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FILED
Superior Court of California
County of Los Angeles
05/21/2025
David W. Saylor, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court
By: T. Carter Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

EDUARDO JOSE PAIZ and SHOGHIG
PILILIAN, individuals and on behalf of all
others similarly situated;

Plaintiffs,

vs.

EMANATE HEALTH, a California non-profit
corporation; and DOES 1 through 50,

Defendants.

Case No.: 24STCV21209

**SECOND AMENDED CLASS AND
REPRESENTATIVE ACTION
COMPLAINT:**

- (1) **MINIMUM WAGE VIOLATIONS**
(LABOR CODE §§ 1182.12, 1194,
1194.2, 1197);
- (2) **OVERTIME WAGE VIOLATIONS**
(LABOR CODE §§ 204, 510, 1194,
1198);
- (3) **MEAL PERIOD VIOLATIONS**
(LABOR CODE §§ 226.7, 512, 558);
- (4) **REST PERIOD VIOLATIONS**
(LABOR CODE §§ 226.7, 516, 558);
- (5) **WAGE STATEMENT PENALTIES**
(LABOR CODE § 226);
- (6) **WAITING TIME PENALTIES**
(LABOR CODE §§ 201-203);
- (7) **FAILURE TO REIMBURSE
NECESSARY BUSINESS EXPENSES**
(LABOR CODE § 2802);
- (8) **UNFAIR COMPETITION (BUS &
PROF CODE §§ 17200, *et seq.*); and**
- (9) **CIVIL PENALTIES UNDER THE
CALIFORNIA PRIVATE**

**ATTORNEYS GENERAL ACT
(LABOR CODE §§ 2698, *et seq.*)**

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs EDUARDO JOSE PAIZ and SHOGHIG PILILIAN (“Plaintiffs”), on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, hereby brings this Second Amended Class and Representative Action Complaint (“Complaint”) against Defendants EMANATE HEALTH, a California non-profit corporation, and DOES 1 to 50 (collectively “Defendants”), and on information and belief allege as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, hereby bring this Complaint for recovery of unpaid wages and penalties under California Business and Professions Code § 17200, *et seq.*, Labor Code §§ 201-204, 226, 226.7, 246, 510, 512, 516, 558, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, 1198, 2802, 2698, *et seq.*, and Industrial Welfare Commission (“IWC”) Wage Order 5-2001 (“Wage Order 5”), in addition to seeking injunctive relief, declaratory relief, and restitution. This Complaint is brought pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 382. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants’ violations of the Labor Code because the amount in controversy exceeds \$25,000.

2. Venue is proper in this judicial district because Defendants maintain offices, have agents, and/or transact business in the State of California, including Los Angeles County, and some of the acts and omissions complained of herein occurred in Los Angeles County. Furthermore, Plaintiffs were employed by Defendants within Los Angeles County.

PARTIES

3. Plaintiffs are, and at all times relevant herein were, individuals over the age of eighteen (18) and are California residents. Within the statute of limitations periods applicable to each cause of action pled herein, Plaintiffs were employed by Defendants as non-exempt employees. Plaintiffs were, and are, victims of Defendants’ policies, practices, and/or customs complained of herein and have been deprived of the rights guaranteed by Business and Professions Code § 17200, *et seq.*, Labor Code §§ 201-204, 226, 226.7, 246, 510, 512, 516, 558, 1182.12, 1194,

1 1194.2, 1197, 1198, 2802, 2698, *et seq.*, and Wage Order 5.

2 4. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that during the
3 applicable statute of limitations for each cause of action pled herein and continuing to the present,
4 Defendants engaged in, and continue to engage in, business, and employed Plaintiffs were and
5 other, similarly-situated non-exempt employees within Los Angeles County, and the State of
6 California and, therefore, were (and are) doing business in Los Angeles County and the State of
7 California.

8 5. Plaintiffs do not know the true names or capacities, whether individual, partner, or
9 corporate, of the defendants sued herein as DOES 1 to 50, inclusive, and for that reason, said
10 defendants are sued under such fictitious names, and Plaintiffs will seek leave from this Court to
11 amend this Complaint when such true names and capacities are discovered. Plaintiffs are informed,
12 and believe, and based thereon allege, that each of said fictitious defendants, whether individual,
13 partners, or corporate, was responsible in some manner for the acts and omissions alleged herein,
14 and proximately caused Plaintiff and the Classes (as defined below) to be subject to the unlawful
15 employment practices, wrongs, injuries, and damages complained of herein.

