

BOKHOUR LAW GROUP, P.C.
Mehrddad Bokhour, CA Bar No. 285256
mehrdad@bokhourlaw.com
1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 520
Los Angeles, California 90067
Tel: (310) 975-1493; Fax: (310) 675-0861

FALAKASSA LAW, P.C.
Joshua S. Falakassa, CA Bar No. 295045
josh@falakassalaw.com
1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 520
Los Angeles, California 90067
Tel: (818) 456-6168; Fax: (888) 505-0868

Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Putative Class

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF YOLO

JONATHAN LOPEZ, on behalf of himself and all
others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

PRIME CONDUIT, INC., a Delaware
Corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive.

Defendants.

CASE NO.: CV2024-1932

Assigned to the Hon. Samuel T. McAdam

**DECLARATION OF MEHRDAD
BOKHOUR IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF’S MOTION FOR
PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS
ACTION SETTLEMENT**

HEARING INFORMATION

Date:
Time: 9:00 a.m.
Dept.: 14

Complaint Filed: July 31, 2024
FAC Filed: October 4, 2024

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

2
3
4
5
6
7
8

8

1 through 2022 and as a “Super Lawyer” from 2023-2026, a distinction reserved for the top 2.5 % of
2 attorneys in the practice area.

3 7. Through a contested but productive mediation, Plaintiff and Defendant Prime Conduit,
4 Inc. (“Defendant”) (collectively, the “Parties”) entered into a Class Action and PAGA Settlement
5 Agreement resolving the wage and hour claims of the Settlement Class (“Settlement Agreement”
6 and/or “Settlement”), and Class Notice which is attached hereto as **Exhibit “A”**. The Settlement
7 Agreement seeks to fully release and discharge Defendant from the claims brought against it in this
8 matter in exchange for Defendant’s agreement to pay \$200,000 on a non-reversionary, non-claim
9 made basis (each Settlement Class Member will receive his/her share of the Net Settlement Amount
10 without having to submit a claim form or taking action, except for those who opt-out).

11 8. Plaintiff seeks to represent a Class of all persons who are or were previously employed
12 by Defendant in California and classified as non-exempt employees at any time from July 30, 2020,
13 through December 31, 2025 (the “Class” or “Class Members”). Likewise, the Aggrieved Employees
14 include all persons who are, or were, employed by Defendant in California and were classified as
15 non-exempt or hourly employees at any time from July 30, 2023 through December 31, 2025.

16 9. Under the terms of the Settlement Agreement, Defendant will not oppose Class
17 Counsel’s application for a reasonable award of attorney’s fees not to exceed one-third of the
18 Settlement Amount, Class Counsel’s litigation costs not to exceed \$\$20,000, Settlement
19 Administration Costs not to exceed \$5,000, PAGA penalties of \$40,000 (of which \$26,000 or 65%
20 will be paid to the LWDA and the remaining \$14,000 or 35% will be paid to the Aggrieved
21 Employees), and a Service Payment not to exceed \$10,000 to each named Plaintiff (S.A. ¶ 47(a)-(h)),
22 as follows:

	Total Amount
<i>Gross Settlement Amount</i>	\$200,000
Attorneys’ Fees (not to exceed 1/3 of GSA)	\$66,666.67
Litigation Costs (not to exceed)	\$20,000.00
Administrator Costs (not to exceed)	\$5,000.00
PAGA payment to LWDA (65% of \$40k award)	\$26,000.00
PAGA payment to Aggrieved Employees	\$14,000.00
Plaintiff’s Service Payment	\$10,000.00

1 Defendant, including allegations of: (1) failure to pay all wages, including minimum, overtime, and
2 premium wages, (2) failure to pay all sick time, (3) meal period violations, (4) rest period violations,
3 (5) wage statement violations, (6) waiting time penalties, (7) failure to reimburse business expenses,
4 and (8) unfair competition. On October 4, 2024, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint to add a
5 cause of action for PAGA penalties based on the foregoing Labor Code violations. Defendant denies
6 Plaintiff's claims and allegations and contends that the Action is not suitable for class certification
7 and/or representative treatment.

8 14. The Parties have conducted a thorough investigation into the facts of the Action. This
9 includes conducting interviews with putative class members, investigation of Defendant and their
10 operations, and their pay policies/procedures, exchange of informal discovery, including Defendant's
11 written policies and practices, and the production of a reasonable sampling of payroll and timekeeping
12 records for Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. Class Counsel are both
13 knowledgeable about and have done extensive research with respect to the applicable law and
14 potential defenses to the claims of the Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. Class
15 Counsel has diligently investigated the Class Members' claims against Defendant.

16 15. On July 15, 2025, the Parties participated in mediation before Daniel Turner, Esq., a
17 highly experienced class action mediator. After a full-day mediation and the issuance of a mediator's
18 proposal, the Parties reached a settlement and memorialized the terms in a long-form Settlement
19 Agreement.

20 16. Plaintiff alleges numerous wage and hour violations on behalf of the non-exempt
21 employees who worked for Defendant during the Class Period (i.e., Class Members).

22 17. First, Plaintiff alleged that Defendant failed to pay all minimum and overtime wages
23 due to their timekeeping practice by not capturing pre-shift and post-shift duties.

24 18. Further, Plaintiff alleged that Defendant's deficient meal and rest period policies and
25 practices failed to allow and permit Class Members to take timely and compliant meal periods or pay
26 premium pay in lieu thereof. Likewise, Plaintiff contended that the Class Members were not provided
27 with duty-free rest periods of at least ten (10) minutes for each four (4) hour work period, or major
28 fraction thereof, due to Defendant's unlawful rest period policies and practices that required

1 employees to remain on duty and/or on premises during rest periods.

2 19. Finally, Plaintiff alleged that Defendant failed to pay all final wages at separation of
3 employment and provide accurate itemized wage statements that comply with all requirements of
4 Labor Code Section 226. Plaintiff also alleged various PAGA claims arising from the alleged Labor
5 Code violations set forth above.

6 20. Defendant contested and denied each of Plaintiff's material allegations on the merits
7 and as to the propriety of the class and PAGA representative action.

8 21. First, Defendant argued that it properly paid all hours worked at the correct multiple
9 of the regular rate of pay.

10 22. Further, Defendant argued that, at all relevant times, its written meal and rest period
11 policies complied with California law. Defendant also contended that, in practice, Class Members
12 regularly were permitted to be free of any duties during meal and rest periods.

13 23. Moreover, Defendant argued that claims for wage statement violations, waiting time
14 penalties, and PAGA penalties were derivative of other claims that they argued lacked merit.
15 Defendant further contended that Plaintiff's waiting time penalty and wage statement claims based
16 on the underlying meal and rest period violations were unfounded and did not entitle Class Members
17 to pursue the derivative penalties under Labor Code sections 203 and 226.

18 24. Additionally, Defendant argued that a myriad of individualized inquiries would be
19 required to establish liability, including amongst other things, which employees, if any, took meal
20 periods of less than 30 minutes, why a particular employee took a meal period of less than 30 minutes
21 on a particular shift, and whether a particular employee was allowed to leave the premises during rest
22 periods.

23 25. In addition, a significant factor supporting the reasonableness of the Settlement is
24 Defendant's contention that a substantial portion of the Settlement Class Members executed
25 arbitration agreements containing class and representative action waivers. Defendant asserted that
26 these agreements were enforceable and would require many Class Members' claims to be resolved
27 on an individual basis in arbitration, thereby precluding classwide relief. Plaintiff disputes
28 Defendant's position and contends that the arbitration agreements and class waivers are

1 unenforceable under applicable law. Nevertheless, Plaintiff recognizes that the enforceability of such
2 agreements presents a material litigation risk, particularly given the evolving and fact-intensive nature
3 of arbitration jurisprudence. The possibility that the Court could compel arbitration as to a significant
4 portion of the Class materially reduced the likelihood of obtaining classwide relief and was a
5 meaningful consideration in the Parties' decision to compromise and resolve this Action through
6 settlement.

7 26. Based upon detailed data obtained through informal discovery and information
8 exchanges, Plaintiff's counsel estimated the following big-picture data points through the date of
9 mediation: 100 Class Members who worked approximately 6,500 workweeks.

10 27. First, Plaintiff alleged that Defendant's allegedly non-neutral timekeeping
11 practice/policy resulted in a systemic failure to pay all wages due. Based on Plaintiff's analysis of the
12 payroll records and data produced, Plaintiff concluded that the policy resulted in several Class
13 Members being underpaid, for an average of 1-2 minutes per shift.

14 28. However, this maximum figure ignores Defendant's defenses to Plaintiff's unpaid
15 wages claim. In this regard, Defendant argued that this constituted precisely the type of individualized
16 inquiry inappropriate for certification because the court would have to conduct a person-by-person
17 analysis to determine if the Class Member was correctly paid.

18 29. Due to this and in light of Defendant's other defenses, Plaintiff completely discounted
19 this claim, keeping in mind that the true significant value of these unpaid wages claims lies in the
20 derivative claims for waiting time penalties under Labor Code § 203 and wage statement violations
21 under Labor Code § 226 as discussed below.

22 30. With respect to Plaintiff's waiting time penalty claim, there were approximately 50
23 Class Members who separated from their employment with Defendant during the relevant statutory
24 period. As such, the maximum potential penalty under Labor Code §§ 201 –203 is \$360,000 (50
25 employees x 8 hours per day x average rate of \$30 x 30 days).

26 31. However, Defendant argued that it would defeat the waiting time penalty claim as to
27 Plaintiff's unpaid wage claim because Defendant would prevail on the merits of these claims and
28 because any failure to pay wages was not willful and occurred prior to the waiting time penalty

1 liability period. Further, Defendant contended that it complied with the law because it had an alleged
2 facially neutral pay policy/practice.

3 32. Therefore, Plaintiff applied a 50% discount to account for the risk of defeat at the class
4 certification stage and an additional discount to account 60% for the risk of defeat at the summary
5 judgment stage or on the merits, resulting in the risk-adjusted value of \$72,000 for Plaintiff's waiting
6 time penalty claim.

7 33. With respect to Plaintiff's meal and rest period violation claims, the Class Members
8 worked 30,500 shifts during the Class Period. Based on an alleged 50% violation rate for the meal
9 period claims and an alleged 33% violation rate for the rest period claims, as extrapolated from the
10 pre-mediation sampling of Defendant's timekeeping and payroll records, the maximum potential
11 damages totalled \$458,250 for the meal period claim and \$301,950 for the rest period claim,
12 respectively.

13 34. However, Defendant vehemently opposed these claims based on the argument that
14 Plaintiff's meal and rest period fell directly into the category of "individualized issues," that its
15 written policies and practices were compliant with California law, and the employees had ample
16 latitude regarding whether, when, and how they took their meal and rest breaks. Therefore, Defendant
17 asserted that a factfinder would have to determine for each Class Member whether a break was missed
18 and why, and why a break was noncompliant/nonexistent, because if it was by the employee's choice,
19 no liability attaches to Defendant. Based on these arguments, Plaintiff believes there is a risk that the
20 Court would deny class certification on these meal period and rest break claims.

21 35. Defendant further argued that, even if certification were granted, it would defeat these
22 claims on the merits because Defendant utilized compliant policies and practices, and it would present
23 sufficient evidence that employees were properly provided with all breaks or paid compensation in
24 lieu thereof. Moreover, Defendant argued that Plaintiff would be unable to present sufficient
25 evidence establishing the number of meal and rest period violations to allow a factfinder to determine
26 damages appropriately.

27 36. In light of these defenses and arguments, Plaintiff discounted Defendant's maximum
28 exposure by 50% for the risk of non-certification, and an additional 50% to account for Defendant's

1 defenses on the merits, to arrive at the risk-adjusted value of the meal period claims to be \$114,562
2 and the rest period claims to be \$75,487.

3 37. Finally, Plaintiff estimates that the maximum potential penalties for the derivative
4 wage statement claim are \$117,200 (based on approximately 2,344 allegedly violative wage
5 statements issued during the Class Period). In calculating Defendant's exposure, Plaintiff gave
6 Defendant the benefit of assuming Plaintiff could only obtain the "initial" wage statement penalty of
7 \$50 per violation.

