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Attorneys for Plaintiff JULIEANNE SACUEZA CABRERA,  
individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated

**IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA**  
**COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

JULIEANNE SACUEZA CABRERA,  
individually and on behalf of all others similarly  
situated,

Plaintiff(s),

v.

TRINITY MA INC. D.B.A. HAPPY LEAF  
COLLECTIVE; and DOES 1 through 100,

Defendant(s).

Case No. **25STCV02111**

**COMPLAINT**

1. **Failure to Provide Compliant Meal Breaks**
2. **Failure to Provide Complaint Rest Breaks**
3. **Failure to Pay All Hours Worked**
4. **Failure to Pay All Overtime Owed**
5. **Wage Statement Violation**
6. **Waiting Time Penalties**
7. **Violation of Unfair Competition**
8. **Private Attorneys General Act**
9. **Retaliation**
10. **Wrongful Termination**

**RELEVANT PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff JULIEANNE SACUEZA CABRERA (“Plaintiff”) is an adult resident of Los Angeles County, California and was at all times relevant residing in Los Angeles County, California.

2. Defendant TRINITY MA INC. D.B.A. HAPPY LEAF COLLECTIVE (“Defendant”) is a [California corporation] with its principal place of business located in Los Angeles County, California. Defendant is registered to and does conduct business in the State of California and is

1 subject to the laws of the State of California. All acts and omissions of Defendant employees as  
2 alleged herein occurred while they were acting within the course and scope of their employment.

3 3. Plaintiff is unaware of the true names or capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOES 1  
4 through 100, inclusive (“Doe Defendants”), and therefore sues said Doe Defendants by such  
5 fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave of this Court to amend this Complaint to insert the true  
6 names and capacities of such Doe Defendants when such information has been obtained. Plaintiff is  
7 informed and believes, and based on such information and belief alleges, that each of the fictitiously  
8 named Doe Defendants has participated in some way in the wrongful acts and omissions alleged  
9 below, and is liable to Plaintiff for damages and other relief to which Plaintiff is entitled. Defendant  
10 and Doe Defendants are collectively referred to as “Defendants”.

#### 11 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

12 4. This action is properly filed in Los Angeles County because the acts and omissions that give  
13 rise to Plaintiff’s claims took place in Los Angeles County, and Defendants transact substantial  
14 business in this County.

15 5. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because Defendants’ unlawful conduct as  
16 alleged herein occurred in Los Angeles County, California and Plaintiff suffered damages from  
17 such conduct within Los Angeles County, California.

#### 18 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

19 6. At all times relevant, Plaintiff was Defendants’ employee.

20 7. Plaintiff was employed by Defendants from November 2021 to October 2024.

21 8. The plaintiff quit after a confrontation with her manager Eugene, where he cursed at her and  
22 spoke to her aggressively. This was following ongoing issues with workplace harassment, bullying,  
23 and hostile work environment that she had repeatedly reported.

24 9. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with compliant meal breaks because meal breaks were  
25 regularly missed or interrupted. Despite not being provided with compliant meal breaks, Defendant  
26 did not pay premium pay for these missed breaks at Plaintiff’s regular rate of pay.

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1 10. Defendant failed to provide Plaintiff with compliant rest breaks because regularly missed or  
2 interrupted. Despite not being provided with compliant rest breaks, Defendant did not pay premium  
3 pay for these missed breaks at Plaintiff's regular rate of pay.

4 11. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff all overtime owed because Plaintiffs usually worked 8  
5 hours in a day and 40 hours in a week and thus any unpaid time was necessarily overtime.

6 12. Defendants failed to pay for all overtime worked because Defendants would only pay  
7 overtime if Plaintiff exceeded 80 hours in a two-week period instead of paying overtime if she  
8 worked more than 8 hours in a day.

9 13. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with accurate wage statements because the wage  
10 statements issued to Plaintiff did not accurately list total wages owed and hours worked, among  
11 other things.

12 14. Due to Defendants' failure to pay all wages due to Plaintiff during their employment, it  
13 follows that Defendant failed to pay all wages due at the conclusion of Plaintiff's employment as  
14 well. Therefore, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for waiting time penalties.

15 **PAGA ALLEGATIONS**

16 15. Pursuant to Labor Code section 2699(a), any provision of the Labor Code which provides  
17 for a civil penalty to be assessed and collected by the Labor and Workforce Development Agency  
18 ("LWDA") for violations of the Labor Code may, as an alternative, be recovered through a civil  
19 action brought by an aggrieved employee on behalf of himself or herself and other current or former  
20 employees pursuant to the procedures outlined in Labor Code section 2699.3.

