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MELCHOR GARCIA

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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

MELCHOR GARCIA, an individual, on behalf
of himself and all similarly situated aggrieved
employees,

Plaintiff

-vs.-

WESTERN TIRE EQUIPMENT AND
SUPPLY COMPANY, a California
Corporation; CHRIS DERALAS, an individual;
EMANUEL MANOS, an individual; and DOES
1 through 100, inclusive,

Defendants

Case No. **24STCV11528**

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR
DAMAGES**

1. Failure to Pay Overtime Wages;
2. Failure to Pay Minimum Wages;
3. Failure to Provide Meal Periods or
Compensation In Lieu Thereof;
4. Failure to Provide Rest Periods or
Compensation In Lieu Thereof;
5. Failure To Pay Due Wages At
Termination;
6. Failure to Furnish Accurate Wage
Statements;
7. Violation of Labor Code § 226(C);
8. Violation of Labor Code § 1198.5;
9. Violation of Labor Code § 2802;
10. Unfair Competition

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

COMES NOW plaintiff MELCHOR GARCIA (“Plaintiff”), on behalf of himself and all
other employees similarly situated in the state of California (collectively referred to as “Plaintiffs”),

1 allege as follows:

2 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

3 **INTRODUCTION**

4 1. This is a Class Action, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 382, on behalf
5 of Plaintiff and all other current and former similarly situated employees employed by or formerly
6 employed by defendants WESTERN TIRE EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLY COMPANY, the
7 individual defendants, and DOES 1 through 100, as further defined below, (collectively
8 "Defendants"). Plaintiff alleges as follows:

9 2. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the
10 present, Defendants have had a policy or practice of failing to pay overtime wages to Plaintiff and
11 other non-exempt employees in the State of California in violation of California state wage and
12 hour laws as a result of, without limitation, Plaintiff and similarly situated employees routinely
13 working over eight (8) hours per day, forty (40) hours per week, and seven consecutive work days
14 on a work week without being properly compensated for hours worked in excess of (8) hours per
15 day in a work day, forty (40) hours per week in a work week, and/or hours worked on the seventh
16 consecutive work day in a work week by, among other things, failing to accurately track and/or
17 pay for all hours actually worked; engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to work off the
18 clock (including directing employees to clock out and continue working, among other violations);
19 failing to pay overtime hours at the proper overtime rate of pay, including, without limitation, by
20 paying overtime hours at the improper rate(s) of pay and/or recharacterizing overtime hours worked
21 to appear that they worked at a different time or pay period; by failing to pay for reporting time pay;
22 and/or by manipulating or editing time records to show lesser hours than actually worked during the
23 pay period, to the detriment of Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees.

24 3. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the
25 present, Defendants have had a policy or practice of failing to pay minimum wages to Plaintiff and
26 other non-exempt employees in the State of California in violation of California state wage and
27 hour laws as a result of, among other things, Defendants failing to accurately track and/or pay for
28 all hours actually worked; engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to work off the clock;

1 failing to pay for reporting time pay; and/or by manipulating or editing time records to show lesser
2 hours than actually worked during the pay period, to the detriment of Plaintiff and other similarly
3 situated employees.

4 4. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the
5 present, Defendants have had a policy or practice of failing to provide Plaintiff and other similarly
6 situated employees or former employees within the State of California a thirty (30) minute
7 uninterrupted meal period for days on which the employees worked more than five (5) hours in a
8 work day and a second thirty (30) minute uninterrupted meal period for days on which employees
9 worked in excess of ten (10) hours in a work day, and failing to provide compensation for such
10 unprovided meal periods as required by California wage and hour laws. Defendants failed to
11 provide timely meal periods to Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees or former
12 employees.

13 5. For at least four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the
14 present, Defendants have had a policy or practice of failing to provide Plaintiff and similarly
15 situated employees or former employees within the State of California rest periods of at least ten
16 (10) minutes per four (4) hours worked or major fraction thereof and failing to provide
17 compensation for such unprovided rest periods as required by California wage and hour laws.

18 6. For at least three (3) years prior to the filing of this action and continuing to the
19 present, Defendants have failed to pay Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees the full
20 amount of their wages owed to them upon termination and/or resignation as required by Labor
21 Code sections 201 and 202 as a result of their failure to pay overtime wages as herein mentioned.

22 7. For at least one (1) year prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the
23 present, Defendants have had a policy or practice of failing to furnish Plaintiff and similarly
24 situated employees within the State of California with itemized wage statements that accurately
25 reflect gross wages earned; total hours worked; net wages earned; all applicable hourly rates in
26 effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate;
27 the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer; and other such information as
28 required by Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a). As a result thereof, Defendants have further

1 failed to furnish employees with an accurate calculation of gross and gross wages earned, as well
2 as gross and net wages paid.

3 8. For at least three (3) years prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the
4 present, Defendants had and have a policy or practice of, upon written request to inspect or receive
5 copies of records pursuant to Labor Code section 226, subdivision (b), pertaining to a current or
6 former employee, complying with the request within 21 days from the date thereof.

7 9. For at least three (3) years prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the
8 present, Defendants had and have a policy or practice of making the contents of personnel records
9 that the employer maintains relating to the employee's performance or to any grievance
10 concerning the employee available for inspection within 30 calendar days from the date of a
11 written request, as required by Labor Code section 1198.5.

