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Attorneys for Plaintiff BRAD KLEIN

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

BRAD KLEIN, an individual, on behalf of
himself and on behalf of all persons similarly
situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

REDZONE SECURITY INC., a California
Corporation; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. CVRI2202841

**DECLARATION OF JEAN-CLAUDE
LAPUYADE, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR FINAL
APPROVAL OF CLASS AND PAGA ACTION
SETTLEMENT**

Date: August 15, 2024
Time: 8:30 a.m.

Judge: Hon. Harold W. Hopp
Dept.: 1

1 I, Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq., declare as follows:

2 1. I am over eighteen years of age and if called as a witness, I could and would competently
3 testify to the following facts from my own personal knowledge. I am an attorney-at-law and the owner
4 of the law firm of JCL LAW FIRM, APC (hereinafter “Class Counsel”). I am counsel of record for
5 Plaintiff BRAD KLEIN (hereafter “Plaintiff” or “Class Representative”) in this wage and hour class
6 action filed against Defendant RedZone Security, Inc. (hereinafter “Defendant”).

7 2. This declaration is being submitted in support of Plaintiff’s Motion for Final Approval of
8 Class Action and PAGA Settlement.

9 3. Attached hereto as **Exhibit “1”** is a true and correct copy of the fully executed Stipulation
10 of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims.

11 4. Attached hereto as **Exhibit “2”** is a true and correct copy of the conformed May 8, 2024,
12 Preliminary Approval Order.

13 5. Attached hereto as **Exhibit “3”** is a true and correct copy of the April 4, 2024, proof of
14 filing the proposed Settlement with the LWDA.

15 6. Attached hereto as **Exhibit “4”** is a true and correct copy of the July 24, 2024, proof of
16 filing this motion seeking final approval of this Settlement with the LWDA.

17 7. Attached hereto as **Exhibit “5”** is a true and correct copy of the JCL Law Firm, APC’s
18 “Firm Resume” detailing the credentials and a summary of cases on which Counsel has been appointed
19 Class Counsel.

20 **I. INTRODUCTION**

21 8. An objective evaluation of the proposed settlement of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars
22 and Zero Cents (\$200,000.00) (“Gross Settlement Amount”) confirms that the relief negotiated on
23 behalf of the Settlement Class is fair, reasonable, and valuable. The Settlement is a product of informed,
24 adversarial, and non-collusive negotiations between experienced counsel. After deducting any Court-
25 approved Class Counsel Award, Class Representative Service Award, Settlement Administration
26 Expenses, and the PAGA Payment, the Net Settlement Amount shall be distributed to the Settlement
27 Class Members based on the number of Workweeks they worked while employed by Defendant during
28 the Class Period. *The Class greeted news of the Settlement with unanimous approval as, at the time*

1 *of the filing of this motion, all 505 Class Members chose to participate in the Settlement. There are*
2 *zero opt-outs and zero objections to the Settlement.*¹ The unanimous approval by the Settlement Class
3 evidences the clear fairness and reasonableness of the Settlement.

4 9. The relief offered by the Settlement is immediate and is particularly impressive when
5 viewed against the difficulties encountered by plaintiffs pursuing similar wage and hour cases (*see*
6 *infra*). Indeed, by settling now rather than proceeding to trial, the Settlement Class will not have to wait
7 (possibly years) for relief, nor will they have to bear the risks associated with prolonged and uncertain
8 litigation.

9 10. As discussed below, the proposed Settlement satisfies all criteria for final settlement
10 approval under California law and falls well within the range of reasonableness. Accordingly, the Class
11 Representative and Class Counsel respectfully request this Court grant final approval of the Agreement
12 and entry of the proposed Final Approval Order and Judgment.

13 **II. OVERVIEW OF THE LITIGATION**

14 11. Defendant provides security services in the state of California, including Riverside
15 County, where Plaintiff worked. Plaintiff worked for Defendant in California from September of 2021
16 to October of 2021. During his employment, Plaintiff claims that he was denied legally compliant meal
17 and rest periods, and minimum wages and overtime compensation. Throughout his employment,
18 Plaintiff was subject to Defendant's written policies and procedures.

19 12. Generally, Plaintiff claims that Defendant failed to provide compliant meal and rest
20 periods, failed to pay for all time worked, failed to reimburse necessary business expenses, and failed
21 to furnish accurate, itemized wage statements. Defendant denies liability for each of Plaintiff's claims.
22 Further, Defendant asserts that it fully complied with all applicable employment laws and raised several
23 other significant defenses to Plaintiff's claims, including but not limited to, asserting that they
24 maintained facially compliant meal and rest period policies, paid their employees for all hours worked,
25 and properly reimbursed all necessary business expenses.

26 13. On May 5, 2022, Plaintiff served Defendant and the Labor and Workforce Development
27 Agency ("LWDA") with a Notice of Violations ("PAGA Notice"). Plaintiff's PAGA Notice set forth
28

¹ Seven (7) Notices were deemed undeliverable. Apex Dec. at ¶ 10.

the facts and theories supporting Defendant’s alleged violations of various provisions of the California Labor Code and applicable Industrial Welfare Commissions (“IWC”) Wage Order and of his intent to pursue claims under California Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act, Cal. Lab. Code Sections 2698 *et seq* (“PAGA”).

14. On July 11, 2022, Plaintiff filed a class action complaint in the Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841 (“Action”). The Action alleged nine causes of action against Defendant for: (1) Unfair Competition in violation of Bus. and Prof. Code §§ 17200; (2) Failure to Pay Minimum Wages in Violation of California Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, and 1197.1; (3) Failure to Pay Overtime Wages in Violation of California Labor Code §§ 510; (4) Failure to Provide Required Meal Periods in Violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (5) Failure to Provide Required Rest Periods in Violation of California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512; (6) Failure to provide Accurate Itemized Wage Statements in violation of California Labor Code § 226; (7) Failure to Provide Wages When Due in Violation of California Labor Code §§ 201, 202, and 203; (8) Failure to Reimburse Employees for Required Expenses in Violation of California Labor Code § 2802; and (9) Violation of the Private Attorneys General Act in violation of California Labor Code sections 2698, *et seq*.

15. After Plaintiff commenced written discovery, the Parties agreed to mediate this action on February 24, 2023, with retired jurist and mediator Hon. Brian C. Walsh (Ret.). To prepare for mediation, the Parties agreed to informally exchange additional documents and data points subject to the mediation privilege, including but not limited to, the Class Members’ time data and certain payroll data points.

16. The Parties subsequently cancelled mediation due to Defendant’s inability to engage in settlement negotiations. Specifically, Defendant’s sole owner had been stricken with a grave, debilitating illness that precluded the parties from proceeding to mediation in February 2023. Further, Defendant raised the possibility that it would be unable to satisfy a larger class-wide settlement due to the sole owner’s illness and its financial condition. Accordingly, counsel for Defendant offered a class-wide settlement of \$200,000.00. Class Counsel retained Certified Public Accountant, Kenneth L. Creal, to review and analyze Defendant’s 2022 tax return. Based on Mr. Creal’s review, he determined that Defendant could not afford a larger settlement than the one contemplated here.

1 17. Thus, the Parties agreed upon the Gross Settlement Amount of \$200,000.00. Thereafter,
2 the Parties drafted and negotiated a long-form settlement agreement, which is the subject of the instant
3 motion.

4 **III. THE SETTLEMENT BEFORE THE COURT**

5 18. The Court preliminarily approved an initial Gross Settlement Amount of Two Hundred
6 Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$200,000.00) based on a total of an estimated 10,000 Workweeks
7 worked by the Class during the Class Period. The Gross Settlement Amount shall be used: (1) to satisfy
8 Individual Settlement Payments; (2) to satisfy the Class Representative Service Award; (3) to satisfy
9 the Class Counsel Award; (4) to satisfy the PAGA Payment; and (5) to satisfy the Settlement
10 Administration Expenses incurred in this action.

11 19. As explained in further detail below, the Settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable to
12 the class and should be granted final approval. This is evidenced by the unanimous approval of the
13 Settlement by the Settlement Class, the absence of any objections to the Settlement and the average
14 Individual Settlement Payment of **\$174.92**.

15 **IV. THE SETTLEMENT IS FAIR, REASONABLE, AND ADEQUATE**

16 **A. Class Counsel Conducted a Thorough Investigation**

17 20. Months before filing the Action, Class Counsel began its pre-filing investigation into
18 Plaintiff's complaints. Class Counsel's investigation started with several lengthy interviews with
19 Plaintiff. As part of the interview process, the Plaintiff produced documents related to his employment.
20 At the conclusion of the interviews, Class Counsel determined that Plaintiff's complaints justified
21 further inquiry.

22 21. Class Counsel subsequently requested Plaintiff's employee files from Defendant. In
23 response, Defendant produced several documents, including but not limited, copies of Plaintiff's hiring
24 documents and payroll records, and various company policies. Class Counsel reviewed and analyzed
25 the documents and determined the documents appeared to substantiate Plaintiff's claims that Defendant
26 failed to, among other things, provide compliant meal and rest periods, failed to pay all for all time
27 worked, failed to reimburse necessary business expenses, and failed to furnish accurate, itemized wage
28 statements.

1 22. Through informal discovery, Defendant produced time and payroll records for the Class
2 Members, aggregate workweek and pay period data for the Class Members, aggregate meal premiums
3 paid to the Class Members, average hourly rate for the Class Members, average shift length for Class
4 Members, number of current Class Members, number of former Class Members who were employed
5 during the Class Period, and copies of applicable handbooks, policies, and agreements. In total, Class
6 Counsel reviewed hundreds of pages of documents of time and payroll data.

7 23. Class Counsel analyzed Defendant's time and payroll data to assist in the development
8 of various damage models. Among other things, Class Counsel estimated the approximate amount of
9 unpaid wages, amount of unpaid overtime wages, number of workweeks, pay periods, average length
10 of shifts and average number of hours worked per week. Class Counsel also estimated the number of
11 missed, late, or truncated meal and rest periods, the amount of off-the-clock work, and the amount of
12 missed meal and rest period premiums paid during the Class Period. Class Counsel's investigation,
13 research, experience, and damage models informed and guided the negotiations that resulted in this
14 settlement.

15 24. The Parties agreed to mediate this action on February 24, 2023, with retired jurist and
16 mediator Hon. Brian C. Walsh (Ret.). The Parties subsequently cancelled mediation due to Defendant's
17 inability to engage in settlement negotiations. Specifically, Defendant's sole owner had been stricken
18 with a grave, debilitating illness that precluded the parties from proceeding to mediation in February
19 2023. Further, Defendant raised the possibility that it would be unable to satisfy a larger class-wide
20 settlement due to the sole owner's illness and its financial condition. Accordingly, counsel for
21 Defendant offered a class-wide settlement of \$200,000.00. Class Counsel retained Certified Public
22 Accountant, Kenneth L. Creal, to review and analyze Defendant's 2022 tax return. Based on Mr. Creal's
23 review, he determined that Defendant could not afford a larger settlement than the one contemplated
24 here. Thus, the Parties agreed upon the Gross Settlement Amount of \$200,000.00. The amount of the
25 service awards was not negotiated until after the parties agreed to the Gross Settlement Amount and
26 many other terms. No action would likely have been taken by Class Members individually, and no
27 compensation would have been recovered for them, but for Plaintiff's service on behalf of the Class.

28 ///

1 25. Overall, Class Counsel thoroughly investigated the claims at issue, including: (1)
2 determining Plaintiff's suitability as a putative class representative through interviews, background
3 investigations, and analysis of his employment files; (2) evaluating all of Plaintiff's potential claims;
4 (3) researching similar wage and hour class actions as to the claims brought, the nature of the positions,
5 and the type of employer; (4) analyzing the Settlement Class's time and payroll records; (5) analyzing
6 Defendants' labor policies and practices; (6) researching settlements in similar cases as well as
7 outstanding issues which could affect settlement approval; (7) evaluating Plaintiff's claims and
8 estimating Defendants' liability for purposes of settlement; and (8) participating in settlement
9 negotiations. This investigation allowed Class Counsel to fully assess the nature and magnitude of the
10 claims being settled, as well as the impediments to recovery, such as to make an independent assessment
11 of the reasonableness of the terms to which the Parties have agreed.

12 26. Class Counsel only agreed to enter the Settlement following this thorough investigation
13 and evaluation of Plaintiff's claims. Based on their investigation of the facts, applicable law, and
14 marketplace for similar settlements, and considering the risk of significant delay and uncertainty
15 associated with litigation, the various defenses asserted by Defendant, and Defendant's financial
16 condition, Class Counsel firmly believe this Agreement to be in the best interests of the Class Members.
17 Because the Settlement's terms are fair, reasonable, and adequate, the Court should preliminarily
18 approve the Settlement.

19 **B. Class Counsel is Experienced in Similar Litigation**

20 27. Plaintiff is represented by competent and experienced counsel to pursue her claims. I
21 established the JCL Law Firm, APC ("Firm"), in 2010. The Firm is a boutique plaintiff firm representing
22 aggrieved employees and consumers throughout California in wage and hour class actions and complex
23 multi-party product liability matters. The Firm currently consists of myself, Jean-Claude Lapuyade,
24 Esq. (Partner/Owner), Sydney Castillo-Johnson, Esq. (Associate Attorney), Monnett De La Torre, Esq.
25 (Associate Attorney), Perssia Razma, Esq. (Associate Attorney), Andrea Amaya Silva, Esq. (Associate
26 Attorney), Tesla Stone (Senior Paralegal and Office Manager), Jennifer Heming (Paralegal), Andrew
27 Ward (Law Clerk), Sara Chrestensen (Legal Assistant), and Nicole Teller (Legal Assistant).

28 ///

1 28. I am qualified to represent the Plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved
2 Employees. I have extensive experience with wage and hour class and representative actions litigation
3 like this matter, and employment matters in general. Additionally, I have extensive complex mass tort
4 litigation experience and complex construction product liability experience. I can, will and have
5 adequately represented the interests of the Plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved
6 Employees throughout this action.

7 29. I have represented consumers and employees in California class actions, and complex
8 multi-party product liability actions exclusively for more than 17 years. I have been in practice as a
9 plaintiffs' civil litigation attorney since April 2007.

10 30. I am qualified to represent the Plaintiff, the State of California and the Aggrieved
11 Employees. I have extensive experience with wage and hour class and representative actions litigation
12 like this matter, and employment matters in general. My credentials are reflected in the JCL Law Firm,
13 APC, Firm Resume, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit "5"** Some of the
14 major cases the Firm has undertaken are also set forth in **Exhibit "5."**

15 31. Since 2010, I have successfully tried two (2) cases to conclusion, each resulting in a
16 favorable verdict for the firm's clients.

17 32. Finally, I have published appellate experience in *William Blanchette et al., v. The*
18 *Superior Court of Imperial County, (GHA Enterprises)*, 8 Cal.App.5th 521, *Duran v. EmployBridge*
19 *Holding Co. LLC* (2023) 92 Cal.App.5th 59.

20 33. Consequently, I have been named to the prestigious Thomson Reuters, Super Lawyers,
21 Rising Star in 2015, 2016, 2017 and, again, in 2018. According to Thomson Reuters, the Super Lawyers,
22 Rising Star list recognizes the top 2.5% of eligible attorneys. (see
23 https://www.superlawyers.com/about/selection_process.html.)

24 **C. The Gross Settlement Amount is Fair and Reasonable**

25 34. Here, the Settlement is clearly within the "ballpark" of reasonableness because the
26 Settlement provides a sizeable recovery to the Settlement Class and need not necessarily obtain 100
27 percent of the damages sought to be fair, reasonable, and ultimately, meaningful. *Wershba*, 91
28 Cal.App.4th at 250. While the Gross Settlement Amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars and Zero

1 Cents (\$200,000.00) represents a discount on Defendant's potential exposure if Plaintiff established
2 liability on all claims and was awarded the full amount of the estimated damages at trial, this
3 compromise is reasonable because (1) the formidable defenses raised by Defendant presented a risk that
4 could award significantly less in damages than Plaintiff's estimate and (2) any theoretical post-trial
5 recovery may require many more years of litigation, resulting in added fees and costs without any
6 guarantee of recovery for the Class.

7 35. As detailed at the time of preliminary approval, the Gross Settlement Amount is fair and
8 reasonable considering the nature and magnitude of the claims being settled and the various potential
9 impediments to recovery. Class Counsel developed varied economic damages models measuring
10 Defendant's liability exposure while accounting for the uncertainties of continued litigation. The various
11 models were informed by Class Counsel's investigation, including the analysis of a significant sample
12 of time and payroll data. As detailed in greater depth during the preliminary approval process, Class
13 Counsel projected a range of Defendant's liability exposure for the claims asserted on behalf of the
14 Settlement Class. The Gross Settlement Amount represents between 55.59% and 10.08% of
15 Defendant's *class-wide* liability exposure as estimated by Class Counsel at the time the parties reached
16 the settlement.