16 6. At all times herein mentioned, each of said Defendants participated in the doing of
17 the acts hereinafter alleged to have been done by the named Defendant; and furthermore,
18 Defendants, and each of them, were the agents, servants, and employees of each of the other
19 defendants, as well as the agents of all Defendants, and at all times herein mentioned, were acting
20 within the course and scope of said agency and employment.

21 7. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that at all times
22 material hereto, each of the Defendants named herein was the agent, employee, alter ego and/or
23 joint venturer of, or working in concert with each of the other co-Defendants and was acting within
24 the course and scope of such agency, employment, joint venture, or concerted activity. To the extent
25 said acts, conduct, and omissions were perpetrated by certain Defendants, each of the remaining
26 Defendants confirmed and ratified said acts, conduct, and omissions of the acting Defendants.

27 8. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants, and each of them, were members of, and
28 engaged in, a joint venture, partnership, and common enterprise, and acting within the course and

1 scope of, and in pursuance of, said joint venture, partnership, and common enterprise.

2 9. At all times herein mentioned, the acts and omissions of various Defendants, and
3 each of them, concurred and contributed to the various acts and omissions of each and all of the
4 other Defendants in proximately causing the injuries and damages as herein alleged.

5 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

6 10. Defendants own and operate healthcare centers and hospitals in Los Angeles County,
7 California. Defendants employed Plaintiff Paiz as an hourly-paid, non-exempt employee from
8 approximately November 2020 to approximately May 30, 2024 as a medical assistant at the
9 Emanate Medical Plaza in Covina, California. Defendants employed Plaintiff Pililian as an hourly-
10 paid, non-exempt employee from approximately 2006 to approximately October 9, 2024 as a nurse
11 supervisor at the Foothill Presbyterian Hospital in Glendora, California.

12 11. Throughout Plaintiffs' employment with Defendants, Defendants' timekeeping
13 and/or payroll policies and practices resulted in Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees not
14 being compensated for all hours actually worked. Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees
15 regularly worked more than eight hours in a workday or 40 hours in a workweek. Upon information
16 and belief, Defendants required Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees to perform work before
17 their scheduled shifts, after their scheduled shifts, and/or during off-the-clock meal breaks, and
18 failed to compensate employees for this time. Upon information and belief, Defendants also failed
19 to incorporate multiple rates of pay and/or all non-discretionary remuneration into the regular rate
20 of pay. As a result, Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees were not compensated for all earned
21 minimum and overtime wages.

22 12. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees with all
23 legally compliant meal periods due to Defendants' meal period policies/practices, which have
24 frequently resulted in late (commencing after the fifth hour of work), short (less than 30 minutes),
25 and/or missed meal periods. Upon information and belief, Plaintiffs and other non-exempt
26 employees were not able to take their legally compliant meal breaks due to work demands imposed
27 by Defendants. Upon information and belief, Defendants do not keep accurate records of Plaintiffs'
28 and other non-exempt employees' hours worked, including accurate time records showing when

1 employees take their meal periods. On those occasions when Plaintiffs and other non-exempt
2 employees were not provided with all legally compliant meal periods to which they were entitled,
3 Defendants failed to compensate Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees with the required meal
4 period premium(s) for each workday there was a meal period violation as mandated by Labor Code
5 § 226.7. Upon information and belief, Defendants maintained no mechanism for the payment of
6 meal period premium payments as required by Labor Code § 226.7 in the event that a legally
7 compliant meal period was not provided to their non-exempt employees.

8 13. Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees were not authorized and permitted to take
9 all required rest periods due to Defendants' unlawful rest period policies/practices, which failed to
10 authorize and permit a net 10-minute rest period for every four hours worked, or major fraction
11 thereof. Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees were not able to take their legally compliant rest
12 breaks due to work demands imposed by Defendants. Additionally, although Plaintiffs and other
13 non-exempt employees occasionally worked shifts in excess of 10 hours, Plaintiffs and other non-
14 exempt employees were not authorized and permitted a third rest period during shifts in excess of
15 10 hours. On those occasions when Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees were not authorized
16 and permitted to take all legally compliant rest periods to which they were entitled, Defendants
17 failed to compensate them with the required rest period premium(s) for each workday there was a
18 rest period violation as mandated by Labor Code § 226.7. Upon information and belief, Defendants
19 maintained no mechanism for the payment of rest period premium payments as required by Labor
20 Code § 226.7, in the event that a legally compliant rest period was not authorized and permitted to
21 their non-exempt employees.

