

FILEDBY SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA,
COUNTY OF NEVADA

07/11/2024

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**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF NEVADA**

AMY BARKER, individually, and on behalf
of other members of the general public
similarly situated;

Plaintiff,

v.

DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC, a California
limited liability company; and DOES 1
through 100, inclusive;

Defendants.

Case No.: CU0001491

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR
DAMAGES**

- (1) Violation of California Labor Code
§§ 510 and 1198 (Unpaid Overtime);
- (2) Violation of California Labor Code
§§ 226.7 and 512(a) (Unpaid Meal Period
Premiums);
- (3) Violation of California Labor Code
§ 226.7 (Unpaid Rest Period Premiums);
- (4) Violation of California Labor Code
§§ 1194 and 1197 (Unpaid
Minimum Wages);
- (5) Violation of California Labor Code
§§ 201 and 202 (Final Wages Not Timely
Paid);
- (6) Violation of California Labor Code
§ 226(a) (Non-Compliant Wage
Statements);
- (7) Violation of California Labor Code §§
2800 and 2802 (Unreimbursed Business
Expenses);
- (8) Violation of California Labor Code §§
2698, *et seq.* (Private Attorneys General
Act of 2004);
- (9) Violation of California Business &
Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COMES NOW, Plaintiff AMY BARKER (“Plaintiff”), individually, and on behalf of other members of the general public similarly situated, and alleges as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This class action is brought pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure section 382. The monetary damages and restitution sought by Plaintiff exceed the minimal jurisdiction limits of the Superior Court and will be established according to proof at trial.

2. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the California Constitution, Article VI, Section 10, which grants the superior court “original jurisdiction in all other causes” except those given by statute to other courts. The statutes under which this action is brought do not specify any other basis for jurisdiction.

3. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because, upon information and belief, Defendants are citizens of California, have sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the California market so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over them by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

4. Venue is proper in this Court because, upon information and belief, Defendants maintain offices, have agents, and/or transact business in the State of California, including the County of Nevada. The majority of the acts and omissions alleged herein relating to Plaintiff took place in the State of California, County of Nevada. Defendants employ Plaintiff within the State of California, County of Nevada.

PARTIES

5. Plaintiff AMY BARKER is an individual residing in the State of California, County of Nevada.

6. Defendant DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC, at all times herein mentioned, was and is, upon information and belief, a California limited liability company headquartered in the State of California, and at all times herein mentioned, was and is, an employer whose employees are engaged throughout the State of California, including the County of Nevada.

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1 7. At all relevant times, Defendant DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC was the
2 “employer” of Plaintiff within the meaning of all applicable California laws and statutes.

3 8. At all times herein relevant, Defendants DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES
4 1 through 100, and each of them, were the agents, partners, joint venturers, joint employers,
5 representatives, servants, employees, successors-in-interest, co-conspirators and assigns, each
6 of the other, and at all times relevant hereto were acting within the course and scope of their
7 authority as such agents, partners, joint venturers, joint employers, representatives, servants,
8 employees, successors-in-interest, co-conspirators and assigns, and all acts or omissions
9 alleged herein were duly committed with the ratification, knowledge, permission,
10 encouragement, authorization, and consent of each defendant designated herein.

11 9. The true names and capacities, whether corporate, associate, individual or
12 otherwise, of Defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff, who sues
13 said defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based on that
14 information and belief alleges, that each of the Defendants designated as a DOE is legally
15 responsible for the events and happenings referred to in this Complaint, and unlawfully caused
16 the injuries and damages to Plaintiff and the other class members as alleged in this Complaint.
17 Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to show the true names and
18 capacities when the same have been ascertained.

19 10. Defendants DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100 will
20 hereinafter collectively be referred to as “Defendants.”

21 11. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendants directly or indirectly controlled or
22 affected the working conditions, wages, working hours, and conditions of employment of
23 Plaintiff and the other class members so as to make each of said Defendants and employers
24 liable under the statutory provisions set forth herein.

25 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

26 12. Plaintiff brings this action on her own behalf and on behalf of all other members
27 of the general public similarly situated, and, thus, seeks class certification under Code of Civil
28 Procedure section 382.

1 13. The proposed class is defined as follows:

2 All current and former hourly-paid or non-exempt employees of Defendants
3 within the State of California at any time during the period from four years prior
4 to the filing of this Complaint to final judgment.

5 14. Plaintiff reserves the right to establish subclasses as appropriate.

6 15. The class is ascertainable and there is a well-defined community of interest in
7 the litigation:

8 a. Numerosity: The class members are so numerous that joinder of all class
9 members is impracticable. The membership of the entire class is
10 unknown to Plaintiff at this time; however, the class is estimated to be
11 greater than fifty (50) individuals and the identity of such membership is
12 readily ascertainable by inspection of Defendants' employment records.

13 b. Typicality: Plaintiff's claims are typical of all other class members'
14 claims as demonstrated herein. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately
15 protect the interests of the other class members with whom she has a
16 well-defined community of interest.

17 c. Adequacy: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of
18 each class member, with whom she has a well-defined community of
19 interest and typicality of claims, as demonstrated herein. Plaintiff has no
20 interest that is antagonistic to the other class members. Plaintiff's
21 attorneys, the proposed class counsel, are versed in the rules governing
22 class action discovery, certification, and settlement. Plaintiff has
23 incurred, and during the pendency of this action will continue to incur,
24 costs and attorneys' fees, that have been, are, and will be necessarily
25 expended for the prosecution of this action for the substantial benefit of
26 each class member.

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1 d. Superiority: A class action is superior to other available methods for the
2 fair and efficient adjudication of this litigation because individual joinder
3 of all class members is impractical.

4 e. Public Policy Considerations: Certification of this lawsuit as a class
5 action will advance public policy objectives. Employers of this great
6 state violate employment and labor laws every day. Current employees
7 are often afraid to assert their rights out of fear of direct or indirect
8 retaliation. However, class actions provide the class members who are
9 not named in the complaint anonymity that allows for the vindication of
10 their rights.