21 16. Pursuant to Labor Code section 2699.3, an aggrieved employee may pursue a civil action  
22 under PAGA after the following requirement have been met:

23 17. The aggrieved employee has provided written notice by online filing to the LWDA and by  
24 certified mail to the employer (hereinafter "Employee's Notice") of the specific provisions of the  
25 Labor Code alleged to have been violated, including the facts and theories to support the alleged  
26 violations; and

27 18. The LWDA has provided notice (hereinafter "LWDA's Notice") to the employer and the  
28 aggrieved employee by certified mail that it does not intend to investigate the aggrieved employee's

1 claims. Upon receipt of the LWDA's Notice, or if the LWDA does not provide such Notice within  
2 65 calendar days of the postmark date of the Employee's Notice, the aggrieved employee may  
3 commence a civil action pursuant to Labor Code section 2699 to recover civil penalties in addition  
4 to any other penalties to which the employee may be entitled.

5 19. On November 1, 2024, Plaintiff provided written notice by online filing to the LWDA and  
6 by certified mail to Defendants of specific provisions of the Labor Code alleged to have been  
7 violated by Defendants, including the facts and theories to support the alleged violations.

8 20. The 65-day notice period has elapsed, and the LWDA did not provide Plaintiff with written  
9 notice that it intends to investigate the alleged violations of the Labor Code. Thus, Plaintiff seeks  
10 PAGA Penalties on behalf of all Aggrieved Employees.

11 21. The Aggrieved Employees are defined as "All other nonexempt, hourly employees, current  
12 and former, who were employed by Defendants within one year prior to November 1, 2024, through  
13 final disposition of this action."

#### 14 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

##### 15 **Failure to Provide Compliant Meal Periods**

##### 16 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

17 22. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

18 23. Labor Code section 512 and the Wage Orders provide that "an employer shall not employ an  
19 employee for a work period of more than five hours per day without providing the employee with a  
20 meal period of not less than 30 minutes" or "for a work period of more than 10 hours per day  
21 without providing the employee with a second meal period of not less than 30 minutes".

22 24. An employer provides compliant meal breaks to its employees "if it relieves its employees  
23 of all duty, relinquishes control over their activities and permits them a reasonable opportunity to  
24 take an uninterrupted 30-minute break." (*Brinker Restaurant Corp. v. Superior Court*, 53 Cal.4th  
25 1004, 1040 (2012)).

26 25. Not only must an employer affirmatively relieve its employees of all duty during their meal  
27 breaks, it also must not "impede or discourage" its employees from taking compliant meal breaks.  
28 (*Brinker*, *supra*).

1 26. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with compliant meal breaks as alleged herein.

2 27. For each day that Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with a compliant meal break,  
3 Defendants were required to remit premium pay pursuant to Labor Code section 226.7(c), which is  
4 one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's regular rate of pay. (*Ferra v. Loews Hollywood Hotel, LLC*,  
5 11 Cal. 5th 858 (2021)).

6 28. Defendants failed to pay premium pay at Plaintiff's regular rate of pay for each day a meal  
7 break was missed.

8 29. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to recover premium pay for missed meal breaks, interest,  
9 penalties, attorney fees, and costs.

## 10 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 11 **Failure to Provide Compliant Rest Periods**

#### 12 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

13 30. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

14 31. Labor Code section 226.7 and the Wage Orders requires employers to authorize and permit  
15 its employees to take rest periods based on the total hours worked daily at the rate of 10 minutes net  
16 per four hours or major fraction thereof.

17 32. Furthermore, "[d]uring rest periods employers must relieve employees of all duties and  
18 relinquish control over how employees spend their time." (*Augustus v. ABM Sec. Servs., Inc.*, 2 Cal.  
19 5th 257, 269 (2016)).

20 33. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with compliant rest breaks as alleged herein.

21 34. For each day that Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with a compliant rest break,  
22 Defendants were required to remit premium pay pursuant to Labor Code section 226.7(c), which is  
23 one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's regular rate of pay. (*Ferra v. Loews Hollywood Hotel, LLC*,  
24 11 Cal. 5th 858 (2021)).

25 35. Defendants failed to pay premium pay at Plaintiff's regular rate of pay for each day a rest  
26 break was missed.

27 36. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to recover premium pay for missed rest breaks, interest,  
28 penalties, attorney fees, and costs.