22 14. As a result of Defendants' failure to pay all minimum and overtime wages, failure to
23 pay all meal and rest period premium wages, and unlawful timekeeping and payroll practices as
24 alleged above, Defendants maintained inaccurate payroll records and issued inaccurate wage
25 statements to Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees. As a further result of Defendants' failure
26 to pay all minimum and overtime wages, sick leave wages, and meal and rest period premium
27 wages, Defendants failed to timely pay all final wages to Plaintiffs and other former non-exempt
28 employees upon their separation of employment from Defendants.

1 15. Additionally, Defendants required Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees to use
2 of their personal cellphones to receive work-related calls and text messages from their supervisors.
3 Despite requiring employees to incur these necessary business expenses, Defendants failed to
4 reimburse Plaintiffs and other non-exempt employees for the cost of these expenses.

5 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

6 16. **Class Definitions:** Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves and the
7 following Classes pursuant to § 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure:

- 8 a. Minimum Wage Class: All current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants
9 in the State of California who were subject to Defendants' timekeeping and payroll
10 policies and/or practices, from July 21, 2023 through the present.
- 11 b. Overtime Class: All current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants in the
12 State of California who worked more than eight hours per day and/or 40 hours per
13 week and were subject to Defendants' timekeeping policies and/or practices, from
14 July 21, 2023 through the present.
- 15 c. Meal Period Class: All current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants in
16 the State of California who: (i) worked at least one shift in excess of 5.0 hours;
17 and/or (ii) worked at least one shift in excess of 10.0 hours, from July 21, 2023
18 through the present.
- 19 d. Rest Period Class: All current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants in
20 the State of California who worked at least one shift of 3.5 or more hours, from July
21 21, 2023 through the present.
- 22 e. Wage Statement Class: All current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants
23 in the State of California who received a wage statement, during the one year
24 immediately preceding the filing of this action through the present.
- 25 f. Waiting Time Penalty Class: All of Defendants' formerly employed members of the
26 Minimum Wage Class, Overtime Class, Rest Period Class, and/or Meal Period Class
27 from July 21, 2023 through the present.

28 ///

g. Expense Reimbursement Class: All current and former non-exempt employees of Defendants in the State of California who were not reimbursed for all necessary business expenses, during the four years immediately preceding the filing of this action through the present.

17. **Numerosity/Ascertainability**: The members of the Classes are so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical, if not impossible. The membership of the Classes is unknown to Plaintiffs at this time; however, it is estimated that the members of the Classes number greater than 50 individuals. The identity of such membership is readily ascertainable via inspection of Defendants' employment records, including payroll records.

18. **Common Questions of Law and Fact Predominate/Well-Defined Community of Interest**: There are predominant common questions of law and fact as to Plaintiffs and members of the Classes, which predominate over questions affecting only individual members including, without limitation to:

- a. Whether Defendants properly paid all overtime wages to members of the Overtime Class;
- b. Whether Defendants paid at least the minimum wage for all hours worked to members of the Minimum Wage Class;
- c. Whether Defendants provided all legally compliant meal periods or paid meal period premium wages due to members of the Meal Period Class pursuant to Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512;
- d. Whether Defendants authorized and permitted all legally compliant rest periods or paid all rest period premium wages due to members of the Rest Period Class pursuant to Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 516;
- e. Whether Defendants furnished legally compliant wage statements to members of the Wage Statement Class pursuant to Labor Code § 226;
- f. Whether Defendants reimbursed members of the Expense Reimbursement Class for all necessary business expenses pursuant to Labor Code § 2802; and

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1 g. Whether Defendants timely paid all final wages to members of the Waiting Time
2 Class at the time of their separation of employment pursuant to Labor Code §§ 201
3 and 202.

4 These common questions of law and fact set forth above are numerous and substantial and
5 stem from Defendants' policies and/or practices applicable to each individual class member. As
6 such, the common questions predominate over individual questions concerning each individual
7 class member's showing as to their eligibility for recovery or as to the amount of their damages.