11 16. There are common questions of law and fact as to the class members that
12 predominate over questions affecting only individual members. The following common
13 questions of law or fact, among others, exist as to the members of the class:

- 14 a. Whether Defendants' failure to pay wages, without abatement or
15 reduction, in accordance with the California Labor Code, was willful;
- 16 b. Whether Defendants failed to pay their hourly-paid or non-exempt
17 employees within the State of California for all hours worked;
- 18 c. Whether Defendants required Plaintiff and the other class members to
19 work over eight (8) hours per day and/or over forty (40) hours per week
20 and failed to pay the legally required overtime compensation to Plaintiff
21 and the other class members;
- 22 d. Whether Defendants properly calculated the regular rate for Plaintiff and
23 the other class members who worked overtime and earned incentive pay;
- 24 e. Whether Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff and the other class
25 members legally mandated meal and/or rest periods and failed to
26 compensate them the related premium wages pursuant to California
27 Labor Code section 226.7(c);

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- 1 f. Whether Defendants failed to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and the
2 other class members for all hours worked;
- 3 g. Whether Defendants failed to pay all wages due to class members within
4 the required time upon their discharge or resignation;
- 5 h. Whether Defendants failed to timely pay all wages due to Plaintiff and
6 the other class members during their employment;
- 7 i. Whether Defendants complied with wage reporting as required by the
8 California Labor Code, including, *inter alia*, section 226;
- 9 j. Whether Defendants failed to keep complete or accurate payroll records
10 for Plaintiff and the other class members;
- 11 k. Whether Defendants failed to reimburse Plaintiff and the other class
12 members for necessary business-related expenses and costs;
- 13 l. Whether Defendants' conduct was willful or reckless;
- 14 m. Whether Defendants engaged in unfair business practices in violation of
15 California Business & Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*;
- 16 n. The appropriate amount of damages, restitution, and/or monetary
17 penalties resulting from Defendants' violation of California law; and
- 18 o. Whether Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to
19 compensatory damages pursuant to the California Labor Code.

20 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

21 17. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants employed Plaintiff
22 and other persons as hourly-paid or non-exempt employees within the State of California,
23 including the County of Nevada.

24 18. Defendants, jointly and severally, employed Plaintiff as an hourly-paid non-
25 exempt employee during the relevant time period in the State of California, County of Nevada.

26 19. Defendants had the authority to hire and terminate Plaintiff and the other class
27 members; to set work rules and conditions governing Plaintiff's and other class members'
28 employment; and to supervise their daily employment activities.

1 20. Defendants exercised sufficient authority over the terms and conditions of
2 Plaintiff's and other class members' employment for them to be joint employers of Plaintiff
3 and the other class members.

4 21. Defendants directly hired and paid wages and benefits to Plaintiff and the other
5 class members.

6 22. Defendants continue to employ hourly-paid or non-exempt employees within the
7 State of California.

8 23. Plaintiff and the other class members worked over eight (8) hours in a day,
9 and/or forty (40) hours in a week during their employment with Defendants.

10 24. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
11 engaged in a uniform policy and systematic scheme of wage abuse against their hourly-paid or
12 non-exempt employees within the State of California. This scheme involved, *inter alia*, failing
13 to pay them for all hours worked, and failing to provide legally mandated meal and rest breaks
14 or pay related premium wages, in violation of California law.

15 25. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
16 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members were entitled to receive
17 certain wages for overtime compensation and that Plaintiff and the other class members were
18 not receiving wages for overtime compensation.

19 26. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
20 failed to provide Plaintiff and the other class members the required rest and meal periods
21 during the relevant time period as required under the Industrial Welfare Commission ("IWC")
22 Wage Orders and thus they are entitled to any and all applicable penalties.

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1 27. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
2 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members were entitled to receive
3 all timely and complete meal periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's
4 and the other class members' regular rate of pay when a meal period was missed, late or
5 interrupted, and that Plaintiff and the other class members did not receive all timely and proper
6 meal periods or payment of one additional hour of pay at their regular rate of pay when a meal
7 period was missed.

8 28. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
9 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and other class members were entitled to receive all
10 timely rest periods without interruption or payment of one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's
11 and the other class members' regular rate of pay when a rest period was missed, late or
12 interrupted, and that Plaintiff and the other class members did not receive all rest periods or
13 payment of one additional hour of pay at their regular rate of pay when a rest period was
14 missed.

15 29. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
16 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members were entitled to receive
17 at least minimum wages for compensation and that Plaintiff and the other class members were
18 not receiving at least minimum wages for all hours worked.

19 30. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
20 knew or should have known that class members were entitled to receive the wages owed to
21 them upon discharge or resignation, including overtime and minimum wages and meal and rest
22 period premiums, and that class members did not, in fact, receive such wages owed to them at
23 the time of their discharge or resignation.

24 31. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
25 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members were entitled to receive
26 their wages within a specified time period during their employment, and that Plaintiff and the
27 other class members did not, in fact, receive such wages within the specified time period
28 during their employment.

1 32. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
2 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members were entitled to receive
3 complete and accurate wage statements in accordance with California law, but, in fact, Plaintiff
4 and the other class members did not receive complete and accurate wage statements from
5 Defendants. The deficiencies included, *inter alia*, the failure to include the total number of
6 hours worked by Plaintiff and the other class members.

7 33. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
8 knew or should have known that they had to keep complete and accurate payroll records for
9 Plaintiff and the other class members in accordance with California law, but, in fact, did not
10 keep complete and accurate payroll records for Plaintiff and the other class members.

11 34. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
12 knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members were entitled to
13 reimbursement for necessary business-related expenses.

14 35. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants
15 knew or should have known that they had a duty to compensate Plaintiff and the other class
16 members pursuant to California law, and that Defendants had the financial ability to pay such
17 compensation, but willfully, knowingly, and intentionally failed to do so, and falsely
18 represented to Plaintiff and the other class members that they were properly denied wages, all
19 in order to increase Defendants' profits.