17 36. Clearly the goal of this litigation to obtain redress for the class has been met by this
18 Settlement. Given the amount of the Settlement, the risks of litigation and the arm's length negotiations
19 between experienced counsel, the settlement is fair and reasonable, and is therefore entitled to final
20 approval.

21 **D. The Strength of Plaintiff's Case and Risks of Continued Litigation**

22 37. Although Class Counsel believes strongly in Plaintiff's claims, it would be misguided to
23 ignore the asserted defenses. If successful on any one of its defenses, Defendant could defend the action
24 or, at least, drastically undercut Plaintiff's claims.

25 38. With respect to the most immediate challenge, i.e., class certification, the risks attendant
26 to the certification of similar wage and hour claims are demonstrated by *Magadia v. Wal-Mart*
27 *Associates, Inc.* (9th Cir. 2021) 999 F.3d 668. There, the Ninth Circuit, vacated reversed and remanded
28 a \$110 million judgement against an employer for, *inter alia*, inaccurately paying overtime, and directed

1 the trial court to enter judgement in favor of the employer. *See also O’Conner v. Uber Technologies,*
2 *Inc.* (9th Cir. 2018) 904 F.3d 1087 (decertification of wage and hour misclassification action); *see also*
3 *Duran v. U.S. Bank National Association* (2014) 59 Cal.4th 1, 31 (reversing a trial verdict in favor
4 plaintiffs in a wage and hour class action)); *Tien v. Tenet Healthcare Corp.* (2012) 209 Cal.App.4th
5 1077, 1088 (“[T]he reason, if any, that employees might not take their breaks were predominantly
6 individualized questions of fact not susceptible to class treatment.”); *Ali v. U.S.A. Cab Ltd.* (2009) 176
7 Cal.App.4th 1333, 1341 (affirming denial of certification because employees’ declarations attesting to
8 having taken meal and rest breaks demonstrated that individualized inquiries were required to show
9 harm); *Campbell v. Best Buy Stores, L.P.*, (C.D. Cal. 2013) 2013 WL 5302217 at *11-13 (following
10 *Brinker* and denying certification of proposed off-the-clock and rest and meal break classes due to lack
11 of uniform policy); *Brown v. Fed Express Corp.* (C.D. Cal. 2008) 249 F.R.D. 580, 587-88 (denying
12 certification of driver meal and rest period claims based on the predominance of individual issues).
13 Collectively, the examples cited above illustrate the uncertain nature of class litigation. Consequently,
14 the uncertainty of obtaining certification through a contested motion is a significant risk factor favoring
15 settlement.

16 39. Although Plaintiff is confident about the strength of his claims, Plaintiff nevertheless
17 recognizes that Defendant has factual and legal defenses that, if successful, would potentially defeat or
18 impair the value of the lawsuit. Legally, the fast-changing landscape of wage and hour litigation can
19 drastically affect the value of Plaintiff’s claims and, in fact, already has.

20 40. As demonstrated by the decisions in *Magadia, supra*, 999 F.3d 668, *O’Conner v. Uber*
21 *Technologies* (N.D. Cal. 2018) 82 F.Supp.3d 1133 and *Duran v. U.S. Bank National Assn.* (2014) 59
22 Cal.4th 1, the complexities and duration of further litigation cannot be overstated. The benefits of a
23 guaranteed recovery today outweigh an uncertain result three or more years in the future.

24 41. The Class Representative and Class Counsel recognize the expense and length of a trial
25 against Defendant through possible appeals, which could take another three years. In arriving at their
26 informed belief that the present settlement is fair and adequate, Class Counsel accounted for the
27 uncertain outcome and risk inherent in complex actions such as this one. Class Counsel is also mindful
28 of and recognizes the inherent problems of proof under, and alleged defenses to, the claims asserted in

1 the litigation. Moreover, post-trial motions and appeals would have been inevitable. Costs would have
2 mounted, and recovery would have been delayed if not denied, thereby reducing the benefits of an
3 ultimate victory. Class Representative and Class Counsel believe that the Settlement confers substantial
4 monetary and non-monetary benefits upon the Class. Based upon their evaluation, Class Representative
5 and Class Counsel have determined that the Settlement set forth in the Agreement is in the best interest
6 of the Class, is fair, reasonable, and adequate, and should be granted final approval.

7 **V. THE PENALTIES UNDER PAGA ARE REASONABLE**

8 42. Here, Plaintiff and Defendant negotiated a good faith PAGA Payment in the amount of
9 \$10,000 which is 5% of the Gross Settlement Amount. As illustrated above, this amount falls well
10 within the range of approved PAGA Settlements. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the PAGA Payment
11 (\$7,500) will be paid to the LWDA ("LWDA Payment") with the remaining twenty-five percent (25%)
12 of the PAGA Payment (\$2,500.00) to be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees ("Aggrieved
13 Employee Payment") which is within the range of PAGA penalties approved by courts and should be
14 approved.

15 43. Class Counsel gave the LWDA notice of this Settlement and proposed allocation by filing
16 a copy of the Settlement, the Motion for Preliminary Approval, and this motion seeking final approval
17 with the LWDA.

18
19 I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing
20 is true and correct. Executed this 24th day of July 2024, at San Diego, California.

21 **JCL LAW FIRM, APC**

22 By: 

23 Jean-Claude Lapuyade
24
25
26
27
28

EXHIBIT 1

JCL LAW FIRM, APC

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Sydney Castillo Johnson (State Bar #343881)
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IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

BRAD KLEIN, an individual, on behalf of
himself and on behalf of all persons similarly
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Plaintiff,

v.

REDZONE SECURITY INC., a California
Corporation; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. CVRI2202841

[Complaint Filed: July 11, 2022]

**STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF
CLASS AND PAGA ACTION CLAIMS
AND RELEASE OF CLAIMS**

1 This Stipulation of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims is
2 entered into by and between plaintiff BRAD KLEIN (hereinafter “Plaintiff”), an individual, on behalf
3 of the Settlement Class, and in his representative capacity on behalf of the State of California and
4 the Aggrieved Employees, and Defendant REDZONE SECURITY INC., a California Corporation,
5 (“Defendant”):

6 **I. DEFINITIONS**

- 7 A. “Action” shall mean the putative class action lawsuit designated *Brad Klein v.*
8 *Redzone Security Inc.*, Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841,
9 filed July 11, 2022.
- 10 B. “Aggrieved Employees” shall mean all non-exempt employees who are or previously
11 were directly employed by Defendant and performed work in California during the
12 PAGA Period.
- 13 C. “Aggrieved Employee Payment” shall mean the twenty-five (25%) of the PAGA
14 Payment (\$2,500) allocated and distributed to the Aggrieved Employees.
- 15 D. “Agreement” or “Settlement Agreement” means this Stipulation of Settlement of
16 Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims.
- 17 E. “Class Counsel” shall mean Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq. of JCL Law Firm, APC and
18 Shani Zakay of Zakay Law Group, APLC.
- 19 F. “Class Counsel Award” means the award of fees and expenses that the Court
20 authorizes to be paid to Class Counsel for the services they have rendered to Plaintiff
21 and the Class in the Action, consisting of attorneys’ fees currently not to exceed one-
22 third of the Gross Settlement Amount currently estimated to be \$66,666.66 out of
23 \$200,000.00, plus costs and expenses in the amount of \$15,000.00. Class Counsel’s
24 award for attorneys’ fees will be divided equally between Class Counsel (50% to
25 JCL Law Firm, APC and 50% to Zakay Law Group, APLC).
- 26 G. “Class Data” means information regarding Class Members that Defendant will in
27 good faith compile from its records and provide to the Settlement Administrator. It
28 shall be formatted as a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet and shall include: each Class

Member's full name; last known address; Social Security Number; start dates and end dates of employment.

H. "Class Members" or the "Class" means all persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant as a non-exempt employee in California during the Class Period.

I. "Class Period" means the period between July 11, 2019 through January 11, 2024.

J. "Class Representative" shall mean plaintiff Brad Klein.

K. "Class Representative Service Award" means the amount that the Court authorizes to be paid to the Class Representative in recognition of his efforts and risks in assisting with the prosecution of the Action.

L. "Court" means the Superior Court for the State of California, County of Riverside currently presiding over the Action.

M. "Defendant" shall mean Redzone Security Inc.

N. "Effective Date" means the earliest date, following entry by the Court of an order and judgment finally approving this Settlement, upon which one of the following have occurred: (i) if no objection is filed to the settlement and no objector appears at the hearing on final approval, the date of the Court's entry of the order granting final approval, (ii) if an objection is filed to the settlement and/or an objector appears at the hearing on final approval, then the earlier of the following: (a) the expiration of all potential appeal periods without a filing of a notice of appeal of the final approval order or judgment; (b) final affirmance of the final approval order and judgment by an appellate court as a result of any appeal(s), or (c) final dismissal or denial of all such appeals (including any petition for review, rehearing, certiorari, etc.) such that the final approval order and judgment is no longer subject to further judicial review.

O. "Funding Date" shall mean sixty (60) calendar days after the Effective Date and is the date Defendant transfers the Gross Settlement Amount into the QSF in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

- 1 P. "Gross Settlement Amount" means Two Hundred Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents
2 (\$200,000.00) that Defendant must pay into the QSF in connection with this
3 Settlement, inclusive of the sum of the Individual Settlement Payments, the Class
4 Representative Service Award, the Class Counsel Award, PAGA Payment and the
5 Settlement Administration Expenses and *exclusive* of the employer's share of payroll
6 tax, if any, triggered by any payment under this Settlement.
- 7 Q. "Individual Settlement Payment" means the amount payable from the Net Settlement
8 Amount to each Settlement Class Member and excludes any amounts distributed to
9 Aggrieved Employees pursuant to PAGA.
- 10 R. "LWDA Payment" shall mean the seventy-five percent (75%) of the PAGA Payment
11 (\$7,500) allocated to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency.
- 12 S. "Net Settlement Amount" or "NSA" means the Gross Settlement Amount, less Class
13 Counsel Award, Class Representative Service Award, PAGA Payment, and
14 Settlement Administration Expenses.
- 15 T. "Notice Packet" means the Class Notice to be provided to the Class Members by the
16 Settlement Administrator in the form set forth as Exhibit A to this Agreement (other
17 than formatting changes to facilitate printing by the Settlement Administrator).
- 18 U. "PAGA" means the California Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004,
19 Labor Code § 2698 *et seq.*
- 20 V. "PAGA Payment" shall mean Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$10,000.00) to
21 be allocated from the Gross Settlement Amount in settlement of the Released PAGA
22 Claims.
- 23 W. "PAGA Payment Ratio" means the respective pay periods during the PAGA Period
24 for each Aggrieved Employee divided by the sum total of the pay periods for all
25 Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period.
- 26 X. "PAGA Pay Periods," for purposes of calculating the distribution of the Aggrieved
27 Employee Payment, as defined herein, means the number of pay periods of
28

employment during the PAGA Period that each Aggrieved Employee worked in California.

Y. “PAGA Period” means the period between May 5, 2021 to January 11, 2024.

Z. “Parties” means Plaintiff and Defendant, collectively, and “Party” shall mean either Plaintiff or Defendant, individually.

AA. “Payment Ratio” means the respective Workweeks for each Class Member divided by the sum total Workweeks for all Class Members.

BB. “Plaintiff” shall mean Brad Klein.

CC. “QSF” means the Qualified Settlement Fund established, designated and maintained by the Settlement Administrator to fund the Gross Settlement Amount.

DD. “Released Class Claims” means all class claims which are alleged in the operative complaint, which occurred during the Class Period, and expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers’ compensation, and class claims outside of the Class Period.

EE. “Released PAGA Claims” means all PAGA claims which are alleged in the operative complaint and Plaintiff’s PAGA notice to the LWDA which occurred during the PAGA Period, and expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers’ compensation, and PAGA claims outside of the PAGA Period.

FF. “Released Party” shall mean Defendant together with its officers, directors, employees and agents.

GG. “Response Deadline” means the date forty-five (45) days after the Settlement Administrator mails Notice Packets to Class Members and the last date on which Class Members may submit requests for exclusion or objections to the Settlement.

HH. “Settlement” means the disposition of the Action pursuant to this Agreement.

II. “Settlement Administrator” means Apex Class Action LLC, 18 Technology Drive, Suite 164 Irvine, CA 92618. The Settlement Administrator establishes, designates

and maintains, as a QSF under Internal Revenue Code section 468B and Treasury Regulation section 1.468B-1, into which the amount of the Gross Settlement Amount is deposited for the purpose of resolving the claims of Settlement Class Members. The Settlement Administrator shall maintain the funds until distribution in an account(s) segregated from the assets of Defendant and any person related to Defendant. *All accrued interest shall be paid and distributed to the Settlement Class Members as part of their respective Individual Settlement Payment.*

JJ. “Settlement Administration Expenses” shall mean the amount to be paid for the costs of administration of the Settlement from the Gross Settlement Amount in an amount not to exceed \$10,000.00.

KK. “Settlement Class Members” or “Settlement Class” means all Class Members who have not submitted a timely and valid request for exclusion as provided in this Agreement.

LL. “Workweeks”, for purposes of calculating the distribution of the Net Settlement Amount, means the number of weeks of employment during the Class Period that each Class Member was employed by Defendant in California, excluding weeks during which the Class Member did not perform any work for Defendant.

II. RECITALS

A. On May 5, 2022, Plaintiff filed a Notice of Violations with the Labor and Workforce Development Agency (LWDA) and served the same on Defendant.

B. On July 11, 2022, Plaintiff filed the Class Action lawsuit for:

1. Unfair Competition in Violation of Bus. and Prof. Code sections 17200 *et seq*;
2. Failure to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197 and 1197.1;
3. Failure to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 510 *et seq*;
4. Failure to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable IWC wage order;

5. Failure to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable IWC wage order;
6. Failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code section 226;
7. Failure to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code sections 201, 202 and 203; and
8. Failure to reimburse Plaintiff for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code section 2802; and
9. Violation of the Private Attorneys General Act in violation of California Labor Code sections 2698, *et seq.*

C. The Class Representative believes he has meritorious claims based on alleged violations of the California Labor Code, and the Industrial Wage Commission Orders, and that class certification is appropriate because the prerequisites for class certification can be satisfied in the Action, and this action is manageable as a PAGA representative action.

D. Defendant denies any liability or wrongdoing of any kind associated with the claims alleged in the Action, dispute any wages, damages and penalties claimed by the Class Representative are owed, and further contend that, for any purpose other than settlement, the Action is not appropriate for class or representative action treatment. Defendant contends, among other things, that at all times it complied with the California Labor Code and the Industrial Wage Commission Orders.

E. The Class Representative is represented by Class Counsel. Class Counsel investigated the facts relevant to the Action, including conducting an independent investigation as to the allegations, reviewing financial documents, and information exchanged through informal discovery. Defendant produced for the purpose of settlement negotiations certain employment data concerning the Settlement Class, which Class Counsel reviewed and analyzed. Based on their own independent investigation and evaluation, Class Counsel are of the opinion that the Settlement with Defendant is fair, reasonable

1 and adequate, and is in the best interest of the Settlement Class in light of all known
2 facts and circumstances, including the risks of significant delay, defenses asserted by
3 Defendant, uncertainties regarding class certification, and numerous potential
4 appellate issues. Although it denies any liability, Defendant agrees to this Settlement
5 solely to avoid the inconveniences and cost of further litigation. The Parties and their
6 counsel have agreed to settle the claims on the terms set forth in this Agreement.

7 F. During the litigation, Defendant's sole owner had been stricken with a grave and
8 debilitating illness that precluded him from participating in the litigation.

9 G. On July 13, 2023, counsel for Defendant informed Class Counsel that Defendant
10 ceased operations and closed its business. Due to Defendant's sole owner's physical
11 condition and Defendant's business closure, Defendant raised the possibility that it
12 would be unable to satisfy a larger class-wide settlement.

13 H. Defendant produced various financial documents for Class Counsel to review and
14 analyze. Class Counsel retained Certified Public Accountant, Kenneth L. Creal, CPA,
15 to review and analyze Defendant's financial information, including its tax returns and
16 profit and loss sheets.

17 I. On November 30, 2023, Plaintiff received a financial report from Mr. Creal. Based
18 on Mr. Creal's review, he determined that Defendant could not afford a larger
19 settlement than the one contemplated here.

20 J. This Agreement replaces and supersedes any other agreements, understandings, or
21 representations between the Parties. This Agreement represents a compromise and
22 settlement of highly disputed claims. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or will
23 be construed as an admission by Defendant that the claims in the Action of Plaintiff
24 or the Class Members have merit or that Defendant bears any liability to Plaintiff or
25 the Class on those claims or any other claims, or as an admission by Plaintiff that
26 Defendant's defenses in the Action have merit.

27 K. The Parties believe that the Settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate. The
28 Settlement was arrived at through arm's-length negotiations, considering all relevant

factors. The Parties recognize the uncertainty, risk, expense and delay attendant to continuing the Action through trial and any appeal. Accordingly, the Parties desire to fully, finally, and forever settle, compromise and discharge all disputes and claims arising from or relating to the Action.