8 38. In response to Plaintiff's wage statement violation claim, Defendant contended that
9 their wage statements fully complied with the law, that any alleged violations were not "knowing and
10 intentional," and that Plaintiff could not establish that they or anyone else suffered "injury" because
11 of any alleged wage statement violations. Further, Defendant relied on their defenses to Plaintiff's
12 underlying claims on the merits and to class certification.

13 39. As such, Plaintiff discounted the calculated maximum exposure by 30% for risk of
14 non-certification, and by an additional 20% for risk of being unsuccessful on the merits, to arrive at
15 an estimated total of \$65,632.

16 40. Plaintiff also sought PAGA penalties for each violation for which they are available
17 and alleged that these penalties can be "stacked." Assuming that a PAGA penalty is available in the
18 default amount of \$100 per pay period and is not reduced, the maximum potential PAGA penalty
19 would be \$234,400 for the pay periods in the PAGA period. *See* Cal. Lab. Code. § 2699(f)(2).

20 41. However, this maximum figure fails to account for numerous unresolved issues
21 regarding PAGA claims. First, it is unclear whether stacking is permissible and/or whether the court
22 would award penalties in such a way (especially for purely derivative penalties).

23 42. Second, the maximum figure fails to acknowledge that courts have wide latitude to
24 reduce the amount of civil penalties "based on the facts and circumstances of a particular case" and
25 if "to do otherwise would result in an award that is unjust, arbitrary and oppressive, or confiscatory."
26 Therefore, Plaintiff discounted the maximum figure to account for the risk of losing on the merits
27 and applied an additional discount to account for the possibility of this Court reducing penalties to
28 arrive at an estimated exposure of \$40,000.

1 43. In sum, when factoring in defenses and risks of ongoing litigation, Plaintiff estimates
2 the risk-adjusted class recovery as follows:

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| 3 • Failure to Pay All Wages: | (discounted) |
| 4 • Labor Code §§ 201 – 203 Claims: | \$72,000 |
| 5 • Meal Period Claims: | \$114,562 |
| 6 • Rest Break Claims: | \$75,487 |
| 7 • Wage Statement Claims: | \$65,632 |
| 8 • PAGA Penalties | \$40,000 |
| 9 • <u>Total Risk-Adjusted Penalties and Damages:</u> | \$367,681 |

10 Given the realistic value of Plaintiff's claims, the \$200,000 Settlement Amount is an excellent
11 result for the Class, considering that the Settlement Amount totals approximately 54% of Plaintiff's
12 risk-adjusted value of the case. Preliminary approval is appropriate since the Settlement will provide
13 significant monetary relief to the Class.

14 44. The Settlement was the product of extensive arm's length negotiations between
15 counsel and was facilitated by an experienced wage-and-hour class action mediator. Though cordial
16 and professional, the Settlement negotiations were adversarial and non-collusive in nature. The
17 Settlement reached is the product of substantial effort by the Parties and their counsel. Although
18 Plaintiff and his counsel believe that there was a possibility of certifying the claims, they recognized
19 the potential risk, expense, and complexity posed by litigation, such as unfavorable decisions on class
20 certification, summary judgment, at trial and/or on the damages awarded, and/or on an appeal that
21 can take several more years to litigate. In addition, if Defendant prevailed on any of their defenses,
22 the employees may not have received any substantial monetary recovery.

23 45. The Settlement will result in a fair payment to each Settlement Class Member based
24 on the number of Weeks Worked during the Class Period. As set forth hereinabove, Plaintiff and his
25 counsel have diligently investigated the claims and defenses on behalf of the Settlement Class
26 Members and worked to achieve a resolution of the claims to maximize the recovery by avoiding
27 further expenditure of Attorneys' Fees and Costs. After evaluating the significant risks attendant with
28 further litigation described above and weighing them against the benefits of a known compromise

1 and settlement as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, settlement on the terms agreed to is believed
2 to be in the best interest of Plaintiff and the Settlement Class, and is a fair and reasonable resolution
3 of the claims alleged.

4 46. Plaintiff's counsel brought to bear a great deal of collective experience in negotiating
5 the settlement of this case. As detailed herein, Plaintiff's counsel engaged in necessary informal
6 discovery, investigation, sampling, and expert evaluation, making it possible to exercise informed
7 judgment throughout the settlement process, including significant document review (e.g., documents
8 pertaining to Defendant's policies and procedures, personnel documents, wage statements, time
9 records, among others) and conducted an extensive analysis and extrapolation of the sampling of
10 class-wide data provided by Defendant.

11 47. Based on our experience in other cases, including wage and hour matters, I believe
12 our office, along with Joshua Falakassa, is qualified to evaluate the class claims and viability of
13 defenses in this class action. In this case, the recovery for each Settlement Class Member is
14 reasonable, fair, and adequate, and a settlement at this time is in the best interest of the Settlement
15 Class. The Settlement provides each Settlement Class Member with compensation for the alleged
16 violations when viewed in relation to the costs and risks inherent in obtaining class certification and
17 proceeding to trial.

18 48. Plaintiff's counsel, as well as Defendant's counsel, fully endorse the terms and
19 conditions of the Settlement as set forth in the above-mentioned Settlement Agreement.

20 49. Of course, the Settlement Amount represents a compromise figure, taking into account
21 the various risks surrounding class certification and the merits of Defendant's asserted defenses.
22 Nevertheless, the Settlement provides for fair and adequate payments to the Settlement Class
23 Members, with no reversion to Defendant.

24 50. Plaintiff seeks a Service Award of \$10,000, which we believe is fair and warranted.
25 Plaintiff agreed to come forward in an effort to effectuate a policy and practice change that benefitted
26 all other Settlement Class Members, and to recover unpaid wages and penalties. Mr. Ramirez
27 assumed significant risk in bringing this litigation, namely, had he lost, he could have been ordered
28 to pay the defendant's costs.

1 51. Plaintiff provided invaluable assistance to the investigation and prosecution of this
2 case, including: providing factual background for the Class Complaint; reviewing the litigation
3 documents; providing information and documentation about Defendant's policies and practices;
4 participating in phone calls to discuss litigation and settlement strategy; and reviewing the settlement
5 documents. Plaintiff agreed to participate in this case with no guarantee of personal benefit. Plaintiff's
6 comprehensive declaration setting forth all of the reasons why he believes that the Service Award
7 should be approved has been filed herewith.

8 52. When this case was taken on a contingency fee basis, with our firm agreeing to assume
9 responsibility for all litigation costs, the ultimate result was far from certain. In the course of this
10 litigation, we paid all costs, including the filing fees, mediation costs, and expert costs. There was
11 never a guarantee that our firms would recoup these expenditures. In fact, had Plaintiff lost, he could
12 have been ordered to pay Defendant's costs

13 53. It is our experience that attorneys' fee awards of one-third of a common fund
14 settlement are the standard in California. Plaintiff's counsel agreed to seek one-third of the Settlement
15 Amount for Attorneys' Fees in this case. Defendant does not oppose this fee request. The fee is further
16 warranted because it is within the range of reasonableness typically awarded in class actions. Our
17 firm's Costs will not exceed \$20,000 and will be based on the actual amount incurred at the time of
18 final approval.

19 54. Subject to the Court's approval, the parties stipulated that ILYM Group, Inc. serve as
20 the Settlement Administrator. ILYM is experienced in administering class action settlements and will
21 not exceed \$5,000 to administer this class action Settlement.

22 55. In compliance with California Rules of Professional Conduct section 1.5.1, Plaintiff
23 signed a fee split agreement that provides fees will be allocated between Class Counsel as follows:
24 fifty percent (50%) to the Bokhour Law Group, P.C., and fifty percent (50%) to the Falakassa Law,
25 P.C.

26 56. For the foregoing reasons, it is respectfully requested that the Court grant preliminary
27 approval of the Settlement as being fair, reasonable, and in the best interests of the Settlement Class,
28 as well as preliminarily approve the requested attorneys' fees and costs, and service award to the

1 Class Representative.

2 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of California that the foregoing is true and
3 correct on this 24th day of February 2026, in Los Angeles, California.

4
5 By: 
6 Mehrdad Bokhour, Esq.
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

EXHIBIT “A”

CLASS ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement and Release of Claims is entered into by and between Plaintiff Jonathan Lopez, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, and Defendant Prime Conduit, Inc., and is approved as to form by their respective counsel of record, subject to the terms and conditions hereof and the Court’s approval.

A. Definitions

1. “Action” or “Lawsuit” refers to the case entitled *Lopez v. Prime Conduit, Inc.*, Case No. CV2024-1932, pending in Yolo County.

2. “Aggrieved Employees” include all persons who are or were employed by Defendant in California and classified as non-exempt or hourly employees at any time from July 30, 2023 through December 31, 2025.

3. “Agreement,” “Settlement Agreement,” “Settlement,” or “Stipulation” shall mean this Class Action and PAGA Settlement Agreement and Release of Claims, including any attached Exhibits.

4. “Class Claims” or “Released Class Claims” will include all claims that were alleged, or reasonably could have been alleged, based on the facts stated in the Complaint, including claims for (1) failure to pay all wages, including minimum and overtime wages and premium wages at the regular rate of pay; (2) failure to pay sick wages; (3) failure to provide meal periods or pay a premium in lieu thereof; (4) failure to authorize and permit rest periods or pay a premium in lieu thereof; (5) failure to furnish accurate itemized wage statements; (6) failure to timely pay final wages at the time of termination/end of employment and associated waiting time penalties; (7) failure to reimburse business expenses; and, (8)) deceptive, fraudulent, or otherwise unlawful business practices based on the foregoing in violation of California’s Unfair Competition Law (Bus. & Prof. Code, §§ 17200–17210). The Released Class Claims specifically include alleged violations of, without limitation, California Labor Code §§ 200–204, 210, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 227.3, 246, 248.5, 510, 512, 1194, 1197.1, 1198, and 2802, and Civil Code §§ 3287 and 3289, and unfair and unlawful business practices.

5. “Class Counsel” refers to Mehrdad Bokhour of Bokhour Law Group, P.C. and Joshua Falakassa of Falakassa Law, P.C.

6. “Class Data” means a complete list of all Settlement Class Members that Defendant will diligently and in good faith compile from its records and provide to the Settlement Administrator on one spreadsheet and shall include the Settlement Class Members’ full names; last known addresses; telephone numbers; Social Security Numbers; dates of employment and/or number of Workweeks as non-exempt or hourly employees of Defendant during the Class Period and the PAGA Period for each Settlement Class Member.

7. “Class Period” and “Class Release Period” shall mean July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025.

8. “Class Representative” or “Plaintiff” refers to Jonathan Lopez.

9. “Complaint” refers to the First Amended Complaint filed in the Yolo County Superior Court action entitled *Lopez v. Prime Conduit, Inc.*, Case No. CV2024-19322.

10. “Court” means the California Superior Court, County of Yolo, or any Court of competent jurisdiction.

11. “Defendant” refers to Prime Conduit, Inc.

12. “Defendant’s Counsel” or “Defense Counsel” refers to Paul M. Smith of Ogletree Deakins, Nash, Smoak & Stewart P.C.

13. “Effective Date” The term “Effective Date” means the latter of (a) the Court’s final approval of the settlement if no objections by or on behalf of Class Members have been filed and not withdrawn; (b) the time for appeal has expired if an objection has been filed and no appeal has been filed or withdrawn; or (c) the final resolution of any appeal that has been filed.

14. “Final” means that the Settlement has been granted “Final Approval” by the Court and the “Effective Date” has occurred.

15. “Final Approval” refers to the order of the Court granting final approval of this Settlement Agreement and entering a judgment approving this Settlement on substantially the same terms provided herein or as may be modified by subsequent agreement of the Parties or order of the Court.

16. “Final Settlement Class” and “Final Settlement Class Member” refer to all persons who are or were previously employed by Defendant in California classified as a non-exempt employee during the Class Period, and who do not opt out of the Settlement.

