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7
8 Attorneys for Plaintiff Terrell Hunt, individually, and on
9 behalf of all others similarly situated and aggrieved

10 **SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**
11 **FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

12 TERRELL HUNT, individually and on
13 behalf of all others similarly situated and
14 aggrieved,

15 Plaintiff,

16 vs.

17 LIQUID TRANSPORT CORP, an Indiana
18 Corporation; LIQUID TRANSPORT, LLC,
an Indiana Limited Liability Company;
19 DANA TRANSPORT, INC., a New Jersey
20 Corporation; and DOES 1 through 50,
inclusive,

21 Defendants.

Case No.: 24STCV10101

[Assigned for all purposes to Hon. Elihu M.
Berle, Dept. 6]

**DECLARATION OF TARAS KICK IN
SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR
FINAL APPROVAL OF A CLASS ACTION
AND PAGA SETTLEMENT**

Date: June 22, 2026
Time: 9:00 a.m.
Department: 6

Action Filed: April 22, 2024
Trial Date: Not set

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I, Taras Kick, hereby declare as follows:

1. I am an attorney licensed to practice before all courts of the State of California and a shareholder with The Kick Law Firm, APC (“TKLF”), counsel of record for Plaintiff Terrell Hunt (“Plaintiff”). This declaration is submitted in support of Plaintiff’s Motion for Final Approval of a Class Action and PAGA Settlement. The following is based on my personal knowledge, except where I have gleaned knowledge from the files in this matter and believe the information to be true, and, if called as a witness, I could and would testify competently thereto.

2. I have been a member of the California State Bar since 1989, the year I graduated from the University of Pennsylvania Law School. Prior to that, in 1986, I graduated from Swarthmore College. I have served as class counsel in numerous national and California state class actions, including being appointed lead counsel and a member of plaintiffs' executive committees. From 2012 to September 2017, I was a Commissioner of the California Law Revision Commission, an independent state agency created by statute in 1953 to assist the Legislature and Governor by examining California law and recommending needed reforms, having been appointed by Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr. in 2012, and was Chairperson of the Commission from September 2015 through September 2016 (although my role in this case is independent of any aspect of my duties with the Commission and does not reflect one way or the other any positions of the Commission). For over five years, I was a member of the national Board of Directors of Public Justice, including its Class Action Preservation Committee. I am or have been a member of numerous other committees pertaining to consumer class actions, including the American Association for Justice Class Action Litigation Sub-Group; the Consumer Attorneys of California Class Action Group; the American Bar Association Committee on Class Actions & Derivative Suits; and the State Bar of California Antitrust and Unfair Competition Litigation section.

3. Regarding the other attorneys at The Kick Law Firm, APC (“TKLF”) who worked on this matter, they include attorney Tyler Dosaj, attorney Nick Rosenthal, attorney Lauren Davis, and attorney Greg Taylor. Mr. Dosaj graduated *cum laude* from Harvard Law School in 2015, where he received the Dean’s Scholar Prize, and was admitted to the California Bar in 2015. He graduated

1 *summa cum laude* with a B.A. in English from UCLA in 2011. Attorney Nick Rosenthal also worked
2 on this matter while he was employed by TKLF from about March 2024 until about March 2025, at
3 which time he opened his own office. His credentials are set forth in his separate concurrently filed
4 declaration. Ms. Lauren Davis graduated from the University of California, Irvine School of Law in
5 2012, where she was a member of the Executive Board of the UC Irvine Law Review, and was
6 admitted to the California Bar in 2013. She graduated *magna cum laude* with a B.A. in African
7 American Studies from Yale College in 2006. Mr. Greg Taylor, a former attorney at TKLF, is a 2016
8 graduate of UCLA School of Law, where he was a Dean's merit scholarship recipient and a member
9 of the UCLA Entertainment Law Review.

10 4. The Kick Law Firm, APC, primarily represents plaintiffs in class actions. The class
11 action cases in which I have been appointed either as lead counsel, or as co-lead counsel, include the
12 following: *Martyniuk v. USKO Express, Inc.*, LASC Case No. 20STCV07379 (wage and hour class
13 action, final approval granted June 29, 2023); *Torres, et al. v. Monetary Management of California,*
14 *Inc.*, LASC Case No. 21STCV09917 (wage and hour class action, final approval granted June 30,
15 2023); *Lizarraga v. Digby Southwest, Inc.*, LASC Case No. 19STCV27901 (wage and hour class
16 action, final approval granted November 13, 2023); *Mitchel, et al. v. Pacific Investment &*
17 *Management, Inc., et al.* (wage and hour class action, final approval granted June 2, 2023); *Ruiz, et al.*
18 *v. Trans International Trucking, Inc.*, LASC Case No. 20STCV03790 (wage and hour class action,
19 final approval granted April 11, 2023); *Yarian v. All Freight Carriers, Inc., et al.*, LASC Case No.
20 19STCV28735 (wage and hour class action, final approval granted March 7, 2023); *Polar v. Button*
21 *Transportation, Inc., et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. 21STCV02575 (wage and
22 hour class and representative PAGA action, final approval granted May 31, 2023); *Salter v. Quality*
23 *Carriers, Inc.*, U.S. District Court for the Central District of California Case No: 2:20-cv-00479-JFW-
24 JPRx (wage and hour class and representative PAGA action, final approval granted March 27, 2023);
25 *Eaton v. Cavalia (USA) Inc., et al.*, San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. CGC-19- 579421
26 (wage and hour class and representative PAGA action, final approval granted November 21, 2022);
27 *Johnson v. Randy Taylor Consulting, LLC, et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No.
28 21SMCV00156, SSC-207 (wage and hour class and representative PAGA action, final approval

1 granted November 2, 2022); *In Re Southern California Gas Leak Cases*, Judicial Council Coordinated
2 *Proceeding No. 4861*, assigned to Hon. Daniel J. Buckley, Coordination Trial Judge, Dept. SSC-1 (co-
3 lead counsel for class action and member of the class action steering committee, final approval granted
4 April 29, 2022); *Samano v. De Leon Transport, Inc.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No.
5 19STCV44589 (wage and hour class and representative PAGA action; final approval granted January
6 22, 2022); *Johnson, et al., v. Angel View*, San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case No.
7 CIVDS1935378 (wage and hour class and representative PAGA action; final approval granted
8 November 18, 2021); *Imperial Wage And Hour Cases*, San Bernardino County Superior Court, Case
9 No. JCPDS5130 (wage and hour class and representative PAGA action; final approval granted
10 November 2, 2021); *Metzke v. Thermo Fisher Scientific, Inc.*, San Francisco County Superior Court,
11 Case No. CGC-19-581914 (class and representative PAGA action; final approval granted October 28,
12 2021); *Daves, et al. v. Amadeus Waterawys, Inc.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No.
13 19STCV25203 (wage and hour class action; final approval granted January 8, 2021); *Pereyra v. Mike*
14 *Campbell & Associates*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC365631 (wage and hour
15 class action, final approval granted); *Lloyd v. Navy Federal Credit Union*, United States District Court
16 for the Southern District of California, Case No. 3:17-cv-01280 (final approval granted May 18, 2019);
17 *Story v. SEFCU*, United States District Court for the Northern District of New York, Case No. 1:18-
18 cv-00764 (final approval granted on February 25, 2021); *Smith v. Bank of Hawaii*, United States
19 District Court for the District of Hawaii, Case No. 1:16-cv-00513 (final approval granted on December
20 22, 2020); *Coleman-Weathersbee v. Michigan State University Federal Credit Union*, United States
21 District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, Case No. 2:19-cv-11674 (final approval granted
22 on July 29, 2020); *Walker v. People's United Bank*, United States District Court for the District of
23 Connecticut, Case No. 3:17-cv-00304 (final approval granted on June 29, 2020); *Salls v. Digital*
24 *Federal Credit Union*, United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, Case. No. 18-cv-
25 11262-TSH (final approval granted in January 2020); *Pingston-Poling v. Advia Credit Union*, United
26 States District Court for the Western District of Michigan, Case No. 1:15-CV-1208 (final approval
27 granted in January 2020); *Ketner v. SECU Maryland*, Civil No.:1:15-CV-03594-CCB (D. MD. 2017)
28 (final approval granted January 11, 2018); *Towner v. 1st MidAmerica Credit Union*, No. 3:15-cv-1162

(S.D. Ill. 2017) (final approval granted in November 2017); *Lane v. Campus Federal Credit Union*, Case No. 3:16-cv-00037 (M.D. La. 2017) (final approval granted in August 2017); *Fry v. MidFlorida Credit Union*, United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Case No. 8:15-CV-2743 (final approval granted); *Ramirez v. Baxter Credit Union*, United States District Court for the Northern District of California, Case No. 16-cv-03765-SI (final approval granted); *Lynch v. San Diego County Credit Union*, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2015-00008551 (final approval granted); *Gunter v. United Federal Credit Union*, United States District Court for the District of Nevada, Case No. 3:15-cv-00483-MMD-WGC (final approval granted); *Hernandez v. Point Loma Credit Union*, San Diego County Superior Court, Case No. 37-2013-00053519 (final approval granted); *Gray v. Los Angeles Federal Credit Union*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC625500 (final approval granted in); *Morales v. Kern Schools Federal Credit Union*, Kern County Superior Court, Case No. BCV-15-100538 (final approval granted in June 2017); *Manwaring v. Golden 1 Credit Union*, Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2013-00142667 (final approval granted); *Casey v. Orange County Credit Union*, Orange County Superior Court No. 30-2013-00658493-CJ-BT-CXC (final approval granted); *Sewell v. Wescom Credit Union*, Los Angeles County Superior Court No. BC5860 (final approval granted); *Fernandez v. Altura Credit Union*, Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. RIC1610873 (final approval granted); *Hernandez v. Logix Federal Credit Union*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC628495 (final approval granted); *Bowens v. Mazuma Federal Credit Union*, United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri, Case No. 15-00758-CV-W-BP (final approval granted); *Santiago v. Meriwest Credit Union*, Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2015-00183730 (final approval granted); *Howard v. Sage Software*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC487140 (final approval granted); *Kirtley v. Wadekar*, United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, Case No. 05-5383 (final approval granted); *Alston v. Pacific Bell*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC297863 (final approval granted); *Oshaben v. Monster Worldwide, Inc., et al.*, San Francisco County Superior Court Case No. CGC-06-454538 (final approval granted); *Cole v. T-Mobile USA, et al.*, Central District of California Case No. 06-6649 (final approval granted).

1 5. TKLF undertook this case on a contingent basis, with the understanding that the law
2 firm would not be compensated for its efforts unless the case was successful. To date, TKLF has not
3 been paid for any of its time spent on this matter. The time spent on this matter by the firm's attorneys
4 has required considerable work that could have, and would have, been spent on other billable matters.
5 As a result of having accepted and been devoted to this case, it is my informed belief this law firm
6 wound up not representing parties in cases it otherwise would have, and which in my opinion likely
7 would have compensated this firm at its hourly rates requested in this matter.

8 6. The primary contention in this case is that Defendants misclassified their drivers as
9 independent contractors. Plaintiff brought claims for unlawful deductions/unreimbursed business
10 expenses, inadequate wage statements, unpaid minimum wages, and waiting time penalties as a result
11 of this misclassification.