- L. The Parties agree to certification of the Class for purposes of this Settlement only. If for any reason the settlement does not become effective, Defendant reserves the right to contest certification of any class for any reason and reserves all available defenses to the claims in the Action.

Based on these Recitals that are a part of this Agreement, the Parties agree as follows:

III. TERMS OF AGREEMENT

A. Settlement Consideration and Settlement Payments by Defendant.

1. Settlement Consideration. In full and complete settlement of the Action, and in exchange for the releases set forth below, Defendant will pay the sum of the Individual Settlement Payment, the Class Representative Service Award, the Class Counsel Award, PAGA Payment, and the Settlement Administration Expenses, as specified in this Agreement, equal to the Gross Settlement Amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$200,000.00). The Parties agree that this is a non-reversionary Settlement and that no portion of the Gross Settlement Amount shall revert to Defendant. Other than the Defendant's share of employer payroll taxes and as provided for in Section III(A)(2) below, if any, Defendant shall not be required to pay more than the Gross Settlement Amount, except as provided for hereinbelow.
2. Class Size. At the time of mediation, Defendant estimated that the Settlement Class was comprised of 338 Class Members who collectively worked approximately 10,000 Workweeks ("Projected Workweeks") during the Class Period and 338 Aggrieved Employees who worked a total of 4,550 Pay Periods during the PAGA Period. In regard hereto, Defendant will provide a declaration under penalty of perjury before the deadline for filing the motion

1 for preliminary approval of the settlement, confirming the number of
2 applicable Class Members and workweeks they worked during the applicable
3 Class Period. If the actual number of Workweeks exceeds the Projected
4 Workweeks, Defendant may opt to cut off the Class Period when 10,000
5 Workweeks are reached.

6 3. Settlement Payment. Defendant and the Released Parties, and each of them,
7 are jointly and severally liable for payment of the Gross Settlement Amount.
8 Defendant shall pay the Gross Settlement Amount to the Settlement
9 Administrator on the Funding Date.

10 4. Defendant's Share of Payroll Taxes. Defendant's share of employer side
11 payroll taxes is in addition to the Gross Settlement Amount and shall be paid
12 together with the Gross Settlement Amount.

13 B. Release by Settlement Class Members. As of the Funding Date, in exchange for the
14 consideration set forth in this Agreement, Plaintiff and the Settlement Class Members
15 release the Released Parties from the Released Class Claims for the Class Period.

16 C. Release by the Plaintiff and State of California. As of the Funding Date, in exchange
17 for the consideration set forth in this Agreement, the Plaintiff, the LWDA and the State
18 of California release the Released Parties from the Released PAGA Claims for the
19 PAGA Period. As a result of this release, the Aggrieved Employees shall be precluded
20 from bringing claims against Released Parties for the Released PAGA Claims. The
21 forgoing is subject to and intended to be in compliance with Case Management Order
22 #1 H(9)(d), such that Plaintiff releases all claims for statutory penalties that could have
23 been sought by the Labor Commissioner for the violations identified in Plaintiff's pre-
24 filing letter to the LWDA and only to the extent they are alleged in the complaint;
25 Plaintiff does not release any aggrieved employee's claim for wages or damages.

26 D. Conditions Precedent: This Settlement will become final and effective only upon the
27 occurrence of all of the following events:

28 1. The Court enters an order granting preliminary approval of the Settlement;

2. The Court enters an order granting final approval of the Settlement and a Final Judgment;
 3. If an objector appears at the final approval hearing, the time for appeal of the Final Judgment and Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action Settlement expires; or, if an appeal is timely filed, there is a final resolution of any appeal from the Judgment and Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action Settlement; and
 4. Defendant fully funds the Gross Settlement Amount.
- E. Nullification of Settlement Agreement. In the event that this Settlement Agreement is not preliminarily or finally approved by the Court, fails to become effective, or is reversed, withdrawn or modified by the Court, or in any way prevents or prohibits Defendant from obtaining a complete resolution of the Released Class Claims, or if Defendant fails to fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount:
1. This Settlement Agreement shall be void *ab initio* and of no force or effect, and shall not be admissible in any judicial, administrative or arbitral proceeding for any purpose or with respect to any issue, substantive or procedural;
 2. The conditional class certification (obtained for any purpose) shall be void *ab initio* and of no force or effect, and shall not be admissible in any judicial, administrative or arbitral proceeding for any purpose or with respect to any issue, substantive or procedural; and
 3. None of the Parties to this Settlement will be deemed to have waived any claims, objections, defenses or arguments in the Action, including with respect to the issue of class certification.
 4. If Defendant fails to fully fund the Gross Settlement Amount, Defendant shall bear the sole responsibility for any cost to issue or reissue any curative notice to the Settlement Class Members and all Settlement Administration Expenses incurred to the date of nullification.

- 1 F. Certification of the Settlement Class. The Parties stipulate to conditional class
2 certification of the Class for the Class Period for purposes of settlement only. In the
3 event that this Settlement is not approved by the Court, fails to become effective, or is
4 reversed, withdrawn or modified by the Court, or in any way prevents or prohibits
5 Defendant from obtaining a complete resolution of the Released Class Claims, the
6 conditional class certification (obtained for any purpose) shall be void *ab initio* and of
7 no force or effect, and shall not be admissible in any judicial, administrative or arbitral
8 proceeding for any purpose or with respect to any issue, substantive or procedural.
- 9 G. Tax Liability. The Parties make no representations as to the tax treatment or legal
10 effect of the payments called for, and Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees are
11 not relying on any statement or representation by the Parties in this regard. Class
12 Members and/or Aggrieved Employees understand and agree that they will be
13 responsible for the payment of any taxes and penalties assessed on the Individual
14 Settlement Payments and/or Aggrieved Employee Payment described and will be
15 solely responsible for any penalties or other obligations resulting from their personal
16 tax reporting of Individual Settlement Payments and/or Aggrieved Employee Payment.
- 17 H. Circular 230 Disclaimer. Each Party to this Agreement (for purposes of this section,
18 the “acknowledging party” and each Party to this Agreement other than the
19 acknowledging party, an “other party”) acknowledges and agrees that: (1) no provision
20 of this Agreement, and no written communication or disclosure between or among the
21 Parties or their attorneys and other advisers, is or was intended to be, nor shall any
22 such communication or disclosure constitute or be construed or be relied upon as, tax
23 advice within the meaning of United States Treasury Department circular 230 (31 CFR
24 part 10, as amended); (2) the acknowledging party (a) has relied exclusively upon his,
25 her or its own, independent legal and tax counsel for advice (including tax advice) in
26 connection with this Agreement, (b) has not entered into this Agreement based upon
27 the recommendation of any other Party or any attorney or advisor to any other Party,
28 and (c) is not entitled to rely upon any communication or disclosure by any attorney

1 or adviser to any other party to avoid any tax penalty that may be imposed on the
2 acknowledging party, and (3) no attorney or adviser to any other Party has imposed
3 any limitation that protects the confidentiality of any such attorney's or adviser's tax
4 strategies (regardless of whether such limitation is legally binding) upon disclosure by
5 the acknowledging party of the tax treatment or tax structure of any transaction,
6 including any transaction contemplated by this Agreement.

7 I. Preliminary Approval Motion. Plaintiff shall draft and file with the Court a Motion for
8 Order Granting Preliminary Approval and supporting papers within a reasonable
9 period of time after complete execution of this agreement and will provide Defendant
10 with a draft of the Motion at least three (3) business days prior to the filing of the
11 Motion to give Defendant an opportunity to propose changes or additions to the
12 Motion.

13 J. Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator shall be responsible for:
14 establishing and administering the QSF; calculating, processing and mailing payments
15 to the Class Representative, Class Counsel, LWDA and Class Members; printing and
16 mailing the Notice Packets to the Class Members as directed by the Court; receiving
17 and reporting the objections and requests for exclusion; calculating, deducting and
18 remitting all legally required taxes from Individual Settlement Payments and
19 distributing tax forms for the Wage Portion and Non-Wage Portion of the Individual
20 Settlement Payments and/or Aggrieved Employee Payment; processing and mailing
21 tax payments to the appropriate state and federal taxing authorities; providing
22 declaration(s) as necessary in support of preliminary and/or final approval of this
23 Settlement; and other tasks as the Parties mutually agree or the Court orders the
24 Settlement Administrator to perform. The Settlement Administrator shall keep the
25 Parties timely apprised of the performance of all Settlement Administrator
26 responsibilities by among other things, sending a weekly status report to the Parties'
27 counsel stating the date of the mailing, the of number of Elections Not to Participate
28

1 in Settlement it receives (including the numbers of valid and deficient), and number of
2 objections received.

3 K. Notice Procedure.

4 1. Class Data. No later than ten (10) business days after the Preliminary
5 Approval Date, Defendant shall provide the Settlement Administrator with the
6 Class Data for purposes of preparing and mailing Notice Packets to the Class
7 Members.

8 2. Notice Packets.

9 a) The Notice Packet shall contain the Notice of Class Action Settlement
10 in a form substantially similar to the form attached as **Exhibit A** and a
11 Request for Exclusion form attached hereto as **Exhibit B**. The Notice
12 of Class Action Settlement shall inform Class Members and
13 Aggrieved Employees that they need not do anything in order to
14 receive an Individual Settlement Payment and/or Aggrieved Employee
15 Payment and to keep the Settlement Administrator apprised of their
16 current mailing address, to which the Individual Settlement Payments
17 and/or Aggrieved Employee Payment will be mailed following the
18 Funding Date. The Notice of Class Action Settlement shall set forth
19 the release to be given by all members of the Class who do not request
20 to be excluded from the Settlement Class and/or Aggrieved
21 Employees' in exchange for an Individual Settlement Payment and/or
22 Aggrieved Employee Payment, the number of Workweeks worked by
23 each Class Member during the Class Period and PAGA Period, if any,
24 and the estimated amount of their Individual Settlement Payment if
25 they do not request to be excluded from the Settlement and each
26 Aggrieved Employee's share of the PAGA Payment, if any. The
27 Settlement Administrator shall use the Class Data to determine Class
28 Members' Workweeks and PAGA Pay Periods. The Notice will also

1 advise the Aggrieved Employees that they will release the Released
2 PAGA Claims and will receive their share of the PAGA Payment
3 regardless of whether they request to be excluded from the Settlement.

4 b) The Notice Packet's mailing envelope shall include the following
5 language: "IMPORTANT LEGAL DOCUMENT- YOU MAY BE
6 ENTITLED TO PARTICIPATE IN A CLASS ACTION
7 SETTLEMENT; A PROMPT REPLY TO CORRECT YOUR
8 ADDRESS IS REQUIRED AS EXPLAINED IN THE ENCLOSED
9 NOTICE."

10 3. Notice by First Class U.S. Mail and Email. Upon receipt of the Class Data,
11 the Settlement Administrator will perform a search based on the National
12 Change of Address Database to update and correct any known or identifiable
13 address changes. No later than fourteen (14) calendar days after receiving the
14 Class Data from Defendant, the Settlement Administrator shall mail and email
15 copies of the Notice Packet to all Class Members via regular First-Class U.S.
16 Mail and electronic mail. The Settlement Administrator shall exercise its best
17 judgment to determine the current mailing address for each Class Member.
18 The address identified by the Settlement Administrator as the current mailing
19 address shall be presumed to be the best mailing address for each Class
20 Member.

21 4. Undeliverable Notices. Any Notice Packets returned to the Settlement
22 Administrator as non-delivered on or before the Response Deadline shall be
23 re-mailed to any forwarding address provided. The Settlement Administrator
24 will re-mail Notices within seven (7) days of receiving a returned Notice. If
25 no forwarding address is provided, the Settlement Administrator shall
26 promptly attempt to determine a correct address by lawful use of skip-tracing,
27 or other search using the name, address and/or Social Security number of the
28 Class Member involved, and shall then perform a re-mailing, if another

1 mailing address is identified by the Settlement Administrator. In addition, if
2 any Notice Packets, which are addressed to Class Members who are currently
3 employed by Defendant, are returned to the Settlement Administrator as non-
4 delivered and no forwarding address is provided, the Settlement Administrator
5 shall notify Defendant. Defendant will request that the currently employed
6 Class Member provide a corrected address and transmit to the Administrator
7 any corrected address provided by the Class Member. Class Members who
8 received a re-mailed Notice Packet shall have their Response Deadline
9 extended fifteen (15) days from the original Response Deadline.

10 5. Disputes Regarding Individual Settlement Payments. Class Members will
11 have the opportunity, should they disagree with Defendant's records regarding
12 the start and end dates of employment, to provide documentation and/or an
13 explanation to show contrary dates. If there is a dispute, the Settlement
14 Administrator will consult with the Parties to determine whether an
15 adjustment is warranted. The Settlement Administrator shall determine the
16 eligibility for, and the amounts of, any Individual Settlement Payments under
17 the terms of this Agreement. The Settlement Administrator's determination
18 of the eligibility for and amount of any Individual Settlement Payment shall
19 be binding upon the Class Member and the Parties, except as provided herein
20 below in Paragraph 6.

21 6. Disputes Regarding Administration of Settlement. Any disputes not resolved
22 by the Settlement Administrator concerning the administration of the
23 Settlement will be resolved by the Court under the laws of the State of
24 California. Before any such involvement of the Court, counsel for the Parties
25 will confer in good faith to resolve the disputes without the necessity of
26 involving the Court.

27 7. Exclusions. The Notice of Class Action Settlement contained in the Notice
28 Packet shall state that Class Members who wish to exclude themselves from

1 the Settlement must submit a signed copy of the Request for Exclusion form
2 that will be mailed together with the Notice Packet to all Class Members. The
3 Request for Exclusion will not be valid if it is not timely submitted, if the
4 Class Member does not sign it, or if it does not contain the name and address
5 and last four digits of the Social Security number of the Class Member. The
6 date of the postmark on the mailing envelope or fax stamp on the Request for
7 Exclusion shall be the exclusive means used to determine whether the request
8 for exclusion was timely submitted. Any Class Member who submits a timely
9 Request for Exclusion shall be excluded from the Settlement Class will not be
10 entitled to an Individual Settlement Payment and will not be otherwise bound
11 by the terms of the Settlement or have any right to object, appeal or comment
12 thereon. However, any Class Member that submits a timely Request for
13 Exclusion that is also a member of the Aggrieved Employees will still receive
14 his/her pro rata share of the PAGA Payment, as specified below, and in
15 consideration, will be bound by the Release by the Aggrieved Employees as
16 set forth herein. Settlement Class Members who fail to submit a valid and
17 timely Request for Exclusion on or before the Response Deadline shall be
18 bound by all terms of the Settlement and any final judgment entered in this
19 Action if the Court approves the Settlement. No later than fifteen (15)
20 calendar days after the Response Deadline, the Settlement Administrator shall
21 provide counsel for the Parties with a final list of the Class Members who have
22 timely submitted timely Requests for Exclusion. At no time shall any of the
23 Parties or their counsel seek to solicit or otherwise encourage members of the
24 Class to submit Requests for Exclusion from the Settlement.

- 25 8. Objections. The Notice of Class Action Settlement contained in the Notice
26 Packet shall state that Class Members who wish to object to the Settlement
27 may submit to the Settlement Administrator a written statement of objection
28 (“Notice of Objection” attached hereto as **Exhibit C**) by the Response

1 Deadline. The postmark date of mailing shall be deemed the exclusive means
2 for determining that a Notice of Objection was served timely. The Notice of
3 Objection, if in writing, must be signed by the Settlement Class Member and
4 state: (1) the case name and number; (2) the name of the Settlement Class
5 Member; (3) the address of the Settlement Class Member; (4) the last four
6 digits of the Settlement Class Member's Social Security number; and (5) the
7 basis for the objection. Class Members who fail to make objections in writing
8 in the manner specified above may still make their objections orally at the
9 Final Approval/Settlement Fairness Hearing with the Court's permission.
10 Settlement Class Members will have a right to appear at the Final
11 Approval/Settlement Fairness Hearing to have their objections heard by the
12 Court regardless of whether they submitted a written objection. At no time
13 shall any of the Parties or their counsel seek to solicit or otherwise encourage
14 Class Members to file or serve written objections to the Settlement or appeal
15 from the Order and Final Judgment. Class Members who submit a written
16 request for exclusion may not object to the Settlement. Class Members may
17 not object to the PAGA Payment.

18 L. Funding and Allocation of the Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant are required to
19 pay the Gross Settlement Amount on or before the Funding Date, plus any employer's
20 share of payroll taxes as mandated by law within the time specified herein.