8 19. **Typicality:** The claims of Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the Classes because
9 Plaintiffs were employed by Defendants as a non-exempt employee in California during the
10 statute(s) of limitations period applicable to each cause of action pled in the Complaint. As alleged
11 herein, Plaintiffs, like the members of the Classes, was not paid all minimum and overtime wages
12 owed due to Defendants' timekeeping and payroll policies/practices, was not provided all required
13 meal periods, was not authorized and permitted all rest periods, did not receive premium pay for
14 non-compliant meal and rest periods, was not paid all final wages upon separation of employment,
15 was not provided with accurate, compliant, itemized wage statements, and was not reimbursed for
16 all necessary business expenses.

17 20. **Adequacy of Representation:** Plaintiffs are fully prepared to take all necessary
18 steps to represent fairly and adequately the interests of the members of the Classes. Moreover,
19 Plaintiffs' attorneys are ready, willing and able to fully and adequately represent the members of the
20 Classes and Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs' attorneys have litigated numerous wage-and-hour class actions in
21 state and federal courts in the past and are committed to vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf
22 of the members of the Classes.

23 21. **Superiority:** The Labor Code is broadly remedial in nature and serves an important
24 public interest in establishing minimum working conditions and standards in California. These laws
25 and labor standards protect the average working employee from exploitation by employers who
26 have the responsibility to follow the laws and who may seek to take advantage of superior economic
27 and bargaining power in setting onerous terms and conditions of employment. The nature of this
28 action and the format of laws available to Plaintiffs and members of the Classes make the class

1 action format a particularly efficient and appropriate procedure to redress the violations alleged
2 herein. If each employee were required to file an individual lawsuit, Defendants would necessarily
3 gain an unconscionable advantage since they would be able to exploit and overwhelm the limited
4 resources of each individual plaintiff with their vastly superior financial and legal resources.

5 22. Moreover, requiring each member of the Class(es) to pursue an individual remedy
6 would also discourage the assertion of lawful claims by employees who would be disinclined to file
7 an action against their former and/or current employer for real and justifiable fear of retaliation and
8 permanent damages to their careers at subsequent employment. The claims of the individual
9 members of the Class are not sufficiently large to warrant vigorous individual prosecution
10 considering all of the concomitant costs and expenses attending hereto.

11 23. Furthermore, the prosecution of separate actions by the individual class members,
12 even if possible, would create a substantial risk of inconsistent or varying verdicts or adjudications
13 with respect to the individual class members against Defendants herein; and which would establish
14 potentially incompatible standards of conduct for Defendants; and/or legal determinations with
15 respect to individual class members which would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interest
16 of the other class members not parties to adjudications or which would substantially impair or
17 impede the ability of the class members to protect their interests. As such, the Classes identified
18 hereinabove are maintainable as classes under § 382 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

19 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

20 **MINIMUM WAGE VIOLATIONS**

21 **(Against All Defendants)**

22 24. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
23 fully set forth herein.

24 25. Labor Code §§ 1182.12, 1197, and Wage Order 5, § 4 establish the right of
25 employees to be paid minimum wages for all hours worked, in amounts set by state or local law.
26 Labor Code §§ 1194(a) and 1194.2(a) provide that an employee who has not been paid the legal
27 minimum wage as required by Labor Code § 1197 may recover the unpaid balance together with
28 attorneys' fees and costs of suit, as well as liquidated damages in an amount equal to the unpaid

1 wages and interest accrued thereon. At all relevant times herein, Defendants failed to conform its
2 pay practices to the requirements of the law by failing to pay Plaintiffs and members of the
3 Minimum Wage Class for all hours worked, including, but not limited to, all hours they were
4 subject to the control of Defendants and/or suffered or permitted to work under the Labor Code and
5 Wage Order 5.

6 26. Labor Code § 1198 makes unlawful the employment of an employee under
7 conditions that the IWC prohibits. California Labor Code § 1194(a) and 1194.2(a) provide that an
8 employer who has failed to pay its employees the legal minimum wage is liable to pay those
9 employees the unpaid balance of the unpaid wages as well as liquidated damages in an amount
10 equal to the wages due and interest thereon.

11 27. As a consequence of Defendants' non-payment of minimum wages, Plaintiffs and
12 members of the Minimum Wage Class seek recovery of the balance of unpaid wages, including
13 interest thereon, statutory penalties, attorneys' fees, and costs of suit according to Labor Code §§
14 218.6, 558, 1194, 1194.2, and 1199, Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; and Civil Code §§ 3287 and
15 3289.