1 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **Failure to Pay for All Hours Worked**

3 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

4 37. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

5 38. Labor Code sections 558 and 1194 and the Wage Orders require an employer to pay  
6 employees minimum wages for all hours worked fewer than eight hours in a day and/or fewer than  
7 40 hours in a workweek.

8 39. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff for all hours worked as alleged herein.

9 40. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to recover all unpaid wages, liquidated damages, interest,  
10 penalties, attorney fees, and costs.

11 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

12 **Failure to Pay All Overtime Owed**

13 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

14 41. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

15 42. Labor Code section 510 provides that “[a]ny work in excess of eight hours in one workday  
16 and any work in excess of 40 hours in any one workweek and the first eight hours worked on the  
17 seventh day of work in any one workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than one and  
18 one-half times the regular rate of pay for an employee.”

19 43. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff all overtime wages owed as alleged herein.

20 44. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to recover all unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages,  
21 interest, penalties, attorney fees, and costs.

22 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

23 **Wage Statement Penalties**

24 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

25 45. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

26 46. Labor Code section 226(a) requires employers to provide itemized wage statements to its  
27 employees that identify accurate information regarding their compensation. Defendants, as a matter  
28

1 of policy and practice, failed in its affirmative obligation to provide accurate itemized wage  
2 statements to Plaintiff in violation of Labor Code section 226(a).

3 47. As alleged herein, the wage statements that Defendants issued to Plaintiff were inaccurate  
4 and incomplete.

5 48. Defendants knowingly and intentionally issued wage statements that were inaccurate and  
6 incomplete, and the issuance of inaccurate and incomplete wage statements caused injury to  
7 Plaintiff in that Plaintiff was unable to accurately verify and/or calculate their wages.

8 49. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to the recovery of wage statement penalties, attorney fees, and  
9 costs.

## 10 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 11 **Waiting Time Penalties**

#### 12 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

13 50. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

14 51. Labor Code sections 201 and 202 require that an employer provide an employee with all  
15 wages due and payable either: (a) immediately upon termination, or (b) within 3 days of the  
16 employee's resignation.

17 52. Labor Code section 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to pay wages owed in  
18 accordance with Labor Code sections 201 or 202, then the wages of the employee continue as a  
19 penalty from the due date at the same rate until paid or until an action is commenced, not to exceed  
20 thirty days.

21 53. As alleged herein, Defendants willfully did not pay Plaintiff all wages owed at the  
22 conclusion of employment.

23 54. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to the recovery of waiting time penalties, interest, attorney fees,  
24 and costs.

## 25 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 26 **Violation of Unfair Competition Law**

#### 27 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

28 55. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

1 56. Defendants' conduct described herein constitutes unfair competition.

2 57. Specifically, Defendants have gained an unfair advantage over other similarly situated  
3 businesses by unlawfully reducing their overhead costs by not paying their employees what they are  
4 owed.

5 58. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code 17203, Plaintiff is entitled to restitution of all  
6 wrongfully withheld wages.

7 59. Plaintiff may recover attorney fees pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5.

8 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

9 **Private Attorneys General Act**

10 **By Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees Against All Defendants**

11 60. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

12 61. PAGA permits Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees to recover civil penalties for the  
13 violation(s) of the Labor Code.

14 62. As alleged herein, Defendants' conduct violates numerous sections of the Labor Code.

15 63. With respect to violations of Labor Code sections 226.7 and 558 for Defendants' failure to  
16 provide Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees with compliant meal periods or compensation in  
17 lieu thereof, the penalties in Labor Code sections 558 and 2699 apply.

18 64. With respect to violations of Labor Code section 226.7 for Defendants' failure to provide  
19 Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees with compliant rest periods or compensation in lieu thereof,  
20 the penalties in Labor Code section 2699 apply.

21 65. With respect to violations of Labor Code section 1197 for Defendants' failure to compensate  
22 Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees for all minimum wages earned, the penalties in Labor Code  
23 sections 1197.1 and 2699 apply.

24 66. With respect to violations of Labor Code section 510 for Defendants' failure to compensate  
25 Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees for all overtime wages earned, the penalties in Labor Code  
26 sections 558, 1197.1, and 2699 apply.

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1 67. With respect to violations of Labor Code section 226(a) for failure to provide accurate wage  
2 statements to Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees, the penalties in Labor Code sections 226.3  
3 and 2699 apply.

4 68. With respect to violations of Labor Code section 203 for failure to pay all wages due to  
5 Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees and the conclusion of their employment, the penalties in  
6 Labor Code section 2699 apply.