21 1. Individual Settlement Payments. Individual Settlement Payments shall be
22 paid from the Net Settlement Amount and shall be paid pursuant to the
23 formula set forth herein. Using the Class Data, the Settlement Administrator
24 shall add up the total number of Workweeks for all Class Members. The
25 respective Workweeks for each Class Member will be divided by the total
26 Workweeks for all Class Members, resulting in the Payment Ratio for each
27 Class Member. Each Class Member's Payment Ratio will then be multiplied
28 by the Net Settlement Amount to calculate each Class Member's estimated

1 Individual Settlement Payments. Each Individual Settlement Payment will be
2 reduced by any legally mandated employee tax withholdings (e.g., employee
3 payroll taxes, etc.). Individual Settlement Payments for Class Members who
4 submit valid and timely requests for exclusion will be redistributed to
5 Settlement Class Members who do not submit valid and timely requests for
6 exclusion on a pro rata basis based on their respective Payment Ratios.

7 2. Calculation of Individual Payments to the Aggrieved Employees. Using the
8 Class Data, the Settlement Administrator shall add up the total number of
9 PAGA pay periods for all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period.
10 The respective PAGA pay periods for each Aggrieved Employee will be
11 divided by the total PAGA pay periods for all Aggrieved Employees, resulting
12 in the “PAGA Payment Ratio” for each Aggrieved Employee. Each
13 Aggrieved Employee’s PAGA Payment Ratio will then be multiplied by the
14 Aggrieved Employee Payment to calculate each Aggrieved Employee’s
15 estimated share of the PAGA Payment.

16 3. Allocation of Individual Settlement Payments. For tax purposes, Individual
17 Settlement Payments shall be allocated and treated as follows: 20% as wages
18 (“Wage Portion”); 80% as penalties and interest (“Non-Wage Portion”). The
19 Wage Portion is subject to wage withholdings and shall be reported on IRS
20 Form W-2. The Non-Wage Portion shall not be subject to wage withholdings
21 and shall be reported on IRS Form 1099.

22 4. Allocation of Aggrieved Employee Payments. For tax purposes, Aggrieved
23 Employee Payments shall be allocated and treated as 100% penalties and shall
24 be reported on IRS Form 1099.

25 5. No Credit Toward Benefit Plans. The Individual Settlement Payments and
26 Aggrieved Employee Payment made to Settlement Class Members and/or
27 Aggrieved Employees under this Settlement Agreement, as well as any other
28 payments made pursuant to this Settlement Agreement, will not be utilized to

1 calculate any additional benefits under any benefit plans to which any Class
2 Members may be eligible, including, but not limited to profit-sharing plans,
3 bonus plans, 401(k) plans, stock purchase plans, vacation plans, sick leave
4 plans, PTO plans, and any other benefit plan. Rather, it is the Parties' intention
5 that this Settlement Agreement will not affect any rights, contributions, or
6 amounts to which any Class Members may be entitled under any benefit plans.

7 6. All monies received by Settlement Class Members under the Settlement which
8 are attributable to wages shall constitute income to such Settlement Class
9 Members solely in the year in which such monies actually are received by the
10 Settlement Class Members. It is the intent of the Parties that Individual
11 Settlement Payments and Aggrieved Employee Payment provided for in this
12 Settlement Agreement are the sole payments to be made by Defendant to
13 Settlement Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees in connection with this
14 Settlement Agreement, with the exception of Plaintiff, and that the Settlement
15 Class Members and/or Aggrieved Employees are not entitled to any new or
16 additional compensation or benefits as a result of having received the Individual
17 Settlement Payments and/or their shares of the PAGA Payment.

18 7. Mailing. Individual Settlement Payments and Aggrieved Employee Payments
19 shall be mailed by regular First-Class U.S. Mail to Settlement Class Members'
20 and/or Aggrieved Employees last known mailing address no later than fifteen
21 (15) calendar days after the Funding Date.

22 8. Expiration. Any checks issued to Settlement Class Members and Aggrieved
23 Employees shall remain valid and negotiable for one hundred and eighty (180)
24 days from the date of their issuance. If a Settlement Class Member and/or
25 Aggrieved Employee does not cash his or her settlement check within ninety
26 (90) days, the Settlement Administrator will send a letter to such persons,
27 advising that the check will expire after the one hundred eightieth (180th) day,
28 and invite that Settlement Class Member and/or Aggrieved Employee to

1 request reissuance in the event the check was destroyed, lost or misplaced. In
2 the event an Individual Settlement Payment and/or Aggrieved Employee's
3 Aggrieved Employee Payment check has not been cashed within one hundred
4 and eighty (180) days, the check will be voided and the Settlement Class
5 Member and/or Aggrieved Employee will remain bound by the Settlement.
6 The funds from any such uncashed checks shall be reallocated and
7 redistributed by the Settlement Administrator to those Settlement Class
8 Members and/or Aggrieved Employees who cashed their Individual
9 Settlement Payment checks through a second distribution using the same
10 allocation as the first distribution. The Parties agreed that under this
11 procedure, there is no residue as the entire Gross Settlement Amount will be
12 distributed.

- 13 9. Class Representative Service Award. In addition to the Individual Settlement
14 Payment and his Aggrieved Employee Payment to be paid to Plaintiff,
15 Plaintiff will apply to the Court for an award of not more than \$10,000, as the
16 Class Representative Service Award. Defendant will not oppose a Class
17 Representative Service Award of not more than \$10,000 for Plaintiff. The
18 Settlement Administrator shall pay the Class Representative Service Award,
19 either in the amount stated herein if approved by the Court or some other
20 amount as approved by the Court, to Plaintiff from the Gross Settlement
21 Amount no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the Funding Date. Any
22 portion of the requested Class Representative Service Award that is not
23 awarded to the Class Representative shall be part of the Net Settlement
24 Amount and shall be distributed to Settlement Class Members as provided in
25 this Agreement. The Settlement Administrator shall issue an IRS Form 1099
26 — MISC to Plaintiff for his Class Representative Service Award. Plaintiff
27 shall be solely and legally responsible to pay any and all applicable taxes on
28 his Class Representative Service Award and shall hold harmless the Released

1 Parties from any claim or liability for taxes, penalties, or interest arising as a
2 result of the Class Representative Service Award. The Class Representative
3 Service Award shall be in addition to Plaintiff's Individual Settlement
4 Payment as a Settlement Class Member. Approval of this Settlement shall not
5 be conditioned on Court approval of the requested amount of the Class
6 Representative Service Award. If the Court reduces or does not approve the
7 requested Class Representative Service Award, Plaintiff shall not have the
8 right to revoke the Settlement, and it will remain binding.

- 9 10. Class Counsel Award. Defendant understand a motion by Class Counsel for
10 attorneys' fees not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount
11 currently estimated to be Sixty-Six Thousand, Six Hundred Sixty-Six Dollars
12 and Sixty-Six Cents (\$66,666.66) plus costs and expenses supported by
13 declaration not to exceed Fifteen Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents
14 (\$15,000.00), from the Gross Settlement Amount will be filed. Defendant
15 agrees not to oppose the request for the Class Counsel Award. Any portion
16 of the requested Class Counsel Award that is not awarded to Class Counsel
17 shall be part of the Net Settlement Amount and shall be distributed to
18 Settlement Class Members as provided in this Agreement. The Settlement
19 Administrator shall allocate and pay the Class Counsel Award to Class
20 Counsel from the Gross Settlement Amount no later than fifteen (15) calendar
21 days after the Funding Date. Class Counsel shall be solely and legally
22 responsible to pay all applicable taxes on the payment made pursuant to this
23 paragraph. The Settlement Administrator shall issue an IRS Form 1099 —
24 MISC to Class Counsel for the payments made pursuant to this paragraph. In
25 the event that the Court reduces or does not approve the requested Class
26 Counsel Award, Plaintiff and Class Counsel shall not have the right to revoke
27 the Settlement, or to appeal such order, and the Settlement will remain
28 binding.

11. PAGA Payment. Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$10,000.00) shall be allocated from the Gross Settlement Amount for settlement of claims for civil penalties under the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004 (“PAGA Payment”). The Settlement Administrator shall distribute the LWDA Payment to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency no later than twenty-five (25) calendar days after the Funding Date. The Aggrieved Employee Payment will be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees as described in this Agreement. For purposes of distributing the Aggrieved Employee Payments, each Aggrieved Employee shall receive their pro-rata share of the Aggrieved Employee Payment using the PAGA Payment Ratio as defined above.

12. Settlement Administration Expenses. The Settlement Administrator shall be paid for the costs of administration of the Settlement from the Gross Settlement Amount. The estimate of the Settlement Administration Expenses is \$10,000. The Settlement Administrator shall be paid the Settlement Administration Expenses no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the Funding Date.

M. Final Approval Motion. Class Counsel and Plaintiff shall use best efforts to file with the Court a Motion for Order Granting Final Approval and Entering Judgment, within twenty-eight (28) days following the expiration of the Response Deadline, which motion shall request final approval of the Settlement and a determination of the amounts payable for the Class Representative Service Award, the Class Counsel Award, the PAGA Payment, and the Settlement Administration Expenses. Plaintiff will provide Defendant with a draft of the Motion at least three (3) business days prior to the filing of the Motion to give Defendant an opportunity to propose changes or additions to the Motion.

1. Declaration by Settlement Administrator. No later than fifteen (15) days after the Response Deadline, the Settlement Administrator shall submit a

1 declaration in support of Plaintiff's motion for final approval of this
2 Settlement detailing the number of Notice Packets mailed and re-mailed to
3 Class Members, the number of undeliverable Notice Packets, the number of
4 timely requests for exclusion and the names of the Class Members requesting
5 exclusion (if any), the number of objections received, the amount of the
6 average Individual Settlement Payment, lowest Individual Settlement
7 Payment, and highest Individual Settlement Payment, the amount of the
8 average Aggrieved Employee Payment, lowest Aggrieved Employee
9 Payment, and highest Aggrieved Employee Payment, the Settlement
10 Administration Expenses, and any other information as the Parties mutually
11 agree or the Court orders the Settlement Administrator to provide.

12 2. Final Approval Order and Judgment. Class Counsel shall present an Order
13 Granting Final Approval of Class Action Settlement to the Court for its
14 approval, and Judgment thereon, at the time Class Counsel files the Motion
15 for Final Approval.

16 N. Review of Motions for Preliminary and Final Approval. Class Counsel will provide
17 an opportunity for Counsel for Defendant to review the Motions for Preliminary and
18 Final Approval, including the Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action
19 Settlement, and Judgment before filing with the Court. The Parties and their counsel
20 will cooperate with each other and use their best efforts to affect the Court's approval
21 of the Motions for Preliminary and Final Approval of the Settlement, and entry of
22 Judgment.

23 O. Cooperation. The Parties and their counsel will cooperate with each other and use
24 their best efforts to implement the Settlement.

25 P. Interim Stay of Proceedings. The Parties agree to stay all proceedings in the Action,
26 except such proceedings necessary to implement and complete the Settlement, pending
27 the Final Approval/Settlement Fairness Hearing to be conducted by the Court.
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- 1 Q. Amendment or Modification. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by
2 a written instrument signed by counsel for all Parties or their successors-in-interest.
- 3 R. Entire Agreement. This Agreement and any attached Exhibit constitute the entire
4 Agreement among these Parties, and no oral or written representations, warranties or
5 inducements have been made to any Party concerning this Agreement or its Exhibit
6 other than the representations, warranties and covenants contained and memorialized
7 in this Agreement and its Exhibits.
- 8 S. Authorization to Enter into Settlement Agreement. Counsel for all Parties warrant and
9 represent they are expressly authorized by the Parties whom they represent to negotiate
10 this Agreement and to take all appropriate Action required or permitted to be taken by
11 such Parties pursuant to this Agreement to effectuate its terms, and to execute any other
12 documents required to effectuate the terms of this Agreement. The persons signing
13 this Agreement on behalf of Defendant represent and warrant that he/she is authorized
14 to sign this Agreement on behalf of Defendant. Plaintiff represents and warrants that
15 he is authorized to sign this Agreement and that he has not assigned any claim, or part
16 of a claim, covered by this Settlement to a third-party.
- 17 T. No Public Comment: The Parties and their counsel agree that they will not issue any
18 press releases, initiate any contact with the press, respond to any press inquiry, or have
19 any communication with the press about the fact, amount or terms of the Settlement
20 Agreement. Class Counsel further agrees not to use the Settlement Agreement or any
21 of its terms for any marketing or promotional purposes. Nothing herein will restrict
22 Class Counsel from including publicly available information regarding this settlement
23 in future judicial submissions regarding Class Counsel's qualifications and experience.
24 Further, Class Counsel will not include, reference or use the Settlement Agreement for
25 any marketing or promotional purposes, either before or after the Motion for
26 Preliminary Approval is filed.
- 27 U. Binding on Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure
28 to the benefit of, the successors or assigns of the Parties, as previously defined.

- 1 V. California Law Governs. All terms of this Agreement and the Exhibit and any disputes
2 shall be governed by and interpreted according to the laws of the State of California.
- 3 W. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts. All
4 executed counterparts and each of them shall be deemed to be one and the same
5 instrument provided that counsel for the Parties to this Agreement shall exchange
6 among themselves copies or originals of the signed counterparts.
- 7 X. This Settlement Is Fair, Adequate and Reasonable. The Parties believe this Settlement
8 is a fair, adequate and reasonable settlement of this Action and have arrived at this
9 Settlement after extensive arms-length negotiations, considering all relevant factors,
10 present and potential.
- 11 Y. Continuing Jurisdiction of the Court. The Parties agree that the Court shall retain
12 jurisdiction over this case under CCP section 664.6 to ensure the continuing
13 implementation of the provisions of this settlement and that the time within which to
14 bring this action to trial under CCP section 583.310 shall be executed from the date of
15 the signing of this Agreement by all Parties until the entry of the final approval order
16 and judgment or if not entered the date this Agreement shall no longer be of any force
17 or effect.
- 18 Z. Invalidity of Any Provision. Before declaring any provision of this Agreement invalid,
19 the Court shall first attempt to construe the provisions valid to the fullest extent
20 possible consistent with applicable precedents so as to define all provisions of this
21 Agreement valid and enforceable.
- 22 AA. No Unalleged Claims. Plaintiff and Class Counsel represent that they do not currently
23 intend to pursue any claims against the Released Parties, including, but not limited to,
24 any and all claims relating to or arising from Plaintiff's employment with Defendant,
25 regardless of whether Class Counsel is currently aware of any facts or legal theories
26 upon which any claims or causes of action could be brought against Released Parties,
27 including those facts or legal theories alleged in the operative complaint in this Action.
28 The Parties further acknowledge, understand and agree that this representation is

1 essential to the Agreement and that this Agreement would not have been entered into
2 were it not for this representation.

3 BB. Stipulation to Class Certification. The Parties agree to stipulate to class certification
4 for purposes of this settlement only.

5 CC. No Admissions by the Parties. Plaintiff has claimed and continues to claim that the
6 Released Claims have merit and give rise to liability on the part of Defendant.
7 Defendant claims that the Released Claims have no merit and do not give rise to
8 liability. This Agreement is a compromise of disputed claims. Nothing contained in
9 this Agreement and no documents referred to and no action taken to carry out this
10 Agreement may be construed or used as an admission by or against the Defendant or
11 Plaintiff or Class Counsel as to the merits or lack thereof of the claims asserted. Other
12 than as may be specifically set forth herein, each Party shall be responsible for and
13 shall bear its/his own attorney's fees and costs.

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IT IS SO AGREED, FORM AND CONTENT, BY PLAINTIFF:

DATED: 02/22/2024


BRAD KLEIN

IT IS SO AGREED, FORM AND CONTENT, BY DEFENDANT:

DATED: _____

REDZONE SECURITY INC.

Printed Name

Title

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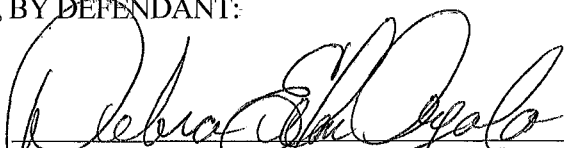
IT IS SO AGREED, FORM AND CONTENT, BY PLAINTIFF:

DATED: _____

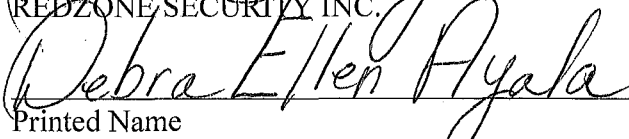
BRAD KLEIN

IT IS SO AGREED, FORM AND CONTENT, BY DEFENDANT:

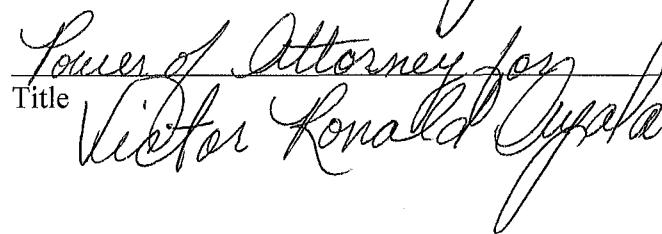
DATED: 02/23/2024



REDZONE SECURITY INC.



