on the objection.

Vinaccia said the firm’s options will be to reduce its fee, withdraw from the case, or argue the levy is reasonable, most likely based on Katyal’s extensive experience arguing appeals.

Still, the hourly rate shows just how valuable the most prestigious lawyers’ time can be—even compared to their highly compensated competitors.

“If the argument is that Jones Day and Skadden Arps are less expensive, then you’re already talking about the cream of the crop, the top-of-the-barrel law firms,” Vinaccia said. “I can’t imagine a case in which I might argue those two firms are more reasonable than the rates I’m dealing with.”

Worth Your Time

On Cravath: Cravath Swaine & Moore is heading to Washington, opening its first new office since 1973 by hiring former heads of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Meghan Tribe reports the move comes as Big Law firms are looking to add federal government expertise as clients face more regulatory scrutiny.

On Big Law Promotions: It’s rare that associates get promotions to partner in June, but Camille Vasquez is now a Brown Rudnick partner after she shot to fame representing Johnny Depp in his defamation trial against ex-wife Amber Heard.

On Working From Home: I spoke this week with Quinn Emanuel’s John Quinn about why he thinks law firm life is never going back to the office-first culture that was upset by the pandemic. Listen to the podcast [here](#).



That's it for this week! Thanks for reading and please send me your thoughts, critiques, and tips.

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Documents

[Trustee's Objection](#)

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Law Firms

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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES)

On **April 2, 2025**, I served the foregoing **DECLARATION OF BENJAMIN H. HABER IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF’S MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT**, on the interested parties by placing a true copy thereof, enclosed in a sealed envelope by following one of the methods of service as follows:

Attorneys for Defendant

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Rebecca Padilla
Type or Print Name

Recepo

Signature