12 7. A true and correct copy of the proof of submission of the notice of this case to the
13 LWDA prior to its filing is attached as **Exhibit 2**. Concurrent with the filing of the Motion, my office
14 uploaded the Motion, Settlement Agreement, and Proposed Order and Judgment to the LWDA's
15 website. A true and correct copy of the confirmation of submission to the LWDA on April 23, 2026
16 is attached as **Exhibit 3**.

17 8. The Parties agreed to attempt to resolve this matter at a private mediation with Daniel
18 J. Turner, Esq., and the mediation took place on November 26, 2024. This law firm's proposed co-
19 lead counsel on this case, Nicholas Rosenthal, who was an employee of TKLF at that time, was taking
20 point on the case, and he has communicated to me that in advance of the mediation he analyzed
21 Independent Contractor Operating Agreements, payroll records, and DMV records produced by
22 Defendants, and performed a damage analysis along the following lines based on the representation
23 by Defendants that there were 101 Class Members: 1. Regarding unreimbursed expenses, based on the
24 pay information produced by Defendants, the total deductions from wages for various business
25 expenses amount to \$2,392,321, which extrapolated to 101 Class Members amounts to approximately
26 \$3,355,894 and amounts to \$3,189,760 when extrapolated to 96 Class Members; 2. Regarding wage
27 statements, based on information provided by Defendants, 68 individuals are affected by the wage
28 statement issue. Defendants issued "settlement statements" on a weekly basis; therefore, assuming a

1 \$4,000 cap for each of these 68 individuals, this amounts to \$272,000; 3. Regarding waiting time
2 penalties, based on an extrapolation of Plaintiff's monthly pay, and applying a 30-day cap on the
3 waiting penalties, for 101 employees this is estimated at \$1.5 million, and for 96 employees, this is
4 estimated at \$1,440,000; 4. Regarding minimum wages, Mr. Rosenthal reports he used an estimate of
5 \$100 per pay period in unpaid minimum wages, which amounts to approximately \$1.4 million over
6 the course of the Class Period; 5. Regarding PAGA, Mr. Rosenthal reports Defendants represented
7 there are 70 PAGA aggrieved employees, and that he used one violation per pay period for each of the
8 alleged unlawful deductions, unreimbursed business expenses, unpaid minimum wages, and illegal
9 wage statements, amounting to \$400 per employee per pay period, and as such over 100 pay periods,
10 approximately \$2,800,000 at the time of mediation. The Administrator has confirmed that there are 72
11 Aggrieved Employees in the PAGA group. The PAGA Period begins March 26, 2023 and ends on
12 March 4, 2026, meaning there have been approximately 154 pay periods during the PAGA Period. As
13 such, 72 x \$400 x 154 equals \$4,435,200.

14 9. The matter did not settle at the mediation with Mr. Turner. However, Mr. Turner
15 remained in contact with the Parties over the following months, attempting to see if he could conclude
16 a successful mediation. Following the mediation, on April 22, 2025, Defendants filed a notice of
17 removal to federal court. On May 22, 2025, Plaintiff filed a motion to remand the case, which Hon.
18 Mark Scarsi granted on June 4, 2025. On September 3, 2025, Mr. Turner issued a written mediator's
19 proposal, and gave the Parties until September 10, 2025 to accept it. The Parties accepted Mr. Turner's
20 mediator's proposal. It is now being brought to this Court for final approval. I believe negotiations at
21 all times were adversarial and at arm's length. I believe the proposed settlement is fair and reasonable
22 and adequate, and I support it. A true and correct copy of the proposed Settlement Agreement is
23 attached as **Exhibit 1** to this declaration, and the Court-approved notice to Class Members is attached
24 as Exhibit A to the Settlement Agreement.

25 10. I believe the strongest component of this case was unreimbursed expenses, meaning
26 \$3,189,760. As such, the wage statement issue of \$272,000, and the waiting time penalties of
27 approximately \$1,440,000, also look reasonably strong. Together, these three components total
28 \$4,901,760. But all of these three components involve not only prevailing on the liability issue of each,

1 but also as a predicate first prevailing on the misclassification issue. A reasonable deduction in my
2 opinion to account for a trier of fact disagreeing on liability is 25%, meaning \$3,676,320. Regarding
3 the minimum wage violation estimated at \$1.4 million, this likely would have been a more difficult
4 claim to prove, since Defendants provided evidence that Plaintiff was paid more than minimum wage
5 for hours on-the-job, and therefore the class likely would have needed to rely on the prohibition against
6 borrowing in *Oman*. However, I believe Defendants would have argued the pay scheme allowed for
7 this sort of compensation, and also likely would argue this would introduce potential individual issues
8 predominating as a result of inquiring into what amount of time was spent by each class member on
9 allegedly uncompensated duties. As such, I estimate a reasonable deduction for this allegation is 75%,
10 meaning \$350,000. Other risks in the case include that Plaintiff would need to prevail on class
11 certification, and possibly overcome later-filed motions for decertification. Even if he prevailed at
12 trial, he would then also need to prevail on appeal. Taking these two additional risks together, it is
13 reasonable to reduce the likely value of the case by about an additional 30%, meaning an estimated
14 value of \$3,749,816. The \$1,300,000 being proposed here equals approximately 35% of that. Also,
15 although not necessarily risk factors, other considerations include the time-value of money, and further
16 costs. Litigating Plaintiff's claims through trial I estimate could last two more years if the proposed
17 settlement is not approved, as a motion for class certification has not yet been filed. And this is without
18 the time it would take for any appellate resolution. Further, there would be substantial additional costs
19 to prepare for trial, including expert witness payment.

20 11. The Kick Law Firm, APC and Rosenthal Law Offices have agreed to share fees in this
21 matter, 60% to The Kick Law Firm, APC and 40% to Rosenthal Law Offices, and Mr. Rosenthal has
22 forwarded to me an email reflecting the client's written approval to this.

23 12. The Kick Law Firm's lodestar in this matter to date equals approximately \$211,092.
24 This is comprised of 77.6 hours of my time at the rate of \$1,050 per hour, meaning \$81,480; 30.5
25 hours of work by Ms. Davis at the rate of \$777 per hour, meaning \$23,699; 3.8 hours of work by Mr.
26 Dosaj at the rate of \$777 per hour, meaning \$2,953; 36.9 hours by Mr. Taylor, which at the rate of
27 \$650 per hour equals \$23,985; and, 105.3 hours of Mr. Rosenthal's during the time he worked at this
28 firm of his 194.1 hours set forth in his concurrently filed declaration, at the rate of \$750 per hour,

1 meaning \$78,975. Additionally, there is the remaining time of Mr. Rosenthal's while at his own office,
2 meaning 88.8 hours at the rate of \$750 per hour, for a total of \$66,660. Together, the two law firms'
3 lodestars equal \$277,692. Further, this firm has not charged for substantial paralegal time spent on
4 this case by Ms. Alina Muresan. This firm's lodestar also does not include further time Ms. Davis and
5 I will spend preparing for and attending the Motion for Final Approval, and working with the
6 administrator after final approval is granted, which I estimate as at least an additional 10 hours. A true
7 and correct copy of this firm's billing report regarding its lodestar amount is attached to this
8 declaration as **Exhibit 4**.

9 13. I am informed by this law firm's bookkeeper that the litigation expenses incurred by
10 the firm equal \$11,681.75, comprised of \$10,631.75 incurred to date, and an additional \$1,050 for
11 continued Case Anywhere costs until the closing of this case, filing fees, and attorney services fees. A
12 true and correct copy of my firm's litigation expenses is attached to this declaration as **Exhibit 5**.

13 14. The parties propose that Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions ("Phoenix")
14 be finally approved as the administrator for this matter. This Court already preliminarily approved
15 Phoenix. It has agreed to cap its charges on this matter to \$5,950. Phoenix's CV is attached as Exhibit
16 A to its declaration in support of preliminary approval, and its bid for the administration of this matter
17 is attached as Exhibit B to that declaration. Before agreeing to retain Phoenix as the Administrator,
18 the Parties obtained and reviewed Phoenix's "not-to-exceed" bid of \$5,950. In my opinion, the bid is
19 reasonable.

20 15. The Parties propose Public Citizen Foundation ("Public Citizen"), a section 501(c)(3)
21 non-profit organization, as the *cy pres* recipient in this matter. The declaration of Public Citizen's Co-
22 President Robert Weissman was filed concurrently with the Motion for Preliminary Approval, and
23 sets forth the organization's work. As can be seen, Public Citizen is an organization very substantially
24 involved in the protection of workers' rights, including wage and hour issues such as those in this case.
25 It has been approved by other California state courts as an appropriate *cy pres* recipient in California
26 wage and hour class actions as well as in district court in the Central District of California. Neither I
27 nor any attorney at TKLF is on the Board of Directors of Public Citizen, nor involved in its governance.

28 16. The proposed class representative Mr. Hunt attests in his concurrently filed declaration

1 that he reviewed case documents, provided necessary information when requested, and approved the
2 settlement. Mr. Hunt also has been responsive to all of my requests, and it is my understanding he also
3 has been responsive to all of Mr. Rosenthal's requests. I believe he should be compensated for the
4 contributions provided to the Class, including not just his work time spent on the case, but also
5 arguably his possible reputational risks he undertook, and also for entering into a broader waiver of
6 claims outside of the scope of the Class claims released by the Class in the Settlement.

7 17. Notice of any final order or judgment in this matter will be disseminated to the Class
8 via the settlement website.

9
10 I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing
11 things are true and correct.

12
13 Executed April 23, 2026, in Los Angeles, California.

14
15 
16 Taras Kick

EXHIBIT 1

CLASS AND REPRESENTATIVE ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND CLASS NOTICE

This Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”) is made by and between plaintiff Terrell Hunt (“Plaintiff”) and Defendants Liquid Transport Corp; Liquid Transport, LLC; and Dana Transport, Inc. (collectively, “Defendants”). The Agreement refers to Plaintiff and Defendants collectively as “Parties,” or individually as a “Party.”

1. DEFINITIONS.

- 1.1 “Action” means the Plaintiff’s lawsuit alleging wage and hour violations against Defendants, captioned *Hunt v. Liquid Transport Corp, et al.*, initiated on April 22, 2024, and pending in Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles, Case No. 24STCV10101.
- 1.2 “Administrator” means Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions (“Phoenix”), the neutral entity the Parties have agreed to appoint to administer the Settlement.
- 1.3 “Administration Expenses Payment” means the amount the Administrator will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount to reimburse its reasonable fees and expenses in accordance with the Administrator’s “not to exceed” bid submitted to the Court in connection with Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.4 “Aggrieved Employee” means a person who was a California resident and performed trips for Defendants in the State of California during the PAGA Period.
- 1.5 “Class” means all individuals who were California residents and performed trips for Defendants in the State of California during the Class Period.
- 1.6 “Class Counsel” means Taras Kick and Tyler Dosaj of The Kick Law Firm, APC and Nick Rosenthal of The Law Office of Nick Rosenthal, APC.
- 1.7 “Class Counsel Fees Payment” and “Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment” mean the amounts allocated to Class Counsel for reimbursement of reasonable attorneys’ fees and expenses, respectively, incurred to prosecute the Action.
- 1.8 “Class Data” means Class Member identifying information in Defendants’ possession including the Class Member’s name, vendor identification number, last-known mailing address, telephone numbers, email addresses, Social Security number, and number of Class Period Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods.
- 1.9 “Class Member” or “Settlement Class Member” means a member of the Class, as either a Participating Class Member or Non-Participating Class Member (including a Non-Participating Class Member who qualifies as an Aggrieved Employee).
- 1.10 “Class Member Address Search” means the Administrator’s investigation and search for current Class Member mailing addresses using all reasonably available sources, methods and means including, but not limited to, the National Change of Address database, skip traces, and direct contact by the Administrator with Class Members.