Printed Name



Title

1 IT IS SO AGREED AS TO FORM BY COUNSEL:
2

3 DATED: 2/23/24

JCL LAW FIRM, APC

4 By: 

5 Jean-Claude Lapuyade

6 Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Settlement Class
7 Members

8 DATED: 2/23/24

ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC

9 By: 

10 Shani Zakay

11 Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Settlement Class
12 Members

13 DATED: _____

LAW OFFICE OF KAREN J. SLOAT, APC

15 By: _____

16 Karen Sloat

17 Attorneys for Defendant
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1 IT IS SO AGREED AS TO FORM BY COUNSEL:
2

3 DATED: _____

JCL LAW FIRM, APC

4 By: _____

5 Jean-Claude Lapuyade

6 Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Settlement Class
7 Members

8 DATED: _____

ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC

9 By: _____

10 Shani Zakay

11 Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Settlement Class
12 Members

13 DATED: February 23, 2024

LAW OFFICE OF KAREN J. SLOAT, APC

15 By: *Karen Sloat*

16 Karen Sloat

17 Attorneys for Defendant
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EXHIBIT A

**NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
AND FINAL HEARING DATE**

(Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court Case No. CVRI2202841)

**YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS MAY BE AFFECTED WHETHER YOU ACT OR DO NOT ACT. PLEASE
READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.**

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:	
Do Nothing and Receive a Payment	To receive a cash payment from the Settlement, you do not have to do anything. Your estimated Individual Settlement Payment is: \$<< [REDACTED] >>. Your estimated Aggrieved Employee Payment is << [REDACTED] >>. See the explanation below. After final approval by the Court, the payment will be mailed to you at the same address as this notice. If your address has changed, please notify the Settlement Administrator as explained below. In exchange for the settlement payment, you will release claims against the Defendant as detailed below.
Exclude Yourself	If you wish to exclude yourself from the Settlement, you must send a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator as provided below. If you request exclusion, you will receive no money from the Settlement. Instructions are set forth below.
Object	You may write to the Court about why you believe the Settlement should not be approved. Directions are provided below.

1. Why did I get this Notice?

A proposed class action settlement (the “Settlement”) of this lawsuit pending in the Superior Court for the State of California, County of Riverside (the “Court”) has been reached between Plaintiff Brad Klein (“Plaintiff”) and Defendant Redzone Security Inc., a California corporation (“Defendant”). The Court has granted preliminary approval of the Settlement. **You may be entitled to receive money from this Settlement.**

You have received this Class Notice because you have been identified as a member of the Class, which is defined as:

All persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant as a non-exempt employee in California during the Class Period.

The “Class Period” is the period of time running from July 11, 2019 through January 11, 2024.

This Class Notice explains the lawsuit, the Settlement, and your legal rights. It is important that you read this Notice carefully as your rights may be affected by the Settlement.

2. What is this class action lawsuit about?

On July 11, 2022, Plaintiff filed a Complaint against Defendant in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Riverside (the “Action”). Plaintiff asserted the following claims alleging that Defendant: (1) Unfair Competition in Violation of Bus. and Prof. Code sections 17200 and 17203; (2) Failure to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197 and 1197.1; (3) Failure to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 510, 1194, and 1198; (4) Failure to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission wage order; (5) Failure to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission wage order; (6) Failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code section 226; (7) Failure to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code sections 201, 202 and 203; (8) Failure to reimburse Plaintiff for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code section 2802; and (9) Violation of the Private Attorneys General Act in violation of California Labor Code sections 2698-2699.8. (“PAGA”). PAGA is a mechanism by which the State of California itself can enforce state labor laws through the employee suing under the PAGA who does so as the proxy or agent of the state’s labor law enforcement agency. The purpose of the PAGA is not to recover damages or restitution, but to create a means of “deputizing” citizens as private attorney general to enforce the Labor Code.

Defendant denies and disputes all claims asserted in the Action. Specifically, Defendant contended (and continues to contend) that the Action could not properly be maintained as a class action; that Defendant properly paid members of the class all wages and overtime that was due; that Defendant provided members of the class with all legally required meal breaks and rest breaks; that Defendant paid any members of the class all wages due them at the time of their terminations; that Defendant reimbursed members of the class for required business expenses; that Defendant did not violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200.

The Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement on <<INSERT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL DATE>>. At that time, the Court also preliminarily approved the Plaintiff to serve as the Class Representative, and the law firms of JCL Law Firm, APC and Zakay Law Group, APLC to serve as Class Counsel.

3. What are the terms of the Settlement?

Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant has agreed to pay an “all in” amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$200,000.00) (the “Gross Settlement Amount”) to fund the Settlement. The Gross Settlement Amount includes the payment of all Individual Settlement Payments to Settlement Class Members, Class Counsel Award, Settlement Administration Expenses, PAGA Payment, and the Class Representative Service Award to the Plaintiff.

After the Judgment becomes Final, Defendant will pay the Gross Settlement Amount by depositing the money with the Settlement Administrator. “Final” means the date the Judgment is no longer subject to appeal, or if an appeal is filed, the date the appeal process is completed, and the Judgment is affirmed.

Amounts to be Paid from the Gross Settlement Amount. The Settlement provides for certain payments to be made from the Gross Settlement Amount, which will be subject to final Court approval, and which will be deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount before settlement payments are made to Class Members, as follows:

- Settlement Administration Expenses. Payment to the Settlement Administrator, estimated not to exceed \$10,000.00 for expenses, including expenses of sending this Notice, processing opt-outs, and distributing settlement payments.

- Class Counsel Award. Payment to Class Counsel attorneys' not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount (currently \$66,666.66) plus costs and expenses not to exceed \$15,000 for all costs and expenses incurred as documented in Class Counsel's billing records, both subject to Court approval. Class Counsel have been prosecuting the Action on behalf of Plaintiff and the Class on a contingency fee basis (that is, without being paid any money to date) and have been paying all litigation costs and expenses.
- Class Representative Service Award. Class Representative Service Award of up to Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$10,000.00) to Plaintiff, or such lesser amount as may be approved by the Court, to compensate him for services on behalf of the Class in initiating and prosecuting the Action, and for the risks he undertook.
- PAGA Payment. A payment of Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$10,000.00) relating to Plaintiff's claim under the Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), \$7,500 of which will be paid to the State of California's Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA Payment") and the remaining \$2,500 will be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees ("Aggrieved Employee Payment").
- Calculation of Individual Settlement Payments. After all the above payments of the court-approved Class Counsel Award, the Class Representative Service Award, the PAGA Payment, and the Settlement Administration Expenses are deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount, the remaining portion, called the "Net Settlement Amount," shall be distributed to class members who do **not** request exclusion ("Settlement Class Members"). The Individual Settlement Payment for each Settlement Class Member will be calculated by dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of workweeks for all Settlement Class Members that occurred during the Class Period and multiplying the result by each individual Settlement Class Member's workweeks that occurred during the Class Period. A "workweek" is defined as a normal seven-day week of work during the Class Period in which, according to Defendant's records, a member of the class worked at least one day during any such workweek.
- Calculation of Aggrieved Employee Payments to Aggrieved Employees. The Aggrieved Employee Payment portion of the PAGA Payment shall be distributed to Aggrieved Employees irrespective of whether they exclude themselves or opt-out. The Aggrieved Employee Payment will be divided by the total number of pay periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period, and then taking that number and multiplying it by the number of pay periods worked by each respective Aggrieved Employee during the PAGA Period. "Aggrieved Employees" means all non-exempt employees who are or previously were directly employed by Defendant and performed work in California during the PAGA Period. The PAGA Period means the period between May 5, 2021 to January 11, 2024.

If the Settlement is approved by the Court, you will automatically be mailed a check for your Individual Settlement Payment to the same address as this Class Notice. You do not have to do anything to receive a payment. If your address has changed, you must contact the Settlement Administrator to inform them of your correct address to ensure you receive your payment.

You may find the Settlement Agreement entitled "Stipulation of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims" filed on **MONTH XX**, 2024, with the Riverside County Superior Court, Dept. 1, located at 4050 Main Street, Riverside, CA 92501. You may also find the Settlement Agreement online by visiting the Riverside County Superior Court website <https://www.riverside.courts.ca.gov/>. The Settlement Agreement can be found at Exhibit 1 of the Lapuyade Declaration filed on **MONTH XX**, 2024.

Tax Matters. Fifty percent (20%) of each Individual Settlement Payment is allocated to wages. Taxes are withheld from this amount, and each Settlement Class Member will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 for such payment. Fifty percent (80%) of each Individual Settlement Payment is allocated to interest, penalties and other non-wage payments, and no taxes will be withheld from this portion, and each Settlement Class Member will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 for such payment. In addition, no taxes will be withheld

from Aggrieved Employee Payments paid to Aggrieved Employees, and each Aggrieved Employee will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 for such payment. Neither Class Counsel nor Defendant's counsel intend anything contained in this Settlement to constitute advice regarding taxes or taxability. You may wish to consult a tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of the payments received under the Settlement.

Conditions of Settlement. This Settlement is conditioned upon the Court entering an order granting final approval of the Settlement and entering judgment.

4. What Do I Release Under the Settlement?

Released Claims. Upon entry of final judgment and funding in full of the Gross Settlement Amount by Defendant, Plaintiff and the Settlement Class Members shall release all Released Class Claims that occurred during the Class Period as to the Released Parties. Released Class Claims means all class claims which are alleged in the operative complaint or could have been alleged based upon the facts in the operative complaint, which occurred during the Class Period, and expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, and class claims outside of the Class Period. The Released PAGA Claims shall be released as follows: Upon entry of final judgment and upon funding in full of the Gross Settlement Amount by Defendant, all Aggrieved Employees shall release all Released PAGA Claims, irrespective of whether they opted-out of the Class Settlement and will be bound by this PAGA Release (the "PAGA Release"). "Released PAGA Claims" means all PAGA claims which are alleged in the operative complaint and Plaintiff's PAGA notice to the LWDA which occurred during the PAGA Period, and expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, and PAGA claims outside of the PAGA Period.

This means that, if you do not timely and formally exclude yourself from the Settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Defendant about the legal issues resolved by this Settlement. It also means that all of the Court's orders in this Action will apply to you and legally bind you.

5. How much will my payment be?

Defendant's records reflect that you have << ____ >> Workweeks worked during the Class Period (July 11, 2019 through January 11, 2024).

Based on this information, your estimated Individual Settlement Payment is << ____ >>.

Defendant's records reflect that you have << ____ >> pay periods worked during the PAGA Period (May 5, 2021 to January 11, 2024).

Based on this information, your estimated Aggrieved Employee Payment is << ____ >>.

If you wish to challenge the information set forth above, then you must submit a written, signed dispute challenging the information along with supporting documents, to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in this Notice no later than _____ [forty-five (45) days after the Notice or re-mailed Notice].

6. How can I get a payment?

To get money from the Settlement, you do not have to do anything. A check for your settlement payment will be mailed automatically to the same address as this Notice. If your address is incorrect or has changed, you must notify the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator is: Apex Class Action LLC at 1-800-355-0700.

The Court will hold a hearing on _____ to decide whether to finally approve the Settlement. If

the Court approves the Settlement and there are no objections or appeals, payments will be mailed within a few months after this hearing. If there are objections or appeals, resolving them can take time, perhaps more than a year. Please be patient. After entry of the Judgment, the Settlement Administrator will provide notice of the final judgment to the Class Members by posting a copy of the Judgment on the administrator's website at <https://apexclassaction.com/>.

7. What if I don't want to be a part of the Settlement?

If you do not wish to participate in the Settlement, you may exclude yourself from the Settlement or "opt out." **If you opt out, you will receive NO money from the Settlement, and you will not be bound by its terms, except as provided as follows.** Irrespective of whether you exclude yourself from the Settlement or "opt out," you will be bound by the Released PAGA Claims, you will be deemed to have released the Released PAGA Claims, and you will receive a share of the Aggrieved Employee Payment.

To opt out, you must submit to the Settlement Administrator, by First Class Mail, a written, signed and dated request for exclusion postmarked no later than _____. The address for the Settlement Administrator is 18 Technology Drive, Suite 164, Irvine, CA 92618. The request for exclusion must state in substance: "I wish to opt out of the settlement of the class action lawsuit entitled ***Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841***. I understand that by requesting to be excluded from the Settlement, I will receive no money from the Settlement described in this Notice." The request for exclusion must contain your name, address, signature and the last four digits of your Social Security Number for verification purposes. The request for exclusion must be signed by you. No other person may opt out for a member of the Class.

Written requests for exclusion that are postmarked after _____, or are incomplete or unsigned will be rejected, and those Class Members will remain bound by the Settlement and the release described above.

8. How do I tell the Court that I would like to challenge the Settlement?

Any Class Member who has not opted out and believes that the Settlement should not be finally approved by the Court for any reason, may object to the proposed Settlement. Objections may be in writing and state the Class Member's name, current address, telephone number, and describe why you believe the Settlement is unfair. All written objections or other correspondence must also state the name and number of the case, which is ***Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841***. You may also object without submitting a written objection by appearing at the final approval hearing scheduled as described in Section 9 below.

To object to the Settlement, you cannot opt out. If the Court approves the Settlement, you will be bound by the terms of the Settlement in the same way as Class Members who do not object. Any Class Member who does not object in the manner provided in this Class Notice shall have waived any objection to the Settlement, whether by appeal or otherwise.

Written objections must be delivered or mailed to the Settlement Administrator no later than _____. The address for the Settlement Administrator is Apex Class Action LLC, 18 Technology Drive, Suite 164, Irvine, CA 92618.

The addresses for the Parties' counsel are as follows:

Class Counsel:

Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq.
JCL Law Firm, APC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel.: (619) 599-8292
Fax: (619) 599-2891
Email: jlapuyade@jcl-lawfirm.com

Class Counsel:

Shani O. Zakay, Esq.
Zakay Law Group, APLC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: (619) 599-8292
Fax: (619) 599-8291
Email: shani@zakaylaw.com

Counsel for Defendant:

Karen Sloat, Esq.
Law Office of Karen J. Sloat, APC
42-600 Caroline Court, Suite 101
Palm Desert, CA 92211
Tel: (760) 779-1313
Fax: (760) 340-4834
Email: karen@karensloatlaw.com

9. When and where will the Court decide whether to approve the Settlement?

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing at **00:00 AM/PM on** , at the Riverside County Superior Court, Dept. 1, located at 4050 Main Street, Riverside, CA 92501 before Judge Harold Hopp. The Court has determined only that there is sufficient evidence to suggest that the proposed settlement might be fair, reasonable, and adequate. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will determine whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The purpose of this hearing is for the Court to determine whether to grant final approval to the Settlement. If there are objections, the Court will consider them. The Court will listen to people who have made a timely written request to speak at the hearing or who appear at the hearing to object. This hearing may be rescheduled by the Court without further notice to you. **You are not required to attend** the Final Approval Hearing, although any Class Member is welcome to attend the hearing.

10. How do I get more information about the Settlement?

You may call the Settlement Administrator at 1-800-355-0700 or write to **Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841**, Settlement Administrator, c/o

This notice summarizes the proposed Settlement. More details are in the Settlement Agreement. You may receive a copy of the Stipulation of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims ("Settlement Agreement") filed on **MONTH XX**, 2043, the Final Judgment or other Settlement documents by writing to JCL Law Firm, APC, 5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600, San Diego, CA 92121.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

IMPORTANT:

- You must inform the Settlement Administrator of any change of address to ensure receipt of your Individual Settlement Payment.
- Settlement checks will be null and void 180 days after issuance if not deposited or cashed. In such event, the Settlement Administrator shall pay all funds from such uncashed checks will be redistributed to those Class Members who did cash their Settlement checks. If your check is lost or misplaced, you should contact the Settlement Administrator immediately to request a replacement.

EXHIBIT B

Superior Court of California, County of Riverside
Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc.
Riverside County Superior Court Case No. CVRI2202841

REQUEST FOR EXCLUSION

Instructions: Please complete this Form ONLY IF YOU **DO NOT** WANT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT that is described in the Notice Pendency of Class Action Settlement and Final Hearing Date that accompanies this Form. If you choose to complete this Form, the deadline for mailing it to the Settlement Administrator is **** INSERT DATE****.

I. PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name (first, middle and last): _____
Home Street Address: _____
City, State, Zip Code: _____
Telephone Number: (____) _____

II. REQUEST FOR EXCLUSION

By signing and returning this Form, I certify that I wish to opt out of the settlement of the class action lawsuit entitled *Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc.*, Case No. CVRI2202841, filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Riverside. I understand that by requesting to be excluded from the Settlement, I will receive no money from the Settlement described in the Notice Pendency of Class Action Settlement and Final Hearing Date that accompanies this Form.

Any Class Member that submits a timely Request for Exclusion who is also an Aggrieved Employee will still receive his/her pro rata share of the PAGA Payment. Exclusion from the Class Action Settlement does not result in exclusion from the PAGA Payment.