17. “Individual Settlement Amount” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Paragraph 47(d) below.

18. “Net Settlement Amount” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Paragraph 47(c) below.

19. “Notice” means the notice of the proposed settlement of class action and PAGA Settlement and the setting of a Final Approval Hearing that will be sent to the Settlement Class Members.

20. “Notice Response Deadline” is 45 calendar days from the date the Notice is mailed to the Settlement Class Members.

21. “Objecting Settlement Class Member” means a Settlement Class Member, other than Plaintiff, who submits a valid and timely objection to the terms of this Agreement with respect to the Class Claims pursuant to Paragraph 68(a) below.

22. “PAGA” shall refer to the California Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, California Labor Code Sections 2698-2699.5.

23. “PAGA Claims” or “Released PAGA Claims” means any and all claims for civil penalties under the California Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (“PAGA”), Labor Code §§ 2698–2699.5, that were alleged in the operative Complaint or the PAGA Notice submitted to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”), or that reasonably could have been alleged based on the facts stated therein, during the PAGA Period. These include, without limitation, claims for civil penalties arising from the alleged failure to pay all wages, including minimum, overtime, and premium wages; failure to provide compliant meal periods or pay premium wages in lieu thereof; failure to authorize and permit rest periods or pay premium wages in lieu thereof; failure to pay sick leave wages; failure to timely pay all wages due upon separation of employment; failure to furnish accurate, itemized wage statements; failure to reimburse necessary business expenses; and any unfair, unlawful, or deceptive business

practices based on the foregoing conduct. The Released PAGA Claims specifically include alleged violations of, and civil penalties arising under, without limitation, California Labor Code §§ 200–204, 210, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 227.3, 246, 248.5, 510, 512, 1194, 1197.1, 1198, and 2802, as well as all applicable provisions of Labor Code §§ 2698–2699.5.

24. “PAGA Notice” shall refer to the notice sent by Plaintiff, by and through counsel, on or about July 30, 2024, to the LWDA and Defendant, alleging that Defendant engaged in violations of the California Labor Code and California Wage Order(s), LWDA # LWDA-CM-1042672-24.

25. “PAGA Period” and “PAGA Release Period” shall mean July 30, 2023 through December 31, 2025.

26. “Participating Class Member” means any and all Settlement Class Members who do not opt out of the settlement of the Class Claims by timely submitting valid Requests for Exclusion.

27. “Parties” or “Settling Parties” means Plaintiff, the Settlement Class Members, the Aggrieved Employees, and Defendant, collectively.

28. “Preliminary Approval Date” means the date the Court preliminarily approves the Settlement Agreement and the exhibits thereto and enters the Preliminary Approval Order.

29. “Preliminary Approval Order” means the judicial Order to be entered by the Court, upon the application or motion of the Plaintiff, preliminarily approving this Settlement and providing for the issuance of the Notice to the Settlement Class Members, an opportunity to opt out of settlement of the Class Claims, an opportunity to submit timely objections to the terms of this Settlement related to the Class Claims, and setting a hearing on the fairness of the terms of Settlement, including approval of attorneys’ fees and costs.

30. “QSF” means the Qualified Settlement Fund set up by the Settlement Administrator for the benefit of the Final Settlement Class, and from which the settlement payments shall be made, and which is intended to be a fund that qualifies under Internal Revenue Code Section 468.

31. “Release” shall mean the release and discharge of the Class Claims by Plaintiff and all of the Participating Class Members and the release and discharge of the PAGA Claims by Plaintiff and all of the Aggrieved Employees.

32. “Released Parties” shall refer to Defendant Prime Conduit, Inc., and its former, present, and future owners, parents, and subsidiaries, and all of their current, former, and future officers, directors, members, managers, employees, consultants, partners, shareholders, joint venturers, agents, predecessors, successors, assigns, accountants, insurers, reinsurers, and/or legal representatives.

33. “Request for Exclusion” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Paragraph 68(a) below.

34. “Service Payment” or “Service Award” means the amounts approved by the Court to be paid to the Class Representative in addition to their Individual Settlement Amounts as Participating Class Members.

35. “Settlement Administration Costs” means the actual and direct fees and expenses reasonably incurred by the Settlement Administrator for administering this Settlement, including, but not limited to, printing, distributing, and tracking documents for this Settlement, tax reporting, due diligence, reporting and remittance obligations, distributing the Settlement Amount, and providing necessary reports and declarations, as requested by the Parties. The Settlement Administration Costs shall be paid from the Settlement Amount.

36. “Settlement Administrator” means and refers to Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions, which will provide the Notice to the Class Members and perform all duties relating to the administration of the Settlement as described in this Agreement, including, but not limited to, printing, distributing, and tracking documents for this Settlement, tax reporting, distributing the Settlement Amount, and providing necessary reports and declarations, as requested by the Parties. The Settlement Administration Costs shall be paid from the Settlement Amount, including, if necessary, any such costs in excess of the amount represented by the Settlement Administrator as being the maximum costs necessary to administer the Settlement.

37. “Settlement Amount” or “Gross Settlement Amount” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Paragraph 47(a) below.

38. “Settlement Class Member” or “Class Member” refers to individual members of the Settlement Class.

39. “Settlement Class” and “Settlement Class Members” refer to all persons who are or were employed by Defendant in California and classified as non-exempt employees during the Class Period, excluding any individuals who previously executed a severance agreement with Defendant that included a general release of claims.

40. “Workweeks” for each Settlement Class Member and Aggrieved Employee means any workweek during the Class Period and/or the PAGA Period, as applicable, in which the Settlement Class Member and/or Aggrieved Employee was employed by Defendant as a non-exempt employee in California and worked at least one shift during the workweek for or on behalf of Defendant for which a prior release of claims has not been signed. Workweeks will be calculated based on the Defendant’s then-available business records. This information shall be treated as confidential. Workweeks of Non-Participating Class Members will not be included in the total number of Workweeks that are reported to the Settlement Administrator to calculate and distribute Individual Settlement Payments to Participating Class Members. The number of full workweeks that a Participating Class Member was on a leave of absence, sick time, or vacation during the Class Period shall be excluded from the total number of Workweeks.

B. General Terms

41. On or about July 30, 2024, Plaintiff filed a class action complaint in the Court against Defendant, including allegations of: (1) failure to pay all wages, including minimum, overtime, and premium wages, (2) failure to pay all sick time, (3) meal period violations, (4) rest period violations, (5) wage statement violations, (6) waiting time penalties, (7) failure to reimburse business expenses, and (8) unfair competition. On October 4, 2024, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint to add a cause of action for PAGA penalties based on the foregoing Labor Code violations. Defendant denies Plaintiff’s claims and allegations and contends that the Action is not suitable for class certification and/or representative treatment.

42. The Class Representative believes he can proceed with their class, and the representative claims that the Action is meritorious and that class certification is appropriate.

43. The Parties have thoroughly investigated the facts of the Action. This includes conducting an extensive exchange of informal discovery, including Defendant's written policies and practices, which includes arbitration agreements with class action waivers, and producing payroll and timekeeping records for Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. Class Counsel is both knowledgeable about and has done extensive research with respect to the applicable law and potential defenses to the claims of the Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved Employees. Class Counsel has diligently investigated the Class Members' claims against Defendant. Based on the foregoing data and their own independent investigation and evaluation, Class Counsel is of the opinion that the settlement with Defendant for the consideration and on the terms outlined in this Settlement Agreement is fair, reasonable, and adequate and is in the best interest of the Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved Employees in light of all known facts and circumstances, including the risk of significant delay and uncertainty associated with litigation, various defenses asserted by Defendant, and numerous potential appellate issues.

44. On July 15, 2025, the Parties participated in mediation before Daniel Turner, Esq., a highly experienced class action mediator. After a full-day mediation and the issuance of a mediator's proposal, the Parties reached a settlement.

45. The Parties agree that neither the Parties' Settlement, this Agreement, nor the acts to be performed or judgments to be entered pursuant to the terms of the Settlement and Agreement shall be construed as an admission by Defendant of any wrongdoing or violation of any statute or law or liability on the claims or allegations in the Action.

46. Stipulation for Class Certification and Representative Treatment. For settlement purposes only, Defendant will stipulate that the Settlement Class Members described herein who do not Request Exclusion from the Settlement Class may be conditionally certified as a settlement class and that the Aggrieved Employees are appropriate for representative treatment for settlement purposes. This stipulation to certification and representative treatment is in no way an admission

that class action certification and/or representative treatment is proper and shall not be admissible in this or any other action except for enforcing this Agreement. Should, for whatever reason, the Court fail to issue Final Approval, the Parties' stipulation to class certification and representative treatment as part of the Settlement shall become null and void *ab initio* and shall have no bearing on and shall not be admissible in connection with the issue of whether or not class certification and/or representative treatment would be appropriate in a non-settlement context. Defendant expressly reserves its right and declares that it will continue to oppose class certification, representative treatment, and the substantive merits of the case should the Court fail to issue Final Approval. Plaintiff expressly reserves their rights and declares that it will continue to pursue class certification, representative treatment, and a trial should the Court fail to issue Final Approval.

C. Terms of Settlement

47. The financial terms of the Settlement are as follows:

(a) Settlement Amount: The Parties agree to settle this Action for Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000) ("the Settlement Amount"). The Settlement Amount is the maximum amount that will be paid by the Defendant and includes Individual Settlement Amounts, attorneys' fees of Class Counsel, costs and expenses, the Service Payment to the Class Representative, all Settlement Administration Costs, and payment to the Labor Workforce Development Agency (LWDA) for PAGA penalties. Defendant shall separately pay the employer's share of applicable payroll taxes.

(b) This settlement is based on Defendant's representations at the time of mediation that there are approximately 6,500 workweeks at issue during the Class Period. If the number of workweeks is ten percent (10%) higher, or 7,150 workweeks worked, then Plaintiff shall have the right to request, at Defendant's election, either: (1) a pro-rata increase in the Gross Settlement Amount equal to the percentage increase in workweeks above 7,150 (i.e., if the total workweeks increases by 12%, then a 2% increase to the Gross Settlement Amount); or (2) a cut-off of the Class Period to end on the date that total workweeks reaches 7,150.

(c) Net Settlement Amount: The "Net Settlement Amount" is defined as the Settlement Amount less attorneys' fees and litigation costs as approved and awarded by the Court,

the Service Payment to Class Representative as approved and awarded by the Court, the Settlement Administration Costs, as approved and awarded by the Court, and the Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000.00) allocated to payment for PAGA penalties as described in paragraph 47(d) below. If the Court reduces the attorneys' fees and litigation costs or Service Award, Settlement Administration Costs, or increases or decreases the amount allocated to PAGA penalties, the Net Settlement Sum shall be increased or decreased accordingly. Any Court order awarding less than the below allocations of the Settlement Amount shall not be grounds to rescind the Settlement Agreement or otherwise void the Settlement.

(d) Individual Settlement Amounts for the Settlement Class: The Settlement Administrator will use the Class Data provided by Defendant to calculate each Participating Class Member's and Aggrieved Employee's Individual Settlement Amounts based on the following formula:

i. PAGA Amount: \$40,000 of the Gross Settlement Amount has been designated to the PAGA claims. Thirty-five percent (35%) of the \$40,000, or \$14,000, shall be paid to Aggrieved Employees. Each Aggrieved Employee shall receive a portion of the \$14,000 proportionate to the number of Workweeks by the Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period compared to the total number of Workweeks by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period.¹ Aggrieved Employees shall have their settlement amount for the Released PAGA claims paid one hundred percent (100%) as civil penalties for which no taxes will be withheld and for which the Settlement Administrator will issue a Form 1099.

ii. Class Amount: The Net Settlement Amount shall be allocated to each Participating Class Member based on his/her/their proportionate Workweeks during the Class Period. This is determined by multiplying the Net Settlement Amount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the Participating Class Member's total Workweeks during the Class Period, and the denominator of which is the total Workweeks by all Participating Class Members during the Class

¹ The Parties agree that Workweeks is an appropriate measurement because Defendant paid Aggrieved Employees on a weekly basis.