- 1.11 “Class Notice” means the COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL, to be mailed to Class Members in the form, without material variation, attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference into this Agreement.
- 1.12 “Class Period” means the period from April 22, 2020 until Preliminary Approval.
- 1.13 “Class Representative” means the named Plaintiff in the operative complaint in the Action seeking Court approval to serve as a Class Representative.
- 1.14 “Class Representative Service Payment” means the payment to the Class Representative for initiating the Action and providing services in support of the Action.
- 1.15 “Court” means the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles.
- 1.16 “Defendants” means Defendants Liquid Transport Corp; Liquid Transport, LLC and Dana Transport, Inc.
- 1.17 “Defense Counsel” means Christopher C. McNatt, Jr. of Scopelitis, Garvin, Light, Hanson & Feary, LLP.
- 1.18 “Effective Date” means the date by when both of the following have occurred: (a) the Court enters a Judgment on its Order Granting Final Approval of the Settlement; and (b) the Judgment is final. The Judgment is final as of the latest of the following occurrences: (a) if no Participating Class Member objects to the Settlement, the day the Court enters Judgment; (b) if one or more Participating Class Members objects to the Settlement, the day after the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the Judgment; or if a timely appeal from the Judgment is filed, the day after the appellate court affirms the Judgment and issues a remittitur.
- 1.19 “Final Approval” means the Court’s order granting final approval of the Settlement.
- 1.20 “Final Approval Hearing” means the Court’s hearing on the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.21 “Final Judgment” means the Judgment Entered by the Court upon Granting Final Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.22 “Gross Settlement Amount” means \$1,300,000.00 which is the total amount Defendants agrees to pay under the Settlement except as provided in Paragraph 8 below. The Gross Settlement Amount will be used to pay Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Counsel Fees, Class Counsel Expenses, Class Representative Service Payment and the Administrator’s Expenses.
- 1.23 “Individual Class Payment” means the Participating Class Member’s pro rata share of the Net Settlement Amount calculated according to the number of Workweeks worked during the Class Period.
- 1.24 “Individual PAGA Payment” means the Aggrieved Employee’s pro rata share of

25% of the PAGA Penalties calculated according to the number of PAGA Pay Periods worked during the PAGA Period.

- 1.25 “Judgment” means the judgment entered by the Court based upon the Final Approval.
- 1.26 “LWDA” means the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, the agency entitled, under Labor Code section 2699, subdivision (i).
- 1.27 “LWDA PAGA Payment” means the 75% of the PAGA Penalties paid to the LWDA under Labor Code section 2699, subdivision (i).
- 1.28 “Net Settlement Amount” means the Gross Settlement Amount, less the following payments in the amounts approved by the Court: Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Administration Expenses Payment. The remainder is to be paid to Participating Class Members as Individual Class Payments.
- 1.29 “Non-Participating Class Member” means any Class Member who opts out of the Settlement by sending the Administrator a valid and timely Request for Exclusion.
- 1.30 “PAGA Pay Period” means any Pay Period during which an Aggrieved Employee worked for Defendants for at least one day during the PAGA Period.
- 1.31 “PAGA Period” means the period from March 26, 2023 to Preliminary Approval.
- 1.32 “PAGA” means the Private Attorneys General Act (Lab. Code, § 2698 et seq.).
- 1.33 “PAGA Notice” means Plaintiff’s March 26, 2024 letter to Defendants and the LWDA providing notice pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, subdivision (a).
- 1.34 “PAGA Penalties” means the total amount of PAGA civil penalties to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, allocated 25% to the Aggrieved Employees(\$16,250.00) and 75% to LWDA (\$48,750.00) in settlement of PAGA claims.
- 1.35 “Participating Class Member” means a Class Member who does not submit a valid and timely Request for Exclusion from the Settlement.
- 1.36 “Plaintiff” means Terrell Hunt, the named plaintiff in the Action.
- 1.37 “Preliminary Approval” means the Court’s Order Granting Preliminary Approval of the Settlement.
- 1.38 “Preliminary Approval Order” means the proposed Order Granting Preliminary Approval and Approval of PAGA Settlement.
- 1.39 “Released Class Claims” means the claims being released as described in Paragraph 5.2 below.
- 1.40 “Released PAGA Claims” means the claims being released as described in Paragraph 5.3

below.

- 1.41 “Released Parties” means Defendants and each of their former and present directors, officers, shareholders, owners, managers, members, employees, attorneys, insurers, predecessors, successors, assigns, subsidiaries, and affiliates.
- 1.42 “Request for Exclusion” means a Class Member’s submission of a written request to be excluded from the Class Settlement signed by the Class Member.
- 1.43 “Response Deadline” means 30 days after the Administrator mails Notice to Class Members and Aggrieved Employees, shall be the last date on which Class Members may: (a) fax, email, or mail Requests for Exclusion from the Settlement, or (b) fax, email, or mail his, her, or their Objection to the Settlement. Class Members to whom Notice Packets are resent after having been returned undeliverable to the Administrator shall have an additional 14 calendar days beyond the Response Deadline has expired.
- 1.44 “Settlement” means the disposition of the Action effected by this Agreement and the Judgment.
- 1.45 “Workweek” means any week during which a Class Member performed work for Defendants in California for at least one day, during the Class Period.

2. RECITALS.

- 2.1 On April 22, 2024, Plaintiff commenced this Action by filing a Complaint alleging causes of action against Defendants for (1) failure timely to pay all wages at separation; (2) failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements; (3) failure to indemnify for necessary business expenses; (4) unlawful deductions; and (5) unlawful and unfair business practices. On June 4, 2024, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint (“FAC”) adding a claim for violation of the PAGA. The FAC is the operative complaint in the Action (the “Operative Complaint”). Defendants deny the allegations in the Operative Complaint, deny any failure to comply with the laws identified in in the Operative Complaint and deny any and all liability for the causes of action alleged.
- 2.2 Pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, subdivision (a), Plaintiff gave timely written notice on March 26, 2024, to Defendant and the LWDA by sending the PAGA Notice.
- 2.3 On November 26, 2024, the Parties participated in a private mediation presided over by Daniel J. Turner. This mediation did not result in resolution at that time, and the Parties continued with discovery. Following additional litigation efforts, including Defendants’ removal of the case to federal court, Plaintiff’s motion to remand, and the return of the case to Los Angeles Superior Court, the Parties reached a resolution with the assistance of mediator Daniel J. Turner in July 2025.
- 2.4 Negotiating the Settlement, Plaintiff obtained—through both informal and formal discovery—copies of Plaintiff’s qualification file, settlement statements, Settlement Detail Summary, Settlement Sheet, Independent Contractor Operating Agreement, New Associate Orientation Program, Driver Orientation Testing Training Booklet, and Controlled Substance Attendance Certificate, as well as sufficient data pertaining to Class Members.

- 2.5 The Court has not granted class certification, as the Parties entered into this Settlement prior to any motion for class certification being filed by Plaintiff.
- 2.6 The Parties, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel represent that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or affected by the Settlement.

3. MONETARY TERMS.

- 3.1 Gross Settlement Amount. Except as otherwise provided by Paragraph 8 below, Defendants promise to pay One Million Three Hundred Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$1,300,000) and no more as the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendants have no obligation to pay the Gross Settlement Amount prior to the deadline stated in Paragraph 4.3 of this Agreement. The Administrator will disburse the entire Gross Settlement Amount without asking or requiring Participating Class Members or Aggrieved Employees to submit any claim as a condition of payment. None of the Gross Settlement Amount will revert to Defendants.
- 3.2 Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. The Administrator will make and deduct the following payments from the Gross Settlement Amount, in the amounts specified by the Court in the Final Approval:
- 3.2.1 To Plaintiff: Subject to court review and court approval, to the Class Representative Service Payment to the Class Representative of not more than \$15,000 (in addition to any Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment the Class Representative is entitled to receive as a Participating Class Member). Defendants will not oppose Plaintiff's request for a Class Representative Service Payment that does not exceed this amount. As part of the motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment, Plaintiff will seek Court approval for any Class Representative Service Payments no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Representative Service Payment less than the amount requested, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will pay the Class Representative Service Payment using IRS Form 1099. Plaintiff assumes full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on the Class Representative Service Payment.
- 3.2.2 To Class Counsel: A Class Counsel Fees Payment of not more than thirty five percent (35%) of the Gross Settlement Amount, plus reimbursement of Class Counsel Litigation Expenses not to exceed \$50,000. Defendants will not oppose requests for these payments provided the request does not exceed these amounts. Class Counsel will file a motion for Final Approval and for Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Litigation Expenses Payment no later than 16 court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. If the Court approves a Class Counsel Fees Payment and/or a Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment less than the amounts requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. Released Parties shall have no liability to Class Counsel or any other Plaintiff's Counsel arising from any claim to any portion any Class Counsel Fee Payment and/or Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment. The Administrator will pay the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Expenses Payment using one or more IRS 1099 Forms. Class Counsel assumes full responsibility and liability for taxes owed on the Class Counsel Fees Payment

and the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and holds Defendants harmless, and indemnifies Defendants, from any dispute or controversy regarding any division or sharing of any of these Payments.

- 3.2.3 To the Administrator: An Administrator Expenses Payment not to exceed \$5,950, except for a showing of good cause and as approved by the Court. To the extent the Administration Expenses are less, or the Court approves payment less than \$5,950, the Administrator will retain the remainder in the Net Settlement Amount.
- 3.2.4 To Each Participating Class Member: An Individual Class Payment calculated by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members during the Class Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Participating Class Member's Workweeks.
 - 3.2.4.1 Effect and Tax Treatment of Individual Class Payments. Each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will constitute full settlement of all released claims and will be reported on IRS 1099 Forms. Participating Class Members assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual Class Payment.
 - 3.2.4.2 Effect of Non-Participating Class Members on Calculation of Individual Class Payments. Non-Participating Class Members will not receive any Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will retain amounts equal to their Individual Class Payments in the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members on a pro rata basis.
- 3.2.5 To the LWDA and Aggrieved Employees: PAGA Penalties in the amount of \$65,000 to be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, with 75% (\$48,750) allocated to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% (\$16,250) allocated to the Individual PAGA Payments
 - 3.2.5.1 The Administrator will calculate each Individual PAGA Payment by (a) dividing the amount of the Aggrieved Employees' 25% share of PAGA Penalties (\$16,250) by the total number of PAGA Period Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period and (b) multiplying the result by each Aggrieved Employee's PAGA Period Pay Periods. Aggrieved Employees assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual PAGA Payment.
 - 3.2.5.2 If the Court approves PAGA Penalties of less than the amount requested, the Administrator will allocate the remainder to the Net Settlement Amount. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.