12 10. For at least three (3) years prior to the filing of this Action and continuing to the
13 present, Defendants have had a consistent policy of failing to indemnify Plaintiff and other
14 similarly situated employees or former employees within the State of California for expenses
15 incurred by in furtherance of their work duties, including work materials, mileage, and cell phone
16 usage etc. in violation of, among other authorities, Labor Code section 2802.

17 11. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated employees, brings this
18 action pursuant to, including but not limited to, Labor Code sections 200, 201, 202, 203, 226,
19 226.7, 350, 351, 510, 512, 558.1, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1198.5, 2802, and California Code of
20 Regulations, Title 8, section 11050, seeking overtime wages, minimum wages, payment of
21 premium wages for missed meal and rest periods, penalties, reimbursement for expenses incurred
22 in furtherance of job duties, other such provisions of California law, and reasonable attorneys' fees
23 and costs. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated employees, pursuant to
24 California Business and Professions Code sections 17200 through 17208, also seeks (an)
25 injunction(s) prohibiting Defendants from further violating the Labor Code and requiring the
26 establishment of appropriate and effective means to prevent further violations, as well as all
27 monies owed but withheld and retained by Defendants to which Plaintiff and Class Members are
28 entitled, as well as restitution of amounts owed.

Plaintiff intends to amend the complaint to include a cause of action under the Private Attorney General Act (“PAGA”).

PARTIES

A. Plaintiff

12. Plaintiff MELCHOR GARCIA is a resident of the State of California. At all relevant times herein, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that Defendants employed Plaintiff as a non-exempt employee, with duties as an hourly delivery driver and warehouse employee for Defendants from on or around June 3, 2017 through August 16, 2023.

At all times mentioned herein, Plaintiff performed his duties in a satisfactory manner during his employment with Defendants.

B. Defendants

13. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that defendant WESTERN TIRE EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLY COMPANY (“WESTECO”), at all times relevant hereto was, a California corporation doing business throughout the State of California.

14. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that defendant CHRIS DERALAS (“Deralas”) is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual residing in California and a citizen of California, as well as a managing agent of WESTECO, and DOES 1 through 100, as further defined below. At all relevant times, Deralas was a managing agent, owner, and executive who exercised substantial independent authority and judgment in decision-making and the decisions ultimately determined corporate policies to subject Deralas to personal liability for the alleged wage violations under Labor Code Section 558.1.

15. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that defendant EMANUEL MANOS (“Manos”) is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual residing in California and a citizen of California, as well as a managing agent of WESTECO, and DOES 1 through 100, as further defined below. At all relevant times, Manos was a managing agent, owner, and executive who exercised substantial independent authority and judgment in decision-making and the decisions ultimately determined corporate policies to subject Manos to personal liability for the alleged wage violations under Labor Code Section 558.1..

JOINT LIABILITY ALLEGATIONS

16. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the named defendants and DOES 1- 100 (collectively, “Defendants”) employed Plaintiff and similarly situated employees within the relevant statutory period, by, among other things, exercising control over their wages, hours and/or working conditions.

17. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that defendants’ owners and managing agents, violated, or caused to be violated, the above-referenced and below-referenced Labor Code provisions in violation of Labor Code section 558.1.

18. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that all the times mentioned herein, each of the Defendants was the agent, principal, employee, employer, representative, joint venture or co-conspirator of each of the other defendants, either actually or ostensibly, and in doing the things alleged herein acted within the course and scope of such agency, employment, joint venture, and conspiracy.

19. All of the acts and conduct described herein of each and every corporate defendant was duly authorized, ordered, and directed by the respective and collective defendant corporate employers, and the officers and management-level employees of said corporate employers. In addition thereto, said corporate employers participated in the aforementioned acts and conduct of their said employees, agents, and representatives, and each of them; and upon completion of the said employees, agents, and representatives, and each of them; and upon completion of the aforesaid acts and conduct of said corporate employees, agents, and representatives, the defendant corporation respectively and collectively ratified, accepted the benefits of, condoned, lauded, acquiesced, authorized, and approved of each and all of the said acts and conduct of the aforementioned corporate employees, agents and representatives.

20. Based on information and belief, all named defendants are owned and operated by the same individuals, with the same policies and procedures, and exercised control over the wages, hours, and working conditions of Plaintiff and all similarly situated hourly employees at the various business establishments throughout California so as to create a joint employer relationship.

21. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or

1 otherwise, of defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are currently unknown to
2 Plaintiff, who therefore sue defendants by such fictitious names under Code of Civil Procedure
3 section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each of the
4 defendants designated herein as DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the unlawful acts
5 referred to herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true
6 names and capacities of the defendants designated hereinafter as DOES when such identities
7 become known.

8 22. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each defendant
9 acted in all respects pertinent to this action, as the agent of the other defendant(s), carried out a
10 joint scheme, business plan or policy in all respects pertinent hereto, and the acts of each joint
11 defendant are legally attributable to the other defendants.

12 23. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that there exists such
13 a unity of interest and ownership between Defendants, and each of them, that their individuality
14 and separateness have ceased to exist.