20 36. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay
21 overtime wages to Plaintiff and the other class members for all hours worked. Plaintiff and
22 other class members were required to work more than eight (8) hours per day and/or forty (40)
23 hours per week without overtime compensation.

24 37. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to provide the
25 requisite uninterrupted and timely meal and rest periods to Plaintiff and the other class
26 members and failed to compensate them the related premium wages.

27 38. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay
28 Plaintiff and the other class members at least minimum wages for all hours worked.

39. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay class members the wages owed to them upon discharge or resignation.

40. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other class members wages within a specified time period during their employment.

41. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to provide complete or accurate wage statements to Plaintiff and the other class members.

42. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to keep complete or accurate payroll records for Plaintiff and the other class members.

43. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to reimburse Plaintiff and the other class members for necessary business-related expenses.

44. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to properly compensate Plaintiff and the other class members pursuant to California law in order to increase Defendants' profits.

45. California Labor Code section 218 states that nothing in Article 1 of the Labor Code shall limit the right of any wage claimant to "sue directly . . . for any wages or penalty due to him [or her] under this article."

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 510 and 1198)

(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)

46. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 45, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

47. California Labor Code section 1198 and the applicable IWC Wage Order provide that it is unlawful to employ persons without compensating them at a rate of pay either time-and-one-half or two-times that person's regular rate of pay, depending on the number of hours worked by the person on a daily or weekly basis.

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1 48. Specifically, the applicable IWC Wage Order provides that Defendants are and
2 were required to pay Plaintiff and the other class members employed by Defendants, who
3 work(ed) more than eight (8) hours in a day or more than forty (40) hours in a workweek, at
4 the rate of time-and-one-half for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day or more
5 than forty (40) hours in a workweek.

6 49. The applicable IWC Wage Order further provides that Defendants are and were
7 required to pay Plaintiff and the other class members overtime compensation at a rate of two
8 times their regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a day.

9 50. California Labor Code section 510 codifies the right to overtime compensation
10 at one-and-one-half times the regular hourly rate for hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours
11 in a day or forty (40) hours in a week or for the first eight (8) hours worked on the seventh day
12 of work, and overtime compensation at twice the regular hourly rate for hours worked in
13 excess of twelve (12) hours in a day or in excess of eight (8) hours in a day on the seventh day
14 of work.

15 51. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Plaintiff and the other class
16 members worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day, and/or in excess of forty (40) hours in a
17 week.

18 52. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants intentionally and
19 willfully failed to pay overtime wages owed to Plaintiff and the other class members.

20 53. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the unpaid
21 balance of overtime compensation, as required by California laws, violates the provisions of
22 California Labor Code sections 510 and 1198, and is therefore unlawful.

23 54. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194, Plaintiff and the other class
24 members are entitled to recover unpaid overtime compensation, as well as interest, costs, and
25 attorneys' fees.

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1 60. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Plaintiff and the other class
2 members who were scheduled to work for a period of time no longer than six (6) hours, and
3 who did not waive their legally-mandated meal periods by mutual consent, were required to
4 work for periods longer than five (5) hours without an uninterrupted meal period of not less
5 than thirty (30) minutes and/or without a rest period.

6 61. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Plaintiff and the other class
7 members who were scheduled to work for a period of time no longer than twelve (12) hours,
8 and who did not waive their legally-mandated meal periods by mutual consent, were required
9 to work for periods longer than ten (10) hours without an uninterrupted meal period of not less
10 than thirty (30) minutes and/or without a rest period.

11 62. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Plaintiff and the other class
12 members who were scheduled to work for a period of time in excess of six (6) hours were
13 required to work for periods longer than five (5) hours without an uninterrupted meal period of
14 not less than thirty (30) minutes and/or without a rest period.

15 63. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Plaintiff and the other class
16 members who were scheduled to work for a period of time in excess of twelve (12) hours were
17 required to work for periods longer than ten (10) hours without an uninterrupted meal period of
18 not less than thirty (30) minutes and/or without a rest period.

19 64. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants intentionally and
20 willfully required Plaintiff and the other class members to work during meal periods and failed
21 to compensate Plaintiff and the other class members the full meal period premium for work
22 performed during meal periods.

23 65. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay
24 Plaintiff and the other class members the full meal period premium due pursuant to California
25 Labor Code section 226.7.

26 66. Defendants' conduct violates the applicable IWC Wage Order and California
27 Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a).

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67. Pursuant to the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code section 226.7(c), Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover from Defendants one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the meal period was not provided.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code § 226.7)

(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)

68. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 67, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

69. During the relevant time period set forth herein, the applicable IWC Wage Order and California Labor Code section 226.7 were applicable to Plaintiff's and the other class members' employment by Defendants.

70. During the relevant time period set forth herein, California Labor Code section 226.7 provides that no employer shall require an employee to work during any rest period mandated by an applicable order of the California IWC.

71. During the relevant time period set forth herein, the applicable IWC Wage Order provides that "[e]very employer shall authorize and permit all employees to take rest periods, which insofar as practicable shall be in the middle of each work period" and that the "rest period time shall be based on the total hours worked daily at the rate of ten (10) minutes net rest time per four (4) hours or major fraction thereof" unless the total daily work time is less than three and one-half (3 ½) hours.

72. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants required Plaintiff and the other class members to work four (4) or more hours without authorizing or permitting a ten (10) minute rest period per each four (4) hour period worked.

73. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants willfully required Plaintiff and the other class members to work during rest periods and failed to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the full rest period premium for work performed during rest periods.

74. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the full rest period premium due pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7.

75. Defendants' conduct violates applicable IWC Wage Orders and California Labor Code section 226.7.

76. Pursuant to the applicable IWC Wage Orders and California Labor Code section 226.7(c), Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover from Defendants one additional hour of pay at the employees' regular hourly rate of compensation for each workday that the rest period was not provided.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1197)

(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)

77. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 76 and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

78. During the relevant time period set forth herein, California Labor Code sections 1194 and 1197 provide that the minimum wage to be paid to employees, and the payment of a lesser wage than the minimum so fixed, is unlawful.

79. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants failed to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and the other class members as required, pursuant to California Labor Code sections 1194 and 1197.

80. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and the other class members the minimum wage as required violates California Labor Code sections 1194 and 1197. Pursuant to those sections, Plaintiff and other class members are entitled to recover the unpaid balance of their minimum wage compensation as well as interest, costs, and attorneys' fees, and liquidated damages in an amount equal to the wages unlawfully unpaid and interest thereon.

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1 81. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194.2, Plaintiff and the other class
2 members are entitled to recover liquidated damages in an amount equal to the wages
3 unlawfully unpaid and interest thereon.

4 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

5 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 201 and 202)**

6 **(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)**

7 82. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1
8 through 81, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set
9 forth herein.

10 83. During the relevant time period set forth herein, California Labor Code sections
11 201 and 202 provide that if an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid
12 at the time of discharge are due and payable immediately, and if an employee quits their
13 employment, their wages shall become due and payable not later than seventy-two (72) hours
14 thereafter, unless the employee has given seventy-two (72) hours' notice of their intention to
15 quit, in which case the employee is entitled to their wages at the time of quitting.

16 84. During the relevant time period set forth herein, Defendants intentionally and
17 willfully failed to pay class members who are no longer employed by Defendants their wages,
18 earned and unpaid, within seventy-two (72) hours of their leaving Defendants' employ.

19 85. Defendants' failure to pay class members who are no longer employed by
20 Defendants their wages, earned and unpaid, within seventy-two (72) hours of their leaving
21 Defendants' employ, is in violation of California Labor Code sections 201 and 202.

22 86. California Labor Code section 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to
23 pay wages owed, in accordance with sections 201 and 202, then the wages of the employee
24 shall continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an
25 action is commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than thirty (30) days.

26 87. Class members are entitled to recover from Defendants the statutory penalty
27 wages for each day they were not paid, up to the thirty (30) day maximum as provided by
28 Labor Code section 203.

1 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **(Violation of California Labor Code § 226(a))**

3 **(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)**

4 88. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1
5 through 87, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set
6 forth herein.

7 89. During the relevant time period set forth herein, California Labor Code section
8 226(a) provides that every employer shall furnish each of their employees an accurate itemized
9 statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee,
10 (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid
11 on a piece-rate basis, (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of
12 the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the
13 inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and
14 only the last four digits of their social security number or an employee identification number
15 other than a social security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the
16 employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the
17 corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee. The deductions
18 made from payment of wages shall be recorded in ink or other indelible form, properly dated,
19 showing the month, day, and year, and a copy of the statement and the record of the deductions
20 shall be kept on file by the employer for at least three years at the place of employment or at a
21 central location within the State of California.

22 90. Defendants have intentionally and willfully failed to provide Plaintiff and the
23 other class members with complete and accurate wage statements. The deficiencies include but
24 are not limited to: the failure to include the total number of hours worked by Plaintiff and other
25 class members.

26 91. As a result of Defendants' violation of California Labor Code section 226(a),
27 Plaintiff and the other class members have suffered injury and damage to their statutorily
28 protected rights.

1 92. More specifically, Plaintiff and the other class members have been injured by
2 Defendants' intentional and willful violation of California Labor Code section 226(a) because
3 they were denied both their legal right to receive, and their protected interest in receiving,
4 accurate and itemized wage statements pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(a).

5 93. Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to recover from Defendants the
6 greater of their actual damages caused by Defendants' failure to comply with California Labor
7 Code section 226(a), or an aggregate penalty not exceeding four thousand dollars per
8 employee.

9 94. Plaintiff and the other class members are also entitled to injunctive relief to
10 ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(h).

11 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

12 **(Violation of California Labor Code §§ 2800 and 2802)**

13 **(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)**

14 95. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1
15 through 94, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set
16 forth herein.

17 96. Pursuant to California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802, an employer must
18 reimburse its employee for all necessary expenditures incurred by the employee in direct
19 consequence of the discharge of their job duties or in direct consequence of their obedience to
20 the directions of the employer.

21 97. Defendants have intentionally and willfully failed to reimburse Plaintiff and the
22 other class members for all necessary business-related expenses and costs. Plaintiff and the other
23 class members are entitled to recover from Defendants their business-related expenses and costs
24 incurred during the course and scope of their employment, plus interest accrued from the date on
25 which the employee incurred the necessary expenditures at the same rate as judgments in civil
26 actions in the State of California.

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1 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **(Violation of Labor Code §§ 2698, *et seq.* (“PAGA”))**

3 **(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)**

4 98. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1
5 through 97, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set
6 forth herein.

7 99. The Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (“PAGA”) expressly establishes that
8 any provision of the California Labor Code which provides for a civil penalty to be assessed and
9 collected by the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”), or any of its
10 departments, divisions, commissions, boards, agencies or employees for a violation of the
11 California Labor Code, may be recovered through a civil action brought by an aggrieved
12 employee on behalf of themselves, and other current or former employees.

13 100. On May 1, 2024, Plaintiff provided written notice to the LWDA and Defendants
14 of the specific provisions of the Labor Code she contends were violated, and the theories
15 supporting her contentions. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1** and incorporated by reference is a copy
16 of the written notice to the LWDA. Plaintiff believes that on or about July 6, 2024, the sixty-five
17 (65) days’ notice period expired as to all Defendants, and the LWDA did not take any action to
18 investigate or prosecute this matter. Therefore, Plaintiff exhausted her administrative remedies.

19 101. Plaintiff and the other non-exempt employees are “aggrieved employees” as
20 defined by California Labor Code section 2699(c) in that they all are or were non-exempt
21 employees of Defendants employed in California at any time during the period from May 1,
22 2023, to the present, and one or more of the alleged violations was committed against them.

23 **Failure to Pay Minimum and Overtime Wages**

24 102. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were required to compensate their non-
25 exempt employees minimum wages for all hours worked and overtime wages for all hours
26 worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day or forty (40) hours in a workweek, pursuant to the
27 mandate of Labor Code sections 510, 1194, 1197, and 1198.