7 69. Pursuant to Labor Code section 2699(k)(1), Plaintiff further seeks public injunctive relief in  
8 the form of an Order enjoining Defendants from continuing to violate the California Labor Code in  
9 the manner alleged herein.

10 70. Additionally, Plaintiff and the Aggrieved Employees are entitled to attorney's fees pursuant  
11 to Labor Code section 2699(g).

#### 12 **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

##### 13 **Violation of California Government Code § 12940 (h) - Retaliation**

##### 14 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

15 71. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

16 72. Government Code § 12940(h) makes it unlawful for an employer to discriminate against any  
17 employee who opposes or makes a complaint for practices forbidden by FEHA.

18 73. Plaintiff engaged in protected activity under § 12940(h) as set forth herein.

19 74. Defendants retaliated against Plaintiff in violation of California Government Code §  
20 12940(h).

21 75. The actions of Defendants against Plaintiff constitute unlawful retaliation, in violation of  
22 FEHA. Such violations were a proximate cause in Plaintiff's damage as stated below.

#### 23 **TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

##### 24 **Wrongful Termination in Violation of Public Policy**

##### 25 **By Plaintiff Against All Defendants**

26 76. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the paragraphs above.

27 77. At all times mentioned in this complaint, it was a fundamental policy of the State of  
28 California that Defendants cannot discriminate and/or retaliate against any employee on the basis of

1 race, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, sex, and/or  
2 engagement in protected activity.

3 78. Based on the actions described above, Defendants constructively discharged Plaintiff for  
4 engaging in protected activity.

5 79. Defendants actions were in violation of California Public Policy.

6 80. As a proximate result of the acts of Defendants, and each of them, Plaintiff has suffered and  
7 will continues to suffer damages, as stated below.

8 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

9 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

10 **First Cause of Action**

- 11 1. Damages and/or penalties pursuant to Labor Code section 226.7
- 12 2. Interest
- 13 3. Attorneys' fees
- 14 4. Costs
- 15 5. Other relief the court deems proper

16 **Second Cause of Action**

- 17 1. Damages and/or penalties pursuant to Labor Code section 226.7
- 18 2. Interest
- 19 3. Attorneys' fees
- 20 4. Costs
- 21 5. Other relief the court deems proper

22 **Third Cause of Action**

- 23 1. Damages and/or penalties pursuant to Labor Code sections 558, 1194, 1197, and 1197.1
- 24 2. Liquidated damages
- 25 3. Interest
- 26 4. Attorneys' fees
- 27 5. Costs
- 28 6. Other relief the court deems proper

1 Fourth Cause of Action

- 2 1. Damages and/or penalties pursuant to Labor Code sections 510, 558, and 1194  
3 2. Interest  
4 3. Attorneys' fees  
5 4. Costs  
6 5. Other relief the court deems proper

7 Fifth Cause of Action

- 8 1. Penalties pursuant to Labor Code section 226  
9 2. Attorneys' fees  
10 3. Costs  
11 4. Other relief the court deems proper

12 Sixth Cause of Action

- 13 1. Penalties pursuant to Labor Code section 203  
14 2. Attorneys' fees  
15 3. Costs  
16 4. Other relief the court deems proper

17 Seventh Cause of Action

- 18 1. Restitution of all wrongfully withheld wages  
19 2. Attorneys' fees  
20 3. Costs  
21 4. Other relief the court deems proper

22 Eighth Cause of Action

- 23 1. All applicable civil penalties available pursuant to Labor Code section 2698, et seq.  
24 2. Public injunctive relief in the form of an Order enjoining Defendants from continuing to  
25 violate the California Labor Code in the manner alleged herein  
26 3. Attorneys' fees  
27 4. Costs  
28 5. Other relief the court deems proper

1 Ninth Cause of Action

- 2 1. Compensatory damages
- 3 2. Punitive damages
- 4 3. Attorneys' fees
- 5 4. Costs
- 6 5. Other relief the court deems proper

7 Tenth Cause of Action

- 8 1. Back pay and front pay
- 9 2. Interest on the above amounts
- 10 3. Compensatory damages
- 11 4. Punitive damages
- 12 5. Attorneys' fees
- 13 6. Costs
- 14 7. Other relief the court deems proper

15 DATED: January 24, 2025

FRONTIER LAW CENTER

17 /s/ Daniel Ginzburg

Daniel Ginzburg

18 Attorneys for Plaintiff

19 JULIEANNE SACUEZA CABRERA,

20 individually and on behalf of all others

21 similarly situated

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