Period. If there are any timely submitted Requests for Exclusion, the Settlement Administrator shall proportionately increase the Individual Settlement Amounts for each Participating Class Member so that the amount distributed to Participating Class Members equals 100% of the Net Settlement Amount allocated toward Released Class Claims.

(e) Allocation of Individual Settlement Amounts: The Individual Settlement Amounts will be allocated for tax purposes based on the allegations in the Action as follows: twenty percent (20%) will be paid as wages subject to withholding of all applicable local, state, and federal taxes; and eighty percent (80%) will be paid as interest and as civil penalties (pursuant to, e.g., California Labor Code sections 203, 226) from which no taxes will be withheld. The Settlement Administrator will issue to each Participating Class Member an Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 and comparable state forms concerning the wage allocation and a Form 1099 concerning the civil penalties and interest allocations.

(f) Service Payments to Class Representative: The amount awarded to the Class Representative as a Service Payment will be set by the Court in its discretion, not to exceed \$10,000. Defendant agrees not to oppose this request. The Service Payment to Class Representative will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount. Class Representative will be issued an IRS Form 1099 in connection with this payment. Plaintiff shall be solely and legally responsible for paying any and all applicable taxes on this payment. The Parties agree that any amount awarded by the Court as the Service Payment to Plaintiff less than the requested amount shall not be a basis for Plaintiff or Class Counsel to void this Stipulation. Should the Court approve a lesser amount for the Service Payment, the difference shall be added to the Net Settlement Amount to be distributed to the Participating Class Members. If the Court's approval of the Service Award (if any) is appealed, and any portion of that award is not ultimately granted, the unawarded amount will be added to the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members.

(g) Class Counsel's Attorneys' Fees and Costs: Defendant agrees not to oppose a request by Class Counsel to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees of one-third (33.33%) of the Settlement Amount, plus reasonable litigation costs not to exceed \$20,000 ("Attorneys' Fees

1 and Costs Award"). For purposes of this Settlement, Defendant agrees not to oppose any
2 contention by Class Counsel that attorneys' fees should be based on the common fund theory.
3 The Attorneys' Fees and Costs Award shall be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, and
4 except for this award, Defendant shall have no further obligation to pay any attorneys' fees, costs,
5 or expenses to Class Counsel. Should the Court approve a lesser amount than what is sought by
6 Class Counsel, the difference shall be added to the Net Settlement Amount to be distributed to
7 the Participating Class Members. Any Court order awarding less than the amount sought by Class
8 Counsel shall not be grounds to rescind the Settlement Agreement or otherwise void the
9 Settlement. In the event of any appeal of the amount of the awards of attorneys' fees and costs (if
10 any) approved by the Court, final funding and administration of the portion of the attorneys' fees
11 and/or costs award in dispute will be segregated and stayed pending the exhaustion of appellate
12 review. After the exhaustion of any such appellate review, additional amounts not awarded as
13 attorneys' fees and costs shall be added to the Net Settlement Amount to be distributed to the
14 Participating Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees. The Settlement Administrator shall
15 issue to Class Counsel an IRS Form 1099 reflecting the amount of attorneys' fees and costs
16 awarded by the Court. Class Counsel agrees that any allocation of fees between or among Class
17 Counsel and any other attorney representing or claiming to represent the Class Members shall be
18 the sole responsibility of Class Counsel.

19 (h) Settlement Administration Costs: The fees and other charges of the Settlement
20 Administrator will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, not to exceed \$5,000, subject to
21 Court approval, unless approved by all Parties and the Court.

22 (i) PAGA Penalties: The Parties agree that \$40,000 is allocated to PAGA Penalties
23 and will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount, subject to Court approval. Of this amount,
24 \$26,000 (65%) shall be paid to the LWDA in satisfaction of Plaintiff's claims for civil penalties
25 under the PAGA, and \$14,000 (35%) will be included in the Individual Settlement Amounts,
26 payable to the Aggrieved Employees as set forth in Paragraph 47(d).

27 (j) Tax Liability: Class Counsel, Defendant, and Defendant's Counsel make no
28 representations as to the tax treatment or legal effect of Settlement Amounts called for hereunder,

1 and Plaintiff and the Settlement Class Members are not relying on any statement or representation
2 by Class Counsel, Defendant, or Defendant's Counsel in this regard. Plaintiff and Final Settlement
3 Class Members understand and agree that they will be solely responsible for paying any taxes and
4 penalties assessed on their respective Settlement Amounts described herein. Income tax
5 withholding will also be made pursuant to applicable federal, state, and/or local withholding codes
6 or regulations. Forms W-2 and/or Forms 1099 will be distributed at times and in the manner
7 required by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and consistent with this Agreement.
8 If the Code, the regulations promulgated thereunder, or other applicable tax law are changed after
9 the date of this Agreement, the processes set forth in this Section may be modified to bring
10 Defendant into compliance with any such changes.

11 48. "Non-Reversionary" Settlement. This is a "non-reversionary" settlement. Under
12 no circumstances will any portion of the Settlement Amount revert to Defendant. Final Settlement
13 Class Members will not have to make a claim to receive an Individual Settlement Amount. In the
14 form of Individual Settlement Amounts, Distributions will be made directly to each Final
15 Settlement Class Member. The Settlement Administrator shall be responsible for accurately and
16 timely reporting any remittance obligations with respect to unclaimed funds as a result of a Final
17 Settlement Class Member not cashing an Individual Settlement Amount by the check cashing
18 deadline, as set forth herein.

19 49. Class Counsel and Plaintiff believe that the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and
20 adequate and will so represent same to the Court.

21 **D. Release by Plaintiff and the Final Settlement Class**

22 50. Upon the Effective Date of this Settlement, Plaintiff and each Participating Class
23 Member, for themselves and their respective spouses, domestic partners, marital community,
24 children, estates, trusts, attorneys, heirs, successors, beneficiaries, devisees, legatees, executors,
25 administrators, trustees, conservators, guardians, assigns, and representatives, will forever
26 completely release and discharge the Released Parties from the Released Class Claims for the
27 Class Release Period.

28 51. Each Participating Class Member will be deemed to have made the foregoing

Release as if by manually signing it.

52. Upon the Effective Date of this Settlement, Plaintiff and the LWDA will forever completely release and discharge the Released Parties from the Released PAGA Claims for the PAGA Release Period.

53. Plaintiff and the LWDA will be deemed to have made the foregoing Release as if by manually signing it.

54. Plaintiff and Defendant intend that the Settlement described in this Agreement will release and preclude any claim, whether by lawsuit, administrative claim or action, arbitration, demand, or other action of any kind, by each and all of the Participating Class Members to obtain a recovery based on, arising out of, and/or related to any and all of the Released Class Claims. The Settlement Class Members shall be notified in the Notice. This paragraph does not apply to any Settlement Class Member who timely and validly opts out of the Settlement for purposes of Class Claims.

55. Plaintiff and Defendant intend that the Settlement described in this Agreement will release and preclude any claim, whether by lawsuit, administrative claim or action, arbitration, demand, or other action of any kind, by each and all of the Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA to obtain a recovery based on, arising out of, and/or related to any and all of the Released PAGA Claims. The Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA shall be notified in the Notice.

56. Class Representative, on behalf of themselves and the Participating Settlement Class Members, acknowledge and agree that the claims for unpaid wages and unreimbursed expenses in the Action, inaccurate wage statements, and untimely payment of wages in the Action, are disputed and that the payments set forth herein constitute payment of all sums allegedly due to them. Class Representative, on behalf of themselves and the Participating Settlement Class Members, acknowledge and agree that California Labor Code Section 206.5 does not apply to the Parties hereto. Section 206.5 provides in pertinent part as follows:

An employer shall not require the execution of any release of any claim or right on account of wages due, or to become due, or made as an advance on wages to be earned unless payment of those wages has been made.

1 **E. General Release by Plaintiff**

2 57. With the exception of Plaintiff's claims that cannot be released as matter of law,
3 such as claims for workers' compensation, and in addition to Class Representative's release of
4 the Released Class Claims and Released PAGA Claims, as discussed in Paragraphs 50 and 52
5 above, Class Representative does hereby, for himself and for his respective spouses, domestic
6 partners, marital community, children, estates, trusts, attorneys, heirs, successors, beneficiaries,
7 devisees, legatees, executors, administrators, trustees, conservators, guardians, assigns, and
8 representatives, forever completely release and discharge the Released Parties from any and all
9 charges, complaints, claims, liabilities, obligations, promises, agreements, contracts,
10 controversies, damages, actions, causes of action, suits, rights, demands, costs, losses, debts, and
11 expenses (including for back wages, statutory penalties, civil penalties, liquidated damages,
12 exemplary damages, interest, attorneys' fees, and costs) of any nature whatsoever, from the
13 beginning of time through the execution of this Settlement Agreement, whether known or
14 unknown, suspected or unsuspected, concealed or hidden, including but not limited to all claims
15 arising out of, based upon, or relating to Class Representative's employment with Defendant or
16 the remuneration for or termination of such employment (collectively, the "Class Representative's
17 Claims").

18 58. Class Representative expressly waives and relinquishes all rights and benefits
19 afforded by Section 1542 of the Civil Code of the State of California, understanding and
20 acknowledging the significance of the waiver of Section 1542. Section 1542 of the Civil Code of
21 the State of California states:

22 A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE
23 CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO
24 EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE
25 RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE
26 MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE
DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY.

27 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1542, and for the purpose of implementing a full and
28 complete release and discharge of all parties, Class Representative and Class Counsel expressly

1 acknowledge that this Settlement Agreement is intended to include in its effect, without
2 limitation, all claims that Class Representative knew of, as well as all claims that they do not
3 know or suspect to exist in their favor against the Released Parties, or any of them, for the time
4 period from the beginning of time to the execution of this Settlement Agreement, and that this
5 Settlement Agreement contemplates the extinguishment of any such Class Representative's
6 claims.

7 **F. Interim Stay of Proceedings**

8 59. Pending completion of all prerequisites necessary to effectuate this Settlement, the
9 Parties agree, subject to Court approval, to a stay of all proceedings in the Action except such as
10 are necessary to effectuate the Settlement, including amending the Complaint.

11 **G. Notice Process**

12 60. Appointment of Settlement Administrator. The Parties have agreed to the
13 appointment of the Settlement Administrator to perform the duties of a settlement administrator,
14 including mailing the Notice, using standard devices to obtain forwarding addresses,
15 independently reviewing and verifying documentation associated with any claims or opt-out
16 requests, resolving any disputes regarding the calculation or application of the formula for
17 determining the Individual Settlement Amounts, drafting and mailing the settlement checks to
18 Final Settlement Class Members, issuing Forms W-2 and 1099, reporting to taxing authorities,
19 due diligence, reporting and remittance obligations, and performing such other tasks as set forth
20 herein or as the Parties mutually agree or that the Court orders.

21 61. Disputes Regarding Settlement Administration. Any and all disputes relating to
22 the administration of the Settlement by the Settlement Administrator (except for disputes
23 regarding Class Data) shall be referred to the Court, if necessary, which will have continuing
24 jurisdiction over the terms and conditions of this Settlement Agreement until Plaintiff and
25 Defendant notify the Court that all payments and obligations contemplated by this Settlement
26 Agreement have been fully carried out. Before presenting any issue to the Court, counsel for the
27 Parties will confer in good faith to resolve the dispute without the necessity of Court intervention.
28 The Settlement Administrator shall also be responsible for issuing to Plaintiff, Final Settlement

1 Class Members, and Class Counsel any Forms W-2, Forms 1099, or other Tax Forms as may be
2 required by law for all amounts paid pursuant to this Agreement. The Settlement Administrator
3 shall also be responsible for setting up all necessary tax accounts and forwarding all payroll taxes
4 and penalties to the appropriate government authorities.

5 62. Class Data. Within thirty (30) days after the Preliminary Approval Order entry,
6 Defendant shall provide the Class Data to the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement
7 Administrator will check the Class Members' addresses against those on file with the U.S. Postal
8 Service's National Change of Address List. The Class Data provided to the Settlement
9 Administrator will not be provided to Class Counsel, and it will remain confidential; it shall be
10 used solely to administer the Settlement, and it will not be used or disclosed to anyone except as
11 required by applicable tax authorities, pursuant to Defendant's express written consent, or by
12 order of the Court.