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1 103. As a policy and practice, Defendants failed to compensate Plaintiff and the other
2 aggrieved current and former employees for all hours worked, resulting in a failure to pay all
3 minimum wages and overtime wages, where applicable.

4 **Failure to Provide Meal Periods and Rest Breaks**

5 104. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were required to authorize and permit
6 their non-exempt employees to take a 10-minute rest break for every four (4) hours worked or
7 major fraction thereof and were further required to provide their non-exempt employees with a
8 30-minute meal period for every five (5) hours worked, pursuant to the mandates of Labor
9 Code sections 226.7 and 512(a).

10 105. As a policy and practice, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff and the other
11 aggrieved current and former employees with legally mandated meal periods and rest breaks
12 and failed to pay proper compensation for this failure.

13 **Failure to Timely Pay Wages During Employment**

14 106. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were required to pay their employees
15 within a specified time period pursuant to the mandate of Labor Code section 204.

16 107. As a policy and practice, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the other
17 aggrieved current and former employees all wages due and owing within the required time
18 period.

19 **Failure to Timely Pay Wages Upon Termination**

20 108. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were required to pay their employees all
21 wages owed in a timely fashion at the end of employment pursuant to the mandates of Labor
22 Code sections 201 and 202.

23 109. As a policy and practice, as a result of Defendants' Labor Code violations
24 alleged above, Defendants failed to pay aggrieved former employees their final wages,
25 pursuant to the mandates of Labor Code sections 201 and 202. Accordingly, Defendants owe
26 waiting time penalties pursuant to Labor Code section 203.

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1 **Failure to Provide Complete and Accurate Wage Statements**

2 110. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were required to keep *accurate* records
3 regarding their California employees, pursuant to the mandates of Labor Code sections 226 and
4 1174.

5 111. As a result of Defendants' various Labor Code violations, Defendants failed to
6 keep accurate records regarding Plaintiff and the other aggrieved current and former employees.
7 For example, Defendants failed in their affirmative obligation to keep accurate records regarding
8 Plaintiff and the other aggrieved current and former employees' gross wages earned, total hours
9 worked, all deductions, net wages earned, and all applicable hourly rates and the number of
10 hours worked at each hourly rate.

11 **Failure to Reimburse Business Expenses**

12 112. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were required to reimburse their
13 employees for any and all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employees in direct
14 consequences of the discharge of their duties, pursuant to the mandates of Labor Code sections
15 2800 and 2802.

16 113. As a policy and practice, Defendants regularly failed to reimburse Plaintiff and
17 the other aggrieved current and former employees for all business expenses incurred and owed
18 to them within the required time period.

19 **Penalties**

20 114. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 2699, Plaintiff, individually, and on
21 behalf of other current and former aggrieved employees, requests and is entitled to recover from
22 Defendants, and each of them, civil penalties, interest, attorneys' fees and costs pursuant,
23 including but not limited to:

- 24 a. Penalties under California Labor Code section 2699 in the amount of one
25 hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for
26 the initial violation, and two hundred dollars (\$200) for each aggrieved
27 employee per pay period for each subsequent violation;

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- b. Penalties under California Code of Regulations Title 8 section 11040 in the amount of fifty dollars (\$50) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation, and one hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent violation;
- c. Penalties under California Labor Code section 210 in addition to, and entirely independent and apart from, any other penalty provided in the California Labor Code in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation, and two hundred dollars (\$200) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent violation;
- d. Penalties under Labor Code section 1197.1 in the amount of a hundred dollars (\$100) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for the initial violation, and two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for each aggrieved employee per pay period for each subsequent violation;
- e. Any and all additional penalties as provided by the Labor Code and/or other statutes; and
- f. Attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to Labor Code sections 218.5, 1194, and 2699, and any other applicable statute.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*)

(Against DYNASTY VALLEY, LLC and DOES 1 through 100)

115. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 114, and each and every part thereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

116. Defendants' conduct, as alleged herein, has been, and continues to be unfair, unlawful and harmful to Plaintiff, the other class members, to the general public, and Defendants' competitors. Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks to enforce important rights affecting the public interest within the meaning of Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5.

1 117. Defendants' activities as alleged herein are violations of California law, and
2 constitute unlawful business acts and practices in violation of California Business &
3 Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*

4 118. A violation of California Business & Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*
5 may be predicated on the violation of any state or federal law. In this instant case, Defendants'
6 policy and practice of requiring Plaintiff and the other class members to work overtime hours
7 without paying them proper compensation violate California Labor Code sections 510 and
8 1198. Additionally, Defendants' policy and practice of requiring Plaintiff and the other class
9 members to work through their meal and rest periods without paying them proper
10 compensation violate California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a). Moreover, Defendants'
11 policy and practice of failing to timely pay wages to class members violate California Labor
12 Code sections 201 and 202. Defendants also violated California Labor Code sections 226(a),
13 1194, 1197, 2800 and 2802.

14 119. As a result of the herein described violations of California law, Defendants
15 unlawfully gained an unfair advantage over other businesses.

16 120. Plaintiff and the other class members have been personally injured by
17 Defendants' unlawful business acts and practices as alleged herein, including but not
18 necessarily limited to the loss of money and/or property.

19 121. Pursuant to California Business & Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*,
20 Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to restitution of the wages withheld and
21 retained by Defendants during a period that commences four years prior to the filing of this
22 Complaint; an award of attorneys' fees pursuant to California Code of Civil procedure section
23 1021.5 and other applicable laws; and an award of costs.

24 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

25 Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of other members of the general public similarly
26 situated, requests a trial by jury.

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1 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

2 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all other members of the general
3 public similarly situated, prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, jointly and
4 severally, as follows:

5 **Class Certification**

- 6 1. That this action be certified as a class action;
7 2. That Plaintiff be appointed as representative of the Class;
8 3. That counsel for Plaintiff be appointed as Class Counsel; and
9 4. That Defendants provide to Class Counsel immediately the names and most
10 current contact information (address, e-mail and telephone numbers) of all class members.