16 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**
17 **OVERTIME WAGE VIOLATIONS**
18 **(Against All Defendants)**

19 28. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
20 fully set forth herein.

21 29. This cause of action is brought pursuant to Labor Code §§ 204, 510, 1194, 1198, and
22 Wage Order 5, § 3, which provide that non-exempt employees are entitled to all overtime wages
23 and compensation for all overtime hours worked and provide a private right of action for the failure
24 to pay all overtime compensation for overtime work performed.

25 30. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were required to properly compensate non-
26 exempt employees, including Plaintiffs and members of the Overtime Class, for all overtime hours
27 worked pursuant to Labor Code § 1194 and Wage Order 5. Wage Order 5, § 3 requires an employer
28 to pay an employee one and one-half (1½) times and two times the employee's regular rate of pay

1 for overtime and double time hours work. Defendants caused Plaintiffs and members of the
2 Overtime Class to work overtime hours but failed to compensate these employees for all overtime
3 hours actually worked.

4 31. As a consequence of Defendants' non-payment of overtime wages, Plaintiffs and
5 members of the Overtime Class seek recovery of the balance of unpaid overtime wages, including
6 interest thereon, statutory penalties, attorneys' fees, and costs of suit according to Labor Code §§
7 204, 210, 216, 218.6, 510, 1194, and 1198; Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; and Civil Code §§
8 3287 and 3289.

9 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

10 **MEAL PERIOD VIOLATIONS**

11 **(Against All Defendants)**

12 32. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
13 fully set forth herein.

14 33. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that Defendants failed
15 in their affirmative obligation to provide all of their non-exempt employees in California, including
16 Plaintiffs and members of the Meal Period Class, with all legally compliant meal periods in
17 accordance with the mandates of the Labor Code and Wage Order 5, § 11.

18 34. Despite Defendants' violations, Defendants did not pay an additional hour of pay to
19 Plaintiffs and members of the Meal Period Class at their respective regular rates of compensation, in
20 accordance with California Labor Code §§ 204, 210, 226.7, and 512.

21 35. As a consequence of Defendants' unlawful meal period practices, Plaintiffs and
22 members of the Meal Period Class seek recovery of unpaid premium wages for meal period
23 violations including interest thereon, statutory penalties, and costs of suit, pursuant to Labor Code
24 §§ 226.7, 512, 558, Wage Order 5, and Civil Code §§ 3287 and 3289.

25 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

26 **REST PERIOD VIOLATIONS**

27 **(Against All Defendants)**

28 36. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though

1 fully set forth herein.

2 37. Labor Code §§ 226.7, 516, 558, and Wage Order 5, § 12 and establish the right of
3 employees to be provided with a rest period of at least 10 minutes for each four-hour period
4 worked, or major fraction thereof. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that
5 despite Defendants' failure to authorize and permit Plaintiffs and members of the Rest Period Class
6 to take all legally compliant rest periods as alleged herein, Defendants did not pay these individuals
7 an additional hour of pay at their respective regular rate for the rest periods that they failed to
8 authorize and permit them to take, as required by Labor Code § 226.7.

9 38. As a consequence of Defendants' unlawful rest period practices, Plaintiffs and
10 members of the Rest Period Class seek recovery of unpaid premium wages for rest period violations
11 including interest thereon, statutory penalties, and costs of suit, statutory penalties, attorneys' fees,
12 and costs of suit according to Labor Code §§ 226.7, 516, 558, Wage Order 5, and Civil Code §§
13 3287 and 3289.

14 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **WAGE STATEMENT PENALTIES**

16 **(Against All Defendants)**

17 39. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
18 fully set forth herein.

19 40. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that Defendants
20 knowingly and intentionally, as a matter of uniform policy and practice, failed to furnish Plaintiffs
21 and members of the Wage Statement Class with accurate and complete, itemized wage statements
22 that included, among other requirements, all hours worked, total gross wages earned, all rates of pay
23 and corresponding number of hours worked, total net wages earned, the inclusive dates of the pay
24 period, and/or the correct name and address of the legal entity that is the employer in violation of
25 Labor Code § 226.

26 41. Defendants' failure to furnish Plaintiffs and members of the Wage Statement Class
27 with accurate and complete, itemized wage statements resulted in actual injury, as said failures led
28 to, among other things, the non-payment of minimum and overtime wages and meal and rest period

1 premium wages owed and deprived them of the information necessary to identify the discrepancies
2 in Defendants' reported payroll data.