15 24. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that despite the
16 formation of the purported corporate existence of the named Defendants, and DOES 1 through 30,
17 inclusive (the "Alter Ego Defendants"), they, and each of them, are one and the same with DOES 31
18 through 100 ("Individual Defendants"), and each of them, due to, but not limited to, the following
19 reasons:

20 a. The Alter Ego Defendants are completely dominated and controlled by the
21 Individual Defendants, or some of them, who personally committed the wrongful and illegal acts
22 and violated the laws as set forth in this Complaint, and who has hidden and currently hide behind
23 the Alter Ego Defendants to perpetrate frauds, circumvent statutes, or accomplish some other
24 wrongful or inequitable purpose;

25 b. The Individual Defendants derive actual and significant monetary benefits by and
26 through the Alter Ego Defendants' unlawful conduct, and by using the Alter Ego Defendants as
27 the funding source for the Individual Defendants' own personal expenditures;

28 c. Plaintiffs are informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Individual

1 Defendants and the Alter Ego Defendants, while really one and the same, were segregated to
2 appear as though separate and distinct for purposes of perpetrating a fraud, circumventing a
3 statute, or accomplishing some other wrongful or inequitable purpose;

4 d. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the business affairs of the
5 Individual Defendants and the Alter Ego Defendants are, and at all relevant times mentioned
6 herein were, so mixed and intermingled that the same cannot reasonably be segregated, and the
7 same are inextricable confusion. The Alter Ego Defendants are, and at all relevant times
8 mentioned herein were, used by the Individual Defendants as mere shells and conduits for the
9 conduct of certain of their, and each of their affairs. The Alter Ego Defendants are, and at all
10 relevant times mentioned herein were, the alter egos of the Individual Defendants;

11 e. The recognition of the separate existence of the Individual Defendants and the Alter
12 Ego Defendants would promote injustice insofar that it would permit defendants to insulate
13 themselves from liability to Plaintiff for violations of the California Government Code, Civil
14 Code, Labor Code, and other statutory violations. The corporate existence of these defendants
15 should thus be disregarded in equity and for the ends of justice because such disregard is necessary
16 to avoid fraud and injustice to Plaintiff, and all other similarly situated employees, herein;

17 f. Accordingly, the Alter Ego Defendants constitute the alter ego of the Individual
18 Defendants (and vice versa), and the fiction of their separate corporate existence must be
19 disregarded;

20 g. As a result of the aforementioned facts, among others, Plaintiffs are informed and
21 believes, and based thereon alleges that the Individual Defendants, the Alter Ego Defendants, and
22 each of them, are joint employers by virtue of a joint enterprise, and that Plaintiff was an
23 employee of the Alter Ego Defendants and the Individual Defendants. Plaintiff performed
24 services for each and every defendant, and to the mutual benefit of all defendants, and all
25 defendants shared control of Plaintiff and all other similarly situated employees, either directly or
26 indirectly, and in the manner in which defendants' business was and is conducted.

27 25. As such, Defendants, and each of them, are either solely, and/or jointly and
28 severally, liable for the damages alleged in Plaintiff's operative complaint.

JURISDICTION

26. Jurisdiction exists in the Superior Court of the State of California pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 410.10.

27. Venue is proper in Los Angeles County, California pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 395, et seq. because, among other things, Defendants committed the wrongful conduct herein alleged in this County against Plaintiff and the purported California class. Finally, venue is proper in Los Angeles County as the unlawful acts alleged herein have a direct effect on the purported California class within Los Angeles County and the State of California, and because Defendants employ numerous Class Members in Los Angeles County and throughout the State of California.

Plaintiff, a driver for Defendants, was subjected to various wage violations in Los Angeles county during his employment with Defendants.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

28. Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees have not been paid, during the relevant liability periods, wages for all time worked, including overtime wages, as a result of, including but not limited to, failing to pay overtime wages to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees in the State of California in violation of California state wage and hour laws as a result of, without limitation, Plaintiff and similarly situated employees working over eight (8) hours per day, forty (40) hours per week or seven (7) consecutive work days in a work week without being properly compensated for the hours worked in excess of (8) hours per day, forty (40) hours per week, or seven (7) consecutive work days in a workweek at the proper overtime rate of pay. Specifically, among other things, Defendants had a policy or practice of failing to accurately track and/or pay for all hours actually worked; engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to work off the clock (including by requiring employees to work after clocking out and offsite work); failing to pay overtime hours at the proper overtime rate of pay, including, without limitation, by paying overtime hours at the improper rate(s) of pay and/or recharacterizing overtime hours worked to appear that they worked at a different time or pay period; by failing to pay for reporting time pay; and/or by manipulating or editing time records to show lesser hours than actually worked during the

1 pay period.

2 29. Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees have not been paid during the
3 relevant liability periods, minimum wages for all regular hours worked, as a result of, among other
4 things, Defendants failing to accurately track and/or pay for all hours actually worked; engaging,
5 suffering, or permitting employees to work off the clock; failing to pay for reporting time
6 pay; and/or by manipulating or editing time records to show lesser hours than actually worked
7 during the pay period.

8 30. Defendants have had a consistent policy or practice of failing during the relevant
9 liability periods, Plaintiff and similarly situated employees or former employees within the State
10 of California a thirty (30) minute, uninterrupted, and timely meal period for days on which the
11 employees worked more than five (5) hours in a workday; a second thirty (30) minute,
12 uninterrupted, and timely meal periods for days on which employees worked in excess of ten (10)
13 hours in a workday; and/or compensation for such unprovided meal periods as required by
14 California wage and hour laws.