III. MAILING INSTRUCTIONS

If you choose to return this Form, you must return it to the Settlement Administrator postmarked on or before ****INSERT DATE**** AT THE ADDRESS LISTED BELOW:

Apex Class Action LLC
18 Technology Drive, Suite 164
Irvine, CA 92618

IV. PLEASE SIGN BELOW

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: _____

(Signature)

(Print Name)

EXHIBIT C

Apex Class Action LLC
18 Technology Drive, Suite 164
Irvine, CA 92618

Must Be Postmarked
No Later Than
XXX, 2024

OBJECTION FORM

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA – COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Case No. CVRI2202841

<<Name>>
<<Address>>
<<City>>, <<State>> <<Zip Code>>

Indicate Name/Address Changes, if any:

YOU DO NOT NEED TO COMPLETE THIS FORM TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT. THIS FORM IS TO BE USED ONLY IF YOU WANT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT, BUT YOU OBJECT TO THE TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT. IF YOU OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT, YOU MUST SIGN AND COMPLETE THIS FORM ACCURATELY AND IN ITS ENTIRETY AND YOU MUST MAIL IT BY FIRST CLASS U.S. MAIL TO THE SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR SO THAT IT IS POSTMARKED ON OR BEFORE XXX, 2024. THE ADDRESS FOR THE SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR IS NOTED AT THE TOP OF THIS FORM. IF YOU DO NOT OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT, DO NOT SUBMIT THIS FORM.

The Court will consider your objection at the Final Approval Hearing if you submit a timely and valid written statement of objection. All of the information on this form is required. If you do not provide all of the information below, your objection will be deemed null and void.

I, _____, (name of Class Member) hereby object to the Settlement in this case for the following reasons:

Dated: _____

Signature: _____

Print or Type Name: _____

Telephone Number: _____

EXHIBIT 2

JCL LAW FIRM, APC

Jean-Claude Lapuyade (State Bar #248676)
Sydney Castillo Johnson (State Bar #343881)
Perssia Razma (State Bar #351398)
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prazma@jcl-lawfirm.com

ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC

Shani O. Zakay (State Bar #277924)
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Telephone: (619)255-9047
Facsimile: (858) 404-9203
shani@zakaylaw.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff BRAD KLEIN

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

BRAD KLEIN, an individual, on behalf of
himself and on behalf of all persons similarly
situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

REDZONE SECURITY INC., a California
Corporation; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive;

Defendants.

Case No. CVRI2202841

**~~PROPOSED~~ ORDER GRANTING
PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR
PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS
ACTION AND PAGA SETTLEMENT**

Date: April 29, 2024

Time: 8:30 a.m.

Judge: Hon. Harold W. Hopp

Dept.: 1

Reservation #: 804963484303

1 This matter having come before the Honorable Judge Harold W. Hopp of the Superior Court of
2 the State of California, in and for the County of Riverside, at 8:30 a.m. on April 29, 2024, with Jean-
3 Claude Lapuyade, Esq., of the JCL Law Firm, APC and Shani O. Zakay, Esq. of the Zakay Law Group,
4 APLC as counsel for plaintiff BRAD KLEIN (“Plaintiff”), and Christopher W. Hellmich of Law Office
5 of Karen J. Sloat, APC appearing for Defendant REDZONE SECURITY INC. (“Defendant”). The
6 Court, having carefully considered the briefs, argument of counsel and all the matters presented to the
7 Court, and good cause appearing, hereby GRANTS Plaintiff’s Motion for Preliminary Approval of
8 Class Action and PAGA Settlement.

9 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:**

10 1. The Court preliminarily approves the Stipulation of Settlement of Class and PAGA
11 Action Claims and Release of Claims (“Settlement Agreement” or “Agreement”). This is based on the
12 Court’s determination that the Settlement Agreement is within the range of possible final approval,
13 pursuant to the provisions of Section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure and California
14 Rules of Court, rule 3.769.

15 2. This Order incorporates by reference the definitions in the Agreement, and all terms
16 defined therein shall have the same meaning in this Order as set forth in the Agreement.

17 3. Subject to the terms of the Settlement Agreement, the Gross Settlement Amount that
18 Defendant shall pay is Two Hundred Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$200,000.00). It appears to
19 the Court on a preliminary basis that the settlement amount and terms are fair, adequate, and reasonable
20 as to all Class Members when balanced against the probable outcome of further litigation relating to
21 certification, liability, and damages issues. It further appears that investigation and research have been
22 conducted such that counsel for the Parties are able to reasonably evaluate their respective positions. It
23 further appears to the Court that settlement at this time will avoid substantial additional costs by all
24 Parties, as well as avoid the delay and risks that would be presented by the further prosecution of the
25 litigation. It further appears that the Settlement has been reached as the result of intensive, serious, and
26 non-collusive arms-length negotiations.

27 4. The Court preliminarily finds that the Settlement appears to be within the range of
28 reasonableness of a settlement that could ultimately be given final approval by this Court. The Court

1 has reviewed the monetary recovery that is being granted as part of the Settlement and preliminarily
2 finds that the monetary settlement awards made available to the Class Members are fair, adequate, and
3 reasonable when balanced against the probable outcome of further litigation relating to certification,
4 liability, and damages issues.

5 5. Plaintiff seeks a Class Counsel Award in the amount of up-to one-third of the Gross
6 Settlement Amount for attorneys' fees, currently estimated Sixty-Six Thousand, Six Hundred Sixty-
7 Six Dollars and Sixty-Six Cents (\$66,666.66), an award of litigation expenses incurred not to exceed
8 Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000), and proposed Class Representative Service Award to the Class
9 Representative, Brad Klein, in the amount of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000). While these awards
10 appear to be within the range of reasonableness, the Court will not approve the Class Counsel Award
11 or Class Representative Service Award until the Final Approval Hearing.

12 6. The Court recognizes that Plaintiff and Defendant stipulate and agree to certification of
13 a class for settlement purposes only. This stipulation will not be deemed admissible in this or any other
14 proceeding should this Settlement not become final. For settlement purposes only, the Court
15 conditionally certifies the following Class:

16 "all persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant as a non-
17 exempt employee in California during the period between July 11, 2019
18 through January 11, 2024."

19 7. The Court concludes that, for settlement purposes only, the Class meets the requirements
20 for certification under section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure in that: (a) the Class is
21 ascertainable and so numerous that joinder of all members of the Class Members is impracticable; (b)
22 common questions of law and fact predominate, and there is a well-defined community of interest
23 amongst the Class Members with respect to the subject matter of the litigation; (c) the claims of the
24 Class Representative are typical of the claims of the Class Members; (d) the Class Representative will
25 fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class Members; (e) a class action is superior to other
26 available methods for the efficient adjudication of this controversy; and (f) Class Counsel are qualified
27 to act as counsel for the Class Representative in his individual capacity and as the representative of the
28 Class Members.

1 8. The Court provisionally appoints plaintiff Brad Klein as the representative of the Class.

2 9. The Court provisionally appoints Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq., of the JCL Law Firm,
3 A.P.C., and Shani O. Zakay, of the Zakay Law Group, APLC, as Class Counsel for the Class Members.

4 10. The Court hereby approves, as to form and content, the Proposed Notice of Pendency of
5 Class Action Settlement and Final Hearing Date (“Class Notice”), a true and correct copy of which is
6 attached hereto as **Exhibit “1.”** The Court finds that the notice appears to fully and accurately inform
7 the Class Members and Aggrieved Employees of all material elements of the proposed Settlement,
8 including right of any Class Member to be excluded from the Class by completing the attached Request
9 for Exclusion Form, and of each Class Member’s right and opportunity to object to the Settlement via
10 the attached Objection Form. The Court further finds that the distribution of the notice substantially in
11 the manner and form set forth in the Agreement and this Order meets the requirements of due process,
12 is the most reasonable notice under the circumstances, and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to
13 all persons entitled thereto. The Court orders the mailing of the notice by first class mail, pursuant to
14 the terms set forth in the Agreement.

15 11. The Court hereby appoints Apex Class Action LLC as Settlement Administrator. No later
16 than ten (10) business days after the entry of this order, Defendant shall provide, to the Settlement
17 Administrator the Class Data, including information regarding Class Members that Defendant will in
18 good faith compile from its records, including each Class Member’s full name; last known address;
19 Social Security Number; and start dates and end dates of employment. No later than fourteen (14)
20 calendar days after receiving the Class Data from Defendant, the Settlement Administrator shall mail
21 the Class Notice to all identified, potential Class Members via regular first class U.S. Mail and
22 electronic mail using the most current mailing address information available. The Settlement
23 Administrator shall also be required to perform all duties set forth in the Agreement.

24 12. The Court hereby preliminarily approves the proposed procedure for exclusion from the
25 Settlement. A true and correct copy of the proposed exclusion form is attached hereto as **Exhibit “2.”**
26 Any Class Member may individually choose to opt out of and be excluded from the Settlement as
27 provided in the Notice by following the instructions for requesting exclusion from the Settlement of
28 the Released Claims that are set forth in the Notice and submitting the exclusion form to the Settlement

1 Administrator. All requests for exclusion must be postmarked or received by the Response Deadline
2 which is forty-five (45) calendar days after the date the Class Notice is mailed to the Class Members
3 or, in the case of a re-mailed Notice, not more than fifteen (15) calendar days after the original Response
4 Deadline. Any such person who chooses to opt out of and be excluded from the Settlement will not be
5 entitled to an Individual Settlement Payment under the Settlement and will not be bound by the
6 Settlement, or have any right to object, appeal or comment thereon. Class Members who have not
7 requested exclusion shall be bound by all determinations of the Court, the Agreement and Judgment.
8 A request for exclusion may only opt out that particular individual, and any attempt to affect an optout
9 of a group, class, or subclass of individuals is not permitted and will be deemed invalid. The Settlement
10 Administrator shall file a declaration concurrently with the filing of the Motion for Final Approval,
11 authenticating a copy of every exclusion form received by the administrator.

12 13. Any Class Member may appear at the final approval hearing, regardless of whether they
13 have submitted a timely written objection and notice of intention to appear. Class Members may express
14 their views regarding the Settlement and may present evidence and file briefs or other papers that may
15 be proper and relevant to the issues to be heard and determined by the Court as provided in the Notice.
16 Class Members will have forty-five (45) days from the date the Settlement Administrator mails the
17 Class Notice to postmark their objections to the Settlement Administrator. A true and correct copy of
18 the proposed objection form is attached hereto as **Exhibit “3.”** The Settlement Administrator shall file
19 a declaration concurrently with the filing of the Motion for Final Approval authenticating a copy of
20 every objection form received by the Settlement Administrator.

21 14. A final approval hearing shall be held before this Court on **August 15, 2024, at 8:30 AM**
22 in Department 1 of the Riverside County Superior Court to determine all necessary matters concerning
23 the Settlement, including: whether the proposed settlement of the Action on the terms and conditions
24 provided for in the Agreement is fair, adequate and reasonable and should be finally approved by the
25 Court; whether an Order Granting Final Approval should be entered herein; whether the plan of
26 allocation contained in the Agreement should be approved as fair, adequate and reasonable to the Class;
27 and to finally approve the Class Counsel Award, Class Representative Service Award, and the
28 Settlement Administration Expenses. All papers in support of the motion for final approval and the

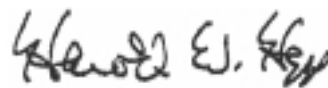
1 motion for Class Counsel Award and Class Representative Service Award shall be filed with the Court
2 and served on all counsel no later than sixteen (16) court days before the hearing. The Settlement
3 Administrator must give notice to any objecting party of any continuance of the hearing of the Motion
4 for Final Approval.

5 15. Neither the Settlement nor any exhibit, document, or instrument delivered thereunder
6 shall be construed as a concession or admission by Defendant in any way, and shall not be used as
7 evidence of, or used against Defendant as, an admission or indication in any way, including with respect
8 to any claim of any liability, wrongdoing, fault or omission by Defendant or with respect to the truth
9 of any allegation asserted by any person. Whether or not the Settlement is finally approved, neither the
10 Settlement, nor any exhibit, document, statement, proceeding or conduct related to the Settlement, nor
11 any reports or accounts thereof, shall in any event be construed as, offered or admitted in evidence as,
12 received as or deemed to be evidence for any purpose adverse to the Defendant, including, but not
13 limited to, evidence of a presumption, concession, indication or admission by Defendant of any
14 liability, fault, wrongdoing, omission, concession or damage.

15 16. In the event the Settlement does not become effective in accordance with the terms of the
16 Agreement, or the Settlement is not finally approved, or is terminated, canceled, or fails to become
17 effective for any reason, this Order shall be rendered null and void and shall be vacated, and the Parties
18 shall revert to their respective positions as of before entering into the Agreement. In such an event, the
19 Court's orders regarding the Settlement, including this Preliminary Approval Order, shall not be used
20 or referred to in litigation for any purpose. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to alter the terms of
21 the Settlement Agreement with respect to the effect of the Settlement Agreement if it is not approved.

22 17. The Court reserves the right to adjourn or continue the date of the final approval hearing
23 and all dates provided for in the Agreement without further notice to Class Members and retains
24 jurisdiction to consider all further applications arising out of or connected with the proposed Settlement.

25
26 Dated: 05/08/2024



27 JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
28 Honorable Harold W. Hopp

EXHIBIT 1

**NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
AND FINAL HEARING DATE**

(Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court Case No. CVRI2202841)

**YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS MAY BE AFFECTED WHETHER YOU ACT OR DO NOT ACT. PLEASE
READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.**

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:	
Do Nothing and Receive a Payment	To receive a cash payment from the Settlement, you do not have to do anything. Your estimated Individual Settlement Payment is: \$<< [REDACTED] >>. Your estimated Aggrieved Employee Payment is << [REDACTED] >>. See the explanation below. After final approval by the Court, the payment will be mailed to you at the same address as this notice. If your address has changed, please notify the Settlement Administrator as explained below. In exchange for the settlement payment, you will release claims against the Defendant as detailed below.
Exclude Yourself	If you wish to exclude yourself from the Settlement, you must send a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator as provided below. If you request exclusion, you will receive no money from the Settlement. Instructions are set forth below.
Object	You may write to the Court about why you believe the Settlement should not be approved. Directions are provided below.

1. Why did I get this Notice?

A proposed class action settlement (the “Settlement”) of this lawsuit pending in the Superior Court for the State of California, County of Riverside (the “Court”) has been reached between Plaintiff Brad Klein (“Plaintiff”) and Defendant Redzone Security Inc., a California corporation (“Defendant”). The Court has granted preliminary approval of the Settlement. **You may be entitled to receive money from this Settlement.**

You have received this Class Notice because you have been identified as a member of the Class, which is defined as:

All persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant as a non-exempt employee in California during the Class Period.

The “Class Period” is the period of time running from July 11, 2019 through January 11, 2024.

This Class Notice explains the lawsuit, the Settlement, and your legal rights. It is important that you read this Notice carefully as your rights may be affected by the Settlement.

2. What is this class action lawsuit about?

On July 11, 2022, Plaintiff filed a Complaint against Defendant in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Riverside (the “Action”). Plaintiff asserted the following claims alleging that Defendant: (1) Unfair Competition in Violation of Bus. and Prof. Code sections 17200 and 17203; (2) Failure to pay minimum wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197 and 1197.1; (3) Failure to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 510, 1194, and 1198; (4) Failure to provide required meal periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission wage order; (5) Failure to provide required rest periods in violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission wage order; (6) Failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code section 226; (7) Failure to provide wages when due in violation of California Labor Code sections 201, 202 and 203; (8) Failure to reimburse Plaintiff for required expenses in violation of California Labor Code section 2802; and (9) Violation of the Private Attorneys General Act in violation of California Labor Code sections 2698-2699.8. (“PAGA”). PAGA is a mechanism by which the State of California itself can enforce state labor laws through the employee suing under the PAGA who does so as the proxy or agent of the state’s labor law enforcement agency. The purpose of the PAGA is not to recover damages or restitution, but to create a means of “deputizing” citizens as private attorney general to enforce the Labor Code.

Defendant denies and disputes all claims asserted in the Action. Specifically, Defendant contended (and continues to contend) that the Action could not properly be maintained as a class action; that Defendant properly paid members of the class all wages and overtime that was due; that Defendant provided members of the class with all legally required meal breaks and rest breaks; that Defendant paid any members of the class all wages due them at the time of their terminations; that Defendant reimbursed members of the class for required business expenses; that Defendant did not violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200.

The Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement on <<INSERT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL DATE>>. At that time, the Court also preliminarily approved the Plaintiff to serve as the Class Representative, and the law firms of JCL Law Firm, APC and Zakay Law Group, APLC to serve as Class Counsel.

3. What are the terms of the Settlement?

Gross Settlement Amount. Defendant has agreed to pay an “all in” amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$200,000.00) (the “Gross Settlement Amount”) to fund the Settlement. The Gross Settlement Amount includes the payment of all Individual Settlement Payments to Settlement Class Members, Class Counsel Award, Settlement Administration Expenses, PAGA Payment, and the Class Representative Service Award to the Plaintiff.

After the Judgment becomes Final, Defendant will pay the Gross Settlement Amount by depositing the money with the Settlement Administrator. “Final” means the date the Judgment is no longer subject to appeal, or if an appeal is filed, the date the appeal process is completed, and the Judgment is affirmed.