3 42. As a consequence of Defendants' unlawful wage statement practices, Plaintiffs and
4 members of the Wage Statement Class seek damages and/or statutory penalties, reasonable
5 attorneys' fees, and costs of suit according to California Labor Code § 226.

6 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

7 **WAITING TIME PENALTIES**

8 **(Against All Defendants)**

9 43. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
10 fully set forth herein.

11 44. This cause of action is brought pursuant to Labor Code §§ 201-203, which require an
12 employer to pay all wages immediately at the time of separation of employment in the event the
13 employer discharges the employee or the employee provides at least 72 hours of notice of their
14 intent to quit. In the event the employee provides less than 72 hours of notice of their intent to quit,
15 said employee's wages become due and payable not later than 72 hours upon said employee's last
16 date of employment.

17 45. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that Defendants failed
18 to timely pay Plaintiffs and members of the Waiting Time Class all final wages due to them at their
19 separation from employment, including unpaid minimum and overtime wages as well as unpaid
20 meal and rest period premium wages.

21 46. Furthermore, Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that as a
22 matter of uniform policy and practice, Defendants continue to fail to pay Plaintiffs and members of
23 the Waiting Time Class all earned wages at the end of employment in a timely manner pursuant to
24 the requirements of Labor Code §§ 201-202.

25 47. Defendants' failure to pay all final wages was willful within the meaning of Labor
26 Code § 203. Defendants' willful failure to timely pay Plaintiffs and the members of the Waiting
27 Time Class their earned wages upon separation from employment results in continued payment of
28 daily wages up to thirty days from the time the wages were due.

1 48. As a consequence of Defendants’ unlawful practices, Plaintiffs and members of the
2 Waiting Time Class seek statutory penalties, and costs of suit according to California Labor Code §
3 203.

4 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

5 **FAILURE TO REIMBURSE NECESSARY BUSINESS EXPENSES**

6 **(Against All Defendants)**

7 49. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
8 fully set forth herein.

9 50. At all relevant times herein, Defendants were subject to Labor Code § 2802, which
10 states that “an employer shall indemnify his or her employees for all necessary expenditures or
11 losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the discharge of his or her duties, or of his
12 or obedience to the directions of the employer.”

13 51. Defendants violated Labor Code § 2802 by failing to reimburse Plaintiffs and
14 members of the Expense Reimbursement Class all necessary business expenses they incurred in the
15 performance of their job duties.

16 52. As a consequence of Defendants’ unlawful practices, Plaintiffs and members of the
17 class seek recovery of unreimbursed business expenses, including interest thereon, reasonable
18 attorneys’ fees, and costs of suit pursuant to Labor Code § 2802.

19 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

20 **UNFAIR COMPETITION**

21 **(Against All Defendants)**

22 53. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
23 fully set forth herein.

24 54. Defendants have engaged and continue to engage in unfair and/or unlawful business
25 practices in California in violation of Business and Professions Code § 17200, *et seq.*, by:

- 26 a. failing to pay Plaintiffs and members of the Minimum Wage Class all minimum
27 wages due;
28 b. failing to pay Plaintiffs and members of the Overtime Class all overtime wages due;

- 1 c. failing to provide Plaintiffs and members of the Meal Period Class with all meal
2 periods to which they are entitled, and failing to pay them all meal period premium
3 wages due;
- 4 d. failing to authorize and permit Plaintiffs and members of the Rest Period Class all
5 rest periods to which they are entitled, and failing to pay them all rest period
6 premium wages due;
- 7 e. failing to issue accurate and itemized wage statements to Plaintiffs and members of
8 the Wage Statement Class;
- 9 f. failing to timely pay all final wages to Plaintiffs and members of the Waiting Time
10 Penalty Class; and
- 11 g. failing to reimburse all necessary business expenses to Plaintiffs and members of the
12 Expense Reimbursement Class.

13 55. Defendants' utilization of these unfair and/or unlawful business practices deprived
14 Plaintiffs and continues to deprive members of the Classes of compensation to which they are
15 legally entitled, constitutes unfair and/or unlawful competition, and provides an unfair advantage
16 over Defendants' competitors who have been and/or are currently employing workers and
17 attempting to do so in honest compliance with applicable wage and hour laws.