15 31. Defendants have had a consistent policy or practice of failing to provide Plaintiff
16 and similarly situated employees or former employees within the State of California rest periods
17 of at least ten (10) minutes per four (4) hours worked or major fraction thereof and failing to
18 provide compensation for such unprovided rest periods as required by California wage and hour
19 laws.

20 32. At the time Plaintiff's employment and the employment of other former employees
21 of Defendants ended, Defendants willfully failed to pay overtime and minimum wages at the
22 proper rate and failed to pay one hour of wages in lieu of each non-compliant meal and/or rest
23 period, among other things.

24 33. Defendants have failed to comply with Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a) by
25 not providing itemized wage statements accurately showing, including but not limited to, gross
26 wages earned; total hours worked; net wages earned; all applicable hourly rates in effect during
27 the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate; the legal name
28 and address of the employer; and other such information as required by Labor Code section 226,

subdivision (a).

34. Defendants have failed, during the relevant liability periods, to comply with Labor Code section 226, subdivision (c) by failing to, upon written request to inspect or receive copies of records pursuant to Labor Code section 226, subdivision (b), pertaining to a current or former employee, complying with the request within 21 days from the date thereof, in connection with Plaintiff and all others similarly situated.

35. Defendants have failed to comply, during the relevant liability periods, with Labor Code section 1198.5 by failing to make the contents of personnel records that the employer maintains relating to the employee's performance or to any grievance concerning the employee available for inspection within 30 calendar days from the date of a written request, as required by Labor Code section 1198.5.

36. Defendants have failed to reimburse Plaintiff and similarly situated employees, during the relevant liability periods, as required under Labor Code section 2802 for business expenses in furtherance of their work duties, including but not limited to mileage and cell phone usage, in violation of, among other authorities, Labor Code section 2802.

37. Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees or former employees at all times pertinent hereto were not exempt from the payment of overtime wages, minimum wages, payment of premium wages for missed rest periods, waiting time penalties, wage statement penalties, being permitted to inspect documents requested by employees under Labor Code sections 226 and 1198.5, reimbursement for expenses incurred in furtherance of job duties, being paid all gratuities left to them without sharing them with Defendants or their agents, and other such provisions of California law, and the implementing rules and regulations of the IWC California Wage Orders.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

38. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, as a class action pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 382. Plaintiff seeks to represent a class of all current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants within the State of California at any time commencing four (4) years preceding the filing of Plaintiff's complaint up until the time that notice of the class action is provided to the class (collectively referred to as "Class Members").

1 39. Plaintiff reserves the right under California Rule of Court rule 3.765, subdivision
2 (b) to amend or modify the class description with greater specificity or further division into
3 subclasses or limitation to particular issues.

4 40. This action has been brought and may properly be maintained as a class action
5 under the provisions of Code of Civil Procedure section 382 because there is a well-defined
6 community of interest in the litigation and the proposed Class is easily ascertainable.

7 A. **Numerosity**

8 41. The potential Class Members as defined are so numerous that joinder of all the
9 members of the Class is impracticable. While the precise number of Class Members has not been
10 determined yet, Plaintiff is informed and believes that there are over one hundred (100) Class
11 Members employed by Defendants within the State of California.

12 42. Accounting for employee turnover during the relevant periods necessarily increases
13 this number substantially. Plaintiff alleges Defendants' employment records would provide
14 information as to the number and location of all Class Members. Joinder of all members of the
15 proposed Class is not practicable.

16 B. **Commonality**

17 43. There are questions of law and fact common to Class Members. These common
18 questions include, but are not limited to:

19 (a) Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510, 1194, and 1197
20 by failing to adequately track, and therefore adequately pay,
21 wages for time worked by Class Members?

22 (b) Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510, 1194, and 1197
23 by editing and/or manipulating Class Members' time entries to
24 show lesser hours than actually worked during a pay period?

25 (c) Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510, 1194 and 1197
26 by recharacterizing overtime hours worked to appear that they
27 worked at a different time or pay period to avoid payment of
28 overtime wages?

- 1 (d) Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510, 1194, and 1197
2 by requiring that employees work off-the-clock?
- 3 (e) Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510, 1194 and 1197
4 by failing to provide reporting time pay?
- 5 (f) Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 510, 1194, and 1197
6 by failing to pay employees for all hours worked during training?
- 7 (g) Are Class Members entitled to liquidated damages under Labor
8 Code section 1194.2 for Defendants' failure to pay minimum
9 wages for all hours worked?
- 10 (h) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 512 by not providing
11 Class Members with compliant meal periods?
- 12 (i) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 226. 7 by not
13 providing Class Members with additional wages for missed or
14 interrupted meal periods?
- 15 (j) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 512 by not providing
16 Class Members with rest periods?
- 17 (k) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 226. 7 by not
18 providing Class Members with additional wages for missed or
19 interrupted rest periods?
- 20 (l) Did Defendants violate Labor Code sections 201 and 202 by
21 failing to pay Class Members upon termination or resignation all
22 wages earned?
- 23 (m) Are Defendants liable to Class Members for penalty wages under
24 Labor Code section 203?
- 25 (n) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a)
26 by not furnishing Class Members with accurate wage statements?
- 27 (o) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 226, subdivision (c)
28 by not timely providing Class Members with (or permitting them

to inspect) a complete set of the documents described in Labor Code section 226, subdivision (b) upon request?