Amounts to be Paid from the Gross Settlement Amount. The Settlement provides for certain payments to be made from the Gross Settlement Amount, which will be subject to final Court approval, and which will be deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount before settlement payments are made to Class Members, as follows:

- Settlement Administration Expenses. Payment to the Settlement Administrator, estimated not to exceed \$10,000.00 for expenses, including expenses of sending this Notice, processing opt-outs, and distributing settlement payments.

- Class Counsel Award. Payment to Class Counsel attorneys' not to exceed one-third of the Gross Settlement Amount (currently \$66,666.66) plus costs and expenses not to exceed \$15,000 for all costs and expenses incurred as documented in Class Counsel's billing records, both subject to Court approval. Class Counsel have been prosecuting the Action on behalf of Plaintiff and the Class on a contingency fee basis (that is, without being paid any money to date) and have been paying all litigation costs and expenses.
- Class Representative Service Award. Class Representative Service Award of up to Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$10,000.00) to Plaintiff, or such lesser amount as may be approved by the Court, to compensate him for services on behalf of the Class in initiating and prosecuting the Action, and for the risks he undertook.
- PAGA Payment. A payment of Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$10,000.00) relating to Plaintiff's claim under the Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), \$7,500 of which will be paid to the State of California's Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA Payment") and the remaining \$2,500 will be distributed to the Aggrieved Employees ("Aggrieved Employee Payment").
- Calculation of Individual Settlement Payments. After all the above payments of the court-approved Class Counsel Award, the Class Representative Service Award, the PAGA Payment, and the Settlement Administration Expenses are deducted from the Gross Settlement Amount, the remaining portion, called the "Net Settlement Amount," shall be distributed to class members who do **not** request exclusion ("Settlement Class Members"). The Individual Settlement Payment for each Settlement Class Member will be calculated by dividing the Net Settlement Amount by the total number of workweeks for all Settlement Class Members that occurred during the Class Period and multiplying the result by each individual Settlement Class Member's workweeks that occurred during the Class Period. A "workweek" is defined as a normal seven-day week of work during the Class Period in which, according to Defendant's records, a member of the class worked at least one day during any such workweek.
- Calculation of Aggrieved Employee Payments to Aggrieved Employees. The Aggrieved Employee Payment portion of the PAGA Payment shall be distributed to Aggrieved Employees irrespective of whether they exclude themselves or opt-out. The Aggrieved Employee Payment will be divided by the total number of pay periods worked by all Aggrieved Employees during the PAGA Period, and then taking that number and multiplying it by the number of pay periods worked by each respective Aggrieved Employee during the PAGA Period. "Aggrieved Employees" means all non-exempt employees who are or previously were directly employed by Defendant and performed work in California during the PAGA Period. The PAGA Period means the period between May 5, 2021 to January 11, 2024.

If the Settlement is approved by the Court, you will automatically be mailed a check for your Individual Settlement Payment to the same address as this Class Notice. You do not have to do anything to receive a payment. If your address has changed, you must contact the Settlement Administrator to inform them of your correct address to ensure you receive your payment.

You may find the Settlement Agreement entitled "Stipulation of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims" filed on **MONTH XX**, 2024, with the Riverside County Superior Court, Dept. 1, located at 4050 Main Street, Riverside, CA 92501. You may also find the Settlement Agreement online by visiting the Riverside County Superior Court website <https://www.riverside.courts.ca.gov/>. The Settlement Agreement can be found at Exhibit 1 of the Lapuyade Declaration filed on **MONTH XX**, 2024.

Tax Matters. Fifty percent (20%) of each Individual Settlement Payment is allocated to wages. Taxes are withheld from this amount, and each Settlement Class Member will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 for such payment. Fifty percent (80%) of each Individual Settlement Payment is allocated to interest, penalties and other non-wage payments, and no taxes will be withheld from this portion, and each Settlement Class Member will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 for such payment. In addition, no taxes will be withheld

from Aggrieved Employee Payments paid to Aggrieved Employees, and each Aggrieved Employee will be issued an Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 for such payment. Neither Class Counsel nor Defendant's counsel intend anything contained in this Settlement to constitute advice regarding taxes or taxability. You may wish to consult a tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of the payments received under the Settlement.

Conditions of Settlement. This Settlement is conditioned upon the Court entering an order granting final approval of the Settlement and entering judgment.

4. What Do I Release Under the Settlement?

Released Claims. Upon entry of final judgment and funding in full of the Gross Settlement Amount by Defendant, Plaintiff and the Settlement Class Members shall release all Released Class Claims that occurred during the Class Period as to the Released Parties. Released Class Claims means all class claims which are alleged in the operative complaint or could have been alleged based upon the facts in the operative complaint, which occurred during the Class Period, and expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, and class claims outside of the Class Period. The Released PAGA Claims shall be released as follows: Upon entry of final judgment and upon funding in full of the Gross Settlement Amount by Defendant, all Aggrieved Employees shall release all Released PAGA Claims, irrespective of whether they opted-out of the Class Settlement and will be bound by this PAGA Release (the "PAGA Release"). "Released PAGA Claims" means all PAGA claims which are alleged in the operative complaint and Plaintiff's PAGA notice to the LWDA which occurred during the PAGA Period, and expressly excluding all other claims, including claims for vested benefits, wrongful termination, unemployment insurance, disability, social security, workers' compensation, and PAGA claims outside of the PAGA Period.

This means that, if you do not timely and formally exclude yourself from the Settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Defendant about the legal issues resolved by this Settlement. It also means that all of the Court's orders in this Action will apply to you and legally bind you.

5. How much will my payment be?

Defendant's records reflect that you have << ____ >> Workweeks worked during the Class Period (July 11, 2019 through January 11, 2024).

Based on this information, your estimated Individual Settlement Payment is << ____ >>.

Defendant's records reflect that you have << ____ >> pay periods worked during the PAGA Period (May 5, 2021 to January 11, 2024).

Based on this information, your estimated Aggrieved Employee Payment is << ____ >>.

If you wish to challenge the information set forth above, then you must submit a written, signed dispute challenging the information along with supporting documents, to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in this Notice no later than _____ [forty-five (45) days after the Notice or re-mailed Notice].

6. How can I get a payment?

To get money from the Settlement, you do not have to do anything. A check for your settlement payment will be mailed automatically to the same address as this Notice. If your address is incorrect or has changed, you must notify the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator is: Apex Class Action LLC at 1-800-355-0700.

The Court will hold a hearing on _____ to decide whether to finally approve the Settlement. If

the Court approves the Settlement and there are no objections or appeals, payments will be mailed within a few months after this hearing. If there are objections or appeals, resolving them can take time, perhaps more than a year. Please be patient. After entry of the Judgment, the Settlement Administrator will provide notice of the final judgment to the Class Members by posting a copy of the Judgment on the administrator's website at <https://apexclassaction.com/>.

7. What if I don't want to be a part of the Settlement?

If you do not wish to participate in the Settlement, you may exclude yourself from the Settlement or "opt out." **If you opt out, you will receive NO money from the Settlement, and you will not be bound by its terms, except as provided as follows.** Irrespective of whether you exclude yourself from the Settlement or "opt out," you will be bound by the Released PAGA Claims, you will be deemed to have released the Released PAGA Claims, and you will receive a share of the Aggrieved Employee Payment.

To opt out, you must submit to the Settlement Administrator, by First Class Mail, a written, signed and dated request for exclusion postmarked no later than _____. The address for the Settlement Administrator is 18 Technology Drive, Suite 164, Irvine, CA 92618. The request for exclusion must state in substance: "I wish to opt out of the settlement of the class action lawsuit entitled ***Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841***. I understand that by requesting to be excluded from the Settlement, I will receive no money from the Settlement described in this Notice." The request for exclusion must contain your name, address, signature and the last four digits of your Social Security Number for verification purposes. The request for exclusion must be signed by you. No other person may opt out for a member of the Class.

Written requests for exclusion that are postmarked after _____, or are incomplete or unsigned will be rejected, and those Class Members will remain bound by the Settlement and the release described above.

8. How do I tell the Court that I would like to challenge the Settlement?

Any Class Member who has not opted out and believes that the Settlement should not be finally approved by the Court for any reason, may object to the proposed Settlement. Objections may be in writing and state the Class Member's name, current address, telephone number, and describe why you believe the Settlement is unfair. All written objections or other correspondence must also state the name and number of the case, which is ***Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841***. You may also object without submitting a written objection by appearing at the final approval hearing scheduled as described in Section 9 below.

To object to the Settlement, you cannot opt out. If the Court approves the Settlement, you will be bound by the terms of the Settlement in the same way as Class Members who do not object. Any Class Member who does not object in the manner provided in this Class Notice shall have waived any objection to the Settlement, whether by appeal or otherwise.

Written objections must be delivered or mailed to the Settlement Administrator no later than _____. The address for the Settlement Administrator is Apex Class Action LLC, 18 Technology Drive, Suite 164, Irvine, CA 92618.

The addresses for the Parties' counsel are as follows:

Class Counsel:

Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq.
JCL Law Firm, APC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel.: (619) 599-8292
Fax: (619) 599-2891
Email: jlapuyade@jcl-lawfirm.com

Class Counsel:

Shani O. Zakay, Esq.
Zakay Law Group, APLC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: (619) 599-8292
Fax: (619) 599-8291
Email: shani@zakaylaw.com

Counsel for Defendant:

Karen Sloat, Esq.
Law Office of Karen J. Sloat, APC
42-600 Caroline Court, Suite 101
Palm Desert, CA 92211
Tel: (760) 779-1313
Fax: (760) 340-4834
Email: karen@karensloatlaw.com

9. When and where will the Court decide whether to approve the Settlement?

The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing at **00:00 AM/PM on** , at the Riverside County Superior Court, Dept. 1, located at 4050 Main Street, Riverside, CA 92501 before Judge Harold Hopp. The Court has determined only that there is sufficient evidence to suggest that the proposed settlement might be fair, reasonable, and adequate. At the Final Approval Hearing, the Court will determine whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The purpose of this hearing is for the Court to determine whether to grant final approval to the Settlement. If there are objections, the Court will consider them. The Court will listen to people who have made a timely written request to speak at the hearing or who appear at the hearing to object. This hearing may be rescheduled by the Court without further notice to you. **You are not required to attend** the Final Approval Hearing, although any Class Member is welcome to attend the hearing.

10. How do I get more information about the Settlement?

You may call the Settlement Administrator at 1-800-355-0700 or write to **Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Riverside County Superior Court, Case No. CVRI2202841**, Settlement Administrator, c/o _____.

This notice summarizes the proposed Settlement. More details are in the Settlement Agreement. You may receive a copy of the Stipulation of Settlement of Class and PAGA Action Claims and Release of Claims ("Settlement Agreement") filed on **MONTH XX**, 2043, the Final Judgment or other Settlement documents by writing to JCL Law Firm, APC, 5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600, San Diego, CA 92121.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

IMPORTANT:

- You must inform the Settlement Administrator of any change of address to ensure receipt of your Individual Settlement Payment.
- Settlement checks will be null and void 180 days after issuance if not deposited or cashed. In such event, the Settlement Administrator shall pay all funds from such uncashed checks will be redistributed to those Class Members who did cash their Settlement checks. If your check is lost or misplaced, you should contact the Settlement Administrator immediately to request a replacement.

EXHIBIT 2

Superior Court of California, County of Riverside
Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc.
Riverside County Superior Court Case No. CVRI2202841

REQUEST FOR EXCLUSION

Instructions: Please complete this Form **ONLY IF YOU DO NOT WANT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT** that is described in the Notice Pendency of Class Action Settlement and Final Hearing Date that accompanies this Form. If you choose to complete this Form, the deadline for mailing it to the Settlement Administrator is **** INSERT DATE****.

I. PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name (first, middle and last): _____
Home Street Address: _____
City, State, Zip Code: _____
Telephone Number: (____) _____

II. REQUEST FOR EXCLUSION

By signing and returning this Form, I certify that I wish to opt out of the settlement of the class action lawsuit entitled *Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc.*, Case No. CVRI2202841, filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Riverside. I understand that by requesting to be excluded from the Settlement, I will receive no money from the Settlement described in the Notice Pendency of Class Action Settlement and Final Hearing Date that accompanies this Form.

Any Class Member that submits a timely Request for Exclusion who is also an Aggrieved Employee will still receive his/her pro rata share of the PAGA Payment. Exclusion from the Class Action Settlement does not result in exclusion from the PAGA Payment.

III. MAILING INSTRUCTIONS

If you choose to return this Form, you must return it to the Settlement Administrator postmarked on or before ****INSERT DATE**** AT THE ADDRESS LISTED BELOW:

Apex Class Action LLC
18 Technology Drive, Suite 164
Irvine, CA 92618

IV. PLEASE SIGN BELOW

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: _____

(Signature)

(Print Name)

EXHIBIT 3

Apex Class Action LLC
18 Technology Drive, Suite 164
Irvine, CA 92618

Must Be Postmarked
No Later Than
XXX, 2024

OBJECTION FORM

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA – COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
Brad Klein v. Redzone Security Inc., Case No. CVRI2202841

<<Name>>
<<Address>>
<<City>>, <<State>> <<Zip Code>>

Indicate Name/Address Changes, if any:

YOU DO NOT NEED TO COMPLETE THIS FORM TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT. THIS FORM IS TO BE USED ONLY IF YOU WANT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT, BUT YOU OBJECT TO THE TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT. IF YOU OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT, YOU MUST SIGN AND COMPLETE THIS FORM ACCURATELY AND IN ITS ENTIRETY AND YOU MUST MAIL IT BY FIRST CLASS U.S. MAIL TO THE SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR SO THAT IT IS POSTMARKED ON OR BEFORE XXX, 2024. THE ADDRESS FOR THE SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR IS NOTED AT THE TOP OF THIS FORM. IF YOU DO NOT OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT, DO NOT SUBMIT THIS FORM.

The Court will consider your objection at the Final Approval Hearing if you submit a timely and valid written statement of objection. All of the information on this form is required. If you do not provide all of the information below, your objection will be deemed null and void.

I, _____, (name of Class Member) hereby object to the Settlement in this case for the following reasons:

Dated: _____

Signature: _____

Print or Type Name: _____

Telephone Number: _____

EXHIBIT 3

Jennifer Heming

From: DIR PAGA Unit <lwdadonotreply@dir.ca.gov>
Sent: Thursday, April 4, 2024 1:59 PM
To: Jennifer Heming
Subject: Thank you for your Proposed Settlement Submission

04/04/2024 01:59:16 PM

Thank you for your submission to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency.

Item submitted: Proposed Settlement

If you have questions or concerns regarding this submission or your case, please send an email to pagainfo@dir.ca.gov.

DIR PAGA Unit on behalf of
Labor and Workforce Development Agency

Website:

https://nam02.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=http%3A%2F%2Flabor.ca.gov%2FPrivate_Attorneys_General_Act.htm&data=05%7C02%7Cjheming%40jcl-lawfirm.com%7C2d8e334671334be509e808dc54ea1d91%7C1f72d94e1dff4b9e9f45bdb37d49a25e%7C0%7C0%7C638478611729093399%7CUnknown%7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ikl1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C0%7C%7C%7C&sdata=ShdMpirVQDxh2cRjNmJz5auimAbKJiOHYMTkn8KHky4%3D&reserved=0

EXHIBIT 4

EXHIBIT 5

JCL LAW FIRM, APC
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: (619) 599-8292
Fax: (619) 599-8291

FIRM RESUME

Areas of Practice: Employee Class Actions, Wage and Hour Class Actions, Civil Litigation, and Unlawful Housing Practices.

ATTORNEY BIOGRAPHIES

Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq.
California Bar Number 248676
Founding Partner

Biography:

Mr. Lapuyade is a San Diego based labor and employment attorney representing aggrieved California employees and the victims of unlawful housing practices throughout the State of California. Mr. Lapuyade's litigation practice focuses on representing California employees in wage and hour class actions for unpaid wages, missed meal and rest breaks, and misclassification, wrongful termination cases and tenants in unlawful housing class actions. Mr. Lapuyade prides himself on providing his clients with aggressive, attentive and result driven representation through the litigation process, trial and arbitration. Since 2007, Mr. Lapuyade successfully recovered in excess of \$200 million in monetary awards for his clients.

Mr. Lapuyade served as co-editor of the Insurance Column for Consumer Attorneys of San Diego from 2011 to 2014. As editor, Mr. Lapuyade was responsible for publishing monthly articles in the Trial Bar News periodical analyzing complex insurance coverage issues. Mr. Lapuyade is a four-time recipient of the Super Lawyers Rising Star by Thomson Reuters. To be eligible for inclusion in Rising Stars, a candidate must be either 40 years old or younger or in practice for 10 years or less. While up to 5 percent of the lawyers in a state are named to Super Lawyers, no more than 2.5 percent are named to Rising Stars.