13 63. Notice. The Notice, as approved by the Court, shall be sent by the Settlement
14 Administrator to the Settlement Class Members by first-class mail, in English, within fourteen
15 (14) calendar days following the Settlement Administrator's receipt of the Class Data. The
16 Settlement Administrator shall use standard devices, including a skip trace, to obtain forwarding
17 addresses of Settlement Class Members if any notices are returned.

18 64. Returned Notices. The Settlement Administrator will take steps to ensure that the
19 Notice is received by all Settlement Class Members, including utilization of the National Change
20 of Address Database maintained by the United States Postal Service, to review the accuracy of
21 and, if possible, update a mailing address. Notices will be re-mailed to any Settlement Class
22 Member for whom an updated address is located within ten (10) calendar days following the
23 Settlement Administrator's learning of the failed mailing and its receipt of the updated address.
24 The Notice shall be identical to the original Notice, except that it shall notify the Settlement Class
25 Member that the exclusion (opt-out) request or objection must be returned by the later of the
26 Notice Response Deadline or fifteen (15) days after remailing the Notice.

27 65. Presumption Regarding Receipt of Notice. It will be conclusively presumed that
28 if an envelope has not been returned within thirty (30) days of the mailing the Settlement Class

1 Member received the Notice.

2 66. Disputes Regarding Class Data. Settlement Class Members are deemed to
3 participate in the Settlement unless they opt out. The Notice will inform Settlement Class
4 Members of his/her/their estimated Individual Settlement Amount and the number of Workweeks
5 during the Class Period and the PAGA Period. Settlement Class Members may dispute their
6 Workweeks if they believe they were employed more workweeks in the Class Period in California
7 than the Defendant's records show by timely submitting evidence to the Settlement
8 Administrator. Defendant's records will be presumed determinative absent reliable evidence to
9 rebut the Defendant's records, but the Settlement Administrator will evaluate the evidence
10 submitted by the Settlement Class Member and provide the evidence submitted to the Class
11 Counsel and Defense Counsel who agree to meet and confer in good faith about the evidence to
12 determine the Class Member's actual number of Workweeks and estimated Individual Settlement
13 Amount. If Class Counsel and Defense Counsel cannot agree, they agree to submit the dispute to
14 the Court to render a final decision. Settlement Class Members will have until the Notice
15 Response Deadline to dispute Workweeks, object, or opt out, unless extended by the Court. If the
16 Settlement Administrator increases the number of Workweeks for any Settlement Class Member,
17 then the Settlement Administrator will recalculate the Participating Class Members' Individual
18 Settlement Amounts; accordingly, in no event will Defendant be required to increase the Gross
19 Settlement Amount.

20 67. Declaration of Due Diligence. The Settlement Administrator shall provide counsel
21 for the Parties, at least twenty-five (25) days before the final approval hearing, a declaration of
22 due diligence and proof of mailing with regard to the mailing of the Notice.

23 68. Settlement Class Members' Rights. Each Settlement Class Member will be fully
24 advised of the Settlement, the ability to object to the provisions in the Settlement related to the
25 Class Claims, and the ability to opt-out or request exclusion from the Class Claims provisions of
26 the Settlement. The Notice will inform the Settlement Class Members of the Court-established
27 deadlines for filing objections or requesting exclusion from the Class Claims provisions of the
28 Settlement in accordance with the following guidelines:

1 (a) Requests for Exclusion from Participating Settlement Class. Any
2 Settlement Class Member, other than Plaintiff, may request to be excluded from the Participating
3 Settlement Class by submitting a “Request for Exclusion” to the Settlement Administrator,
4 postmarked on or before the Notice Response Deadline. The Request for Exclusion should be
5 stated in words to this effect:

6 “I WISH TO BE EXCLUDED FROM THE SETTLEMENT CLASS IN
7 THE LOPEZ V. PRIME CONDUIT LAWSUIT. I UNDERSTAND THAT
8 IF I ASK TO BE EXCLUDED FROM THE SETTLEMENT CLASS, I
9 WILL NOT RECEIVE ANY MONEY FROM THE SETTLEMENT OF
THE CLASS CLAIMS IN THIS LAWSUIT.

10 Any Request for Exclusion must include the full name, address, telephone number, last
11 four digits of the social security number or date of birth, and signature of the Settlement Class
12 Member requesting exclusion. The Request for Exclusion must be returned by mail to the
13 Settlement Administrator at the specified address. Any such Request must be made in accordance
14 with the terms set forth in the Notice. A Request for Exclusion will be timely only if postmarked
15 by the Notice Response Deadline unless the Parties agree in writing. Any Settlement Class
16 Member who timely requests exclusion in compliance with these requirements: (i) will not have
17 any rights under this Agreement with respect to the Class Claims, including the right to object,
18 appeal, or comment on the Settlement; (ii) will not be entitled to receive any payments under this
19 Agreement with respect to Class Claims; and (iii) will not be bound by this Agreement, or the
20 Judgment, with respect to the Class Claims.

21 (b) Binding Effect on Participating Settlement Class Members. Except for
22 those Settlement Class Members who exclude themselves in compliance with the procedures set
23 forth above, all Settlement Class Members will: (i) be deemed to be Final Settlement Class
24 Members for all purposes under this Agreement; (ii) will be bound by the terms and conditions
25 of this Agreement, the Judgment, and the releases set forth herein; and (iii) except as otherwise
26 provided herein, will be deemed to have waived all objections and oppositions to the fairness,
27 reasonableness, and adequacy of the Settlement.

28 (c) Objections to Settlement of Class Claims. Any Settlement Class Member,

1 other than Plaintiff, may object to the terms of this Agreement with respect to the Class Claims
2 and may appear at the Final Approval Hearing and object whether or not they have filed a written
3 objection as outlined herein. To object, a Settlement Class Member shall inform the Settlement
4 Administrator, in writing, of his/her/their objection, which must be postmarked by the Notice
5 Response Deadline at the address set forth in the Notice. Such objection shall include the full
6 name, address, telephone number, dates of employment with Defendant of the Objecting
7 Settlement Class Member, the case name and number, and the basis for the objection. The
8 Settlement Administrator shall provide objections, if any, to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel
9 within three (3) days of receipt, and the Settlement Administrator shall attach the same to its
10 declaration of due diligence filed with the Court before the Final Approval Hearing. Any
11 Participating Class Member who files an objection remains eligible to receive monetary
12 compensation from the Settlement. Plaintiff and Defendant shall not be responsible for any fees,
13 costs, or expenses incurred by any Class Member and/or his/her/their counsel related to any
14 objections to the Settlement. Submitting an objection does not preserve the right to appeal a final
15 judgment. Rather, the right to appeal is preserved by becoming a party of record by timely and
16 properly intervening or filing a motion to vacate the judgment under Code of Civil Procedure
17 section 663. Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved Employees may not object to or opt out
18 of the Settlement with respect to the PAGA Claims.

19 (d) Failure to Object. Any Settlement Class Member who desires to object
20 with respect to the Class Claims but fails to submit a written objection timely waives any right to
21 object will be foreclosed from making any objection to this Settlement. Any Settlement Class
22 Member who does not timely and properly become a party of record by intervening or filing a
23 motion to vacate the judgment waives any and all rights to appeal from the Judgment, including
24 all rights to any post-judgment proceeding and appellate proceeding, such as a motion to vacate
25 judgment, motion for new trial, a motion under California Code of Civil Procedure section 473,
26 and extraordinary writs.

27 (e) Responses to Objections. Counsel for the Parties may file a response to any
28 objections submitted by Objecting Settlement Class Members at least five (5) court days before

1 the date of the Final Approval Hearing.

2 69. Settlement Class Members will have until the Notice Response Deadline to object
3 or submit a Request for Exclusion to the Settlement Administrator by U.S. Mail. The Settlement
4 Administrator shall disclose jointly to Class Counsel and Defendant's counsel what objections or
5 Requests for Exclusion were timely submitted every week and upon the request of Class Counsel
6 or Defense Counsel.

7 70. Funding of the Settlement Amount. Defendant shall make a one-time deposit into
8 the QSF of the Settlement Amount, as described in Paragraph 47(a), that is necessary to make all
9 payments required under this Settlement within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, and
10 Defendant shall separately pay its share of employer payroll taxes as calculated and directed by
11 the Settlement Administrator.

12 71. Qualified Settlement Fund. The Qualified Settlement Fund shall be established at
13 a federally insured bank acceptable to the Defendant and the Settlement Administrator. The
14 Parties agree that the Qualified Settlement Fund is intended to be a "Qualified Settlement Fund"
15 under section 468B of the Code and Treas. Reg. §1.468B-1, 26 CFR § 1.468B-1, *et seq.*, and will
16 be administered by the Settlement Administrator as such. With respect to the Qualified
17 Settlement Fund, the Settlement Administrator shall: (1) open and administer a Settlement
18 Account in such a manner as to qualify and maintain the qualification of the Qualified Settlement
19 Fund as a "Qualified Settlement Fund" under Section 468B of the Code and Treas. Reg. §1.468B-
20 1; (2) calculate, withhold, remit and report each Participating Class Member's share of applicable
21 payroll taxes (including, without limitation, federal, state and local income tax withholding,
22 FICA, Medicare and any state or local employment taxes), and indemnify Defendant for any
23 penalty arising out of any error or incorrect calculation and/or interest with respect to any late
24 deposit of the same; (3) calculate and cooperate with Defendant to remit and to permit Defendant
25 to report Defendant's share of applicable taxes (including, without limitation, federal, state and
26 local income tax withholding, FICA, Medicare, unemployment insurance, employment training
27 tax, state disability insurance and any state or local employment taxes), and indemnify Defendant
28 for any penalty arising out of any error or incorrect calculation and/or interest with respect to the

1 same; (4) satisfy all federal, state and local income and other tax reporting, return, and filing
2 requirements with respect to the Qualified Settlement Fund and any interest or other income
3 earned by the Qualified Settlement Fund; and (5) satisfy out of the Qualified Settlement Fund all
4 (i) taxes (including any estimated taxes, interest or penalties) with respect to the interest or other
5 income earned by the Qualified Settlement Fund, if any, and (ii) fees, expenses and costs incurred
6 in connection with the opening and administration of the Qualified Settlement Fund and the
7 performance of its duties and functions as described in this Agreement. The aforementioned
8 taxes, fees, costs, and expenses shall be treated as and included in the costs of administering the
9 Qualified Settlement Fund and Settlement Administration Costs. The Parties and the Settlement
10 Administrator shall treat the Qualified Settlement Fund as coming into existence as a Qualified
11 Settlement Fund on the earliest date permitted as set forth in 26 CFR §1.468B-1(j)(2)(i), and such
12 election statement shall be attached to the appropriate returns as required by 26 CFR §1.468B-
13 1(j)(2)(ii). The Parties agree to cooperate with the Settlement Administrator and one another to
14 the extent reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this Section.

15 72. Distribution of Funds. No later than seven (7) calendar days after the deposit of
16 the payment into the QSF, the Settlement Administrator will mail the payments to the
17 Participating Class Members, the payment for the attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel, any
18 Service Payment to the Class Representative, the payment to the LWDA for PAGA penalties, and
19 will pay itself the Settlement Administration Costs.