4. SETTLEMENT FUNDING AND PAYMENTS.

- 4.1 Class Workweeks and Aggrieved Employee Pay Periods. Based on a review of its records to date, Defendants estimate there are 101 Class Members who collectively worked a total of 15,000 Workweeks, and 70 Aggrieved Employees.
- 4.2 Class Data. Not later than 10 days after the Court grants Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, Defendants will deliver the Class Data to the Administrator, in the form of a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. To protect Class Members' privacy rights, the Administrator

must maintain the Class Data in confidence, use the Class Data only for purposes of this Settlement and for no other purpose, and restrict access to the Class Data to Administrator employees who need access to the Class Data to effect and perform under this Agreement. Defendants have a continuing duty to immediately notify Class Counsel if they discover that the Class Data omitted class member identifying information and to provide corrected or updated Class Data as soon as reasonably feasible to the Administrator. Without any extension of the deadline by which Defendants must send the Class Data to the Administrator, the Parties and their counsel will expeditiously use best efforts, in good faith, to reconstruct or otherwise resolve any issues related to missing or omitted Class Data.

- 4.3 Funding of Gross Settlement Amount. Defendants shall fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount, by transmitting the funds to the Administrator no later than 14 days after the Effective Date.
- 4.4 Payments from the Gross Settlement Amount. Within 7 days after Defendants funds the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will mail checks for all Individual Class Payments, all Individual PAGA Payments, the LWDA PAGA Payment, all the Administration Expenses Payment, the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment, and the Class Representative Service Payment. Disbursement of the Class Counsel Fees Payment, the Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and the Class Representative Service Payment shall not precede disbursement of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments.
 - 4.4.1 The Administrator will issue checks for the Individual Class Payments and/or Individual PAGA Payments and send them to the Class Members via First Class U.S. Mail, postage prepaid. The face of each check shall prominently state the date (not less than 180 days after the date of mailing) when the check will be voided. The Administrator will cancel all checks not cashed by the void date. The Administrator will send checks for Individual Settlement Payments to all Participating Class Members (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator will send checks for Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees including Non-Participating Class Members who qualify as Aggrieved Employees (including those for whom Class Notice was returned undelivered). The Administrator may send Participating Class Members a single check combining the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment. Before mailing any checks, the Settlement Administrator must update the recipients' mailing addresses using the National Change of Address Database.
 - 4.4.2 The Administrator must conduct a Class Member Address Search for all other Class Members whose checks are returned undelivered without USPS forwarding address. Within 14 days of receiving a returned check the Administrator must re-mail checks to the USPS forwarding address provided or to an address ascertained through the Class Member Address Search. The Administrator need not take further steps to deliver checks to Class Members whose re-mailed checks are returned as undelivered. The Administrator shall promptly send a replacement check to any Class Member whose original check was lost or misplaced, requested by the Class Member prior to the void date.
 - 4.4.3 For any Class Member whose Individual Class Payment check or Individual PAGA Payment

check is uncashed and cancelled after the void date, the Administrator shall transmit the funds represented by such checks to the proposed cy pres recipient, subject to Court approval, without further amendment to this Agreement, consistent with Code of Civil Procedure Section 384, subd. (b) (“Cy Pres Recipient”) The Parties propose that funds represented by any uncashed or undeliverable checks shall be distributed, subject to Court approval, to Public Citizen Foundation, a section 501(c)(3) non-profit organization. If the Court does not approve Public Citizen Foundation as the cy pres recipient in this matter, Class Counsel will propose other section 501(c)(3) non-profit organizations until one is approved by the Court. Participating Class Members who do not cash their Individual Class Payment checks remain bound to the terms of this Agreement.

- 4.4.4 The payment of Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments shall not obligate Defendants to confer any additional benefits or make any additional payments to Class Members (such as 401(k) contributions or bonuses) beyond those specified in this Agreement.

5. RELEASES OF CLAIMS. Effective on the date when Defendants fully fund the entire Gross Settlement Amount, Plaintiff, Class Members, and Class Counsel will release claims against all Released Parties as follows:

- 5.1 Plaintiff’s Release. Plaintiff and his respective former and present spouses, representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns generally, release and discharge Released Parties from all claims, transactions, or occurrences that occurred during the Class Period, including, but not limited to: (a) all claims that were, or reasonably could have been, alleged, based on the facts contained, in the Operative Complaint and (b) all PAGA claims that were, or reasonably could have been, alleged based on facts contained in the Operative Complaint, Plaintiff’s PAGA Notice, or ascertained during the Action and released under 5.2, below. (“Plaintiff’s Release.”) Plaintiff’s Release does not extend to any claims or actions to enforce this Agreement, or to any claims for vested benefits, unemployment benefits, disability benefits, social security benefits, workers’ compensation benefits that arose at any time, or based on occurrences outside the Class Period. Plaintiff acknowledges that Plaintiff may discover facts or law different from, or in addition to, the facts or law that Plaintiff now knows or believes to be true but agrees, nonetheless, that Plaintiff’s Release shall be and remain effective in all respects, notwithstanding such different or additional facts or Plaintiff’s discovery of them.

- 5.1.1 Plaintiff’s Waiver of Rights Under California Civil Code Section 1542. For purposes of Plaintiff’s Release, Plaintiff expressly waives and relinquishes the provisions, rights, and benefits, if any, of section 1542 of the California Civil Code, which reads:

A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, and that if known by him or her would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or Released Party.

- 5.2 Release by Participating Class Members: All Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs,

administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties from (i) all claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the Class Period facts stated in the Operative Complaint and ascertained in the course of the Action, including without limiting the foregoing, any and all claims under California Labor Code sections 201 *et seq.*, 221 *et seq.*, 226 *et seq.*, and 2802 *et seq.*, and California Business and Professions Code 17200 *et seq.* as it relates to these Labor Code sections. Except as set forth in Section 5.3 of this Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, violation of the Private Attorneys General Act, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.

- 5.3 Release by Aggrieved Employees: All Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties from all claims for civil penalties under the California Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 ("PAGA"), California Labor Code section 2698 *et seq.*, that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts and allegations in the Operative Complaint and the PAGA Notice that are alleged to have occurred during the PAGA Period, and ascertained in the course of the Action.

6. MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL. Plaintiff shall prepare and file a motion for preliminary approval ("Motion for Preliminary Approval") that complies with the Court's current checklist for Preliminary Approvals.

- 6.1 Defendants' Declaration in Support of Preliminary Approval. Within fifteen (15) days of the full execution of this Agreement, Defendants shall prepare and deliver to Class Counsel a signed declaration from Defendants and Defense Counsel disclosing all facts relevant to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with the Administrator. In their Declarations, Defense Counsel and Defendants shall aver that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by the Settlement.
- 6.2 Counsel's Responsibilities. Plaintiff will prepare and deliver to Defense Counsel all documents necessary for obtaining Preliminary Approval. In their Declarations, Plaintiff and Class Counsel Declaration shall aver that they are not aware of any other pending matter or action asserting claims that will be extinguished or adversely affected by the Settlement. To the extent further information might be necessary for the Motion for Preliminary Approval, Defendant will provide Class Counsel with such reasonable necessary information to satisfy *Dunk/Kullar* in the Motion for Preliminary Approval.

6.3 Responsibilities of Counsel. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel are jointly responsible for expeditiously finalizing and filing the Motion for Preliminary Approval no later than 30 days after the full execution of this Agreement; obtaining a prompt hearing date for the Motion for Preliminary Approval; and for appearing in Court to advocate in favor of the Motion for Preliminary Approval. Class Counsel is responsible for delivering the Court's Preliminary Approval to the Administrator

6.4 Duty to Cooperate. If the Parties disagree on any aspect of the proposed Motion for Preliminary Approval and/or the supporting declarations and documents, Class Counsel and Defense

Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve the disagreement. If the Court does not grant Preliminary Approval or conditions Preliminary Approval on any material change to this Agreement, Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously work together on behalf of the Parties by meeting in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to modify the Agreement and otherwise satisfy the Court's concerns.

7. SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION.

- 7.1 Selection of Administrator. The Parties have jointly selected Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions ("Phoenix") to serve as the Administrator and verified that, as a condition of appointment, Phoenix agrees to be bound by this Agreement and to perform, as a fiduciary, all duties specified in this Agreement in exchange for payment of Administration Expenses. The Parties and their Counsel represent that they have no interest or relationship, financial or otherwise, with the Administrator other than a professional relationship arising out of prior experiences administering settlements. Phoenix provided a bid with a "not to exceed" cap of \$5,950.
- 7.2 Employer Identification Number. The Administrator shall have and use its own Employer Identification Number for purposes of calculating payroll tax withholdings and providing reports state and federal tax authorities.
- 7.3 Qualified Settlement Fund. The Administrator shall establish a settlement fund that meets the requirements of a Qualified Settlement Fund ("QSF") under US Treasury Regulation section 468B-1. All funds held by the Claims Administrator at any time shall be deemed to be a Qualified Settlement Fund as described in Treasury Regulation §1.468B-1, 26 C.F.R. §1.468B-1.
- 7.4 Notice to Class Members.
 - 7.4.1 No later than three (3) business days after receipt of the Class Data, the Administrator shall notify Class Counsel that the list has been received and state the number of Class Members PAGA Members, Workweeks and Pay Periods in the Class Data.
 - 7.4.2 Using best efforts to perform as soon as possible, and in no event later than 14 days after receiving the Class Data, the Administrator will send to all Class Members identified in the Class Data, via first-class United States Postal Service ("USPS") mail, the Class Notice substantially in the form attached to this Agreement as Exhibit A. The first page of the Class Notice shall prominently estimate the dollar amounts of any Individual Class Payment and/or Individual PAGA Payment payable to the Class Member, and the number of Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods (if applicable) used to calculate these amounts. Before mailing Class Notices, the Administrator shall update Class Member addresses using the National Change of Address database.
 - 7.4.3 Not later than 3 business days after the Administrator's receipt of any Class Notice returned by the USPS as undelivered, the Administrator shall re-mail the Class Notice using any forwarding address provided by the USPS. If the USPS does not provide a forwarding

address, the Administrator shall conduct a Class Member Address Search, and re-mail the Class Notice to the most current address obtained. The Administrator has no obligation to make further attempts to locate or send Class Notice to Class Members whose Class Notice is returned by the USPS a second time.

7.4.4 The deadlines for Class Members' written objections, Challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods and Requests for Exclusion will be extended an additional 14 days beyond the 30 days otherwise provided in the Class Notice for all Class Members whose notice is re-mailed. The Administrator will inform the Class Member of the extended deadline with the re-mailed Class Notice.

7.4.5 If the Administrator, Defendants or Class Counsel is contacted by or otherwise discovers any persons who believe they should have been included in the Class Data and should have received Class Notice, the Parties will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone, and in good faith, in an effort to agree on whether to include them as Class Members. If the Parties agree, such persons will be Class Members entitled to the same rights as other Class Members, and the Administrator will send, via email or overnight delivery, a Class Notice requiring them to exercise options under this Agreement not later than 14 days after receipt of Class Notice, or the deadline dates in the Class Notice, which ever are later.

7.5 Requests for Exclusion (Opt-Outs).

7.5.1 Class Members who wish to exclude themselves (opt-out of) the Class Settlement must send the Administrator, by fax, email, or mail, a signed written Request for Exclusion not later than 30 days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed). A Request for Exclusion is a letter from a Class Member or their representative that reasonably communicates the Class Member's election to be excluded from the Settlement and includes the Class Member's name, mailing address, email address, and telephone number. To be valid, a Request for Exclusion must be timely faxed, emailed, or postmarked by the Response Deadline.

7.5.2 The Administrator may not reject a Request for Exclusion as invalid because it fails to contain all the information specified in the Class Notice. The Administrator shall accept any Request for Exclusion as valid if the Administrator can reasonably ascertain the identity of the person as a Class Member and the Class Member's desire to be excluded. The Administrator's determination shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. If the Administrator has reason to question the authenticity of a Request for Exclusion, the Administrator may demand additional proof of the Class Member's identity. The Administrator's determination of authenticity shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.