Bar Admissions:

- California
- U.S. District Court Southern District of California
- U.S. District Court Central District of California
- U.S. District Court Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court Northern District of California

Professional Associations:

- California Employment Lawyers Association, 2007 to Present
- Consumer Attorneys of San Diego, 2007 to 2020
- American Bar Association, Section of Litigation, Member, 2007 to 2020
- American Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2007 to 2020
- American Bar Association, Tort, Trial & Insurance Section, Member, 2007 to 2020
- California Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2007 to Present
- California Bar Association, Litigation Section, Member, 2007 to Present

Education:

- **California Western School of Law**
 - J.D. - 2006
 - Honors: Deans Merit Scholarship, California Western School of Law 2005 - 2006
- **University of Arizona**
 - B.A. - 2001
 - Major: History

Honors:

- Super Lawyers Rising Star, Thomson Reuters, 2015 - 2018
- Distinguished Advocate Award for Outstanding Oral Advocacy, 2005 - 2006

Sydney Castillo-Johnson, Esq.
California Bar Number 343881
Associate Attorney

Biography:

Ms. Castillo-Johnson is a San Diego based labor and employment attorney representing California employees throughout the state of California. Ms. Castillo-Johnson's litigation practice focuses on representing current and former employees in wage and hour class actions for unpaid wages, missed meal and rest breaks, misclassification, and wrongful termination.

Ms. Castillo-Johnson volunteered her time at California Western School of Law first as a student intern and later as a student manager with the Community Law Project which offers legal services to the low-income community of San Diego.

Education:

- **California Western School of Law**
 - J.D.- 2022
 - Honors:
 - Dean's Honor List: Spring 2021, Fall 2021
 - Public Service Honor Society Fall 2021
 - 3L Academic Merit Scholarship
 - Dean's Diversity, Service, and Leadership Scholarship
 - Activities: Community Law Project Student Manager
- **Azusa Pacific University**
 - B.A. – 2018
 - Major: Criminal Justice

Monnett De La Torre, Esq.
California Bar Number 272884
Senior Associate

Biography:

Ms. De La Torre is a San Diego and Ventura County based labor and employment attorney representing aggrieved California employees throughout the State of California. Ms. De La Torre's litigation practice focuses on representing California employees in wage and hour class and representative actions for unpaid wages, missed meal and rest breaks, misclassification, penalties, and wrongful termination cases. Ms. De La Torre has extensive experience handling internal workplace investigations. Ms. De La Torre has handled matters before the Department of Fair Employment and Housing, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and Department of Labor.

Ms. De La Torre is a two-time recipient of the Super Lawyers Rising Star by Thomas Reuters. To be eligible for inclusion in Rising Stars, a candidate must be either 40 years old or younger or in practice for 10 years or less. While up to five percent of the lawyers in a state are named to Super Lawyers, no more than 2.5 percent are named to Rising Stars.

Bar Admissions:

- California
- U.S. District Court Southern District of California

Professional Associations:

- California Employment Lawyers Association, 2022 to Present
- Consumer Attorneys of San Diego, 2010-2015
- American Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2015 to Present
- California Bar Association, Labor & Employment Section, Member, 2015 to Present
- San Diego La Raza Lawyers Association, 2010-2015
- Ventura County Bar Association, 2015-Present
- Women Lawyers of Ventura County, 2015-Present

Education:

- **New England School of Law**
 - J.D.- 2010

- Honors:
 - Dean's List Consecutive years
- **University of California, San Diego**
 - B.A.- 2006
 - Major: Economics
 - Minor: Latin American Studies

Honors:

- Super Lawyers Rising Star, Thomson Reuters, 2021 and 2022
- Pacific Cost Business Times, "Top 40 under 40" Award
- Daily Transcripts "Top Young Attorney: nominee, consecutive years"

REPORTED CASES

- *Blanchette et al., v. Superior Court (GHA Homes)*, 8 Cal.App.5th 521, 2017
- *Chmurny v. State*, 392 Md. 159, 2006

EXAMPLES OF THE JCL LAW FIRM'S
REPRESENTATIVE CLASS ACTION & REPRESENTATIVE CASES

- *Ware v. Shake Shack Enterprises, LLC*, Alameda Superior Court Case No. 21CV002063 (October 19, 2023) Hon. Brad Seligman approved a \$1,330,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for violations of California wage and hour laws. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Trinh v. Precision Metal Products, Inc., et al.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2022-00000965-CU-OE-CTL (October 16, 2023) Hon. Matthew C. Braner approved a \$450,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off the clock work. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Anderson v. Barton Myers Associates, Inc., et al.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 21STCV43314 (October 12, 2023) Hon. Elihu M. Berl approved a \$900,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *DeSanctis v. Douglas Products and Packaging Company, LLC*, Contra Costa Superior Court Case No. C21-01874 (October 11, 2023) Hon. Charles S. Treat approved a \$372,500.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, failure to pay for all hours worked. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Jackson v. White Fir, LLC, et al.*, Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 34-2021-00301656 (October 6, 2023) Hon. Lauri A. Damrell approved a \$750,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for violations of California wage and hour laws. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Kneisly v. SR Machining, Inc., et al.*, Riverside Superior Court Case No. CVRI2201491 (October 5, 2023) Hon. Harold W. Hopp approved a \$220,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Mendez v. Bondz, Inc., et al.*, San Joaquin Superior Court Case No. STK-CV-UOE-2020-0007486 (September 14, 2023) Hon. George J. Abdallah, Jr. approved a \$180,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, failure to comply with piece-rate laws. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Baray v. Curation Foods, Inc., et al.*, Santa Barbara Superior Court Case No. 21CV02834 (August 29, 2023) Hon. James F. Rigali approved a \$495,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Rodriguez, et al. v. Ferma Greenbox, Inc., et al.*, Alameda Superior Court Case No. RG21101104 (August 23, 2023) Hon. Evelio Grillo approved a \$200,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off-the-clock work. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *O'Quinn v. Laugh Factory, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 19STCV28155 (August 1, 2023) Hon. Carolyn B. Kuhl approved a \$144,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unlawful tip pooling. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Toler v. Total Testing Solutions, LLC*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 21STCV38452 (July 27, 2023) Hon. Elihu M. Berle approved a \$160,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for meal and

rest period violations. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.

- *Rodriguez v. EAH, Inc.*, Santa Cruz Superior Court Case No. 21CV00884 (July 25, 2023) Hon. Marjorie Carter approved a \$1,450,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, failure to compensate overtime and redeemed sick pay at the regular rate of pay. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Neutall v. Urban Alchemy*, San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-20-588622 (July 13, 2023) Hon. Richard B. Ulmer approved a \$980,000.00 class action settlement for violations of California wage and hour laws. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel.
- *Rodriguez v. RM Parks Place, Inc.*, San Joaquin Superior Court Case No. STK-CV-UOE-2021-6050 (June 7, 2023) Hon. Erin Guy Castillo approved a \$175,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, wage statement violations. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Chrestensen v. Northeastern Rural Health Clinics* Lassen, Superior Court Case No. 63703 (April 13, 2023) Hon. Leonard J. La Casse approved a \$270,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid overtime wages. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Hernandez, et al. v. Parenting Network, Inc.*, Tulare Superior Court Case No. VCU287027 (March 14, 2023) Hon. Bret Hilman approved a \$225,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off-the-clock work. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Sarmiento v. Caduceus Healthcare Inc.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2021-00002597 (March 10, 2023) Hon. Richard S. Whitney approved a \$315,000.00 class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off-the-clock work. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Garces, et al. v. DriverDo, LLC*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 19STCV32773 (January 24, 2023) Hon. Carolyn B. Kuhl approved a \$700,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *De Jesus v. Guardian Angel Home Care, Inc.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2020-00021049-CU-OE-CTL (July 29, 2022) Hon. Ronald F. Frazier approved a \$300,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Kaur v. Aces 2020 I, LLC, et al.*, Contra Costa Superior Court Case No. MSC20-02482 (December 22, 2022) Hon. Edward G. Weil approved a \$585,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Molina v. Hawaiian Airlines, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 20STCV28079 (November 23, 2022) Hon. Maren Nelson approved a \$250,000 class action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the Plaintiff.
- *Lang Jr. v. Pathways Community Services LLC*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00049969-CU-OE-CTL (September 9, 2022) Hon. James A. Mangione approved a \$160,000 class action and PAGA settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Martinello v. Century Wilshire, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 20STCV32613 (March 1, 2022) Hon. Carolyn Kuhl approved a \$550 billing rate and appointed Jean Claude Lapuyade, Esq. of the JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel.
- *Wilson v. Spreen Inc. (dba Spreen Honda)*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVSB2119857 (April 6, 2022) Hon. David Cohn approved a \$300,000 PAGA action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC, represented the plaintiff, the State of California, and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Ledesma v. TVJ Sons I, Inc.; Porter and Howard, Inc.* Santa Barbara Superior Court Case No. 20CV03573 (November 10, 2021) Hon. Jed Beebe approved a \$350,000 PAGA action settlement for meal and rest period violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC represented the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Jacobs v. Rush Media Company, LLC; XLT Management Services, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. 20STCV32350 (May 2, 2022) Hon. Daniel J. Buckley appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and approved a \$330,000 class action settlement for, *inter alia*, independent contractor misclassification.
- *Chavez v. HTL Conrad Domestic, LLC; HTL Conrad Domestic Employer, LLC*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2020-00016193-CU-OE-CTL (June 9, 2022) Hon. John S. Meyer approved a \$850,000 PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, failure to compensate overtime at the regular rate of pay. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Renteria v. Love's Country Stores of California*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS20164481 (June 14, 2022) Hon. David Cohn approved a \$2.2 million dollar class action and PAGA action settlement

for, *inter alia*, unpaid overtime and sick pay. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.

- *Lopez v. Adidas America, Inc.*, Ventura Superior Court Case No. 56-2021-005498444-CU-OE-VTA (April 4, 2022) Hon. Mark Borrell approved a \$1.5 million dollar class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, inaccurate overtime calculations, and appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel.
- *Felix v. TVI, Inc., d.b.a. Savers*, Santa Clara Superior Court Case No. 21CV376407 (February 18, 2022) Hon. Sunil R. Kulkarni approved a \$1.8 million dollar class action and PAGA action settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off-the-clock work. The Court appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and as representative PAGA counsel for the State of California.
- *Munoz v. AMTCR*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIV-DS2001914 (August 24, 2021) Hon. David Cohn approved a \$1.8 million dollar class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, inaccurate itemized wage statements. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as class counsel for the settlement class and as representative PAGA counsel the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.)
- *Nunes v. Home Depot U.S.A., Inc.*, San Joaquin Superior Court Case No. STK-CV-UOE-2020-0011011 (October 20, 2021 – Hon. Roger Ross approved a \$1.5 million dollar class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, miscalculated meal period premiums and appointed Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq. as Class Counsel.)
- *Pillsbury v. T&T Restaurants CA, Inc.*, Del Norte Superior Court Case No. CVUJ-20-1214 (December 14, 2021 – Hon. Darren McElfresh approved \$550 billing rate and appointed Jean-Claude Lapuyade, Esq. as Class Counsel in a wage and hour class action settlement.)
- *Latin v. OneMain General Service Corporation*, Stanislaus County Superior Court Case No. CV-20-002498 (October 22, 2021) Hon. Stacy Speiller approved a PAGA action settlement for \$700,000 wage statement violations. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as counsel for the plaintiff, the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.
- *Elias Kaser v. Aviation Consultants, Inc.*, Orange County Superior Court Case No. 30-2021-01191204-CU-OE-CXC (September 22, 2021 – Hon. Peter J. Wilson approved \$550 billing rate in a representative California Labor Code Private Attorney General Act settlement).
- *Rodriguez v. RSI Home Products, Inc.*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS2023354 (July 30, 2021 – Hon. David Cohn approved a \$1.45 million class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, failure to comply with piece-rate laws, and appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel)
- *Jer Vang v. Bridge Property Management*, Alameda County Superior Court, Case No RG19047434 (January 8, 2021 – Hon. Winifred Smith approved a class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, unpaid off the clock work. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as class counsel for the settlement class and as representative PAGA counsel the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.)
- *Johnson v. Volt Management Corp., Inc. et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV16466 (December 11, 2020 – Hon. Amy Hogue approved a PAGA Settlement negotiated on behalf of the State of California and the aggrieved employees by the JCL Law Firm, APC.)
- *Salazar v. Frontier Auto Sales Inc., dba Frontier Toyota*, Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV20382 (November 24, 2020 – Hon. John P. Doyle appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC as class counsel and approved a class and PAGA settlement for, *inter alia*, missed meal and rest periods.)
- *Villalobos v. Alterra Group, LLC et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 19STCV19448 (November 11, 2020 – Hon. Richard Fruin approved a PAGA Settlement for, *inter alia*, unreimbursed business expenses. The JCL Law Firm, APC acted as counsel for the plaintiff, the State of California and the Aggrieved Employees.)
- *Stevens et al., v. Bank of England*, San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00018662-CU-OE-CTL (October 16, 2020 – Hon. John Meyer appointed JCL Law Firm as Class Counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for, *inter alia*, off-the-clock work.)
- *Frazier v. ASA Carlton, Inc.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00036147 (October 9, 2020 Hon. Kenneth Medel appointed the JCL Law Firm as Class Counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for off-the-clock work.)
- *Krake et al., v. Central Valley Diner, Inc.*, Placer County Superior Court Case No. SCV0041645 (September 4, 2020 – Hon. Michael Jones appointed JCL Law Firm as class counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for meal period violations.)
- *Conner v. Ascendant Marketing, LLC et al.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00026864-CU-OE-CTL (July 24, 2020 Hon. Joel Wohlfeil granted approval of PAGA Settlement for, among other things, off-the-clock work. JCL Law Firm, APC acted as lead counsel.)
- *Guerrero v. Estancia Operations, LLC.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2019-00028963 (August 25, 2020 – Hon. Katherine Bacal approved PAGA Settlement for, *inter alia*, missed meal and rest periods. JCL Law Firm, APC, acted as lead counsel.)
- *Moreno v. Dash Lube, et al.*, United States District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 18cv1922 DMS (AHG) (December 13, 2019 – Granted class certification of Labor Code Section 226 claim and appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel.)

- *Perkins et al., v. Tahiti Enterprises, Inc., et al.*, Orange County Superior Court Case No. 30-2016-00863095 (October 22, 2019 – Hon. Peter Wilson appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for an unlawful housing class action settlement arising out of Civil Code Section 1940.1.)
- *Hill v. Stemak Holdings, Ltd.*, San Diego Superior Court Case No., 37-2018-00000747 (January 28, 2020 – Hon. Kenneth Medel appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as class counsel and granted final approval of wage and hour class action for unpaid overtime.)
- *Shachno et al., v. KT Hotels, LLC, et al.* San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2018-00043601 (May 31, 2019 – Hon. Gregory Pollack appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted preliminary approval for the wage and hour class action settlement involving nearly 900 current and former employees. Final approval scheduled for October 4, 2019)
- *Almanza v. The Express Group, Inc.*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS1722542 (April 19, 2019 – Hon. David Cohn appointed the JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour class action settlement for *inter alia*, missed meal and rest periods and independent contractor misclassification.)
- *Moschetto v. Pillow Global, Inc.* San Diego Superior Court, Case No. 37-2017-00024031-CU-OE-CTL (April 5, 2019 – Hon. John S. Meyer appointed JCL LAW Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour wage class action settlement involving misclassified house cleaners.)
- *Burke v. Friendship Hotel, LLC*, San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2017-00022517-CU-OE-CTL (March 10, 2019 – final approval granted on for an unlawful housing class action arising under Civil Code Section 1940.2)
- *Terrado et al., v. Accredited Debt Relief, LLC*, San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2018-00014181-CU-OE-CTL (February 8, 2019 – Hon. Gregory W. Pollock appointed JCL Law Firm, APC as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour class action settlement for meal and rest period violations);
- *Macaspac v. San Antonio Regional Hospital*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS1512625, (July 27, 2018 – Hon. Thomas S. Garza appointed JCL Law Firm, APC, as Class Counsel and granted final approval for a wage and hour class action settlement involving claims for on duty meal and rest periods.);
- *Summerlin et al. v. Maplebear, Inc. dba Instacart*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC603030 (2018 - certified and settled wage and hour class action.)
- *Ortega v. Prime Healthcare*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2014-00011240-CU-OE-CTL (2018 – Approved PAGA only settlement for on duty meal and rest periods)
- *Engstrom v. Bender-Rosenthal, Inc.* San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2016-00012373-CU-OE-CTL (2017 - Certified and settled class action for employee misclassification);
- *Crawford v. Outlook Amusements, Inc.*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC617160 (2017 - Certified and settled wage and hour class action.);
- *Hernandez v. Sunglass Hut Trading, LLC*, San Bernardino Superior Court Case No. CIVDS1505181 (2016 - Certified and settled wage and hour class action);
- *Burns v. Shalom, LLC*, San Diego Superior Court, Case No., 37-2013-00058356-CU-BT-CTL (2015 - certified and settled class action for unlawful housing practices arising out of Civil Code Section 1940.1);