11 **As to the First Cause of Action**

- 12 5. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
13 Labor Code sections 510 and 1198 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to pay
14 all overtime wages due to Plaintiff and the other class members;
15 6. For general unpaid wages at overtime wage rates and such general and special
16 damages as may be appropriate;
17 7. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid overtime compensation commencing
18 from the date such amounts were due;
19 8. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to
20 California Labor Code section 1194; and
21 9. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

22 **As to the Second Cause of Action**

- 23 10. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
24 Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a) and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to
25 provide all meal periods (including second meal periods) to Plaintiff and the other class
26 members;

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1 11. That the Court make an award to Plaintiff and the other class members of one
2 (1) hour of pay at each employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that a meal
3 period was not provided;

4 12. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to
5 proof;

6 13. For premium wages pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7(c);

7 14. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid wages from the date such amounts
8 were due;

9 15. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

10 16. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

11 **As to the Third Cause of Action**

12 17. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
13 Labor Code section 226.7 and applicable IWC Wage Orders by willfully failing to provide all
14 rest periods to Plaintiff and the other class members;

15 18. That the Court make an award to Plaintiff and the other class members of one
16 (1) hour of pay at each employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that a rest
17 period was not provided;

18 19. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to
19 proof;

20 20. For premium wages pursuant to California Labor Code section 226.7(c);

21 21. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid wages from the date such amounts
22 were due; and

23 22. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

24 **As to the Fourth Cause of Action**

25 23. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
26 Labor Code sections 1194 and 1197 by willfully failing to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and
27 the other class members;

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1 24. For general unpaid wages and such general and special damages as may be
2 appropriate;

3 25. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation from the date such
4 amounts were due;

5 26. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to
6 California Labor Code section 1194(a);

7 27. For liquidated damages pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194.2; and

8 28. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

9 **As to the Fifth Cause of Action**

10 29. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California
11 Labor Code sections 201, 202, and 203 by willfully failing to pay all compensation owed at the
12 time of termination of the employment of class members no longer employed by Defendants;

13 30. For all actual, consequential, and incidental losses and damages, according to
14 proof;

15 31. For statutory wage penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 203 for
16 the class members who have left Defendants' employ;

17 32. For pre-judgment interest on any unpaid compensation from the date such
18 amounts were due; and

19 33. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

20 **As to the Sixth Cause of Action**

21 34. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated the record
22 keeping provisions of California Labor Code section 226(a) and applicable IWC Wage Orders
23 as to Plaintiff and the other class members, and willfully failed to provide accurate itemized
24 wage statements thereto;

25 35. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

26 36. For statutory penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 226(e);

27 37. For injunctive relief to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to
28 California Labor Code section 226(h); and

38. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Seventh Cause of Action

39. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802 by willfully failing to reimburse Plaintiff and the other class members for all necessary business-related expenses as required by California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802;

40. For actual, consequential and incidental losses and damages, according to proof;

41. For the imposition of civil penalties and/or statutory penalties;

42. For punitive damages and/or exemplary damages according to proof at trial;

43. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein; and

44. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

As to the Eighth Cause of Action

45. That the Court declare, adjudge, and decree that Defendants violated California Labor Code sections 2698, *et seq.*, by failing to pay minimum and overtime wages, failing to provide meal periods and rest breaks, failing to timely pay wages during employment and upon termination, failing to provide complete and accurate wage statements, and failing to reimburse expenses;

46. For civil penalties pursuant to Labor Code sections 2699 *et seq.*, for Defendants' violations of Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5, 221, 226(a), 226.3, 226.7, 246, 432.5, 510, 512(a), 551, 552, 558, 1174(d), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2800 and 2802;

47. For costs and attorneys' fees pursuant to Labor Code sections 218.5, 1194, 2699, and any other applicable statute; and

48. For such other and further relief that the court may deem just and proper.

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As to the Ninth Cause of Action

49. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that Defendants violated California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.* by failing to provide Plaintiff and the other class members all overtime compensation due to them, failing to provide all meal and rest periods to Plaintiff and the other class members, failing to pay at least minimum wages to Plaintiff and the other class members, and failing to pay class members' wages timely as required by California Labor Code sections 201 and 202.

50. For restitution of unpaid wages to Plaintiff and other class members and all pre-judgment interest from the day such amounts were due and payable;

51. For the appointment of a receiver to receive, manage and distribute any and all funds disgorged from Defendants and determined to have been wrongfully acquired by Defendants as a result of violation of California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*;

52. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5;

53. For injunctive relief to ensure compliance with this section, pursuant to California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*; and

54. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: July 11, 2024

JUSTICE LAW CORPORATION

By: 

Douglas Han
Shunt Tatavos-Gharajeh
Lily Short
Attorneys for Plaintiff

EXHIBIT 1

May 1, 2024

BY U.S. MAIL/ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION

PAGAfilings@dir.ca.gov

State of California

Labor & Workforce Development Agency

800 Capitol Mall, MIC-55

Sacramento, California 95814

Re: Dynasty Valley, LLC dba Golden Empire Nursing & Rehab Center

Dear Representative:

We have been retained to represent Amy Barker against Dynasty Valley, LLC dba Golden Empire Nursing & Rehab Center (including any and all affiliates, managers, members, subsidiaries, and parents, and their shareholders, officers, directors, and employees), any individual, owner, officer or managing agent acting on behalf of an "Employer" pursuant to California Labor Code section 558.1, and DOES 1-20¹ for violations of California wage-and-hour laws (hereinafter referred to as "Dynasty Valley").

Ms. Barker is pursuing her California Labor Code sections 2698, *et seq.*, the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 ("PAGA") claim on a representative basis. Therefore, Ms. Barker may seek penalties for violations of the Labor Code on behalf of the State of California and aggrieved employees, which are recoverable under PAGA. This letter is sent in compliance with the reporting requirements of California Labor Code section 2699.3.