7.5.3 Every Class Member who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion is deemed to be a Participating Class Member under this Agreement, entitled to all benefits and bound by all terms and conditions of the Settlement, including the Participating Class Members' Releases under Paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3 of this Agreement, regardless of whether the Participating Class Member actually receives the Class Notice or objects to the Settlement.

- 7.5.4 Every Class Member who submits a valid and timely Request for Exclusion is a Non-Participating Class Member and shall not receive an Individual Class Payment or have the right to object to the class action components of the Settlement. Because future PAGA claims are subject to claim preclusion upon entry of the Judgment, Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release the claims identified in Paragraph 5.3 of this Agreement and are eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment.
- 7.6 Challenges to Calculation of Workweeks. Each Class Member shall have 30 days after the Administrator mails the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice is re-mailed) to challenge the number of Class Workweeks allocated to the Class Member in the Class Notice. The Class Member may challenge the allocation by communicating with the Administrator via fax, email or mail. The Administrator must encourage the challenging Class Member to submit supporting documentation. In the absence of any contrary documentation, the Administrator is entitled to presume that the Workweeks contained in the Class Notice are correct so long as they are consistent with the Class Data. The Administrator's determination of each Class Member's allocation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge. The Administrator shall promptly provide copies of all challenges to calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods to Defense Counsel and Class Counsel and the Administrator's determination the challenges.
- 7.7 Objections to Settlement.
- 7.7.1 Only Participating Class Members may object to the class action components of the Settlement and/or this Agreement, including contesting the fairness of the Settlement, and/or amounts requested for the Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Class Representative Service Payment.
- 7.7.2 Participating Class Members may send written objections to the Administrator by fax, email, or mail. In the alternative, Participating Class Members may appear in Court (or hire an attorney to appear in Court) to present verbal objections at the Final Approval Hearing. A Participating Class Member who elects to send a written objection to the Administrator must do so not later than 30 days after the Administrator's mailing of the Class Notice (plus an additional 14 days for Class Members whose Class Notice was re-mailed).
- 7.7.3 Non-Participating Class Members have no right to object to any of the class action components of the Settlement.
- 7.8 Administrator Duties. The Administrator has a duty to perform or observe all tasks to be performed or observed by the Administrator contained in this Agreement or otherwise.
- 7.8.1 Website, Email Address and Toll-Free Number. The Administrator will establish and maintain and use an internet website to post information of interest to Class Members including the date, time and location for the Final Approval Hearing and copies of the Settlement Agreement, Motion for Preliminary Approval, the Preliminary Approval, the Class Notice, the Motion for Final Approval, the Motion for Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and Class Representative Service Payment, the Final Approval and the

Judgment. The Administrator will also maintain and monitor an email address and a toll-free telephone number to receive Class Member calls, faxes and emails.

- 7.8.2 Requests for Exclusion (Opt-outs) and Exclusion List. The Administrator will promptly review on a rolling basis Requests for Exclusion to ascertain their validity. Not later than 5 days after the expiration of the deadline for submitting Requests for Exclusion, the Administrator shall email a list to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel containing (a) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who have timely submitted valid Requests for Exclusion (“Exclusion List”); (b) the names and other identifying information of Class Members who have submitted invalid Requests for Exclusion; (c) copies of all Requests for Exclusion from Settlement submitted (whether valid or invalid).
- 7.8.3 Weekly Reports. The Administrator must, on a weekly basis, provide written reports to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel that, among other things, tally the number of: Class Notices mailed or re-mailed, Class Notices returned undelivered, Requests for Exclusion (whether valid or invalid) received, objections received, challenges to Workweeks and/or Pay Periods received and/or resolved, and checks mailed for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments (“Weekly Report”). The Weekly Reports must include the Administrator’s assessment of the validity of Requests for Exclusion and attach copies of all Requests for Exclusion and objections received.
- 7.8.4 Workweek and/or Pay Period Challenges. The Administrator has the authority to address and make final decisions consistent with the terms of this Agreement on all Class Member challenges over the calculation of Workweeks and/or Pay Periods. The Administrator’s decision shall be final and not appealable or otherwise susceptible to challenge.
- 7.8.5 Administrator’s Declaration. Not later than 7 days before the date by which Plaintiff is required to file the Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement, the Administrator will provide to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its due diligence and compliance with all of its obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to, its mailing of Class Notice, the Class Notices returned as undelivered, the re-mailing of Class Notices, attempts to locate Class Members, the total number of Requests for Exclusion from Settlement it received (both valid or invalid), the number of written objections, and attach the Exclusion List. The Administrator will supplement its declaration as needed or requested by the Parties and/or the Court. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator’s declaration(s) in Court.
- 7.8.6 Final Report by Settlement Administrator. Within 10 days after the Administrator disburses all funds in the Gross Settlement Amount, the Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defense Counsel with a final report detailing its disbursements by employee identification number only of all payments made under this Agreement. At least 15 days before any deadline set by the Court, the Administrator will prepare, and submit to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, a signed declaration suitable for filing in Court attesting to its disbursement of all payments required under this Agreement. Class Counsel is responsible for filing the Administrator’s declaration in Court.

8. **CLASS SIZE ESTIMATES AND ESCALATOR CLAUSE.** Based on its records,

Defendants estimate that, as of the date of this Settlement Agreement, there are 101 Class Members and 15,000 Total Workweeks during the Class period 2) there were 70 Aggrieved Employees who worked during the PAGA Period. If the calculated number of Workweeks exceeds Defendants' estimate by more than 10%, then the Gross Settlement Amount shall be increased in proportion to the percentage increase in the number of Workweeks in excess of 10% (e.g., if the number of Total Workweeks increases by eleven percent (11%), the Gross Settlement Amount shall increase by one percent (1%)).

9. **MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL.** Not later than 16 court days before the calendared Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff will file in Court a motion for final approval of the Settlement that includes a request for approval of the PAGA settlement under Labor Code section 2699, subdivision (l), a Proposed Final Approval Order and a proposed Judgment (collectively "Motion for Final Approval"). Plaintiff shall provide drafts of these documents to Defense Counsel prior to filing the Motion for Final Approval. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel will expeditiously meet and confer in person or by telephone, and in good faith, to resolve any disagreements concerning the Motion for Final Approval.

9.1 Response to Objections. Each Party retains the right to respond to any objection raised by a Participating Class Member, including the right to file responsive documents in Court no later than five court days prior to the Final Approval Hearing, or as otherwise ordered or accepted by the Court.

9.2 Duty to Cooperate. If the Court does not grant Final Approval or conditions Final Approval on any material change to the Settlement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), the Parties will expeditiously work together in good faith to address the Court's concerns by revising the Agreement as necessary to obtain Final Approval. The Court's decision to award less than the amounts requested for the Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel Fees Payment, Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment and/or Administrator Expenses Payment shall not constitute a material modification to the Agreement within the meaning of this paragraph.

9.3 Continuing Jurisdiction of the Court. The Parties agree that, after entry of Judgment, the Court will retain jurisdiction over the Parties, the Action, and the Settlement solely for purposes of (i) enforcing this Agreement and/or Judgment, (ii) addressing settlement administration matters, and (iii) addressing such post-Judgment matters as are permitted by law.

9.4 Waiver of Right to Appeal. Provided the Judgment is consistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, specifically including the Class Counsel Fees Payment and Class Counsel Litigation Expenses Payment set forth in this Settlement, the Parties, their respective counsel and all Participating Class Members who did not object to the Settlement as provided in this Agreement, waive all rights to appeal from the Judgment, including all rights to post-judgment and appellate proceedings, the right to file motions to vacate judgment, motions for new trial, extraordinary writs and appeals. The waiver of appeal does not include any waiver of the right to oppose such motions, writs or appeals. If an objector appeals the Judgment, the Parties' obligations to perform under this Agreement will be suspended until such time as the appeal is finally resolved and the Judgment becomes final, except as to matters that do not affect the amount of the Net Settlement Amount.

9.5 Appellate Court Orders to Vacate, Reverse, or Materially Modify Judgment. If a reviewing Court vacates, reverses, or modifies the Judgment in a manner that requires a material modification of this Agreement (including, but not limited to, the scope of release to be granted by Class Members), this Agreement shall be null and void. The Parties shall nevertheless expeditiously work together in good faith to address the appellate court's concerns and to obtain Final Approval and entry of Judgment. An appellate decision to vacate, reverse, or modify the Court's award of the Class Representative Service Payment or any payments to Class Counsel shall not constitute a material modification of the Judgment within the meaning of this paragraph, as long as the Gross Settlement Amount remains unchanged.

10. AMENDED JUDGMENT. If any amended judgment is required under Code of Civil Procedure section 384, the Parties will work together in good faith to jointly submit a proposed amended judgment.

11. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.

11.1 No Admission of Liability, Class Certification or Representative Manageability for Other Purposes. This Agreement represents a compromise and settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or should be construed as an admission by Defendants that any of the allegations in the Operative Complaint have merit or that Defendants have any liability for any claims asserted; nor should it be intended or construed as an admission by Plaintiff that Defendants' defenses in the Action have merit. The Parties agree that class certification and representative treatment is for purposes of this Settlement only. If, for any reason the Court does grant Preliminary Approval, Final Approval or enter Judgment, Defendants reserve the right to contest certification of any class for any reasons, and Defendants reserve all available defenses to the claims in the Action, and Plaintiff reserves the right to move for class certification on any grounds available and to contest Defendants' defenses. The Settlement, this Agreement and Parties' willingness to settle the Action will have no bearing on, and will not be admissible in connection with, any litigation (except for proceedings to enforce or effectuate the Settlement and this Agreement).

11.2 Confidentiality Prior to Preliminary Approval. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendants and Defense Counsel separately agree that, until the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Settlement is filed, to the extent permitted by law and applicable ethical rules, they and each of them will not disclose, disseminate and/or publicize, or cause or permit another person to disclose, disseminate or publicize, any of the terms of the Agreement directly or indirectly, specifically or generally, to any person, corporation, association, government agency or other entity except: (1) to the Parties' attorneys, accountants or spouses, all of whom will be instructed to keep this Agreement confidential; (2) counsel in a related matter; (3) to the extent necessary to report income to appropriate taxing authorities; (4) in response to a court order or subpoena; or (5) in response to an inquiry or subpoena issued by a state or federal government agency. Each Party agrees to immediately notify each other Party of any judicial or agency order, inquiry, or subpoena seeking such information. Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendants and Defense Counsel separately agree not to, directly or indirectly, initiate any conversation or other communication, before the filing of the Motion for Preliminary Approval, with any third party regarding this Agreement or the matters giving rise to this Agreement except to respond only that "the matter was resolved," or words to that effect. This paragraph does not restrict

Class Counsel's communications with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.

11.3 Defendants' Right to Pro-Rata Reduction of GSA or to Terminate Agreement. In the event Class Members whose combined workweek count is more than 15% of the total Class workweeks opt out of the settlement, Defendant shall either: (a) be entitled to elect to receive a pro-rata reduction in the GSA based on the weeks worked by such individuals compared to all settlement Class Members in the Class Period; or (b) be entitled to void the settlement.