(p) Are Defendants liable to Class Members for penalties under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (f)?

(q) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 1198.5 by not providing Class Members with timely and complete personnel records described under Labor Code section 1198.5, subdivision (a) upon request?

(r) Are Defendants liable to Class Members for penalties under Labor Code section 1198.5, subdivision (k)?

(s) Did Defendants violate Labor Code section 2802 by not reimbursing for business expenses including but not limited to mileage and cell phone usage?

(t) Did Defendants violate the Unfair Competition Law, Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq., by their unlawful practices as alleged herein?

(u) Are Class Members entitled to restitution of wages under Business and Professions Code section 17203?

(v) Are Class Members entitled to costs and attorneys' fees?

C. Typicality

44. The claims of Plaintiff herein alleged are typical of those claims which could be alleged by any Class members, and the relief sought is typical of the relief which would be sought by each Class Member in separate actions. Plaintiff and Class Members sustained injuries and damages arising out of and caused by Defendants' common course of conduct in violation of laws and regulations that have the force and effect of law and statutes as alleged herein.

D. Adequacy of Representation

45. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interest of Class Members. Counsel who represents Plaintiff is competent and experienced in litigating wage and hour class

actions.

E. Superiority of Class Action

46. A class action is superior to other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Individual joinder of all Class Members is not practicable, and questions of law and fact common to Class Members predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class Members. Class Members, as further described therein, have been damaged and are entitled to recovery by reason of Defendants' illegal policy and/or practices, including, without limitation, failing to pay overtime wages, minimum wages; failing to provide meal and rest breaks or compensation in lieu thereof; failing to provide accurate wage statements; failing to pay all wages due upon termination and/or resignation; failing to timely permit inspection of complete records under Labor Code sections 226 and 1198.5; failing to reimburse employees for expenses incurred in furtherance of job duties; and failing to pay over all gratuities left for Class Members to those Class Members.

47. Class action treatment will allow those similarly situated to litigate their claims in a manner that is most efficient and economical for the parties and the judicial system. Plaintiffs are unaware of any difficulties that are likely to be encountered in the management of this action that would preclude its maintenance as a class action.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Failure to Pay Overtime Wages - Against All Defendants)

49. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereto.

50. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Labor Code section 510 was in effect and provided: "(a) Eight hours of labor constitutes a day's work. Any work in excess of eight hours in one workday and any work in excess of forty hours in any one workweek . . . shall be compensated at the rate of no less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for an employee."

51. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Labor Code section 510 further provided that "[a]ny work in excess of 12 hours in one day shall be compensated at the rate of no less than

1 twice the regular rate of pay for an employee. In addition, any work in excess of eight hours on
2 any seventh day of a workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular
3 rate of pay."

4 52. At all times mentioned, Plaintiff and Class Members, worked for Defendants during shifts
5 that consisted of more than eight (8) hours in a workday and/or more than forty hours in a
6 workweek, and/or seven (7) consecutive workdays in a workweek, without being paid overtime
7 wages for all hours worked as a result of, including but not limited to, failing to accurately track
8 and/or pay for all hours actually worked; engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to work off
9 the clock, failing to pay overtime hours at the proper overtime rate of pay, including, without
10 limitation, by paying overtime hours at the improper rate(s) of pay and/or recharacterizing overtime
11 hours worked to appear that they worked at a different time or pay period; by failing to pay for
12 reporting time pay; and/or by manipulating or editing time records to show lesser hours than
13 actually worked during the pay period, by Plaintiffs and other similarly situated employees in the
14 State of California.

15 53. Accordingly, by requiring Plaintiff and Class Members to work greater than eight (8) hours
16 per workday, forty (40) hours per workweek, and/or seven (7) straight workdays without properly
17 compensating overtime wages at the proper overtime rate of pay, Defendants willfully violated the
18 provisions of the Labor Code, among others, sections 510, 1194, and applicable IWC Wage Orders,
19 and California law.

20 54. As a result of the unlawful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff and Class Members have been
21 deprived of overtime wages in amounts to be determined at trial, and are entitled to recovery
22 of such amounts, plus interest and penalties thereon, attorneys' fees and costs, pursuant to Labor
23 Code section 1194 and 1199, Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code
24 section 3287.

25 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

26 **(Failure to Pay Minimum Wages-Against All Defendants)**

27 55. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
28 preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereto.

1 56. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees of Defendants covered
2 by Labor Code section 1197 and applicable Wage Orders.

3 57. Pursuant to Labor Code section 1197 and applicable Wage Orders, Plaintiff and Class
4 Members were entitled to receive minimum wages for all hours worked or otherwise under
5 Defendants' control.

6 58. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and Class Members minimum wages for all hours
7 worked as a result of, including but not limited to, Defendants failing to accurately track and/or
8 pay for all hours actually worked; engaging, suffering, or permitting employees to work off the
9 clock (including by requiring employees to be on-call and failing to pay for all hours worked
10 during training); failing to pay for reporting time pay; and/or by manipulating or editing time
11 records to show lesser hours than actually worked during the pay period by Plaintiff and other
12 similarly situated employees in the State of California.

13 59. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered
14 damages in an amount, subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid minimum wages
15 for all minutes worked or otherwise due.