Dynasty Valley is a California limited liability company located at 4286 Hortensia Street, San Diego, CA 92103.

Dynasty Valley employed Ms. Barker as an hourly-paid non-exempt Billing Manager within one year of the date of this letter (until in or around April of 2024) in the State of California. Dynasty Valley directly controls the wages, hours and/or working conditions of Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees' employment, including direction, retention, scheduling, supervision, and termination.

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¹ Ms. Barker does not know the true names or capacities, whether individual, partner or corporate, of DOES 1 through 20, inclusive, and for that reason, said DOES are designated under such fictitious names. Ms. Barker will amend this notice when the true names and capacities are known. Ms. Barker is informed and believes that each DOE was responsible in some way for the matters alleged herein and proximately caused Ms. Barker and other current and former aggrieved employees to be subject to the illegal employment practices, wrongs and injuries complained of herein.

The “aggrieved employees” that Ms. Barker may seek penalties on behalf of are all current and former hourly-paid or non-exempt employees (whether hired directly or through a staffing agency) of Dynasty Valley

Dynasty Valley failed to properly pay its hourly-paid or non-exempt employees for all hours worked, failed to properly compensate minimum and overtime wages, failed to properly provide legally mandated meal and rest breaks or pay premium wages in lieu thereof, failed to issue compliant wage statements, and failed to reimburse for all necessary business-related costs and expenses, thus resulting in Labor Code violations as stated below.

Pursuant to *Huff v. Securitas Security Services USA, Inc.* (2018) 23 Cal. App. 5th 745, 751, an employee who brings a representative action and was affected by at least one of the violations alleged in the complaint has standing to pursue penalties on behalf of the state not only for that violation, but for violations affecting other employees as well. Accordingly, Ms. Barker has standing to pursue penalties on behalf of the state for violations affecting all aggrieved employees at Dynasty Valley, regardless of their classification, job title, location, or whether they were hired directly or through a staffing agency.

Dynasty Valley has violated and/or continues to violate, among other provisions of the California Labor Code and applicable wage law, California Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5, 221, 226(a), 226.3, 226.7, 246, 432.5, 510, 512(a), 551, 552, 558, 1174(d), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2800 and 2802, and the IWC Wage Orders.

California Labor Code sections 510, 1194, and 1198 require employers to pay time-and-a-half or double-time overtime wages and make it unlawful to work employees for hours longer than eight hours in one day and/or over forty hours in one week without paying the premium overtime rates. During the relevant time period, Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees routinely worked in excess of 8 hours in a day and 40 hours in a week. Dynasty Valley failed to compensate Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees for all hours worked and performing off-the-clock work, including pre- and post-shift, and during meal breaks. Dynasty Valley also failed to include non-discretionary bonuses into aggrieved employees’ regular rate of pay for purposes of overtime compensation. Therefore, Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees were entitled to receive certain wages for overtime compensation, but they were not paid for all overtime hours worked.

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California Labor Code section 246 requires that employers provide employees with paid sick leave of not less than one hour per every 30 hours worked. California Labor Code section 246(l) also requires that paid sick leave be paid at a non-exempt employee's regular rate of pay for the workweek in which the employee uses paid sick time or at a rate calculated by dividing the employee's total wages, not including overtime premium pay, by the employee's total hours worked in the full pay periods of the prior 90 days of employment. During the relevant time period, Dynasty Valley failed to pay aggrieved employees paid sick leave that complied with California Labor Code section 246, by, for example, failing to pay paid sick leave at a non-exempt employee's regular rate of pay or at a rate calculated by dividing the employee's total wages, not including overtime premium pay, by the employee's total hours worked in the full pay periods of the prior 90 days of employment.

California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512(a) require employers to pay an employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate for each workday that a meal or rest break is not provided. During the relevant time period, Dynasty Valley routinely required Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees to work through, interrupt, cut short, and/or delay their meal and rest breaks to comply with Dynasty Valley's policies and expectations and prepare orders. Dynasty Valley failed to provide coverage to Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees so they may be relieved of all work duties and take legally mandated meal and rest breaks. Lastly, Dynasty Valley failed to authorize and permit aggrieved employees to take the requisite number of meal and rest breaks, including second meal breaks and third rest breaks, when working shifts exceeding 10 hours in length. Despite these facts, Dynasty Valley failed to compensate Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees all the premium wages they were owed, including failing to pay premium wages at aggrieved employees' regular rate of pay.

California Labor Code section 551 states "[e]very person employed in any occupation of labor is entitled to one day's rest therefrom in seven." Section 552 further states "[n]o employer of labor shall cause his employees to work more than six days in seven." Dynasty Valley required aggrieved employees to work seven days in a row or more without one day's rest.

California Labor Code section 432.5 states "[n]o employer, or agent, manager, superintendent, or officer thereof, shall require any employee or applicant for employment to agree, in writing, to any term or condition which is known by such employer, or agent, manager, superintendent, or officer thereof to be prohibited by law." Dynasty Valley required aggrieved employees to execute arbitration agreements as a condition of employment despite knowing that such agreements are prohibited under Labor Code section 432.6.

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California Labor Code section 201 requires that if an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge are due and payable immediately. California Labor Code section 202 requires that if an employee not having a written contract for a definite period quits their employment, their wages shall become due and payable not later than 72 hours thereafter, unless the employee has given 72 hours' previous notice of their intention to quit, in which case the employee is entitled to their wages at the time of quitting. California Labor Code section 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to pay, without abatement or reduction, in accordance with Labor Code sections 201, 201.3, 201.5, 201.6, 201.8, 201.9, 202, and 205.5, any wages of an employee who is discharged or who quits, the wages of the employee shall continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action therefor is commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than 30 days. During the relevant time period, Dynasty Valley failed to pay Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees all wages, including for uncompensated off-the-clock work, unpaid overtime premiums and premium wages for failing to provide legally mandated meal and rest breaks, due to them within any time period specified by California Labor Code sections 201 and 202 and therefore is liable under California Labor Code sections 203 and 210.