18 56. Because Plaintiffs are victims of Defendants' unfair and/or unlawful conduct alleged
19 herein, Plaintiffs for themselves and on behalf of the members of the Classes, seeks full restitution
20 of monies, as necessary and according to proof, to restore any and all monies withheld, acquired
21 and/or converted by Defendants pursuant to Business and Professions Code §§ 17203 and 17208.

22 57. The acts complained of herein occurred within the last four years immediately
23 preceding the filing of the Complaint in this action.

24 **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

25 **PRIVATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL ACT**

26 **(Against All Defendants)**

27 58. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though
28 fully set forth herein.

1 59. Plaintiffs, an “aggrieved employee” within the meaning of Labor Code §§ 2698, *et*
2 *seq.*, acting on behalf of themselves and other aggrieved employees (collectively, “Aggrieved
3 Employees”), brings this representative action against Defendants to recover the civil penalties due
4 to Plaintiffs and other Aggrieved Employees, and the State of California according to proof
5 pursuant to Labor Code §§ 558 and 2699(a) and (f) including, but not limited to: (1) \$100.00 for
6 each initial violation for each failure to pay each employee and \$200 for each subsequent violation
7 or willful or intentional violation pursuant to Labor Code §§ 210 and/or 225.5 for each failure to
8 pay each employee, plus 25% of the amount unlawfully withheld; (2) \$50.00 for each initial
9 violation and \$100 for each subsequent violation pursuant to Labor Code § 558 per employee per
10 pay period; (3) \$100 for each initial violation and \$250 for each subsequent violation pursuant to
11 Labor Code § 1197.1 per employee per pay period; (4) \$250 for each initial violation and \$1,000 for
12 each subsequent violation pursuant to Labor Code § 226.3 per employee per pay period; (5)
13 pursuant to Labor Code § 256, a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding 30 days per former
14 employee as waiting time under the terms of Labor Code § 203; and/or (6) \$100 for each initial
15 violation and \$200 for each subsequent violation per employee per pay period for those violations
16 of the Labor Code for which no civil penalty is specifically provided, based on the following Labor
17 Code violations:

- 18 a. Failing to pay minimum wages for all hours worked to Aggrieved Employees in
19 violation of Labor Code § 558, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1197, and 1198;
- 20 b. Failing to pay Aggrieved Employees all earned overtime compensation in violation
21 of Labor Code §§ 204, 510, 558, 1194, and 1198;
- 22 c. Failing to provide all legally required meal periods, and failure to pay meal period
23 premium wages, to Aggrieved Employees at the regular rate of compensation in
24 violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7, 512, 558, and 1198;
- 25 d. Failing to authorize and permit all legally required rest periods, and failure to pay
26 rest period premium wages, to Aggrieved Employees at the regular rate of
27 compensation in violation of Labor Code §§ 226.7, 516, 558, and 1198;

28 ///

- e. Failing to furnish Aggrieved Employees with complete, accurate, itemized wage statements in violation of Labor Code § 226;
- f. Failing to timely pay all final wages and compensation earned by Aggrieved Employees at the time of separation in violation of Labor Code §§ 201-202;
- g. Failure to reimburse Aggrieved Employees for all necessary business expenses in violation of Labor Code § 2802;
- h. Failing to pay Aggrieved Employees all earned wages at least twice during each calendar month in violation of Labor Code § 204; and
- i. Failing to maintain accurate records on behalf of Aggrieved Employees in violation of Labor Code §§ 1174 and 1198.

60. On or about August 19, 2024, Plaintiff Paiz notified Defendants via certified mail, and notified the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency (“LWDA”) via its website, of Defendants’ violations of the Labor Code and Plaintiff Paiz’s intent to bring a claim for civil penalties under Labor Code §§ 2698, *et seq.* with respect to the violations of the Labor Code identified in the preceding paragraph. Now that 33 days and 65 days have passed from Plaintiff Paiz notifying Defendants and the LWDA of these violations, Defendants have not cured any curable violations, and the LWDA has not provided notice that it intends to investigate the violations, Plaintiff Paiz has exhausted administrative requirements for bringing a claim under the Private Attorneys General Act with respect to these violations.