20 73. Deadline for Cashing Settlement Checks. Final Settlement Class Members shall
21 have 180 calendar days after mailing by the Settlement Administrator to cash their settlement
22 checks. If any Final Settlement Class Member's check is not cashed within that period, the check
23 will be void, and a stop payment will be issued. All unclaimed funds shall revert to *cy pres*
24 recipient Legal Aid at Work. The release will be binding upon all Final Settlement Class
25 Members who do not cash their checks within the 180-day period. If any settlement check is
26 returned to the Settlement Administrator within 180 days of mailing, the Settlement Administrator
27 will, within five (5) business days of receipt of the returned settlement check, perform a skip trace
28 to locate the individual. If a new address is located by these means, the Administrator will have

ten (10) business days to re-issue the check and notify Defense Counsel and Class Counsel that a re-issued check has been sent. Neither the Defendant, defense counsel, Class Counsel, Plaintiff, or settlement administrator will have any liability for lost or stolen settlement checks, forged signatures on settlement checks, or unauthorized negotiation of settlement checks. Without limiting the foregoing, in the event that a Final Settlement Class Member notifies the Settlement Administrator that he/she/they believe that a settlement check has been lost or stolen, the Settlement Administrator shall immediately stop payment on such check. If the check in question has not been negotiated before the stop payment order, the Settlement Administrator will issue a replacement check.

74. No person shall have any claim against Defendant, Defendant's Counsel, Plaintiff, Class Counsel, or the Settlement Administrator based on mailings, distributions, payments, or reports made in accordance with or pursuant to this Agreement. This provision does not, however, prevent a Party from seeking enforcement of this Agreement.

75. Without prejudice to any other remedies, the Settlement Administrator shall agree to be responsible for any breach of its obligations (whether committed by the Settlement Administrator or its agents) and to indemnify and hold the Parties and their counsel harmless from and against all liabilities, claims, causes of action, costs and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) arising out of any breach committed by the Settlement Administrator or its agents.

H. Duties of the Parties Prior to the Court's Approval

76. Upon completion of the execution of this Settlement Agreement, Plaintiff will move the Court for Preliminary Approval of this Settlement and entry of the Preliminary Approval Order accomplishing the following:

(a) Scheduling the Final Approval Hearing on the issue of whether this Settlement should be finally approved as fair, reasonable, and adequate as to the Class Members and a hearing on fees, costs, and the Service Payment;

(b) Approving as to form and content of the proposed Notice;

(c) Directing the mailing of the Notice by first class mail to the Settlement Class Members;

(d) Preliminarily approving this Settlement; and

(e) Preliminarily certifying the class for purposes of this Settlement.

Plaintiff's counsel shall provide a draft of the motion for preliminary approval of the settlement to Defendant's counsel for review and comment prior to filing it. 

77. Reallocation of Settlement Proceeds. In the event the Court fails, on its first hearing, to approve this Agreement because the amount of the PAGA penalties is not adequate, then the Parties shall cooperate in good faith to reallocate the total settlement proceeds within this Agreement, to try to achieve Final Approval of the Agreement upon any subsequent Court hearings.

I. Duties of the Parties Following Court's Final Approval

78. In connection with the Final Approval Hearing provided for in this Settlement Agreement, Class Counsel shall submit a proposed Final Approval Order:

(a) Approving the Settlement, adjudging the terms thereof to be fair, reasonable, and adequate, and directing consummation of its terms and provisions;

(b) Approving Class Counsel's application for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of litigation costs and expenses, the Service Payment to the Class Representative, and the payment to the Settlement Administrator for costs of administering the settlement; and

(c) Entering judgment approving the settlement, thereby permanently barring all Participating Class Members from prosecuting any Released Class Claims against any of the Released Parties and permanently barring all Aggrieved Employees and the LWDA from prosecuting any Released PAGA Claims against any of the Released Parties.

Plaintiff's counsel shall provide drafts of the motion for final approval of the settlement, and the proposed Final Approval Order, to Defendant's counsel for review and comment prior to filing.

J. Voiding the Agreement

79. If the Court fails or refuses to issue the Final Approval Order or fails to approve any material condition of this Settlement Agreement which effects a fundamental change of the Settlement, the entire Settlement Agreement shall be rendered voidable and unenforceable as to

all Parties herein at the option of either Party. Reduction of the amount of attorney's fees and/or costs sought or Class Representative Service Award sought shall not be considered a failure to approve a material condition.

80. If five percent (5%) or more of the Settlement Class Members timely submit a Request for Exclusion, Defendant shall have the option of terminating or modifying this Agreement without prejudice to its pre-settlement positions and defenses in the Action. If Defendant exercises such option under this paragraph, it shall be relieved of any obligation to pay the Settlement Amount or any other obligations from the Settlement by giving notice to Plaintiff's Counsel and the Settlement Administrator within ten (10) days of being notified by the Settlement Administrator of a 5% or greater opt-out rate. In such an event, the Parties shall be restored to their respective positions in all respects as though the contemplated settlement never occurred. In the event of such termination, no party may use the fact that the Parties agreed to settle, or the terms provided herein, as an admission, as evidence, or for any other purpose, including, without limitation, to prove any liability or the amount of any sum allegedly owed by any Party. All parties and counsel shall not encourage opt-outs or objections to this Agreement. The parties agree not to solicit opt-outs, directly or indirectly, through any means.

81. If the Settlement is voided or fails for any reason, Plaintiff and Defendant will have no further obligations under the Settlement, including any obligation by Defendant to pay the Settlement Amount or any amounts that otherwise would have been owed under this Settlement.

82. If the Settlement is voided or fails for any reason, any costs incurred by the Settlement Administrator shall be borne equally by Defendant and Plaintiff unless otherwise specified in this Agreement.

K. Other Terms

83. Full and Complete Defense. Any Released Party may plead this Agreement as a full and complete defense to and may be used as the basis for an injunction against any action, suit, or other proceeding that has been or may be instituted, prosecuted, or attempted, asserting any Released Claim.

84. Waiver. The waiver by one Party of any breach of this Agreement by another Party shall not be deemed a waiver of any other prior or subsequent breach of this Agreement.

85. Parties' Authority. The signatories hereto represent that they are fully authorized to enter into this Settlement Agreement and bind the Parties hereto to the terms and conditions hereof.

86. Mutual Full Cooperation. The Parties agree to fully cooperate with each other to accomplish the terms of this Settlement Agreement, including but not limited to the execution of such documents and to take such other action as may reasonably be necessary to implement the terms of this Settlement Agreement. The Parties to this Settlement Agreement shall use their best efforts, including all efforts contemplated by this Settlement Agreement and any other efforts that may become necessary by order of the Court or otherwise, to effectuate this Settlement Agreement and the terms set forth herein. As soon as practicable after executing this Settlement Agreement, Class Counsel shall, with the assistance and cooperation of Defendant and Defendant's Counsel, take all necessary steps to secure the Court's preliminary and final approval of the settlement and the final entry of judgment.

87. No Prior Assignments. The Parties hereto represent, covenant, and warrant that they have not, directly or indirectly, assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity any portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or rights released and discharged by this Settlement Agreement.

88. No Admission. Defendant denies any and all liability to Plaintiff and/or any Settlement Class Member or Aggrieved Employee under PAGA in this Action as to any and all causes of action that were asserted or that might have been asserted in this Action. Nonetheless, Defendant wishes to settle and compromise the matters at issue in the Complaint to avoid further substantial expense and the inconvenience and distraction of protracted and burdensome litigation. Defendant also has taken into account the uncertainty and risks inherent in litigation, and without conceding any infirmity in the defenses that they have asserted or could assert against Plaintiff, have determined that it is desirable and beneficial that Plaintiff's claims be settled in the manner and upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

89. Inadmissibility of Agreement. Whether or not the Court issues the Final Approval Order, nothing contained herein, nor the consummation of this Settlement Agreement, is to be construed or deemed an admission of liability, culpability, negligence, or wrongdoing on the part of Defendant or any of the other Released Parties. Each of the Parties hereto has entered into this Settlement Agreement with the intention of avoiding further disputes and litigation with the attendant inconvenience and expenses. This Settlement Agreement is a settlement document, and it, along with all related documents such as the notices and motions for preliminary and final approval, shall, pursuant to California Evidence Code section 1152 and/or Federal Rule of Evidence 408, be inadmissible in evidence in any proceeding, except an action or proceeding to approve the settlement, and/or interpret or enforce this Settlement Agreement. The stipulation for class certification as part of this Settlement Agreement is for settlement purposes only, and if, for any reason, the settlement is not approved, the stipulation will be of no force or effect.

90. Notices. Unless otherwise specifically provided herein, all notices, demands, or other communications given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given as of the third business day after mailing by United States registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed:

To the Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved Employees:

Mehrdad Bokhour <i>mehrdad@bokhourlaw.com</i> 1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 520 Los Angeles, California 90067 Tel: (310) 975-1493; Fax: (310) 675-0861	Joshua Falakassa <i>josh@falakassalaw.com</i> 1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 520 Los Angeles, California 90067 Tel: (818) 456-6168; Fax: (888) 505-0868
---	---

To Defendant:

Paul M. Smith <i>Paul.smith@ogletree.com</i> 400 Capital Mall, Suite 2800 Sacramento, California 95814 Tel: (916) 840-3150

91. Construction. The Parties hereto agree that the terms and conditions of this

Settlement Agreement are the result of lengthy, intensive arms' length negotiations between the Parties and that this Settlement Agreement shall not be construed in favor of or against any Party because of the extent to which any Party or their counsel participated in the drafting of this Settlement Agreement. Plaintiff and Defendant expressly waive the common-law and statutory rule of construction that ambiguities should be construed against the drafter of an agreement and further agree, covenant, and represent that the language in all parts of this Agreement shall be in all cases construed as a whole, according to its fair meaning.

92. Captions and Interpretations. Paragraph titles or captions contained herein are inserted as a matter of convenience and for reference and in no way define, limit, extend, or describe the scope of this Settlement Agreement or any provision hereof. Each term of this Settlement Agreement is contractual and not merely a recital.

93. Modification. This Settlement Agreement may not be changed, altered, or modified except in writing and signed by the Parties hereto and approved by the Court. This Settlement Agreement may not be discharged except by performance in accordance with its terms or by writing signed by all of the Parties hereto.

94. Dispute Resolution. Prior to instituting legal action to enforce the provisions of this Agreement or to declare rights and/or obligations under this Agreement, a Party shall provide written notice to the other Party and allow an opportunity to cure the alleged deficiencies, and Plaintiff and Defendant agree to seek the help of the mediator identified in this Agreement to resolve any dispute they are unable to resolve informally. During this period, the Parties shall bear their attorneys' fees and costs. This provision shall not apply to any legal action or other proceeding instituted by any person or entity other than Plaintiff or Defendant.

95. Court Retains Jurisdiction. The Parties agree that upon the entry of judgment of dismissal pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, that, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 664.6, the Court shall retain exclusive and continuing equity jurisdiction of this Action over all Parties to interpret, enforce, and effectuate the terms, conditions, intents, and obligations of this Agreement.

96. Enforceability. Pursuant to California Evidence Code section 1123(a) and (b), this

Agreement is intended by the Parties to be and shall be, enforceable, binding, and admissible in a court of law.

97. Choice of Law. This Settlement Agreement shall be governed by and construed, enforced, and administered in accordance with the laws of the State of California, without regard to its conflicts-of-law rules.

98. Integration Clause. This Settlement Agreement contains the entire agreement between the Parties relating to the settlement and transaction contemplated hereby, and all prior or contemporaneous agreements, understandings, representations, and statements, whether oral or written and whether by a Party or such Party's legal counsel, are merged herein. No rights hereunder may be waived except in writing.

99. Binding On Assigns. This Settlement Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective heirs, trustees, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns.

100. Signatures of All Class Members Unnecessary to be Binding. It is agreed that because the members of the Settlement Class are numerous, it is impossible or impractical to have each Final Class Member execute this Settlement Agreement. The Notice will advise all Settlement Class Members of the binding nature of the releases provided herein, and such shall have the same force and effect as if each Final Settlement Class Member executed this Settlement Agreement.

101. Counterparts. This Settlement Agreement may be executed in counterparts, and when each Party has signed and delivered at least one such counterpart, each counterpart shall be deemed an original and, when taken together with other signed counterparts, shall constitute one fully signed Settlement Agreement, which shall be binding upon and effective as to all Parties. Electronic signatures shall have the same force and effect as an original.

APPROVAL AND EXECUTION BY PARTIES:

11/12/2025
Dated: November __, 2025

CLASS REPRESENTATIVE:

DocuSigned by:

827EAAAED9C9436
Jonathan Lopez

Dated: November __, 2025

DEFENDANT:

PRIME CONDUIT, INC.