11.4 Neutral Employment Reference. If Defendants receives any requests from prospective employers or other persons about Plaintiff's employment, Defendants shall provide a neutral and objective employment reference, to the extent permitted by law, and refrain from subjectively characterizing Plaintiff's personal characteristics, qualities, or job performance in any manner that reflects poorly on Plaintiff and shall not refer to the Action or this Settlement.

11.5 No Solicitation. The Parties separately agree that they and their respective counsel and employees will not solicit any Class Member to opt out of or object to the Settlement, or appeal from the Judgment. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to restrict Class Counsel's ability to communicate with Class Members in accordance with Class Counsel's ethical obligations owed to Class Members.

11.6 Integrated Agreement. Upon execution by all Parties and their respective counsel, this Agreement together with its attached exhibits shall constitute the entire agreement between the Parties relating to the Settlement, superseding any and all oral representations, warranties, covenants, or inducements made to or by any Party.

11.7 Attorney Authorization. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel separately warrant and represent that they are authorized by Plaintiff and Defendants, respectively, to take all appropriate action required or permitted to be taken by such Parties pursuant to this Agreement to effectuate its terms, and to execute any other documents reasonably required to effectuate the terms of this Agreement including any amendments to this Agreement.

11.8 Cooperation. The Parties and their respective counsel will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts, in good faith, to implement the Settlement by, among other things, modifying the Settlement Agreement, submitting supplemental evidence and supplementing points and authorities as requested by the Court. In the event the Parties are unable to agree upon the form or content of any document necessary to implement the Settlement, or on any modification of the Agreement that may become necessary to implement the Settlement, the Parties will seek the assistance of a mediator and/or the Court for resolution.

11.9 No Prior Assignments. The Parties separately represent and warrant that they have not directly or indirectly assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity and portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or right released and discharged by the Party in this Settlement.

11.10 No Tax Advice. Neither Plaintiff, Class Counsel, Defendants nor Defense Counsel are providing any advice regarding taxes or taxability, nor shall anything in this Settlement be

relied upon as such within the meaning of United States Treasury Department Circular 230 (31 CFR Part 10, as amended) or otherwise.

11.11 Modification of Agreement. This Agreement, and all parts of it, may be amended, modified, changed, or waived only by an express written instrument signed by all Parties or their representatives, and approved by the Court.

11.12 Agreement Binding on Successors. This Agreement will be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors of each of the Parties.

11.13 Applicable Law. All terms and conditions of this Agreement and its exhibits will be governed by and interpreted according to the internal laws of the state of California, without regard to conflict of law principles.

11.14 Cooperation in Drafting. The Parties have cooperated in the drafting and preparation of this Agreement. This Agreement will not be construed against any Party on the basis that the Party was the drafter or participated in the drafting.

11.15 Confidentiality. To the extent permitted by law, all agreements made and orders entered during Action and in this Agreement relating to the confidentiality of information shall survive the execution of this Agreement.

11.16 Use and Return of Class Data. Information provided to Class Counsel pursuant to Evidence Code section 1152, and all copies and summaries of the Class Data provided to Class Counsel by Defendants in connection with the mediation, other settlement negotiations, or in connection with the Settlement, may be used only with respect to this Settlement, and no other purpose, and may not be used in any way that violates any existing contractual agreement, statute or California Rules of Court rule. Not later than 90 days after the date after the Court discharges the Administrator's obligation to provide a Declaration confirming the final pay out of all Settlement funds, Plaintiff shall return to Defendants all paper and electronic versions of Class Data received from Defendants.

11.17 Headings. The descriptive heading of any section or paragraph of this Agreement is inserted for convenience of reference only and does not constitute a part of this Agreement.

11.18 Calendar Days. Unless otherwise noted, all reference to "days" in this Agreement shall be to calendar days. In the event any date or deadline set forth in this Agreement falls on a weekend or federal legal holiday, such date or deadline shall be on the first business day thereafter.

11.19 Notice. All notices, demands or other communications between the Parties in connection with this Agreement will be in writing and deemed to have been duly given as of the third business day after mailing by United States mail, or the day sent by email or messenger, addressed as follows:

To Plaintiff/Class Counsel:

Nick Rosenthal
The Law Office of Nick Rosenthal, APC

811 W.7th Street,
Los Angeles, CA 90017
Office: 213-542-0439
Cell: 917-743-5614

Taras Kick
Tyler Dosaj
The Kick Law Firm, APC
815 Moraga Drive
Los Angeles, CA 90049

To Defendants:

Christopher C. McNatt, Jr.
Scopelitis, Garvin, Light, Hanson & Feary, LLP
2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 560
Pasadena, CA 91101

11.20 Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts by facsimile, electronically (i.e. DocuSign), or email which for purposes of this Agreement shall be accepted as an original. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument if counsel for the Parties will exchange between themselves signed counterparts. Any executed counterpart will be admissible in evidence to prove the existence and contents of this Agreement.

11.21 Stay of Litigation. The Parties agree that upon the execution of this Agreement the litigation shall be stayed, except to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 583.330, the Parties further agree that upon the signing of this Agreement, the deadline to bring this Action to trial pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 583.310 shall be extended for the entire period of this settlement process.

Date: 1/20/2026

By: _____

DocuSigned by:

AA1AF56AF0304FA...

Terrell Hunt
Plaintiff and Class Representative

Date: _____

By: _____

For Defendants

811 W.7th Street,
Los Angeles, CA 90017
Office: 213-542-0439
Cell: 917-743-5614

Taras Kick
Tyler Dosaj
The Kick Law Firm, APC
815 Moraga Drive
Los Angeles, CA 90049

To Defendants:

Christopher C. McNatt, Jr.
Scopelitis, Garvin, Light, Hanson & Feary, LLP
2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 560
Pasadena, CA 91101

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Date: _____

By: _____
Terrell Hunt
Plaintiff and Class Representative

Date: _____

By: **Maria L. Cohen**
For Defendants

Digitally signed by Maria L. Cohen
DN: cn=Maria L. Cohen, o, ou,
email=mcohen@danacompanies.com, c=US
Date: 2026.01.28 10:01:53 -05'00'

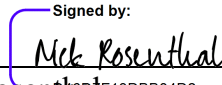
APPROVED AS TO FORM ONLY:

Date: 1/20/2026

By: 
Taras Kick

The Kick Law Firm, APC
Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class

Date: 1/20/2026

By: 
Nick Rosenthal

The Law Office of Nick Rosenthal, APC
Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class

Date: _____

By: _____

Christopher C. McNatt, Jr.
Scopelitis, Garvin, Light, Hanson & Feary,
LLP
Attorneys for Defendants

APPROVED AS TO FORM ONLY:

Date: _____

By: _____

Taras Kick
The Kick Law Firm, APC
Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class

Date: _____

By: _____

Nick Rosenthal
The Law Office of Nick Rosenthal, APC
Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class

Date: 1/21/26

By: _____


Christopher C. McNatt, Jr.
Scopelitis, Garvin, Light, Hanson & Feary,
LLP
Attorneys for Defendants

EXHIBIT A

**COURT APPROVED NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND
HEARING DATE FOR FINAL COURT APPROVAL**

Terrell Hunt v. Liquid Transport Corp et al.

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 24STCV10101

***The Superior Court for the State of California authorized this Notice. Read it carefully!
It's not junk mail, spam, an advertisement, or solicitation by a lawyer. You are not being sued.***

You may be eligible to receive money from a class action lawsuit (“Action”) against Liquid Transport Corp, Liquid Transport, LLC, and Dana Transport, Inc. (collectively, “LTC” or “Defendants”) for alleged wage and hour violations. The Action was filed by a former LTC vendor Terrell Hunt (“Plaintiff”) and seeks payment of (1) civil and statutory penalties for a class of truck drivers (“Class Members”) who were California residents and performed trips for LTC during the Class Period (April 22, 2020 to February 25, 2026); and (2) penalties under the California Private Attorneys General Act (“PAGA”) for all truck drivers who were California residents and performed trips for LTC during the PAGA Period (March 26, 2023 to February 25, 2026) (“Aggrieved Employees”).

The proposed Settlement has two main parts: (1) a Class Settlement requiring LTC to fund Individual Class Payments, and (2) a PAGA Settlement requiring LTC to fund Individual PAGA Payments and pay penalties to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”).

Based on LTC’s records, and the Parties’ current assumptions, **your Individual Class Payment is estimated to be \$ [REDACTED]**, and **your Individual PAGA Payment is estimated to be \$ [REDACTED]**. The actual amount you may receive likely will be different and will depend on a number of factors. (If no amount is stated for your Individual PAGA Payment, then according to LTC’s records you are not eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment under the Settlement because you didn’t work during the PAGA Period.)

The above estimates are based on LTC’s records showing that **you worked [REDACTED] Workweeks** during the Class Period and **you worked [REDACTED] PAGA Pay Periods** during the PAGA Period. If you believe that you worked more Workweeks and/or Pay Periods, you can submit a challenge by the deadline date. See Section 4 of this Notice.

The Court has already preliminarily approved the proposed Settlement and approved this Notice. The Court has not yet decided whether to grant final approval. Your legal rights are affected whether you act or not act. Read this Notice carefully. You will be deemed to have carefully read and understood it. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will decide whether to finally approve the Settlement and how much of the Settlement will be paid to Plaintiff and Plaintiff’s attorneys (“Class Counsel”). The Court will also decide whether to enter a judgment that requires LTC to make payments under the Settlement and requires Class Members and Aggrieved Employees to give up their rights to assert certain claims against LTC.

If you worked for LTC during the Class Period and/or the PAGA Period, you have two basic options under the Settlement:

- (1) **Do Nothing.** You don’t have to do anything to participate in the proposed Settlement and be eligible for an Individual Class Payment and/or an Individual PAGA Payment. As a

Participating Class Member, though, you will give up your right to assert Class Period wage claims and PAGA Period penalty claims against LTC.

- (2) **Opt-Out of the Class Settlement.** You can exclude yourself from the Class Settlement (opt-out) by submitting the written Request for Exclusion or otherwise notifying the Administrator in writing. If you opt-out of the Settlement, you will not receive an Individual Class Payment. You will, however, preserve your right to personally pursue Class Period wage claims against LTC, and, if you are an Aggrieved Employee, remain eligible for an Individual PAGA Payment. You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement.

LTC will not retaliate against you for any actions you take with respect to the proposed Settlement.

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT

You Don't Have to Do Anything to Participate in the Settlement	If you do nothing, you will be a Participating Class Member, eligible for an Individual Class Payment and an Individual PAGA Payment (if any). In exchange, you will give up your right to assert the wage claims against LTC that are covered by this Settlement (Released Claims).
You Can Opt-out of the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement The Opt-out Deadline is May 22, 2026	If you don't want to fully participate in the proposed Settlement, you can opt-out of the Class Settlement by sending the Administrator a written Request for Exclusion. Once excluded, you will be a Non-Participating Class Member and no longer eligible for an Individual Class Payment. Non-Participating Class Members cannot object to any portion of the proposed Settlement. See Section 6 of this Notice. You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the proposed Settlement. LTC must pay Individual PAGA Payments to all Aggrieved Employees, and the Aggrieved Employees must give up their rights to pursue Released Claims (defined below).
Participating Class Member Can Object to the Class Settlement but not the PAGA Settlement Written Objections Must be Submitted by May 22, 2026	All Class Members who do not opt-out ("Participating Class Members") can object to any aspect of the proposed Settlement. The Court's decision whether to finally approve the Settlement will include a determination of how much will be paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff who pursued the Action on behalf of the Class. You are not personally responsible for any payments to Class Counsel or Plaintiff, but every dollar paid to Class Counsel and Plaintiff reduces the overall amount paid to Participating Class Members. You can object to the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff if you think they are unreasonable. See Section 7 of this Notice.