California Labor Code section 204 requires that all wages earned by any person in any employment between the 1st and the 15th days, inclusive, of any calendar month, other than those wages due upon termination of an employee, are due and payable between the 16th and the 26th day of the month during which the labor was performed, and that all wages earned by any person in any employment between the 16th and the last day, inclusive, of any calendar month, other than those wages due upon termination of an employee, are due and payable between the 1st and the 10th day of the following month. California Labor Code section 204 also requires that all wages earned for labor in excess of the normal work period shall be paid no later than the payday for the next regular payroll period. During the relevant time period, Dynasty Valley failed to pay Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees all wages due to them, including for uncompensated off-the-clock work, unpaid overtime premiums and premium wages for failing to provide legally mandated meal and rest breaks within any time period specified by California Labor Code section 204, and is therefore liable under California Labor Code section 210.

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California Labor Code section 226 requires employers to make, keep and provide complete and accurate itemized wage statements to their employees. During the relevant time period, Dynasty Valley did not provide Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees with complete and accurate itemized wage statements. The wage statements they received from Dynasty Valley were in violation of California Labor Code section 226(a). The violations include, but are not limited to, the failure to include (1) gross wages earned by Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees, (2) total hours worked by Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees, (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate by aggrieved employees, (4) all deductions for Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees, (5) net wages earned by Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which aggrieved employees are paid, (7) the name of the aggrieved employee and only the last four digits of their social security number or an employee identification number other than a social security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by aggrieved employees.

California Labor Code section 558 allows recovery of penalties. Pursuant to the code, (a) Any employer or other person acting on behalf of an employer who violates, or causes to be violated, a section of this chapter or any provision regulating hours and days of work in any order of the Industrial Welfare Commission shall be subject to a civil penalty as follows: (1) For any initial violation, fifty dollars (\$50) for each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover underpaid wages. (2) For each subsequent violation, one hundred dollars (\$100) for each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover underpaid wages. (3) Wages recovered pursuant to this section shall be paid to the affected employee. Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees have been denied their wages and premium wages and, therefore, are entitled to penalties.

California Labor Code section 1174(d) requires an employer to keep, at a central location in the state or at the plants or establishments at which employees are employed, payroll records showing the hours worked daily by and the wages paid to, and the number of piece-rate units earned by and any applicable piece rate paid to, employees employed at the respective plants or establishments. These records shall be kept with rules established for this purpose by the commission, but in any case, shall be kept on file for not less than three years. During the relevant time period, Dynasty Valley failed to keep accurate and complete payroll records showing the hours worked daily and the wages paid to Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees.

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California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197 and 1197.1 provide the minimum wage to be paid to employees, and the payment of a lesser wage than the minimum so fixed is unlawful. During the relevant time period, Dynasty Valley did not provide Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees with the minimum wages to which they were entitled despite constructive and actual knowledge of off-the-clock work, including pre- and post-shift, and during meal breaks.

California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802 require an employer to reimburse its employee for all necessary expenditures incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the discharge of their job duties or in direct consequence of their obedience to the directions of the employer. During their employment, Ms. Barker and other aggrieved employees incurred necessary business-related expenses and costs that were not fully reimbursed by Dynasty Valley, including for using their personal cellular phones and vehicles for work purposes.

We believe that Ms. Barker and other current and former California-based hourly-paid or non-exempt employees are entitled to penalties as allowed under California Labor Code sections 2698, *et seq.* for violations of Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5, 221, 226(a), 226.3, 226.7, 246, 432.5, 510, 512(a), 551, 552, 558, 1174(d), 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2800 and 2802, and the IWC Wage Orders.

California Labor Code section 2699.3 requires that a claimant send a certified letter to the employer in question and the California Labor & Workforce Development Agency setting forth the claims, and the basis for the claims, thereby giving the California Labor & Workforce Development Agency an opportunity to investigate the claims and/or take any action it deems appropriate.

The purpose of this letter is to satisfy the requirement created by California Labor Code section 2699 prior to seeking penalties allowed by law for the aforementioned statutory violations. We look forward to determining whether the California Labor & Workforce Development Agency intends to take any action in reference to these claims. We kindly request that you respond to this notice according to the time frame contemplated by the California Labor Code.

Ms. Barker will seek these penalties on her own behalf and on behalf of other similarly situated California-based hourly-paid or non-exempt employees of Dynasty Valley within one year of the date of this letter, as allowed by law.

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LWDA
May 1, 2024
Page 7 of 7

If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us. Thank you for your attention to this matter and the noble cause you advance each and every day.

Very truly yours,

JUSTICE LAW CORPORATION

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'D. Han', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Douglas Han, Esq.

CC: (By Certified U.S. Mail Only):

Nichole Tons
c/o Dynasty Valley, LLC
330 S. Medio Drive
Los Angeles, CA 90049
Agent for Service of Process for Dynasty Valley, LLC

Legal Department
c/o Dynasty Valley, LLC
4286 Hortensia Street
San Diego, CA 92103

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PROOF OF SERVICE
1013A(3) CCP

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 751 N. Fair Oaks Avenue, Suite 101, Pasadena, CA 91103 and my electronic service address is bitty@justicelawcorp.com

On July 12, 2024, I served the foregoing document described as

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

for the following case: **Barker v. Dynasty Valley, LLC**
LWDA/Court Case No.: **LWDA Case No.: LWDA-CM- 1025707-24**
Court Case No.: CU0001491
Nevada County Superior Court

on interested parties in this action by electronically submitting as follows:

State of California
Labor & Workforce Development Agency
800 Capitol Mall, MIC-55
Sacramento, California 95814

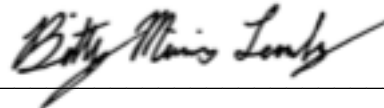
[X] BY ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION

Pursuant to California Senate Bill No. 836, I caused the documents described above to be electronically submitted by and through the procedure stated on the website of the State of California Labor and Workforce Development Agency.

[X] STATE

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on July 12, 2024, at Pasadena, California.



Bitty Minnis-Lemley