By: James A Rajacki
Its: President

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

11/12/2025
Dated: November __, 2025

CLASS COUNSEL

FALAKASSA LAW, P.C.

DocuSigned by:

15A628B2C5A149C...
Joshua Falakassa
Attorneys for Plaintiff

11/12/2025
Dated: November __, 2025

BOKHOUR LAW GROUP, P.C.

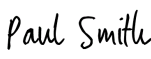
Signed by:

D8D3643F271940F...
Mehrdad Bokhour
Attorneys for Plaintiff

12/20/2025
Dated: November __, 2025

DEFENDANT'S COUNSEL:

**OGLETREE, DEAKINS, NASH, SMOAK &
STEWART, P.C.**

DocuSigned by:

850455094ABA416...
Paul M. Smith
Attorneys for Defendant,
Prime Conduit, Inc.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTION

Lopez v. Prime Conduit, Inc.
Superior Court of the State of California, County of Yolo
Case No. CV2024-1932
LWDA Case No. LWDA-CM-

To: All current and former non-exempt hourly employees employed by Prime Conduit, Inc., (the “Company”) in California at any time between July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025 (the “Class”) and all current and former non-exempt hourly employees employed by Prime Conduit, Inc., at any time between July 30, 2023 through December 31, 2025 (the “Aggrieved Employees”):

THIS NOTICE is about a proposed settlement of a class action lawsuit, and an announcement of a court hearing that you may choose to attend. Your rights may be affected by the legal proceedings in this action. The Court will conduct a hearing on [REDACTED], 2026 to address whether the proposed settlement should be approved (“Final Approval Hearing”). You may be entitled to receive payment under the terms of this class action settlement contained in the Settlement Agreement, which documents the terms of the settlement that the Court has preliminarily approved (the “Settlement”).

[IDENTIFYING INFORMATION]

You have been identified as a Class Member in the above lawsuit. Under the terms of the proposed settlement, you are estimated to receive approximately **\$INSERT AMOUNT** as your share of the Net Settlement Amount should the Court approve the Settlement. Please note that this is only an estimate. Your actual share of the Net Settlement Amount may be more or less than this estimate. Your estimate is based on the number of weeks you performed any work for the Company (referenced herein as “Workweeks” or Weeks Worked”) in California between July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025 (the “Class Period”).

Additionally, the lawsuit seeks civil penalties under the California Private Attorney General Act (“PAGA”) for all current and former hourly, nonexempt employees who were employed by the Company in California at any time from July 30, 2023 through December 31, 2025(the “PAGA Period”), who are referred to as “Aggrieved Employees.”

Your options and eligibility requirements for receiving payments are described below.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT (SEE SECTION VIII FOR MORE DETAILS)	
DO NOTHING	Receive a settlement payment and give up your right to sue on the Released Claims described in Section III. This settlement does <u>not</u> require a claims process to receive a payment. Therefore, there is <u>no</u> claim form for you to complete should you wish to receive payment. You are automatically included and eligible to receive a payment once the Court approves the settlement.
EXCLUDE YOURSELF	You may “opt-out” of any connection with this case including any right to a settlement payment. If you choose to opt-out, you must submit a Request for Exclusion by [REDACTED], 2026 (see Section VI). All persons who validly and timely opt-out of the Settlement will <u>not</u> receive any settlement payment and will preserve Released Claims described in Section IV subject to applicable statutes of limitations, except that Settlement Class Members who worked during the PAGA Period are nevertheless bound by the release of the PAGA claims.

OBJECT	Write to the Court and Settlement Administrator about why you do not like the Settlement by completing and submitting an Objection by [REDACTED], 2026 (see Section VI) or make an objection at the Final Approval Hearing.
GO TO A HEARING	Ask to speak in Court about the terms of the Settlement. The next scheduled hearing is the Final Approval Hearing on [REDACTED].

I. Why should I read this Notice?

The Court has granted preliminary approval of a proposed settlement (the “Settlement”) in *Lopez v. Prime Conduit, Inc.*, Yolo County Superior Court Case No. CV2024-1932, (the “Lawsuit”). Because your rights may be affected by the Settlement, it is important that you read this notice carefully.

The Company’s records show that you were employed in California as a non-exempt employee (meaning you were paid hourly or otherwise eligible for overtime pay) at some point between July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025 (“Class Period”). The Court ordered this Notice be sent to you because you may be entitled to money under the Settlement and because the Settlement affects your legal rights.

NO ACTION NEEDS TO BE TAKEN TO RECEIVE MONEY UNDER THE SETTLEMENT: If you were employed by the Company as a non-exempt employee in California during the Class Period, you are automatically included in the Settlement and do not need to take any further action to receive a payment.

The purpose of this Notice is to provide you with a brief description of the Lawsuit, to inform you of the terms of the proposed Settlement, and to discuss your rights and options in connection with the Lawsuit and the Settlement.

II. What is this lawsuit about?

On or about July 30, 2024, Plaintiff Jonathan Lopez filed a Class Action Complaint in the Court against Defendant, including causes of action asserting: (1) failure to pay all wages, including minimum, overtime, and premium wages, (2) failure to pay all sick time, (3) meal period violations, (4) rest period violations, (5) wage statement violations, (6) waiting time penalties, (7) failure to reimburse business expenses, and (8) unfair competition.

The Company denies these allegations and contends that it has done nothing wrong. The Company denies that it owe any wages, expenses, restitution, penalties, or other damages. Accordingly, this Settlement constitutes a compromise of disputed claims and should not be construed as an admission of liability on the part of the Company, both of which expressly deny any and all liability.

The Court has not ruled on the merits of Plaintiff’s claims. And, by approving the Settlement and issuing this Notice, the Court is not suggesting which side would win or lose this case if it went to trial. However, to avoid additional expense, inconvenience, and risks of continued litigation, the Company and Plaintiff have concluded that it is in their respective best interests and the interests of the Settlement Class to settle the Lawsuit on the terms summarized in this Notice. After extensive discovery and providing information to Class Counsel, the Settlement was reached following an arm’s length mediation.

The Class Representatives and Class Counsel support this Settlement. Among the reasons for their support are the defenses to liability potentially available to the Company, the risk of denial of class certification, the inherent risk of trial on the merits, and the delays and uncertainties associated with litigation.

If you are still employed by the Company, this Settlement will not affect your employment. California law strictly prohibits unlawful retaliation. Further, the Company will not take any adverse action against or otherwise target, retaliate, or discriminate against any Class Member because of the Class Member’s participation

or decision not to participate in this Settlement. If a Class Member does not participate, his/her share will be paid to those who do participate.

III. Who are the attorneys representing Plaintiff and the Class Members?	
Mehrdad Bokhour Bokhour Law Group, P.C. <i>mehrdad@bokhourlaw.com</i> 1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 520 Los Angeles, California 90067 Tel: (310) 975-1493; Fax: (310) 675-0861	Joshua S. Falakassa Falakassa Law, P.C. <i>josh@falakassalaw.com</i> 1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 520 Los Angeles, California 90067 Tel: (818) 456-6168; Fax: (888) 505-0868
IV. What are the terms of the Settlement?	

On [PA DATE], the Court certified a class, for settlement purposes only, of all non-exempt employees employed by the Company in California between July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025 (the “Settlement Class”). Individuals who do not opt out of the Settlement Class, pursuant to the procedures set forth in this Notice, (“Class Members”) will be mailed Settlement checks and in exchange be bound by the Settlement and release of Released Claims.

Without admitting any wrongdoing, the Company has agreed to pay \$200,000.00 (the “Settlement Amount”) in U.S. dollars to fully resolve all claims in the Lawsuit, which includes payments for Individual Settlement Payments to eligible Class Members, attorneys’ fees and costs, payments to the California Labor Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”) and PAGA aggrieved employees, and Settlement Administration Costs, Class Representative Service Payments.

The Parties agreed to the following payments from the Settlement Amount:

Settlement Administration Costs. The Court has approved Phoenix Class Action Administration Solutions, (“Phoenix”) to act as the “Settlement Administrator,” who is sending this Notice to you and will perform many other duties relating to the Settlement. Under the Settlement, a maximum of \$ 5,000 will be paid from the Settlement Amount to pay the Settlement Administration Costs, subject to court approval.

Penalties to the LWDA. The Parties agree that \$40,000.00 is allocated to alleged PAGA Penalties and will be paid entirely from the Gross Settlement Amount, subject to Court approval. Of this amount, \$26,000 (65%) shall be paid to the LWDA in satisfaction of Plaintiff’s claims for civil penalties under the PAGA, and \$14,00 (35%) will be included in the Individual Settlement Amounts, payable to the PAGA Employees.

The PAGA Period means July 30, 2023 through December 31, 2025.

Aggrieved Employees are eligible to receive payment under the PAGA Settlement of their pro rata share of the PAGA Amount, based on the number of Pay Periods during which each Aggrieved Employee worked during the PAGA Period relative to the total number of Pay Periods Worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period.

Service Payment to Settlement Class Representatives. Class Counsel will ask the Court to award Class Representatives a Service Payment in the amount of \$10,000 to Plaintiff (\$10,000 total) to compensate his for service and extra work provided on behalf of the Class Members. The Class Representatives also may receive a share of the Settlement as a Class Member. The Service Payment is subject to approval from the Court and will be paid from the Gross Settlement Amount. Should the Court approve a lesser amount for the Service Payment, the difference shall be added to the Net Settlement Amount to be distributed to the Participating Class Members. If the Court’s approval of the Service Award (if any) is appealed, and any

portion of that award is not ultimately granted, the unawarded amount will be added to the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to Participating Class Members.

Attorneys' Fees and Expenses. Class Counsel, which includes two law firms (Falakassa Law, P.C. and Bokhour Law Group, P.C.), have been prosecuting the Lawsuit on behalf of the Class Members on a contingency fee basis (that is, without being paid any money to date) and have been paying all litigation costs and expenses. The Court will determine the actual amount awarded to Class Counsel as attorneys' fees, which will be paid from the Settlement Amount. Class Members are not personally responsible for any of Class Counsel's attorneys' fees or expenses. Class Counsel will ask for fees of one-third (\$33.33%) of the common fund Settlement Amount as reasonable compensation for the work Class Counsel performed and will continue to perform in this Lawsuit through finalization of the Settlement. Class Counsel also will ask for reimbursement of up to \$20,000 for the costs Class Counsel incurred in connection with the Lawsuit. Any Court order awarding less than the amount sought by Class Counsel shall not be grounds to rescind the Settlement Agreement or otherwise void the Settlement. In the event of any appeal of the amount of the awards of attorneys' fees and costs (if any) approved by the Court, final funding and administration of the portion of the attorneys' fees and/or costs award in dispute will be segregated and stayed pending the exhaustion of appellate review. After the exhaustion of any such appellate review, additional amounts not awarded as attorneys' fees and costs shall be added to the Net Settlement Amount to be distributed to the Participating Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees.

Calculation of Individual Settlement Payments to Class Members. After deducting the amounts above, the balance will form the Net Settlement Amount for distribution to the participating Class Members (who are Class Members who do not opt-out). The Net Settlement Amount for class claims will total approximately \$ [REDACTED]. Compensable workweeks will be all Workweeks Worked by the Settlement Class Members during the Class Period at the Company in California. The Net Settlement Amount shall be allocated to each Participating Class Member based on his/her/their proportionate Workweeks during the Class Period. This is determined by multiplying the Net Settlement Amount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the Participating Class Member's total Workweeks during the Class Period, and the denominator of which is the total Workweeks by all Participating Class Members during the Class. These payments will be subject to any legally required employee-side and employer-side payroll taxes and withholdings or deductions calculated by the Settlement Administrator, which are part of the Gross Settlement Amount. Similarly, the PAGA payment will be determined by dividing the 35% of the PAGA Penalty allocated for PAGA Employees (i.e., \$40,000) by the Total PAGA Pay Periods for all PAGA Employees ("PAGA Pay Period Value"). This PAGA Pay Period Value will be multiplied by the number of Pay Periods by each PAGA aggrieved employee to determine the PAGA payment for each PAGA aggrieved employee. Currently, your projected class payment is \$ [REDACTED] and your projected PAGA payment is \$ [REDACTED].