16 60. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 218.6, 1194, 1194.2, Code of Civil Procedure sections
17 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover
18 the full amount of unpaid minimum wages, interest and penalties thereon, liquidated damages,
19 reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit.

20 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

21 **(Failure to Provide Meal Periods - Against All Defendants)**

22 61. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
23 preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereto.

24 62. Pursuant to Labor Code section 512 and applicable Wage Orders, no employer shall employ
25 an employee for a work period of more than five (5) hours without a timely meal break of not less
26 than thirty (30) minutes in which the employee is relieved of all of his or her duties. Furthermore,
27 no employer shall employ an employee for a work period of more than ten (10) hours per day
28 without providing the employee with a second timely meal period of not less than thirty (30)

minutes in which the employee is relieved of all of his or her duties.

63. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226. 7, if an employer fails to provide an employee with a meal period as provided in the applicable Wage Order of the Industrial Welfare Commission, the employer shall pay the employee one (1) additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the meal period is not provided.

64. Plaintiff and Class Members were during the relevant time period, not provided with requisite uninterrupted meal periods as contemplated under the law.

65. By their failure to provide Plaintiff and Class Members with the meal periods contemplated by Labor Code section 512, among other California authorities, and failing to provide compensation for such unprovided meal periods, as alleged above, Defendants willfully violated the provisions of Labor Code section 512 and applicable Wage Orders.

66. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered damages in an amount, subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid additional pay owed for missed, untimely, interrupted and/or incomplete meal periods.

67. Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover the full amount of their unpaid additional pay for missed meal periods, in amounts to be determined at trial, and are entitled to recovery of such amounts, plus interest and penalties thereon, attorneys' fees, and costs, under Labor Code sections 226 and 226. 7, Code of Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Failure to Provide Rest Periods - Against All Defendants)

68. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereto.

69. California law and applicable Wage Orders require that employers "authorize and permit" employees to take ten (10) minute rest periods in about the middle of each four (4) hour work period "or major fraction thereof." Accordingly, employees who work shifts of three and-a-half (3 1/2) to six (6) hours must be provided ten (10) minutes of paid rest period, employees who work shifts of more than six (6) and up to ten (10) hours must be provided with twenty (20) minutes

1 of paid rest period, and employees who work shifts of more than ten (10) hours must be
2 provided thirty (30) minutes of paid rest period.

3 70. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226. 7, if an employer fails to provide an employee with a
4 meal period or rest period as provided in the applicable Wage Order of the Industrial Welfare
5 Commission, the employer shall pay the employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's
6 regular rate of compensation for each work day that the rest period is not provided.

7 71. By their failure to provide Plaintiff and Class Members with the rest periods contemplated
8 by California law, and failure to provide compensation for such unprovided rest periods, as alleged
9 above, Defendants willfully violated the provisions of Labor Code section 226. 7 and applicable
10 Wage Orders.

11 72. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered
12 damages in an amount, subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid additional pay owed for
13 missed rest periods.

14 73. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226.7, Code of Civil Procedure section 1032, and Civil
15 Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover the full amount of their
16 premium pay for unprovided rest periods, interest and penalties thereon, and costs of suit.

17 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

18 **(Failure to Pay All Wages Due Upon Termination -Against All Defendants)**

19 74. Plaintiff realleges and incorporate by reference all of the allegations contained in
20 the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereto.

21 75. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees of Defendants
22 covered by Labor Code sections 201 and 202.

23 76. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 201 and 202, Plaintiff and Class Members were
24 entitled upon termination to timely payment of all wages earned and unpaid prior to termination.
25 Discharged employees were entitled to payment of all wages earned and unpaid prior to discharge
26 immediately upon termination. Employees who resigned were entitled to payment of all wages
27 earned and unpaid prior to resignation within 72 hours after giving notice of resignation or, if they
28 gave 72 hours' previous notice, they were entitled to payment of all wages earned and unpaid at the

1 time of resignation.

2 77. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants, due to the
3 failure to provide overtime and minimum wages mentioned above, failed to pay Plaintiff and Class
4 Members all wages earned and unpaid, including overtime wages and minimum wages, prior to
5 resignation or termination in accordance with Labor Code sections 201 or 202.

6 78. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff and Class Members all wages earned prior to termination
7 in accordance with Labor Code sections 201 and 202 was willful. Defendants had the
8 ability to pay all wages earned by Plaintiff and Class Members at the time of termination in
9 accordance with Labor Code sections 201 and 202, but intentionally adopted policies or practices
10 incompatible with the requirements of Labor Code sections 201 and 202.

11 79. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 201 and 202, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to all
12 wages earned prior to termination that Defendants failed to pay them.

13 80. Pursuant to Labor Code section 203, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to penalty
14 wages from the date their earned and unpaid wages were due, upon termination, until paid, up to a
15 maximum of thirty (30) days.

16 81. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered
17 damages in an amount subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid for all wages earned prior
18 to termination.

19 82. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered
20 damages in an amount subject to proof, to the extent they were not paid all penalty wages
21 owed under Labor Code section 203.

22 83. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 203, 218 and 218.5, Code of Civil Procedure sections
23 1021.5 and 1032, and Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover
24 the full amount of their unpaid wages, and penalty wages under Labor Code section 203, reasonable
25 attorneys' fees on their unpaid wages, and costs of suit.