You Can Participate in the June 22, 2026 Final Approval Hearing	The Court’s Final Approval Hearing is scheduled to take place on June 22, 2026 at 9:00 a.m. Pacific Standard Time . You don’t have to attend, but you do have the right to appear (or hire an attorney to appear on your behalf at your own cost), in person, by telephone or by using the Court’s virtual appearance platform. Participating Class Members can verbally object to the Settlement at the Final Approval Hearing. See Section 8 of this Notice.
You Can Challenge the Calculation of Your Class Workweeks/PAGA Pay Periods Written Challenges Must be Submitted by May 22, 2026	The amount of your Individual Class Payment and PAGA Payment (if any) depend on how many Workweeks you worked at least one day during the Class Period and how many pay periods you worked at least one day during the PAGA Period, respectively. The number Class Period Workweeks and number of PAGA Period Pay Periods you worked according to LTC’s records is stated on the first page of this Notice. If you disagree with either of these numbers, you must challenge it by May 22, 2026 . See Section 4 of this Notice.

1. WHAT IS THE ACTION ABOUT?

Plaintiff is a former LTC vendor. The Action accuses LTC of violating California labor laws by misclassifying their drivers as independent contractors, unlawfully deducting and/or failing to reimburse business expenses, failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failing to pay minimum wages, and failing to timely pay all wages due at the end of service relationship. Based on the same claims, Plaintiff has also asserted a claim for civil penalties under the California Private Attorneys General Act (Labor Code §§ 2698, *et seq.*) (“PAGA”). Plaintiff is represented by attorneys in the Action: The Kick Law Firm, APC and The Law Office of Nick Rosenthal, APC (“Class Counsel”).

LTC strongly denies violating any laws or failing to pay any wages and contends it complied with all applicable laws.

2. WHAT DOES IT MEAN THAT THE ACTION HAS SETTLED?

So far, the Court has made no determination whether LTC or Plaintiff is correct on the merits. In the meantime, Plaintiff and LTC hired an experienced, neutral mediator in an effort to resolve the Action by negotiating to end the case by agreement (settle the case) rather than continuing the expensive and time-consuming process of litigation. The negotiations were successful. By signing a lengthy written settlement agreement (“Agreement”) and agreeing to jointly ask the Court to enter a judgment ending the Action and enforcing the Agreement, Plaintiff and LTC have negotiated a proposed Settlement that is subject to the Court’s Final Approval. Both sides agree the proposed Settlement is a compromise of disputed claims. By agreeing to settle, LTC does not admit any violations or concede the merit of any claims.

Plaintiff and Class Counsel strongly believe the Settlement is a good deal for you because they believe that: (1) LTC has agreed to pay a fair, reasonable and adequate amount considering the strength of the claims and the risks and uncertainties of continued litigation; and (2) Settlement is in the best interests of the Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. The Court preliminarily approved the proposed

Settlement as fair, reasonable, and adequate, authorized this Notice, and scheduled a hearing to determine Final Approval.

3. WHAT ARE THE IMPORTANT TERMS OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT?

- (1) LTC Will Pay \$1,300,000.00 as the Gross Settlement Amount (Gross Settlement). LTC has agreed to deposit the Gross Settlement into an account controlled by the Administrator of the Settlement. The Administrator will use the Gross Settlement to pay the Individual Class Payments, Individual PAGA Payments, Class Representative Service Payment, Class Counsel's attorneys' fees and expenses, the Administrator's expenses, and penalties to be paid to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA"). Assuming the Court grants Final Approval, LTC will fund the Gross Settlement not more than 14 days after the Judgment entered by the Court become final. The Judgment will be final on the date the Court enters Judgment, or a later date if Participating Class Members object to the proposed Settlement or the Judgment is appealed.
- (2) Court Approved Deductions from Gross Settlement. At the Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve the following deductions from the Gross Settlement, the amounts of which will be decided by the Court at the Final Approval Hearing:
 - a) Up to 35% of the Gross Settlement (currently estimated to be \$455,000.00) to Class Counsel for attorneys' fees and up to \$50,000 for their litigation expenses. To date, Class Counsel have worked and incurred expenses on the Action without payment.
 - b) Up to \$15,000.00 as a Class Representative Service Payment for filing the Action, working with Class Counsel and representing the Class. A Class Representative Service Payment will be the only monies Plaintiff will receive other than Plaintiff's Individual Class Payment and any Individual PAGA Payment.
 - c) Up to \$5,950.00 to the Administrator for services administering the Settlement.
 - d) Up to \$65,000.00 for PAGA Penalties, allocated 75% (\$48,750) to the LWDA PAGA Payment and 25% (\$16,250) in Individual PAGA Payments to the Aggrieved Employees based on their PAGA Period Pay Periods.

Participating Class Members have the right to object to any of these deductions. The Court will consider all objections.

- (3) Net Settlement Distributed to Class Members. After making the above deductions in amounts approved by the Court, the Administrator will distribute the rest of the Gross Settlement (the "Net Settlement") by making Individual Class Payments to Participating Class Members based on their Class Period Workweeks.
- (4) Treatment of Payments to Class Members. Each Participating Class Member's Individual Class Payment will constitute full settlement of all released claims and will be reported on IRS 1099 Forms. Participating Class Members assume full responsibility and liability for any taxes owed on their Individual Class Payment. The Administrator will report the Individual PAGA Payments and the Individual Class Payments on IRS 1099 Forms.

Neither side is giving you any advice on whether your Payments are taxable or how much you might owe in taxes. You are responsible for paying all taxes (including penalties and interest on back taxes) on any Payments received from the proposed Settlement. You should consult a tax advisor if you have any questions about the tax consequences of the proposed Settlement.

- (5) Need to Promptly Cash Payment Checks. The front of every check issued for Individual Class Payments and Individual PAGA Payments will show the date when the check expires (the void date). If you don't cash it by the void date, your check will be automatically cancelled, and the monies will be distributed, subject to Court approval, to a section 501(c)(3) non-profit organization.
- (6) Requests for Exclusion from the Class Settlement (Opt-Outs). You will be treated as a Participating Class Member, participating fully in the Class Settlement, unless you notify the Administrator in writing, not later than May 22, 2026, that you wish to opt-out. The easiest way to notify the Administrator is to send a written and signed Request for Exclusion by the May 22, 2026 Response Deadline. The Request for Exclusion should be a letter from a Class Member or his/her/their representative setting forth a Class Member's name, present address, telephone number, and a simple statement electing to be excluded from the Settlement. Excluded Class Members (i.e., Non-Participating Class Members) will not receive Individual Class Payments, but will preserve their rights to personally pursue wage and hour claims against LTC.

You cannot opt-out of the PAGA portion of the Settlement. Class Members who exclude themselves from the Class Settlement (Non-Participating Class Members) remain eligible for Individual PAGA Payments and are required to give up their right to assert PAGA claims against LTC based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action.

- (7) The Proposed Settlement Will be Void if the Court Denies Final Approval. It is possible the Court will decline to grant Final Approval of the Settlement or decline enter a Judgment. It is also possible the Court will enter a Judgment that is reversed on appeal. Plaintiff and LTC have agreed that, in either case, the Settlement will be void: LTC will not pay any money, and Class Members will not release any claims against LTC.
- (8) Administrator. The Court has appointed a neutral company, Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions (the "Administrator") to send this Notice, calculate and make payments, and process Class Members' Requests for Exclusion. The Administrator will also decide Class Member Challenges over Workweeks, mail and remail settlement checks and tax forms, and perform other tasks necessary to administer the Settlement. The Administrator's contact information is contained in Section 9 of this Notice.
- (9) Participating Class Members' Release. After the Judgment is final and LTC has fully funded the Gross Settlement, Participating Class Members will be legally barred from asserting any of the claims released under the Settlement. This means that unless you opted out by validly excluding yourself from the Class Settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against LTC or related entities for misclassifying their drivers as independent contractors, unlawfully deducting and/or

failing to reimburse business expenses, failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failing to pay minimum wages, and failing to timely pay all wages due at the end of service relationship based on the Class Period facts and for PAGA penalties based on PAGA Period facts, as alleged in the Action and resolved by this Settlement.

The Participating Class Members will be bound by the following release:

“All Participating Class Members, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, release Released Parties from (i) all claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the Class Period facts stated in the Operative Complaint and ascertained in the course of the Action, including without limiting the foregoing, any and all claims under California Labor Code sections 201, *et seq.*, 22, *et seq.*, 226, *et seq.*, 2698, *et seq.*, and 2802, *et seq.*, and California Business and Professions Code 17200, *et seq.* as it relates to these Labor Code sections. Except as set forth in Section 5.3 of this Agreement, Participating Class Members do not release any other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers’ compensation, or claims based on facts occurring outside the Class Period.”

- (10) Aggrieved Employees’ PAGA Release. After the Court’s judgment is final, and LTC has paid the Gross Settlement, all Aggrieved Employees will be barred from asserting PAGA claims against LTC, whether or not they exclude themselves from the Settlement. This means that all Aggrieved Employees, including those who are Participating Class Members and those who opt-out of the Class Settlement, cannot sue, continue to sue, or participate in any other PAGA claim against LTC or its related entities based on the PAGA Period facts alleged in the Action and resolved by this Settlement.

The Aggrieved Employees’ Releases for Participating and Non-Participating Class Members are as follows:

All Participating and Non-Participating Class Members who are Aggrieved Employees are deemed to release, on behalf of themselves and their respective former and present representatives, agents, attorneys, heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, the Released Parties, from all claims for PAGA penalties that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the PAGA Period facts stated in the Operative Complaint, the PAGA Notice, and ascertained in the course of the Action.

4. HOW WILL THE ADMINISTRATOR CALCULATE MY PAYMENT?

- (1) Individual Class Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual Class Payments by (a) dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of Workweeks worked by all Participating Class Members, and (b) multiplying the result by the number of Workweeks worked by each individual Participating Class Member.

- (2) Individual PAGA Payments. The Administrator will calculate Individual PAGA Payments by (a) dividing \$16,250.00 by the total number of PAGA Pay Periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees and (b) multiplying the result by the number of PAGA Period Pay Periods worked by each individual Aggrieved Employee.
- (3) Class Workweek/PAGA Pay Period Challenges. The number of Class Workweeks you worked during the Class Period and the number of PAGA Pay Periods you worked during the PAGA Period, as recorded in LTC's records, are stated in the first page of this Notice. You have until May 22, 2026 to challenge the number of Class Workweeks or PAGA Pay Periods credited to you. You can submit your challenge by signing and sending a letter to the Administrator via mail, email or fax. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

You need to support your challenge by sending copies of pay stubs or other records. The Administrator will accept LTC's calculation of Class Workweeks and/or PAGA Pay Periods based on LTC's records as accurate unless you send copies of records containing contrary information. You should send copies rather than originals because the documents will not be returned to you. The Administrator will resolve Class Workweek and/or PAGA Pay Period challenges based on your submission and on input from Class Counsel (who will advocate on behalf of Participating Class Members) and LTC's Counsel. The Administrator's decision is final. You can't appeal or otherwise challenge its final decision.