61. Plaintiffs have incurred attorneys’ fees and costs, which Plaintiffs are entitled to receive under California Labor Code § 2699(g).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment for themselves and for all others on whose behalf this suit is brought against Defendants, as follows:

1. For an order certifying the proposed Classes;
2. For an order appointing Plaintiffs as representative of the Classes;
3. For an order appointing Counsel for Plaintiffs as Counsel for the Classes;
4. Upon the First Cause of Action, for payment of minimum wages, liquidated

1 damages, and penalties according to proof pursuant to Labor Code §§ 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, and
2 1197;

3 5. Upon the Second Cause of Action, for payment of overtime wages and penalties
4 according to proof pursuant to Labor Code §§ 204, 510, 558, 1194, and 1198;

5 6. Upon the Third Cause of Action, for meal period premium wages according to proof
6 pursuant to Labor Code §§ 226.7, 512, and 558;

7 7. Upon the Fourth Cause of Action, for rest period premium wages according to proof
8 pursuant to Labor Code §§ 226.7, 516, and 558;

9 8. Upon the Fifth Cause of Action, for statutory penalties pursuant to Labor Code §
10 226;

11 9. Upon the Sixth Cause of Action, for statutory penalties pursuant to Labor Code §
12 203;

13 10. Upon the Seventh Cause of Action, for unreimbursed business expenses according to
14 proof pursuant to Labor Code § 2802;

15 11. Upon the Eighth Cause of Action, for restitution to Plaintiffs and members of the
16 Classes of all money and/or property unlawfully acquired by Defendants by means of any acts or
17 practices declared by this Court to be in violation of Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, *et*
18 *seq.*;

19 12. Upon the Ninth Cause of Action, for civil penalties due to Plaintiffs, other Aggrieved
20 Employees, and the State of California according to proof pursuant to Labor Code §§ 558 and
21 2699(a) and (f) including, but not limited to: (1) \$100.00 for each initial violation for each failure to
22 pay each employee and \$200 for each subsequent violation or willful or intentional violation
23 pursuant to Labor Code §§ 210 and/or 225.5 for each failure to pay each employee, plus 25% of the
24 amount unlawfully withheld; (2) \$50.00 for each initial violation and \$100 for each subsequent
25 violation pursuant to Labor Code § 558 per employee per pay period; (3) \$100.00 for each initial
26 violation and \$250.00 for each subsequent violation pursuant to Labor Code § 1197.1 per employee
27 per pay period; (4) \$250.00 for each initial violation and \$1,000.00 for each subsequent violation
28 pursuant to Labor Code § 226.3 per employee per pay period; (5) pursuant to Labor Code § 256, a

1 civil penalty in an amount not exceeding 30 days per former employee as waiting time under the
2 terms of Labor Code § 203; and/or (6) \$100.00 for each initial violation and \$200 for each
3 subsequent violation per employee per pay period for those violations of the Labor Code for which
4 no civil penalty is specifically provided;

5 13. Prejudgment interest on all due and unpaid wages pursuant to Labor Code § 218.6
6 and Civil Code §§ 3287 and 3289;

7 14. On all causes of action, for attorneys' fees and costs as provided by Labor Code §§
8 218.5, 226, 1194, 2699(g), and Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5; and

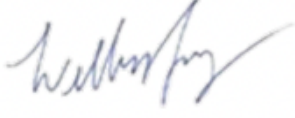
9 15. For such other and further relief, the Court may deem just and proper.

10 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

11 Plaintiffs hereby demand a trial by jury on all claims.

12
13 DATED: May 21, 2025

JUSTICE FOR WORKERS, P.C.

14
15 By: 

16 William C. Sung

17 Tiffany L. Luu

18 Attorneys for Plaintiffs EDUARDO JOSE PAIZ
19 and SHOGHIG PILILIAN
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PROOF OF SERVICE
EDUARDO JOSE PAIZ v. EMANATE HEALTH
STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the county of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 3600 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1815, Los Angeles, CA 90010

On May 21, 2025 I served the foregoing document described as:

SECOND AMENDED CLASS AND REPRESENTATIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

☐ by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail in the State of California addressed as set forth below:

☐ by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as stated on the attached mailing list.

☒ by electronically serving the document(s) listed above via Case Anywhere to:

SEE SERVICE LIST BELOW

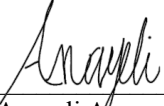
☐ by having copies **personally delivered to the designed party(ies)**

As follows: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with U.S. postal service on the same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Los Angeles, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

☒ (State) I declare under penalty of perjury the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

☐ (Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made

Executed on May 21, 2025 at Los Angeles, California.


Anayeli Ascencio

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SERVICE LIST

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