26 84. Pursuant to Labor Code section 203 and 218.6, Code of Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and
27 1032, and Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiffs and Class Members are entitled to recover
28 waiting time penalties, interest, and other costs of suit on the waiting time penalties, as well.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Failure to Provide Accurate Wage Statements -Against All Defendants)

85. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereto.

86. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code section 226.

87. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a), Plaintiff and Class Members were entitled to receive, semi-monthly or at the time of each payment of wages, an accurate itemized statement that accurately reflects, among other things, gross wages earned; total hours worked; net wages earned; all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate; and the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer.

88. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that at all relevant times, Defendants, due to the failure to pay due wages for the reasons described herein, also failed to issue wage statements that accurately set out amounts due to, among other things, gross wages earned; total hours worked; net wages earned; and all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate; and the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer.

89. Thus, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff and Class Members accurate itemized wage statements in accordance with Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a).

90. Defendants' failure to provide Plaintiff and Class Members with accurate wage statements was knowing, intentional, and willful. Defendants had the ability to provide Plaintiff and Class Members with accurate wage statements, but willfully provided wage statements that Defendants knew were not accurate.

91. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered injury. The absence of accurate information on their wage statements has delayed timely challenge to Defendants' unlawful pay practices; requires discovery and mathematical computations to determine the amount of wages owed; causes difficulty and expense in attempting to reconstruct

time and pay records; and led to submission of inaccurate information about wages and amounts deducted from wages to state and federal governmental agencies.

92. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226, subdivision (e), Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover \$50 for the initial pay period during the period in which violation of Labor Code section 226 occurred and \$100 for each violation of Labor Code section 226 in a subsequent pay period, not to exceed an aggregate \$4,000.00 per employee.

93. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 226, subdivisions (e) and (g), Code of Civil Procedure section 1032, Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover the full amount of penalties due under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (e), reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of suit.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Labor Code Section 226(c) - Against All Defendants)

94. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

95. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code section 226.

96. At all relevant times, under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a), all deductions made from payment of wages shall be recorded in ink or other indelible form, properly dated, showing the month, day, and year, and a copy of the statement and the record of the deductions shall be kept on file by the employer for at least three years at the place of employment or at a central location within the State of California.

97. At all relevant times, under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (b), an employer required to keep information required by Labor Code section 226, subdivision (a) must afford current and former employees the right to inspect or receive a copy of records pertaining to their employment, upon reasonable request to the employer.

98. At all relevant times, under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (c), an employer who receives a written or oral request to inspect or receive a copy of records pursuant to subdivision (b) pertaining to a current or former employees must comply with the request as soon as practicable,

1 but no later than 21 calendar days from the date of the request.

2 99. At all relevant times, under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (f), an employer who fails
3 to permit a current or former employee to inspect or receive a copy of records within the time set
4 forth in subdivision (c) entitles the current or former employee to recover a seven- hundred-fifty-
5 dollar (\$750) penalty from the employer.

6 100. Defendants violated Labor Code section 226 by failing to timely permit Plaintiff and Class
7 Members to inspect or records described in Labor Code section 226, subdivision (b) that
8 Defendants were required to maintain under subsection (a) upon reasonable request. Moreover,
9 Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times within the
10 applicable limitations period, Defendants maintained a policy or practice of failing to timely permit
11 current or former employees inspect or copy their complete personnel records.

12 101. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members did not receive documents
13 to which they were entitled under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (b) and thus were not able to
14 fully assess potential Labor Code and/or common law violations pertaining to unpaid wages by
15 Defendants against Plaintiff and Class Members while applicable statutes of limitations continue to
16 run, resulting in irreparable injuries without adequate remedies at law. Additionally, Plaintiff and
17 Class Members bear the risk of being irreparably injured should the documents and records
18 responsive to Labor Code section 226, subdivision (b) be lost and/or destroyed.

19 102. Pursuant to Labor Code sections 226, subdivisions (f) and (g), Code of Civil Procedure
20 section 1032, Civil Code section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover the full
21 amount of penalties due under Labor Code section 226, subdivision (e), reasonable attorneys' fees
22 and costs of suit.

23 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

24 **(Violation of Labor Code section 1198.5 -Against All Defendants)**

25 103. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
26 preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

27 104. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees or former
28 employees of Defendants covered by Labor Code section 1198.5.

1 105. Pursuant to Labor Code section 1198.5, "every current and former employee ... has the right
2 to inspect and receive a copy of the personnel records that the employer maintains relating to the
3 employee's performance or to any grievance concerning the employee."

4 106. Defendants were required to maintain a copy of each employee's personnel records for a
5 period of not less than three (3) years after termination of employment and make the contents of
6 those personnel records available for inspection no later than thirty (30) calendar days from the date
7 the employer received a written request.

8 107. Defendants violated Labor Code section 1198.5 by failing to timely permit Plaintiff and
9 Class Members to inspect and/or receive copies of such documents. Moreover, Plaintiff is
10 informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times within the applicable
11 limitations period, Defendants maintained a policy or practice of failing to timely permit current or
12 former employees inspect or copy their complete personnel records.