5. HOW WILL I GET PAID?

- (1) Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, by U.S. mail, a single check to every Participating Class Member (i.e., every Class Member who doesn't opt-out) including those who also qualify as Aggrieved Employees. The single check will combine the Individual Class Payment and the Individual PAGA Payment. Your check will be sent to the same address as this Notice. If you change your address, be sure to notify the Administrator as soon as possible. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.
- (2) Non-Participating Class Members. The Administrator will send, by U.S. mail, a single Individual PAGA Payment check to every Aggrieved Employee who opts out of the Class Settlement (i.e., every Non-Participating Class Member). Your check will be sent to the same address as this Notice. If you change your address, be sure to notify the Administrator as soon as possible. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

6. HOW DO I OPT-OUT OF THE CLASS SETTLEMENT?

Submit a written and signed letter with your name, present address, telephone number, and a simple statement that you do not want to participate in the Settlement. The Administrator will exclude you based on any writing communicating your request be excluded. Be sure to personally sign your request, identify the Action as *Terrell Hunt v. Liquid Transport Corp et al.*, and include your identifying information (full name, address, telephone number, approximate dates of service relationship, and social security number

for verification purposes). You must make the request yourself. If someone else makes the request for you, it will not be valid. **The Administrator must be sent your request to be excluded by May 22, 2026, or it will be invalid.** Section 9 of the Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

7. HOW DO I OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT?

Only Participating Class Members have the right to object to the Settlement. Before deciding whether to object, you may wish to see what Plaintiff and LTC are asking the Court to approve. On or before April 23, 2026, Class Counsel and/or Plaintiff will file in Court (1) a Motion for Final Approval that includes, among other things, the reasons why the proposed Settlement is fair, and (2) a Motion for Fees, Litigation Expenses and Service Award stating (i) the amount Class Counsel is requesting for attorneys' fees and litigation expenses; and (ii) the amount Plaintiff is requesting as a Class Representative Service Payment. Upon reasonable request, Class Counsel (whose contact information is in Section 9 of this Notice) will send you copies of these documents at no cost to you. You can also view them on the Administrator's Website [REDACTED] or the Court's website [REDACTED].

A Participating Class Member who disagrees with any aspect of the Agreement, the Motion for Final Approval and/or Motion for Fees, Litigation Expenses and Service Award may wish to object, for example, that the proposed Settlement is unfair, or that the amounts requested by Class Counsel or Plaintiff are too high or too low. **The deadline for sending written objections to the Administrator is May 22, 2026.** Be sure to tell the Administrator what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. Make sure you identify the Action, *Terrell Hunt v. Liquid Transport Corp et al.*, and include your name, current address, telephone number, and approximate dates of service relationship for LTC and sign the objection. Section 9 of this Notice has the Administrator's contact information.

Alternatively, a Participating Class Member can object (or personally retain a lawyer to object at your own cost) by attending the Final Approval Hearing. You (or your attorney) should be ready to tell the Court what you object to, why you object, and any facts that support your objection. See Section 8 of this Notice (immediately below) for specifics regarding the Final Approval Hearing.

8. CAN I ATTEND THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING?

You can, but don't have to, attend the Final Approval Hearing on June 22, 2026 at 9:00 a.m. Pacific Standard Time in Department 6 of the Los Angeles Superior Court, located at 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012. At the Hearing, the judge will decide whether to grant Final Approval of the Settlement and how much of the Gross Settlement will be paid to Class Counsel, Plaintiff, and the Administrator. The Court will invite comment from objectors, Class Counsel, and Defense Counsel before making a decision. You can attend (or hire a lawyer to attend) either personally or virtually via LACourtConnect (<https://www.lacourt.org/lacc/>). Check the Court's website for the most current information.

It's possible the Court will reschedule the Final Approval Hearing. You should check the Administrator's website [REDACTED] beforehand or contact Class Counsel to verify the date and time of the Final Approval Hearing.

9. HOW CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION?

The Agreement sets forth everything LTC and Plaintiff have promised to do under the proposed Settlement. The easiest way to read the Agreement, the Judgment, or any other Settlement documents is to go to Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions' website at [REDACTED]. You can also telephone or send an email to Class Counsel or the Administrator using the contact information listed below, or consult the Superior Court website by going to (<http://www.lacourt.org/casesummary/ui/index.aspx>) and entering the Case Number for the Action, Case No. 24STCV10101. You can also make an appointment to personally review court documents in the Clerk's Office at the Stanley Mosk Courthouse by calling (213) 830-0800.

**DO NOT TELEPHONE THE SUPERIOR COURT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION
ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT.**

Class Counsel:

The Law Office of Nick Rosenthal, APC
Nick Rosenthal
nr@rosenthallawoffice.com
811 W. 7th Street
Los Angeles, CA 90017
(213) 542-0439

The Kick Law Firm, APC
Taras Kick
Taras@kicklawfirm.com
815 Moraga Drive
Los Angeles, CA 90049
(310) 395-2988

Settlement Administrator:

Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions
Email Address: [REDACTED]
Mailing Address: [REDACTED]
Telephone: [REDACTED]
Fax Number: [REDACTED]

10. WHAT IF I LOSE MY SETTLEMENT CHECK?

If you lose or misplace your settlement check before cashing it, the Administrator will replace it as long as you request a replacement before the void date on the face of the original check.

11. WHAT IF I CHANGE MY ADDRESS?

To receive your check, you should immediately notify the Administrator if you move or otherwise change your mailing address.

EXHIBIT 2

Subject: Thank you for submission of your PAGA Case.

Date: Tuesday, March 26, 2024 at 1:43:09 PM Pacific Daylight Time

From: noreply@salesforce.com on behalf of LWDA DO NOT REPLY

To: Greg Taylor

[Report This Email](#)

3/26/2024

LWDA Case No. LWDA-CM-1018745-24

Law Firm : The Kick Law Firm, APC

Plaintiff Name : Terrell Hunt

Employer: Liquid Transport Corp (aka Liquid Transport, LLC)

Filing Fee : \$75.00

IFP Claimed : No

Item submitted: Initial PAGA Notice

Thank you for your submission to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency. Please make a note of the LWDA Case No. above as you may need this number for future reference when filing any subsequent documents for this Case.

If you have questions or concerns regarding this submission or your case, please send an email to pagainfo@dir.ca.gov.

DIR PAGA Unit on behalf of
Labor and Workforce Development Agency

Website: http://labor.ca.gov/Private_Attorneys_General_Act.htm

EXHIBIT 3

EXHIBIT 4

<u>Task</u>	<u>Taras Kick</u>	<u>Tyler Dosaj</u>	<u>Lauren Davis</u>	<u>Greg Taylor</u>
Pre-suit investigation, Factual Development, Client Meetings and Correspondence <i>Interviewed potential class representative and analyzed documents; researched potential causes of action; researched potentially applicable laws and regulations; internal correspondence</i>	10.6			13.8
Strategy, Case Analysis, Class Counsel Conferences and Status Conferences <i>Strategy meetings internally at the firm and with the proposed class representative throughout the case</i>	14.3			0.6
Pleadings <i>Researched, drafted, and edited complaint and first amended complaint; researched and edited Motion for Remand and Opposition to Motion for Reconsideration</i>	5.5	0.9		8.8

<u>Task</u>	<u>Taras Kick</u>	<u>Tyler Dosaj</u>	<u>Lauren Davis</u>	<u>Greg Taylor</u>
Discovery <i>Internal correspondence re discovery; prepared discovery to serve; analyzed Defendant's document production</i>	0.4			1.2
Settlement <i>Coordinated settlement strategy; engaged in settlement discussions; prepared for and engaged in private mediation; reviewed settlement agreement and all associated documentation; discussions with client</i>	11.1			12.5
Preliminary Approval <i>Drafted motion for preliminary approval of class action settlement, accompanying declarations, and proposed order; hearing on motion for preliminary approval</i>	19.3	2.9	15.2	
Class Notice <i>Worked with notice administrator to develop notice plan; drafted notices; oversaw notice process</i>	1.8		4.6	

<u>Task</u>	<u>Taras Kick</u>	<u>Tyler Dosaj</u>	<u>Lauren Davis</u>	<u>Greg Taylor</u>
Final Approval, Settlement Execution, Distribution of Common Fund <i>Drafted motion for final approval; related correspondence with class representative and administrator</i>	15		10.7	
Totals	77.6	3.8	30.5	36.9

EXHIBIT 5

The Kick Law Firm, APC				
Advanced Costs - Terrell Hunt v. Liquid Transport				
As of April 23, 2026				
Date	Num	Name	Memo	Amount
03/26/24	ccard	LWDA		\$ 75.00
04/23/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9509952	\$ 1,493.71
04/23/24	ccard	USPS (certified return receipt)		\$ 32.20
04/25/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9531670	\$ 15.66
05/24/24		Veritext		\$ 144.00
05/28/24		Veritext		\$ 144.00
05/29/24		Veritext		\$ 144.00
06/05/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9770234	\$ 15.66
06/05/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9770144	\$ 15.66
06/05/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9770505	\$ 15.66
06/07/24		Veritext		\$ 339.00
06/11/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9804997	\$ 15.66
06/20/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9857682	\$ 15.66
06/28/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9920390	\$ 15.66
07/01/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9923938	\$ 15.66
07/05/24	ccard	Superior Court LA Publica	062724 re Hu	\$ 2.00
07/05/24	ccard	Public Portal		\$ 9.00
07/05/24	ccard	LASC		\$ 5.80
07/10/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	9976646	\$ 15.66
07/31/24	3522	Judicate West		\$ 6,450.00
09/17/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	10402636	\$ 15.66
10/04/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	10521929	\$ 15.66
11/04/24	3705	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 340927	\$ 154.83
12/11/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	10924596	\$ 17.25
12/19/24	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	10983461	\$ 17.25
01/08/25	3801	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 352403	\$ 159.00
02/25/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	11399875	\$ 19.31
03/06/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	11473665	\$ 19.31
03/14/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	11541884	\$ 19.31
04/04/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 383917	\$ 61.00
04/07/25	3943	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 371523	\$ 177.00
05/02/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 395847	\$ 49.00
06/02/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 407849	\$ 49.00
07/01/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 420125	\$ 49.00
07/22/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	12471674	\$ 19.31
08/06/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	12588792	\$ 19.31
09/05/25	4222	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 432703	\$ 55.00

10/06/25	4317	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv 457860 re	\$ 49.00
10/06/25	4318	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv 445181 re	\$ 55.00
10/17/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	13145946	\$ 19.31
11/03/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv# 470756	\$ 55.00
12/01/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	13457906	\$ 81.51
12/18/25	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	13591038	\$ 19.41
12/30/25	4209	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. #483625	\$ 97.00
01/22/26	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	13841167	\$ 21.48
01/22/26	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	13825880	\$ 21.48
01/30/26	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	13893412	\$ 21.48
02/06/26	4515	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 496593	\$ 55.00
02/23/26	4555	First Legal Network	11237484 re	\$ 41.75
02/26/26	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	14126453	\$ 21.48
03/02/26	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv # 523095	\$ 61.00
03/23/26	4594	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 509803	\$ 67.00
04/01/26	ccard	Case Anywhere LLC	Inv. # 536484	\$ 49.00
		Total Current Costs		\$ 10,631.75
		Future Case Anywhere costs, filing fees, and attorney services fees		\$1,050
		Total Current and Future Costs		\$ 11,681.75