For each Settlement Class Member, the Weeks Worked at the Company during the Class Period will be calculated from Company's records. The Company's records indicate that you worked for [TOTAL WORKWEEKS] **Workweeks** in California during the Class Period of July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025. If you disagree with this number, you may submit by mail evidence to the Settlement Administrator on or before [REDACTED], 2026, with documentation to establish the number of weeks you claim to have actually worked for the Company in California between July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025 (excluding any excluded workweeks). **DOCUMENTATION SENT TO THE SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR WILL NOT BE RETURNED OR PRESERVED; DO NOT SEND ORIGINALS.** The Parties and Administrator will evaluate the evidence submitted by the Settlement Class member and discuss in good faith how many Workweeks should be credited to each Settlement Class member. If the Parties are unable to agree, the Settlement Administrator will render a final decision.

Payments to Class Members. After the Court grants Final Approval of the Settlement, Judgment is entered, and the time to file an appeal has expired, settlement checks will be mailed to all participating Class Members who did not timely request to be excluded. Participating Class Members will have 180 days from the issuance of the last check to cash all of the checks. If any Class Member fails to timely cash a settlement check, a stop payment will

be placed on the check and the unclaimed funds will be paid to the California State Controller's Office in the name of the Class Member, so that the Class Member can attempt to collect the funds at a later date.

Allocation and Taxes. Twenty percent (20%) will be paid as wages subject to withholding of all applicable local, state, and federal taxes; and eighty percent (80%) will be paid as interest and as civil penalties (pursuant to, e.g., California Labor Code sections 203, 226) from which no taxes will be withheld. The Settlement Administrator will issue to each Participating Class Member an Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 and comparable state forms concerning the wage allocation and a Form 1099 concerning the civil penalties and interest allocations. The Company will be responsible for paying its portion of the any state and federal taxes, in addition to the Settlement Amount. Class Members are responsible for the proper income tax treatment of the Settlement Amounts. The Settlement Administrator, Company and its counsel, and Class Counsel cannot provide tax advice and make no representations as to the tax treatment or legal effect of the Individual Settlement Payments. Participating Class Members will be solely responsible for the payment of any taxes and penalties assessed on their Individual Settlement Payments. Accordingly, Class Members should consult with their tax advisors concerning the tax consequences and treatment of payments they receive under the Settlement.

Release. Once the Court approves the proposed Settlement, enters Judgment and the Company funds the Settlement Amount, then the Settlement Agreement will bind all participating Class Members who have not opted out of the Settlement, and will bar them from bringing certain claims against the Company as described below. Specifically, after Final Approval by the Court, the Settlement Class Members, for themselves and for their spouses, domestic partners, marital community, children, estates, trusts, attorneys, heirs, successors, beneficiaries, devisees, legatees, executors, administrators, trustees, conservators, guardians, assigns, and representatives, will forever completely release and discharge the Defendant, each of them, and each of their spouses, domestic partners, marital community, children, estates, trusts, attorneys, heirs, successors, beneficiaries, devisees, legatees, executors, administrators, trustees, conservators, guardians, assigns, and representatives, as well as any alleged joint employer of Plaintiff, the Settlement Class Members, and the Allegedly Aggrieved Employees of all claims that were pled in the Complaint and all claims that reasonably could have been alleged in the Complaint based on the facts alleged therein, or that arise from, are attributable to, or are related to the facts asserted therein, except the claim under the PAGA, including claims

(1) failure to pay all wages, including minimum, overtime, and premium wages, (2) failure to pay all sick time, (3) meal period violations, (4) rest period violations, (5) wage statement violations, (6) waiting time penalties, (7) failure to reimburse business expenses, and (8) unfair competition. These released claims and damages are hereinafter referred to as "Released Claims." The time period governing these Released Class Claims shall be at any time from July 30, 2020, through December 31, 2025 ("Release Period"). Any Settlement Class Member who timely requests exclusion in compliance with these requirements will not be bound by this Release, except that Settlement Class Members who worked during the PAGA Period are nevertheless bound by the release of the PAGA claims.

Likewise, the "PAGA Claims" or "Released PAGA Claims" shall include any and all claims for civil and statutory penalties pursuant to PAGA based on the allegations stated in the PAGA Notice and that were or that reasonably could have been pled in the First Amended Complaint, as defined above, based on the facts alleged therein, including claims for claims (1) failure to pay all wages, including minimum, overtime, and premium wages, (2) failure to pay all sick time, (3) meal period violations, (4) rest period violations, (5) wage statement violations, (6) waiting time penalties, (7) failure to reimburse business expenses, and (8) unfair competition, and (9) PAGA Penalties. The time period governing these Released PAGA Claims shall be at any time from July 30, 2023 through December 31, 2025.

Waiver of Labor Code Section 206.5(e). Class Members who do not opt out will be deemed to have acknowledged and agreed that their claims for wages and/or penalties in the Lawsuit are disputed, and that the Individual Settlement Payments constitute payment of all sums allegedly due to them. Class Members will be deemed to

have acknowledged and agreed that California Labor Code Section 206.5 is not applicable to the Individual Settlement Payments. That section provides in pertinent part as follows:

“No employer shall require the execution of any release of any claim or right on account of wages due, or to become due, or made as an advance on wages to be earned, unless payment of such wages has been made.”

Conditions of Settlement. This Settlement is conditioned upon the Court entering an order at or following the Final Approval Hearing finally approving the Settlement as fair, reasonable, adequate and in the best interests of the Settlement Class, and the entry of Judgment.

V. How can I claim money from the settlement?

You are automatically included as a Settlement Class Member to receive an Individual Settlement Payment, provided that you do not exercise your right to opt-out as explained below, and do not have to take any further action. It is the responsibility of all Class Members to ensure that the Settlement Administrator has your current address on file, or you may not receive important information or an Individual Settlement Amount.

VI. What other options do I have?

- A. **Do Nothing and Participate in the Settlement.** Under the Settlement, you will automatically receive an Individual Settlement Payment unless you exclude yourself from the settlement by following the exclusion procedure set forth below. If you disagree with the number of Weeks Worked, as described in this Notice, you may dispute the allocation of the Settlement without excluding yourself or objecting, as described below.

If you are a current employee, your decision as to whether or not to participate in this Settlement will not be considered by the Company and the Company will not take any adverse employment action against you based on your participation in the Settlement.

- B. **Exclude Yourself from the Settlement.** If you **do not** wish to take part in the Settlement, you may exclude yourself by sending to the Settlement Administrator a “Request for Exclusion from the Class Action Settlement” letter/card postmarked no later than [REDACTED], 2026 with your full name, address, telephone number, last four digits of the social security number or date of birth, and signature of the Settlement Class Member requesting exclusion. The Request for Exclusion should state:

“I WISH TO BE EXCLUDED FROM THE SETTLEMENT CLASS IN THE LOPEZ V. PRIME CONDUIT LAWSUIT. I UNDERSTAND THAT IF I ASK TO BE EXCLUDED FROM THE SETTLEMENT CLASS, I WILL NOT RECEIVE ANY MONEY FROM THE SETTLEMENT OF THE CLASS CLAIMS IN THIS LAWSUIT.

Send the Request for Exclusion directly to the Settlement Administrator, [ADDRESS], postmarked no later than [REDACTED], 2026. Any person who files a timely Request for Exclusion from the Class Action Settlement, upon receipt: (1) will not have any rights under this Agreement with respect to the Class Claims, including the right to object, appeal, or comment on the Settlement; (2) will not be entitled to receive any payments under this Agreement with respect to Class Claims; and (3) will not be bound by this Agreement, or the Judgment, with respect to the Released Class Claims.

- C. **Object to Settlement.** You also have the right to object to the terms of the Settlement. However, if the Court rejects your objection, you will still be bound by the terms of the Settlement. If you wish to object to the proposed Settlement, or any portion of it, you may submit a written objection stating your full name,

address, telephone number, dates of employment with Defendant of the Objecting Settlement Class Member, the case name and number, and the basis for the objection. Objections must be in writing and must be mailed to the Settlement Administrator, [ADDRESS], by no later than [REDACTED], 2026 for your objection to be considered. **You need not object to the Settlement if you only dispute the number of Weeks Worked. You may dispute your Weeks Worked by submitting evidence to the Settlement Administrator regarding your employment at the Company. The Settlement Administrator and ultimately the Court will determine the validity of your dispute.**

If the Court rejects your objection, if you want to preserve your rights to appeal from judgment, including all rights to any post-judgment proceedings and appellate proceeding, then you must timely and properly become a party of records in this case by intervening or filing a motion to vacate the judgment. Please consult with an attorney to ensure you understand the proper procedure and timing to become a party of record by intervening in the action or filing a motion to vacate the judgment.

Any class member may appear at the Final Approval Hearing to make an oral objection whether or not any written objection or notice of appearance has been provided.

If you choose to object to the Settlement, you may also appear at the Final Approval Hearing scheduled for [REDACTED], 2026, at 9:00 a.m. in Department 14 of the Yolo County Superior Court, located at 1000 Main Street, Woodland, CA 95695. You have the right to appear either in person or through your own attorney at this hearing. Any attorney who intends to represent an individual objecting to the Settlement must file a notice of appearance with the Court and serve counsel for all parties on or before [REDACTED], 2026. All objections or other correspondence must state the name and number of the case. If you wish to appear at the Final Approval Hearing, please contact Class Counsel or the Settlement Administrator in advance of the scheduled hearing to ensure that the hearing has not been continued by the Court.

If you object to the Settlement, you will remain a member of the Settlement Class, and if the Court approves the Settlement, you will be bound by the terms of the Settlement in the same way as participating Class Members who do not object. Submitting an objection does not preserve the right to appeal a final judgment. Rather, the right to appeal is preserved by becoming a party of record by timely and properly intervening or filing a motion to vacate the judgment before entry of judgment.

VII. What is the effect of the settlement?

Released Rights and Claims. The Settlement is intended to settle all claims against the Released Parties that were asserted or could have been asserted in the Lawsuit regarding the alleged violations of wage and hour laws. If you were employed by the Company in California at any time during the Class Period and do not elect to exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you will be deemed to have entered into this Release and to have released the above-described Released Claims. If the Settlement is not approved by the Court or does not become final for some other reason, the Lawsuit may continue, and the releases will not take effect.

VIII. What is the next step?

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing regarding the adequacy, reasonableness, and fairness of the Settlement, Class Counsel's request for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of documented costs and expenses, and the Service Payments to the Class Representatives on [REDACTED], 2026 at 9:00 a.m. in Department 14 of the Yolo County Superior Court, located at 1000 Main Street, Woodland, CA 95695.

You may also consult the Superior Court website to access documents by going to (<https://portal-cayolo.tylertech.cloud/Portal/Home/Dashboard/29>) and entering the Case Number for the Action, Case No. CV2024-1932.

To confirm the date and location of the hearing, please visit the Court website below and enter the case number: CV2024-1932.

<https://portal-cayolo.tylertech.cloud/Portal/Home/Dashboard/29>

You are not required to attend the Final Approval Hearing, although any Class Member is welcome to attend the hearing.

IX. How can I get additional information?
--

This Notice is only a summary of the Lawsuit and the Settlement. For more information, you may inspect the Court's files and the Stipulation for Class Action Settlement and Release of Claims (the Settlement Agreement) at Office of the Clerk, Yolo County Superior Court, located at 1000 Main Street, Woodland, CA 95695, during regular court hours. You may also contact Class Counsel or the Settlement Administrator using the contact information listed above for more information.

Class Members are encouraged to appear remotely via CourtCall or Zoom by contacting the Judicial Assistant in Department14 for further instructions.

The Settlement Administrator will also post a copy of the final judgment on its website, which can be accessed at the following URL:

**PLEASE DO NOT CALL OR WRITE THE COURT
FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS SETTLEMENT**

EXHIBIT “B”