13 108. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members did not receive their
14 complete personnel records as contemplated by Labor Code section 1198.5 and were not able to
15 fully assess potential Labor Code and/or common law workplace-based violations by Defendants
16 against Plaintiff and Class Members while applicable statutes of limitations continue to run,
17 resulting in irreparable injuries without adequate remedies at law. Additionally, Plaintiff and Class
18 Members bear the risk of being irreparably injured should the documents and records responsive to
19 Labor Code section 1198.5 be lost and/or destroyed.

20 109. Pursuant to Labor Code section 1198.5, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to a
21 statutory \$750 penalty each from Defendants and injunctive relief to obtain compliance with this
22 section, as well as costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.

23 **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

24 **(Violation of Labor Code § 2802 - Against All Defendants)**

25 110. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
26 preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though full set forth herein.

27 111. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and Class Members were employees of Defendants
28 covered by Labor Code section 2802.

1 112. California Labor Code section 2802, subdivision (a) provides that "an employer shall
2 indemnify his or her employee for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in
3 direct consequence of the discharge of his or her duties "

4 113. At all relevant times, Defendants failed and refused, and still fail and refuse, to reimburse
5 Plaintiffs and Class Members for the costs incurred, including but not limited to, supplies, cash
6 reimbursement, and expenses required to perform their job duties.

7 114. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered
8 damages in an amount subject to proof, to the extent they were not reimbursed for costs incurred in
9 furtherance of their work duties for Defendants, including but not limited to, mileage expense,
10 travel expense, and cell phone usage.

11 115. Pursuant to Labor Code section 2802, Code of Civil Procedure section 1032, and Civil Code
12 section 3287, Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to recover actual costs incurred, reasonable
13 attorney's fees and costs of suit.

14 **TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **(Unfair Competition - Against All Defendants)**

16 116. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in the
17 preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth hereto.

18 117. The unlawful conduct of Defendants alleged herein constitutes unfair competition within the
19 meaning of Business and Professions Code section 17200. Due to their unlawful business practices
20 in violation of the Labor Code, Defendants have gained a competitive advantage over other
21 comparable companies doing business in the State of California that comply with their obligations
22 to compensate employees in accordance with the Labor Code.

23 118. As a result of Defendants' unfair competition as alleged herein, Plaintiff and Class Members
24 have suffered injury in fact and lost money or property. Plaintiff and Class Members have been
25 deprived of overtime compensation; minimum wage compensation; provision of meal breaks or
26 compensation in lieu thereof; provision of rest breaks or compensation in lieu thereof; provision of
27 all wages upon termination or resignation; from being provided with accurate wage statements;
28 inspection of complete sets of documents to which they are entitled under Labor Code sections 226

1 and 1198.5; reimbursement for costs incurred in furtherance of job duties; and from receipt of
2 gratuities left to them, among other things.

3 119. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17203, Plaintiff and Class Members are
4 entitled to restitution of all wages and other monies owed to them under the Labor Code, including
5 interest thereon, in which they had a property interest and which Defendants nevertheless failed to
6 pay them and instead withheld and retained for themselves. Restitution of the money owed to
7 Plaintiff and Class Members is necessary to prevent Defendants from becoming unjustly enriched
8 by their failure to comply with the Labor Code.

9 120. Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to costs of suit under Code of Civil Procedure
10 section 1032 and interest under Civil Code section 3287.

11 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

12 WHEREFORE, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, Plaintiffs pray for
13 judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 14 a. An order certifying this case as a Class Action;
- 15 b. An Order appointing Plaintiff as Class Representatives and appointing Plaintiff's
16 counsel as class counsel;
- 17 c. Damages for all wages earned and owed, including minimum and overtime wages
18 under Labor Code sections 510, 558.1, 1194, 1197 and 1199;
- 19 d. Liquidated damages pursuant to Labor Code sections 558.1 and 1194.2;
- 20 e. Damages for unpaid premium wages from missed meal and rest periods under,
21 among other Labor Code sections, 512, 558.1, and 226.7;
- 22 f. Damages for unpaid premium wages from missed meal and rest periods under,
23 among other Labor Code sections, 512, 558.1, and 226.7;
- 24 g. Waiting time penalties under Labor Code sections 203 and 558.1;
- 25 h. Penalties for failure to timely permit inspection of documents under Labor Code
26 sections 226, 1198.5 and 558.1;
- 27 i. Reimbursement for costs incurred in furtherance of work duties under Labor Code
28 sections 558.1 and 2802;

- j. Preliminary and permanent injunctions prohibiting Defendants from further violating the California Labor Code and requiring the establishment of appropriate and effective means to prevent future violations;
- k. Restitution of wages and benefits due which were acquired by means of any unfair business practice, according to proof;
- l. Prejudgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum rate allowed by law;
- m. Prejudgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum rate allowed by law;
- n. That Defendant and Does 1-30 are found to have violated the FEHA and California Government Code section 12940 et seq. as to Plaintiff;
- o. For general damages in a sum according to proof;
- p. For special damages in a sum according to proof;
- q. For compensatory damages;
- r. An award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the extent permitted by law under California Government Code § 12965(b), Fair Employment Housing Act and any other relevant provision under California law that provides for attorneys' fees;
- s. For punitive and exemplary damages;
- t. For costs of suit incurred herein; and
- u. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury for all causes of action alleged.

DATED: May 07, 2024

ROBINSON DI LANDO
A Professional Law Corporation

By: 

Michael C. Robinson
Orion Robinson
Robert Bates

Attorneys for Plaintiffs